

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 25th March 1913.

On and after the 5th April till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 29th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Rates of subscription.	Per annum.		
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By order of Government, all subscriptions must be paid *in advance*.

Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 4th October 1913.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

September 22.

1205. D. D. Pudumjee. *Improvements in cotton gins.*
 1206. D. D. Pudumjee. *Improvements in cotton machinery.*
 1207. E. T. D'Cunha. *Improvements in sleepers.*

September 24.

1208. G. L. Davies & W. E. W. Richards. *Improvements in or relating to the manufacture of paint or the like.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

787. Siemens Bros. & Co. Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to selecting devices for telephone systems.*
 896. Nueva Espana S. A. *A composition of matter for increasing the yield of sugar from the saccharine juices of plants.*
 1068. A. R. Angus. *Improvements in or relating to railway safe running devices.*
 1082. P. Martin. *Safety spring child carrier for a bicycle.*
 1083. V. L. Raven. *Improvements relating to the cylinders of locomotives.*
 1085. J. Evans. *An improved process for converting fine coal into a marketable fuel.*
 1088. T. Kalianjee and A. B. Paranjape. *Improvements in internal combustion engine.*
 1090. B. Singh, K. Singh, S. Singh and L. Singh. *Improvement in the method of manufacturing chalk pencils.*
 1091. O. Mengelbier. *Improvements relating to the extraction of juice from sugar cane and similar saccharine material.*
 1092. H. Hawthorn and T. B. Bishop. *Improvements in and relating to apparatus for coagulating, smoking and manufacturing rubber.*
 1094. Leeds Forge Co., Ltd. and R. G. Sharp. *Improvements in railway and like wagons.*
 1096. E. Buchholtz. *Improvements in liquid fuel furnaces.*
 1098. M. Busma. *Improvements relating to the production of beverages free from alcohol or containing but little alcohol.*
 1099. J. S. Island. *Improvements in apparatus for forming oxides of nitrogen.*
 1100. A. Danilevsky. *Improved process for the preservation of fish, shell-fish and the like.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to low. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 733. Jivanlal Kanji. | 967. Boyd, and Fairbairn Lawson |
| 806. Klahn. | Coombe Barbour Ltd. |
| 832. Mandal & Das. | 968. Sumner. |
| 933. Brooke. | 969. Rothe. |
| 959. Porter and Rider. | 970. Craggs and Moss. |
| 962. Bullot. | 971. Jasoomanina. |
| 966. Tatarek, Blum, Kretz, Szapary and Von Dory. | 973. The Firm of Dr. Bayer & Tarsa |

PATENTS SEALED.

119. Angus.	923. Lamplough.
331. Wynberg.	948. Gresham.
917. Vega.	953. Greig.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

458 of 1905. Poulsen. (To 1 December 1914.)
 234 of 1906. Whitaker. (To 27 November 1914.)
 523 of 1906. Lane & The Leeds Forge Co. Ltd. (To 30 November 1914.)
 486 of 1907. Knight & Lightland. (To 26 August 1914.)
 121 of 1908. Walke. (To 22 October 1914.)
 400 of 1908. Fessenden. (To 6 November 1914.)
 482 of 1908. Albrecht & Muehleisen. (To 26 November 1914.)
 90 of 1909. Jost. (To 30 October 1914.)
 91 of 1909. Jost. (To 30 October 1914.)
 183 of 1909. Linotype & Machinery Ltd. (To 26 November 1914.)
 572 of 1909. Hildburgh. (To 16 April 1915.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.**1901.**

175 (Fuhrer).

1907.

573 (Macpherson & Heys).

1908.

255 (Achary). 269 (Renard Road & Rail Transport Corporation Ltd.). 415 (Deighton)
 497 (Buchanan). 509 (Thomson). 527 (Killen). 540 (New Ignitio
 Syndicate Ltd. & Sandy). 550 (Stephenson).

1909.

175 (Wajih). 222 (Greene).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

91 of 1910. H. Kühl. *A new and useful manufacture of cement.*

PATENTS SEALED UNDER SECTION 81.

452 of 1904. P. Kehr. *Improvements in crating machines.*
 234 of 1911. P. Kehr. *Improvements in crating machines for soda water bottles and the like.*

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. All communications relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs nor their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. Applications for patents in countries other than India should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.	DELHI	Office of the Chief Commissioner.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.	HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.	JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BOMBAY	Record Office.	KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.	LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.	LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.	MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.	"	College of Engineering.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSOKE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHINBURAH	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA	College of Engineering.
CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
Dacca	Office of the District Board, Dacca.	ROORKEE	Thomason College.
		SOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore.

8. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

	Price	
	R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 11 of 1911	0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 11 of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each 0	2
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
(d) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0	1
Annual subscription with postage	3	0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter Index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904)	2	0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each 1	0
(g) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly)	each 0	8
(h) Patent Office Journal, 1912	1	0
(i) Specifications of Inventions	each 0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta:

“Specimens of Persian Manuscripts” for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them. The following collections are available for sale:—

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|------|---------|
| (1) | Collection for 1902-03, | price | Rs 3 | a copy. |
| (2) | “ “ “ 1903-04, | “ “ | 3 | “ |
| (3) | “ “ “ 1904-05, | “ “ | 3 | “ |
| (4) | “ “ “ 1905-06, | “ “ | 3 | “ |
| (5) | “ “ “ 1906-07, | “ “ | 3-8 | “ |
| (6) | “ “ “ 1907-08, | “ “ | 3-8 | “ |
| (7) | “ “ “ 1908-09, | “ “ | 2-8 | “ |

N.B.—Nos. (1), (3), (4), (5) and (6) contain papers in all the different standards of examination held in Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali; No. (5) contains the High Proficiency Urdu papers also; No. (2) contains all the papers except those for the High Proficiency examinations in Hindi, Arabic and Persian and the Degree of Honour in Arabic and Sanskrit; and No. (7) all except those for the Interpretship and Degree of Honour in Persian, Preliminary, High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Arabic, Degree of Honour in Hindi, Degree of Honour in Bengali and High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Sanskrit.

“Diwan-i-Sarkhush” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

“Kalam-i-Urdu,” the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

“Qaani” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

“Diwan-i-Andalib” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the “Ar-Ravzat-u-Zakiyah,” the text-book for the Higher Standard examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

“Nazm-i-Muntakhab,” one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Raghuvansam”—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

“Akhlāq-i-Jalali” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 5-12 per copy.

The following list of Munshis who are qualified to teach Urdu under India Army Order No. 162 of 1907, is published for the information of all those students of this language, who are desirous of obtaining competent teachers:

ALLAHABAD.

1. M. Jawala Prasad, I. Kasauli Hills. The Royal Scots Regiment, Sudder Bazar, Allahabad.
2. M. S. C. Bagchi Government Observatory, Allahabad.

AMBALA.

1. M. Mohd. Miyan Khan Sudder Bazar, Ambala.
2. M. Mohd. Akbar Khan The Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
3. M. Jawala Prasad, II. B. I. Bazar, Ambala.

AMRITSAR.

1. M. Mohd. Ishaq Khazana Gate, Amritsar.

AZAMGARH.

1. M. Ram Charan Lal Offg. Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools Azamgarh.

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya 17, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.
2. M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A. 8, Maulavi Imdad Ali's Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Hossain Mirza 1, Syed Ismail Lane, Calcutta.
4. M. Mohd. Israil Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
5. M. Syed Nawab Ali 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
6. M. Wahidun Nabi Khan 88/1, Patlakkhana Road, Calcutta.
7. M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid 152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
8. M. Daliluddin Ahmed 28/1, Kimber Street (Karaya), Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Wajid 89, Jhowtolla Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Syed Mohammad 12, Waliullah Lane, Wellesley Square, Calcutta.

CAMPELLPORE.

1. M. Rahim Shah R. A. Munshi, Campbellpore.

DALHOUSIE.

1. M. Abdur Rahim Regimental Munshi, 1st Lancashire Fusiliers, Balun Bazar, Dalhousie.

DELHI.

1. M. Mithan Lal C/o Late M. Chummi Lal Sahib, Government Pensioner, Muballa Churi Wala, Delhi.

DINAPORE.

1. M. Syed Haffi Hussain Orderly Bazar, Dinapore.

JHELUM.

1. M. Thakur Das Pahwa Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JULLANDER.

1. M. Har Bhagat Singh Bains Talhan, Jullunder Cantonment.

KASAUJI.

1. M. Anand Sarup C/o Munshi Kashi Nath, Dagshai Hills, or Depot, Kasauli.

LAHORE CANTT.

1. M. J. Kishori Lal R. A. Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
2. M. Sham Lal Bhargava Dargar Street, Sulder Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW.

1. M. Abdul Alim Near the Police Post, Husaingunge, Lucknow.
2. M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan Near Royal Hotel, Lucknow.

MULTAN.

1. M. S. Karim Bakhsh Sadar Bazar, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS.

1. M. M. C. Saibgal 2nd Bn., King's Regiment, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.

1. M. Faqir Ulla St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

NOWSHERA.

1. M. Muhammad Din Pay Havildar and Head Clerk, 23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (P. F.).

PESHAWAR.

1. M. Bodh Raj Royal Sussex Regiment (or Sulder Bazar), Peshawar.
2. M. Ahmed Din St., Cantonments, Peshawar.
3. M. Abdur Rahim Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
4. M. Abdul Karim Dabgari Gate, Peshawar City.

RAWALPINDI.

1. M. Ghulam Muhiuddin R. A. Brigade Munshi, Rawalpindi.
2. M. Ghulam Rasul Sudder Bazar, Rawalpindi.
3. M. Fazal Ahmed Persian House, Rawalpindi.

ROORKEE CITY.

1. M. Fazl-i Haq Mahalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SUBATHU.

1. M. Gulzar Lal South Lancashire Regiment, Subathu.

In addition to the above, the following, who were examined in Urdu previous to the institution of the examination mentioned in the above India Army Order, are also, in the opinion of the Board of Examiners, qualified to teach :

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Arif 12, Harinbari Lane, Calcutta.
2. Maulavi Syed Abu Zafar 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S. 14, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
4. M. Badru-z Zaman 29, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
5. M. Abdul Badi 5, Ramsanker Roy's Lane, Calcutta.
6. M. A. M. F. Wahhab Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
7. M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat 89, Jhowtollah Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
8. M. Akmal Ali Akmal 9, Dr. Karam Hossain's Lane, Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Karim Nashter 1, Jhowtollah Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Mohd. Yusuf Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.

N.B.—It is requested that Munshis who have passed this examination and whose names do not appear above, should communicate their present addresses to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta, so that their names may be published also.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE AND CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Sulphate of Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased both in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ -grain tablet forms by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the principal druggists in Calcutta. These drugs are for sale for *cash* only. On no account drugs are sent per *V. P. Post*. These drugs may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur.

The rates for these drugs from 15th November 1912 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 11 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 10 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	12 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 5 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	6 „

- Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
 Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.
 Cinchona Febrifuge is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

NOTICE TO TENDERERS.

I.—Sealed Tenders for the supply of the undermentioned supplies as under will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division.

II.—Forms of "Tender" and "Schedules" (I. A. F. Z2120, 2121 and 2122) of the stores for the supply of which tenders are invited, are obtainable on payment at the rate of Re. 1 per set on application in writing, and samples of the articles to be supplied can be inspected at the office of the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, Quetta, or Officer in charge Supplies, Karachi, any day (Sundays and holidays excepted) between the hours of 10 A.M. and 2 P.M.

III.—Tenders will only be received in accordance with the conditions on these printed forms, which must be submitted in English and should specify in words as well as in figures the rate at which each description of article named in them will be delivered. Fractional parts of pies in rates will not be accepted. Tenders must be duly signed and completed in accordance with the instructions they contain.

IV.—Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit in the form of a ^{Presidency Bank} ^{Treasury} Receipt or Government Promissory Notes, Provincial or Municipal debentures, or port trust bonds, as earnest money, at the rate of 2 per cent. on the total value of the stores tendered for, subject to a ^{minimum} ^{maximum} of Rs. as under, which deposit will be returned on acceptance or rejection of the tender. In the case of Promissory Notes being furnished they must remain in the name of the depositor.

V.—No security or deposit which the tenderer may have furnished in connection with a previous contract or on any other account can be accepted as earnest money.

VI.—The approval or rejection of tenders rests with G. O. C. IV (Quetta) Division, who reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender, or any items in a tender, without cause assigned. The lowest tender will not of necessity be accepted.

* VII.—Tenders will be opened at this office at 12 noon on Wednesday, the 15th October 1913. Tenderers are invited to attend.

VIII.—Parties tendering are particularly requested to give their addresses in full.

IX.—Any further information required can be obtained on application to this office between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. (Sundays and holidays excepted).

* X.—Tenders must be sent under a strong cover, securely fastened, sealed with a distinctive device and conspicuously marked "Tender for the supply of meat and fodder" and addressed to the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies and not to any officer by name.

XI.—Tenders which do not comply with the above conditions will be rejected.

Supplies or services required.	Where required.	Approximate re- quirements.	REMARKS.	
I.—FODDER FOR KARACHI FROM 1ST JANUARY TO 31ST DECEMBER 1914.		lbs.	Earnest money deposits.	
Hay or kirby, dry for feeding	Karachi	48,00,000	} Rs. 2,000	
Dry grass for bedding	Do.	3,00,000		
II.—MEAT, FRESH, COMBINED DIVISIONAL CONTRACT FOR ONE YEAR FROM 1ST APRIL 1914 TO 31ST MARCH 1915.				
Beef	Quetta, Karachi and Hyderabad.	17,25,000(a)	} Rs. 4,000	
Mutton	Do.	3,15,000(b)		
OR FOR THREE YEARS FROM 1ST APRIL 1914 TO 31ST MARCH 1917.				
Beef	Quetta, Karachi and Hyderabad.	51,75,000(c)	} Rs. 7,500	
Mutton	Do.	9,45,000(d)		
Details.	{ Quetta lbs. 11,25,000(a) Karachi " 4,00,000 Hyderabad " 2,00,000	2,00,000(b) 75,000 40,000	83,75,000(c) 12,00,000 6,00,000	6,00,000(d) 2,25,000 1,20,000

* Not applicable to an auction contract.

QUETTA,
27th August 1913.

H. F. E. MACMAHON, Captain,
Dy. Asstt. Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 2nd October 1913.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 30th September 1913.

RESERVE.													
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			COIN AND BULLION.						SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		TOTAL.	REMARKS.	
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	Silver Coin.	In India.	Silver Bullion under Coinage.	In England.	In Transit between India and England.		Held in India.	Held in England.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
			R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta .	4 31,92,790	20,09,33,369	2,51,57,305	1,05,35,018	...	9,15,00,000	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	26,75,22,269	(a) Nominal value— R 10,20,81,500
Cawnpore	2,47,56,460	1,98,67,935	78,89,910	2,77,56,945	(b) Nominal value— R 4,69,26,571
Lahore .		4,18,60,425	1,99,53,308	1,84,40,100	3,83,99,408	
Bombay .	5,54,77,210	10,75,21,155	1,76,99,080	19,83,44,782	21,50,53,832	
Karachi	1,32,70,785	28,72,190	15,70,890	44,43,080	
Madras .	1,89,99,105	6,21,46,425	1,69,67,925	67,37,775	2,37,05,700	
Rangoon .		4,38,36,910	3,68,44,391	63,19,020	4,31,63,411	
	11,76,69,105	50,09,25,570	13,93,97,234	25,01,37,495	...	9,15,00,000	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	62,09,44,675	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			Deduct—Amount due on Bills drawn by one Circle on another										
		Nil											
TOTAL CIRCULATION R		61,79,94,675	TOTAL RESERVE R										
			29,50,000										
			61,79,94,675										

There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 30th September 1913.
The Silver held in the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 30th September 1913 to 6,00 lakhs in coined rupees.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,

Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal :—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

(a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

(b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,

Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

**OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE CORONATION DURBAR AND OF
THE VISIT OF THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING-
EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS TO INDIA, 1911-12.**

To meet the repeated demands of the public, the Government of India have decided to publish a complete and authoritative account of the proceedings connected with the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India and with the Coronation Durbar of December 1911.

This book will be compiled from the official records, and will contain lists of all persons taking part in the celebrations and ceremonies. There will also be numerous illustrations, portraits, maps, plans, etc.

It will be published in two editions, a popular one in a cloth binding at a cost not exceeding Rs. 7-8, and a very limited edition *de luxe*, which will contain a list of the subscribers, at a cost of about Rs. 250.

A translation of the popular edition will be made in Urdu and possibly in other languages also if the demand is sufficient.

It is expected that the work will be ready for publication in about six months' time; names are still being registered for the various editions, and application should be made to the Superintendent, Official History of the Durbar, Foreign Department, Simla.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 127 of 1913.

Rangoon, the 19th day of September 1913.

In the matter of Kaji Nooral Islam Uddin, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Kaji Nooral Islam Uddin, son of K. M. Uddin, Trader, No. 36, 32nd Street, Rangoon, on the 17th day of September 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Kaji Nooral Islam Uddin.

J. HORMASJI,

Registrar.

II B 2

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

Notice No. S. C. 59.

Scaled tenders for the supply of the undermentioned articles at Peshawar and Nowshera and Risalpur from date of commencement to 31st March 1914, will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 1st (Peshawar) Division, Peshawar, on Tuesday, the 7th October 1913.

2. For forms of "tenders and schedules" (which are obtainable on payment at Re. 1 per set) and all further particulars apply to the undersigned :—

Office of the
Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies,
1st (Peshawar) Division.

}

G. PARKER, Major,

Peshawar, dated September 1913.

Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies,
1st (Peshawar) Division.

Supplies required.	Where required.	Approximate requirement.	REMARKS.
		Tons.	
Best quality steam coal of Jherriah Colliery deliverable direct at ration stands of units and hospitals.	Peshawar, Nowshera, and Risalpur.	1,850	Earnest money Rs. 600.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 24th September 1913.

No. 147.—The services of 3rd Class Assistant Surgeon A. C. Sinclair, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 7th July 1913.

A. M. CROFTS, Surgeon-General,
Offg. Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 27th September 1913.

No. 688.—Major C. L. Robertson, C.M.G., R.E., Officiating Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 42 days under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from the 1st October 1913 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Colonel, R.E.,
Offg. Surveyor General of India.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Central India Agency, Indore, the 26th September 1913.

No. 1478-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 16 of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, and in modification of so much of Notification No. 1077-C., dated the 11th July 1913, as relates to Ganja, the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, is pleased to prescribe a duty of Rs. 2-10-0 per seer payable on the import on and after the 1st October 1913 of Ganja into the Cantonment of Mhow.

No. 1479-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 16 of the Indore Residency Bazaars Excise Law, 1901, and in modification of so much of Notification No. 1078-C., dated the 11th July 1913, as relates to Ganja, the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, is pleased to prescribe a duty of Rs. 2-10-0 per seer payable on the import on and after the 1st October 1913 of Ganja into the Indore Residency Bazaars.

The 30th September 1913.

No. 1875-B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Lunacy Act, 1912 (IV of 1912) as applied to the Administered Areas and to the Railway Lands in Central India, mentioned in the notifications of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2365-I.B, dated the 14th November 1912, and No. 261-I.B, dated the 10th February 1913, the Agent to the Governor-General is pleased to direct that these areas and lands shall be deemed to be the areas within which reception orders can be made as contemplated by clause (4) of the section.

By order, etc.,

E. J. D. COLVIN,

for First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL, RAJPUTANA.**NOTIFICATION.**

Abu, the 24th September 1913.

No. 4555-332.—Lieutenant A. A. F. C. Hutton Dawson, Officiating Adjutant, Mewar Bhil Corps, availed himself of the general leave on urgent private affairs in India granted in this office Notification No. 2692, dated the 11th July 1913, from the 4th to 21st August 1913.

The unexpired portion of the leave from the 22nd August to the 3rd September 1913 is hereby cancelled.

By order,

A. D. BANNERMAN, Lieut.-Colonel,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, Rajputana.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.**NOTIFICATION.**

Mount Abu, the 17th September 1913.

No. 1322.—The following draft of a Notification which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), is published for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration by the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara on or after the 31st October 1913.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Honourable the Chief Commissioner.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the

Honourable the Chief Commissioner, is pleased to make the following amendments in conditions 1 and 3 of license Form F appended to the Ajmer-Merwara Petroleum Rules issued in this office Notification No. 1530-1093, dated the 14th October 1909 :—

Condition 1.—Add the following words at the beginning of the condition :—

“ When not carried in a receptacle forming part of a motor-vehicle.”

Condition 3.—Delete the words “ not forming part of a motor-vehicle.”

By order,

A. D. BANNERMAN, Lieut.-Colonel,

First Assistant to the Honourable
Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-M

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Bangalore, 23rd September 1913.

No. 55.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore that land is required for a public purpose, namely, for widening Borebank Road.

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Civil and Military Station is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
Baderhalli Railway land, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	Ellappa, son of Royappa.	Part of Survey No. 1. Dry.	A. 1 G. 14	Feeder channel.	Borebank Road.	Borebank Road.	Part of Ellappa's land and Baderhalli fields.	

The 25th September 1913.

No. 56.—Under section 13 of the Excise Act, 1896 (XII of 1896), as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, the Resident in Mysore, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, is pleased to impose a duty of Rs. 3 per seer (of 80 tolas) on bhang imported into the said Station, on or after the 1st October 1913.

No. 57.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore that land is required for a public purpose, namely, for widening a road.

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Civil and Military Station is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	Boundaries.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
New Market Road, C. & M. Station of Bangalore.	S. P. G. Mission authorities represented by Rev. S. Paranjothi.	A portion of compound in front of the S. P. G. Church.	184 Square yards.	Browning Civil Hospital compound and New Market Road.	Part of compound of S. P. G. Church.	Hospital Road.	New Market Road.	A plan of the land can be seen in the office of the collector, C. & M. Station of Bangalore.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,

First Assistant Resident.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 26th September 1913.

No. 7352-C. & I.—The following return of wholesale and retail prices current at the headquarters of the Province of Delhi are published for information :—

Retail prices current of food grains, etc., at the headquarters of the Delhi Province at the close of the half month ending 15th September 1913.

Items.	Amount per Rupee.		REMARKS.
	Srs.	Chts.	
Wheat, white	10	8	
Barley	15	0	
Rice { Best sort	3	0	
{ Common sort	5	12	
Jowár (Andropogon sorghum)	18	0	
Bájra (Pennisetum typhoideum)	15	0	
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana) . . . . .	...	...
Kangni (Setaria Italica) . . . . .	...	...
Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)	15	0	
Maize	18	0	
Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (D&I)	11	0	
Firewood	55	0	
Salt, Sambhar { Wholesale . . . . .	...	...
{ Retail	22	0	
Gur	9	0	
Cotton (unginned)	4	8	
Bejhar	15	0	

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food grains, etc., in the mart at the headquarters of the Province of Delhi during the fortnight ending 15th September 1913.

Items.	Wholesale price in Rupees.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	
Rice, unhusked	3 5 0	
„ husked	6 11 0	
Wheat, white	3 10 0	
Barley	2 9 0	
Oats . . . . .	...
Jowar	2 0 0	
Bajra	2 9 0	
Maize	2 2 0	
Gram	2 9 0	
Arhar Dál	3 8 0	
Linseed	9 0 0	
Rapeseed (Sarshaf)	5 8 0	
Poppyseed . . . . .	...
Til (Jinjili seed)	8 4 0	
Sugar (raw), Gur	4 0 0	
Cotton (cleaned)	22 8 0	
Cotton seed	2 9 6	
Ghi	55 0 0	
Flour (wheat)	4 3 0	
Tobacco leaf (dry)	7 0 0	
Turmeric (unground)	10 0 0	
Salt	1 12 0	
Raw hides (cow)	35 0 0	
Bran	1 14 0	
Grass (dry)	1 2 3	
Bhusa	1 0 0	
Jowar stalks (dry)	1 2 3	
Kerosine oil (per tin, stating the brand) (Victoria)	2 2 9	
Plough bullocks, per pair	150 0 0	
Sheep, per score	80 0 0	
Bejhar	2 9 0	

The 29th September 1913.

No. 7412-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending Saturday, 20th September 1913, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17		
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.										Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of Births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of Deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
	Delhi	230,471	107	121	228	55	77	132	...	...	...	94	4	24	...	10	4	21	31	52	54.9	33.6
	Notified Area	2	2	4	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	109	123	232	56	77	133	...	...	...	95	4	24	...	10	4	21	31	52	...	...

No. 7415-Education.—The following bye-laws framed by the Notified Area Committee, Delhi, under the provisions of section 197 (C) (e) (g), and 199 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 111 of 1911, regarding the sale of articles of food and drink within the limits of the Notified Area, are approved by the Chief Commissioner, Delhi Province, and are published for general information.

The bye-laws will come into force six weeks after the date of publication of the Notification.

BYE-LAWS.

1. *Definition*—For the purpose of these bye-laws “meat” means and includes beef, buffalo, pork, the flesh of goats, sheep, deer, fish or fowls intended for human or animal consumption; “milk” means and includes cream, butter, and *ghi* and all articles of consumption prepared from milk.

2. No person shall sell any meat or milk without a license granted by the Health Officer of the Notified Area Committee.

3. The license shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(a) No person shall sell or keep for sale—

- (i) the flesh of any animal which has died from a natural cause;
- (ii) any meat which has been blown up or artificially stuffed;
- (iii) any meat in a decomposed state;
- (iv) any milk derived from an animal in a diseased condition.

(b) No license holder or his servant shall carry meat or milk through any street or public place except in a clean receptacle and covered with a clean cloth or gauze-wire frame in such a manner that the meat or milk shall not be seen by the passers by.

(c) The license fee shall be payable in advance at the rate of Re. 1 per mensem or of Rs. 2-8-0 per six months for the six-monthly periods ending on 31st March and 30th September respectively.

4. The Secretary, Notified Area Committee, or the Health Officer to the Notified Area Committee may summarily, after a proper enquiry, suspend any license on complaint from any house-holder of a breach of these bye-laws or of the condition of the license.

5. Any person committing a breach of bye-law 2 or of any of the conditions mentioned in bye-law 3 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate to a fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 30th September 1913.

No. 7428-Home.—The following return of deaths registered in the Province of Delhi during the half month ending 15th September 1913 is published for information :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Name of Towns and Rural Circles in the District.	Deaths registered in previous half month.	Total in present half month.	Death registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age.		REMARKS.
			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.		Total.
P. S. Alipur	51	44	...	...	...	18	2	20	...	...	4	1	10	9	19
Nangloi	51	34	...	...	...	20	...	13	...	...	1	...	9	6	15
Najafgarh	81	54	...	1	...	33	...	16	...	...	4	1	8	8	16
Subzimundi	7	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Paharganj	26	13	...	...	...	11	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Mehrauli	54	47	13	2	...	11	...	20	...	...	1	1	8	5	13
Total of the District	270	198	13	3	...	99	2	71	...	...	10	3	37	28	65

No. 7436-C. & C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to notify his intention to amend conditions 1 and 3 of form F of the Punjab Petroleum Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 90, dated the 15th February 1909, in the manner indicated below :—

Condition 1.—Add the following words at the beginning of the condition :—

“ when not carried in a receptacle forming part of a motor vehicle.”

Condition 3.—Delete the words—

“ not forming part of a motor-vehicle.”

Any objection to the above proposal received in writing within one month from the date of publication of this notification, will be taken into consideration by the Chief Commissioner.

No. 7452-Education.—The following bye-laws framed by the Municipal Committee of Delhi under the provisions of section 188(d) of Act III of 1911 (Punjab Municipal Act), regarding regulation of Lodging Houses within the Municipal limits of Delhi, are approved by the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of the Delhi Province and are hereby published for general information.

The bye-laws will come into force six weeks after the date of publication of the Notification.

BYE-LAWS.

1. “ Lodging house ” means and includes serais, hotels, boarding houses for the general public, rest-houses and unlicensed emigration depôts, and any other places where visitors are received and provided with sleeping accommodation for payment.

2. Every keeper of a lodging-house shall obtain from the Health Officer or Secretary a certificate of the fitness of the place for the purpose for which it is maintained and no place which has not been certified as fit shall be kept as a lodging-house. Such certificate shall be renewed in April of every year and such certificate or a copy of it shall be affixed in a prominent position on the lodging-house premises. The fee for such certificate shall be Rs. 5.

3. The Sanitation Sub-Committee may fix the number of persons who may occupy any such house.

4. Every keeper of a lodging-house shall afford every facility for the inspection of such house by the authorised officers of the Municipal Committee.

5. Every keeper of a lodging-house shall provide it with a sufficient and good supply of drinking water.

6. Every keeper of a lodging-house shall provide it with sufficient latrine accommodation.
7. Every keeper of a lodging-house shall keep it and every room therein clean and shall lime-wash them at least twice every year in the months of March and September and oftener, if required.
8. Every keeper of a lodging-house as soon as it comes to his notice, shall give immediate notice of the occurrence of any infectious disease in the house to the Health Officer.
9. Every keeper of a lodging-house shall comply with every reasonable order of the Health Officer of the Committee to promote the sanitation and cleanliness of the lodging-house and to give effect to the bye-laws above.
10. Every keeper of a lodging-house shall keep a register in the form prescribed by the Committee in which he shall cause to be entered the names and addresses of all residents and inmates of his lodging-house and their date of arrival and departure, and such other information as the Committee may prescribe.
11. Every keeper of a lodging-house committing a breach of any of bye-laws 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 above or allowing more persons to occupy his lodging-house than the maximum fixed by the Municipal Committee under bye-law 3 shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a recurring one, to a further fine which may amount to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

DELHI MUNICIPALITY.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE FOR LODGING-HOUSES.

Delhi. _____ *191* .

is hereby authorised by the Health Officer of the Municipal Committee to have a lodging-house within the limits of premises No. _____ in _____ Street, Ward No. _____ for a period of one year commencing from the 1st day of April, 191 .

The Sanitation Sub-Committee of the Municipality has limited the maximum number of occupiers of such premises to _____ in number.

Number of rooms in premises _____

Total area of premises _____ square yards.

Health Officer.

Note.—This certificate must be affixed in a prominent position on the lodging-house premises.

The 30th September 1913.

No. 7455-Education.—The following bye-laws framed by the Municipal Committee of Delhi under the provisions of sections 188 (a), (b), and 183, of Act III of 1911 (Punjab Municipal Act), regarding Hand Carts, plying for hire within the Municipal limits of Delhi, are approved by the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of the Delhi Province, and are hereby published for general information.

The bye-laws will come into force six weeks after the date of publication of the Notification.

BYE-LAWS.

1. "Hand Cart" means a vehicle for the conveyance of goods pulled or propelled by one Definition.
or more men.

2. No person shall keep or ply hand carts for hire except under a separate license for Licenses.
each and every cart which is so plied.

3. Every license to ply hand carts issued under these bye-laws shall be in such form as Conditions
the Committee may from time to time prescribe and shall include the following conditions, license.
namely:—

- (a) the number which is affixed on the hand cart shall be that affixed thereon by the Number.
Committee and shall not be removed, altered, defaced or obliterated;
- (b) the hand cart shall be kept clean and in good repair;
- (c) the license shall be for a period of one year and shall not be transferred without Transference
the permission of the Committee; license.
- (d) the body of the hand cart shall be sound and all boards strong and properly Construction.
secured;
- (e) the wheels shall be strong and sound so as to run true; Wheels.
- (f) the hand carts shall be brought to the place set apart for the purpose whenever Examination.
required by the Committee for examination;
- (g) save when there is sufficient moonlight to render lights unnecessary a light visible Lights.
from every side shall always be exposed in a conspicuous place on the cart when
in the public streets after the hour shown on police notices as the lighting-up
time;
- (h) the hand cart when used for carrying bricks, earth, stone, metal or loose material Side Boards.
shall be protected with side, front and back boards, which shall be at least 6 inches
higher than the level of the material in the cart;
- (i) the Committee may from time to time appoint places as stands for hand carts to Stands.
wait pending hiring and no hand cart shall wait for hire except at such stands or
inside the licensee's own premises.

The regulation of the order in which hand carts shall stand shall be in the hands of the
police;

- (j) every person in charge of a hand cart shall conduct his cart on the extreme left of Traffic provisi
the road in a line with and in rear of any other carts or cart proceeding in the
same direction, and he shall not in any way make any attempt to pass the cart
immediately in front of his cart;
- (k) when loading or unloading a cart in a street, the person in charge of the cart shall Loading and
rest it parallel with the footpath and immediately on the edge of the carriage way loading.
or if there is no footpath, then parallel with and immediately on the edge of the
street;
- (l) every person in charge of a hand cart shall give correct information about his own
name, the residence of the owner, the place where the cart is ordinarily kept and
such other particulars necessary to establish his own identity and that of the
owner of the cart;
- (m) the proprietor shall produce the license for inspection whenever required to do so License to b
by any Municipal or Police Officer or the hirer of the cart; ried.
- (n) the maximum load to be carried on a hand cart drawn by men shall be 15 maunds.

4. The proprietor and person in charge of a hand cart, in respect of which a breach of any
of the above bye-laws or of any of the conditions of the license has been committed, shall be
punishable for any such breach on conviction by a Magistrate with fine which may extend to
fifty rupees, and if the breach is a recurring one, with a further fine which may extend to five
rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

5. The Secretary of the Municipal Committee may cancel or suspend any license to ply
a hand cart for a breach of any of the conditions set forth in the license.

6. The annual fees payable in connection with licenses shall be as follows:—

	Rs.	Pees.
For hand carts having tyres to the wheels 3½ inches or more in width	6	
For hand carts having tyres to the wheels less than 3½ inches in width and not less than 3 inches in width	10	
For hand carts having tyres to the wheels less than 3 inches in width and not less than 2½ inches in width	16	
For hand carts having tyres to the wheels less than 2½ inches in width	24	
For each transfer of a license	As. 4	

Such hand carts in respect of which a license fee is levied shall be exempt from wheel tax

No. 7458-Education.—The following bye-laws framed by the Municipal Committee of Delhi under the provisions of section 188 (f) of Act III of 1911 (Punjab Municipal Act), regarding the appointment of persons residing within the Municipality of Delhi as Agent to represent the owners of buildings or lands in that Municipality who are absent from Municipal limits within the Municipal limits of Delhi, are approved by the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of the Delhi Province, and are hereby published for general information. The bye-laws will come into force six weeks after the date of publication of the Notification.

BYE-LAWS.

1. Every owner of a building or land situated within Municipal limits whose ordinary residence is outside the Municipality, or who, being ordinarily resident within the Municipality, is absent therefrom for ninety days or upwards in any calendar year shall appoint, in the manner hereinafter set forth, a person ordinarily resident within the Municipality to be his agent for all the purposes of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, or any bye-law, direction, rule or order made thereunder.

2. The Committee, if it considers that any owner of a building or land situated within the Municipal limits absents himself from the Municipal area to such an extent as to cause inconvenience to Municipal administration, may, by notice, require such owner to appoint within fifteen days of receipt of notice in the manner hereinafter set forth, a person ordinarily resident within the Municipality to be his agent for all the purposes of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, or any bye-law, direction, rule or order made thereunder.

3. Every owner, who is bound by bye-law 1 or required by notice under bye-law 2 to appoint an agent, shall intimate to the Secretary of the Committee in writing the name of such agent, and when such agent shall have intimated to the Secretary of the Committee in writing his willingness to serve, the owner shall be deemed to have complied with bye-law 1 or notice under bye-law 2.

4. The Committee may serve notices upon, or demand payment of its dues from such agent instead of upon or from his principal, and the principal shall thereupon become liable as if the notice had been served upon, or the demand made from him personally.

5. Any owner of a building or land situated within Municipal limits who fails to appoint an agent in the manner required by bye-laws 1, 2 and 3 shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be liable to punishment with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 1st October 1913.

No. 7475-Home.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 2 and 4 of the Poisons Act, 1904, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that rule XII of the rules published with Punjab Government Notifications Nos. 941 and 942, dated the 20th November 1907, respectively, shall be amended by the inclusion of the words "any Excise Inspector or Sub-Inspector" after the words "Naib Tahsildar."

By order,

G. F. deMONTMORENCY,
Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 24th September 1913.

No. 27.—Mr. S. L. R. Naidu, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, on probation, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani held on the 1st September 1913.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,
Agent, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 29th September 1913.

No. 49.—Rai Sahib Hira Lal, Assistant Engineer, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India extension of leave on medical certificate for 2 months in continuation of the leave granted to him in this office Notification No. 24, dated the 12th May 1913.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel, R.E.,
Agent, N. W. Railway.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, dated at Poona, this 25th day of September 1913.

Number, Rank and Name—9402, Private. James Tully.	Parish and County in which born—St. Patrick's Derry, Londonderry, Ireland.
Age—29 years 2 months.	Date of desertion or absence—23rd September 1913.
Height—5 feet 8 inches.	Place of desertion or absence—Poona.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, grey.	Marks—2 scars back of head.
Trade—Labourer.	Under 6 years' service.
Date of enlistment—10th August 1908.	
Place of enlistment—Blackpool.	

C. E. A. JOURDAIN, Major,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 23rd September 1913.

No 1539s-1p.—M. Muhammad Barkat Ali, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 16th October 1913 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

2. This supersedes this office Notification No. 108s-App., dated the 12th April 1913.

The 30th September 1913.

No. 1566s-App.—The following officiating appointments are made for the period noted against each, *vice* Mr. J. J. F. Rodrigues, Postmaster, Lahore, pay Rs. 600-800, appointed to act as Presidency Postmaster, Madras, from the 9th September 1913 :—

- Mr. H. S. Glackan, Postmaster, Amritsar, pay Rs. 400-500, to act as Postmaster, Lahore, from the 30th August 1913 to the 15th September 1913 inclusive;
- Lala Bishen Das, Deputy Postmaster, Amritsar, pay Rs. 150-200, to act as Postmaster, Amritsar, from the 29th August 1913 to the 18th September 1913 inclusive;
- Mr. C. B. Maiden, Postmaster, Simla, pay Rs. 500-600, to act as Postmaster, Lahore, from the 16th September 1913 and until further orders;
- Mr. W. G. Bason, Postmaster, Cawnpore, pay Rs. 500-600, to act as Postmaster, Simla, on his own pay, from the 7th September 1913 and until further orders;
- Babu Gur Dayal Singh, Deputy Postmaster, Allahabad, pay Rs. 150-200 and Officiating Deputy Postmaster, Cawnpore, to act as Postmaster, Cawnpore, from the 3rd September 1913 to the 9th September 1913 inclusive;
- Mr. S. B. Smith, Postmaster, Allahabad, pay Rs. 400-500, to act as Postmaster, Cawnpore, from the 10th September 1913 and until further orders;
- Mr. H. J. W. High, 1st Assistant Postmaster, Bombay, pay Rs. 300-400, to act as Postmaster, Allahabad, from the 5th September 1913 and until further orders;

Mr. G. E. W. Quinn, Assistant Mail Officer, Bombay-Aden Sea Post Office, pay Rs. 200-250, to act as 1st Assistant Postmaster, Bombay, from the 1st September 1913 and until further orders.

No. 1585s-*Ap*.—Mr. C. H. A. Stuart, Presidency Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs. 1,000—1,200, is granted privilege leave for sixteen days with effect from the 16th October 1913 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 22nd September 1913.

No. 1043s-*G*.—Mr. J. Fairley, Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough out of India for 3 months and 10 days with effect from the 12th September 1913.

Calcutta, the 1st October 1913.

No. 5562-*T*.—Mr. A. Rama Rao, Deputy Superintendent (Traffic), 1st class, pay Rs. 325-400, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 3rd September 1913.

Mr. A. S. Brookes, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, pay Rs. 250-325, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, and Mr. C. E. Cumberland, Telegraph Master, pay Rs. 220-250, as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, during the absence of Mr. A. Rama Rao or until further orders.

The 2nd October 1913.

No. 5585-*T*.—The following promotion in the Traffic Branch Subordinate Establishment is sanctioned with effect from the date noted :-

Name.	RANK.		Nature of promotion.	Date.
	From	To		
Mr. T. Lucas	Telegraph Master	Deputy Superintendent (2nd class)	Officiating	9th September 1913

W. MAXWELL,

Director General of Posts and Telegraphs.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enforced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 30th September 1913.

PARTICULARS.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS						4 PER CENT. LOANS						4½ PER CENT. LOANS		GRAND TOTAL.
	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	TOTAL.	of 1882-83.	of 1885-86.	of 1892-93.	of 1894-95.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	TOTAL.	Transfer Loan of 1879, 4½ per cent. Portion.		TOTAL.
Balance of 15th September 1913	1,16,22,390	6,32,51,600	1,70,39,500	86,74,200	17,00,400	10,22,98,000	6,933	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	2,000	10,57,71,933
<i>Add—</i> Amount of transferred to London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No. 6201-A., dated 3rd November 1908, up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enforced at Madras up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enforced at Bombay up to 20th September 1913	...	2,00,000	...	...	...	2,00,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,00,000
Amount enforced at Calcutta between 16th and 30th September 1913	10,000	25,000	...	...	...	35,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35,000
<i>Deduct—</i> Amount written off in the London Registry	1,16,32,300	6,34,58,600	1,70,39,500	86,74,200	17,00,400	10,25,33,000	6,933	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	2,000	10,60,06,933
	21,200	6,93,000	1,09,500	...	10,000	8,33,700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,33,700
Balance on 30th September 1913	1,16,11,100	6,27,93,600	1,69,89,000	86,74,200	16,90,400	10,16,99,300	6,933	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	2,000	10,51,73,233

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 31st July 1913. Enforced from India 12,259 lakhs, re-transferred from London 12,540 lakhs.

1st Aug. 1913 " 15th Aug. " ditto
 " 16th " " 31st " ditto
 " 1st Sept. " 15th Sept. " ditto
 " 16th " " 30th " " ditto

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
 BANK OF BENGAL;
 Calcutta, the 1st October 1913.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
 Offg. Secretary and Treas.

12,265 lakhs
 12,561 lakhs

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 23rd TO 30th SEPTEMBER 1913.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Toles.)

NAME OF MINTS.	COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.												COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.		SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.						Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar Closing and of paid over.	Receipt of Bullion for sub- sidary coinage. paid over.	Sub- sidary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasures, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasures or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native State.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and un- current coins.	TOTAL.					
Calcutta	...	11	...	11	5	...	5	...	...	21	9	30	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	1	...	1	15	...	5	...	...	22	8	30	...	...	...	...	...

His Majesty's Mint;

Calcutta, the 3rd October 1913.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

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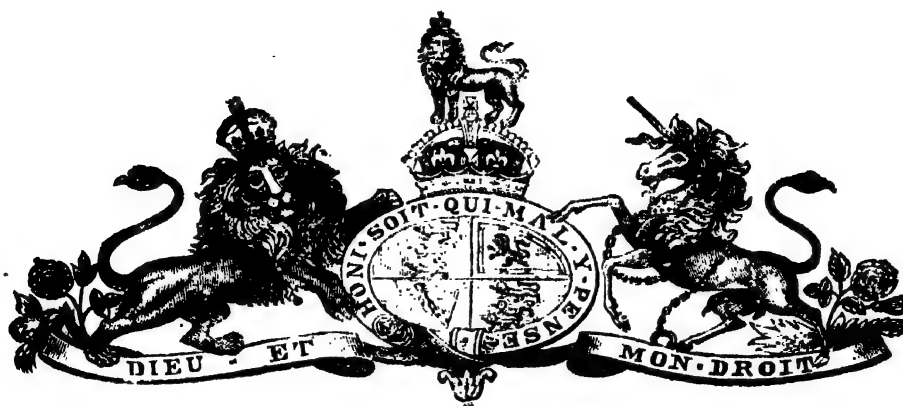
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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The upper half of a Government Promissory-note No. 101047 of 1854-55 for Rs. 3,000 originally standing in the names of Revds. J. S. Chandler, Y. S. Taylor, and V. Santia; any one of them or more of them, and lastly endorsed in favour of Rev. W. W. Wallace, Treasurer of the Madura Home Missionary Society, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

W. W. WALLACE,
American Mission, Madras.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 138937 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1842-43, Rupees (500) five hundred, originally standing in the name of Abinash Chandra Dutta and lastly endorsed to Unmadini Dasi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

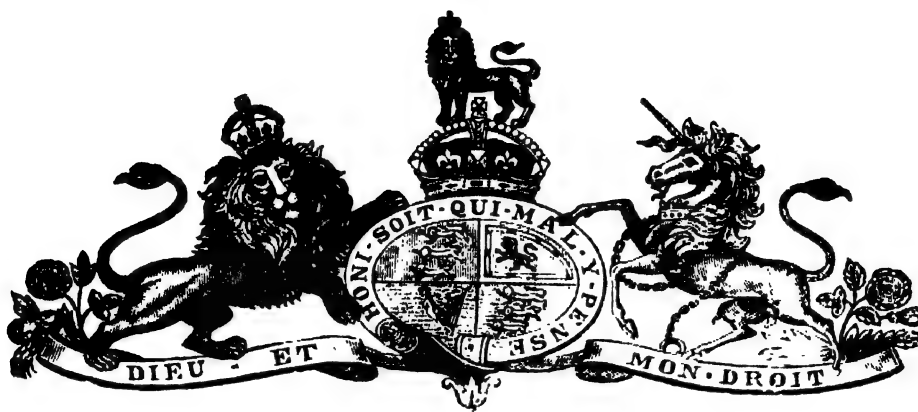
Name of the Advertiser :—UNMADINI DASI,
Residence :—C/o Kylash Chunder Shaha,
16. Balaram Mazumdar's Street, Calcutta

LOST OR DESTROYED.

The upper half of Government Promissory Note No. 245818 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rupees 5,000 (five thousand) originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, and last endorsed to the Chairman, Municipal Board, Azamgarh, U. P., the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Dated the 30th September 1913.

J. C. SMITH, I.C.S.,
Chairman, Municipal Board, Azamgarh, U. P.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 40. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1913.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

IMPORTS (in hundredweights) of **COTTON (raw), WHEAT, RICE (including paddy), GRAM and PULSE LINSEED, RAPE and MUSTARD SEED, JUTE, and TEA**, into certain ports in July 1913, and from 1st April to 31st July 1913 and in the corresponding period of 1912.

COTTON, RAW											
Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL		Whence exported
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
Imports in July											
By Rail and River—											By Rail and River
Assam	477	820	...	...	...	...	...	...	477	820	Assam
Bengal	4,617	12,416	82	...	...	...	...	...	4,699	12,416	Bengal
Bihar and Orissa	1,449	1,335	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,449	1,335	Bihar and Orissa
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	2,730	2,151	3,524	2,452	...	...	...	...	6,254	4,603	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
Panjab	54	1,522	2,047	719	4,095	1,054	...	...	6,196	3,295	Panjab
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	5,392	901	...	...	5,392	901	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Raj. and C. India	...	...	41,247	38,318	...	...	...	...	41,247	38,318	Raj. and C. India
Bombay	232	362	15,434	71,662	...	...	281	3,772	15,947	75,796	Bombay
Central Provinces and Berar	1,475	4,497	6,324	3,794	...	...	...	...	7,799	8,291	Central Provinces and Berar
Nizam's Territory	...	...	19,294	1,759	...	...	25,515	6,567	44,809	8,326	Nizam's Territory
Madras	...	...	6,275	3,396	...	...	194,227	97,648	200,502	101,044	Madras
Mysore	...	...	306	...	...	...	844	1,291	1,150	1,291	Mysore
TOTAL	11,034	23,113	94,533	122,100	9,487	1,955	220,807	109,278	335,921	256,446	TOTAL
By Sea—											By Sea—
Bengal	5,611	4,701	260	...	...	...	...	...	5,871	4,701	Bengal
Bihar and Orissa	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	Bihar and Orissa
Bombay	...	2,679	...	...	122	2	94	3,808	...	216	Bombay
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	4,126	308	...	...	...	...	4,126	308	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Madras	7,373	3,098	24,329	16,051	...	...	...	...	31,702	19,149	Madras
Burma	623	5,291	613	551	...	...	...	...	1,236	5,842	Burma
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	82,642	112,040	...	...	...	...	82,642	112,040	Non-Br. Ports in India
Foreign countries	835	...	48,604	4,794	...	...	234	22	49,673	4,816	Foreign countries
TOTAL	14,442	15,776	160,574	133,744	122	2	328	3,830	175,466	153,352	TOTAL
TOTAL IMPORTS	25,476	38,889	255,107	255,844	9,609	1,957	221,135	113,108	511,387	409,798	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of July											
By Rail and River—											By Rail and River
Assam	6,864	8,082	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,864	8,082	Assam
Bengal	89,467	68,263	676	...	...	...	...	...	90,143	68,263	Bengal
Bihar and Orissa	11,046	8,264	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,046	8,264	Bihar and Orissa
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	12,420	6,643	29,707	17,486	232	3	...	...	42,359	24,132	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
Panjab	55	5,470	38,622	12,598	132,558	108,957	...	...	171,285	127,025	Panjab
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	153,057	163,016	...	...	153,057	163,016	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Raj. and C. India	788	1,538	218,817	219,273	65	...	...	...	219,670	220,811	Raj. and C. India
Bombay	802	669	208,229	1,273,311	...	...	4,800	10,974	213,831	1,284,954	Bombay
Cent. Provs. and Berar	24,472	42,471	562,577	608,240	...	...	...	...	587,049	650,711	Cent. Provs. and Berar
Nizam's Territory	68	466	253,171	136,271	...	...	89,914	15,479	343,153	152,216	Nizam's Territory
Madras	1,055	606	39,093	32,213	...	...	858,530	616,225	898,678	649,044	Madras
Mysore	...	...	1,239	915	...	...	18,201	11,844	19,440	12,759	Mysore
TOTAL	147,037	142,472	1,382,131	2,300,307	285,912	271,976	971,445	654,522	2,786,525	3,369,277	TOTAL
By Sea—											By Sea—
Bengal	25,008	17,918	7,123	2,006	...	...	...	...	32,131	19,924	Bengal
Bihar and Orissa	...	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	Bihar and Orissa
Bombay	5,162	6,845	732	2,438	253	362	13,256	22,914	19,408	32,559	Bombay
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	1,057	88,058	55,013	...	...	...	...	88,058	56,070	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Madras	24,141	13,727	72,676	73,579	...	...	...	3	96,817	87,309	Madras
Burma	35,316	34,837	1,876	10,791	...	...	...	10	37,192	45,638	Burma
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	480,470	728,784	37	...	...	...	480,507	728,784	Non-Br. Ports in India
Foreign countries	10,468	4	395,431	30,685	...	...	10,116	890	416,015	31,579	Foreign countries
TOTAL	100,095	74,453	1,046,366	903,296	290	362	23,372	23,817	1,170,123	1,001,928	TOTAL
TOTAL IMPORTS	247,132	216,925	2,428,497	3,203,603	286,202	272,338	994,817	678,339	3,956,648	4,371,205	TOTAL IMPORTS

N.B.—Provinces named in the first and last columns include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" includes the ports of Madras, French Port Pondicherry with its suburb Villianur and Karikal, exclusive of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries). Negapatnam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cocanada, Visagapatnam, Cudalore, Cochin, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, and Badagara.

Whence exported	WHEAT								RICE (INCLUD			
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		Calcutta		Karachi	
	1912	1918	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913
Imports in July												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17,303	486	...	...
Bengal	6,147	7,147	...	...	...	...	6,147	7,147	998,876	360,925	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	165,806	38,716	...	...	...	...	165,806	38,716	394,135	79,174	...	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	491,283	368,226	221,563	33,383	832,201	77,157	1,545,137	478,766	1,474	333	2	...
Panjab	...	...	34,596	1,213	3,981,229	3,133,285	4,015,825	3,134,498	451	91	924	5,228
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	6,224	141,381	6,224	141,381	...	...	44,592	109,348
Raj. and C. India	4,015	23,660	133,020	310,599	1,196	400	138,231	334,659	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	21	16,426	...	...	21	16,426	...	...	...	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	397	70,965	364,510	447,279	...	...	364,907	518,244	8,969	8,160	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	117	2,586	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	915	...	915	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	667,648	508,714	753,711	808,900	4,821,855	3,352,223	6,243,214	4,669,837	1,416,325	451,755	45,518	114,576
<i>By Sea—</i>												
Bengal	...	...	48	112	...	...	48	112	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,327	18,610	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	333	359
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	528	2,336
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	509,947	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	...	1,991	...	...	...	1,991	...	...	...	...
Foreign countries	...	...	1,146	...	...	...	1,146	...	32	1,592	...	1
TOTAL	...	...	1,194	2,103	...	2	1,194	2,105	7,359	530,149	861	2,696
TOTAL IMPORTS	667,648	508,714	754,905	811,003	4,821,855	3,352,225	6,244,408	4,671,942	1,423,684	981,904	46,379	117,272
Imports to end of July												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
Assam	250	...	...	...	...	...	250	...	35,451	4,046	...	...
Bengal	59,555	21,072	...	3	...	...	59,555	21,075	4,349,238	1,963,085	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	486,246	119,218	...	...	...	...	486,246	119,218	968,747	334,530	...	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	2,782,523	2,190,410	768,639	401,427	3,317,731	3,079,071	6,868,893	5,670,908	3,303	1,719	2	379
Panjab	...	...	70,120	25,166	12,760,385	12,079,306	12,830,505	12,104,472	856	804	10,617	38,759
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	45,868	399,319	45,868	399,319	1	...	251,235	550,064
Raj. and C. India	15,536	64,421	765,052	2,037,970	10,828	9,721	791,416	2,112,112	...	...	18	...
Bombay	...	3	83,145	216,411	...	...	83,145	216,414	...	1	...	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	120,237	419,660	1,383,562	1,505,391	...	1,548	1,503,799	1,926,599	5,943	17,817	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	8,414	162	...	...	8,414	162	...	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	865	5,519	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	2,606	...	...	2,606	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	3,464,347	2,814,784	3,078,932	4,186,530	16,137,358	15,568,965	22,680,637	22,570,279	5,863,904	2,377,521	261,872	598,202
<i>By Sea—</i>												
Bengal	...	...	48	112	...	...	48	112	...	1,568	107	22
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43,921	90,961	...	...
Bombay	...	...	1	4,454	339	25	340	4,479	...	...	1,346	1,494
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	11,944	...	...	...	11,944	...	...	...	11,971	16,878
Madras	...	...	...	766	...	...	...	766	...	...	4	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	910,937	...	...	436
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	2,121	317,072	...	20,443	2,121	337,515	...	...	...	...
Foreign countries	127	...	48,667	1	339	...	49,133	1	264	1,794	...	5
TOTAL	127	...	62,781	322,405	678	20,468	63,586	342,873	44,185	1,005,260	13,428	18,838
TOTAL IMPORTS	3,464,474	2,814,784	3,141,713	4,508,935	16,138,036	15,589,433	22,744,223	22,913,152	5,408,089	3,382,781	275,300	617,040

* One maund of paddy is

WHEAT (PADDY)*				GRAM AND PULSE								Whence exported
Madras ports		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		
1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
Imports in July												By Rail and River— Assam Bengal Bihar and Orissa U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. and C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore Kashmir TOTAL
...	...	17,303	486	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	18
7,435	2,168	1,006,311	383,093	53,501	197,363	...	...	...	...	53,501	197,363
23,790	5,169	417,925	84,343	279,427	126,230	...	...	...	...	279,427	126,230
...	...	1,476	333	290,924	298,265	144,955	13,064	9,183	3,124	445,062	314,453	
...	...	1,375	5,319	2,273	87	63,371	20,399	126,567	226,944	192,211	247,430	
...	...	44,592	109,348	...	848	2,326	16,539	11,527	12,792	11,527	12,792	
...	...	...	...	...	2,326	16,539	9,639	417	6,221	17,804	18,186
29	4	29	4	...	1	5,729	22,511	...	...	5,729	22,512
1,722	165	5,691	8,325	2,537	44,618	54,227	62,735	...	...	56,764	107,353
131	267	131	267	...	306	144	48	...	...	144	354
199,052	407,388	199,160	409,874	79	3,538	715	...	...	...	791	3,538
365	9	365	9	...	...	...	267	...	...	...	267
...	
232,524	415,070	1,694,367	981,401	629,589	672,752	285,680	128,663	147,694	249,091	1,062,963	1,050,496	
238,751	24,959	238,751	24,959	...	...	10	...	...	...	10	...
10,721	2,557	18,048	21,167	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
216	...	549	359	...	...	...	9	902	436	902	445
15,733	36,572	16,261	38,908	...	...	1,991	889	...	...	1,991	889
3,371	1,392	3,371	1,392	851	820	18	...	...	...	869	820
60,697	467,172	60,697	977,119	...	495	273	1,221	...	...	273	2,216
6	...	6	...	...	...	1	469	30	...	31	469
3	3	35	1,596	76	18	4,471	723	299	...	4,846	741	
329,498	532,655	337,718	1,065,500	927	1,833	6,764	3,311	1,231	436	8,922	5,580	
562,022	947,725	2,032,085	2,046,901	630,516	674,545	292,444	131,974	148,925	249,517	1,071,885	1,056,076	
Imports to end of July												By Rail and River— Assam Bengal Bihar and Orissa U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. and C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore Kashmir TOTAL
...	...	35,451	4,046	517	200	...	...	...	...	517	200
82,525	31,544	4,431,763	1,994,629	367,239	586,532	...	...	...	...	367,239	586,532
209,424	102,863	1,178,171	487,393	974,654	444,859	30	...	...	...	974,654	444,859
...	...	3,305	2,098	1,682,342	1,173,001	420,483	206,348	47,298	35,436	2,150,023	1,411,735	
6	3	11,479	39,566	10,728	813	288,826	142,039	843,966	711,431	1,143,520	854,292	
...	...	251,236	559,064	...	...	...	...	97,210	80,255	97,210	80,255
...	...	18	...	37,542	13,187	71,329	78,974	16,854	21,009	1,5725	116,170	
87	72	87	73	2	2	40,171	112,419	...	...	40,173	112,421
6,730	8,371	12,673	26,188	70,995	92,392	317,618	258,374	...	...	418,613	359,766
1,022	989	1,022	989	...	3,06	2,782	198	...	...	2,782	504
868,925	1,258,175	869,200	1,263,694	19,904	14,860	4,783	44	...	...	24,687	14,911
5,167	1,091	5,167	1,091	...	...	...	267	...	...	...	267
...	105	...	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,173,886	1,403,213	6,790,662	4,378,936	3,163,823	2,326,152	1,176,022	798,663	1,005,328	851,130	5,345,173	3,975,945	
996,280	180,242	996,387	181,832	...	...	10	...	...	...	10	...
10,721	7,626	54,642	98,587	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12,630	18,741	13,976	20,235	3	...	2,185	5,375	2,301	2,161	4,489	7,536	
22,860	99,270	34,831	116,148	...	...	11,131	4,820	40	79	11,171	4,899
16,754	30,118	16,758	30,121	5,641	6,343	187	10	...	...	5,828	6,353
557,852	2,030,882	557,852	2,948,205	240	6,770	3,844	2,537	...	...	4,081	9,307
6	...	6	...	...	...	471	5,278	243	118	714	5,396
109	343	373	2,142	160	796	23,266	830	3,600	68	27,026	1,696	
1,617,212	2,373,172	1,674,825	3,397,270	6,044	13,911	41,094	18,850	6,184	2,426	53,322	35,187	
2,791,098	3,776,385	8,474,487	7,776,206	3,169,867	2,346,063	1,217,116	817,513	1,011,512	853,556	5,393,495	4,011,132	
TOTAL IMPORTS												

taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice

Whence exported	LINSEED						RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED					
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913
Imports in July												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
Assam	486	136	...	...	486	136	485	18,276	...	...	485	18,276
Bengal	25,495	89,639	...	...	25,495	89,639	1,408	616	...	...	1,408	616
Bihar and Orissa	173,166	461,212	...	...	173,166	461,212	10,546	60,879	...	...	10,546	60,879
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	175,229	351,915	190,192	116,537	365,421	407,552	146,771	175,072	155,054	41,589	301,825	216,661
Panjab	1,828	...	1,749	...	3,577	...	14,692	3,183	4,556	...	19,248	3,183
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj and C. India	421	22,674	130,253	188,072	130,674	210,746	13,311	15,656	12,743	15,781	28,054	31,437
Bombay	...	...	159	10,669	959	10,669	...	...	1,856	19,207	1,856	19,207
Cent. Provs. and Berar	139	39,145	131,016	169,676	134,775	208,821	...	1,502	2,595	4,304	2,595	5,800
Nizam's Territory	...	...	4,014	59,049	4,014	59,049	...	...	28	34	28	...
Madras	...	...	52	1,677	52	1,677	612	2,735	...	...	612	2,735
Mysore	...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	376,764	963,821	461,848	545,680	838,612	1,509,501	187,825	277,919	176,832	80,915	364,657	358,83
<i>By Sea—</i>												
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	38	...	...	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,546	...	3,075	659	3,075	65
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,291	...	...	...	4,548	1,29
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	1,226	14,112	1,226	14,112	143	...	87	178	230	17
Foreign countries	40	1	613	252	653	253	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	78	1	1,839	14,364	1,917	14,365	4,691	1,291	3,162	837	7,853	2,12
TOTAL IMPORTS	376,842	963,822	463,687	560,044	840,529	1,523,866	192,516	279,210	179,994	81,752	372,510	360,96
Imports to end of July												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
Assam	7,027	621	...	...	7,027	621	8,704	62,209	...	...	8,704	62,20
Bengal	311,824	321,613	...	...	311,824	321,613	7,993	8,717	312	...	8,305	8,71
Bihar and Orissa	989,919	1,263,797	83	158	990,002	1,263,955	37,679	194,206	285	22	37,964	194,22
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	1,682,273	847,951	613,876	319,445	1,703,119	1,407,399	934,905	1,195,680	730,761	346,945	1,665,666	1,542,62
Panjab	2,157	...	11,554	289	13,711	289	178,172	19,248	16,888	5,927	195,060	25,17
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj and C. India	20,212	99,193	757,526	1,277,289	777,798	1,276,775	169,754	72,763	72,610	130,128	242,361	202,89
Bombay	...	...	46,010	60,804	46,040	60,807	...	8	21,053	143,382	21,053	143,34
Cent. Provs. and Berar	43,161	110,904	681,023	581,342	724,124	692,246	6,887	4,702	16,395	22,265	23,282	26,96
Nizam's Territory	...	...	304,223	487,401	304,223	487,401	...	...	858	334	858	83
Madras	...	...	1,157	7,185	1,157	7,185	6,520	2,735	...	...	6,520	2,73
Mysore	...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	2,466,513	2,647,382	2,415,495	2,973,909	4,882,008	5,621,291	1,350,614	1,560,265	859,162	648,953	2,209,776	2,200,22
<i>By Sea—</i>												
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	140	...	...	...	140	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	69	...	69	...	...	...	9	...	...
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,139	7,401	5,139	7,46
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,053	...	...	...	10,053	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,291	...	...	...	...	1,25
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	21,209	69,333	21,209	69,333	143	...	1,065	1,801	1,208	1,86
Foreign countries	40	1	854	1,143	934	1,144	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	189	1	22,103	70,545	22,283	70,546	10,196	1,293	6,204	9,391	16,400	10,66
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,466,693	2,647,383	2,437,598	3,044,454	4,904,291	5,691,837	1,360,810	1,561,561	865,366	658,344	2,226,176	2,219,90

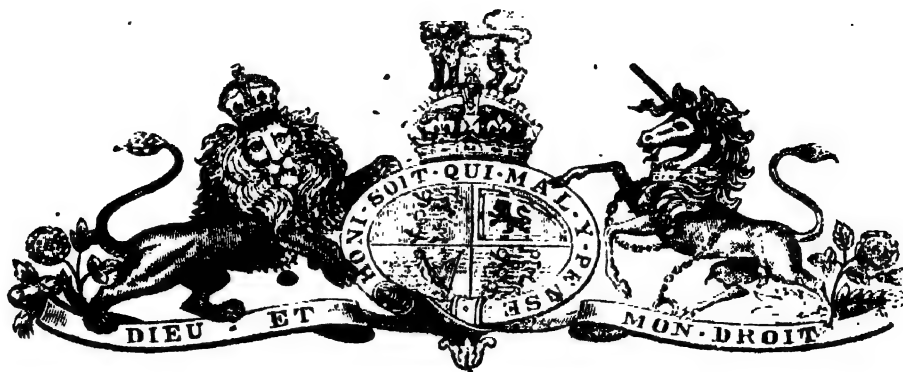
SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, OCTOBER 4, 1913.

JUNE						JULY						Whence exported	
Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL			
1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913		
Imports in July													
10,801	9,592	10,801	9,592	142,958	105,086	68,059	53,137	211,012	158,223	By Rail and River— Assam Bengal Bihar and Orissa U. P. of Agra and Ondh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. and C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore	
621,796	841,693	10,348	10,300	632,144	851,993	81,586	91,898	164	...	81,750	91,898		
1,619	18,168	...	...	1,619	18,168	71	396	...	...	71	396
167	...	...	...	167	...	255	1,215	...	...	255	1,215
...	...	...	...	...	...	95	189	...	...	95	189
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
...		
...		
...		
...		
...		
634,383	869,458	10,348	10,300	644,731	879,753	224,950	198,786	68,223	53,137	293,183	251,923	TOTAL	
...	27	...	27	617	...	1	...	618	...	By Sea— Bengal Bihar and Orissa Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries	
...	3,460	...	...	...	3,460	62	...	...	...	62	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	41	...	...	...	41	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	...	...	...	38
...		
14	...	...	...	14	...	11	93	...	...	11	93
14	3,460	...	27	14	3,487	731	131	1	...	732	131		TOTAL
634,397	872,913	10,348	10,327	644,745	883,210	225,691	198,917	68,224	53,137	293,915	252,054		TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of July													
37,526	33,330	37,526	33,330	278,853	211,204	128,168	95,431	407,021	306,635		By Rail and River— Assam Bengal Bihar and Orissa U. P. of Agra and Ondh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. and C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore
1,400,913	1,750,404	27,430	13,713	1,428,343	1,764,117	155,973	159,215	183	38	156,156	159,253		
299,716	123,561	...	...	299,716	123,561	616	1,098	...	...	616	1,098
1,119	...	...	...	1,119	...	600	1,416	...	...	600	1,416
...	...	...	...	...	...	206	331	...	...	206	331
...		
744	...	...	...	744	...	1	2	...	...	1	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	30	3	...	...	30	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	3	7	...	...	3	7
...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2
1,740,018	1,907,295	27,430	13,713	1,767,448	1,921,008	436,282	373,278	128,351	95,469	564,633	468,747	TOTAL	
648	...	3	28	651	28	987	569	9	...	996	569	By Sea— Bengal Bihar and Orissa Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries	
9,261	20,220	...	...	9,261	20,220	62	1	...	...	62	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5
...	...	...	...	...	...	43	25	...	...	43	25
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	68	...	...	1	68
...		
232	8,680	...	...	232	8,680	57	146	...	...	57	146
10,141	28,900	3	28	10,144	28,928	1,150	814	9	...	1,159	814		TOTAL
750,159	1,936,195	27,483	13,741	1,777,592	1,949,936	437,432	374,092	128,360	95,469	565,792	469,561		TOTAL IMPORTS

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

J. F. GRUNING,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, October 3, 1913



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 40. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 1st October, 1913.

No. 2068.—The Hon'ble Sir Robert Warrand Carlyle, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, reported his return to India on the 30th September 1913, from the leave of absence granted to him in the Home Department notification no. 1790-C., dated the 15th March 1913, and resumed charge of his office on the same date.

(901)

JUDICIAL.

The 26th September, 1913.

No. 1607.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, namely :—

In Schedule I, clause (4), after the words " Geological Survey ", the words " or of the Civil Veterinary Department " shall be inserted.

The 30th September, 1913.

No. 1648.—The services of Mr. B. B. Newbould, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the afternoon of the 4th September 1913.

No. 1650.—The services of Mr. B. K. Mullick, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bihar and Orissa, with effect from the afternoon of the 4th September 1913.

No. 1652.—The services of Mr. Hari Nath Ray are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st September 1913.

The 3rd October, 1913.

No. 1707.—In exercise of the power conferred by the Statute 33 Vict., Cap. 3, section 6, and in continuation of the rules published in the notifications quoted on the margin, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to make the following rule which has been sanctioned by the Secretary of State in Council with the concurrence of a majority of the members present :—

The Government of Bihar and Orissa may appoint any subordinate judge, being a member of the Provincial Civil Service and a native of India of proved merit and ability, to be also an assistant sessions judge.

POLICE.

The 27th September, 1913.

No. 1062.—The services of the undermentioned officers are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India with effect from the date on which their duties with the Assam Military Police terminated :—

Captain W. B. Hore, 120th Rajputana Infantry.

Lieutenant A. D. D. Carter, 4th Gurkha Rifles.

No. 1066.—Mr. F. C. Isemonger, officiating Assistant Director of Criminal Intelligence, is appointed to officiate as Personal Assistant to the Director, Criminal Intelligence, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the afternoon of the 15th September 1913, and until further orders.

The 1st October, 1913.

No. 1087.—The services of Captain S. J. B. Sparling, 57th Wilde's Rifles, and Lieutenant A. R. Porter, 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment with the Burma Military Police, with effect from the date on which they assume charge of their duties.

PORT BLAIR.

The 27th September, 1913.

No. 248.—Engineer E. Guppy, Royal Indian Marine, Engineer and Harbour Master, Port Blair, is granted privilege leave for ninety days with effect from the 29th September 1913.

PUBLIC.

The 1st October, 1913.

NO. 2013.—It is hereby notified for general information that the under-mentioned officers will take rank in the articles of the Warrant of Precedence for India, published with the Home Department notification no. 328, dated the 10th February 1899, which are indicated below in each case :—

- (1) Governor of Bengal, in Article 2.
- (2) Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor of Bengal, in Article 13.
- (3) Members of the Executive Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bihar and Orissa, when within their own jurisdiction, immediately above the officers included in Article 14, and when without their jurisdiction, in Article 15.
- (4) Joint Secretaries to the Government of India, in Article 21.
- (5) Financial Commissioner, Central Provinces, in Article 26.
- (6) Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bengal, in Article 27.
- (7) Advocates General, Madras and Bombay, immediately below Article 30.
- (8) Members of the Legislative Council of a Chief Commissioner, in Article 40.
- (9) Director of the Indian Institute of Science, in Article 46.
- (10) Judicial Commissioner, Chota Nagpur, Chairmen of the Boards of Trustees for the improvement of the cities of Bombay and Calcutta, and President, Rangoon Municipal Committee, within their respective charges, in Article 50.
- (11) President, Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, in Article 54.
- (12) Collectors of Customs at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Rangoon and Karachi, in Article 66.
- (13) Chairman of the Port Trust, Madras, in Article 68.
- (14) Electrical Engineer-in-Chief, Telegraph Department, in Article 69.
- (15) Registrars of Co-operative Credit Societies under local Governments and Comptroller of Patents, in Article 70.
- (16) Principals of Government Colleges, Officers of the Indian Agricultural Service, or of the General List of the Indian Finance Department, or of the Public Works Engineer establishment, or of the Superior Revenue establishment of State Railways, or of the Civil Veterinary, Forest, Survey, Mines, Postal, Telegraph, Customs, or Scientific Departments, or officers of the Indian Institute of Science, or Sanitary Engineers, not being Superintending Engineers, or Consulting Architects to local Governments, drawing Rs. 1,250 a month and upwards, officers of the Police Department drawing Rs. 1,000 a month and upwards, Deputy Controllers of Military Accounts, Director of Survey, Madras, Electrical Adviser to the Government of India, Judicial Commissioner, Chota Nagpur, and Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council and Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Legislative Department, in Article 73.
- (17) Registrars of Co-operative Credit Societies and Excise Commissioners under local Administrations, in Article 77.
- (18) Principals of Government Colleges, Officers of the Indian Educational Service and the graded Educational Service, or of the Indian Agricultural Service, or Sanitary Engineers, or Consulting Architects, or Electrical Inspectors, drawing Rs. 1,000 a month

and upwards; and officers of the General List of the Indian Finance Department, or officers of the higher branch of the Military Accounts Department, or of the Public Works Engineer establishment, or of the Superior Revenue establishment of State Railways, or of the Civil Veterinary, Forest, Survey, Police, Mines, Postal, Telegraph, Customs, or Scientific Departments, drawing Rs. 900 a month and upwards, Assistant Commissioners, Northern India Salt Revenue, drawing Rs. 800 a month and upwards, Chemical Examiner for Customs and Excise, Collector of Income Tax, Calcutta, Director, Vaccine Institute, Belgaum, First Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair, Legal Assistant in the Legislative Department of the Government of India, officers of the Archæological Department drawing Rs. 800 a month and upwards, officers of the Excise and Salt Departments drawing Rs. 800 a month and upwards, officers of the Provincial Services of not less than 18 years' standing drawing Rs. 600 a month and upwards, Registrar to the Chief Court, Lower Burma, and Secretary to the Board of Revenue in the Department of Revenue Settlement, Survey, Land Records and Agriculture, Madras, when a member of the Provincial Civil Service, in Article 78.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 30th September, 1913.

No. 1825-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. A. J. A. Craven, as Consular Agent for the United States of America at Chittagong.

No. 2314-Est.-A.—Major C. A. Smith, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for three months and furlough in continuation for fifteen months under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 8th September, 1913.

No. 2315-Est.-A.—Mr. J. A. O. Fitzpatrick, of the Political Department, is posted as Political Agent, Tochi, with effect from the 8th September, 1913.

The 1st October, 1913.

No. 1834-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Senor Don Manuel Zuniga Medina as Consul General for Chile at Calcutta.

No. 2324-Est.-A.—Mr. R. E. Holland of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months with effect from the 15th September, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b), Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2325-Est.-A.—Lieutenant Colonel V. G. Drake Brockman, I.M.S., Residency Surgeon, Mewar, held charge of the current duties of the office of Resident in Mewar, in addition to his own duties, from the 15th to the 17th September, 1913, inclusive.

The 2nd October, 1913.

No. 1841-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Halil Halid Bey as Consul General for Turkey at Bombay.

No. 1854-G.—With reference to Notification No. 241-G., dated the 30th January, 1913, Mr. J. G. Bendien, Consul for the Netherlands at Bombay, resumed charge of his office on the 16th September, 1913.

No. 2342-Est.-B.—Captain L. S. Bayley, R.G.A., is appointed Inspecting Officer, Kashmir Imperial Service Artillery, with effect from the 23rd September, 1913.

The 3rd October, 1913.

No. 3287-I. B.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Schedule to the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 787-I.B., dated the 9th April, 1913, specifying certain Courts established or continued by the Governor General in Council which have power to serve summonses issued by Courts in British India under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908), *viz.*—

Against the entry relating to the Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country *for* the words "The Court of the Assistant Political Agent in the Southern Mahratta Country", the words "The Court of the Assistant Resident, Kolhapur," shall be substituted.

Against the entry relating to the Mahi Kantha Agency the words "The Court of the Aval Karkun at Mahisa" shall be inserted between the words "Vatrak Kantha" and the words "The District Court".

J. B. WOOD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 2354-Est.-A.—The Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Arthur Henry McMahon, G.C.V.O., K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is placed on special duty in that Department with effect from the 11th September, 1913, and until further orders.

No. 2355-Est.-A.—Mr. J. B. Wood, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 11th September, 1913, and until further orders.

H. WILKINSON,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 3rd October, 1913.

No. 1241-F.E.—Mr. Gossain Das Datta, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant-General, United Provinces, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 21st September 1913 and until further orders.

No. 1242-F.E.—Mr. J. W. Pringle, Chief Superintendent, Paper Currency Office, Calcutta, has been granted privilege leave for 2 months with effect from the 1st September 1913.

Mr. J. M. Bose, a Superintendent in the Paper Currency Office, Calcutta, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office, with effect from the same date and during the absence on leave of Mr. Pringle.

No. 1243-F.E.—In this Department Notification No. 1165-F.E., dated the 19th September 1913, published on page 876 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 20th September 1913, against the name of Mr. A. T. Bhattacharya *for* "7th September 1913" read "8th September 1913".

No. 1250-F.E.—The following substantive promotions in the Indian Finance Department are notified:—

With effect from the 26th June 1913—

Rao Bahadur K. Balarama Ayyar is confirmed in Class I of the Public Works List.

With effect from the 1st July 1913—

Mr. S. K. Levett-Yeats, C.I.E., is promoted to Class II of Accountants-General, but will continue to officiate in Class I.

Mr. H. G. Tomkins, C.I.E., is confirmed in Class III of Accountants-General.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 2nd October, 1913.

No. 43.—With reference to the Public Works Department Notification No. 20, dated the 15th April 1912, the services of Mr. R. J. Angus, Assistant Engineer, Simla Imperial Sub-Division, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, with effect from the 1st October 1913.

R. P. RUSSELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.**LAND SURVEYS.**

Simla, the 3rd October, 1913.

No. 1585.—Major A. Mears, I.A., Deputy Superintendent, Survey of India, is appointed to officiate as a Superintendent in the Survey of India, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. D. Ryder, D.S.O., R.E., on deputation, or until further orders.

GENERAL.

The 3rd October, 1913.

No. 2389—299-4.—With reference to the Home Department's Notification No. 2068 (Establishments), dated the 1st October 1913, the Hon'ble Sir Edward Maclagan, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., I.C.S., reverted to his substantive appointment of Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, with effect from the 30th September 1913, and is granted privilege leave for 15 days with effect from the same date under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

J. H. KERR,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 2393—299-5.—With reference to the Department of Revenue and Agriculture Notification No. 2389—299-4, dated the 3rd October 1913, the Hon'ble Mr. J. H. Kerr, C.I.E., I.C.S., will continue to officiate as Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, during the absence on privilege leave of the Hon'ble Sir Edward Maclagan, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., I.C.S., or until further orders.

F. NOYCE,

Under Secretary to the Government of India.

FORESTS.

The 30th September, 1913.

No 962-F.—213-6.—Mr. J. L. Baker, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Andamans, is granted privilege leave for thirty-six days with effect from the afternoon of the 13th September 1913, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

From the same date Mr. B. P. Kelly, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Andamans, is appointed to hold charge of the Andamans Forest Division during the absence on leave of Mr Baker.

J. H. KERR,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 3rd October, 1913.

No. 1245-Genl.—With reference to the Education Department notifications nos. 1066, 1067, 1069 and 1070, dated the 5th September 1913, and in consequence of the appointment of Mr. G. R. Kaye as Offg. Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, with effect from the 8th September 1913, Mr. R. H. Blaker, Superintendent, 1st grade, will continue to officiate as Registrar, Mr. P. A. Collins as 1st grade Superintendent and Mr. T. M. Smith as 2nd grade Superintendent in that Department from that date.

Mr. L. D. Harrington continues to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade, till the afternoon of the 15th September when Mr. T. M. Smith's privilege leave expired, thereafter he will officiate as 3rd grade Superintendent.

SANITARY.*The 30th September, 1913.*

No. 1545.—Captain R. E. Wright, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to the Bacteriological Department substantively *pro tempore* from the 17th April to the 12th September 1912.

No. 1546.—Captain J. A. Cruickshank, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to the Bacteriological Department substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from the 19th March 1913.

The 3rd October, 1913.

No. 1571.—The services of Captain E. C. Hodgson, I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 3rd October, 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 820.—The Viceroy and Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff:—

Colonel F. Lee, British Service, to be Officiating Military Secretary, with effect from the 25th April 1913.

COMMANDS.

No. 821.—Colonel Fitz J. M. Edwards, D.S.O., Indian Army, to be a Colonel on the Staff, *vice* Brigadier-General E. B. Burton, C.B., Indian Army, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 29th September 1913.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 822.—With reference to Army Department Notifications Nos. 305, dated the 11th April 1913, and 1123, dated the 6th December 1912, Major F. S. Walker, Indian Army, and Captain R. Scott, Indian Army, have been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India extensions of leave on private affairs to the 21st November 1913 and 11th October 1913, respectively.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 823.—The following extract is published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated the 9th September 1913, page 5419.

* * * * *

*India Office,
September 9, 1913.*

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned gentlemen to the Indian Medical Service as Lieutenants on probation :—

Sahib Singh Sokhey, M.B.
Atul Krishna Sinha, M.B.
Subramanya Doraisamy.
James Findlay, M.B.
Allan Seddon, M.B.
Jyotish Chandra De, M.B.
William Collis Spackman, M.B.
Nanalal Maganlal Mehta.
Charles Harry Powell Allen.
Peregrine Stephen Brackenbury Langton.
Robert Morrison Easton, M.B.
Reginald Victor Martin.

} Dated 26th July, 1913.

* * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 824 —The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Herbert Des Vœux, Supernumerary List,—28th September 1913.

Captains to be Majors.

Charles Sumner Stooks, 5th Light Infantry
Claude Bayfield Stokes, 3rd Skinner's Horse
Vivian Edward Muspratt, 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse)
Edward Currie Alexander, D.S.O., 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force)
Eric Grey Drummond, 4th Gurkha Rifles

} —28th September 1913.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No 825.—2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon (Supernumerary Senior Sub-assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar) Niranjan-lal is absorbed in the rank of Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar, and

No. 701, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Shankar-das (E) to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar ;

vice 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar, Jwala-parshad, promoted ; with effect from the 15th September 1913.

(E) Passed in English.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 826.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed 7 years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 16th September 1913 :—

No. 282, Vroj-Lal Umed Ram Pandit.
No. 283, Govind Dinkar Paranjope.
No. 285, Dali Shankar Mulji Trivedi.
No. 286, Udhav Sakha Ram Shindge.

No. 827.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 16th September 1913 :—

No. 337, Ganesh Raghunath Shirodker.
No. 338, Gordhandas Jethabhai Desai.
No. 339, Yeshvant Shiveramji Masoji.
No. 341, Balwant Narayan Masurker.
No. 342, Joseph Appaji Karvekar.
No. 343, Waman Ramkrishna Rajpathak.
No. 345, Maganlal Kanji.
No. 346, Dowlatrao Ramchandra Rao.
No. 347, Vithal Mahadeo Satpute.
No. 349, Bhalchandra Sakharam Shede.
No. 350, Aaron Ezekeil Ziradker.
No. 351, Shanker Laxman Matker.
No. 353, Yeshvant Ramchandra Jadhav.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 828.—The following promotion is made :—

58th Infantry.

Jemadar Abdur Rahman Khan to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Mohammad Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Bholé Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 5th August 1913.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 829.—The undermentioned warrant officer has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 6th October 1913 :—

Conductor Leonard George Myatt, supernumerary, India Miscellaneous List.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 830.—Lieutenant-Colonel Hugh Morris Allen, D.S.O., 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force), has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 4th October 1913.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S BRANCH.

No. 831.—Mr. H. M. Stowell, I.S.O., Personal Assistant to the Adjutant General of India, is permitted to retire from the service ; with effect from the 1st October 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

United Provinces Horse.

1st (Southern) Regiment.

No. 832.—John Alexander Nash to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* T. F. G. Jones, promoted. Dated the 1st April 1913.

Samuel Henry Taylor to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 24th August 1913.

Claude Arthur Cecil Streatfeild to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 25th August 1913.

Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles.

No. 833.—John Oswald Little to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 31st March 1913.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 834.—Captain (Honorary Major) Charles Collins, Supernumerary List, resigns his commission. Dated the 17th June 1913.

Poona Volunteer Rifles.

No. 835.—Major Dossabhoj Dinshah Khumbatta, V.D., *Khan Bahadur*, resigns his commission and is granted, on retirement, the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel with permission to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated the 1st August 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 3rd October 1913.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Commissioned Officer on the date specified, was received in the Army Department between the 25th and 30th September 1913:—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
3rd Battalion, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment).	Lieutenant George Richard Home.	28th September 1913.	Lucknow ..	...	Was attached to Military Farms Department, Lucknow.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 10th and 30th September 1913.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
Herbert Ernest Jardine Batty.*	Captain.	Indian Medical Service.	25th May 1913.	Intestate.	Rs. A. P. 1,799 4 4	2nd December 1913.

* *Widow*—Mrs. Evelyn C. Batty.

Address.—C/o The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Nipsan Sea Road, Bombay.

Father.—Mr. Herbert Batty.

Address.—C/o Messrs Grindley & Co., 54, Parliament Street, Westminster, London, S.W.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 1st October, 1913.

No. 272.—Mr. A. K. Homan, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is transferred from the North Western Railway to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

The 2nd October, 1913.

No. 273.—Mr. F. C. Freeman Store-keeper, North Western Railway, is promoted from class II, grade 4, to class II, grade 3, of the Superior Stores Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 1st October 1913.

The 3rd October, 1913.

No. 274.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 253, dated the 19th September 1913, Mr. Vaman Ganesh Gadgil officiating Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade, until further orders.

No. 275.—Mr. H. Gibson, Assistant Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, officiated as District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent in class II of that establishment, from the 5th May 1913 to the 26th June 1913.

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED PROVINCES.

NOTIFICATION.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Dated Naini Tal, the 11th September, 1913.

No. 1519-XV-362—The agreement hereinafter set forth entered into by the Society known as the managing committee of the Edward Kshatriya Boarding House, in accordance with the provisions of Part VII of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (I of 1894), is hereby published for general information.

By order, etc.,

S. P. O'DONNELL,

Secretary to Government, United Provinces.

THIS AGREEMENT made the 15th day of August 1913 between the Secretary of State for India in Council hereinafter called the Secretary of State of the one part and the managing committee of the Edward Kshatriya Boarding House a Society registered under Act No. XXI of 1860 hereinafter called the Society of the other part.

Whereas the said Society has by public subscription acquired land measuring 3 bighas 16 biswas in Mauza Nagheta in the town of Hardoi and built on a portion thereof a boarding house at a cost of Rs. 20,000 for the accommodation of the Kshatriya and other Hindu boys prosecuting their studies in any of the local educational institutions.

Whereas the said Society has made an application to the Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh to acquire for the purposes of the said Society under the provision of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 a plot of land No. 69 measuring 19 biswas 2 roods, 15 poles situate in Mauza Nagheta in the town of Hardoi to provide space for a play ground and other extensions to or appertaining to the said Boarding House as may from time to time appear necessary to the said Society.

And whereas the aforesaid Local Government is satisfied that the said Society is a Society within the meaning of Section III (a) of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act I of 1894.

And whereas the aforesaid Local Government after making and holding such enquiry as is required and prescribed by law, is satisfied that the acquisition of the aforesaid land desired by the said Society is needed for the construction of some work and that such work is likely to prove useful to the public.

And whereas under section 41 of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the said Society is required to enter into an agreement with the Secretary of State for India in Council, regarding the matters specified in the aforesaid section.

It is hereby agreed and declared as follows:—

- (1) That the aforesaid Society will pay to the Local Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh or to such person or persons whom the Local Government may appoint on its behalf all such sum or sums of money as shall be awarded under the provisions of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act of 1894 as compensation to any person or persons who may be found on enquiry held under the provisions of the said Act to be interested in the land hereinbefore mentioned as required by the said Society.
- (2) That the said Society will defray and pay to the Local Government from its funds all such other charges as may be incidental to the acquisition of the aforesaid land under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894.
- (3) That upon the said Society having made the payments mentioned in the foregoing paragraphs Nos. 1 and 2 of this agreement the Local Government will forthwith in consideration of the payment of the compensation money and cost of acquisition aforesaid convey and grant to the said Society all the aforesaid plot of land No. 69 measuring 19 biswas 2 roods 15 poles situate in Mauza Nagheta in the town of Hardoi free from all incumbrances and occupancy rights and together with all rights easements and appurtenances thereto in fact or by reputation belonging or now or heretofore enjoyed therewith to hold the said plot of land unto and the use of the said Society.
- (4) That the said Society will perpetually hold and enjoy the aforesaid land and premises and use the said land and premises for the purposes hereby agreed upon.
- (5) That the said Society will use the aforesaid plots of land for the purposes of a play ground and other extensions to or appertaining to the said Boarding House as may from time to time appear necessary to the said Society subservient to the registered objects of the said Society or for such other purpose of public utility as may be consistent with the upkeep and use of the said Boarding House so long as the building exists as such.
- (6) That the said Society will allow the public to have the full right and liberty to utilise the aforesaid Boarding House known as the Edward Kshatriya Boarding House and play ground and other accessories and appurtenances that shall be attached thereto according to its rules and regulations and subject to the payment of such fees and the observance of such rules and regulations on the part of the students and scholars and their guardians as are or shall be for the time being fixed or framed by the said Society or such person or persons as the said Society shall appoint on their behalf or by any higher authority to whom the said Society is or may be by law subject.

In witness whereof the said parties have hereto set their hands the day and year first above written.

W. J. D. BURKITT,

UJAGAR SINGH, *Vakil*,

Judicial Secretary to Government, United Provinces.

Joint Secretary of the Kshatriya Sabha, Hardoi.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 2nd October, 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 27th September 1913 is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	12	10
		Broach District . . . . .	...	...
		Bulsar Port	1	...
		Surat Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Rander Port	4	3
		Surat District	33	25
		Surat Agency	4	5
		Bhiwadi Port	3	2
		Bandra „ . . . . .	...	...
		Mulad „	4	6
		Bassein „ . . . . .	...	...
		Thana „	2	3
		Vesava „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kurla „ . . . . .	...	...
		Andheri „ . . . . .	...	...
	Central	Kalyan „	8	7
		Thana District . . . . .	...	...
		Ahmednagar District	5	2
		West Khandesh „	3	2
		East Khandesh „	21	15
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	111	93
		Poona District	18	12
		Satara District	202	122
		Sholapur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sholapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District . . . . .	...	...
		Amboli Port . . . . .	...	...
	Southern	Ratnagiri District	18	1
		Belgaum District	123	110
		Dharwar „	165	88
		Hubli Town	30	27
		Bijapur District	613	8

In the return for the week ending 20th September 1913 against Sholapur Town was 1 imported case and 1 death for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.	
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	7	8	
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Aden Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	27	27	
		Cutch State	4	4	
		Kathiawar Agency : . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	216	137	
		TOTAL	1,693	1,234	
	MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Bellary Town
			Bellary Cantonment
Bellary District			23	22	
Mangalore Town and Port			8	7	
South Canara District			3 (b)	3 (b)	
Coimbatore Town . . . . .			...	...
Coimbatore District			47 (a)	38	
The Nilgiris „			1	1	
Madura „ . . . . .			...	...
			TOTAL	82	71
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	..	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	..
	Presidency	24-Parganahs . . . . .	...	...
		Calcutta	1	1	

(a) One imported (b) Two imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.	
BENGAL	Dacca	Dacca Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Pabna District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		1	1	
	BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town
			Patna District	5	2
Gaya Town . . . . .			...	...
Gaya District			5	1	
Shahabad District			28	20	
Tirhut		Saran District	4	4	
		Muzaffarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Darbhanga „	5	3	
Bhagalpur		Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	5	1	
		Bhagalpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur District . . . . .	...	...
Chota-Nagpur		Hazaribagh „ . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL .		52	31		
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Saharanpur District	2	4	
		Muzaffarnagar District . . . . .	...	...
		Meerut District	1	1	
		Bulandshahr District	1	1	

The following corrections should be made in the return for the week ending 20th September 1913:—

Gaya district read 28 cases 10 deaths for nil.

Muzaffarpur district read 4 cases 3 deaths for nil.

Darbhanga district read no case no death for 4 cases 3 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague casualties.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Agra	Muttra District . . . . .	...	...
		Bijnor District . . . . .	...	...
	Rohil- khand	Budann „ . . . . .	...	...
		M-radabadi „ . . . . .	...	...
		Shahjahanpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Farrukhabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Allahabad	Etawah „ . . . . .	...	...
		Cawnpore „ . . . . .	...	...
		Fatehpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad „	1	1
	Jhansi	Jalaun District . . . . .	...	...
	Benares	Benares „ . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur City	1	1
		Mirzapur District	1	1
		Jaunpur „	5	5
		Ghazipur „	16	14
		Ballia „	75	58
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	17	11
		Basti „ . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh „	33	17
	Kumaon	Naini Tal „ . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Lucknow	Lucknow City . . . . .	...	...
		Lucknow District . . . . .	...	...
		Unao " . . . . .	...	...
		Rae Bareilly " . . . . .	...	...
		Sitapur " . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi "	1	1
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	10	11
		Gonda "	3	3
		Bahraich "	1	1
		Sultanpur " . . . . .	...	...
		Fartabgarh " . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki "	5	2
	TOTAL		167	182
PUNJAB	Ambala	Hissar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurgaon "	3	2
		Rohtak " . . . . .	...	...
		Karnal " . . . . .	...	...
		Ambala	2	2
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jullundur "	4	...
		Ludhiana " . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City	1	1
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Lahore " . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur " . . . . .	...	...
		Sialkot " . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala " . . . . .	...	...
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhelum " . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi "	28	12
		Attock " . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpur " . . . . .	...	...
	Multan	Jhang " . . . . .	...	...
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	11	7
	TOTAL		49	24
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	16	13
		Insein District	2	2
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy "	2	2
		Pegu District	1	1
		Prome "	3	3
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	2	2
		Bassein District	3	2
		Henzada District	13	14
		Myaungmya "	3	3
		Maubin " . . . . .	...	...
		Pyapon " . . . . .	...	...
	Tenas-serim	Amherst District . . . . .	...	...
		Thaton " . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town	1	2
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...
		Katha " . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Meiktila	Meiktila District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	45	44
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Bhandara District	1	1
		Wardha Town . . . . .	..	...
		TOTAL	1	1
GOORG	...	Coorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	37	25
		Bangalore City . . . . .	...	1
		Bangalore District	3	5
		Mysore City	2	2
		Mysore District	45	26
		Hassan „	32	19
		Kadur „	15	16
		Kolar „	10	7
		Kolar Gold Fields	1	2
		Tumkur District . . . . .	...	...
		Shimoga „	31	23
		Chitaldroog . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	176	126
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Raichur District	58	47
		Bidar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani „ . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs . . . . .	...	...
		Bir District . . . . .	...	...
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	58 (a)	47 (a)

(a) From the 15th to the 21st September 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Bhopal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
RAJPUT- ANA AND AJMER- MER- WARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah State	25	23
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh „ . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	7	4
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
				TOTAL . . . . .	29	27
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Hazara District	28	26
		TOTAL	28	26
		GRAND TOTAL	2,334	1,704

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Nos. 1589—1603.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 25th September 1913.

RESOLUTION.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the East India Contracts Act, 1870 (33 and 34 Vict., Cap. 59) and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following be substituted for items 1 to 4 of Part E, and for Part J, respectively, of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department, nos. 713-734 (Judicial), dated the 2nd June 1913, relating to the execution of deeds, contracts and other instruments on behalf of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council :—

E.—In the case of the Public Works Department (subject to any limits fixed by Departmental orders) :—

1. All instruments relating to purchase, supply and conveyance or carriage of materials, stores, machinery, etc.
2. All instruments relating to the execution of works of all kinds, connected with buildings, bridges, roads, canals, tanks, reservoirs, docks and harbours and embankments, and also instruments relating to the construction of water-works, sewage works, the erection of machinery, and the working of coal-mines.
3. Security bonds for the due performance and completion of works.
4. Security bonds for the due performance of their duties by Government servants whom the officers specified have power to appoint.

By Chief Engineers, Superintending Engineers, Superintendents of Works, Executive Engineers in the Buildings and Roads and Irrigation Branches, the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy, the Superintendents of the Viceregal Estates and the Assistant Engineer in charge of the Simla Imperial Sub-Division.

J.—In the case of the Forest Department :—

Contracts and other instruments in matters connected with the administration and working of forests and with the business of the Forest Department generally.

By Chief Conservators, Conservators, Collectors of Districts, Deputy, Assistant, Extra Deputy, and Extra Assistant Conservators of Forests to such extent and within such limits as the local Government may prescribe by notification in the Official Gazette.

ORDER.—Ordered that the above Resolution be communicated to the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, to other local Governments and Administrations, to the Public Works Department and to the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, for information (

July 1913,
the 18th August 1913,
India.

with reference to his letter no. 1402 V-1-5, dated the 29th July 1913, Chief C Central only.
† with reference to its office Memo. no 1290-M., dated the 18th August 1913, Public partme
) and that it be published in the *Supplement to the Gazette of India*.

H. WHEELER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 2nd October, 1913, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Rainfall occurred chiefly in Burma and the south of the Peninsula. A depression which appeared over the centre of the Bay on the 27th moved northwards and occasioned a temporary recrudescence of rainfall in northeast India, giving very heavy rain on the Arakan and Chittagong coasts. It was however shortlived and by the close of the week it had ceased to affect the weather.

2. *Burma.*—Rainfall was fairly general on most days in Lower Burma, and on the 28th September and 1st October in Upper Burma.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—There was fairly general rain in Assam throughout the week, and in Bengal, and Bihar and Orissa on the 28th September. Twenty-three inches of rain fell at Chittagong during the forty-eight hours ending at 8 hrs. on the 2nd October.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Falls of rain occurred at Chakrata, Gorakhpur, Bahraich, Amranti and Jagdalpur.

Northwest India.—Light showers were reported from Rajkot, Surat and Gilgit.

The Peninsula.—Nearly general rain fell on the 29th September in the Konkan, on the 26th, 28th and 29th in Mysore, on the 27th in southeast Madras, on the 26th and 29th in the Madras Deccan and from the 27th September to the 1st October in Malabar.

3. The chief daily amounts of rain were as follows :—

September 25th. Yamethin 1·57", Lashio 1·78", Bangalore 1·76", Trichinopoly 2·00" and Cuddapah 1·34".

" 26th. Victoria Point 3·02", Cuttack 1·73", Mysore 1·61", Negapatam 2·85", Salem 1·35" and Cuddalore 3·86".

" 27th. Toungoo 1·48", Burdwan 2·24", Mymensingh 4·55", Calicut 5·39" and Trivandrum 0·97".

" 28th. Kyaukpyu 2·07", Akyab 2·12", Dinajpur 1·93", Sambalpur 1·59", Chitaldrug 1·08", Bangalore 1·07" and Mangalore 1·96".

" 29th. Akyab 9·43", Myitkyina 1·36", Cox's Bazar 2·20", Chakrata 1·17", Bahraich 0·84", Calicut 2·55", Belgaum 1·25", Bangalore 2·97" and Bellary 1·43".

" 30th. Akyab 3·22", Chittagong 16·57" and Cox's Bazar 5·53".

October 1st. Cherrapunji 4·43", Chittagong 6·58", Saugor Island 2·24" and Gorakhpur 1·87".

4. The rainfall of the week was 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, Bengal, Mysore, Malabar, Madras Southeast and the Madras Deccan; and differed from the normal by less than 20 per cent in the Bay Islands, Upper Burma, Assam, Orissa, Gujarat and the Konkan. It was 20 per cent or more in defect in all the remaining divisions, except Baluchistan and Sind, where the absence of rainfall is a normal feature at this time of year.

The seasonal rainfall up to date is 20 per cent or more in excess in Bengal, Bihar, the Punjab Southwest, Sind and Gujarat. It is 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces West, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Central India East, Hyderabad South, Madras Southeast and the Madras Deccan; and is within 20 per cent of the normal elsewhere.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 2ND OCTOBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 2ND MAY 1913 TO 2ND OCTOBER 1913.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	3'8	3'5	+0'3	70'3	86'0	-15'7	-18	-19
Lower Burma	4'4	3'5	+0'9	138'6	130'0	+8'6	+7	+6
Upper Burma	1'5	1'4	+0'1	36'4	35'2	+1'2	+3	+3
Assam	1'7	2'0	-0'3	70'6	72'1	-1'5	-2	-2
Bengal	3'9	1'9	+2'0	82'7	64'3	+18'4	+29	+26
Orissa	1'4	1'6	-0'2	59'6	52'4	+7'2	+14	+15
Chota Nagpur	0'8	1'3	-0'5	53'9	46'6	+7'3	+16	+17
Bihar	0'3	1'2	-0'9	60'8	47'1	+13'7	+29	+32
United Provinces, East	0'5	1'1	-0'6	30'9	37'2	-6'3	-17	-16
United Provinces, West	0	0'8	-0'8	20'2	37'9	-17'7	-47	-46
Punjab, East and North	0	0'2	-0'2	21'3	21'1	+0'2	+1	+2
Punjab, Southwest	0	0'1	-0'1	11'1	7'8	+3'3	+42	+44
Kashmir	0	0'3	-0'3	4'8	8'1	-3'3	-41	-38
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0'1	-0'1	3'7	5'7	-2'0	-35	-34
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0'5	1'1	-0'6	-55	-55
Sind	0	0	0	11'4	4'8	+6'6	+137	+137
Rajputana, West	0	0'2	-0'2	5'9	11'3	-5'4	-48	-47
Rajputana, East	0	0'1	-0'1	17'5	22'3	-4'8	-22	-21
Gujarat	0'2	0'2	0	31'2	23'0	+8'2	+36	+36
Central India, West	0'1	0'6	-0'5	32'5	29'3	+3'2	+11	+13
Central India, East	0	1'1	-1'1	22'6	39'8	-17'2	-43	-42
Berar	0'1	1'3	-1'2	31'3	29'2	+2'1	+7	+12
Central Provinces, West	0	1'2	-1'2	36'3	43'7	-7'4	-17	-15
Central Provinces, East	0	1'2	-1'2	41'3	45'6	-4'3	-9	-7
Konkan	1'4	1'6	-0'2	78'7	92'2	-13'5	-15	-15
Bombay Deccan	0'7	1'5	-0'8	21'6	23'8	-2'2	-9	-6
Hyderabad, North	0	0'8	-0'8	29'9	30'7	-0'8	-3	0
Hyderabad, South	0'1	1'1	-1'0	19'7	26'6	-6'9	-26	-23
Mysore	4'1	1'8	+2'3	17'7	20'0	-2'3	-11	-25
Malabar	4'6	1'6	+3'0	73'4	83'3	-9'9	-12	-16
Madras, Southeast	1'7	1'2	+0'5	10'5	13'2	-2'7	-20	-27
Madras Deccan	1'9	1'3	+0'6	10'4	18'6	-8'2	-44	-51
Madras Coast, North	0'8	1'1	-0'3	19'1	22'9	-3'8	-17	-16

GILBERT T. WALKER,

Director-General of Observatories.

J. H. KERR,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
Dated 2nd October 1913.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
27th September 1913.

Burma.—During the week the rainfall was general over Lower Burma and light to moderate over Upper Burma. Cultivation of winter rice and miscellaneous crops is progressing. Cattle are healthy. The price of unhusked rice continues slightly above normal but tends to fall.

Assam.—During the week slight to moderate rain fell in all districts which somewhat improved the condition of the standing crops but the area under transplanted rice in Cachar and the central districts of the Brahmaputra Valley is likely to be less than it should be on account of previous want of rain. Harvesting of autumn rice and jute and transplantation of winter rice are nearly finished. The outturn of autumn rice is fair. Prospects of winter rice are fair to poor. The crop has been damaged by insects in parts of Sylhet, Goalpara and Darrang. Manufacture of tea is in progress and prospects are good. The average price of common rice has risen slightly. Cattle disease is reported from six districts. Fodder is insufficient in Sylhet, Kamrup and Darrang.

Bengal.—During the week light to moderate rain fell over the Province. More rain is wanted in some districts for winter rice. Transplanting of winter rice and harvesting of autumn rice are almost finished. Cutting and steeping of jute are still in progress and are nearing completion. Preparation of lands for spring crops has just commenced in places. The prospects of standing crops are on the whole fair in Western Bengal and those in Eastern Bengal are fairly good. The condition of cattle in the areas affected by the floods is still reported to be bad. Cattle disease is reported from five districts only. Want of fodder is felt in six districts. The price of rice has fallen slightly as compared with that of the previous week.

Bihar and Orissa.—Light rain was fairly general except in the districts of the Patna and Tirhut divisions where there was practically no rain. More rain is wanted in parts of Orissa. Transplantation of winter rice in the flood affected areas of Cuttack and Balasore is almost completed. Weeding of winter rice and harvesting of autumn crops continue. Preparation of lands for spring crops has commenced in some districts. Prospects of standing crops are good so far except in the flood affected areas of Cuttack, Balasore, Patna and Gaya where agricultural prospects are, however, gradually improving. The average price of common rice has fallen slightly in comparison with that of the previous week. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in parts of Patna. Cattle disease is reported from 10 districts. Agricultural prospects in the Feudatory States of Orissa are on the whole good.

United Provinces.—The week was rainless. More rain is urgently needed throughout the Provinces. Damage to standing crops by drought is reported from all but the eastern districts. Harvesting and weeding of autumn crops and of millets, sowing of gram, picking of cotton, and preparation of land for the sowing of spring crops continue. Irrigation from wells and canals has been resorted to wherever practicable. Cattle disease has decreased considerably throughout the Provinces. Fodder is scarce in the central districts and in Bundelkhand but sufficient elsewhere. Prices have risen further.

Punjab.—During the week the weather was dry and rain is badly wanted in the Ambala division where unirrigated crops are withering from drought. Elsewhere the condition of standing crops is average to good. Picking of cotton and harvesting of

other autumn crops continue with outturn average to good. Ploughing for and sowings of spring crops are proceeding. Sowings are normal and in time. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally close to normal.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless and the weather moderate. The condition of standing crops is good in the Bannu tahsil, average in Peshawar except on unirrigated areas in Swabi and fair on irrigated areas and average on unirrigated areas in Dera Ismail Khan. Irrigation from the Paharpur Canal commenced from 17th September. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are sufficient except in the Swabi tahsil of the Peshawar district where fodder is insufficient. Prices are high but stationary.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 12 to 20 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of a mild type prevails in one tahsil. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—No rain fell during the week. Standing crops are in fair condition. Cattle disease prevails in the Baramula and Anantnag districts. Prices are normal. Reaping of autumn crops and ploughing for spring crops are in progress.

Rajputana.—The weather was clear. The rainfall in Udaipur was 50 cents. Slight falls were also reported from isolated parts in Rajputana. Good general rain is very urgently needed in the Eastern States, Central Rajputana, including Ajmer-Merwara, and in parts of Kotah and Jhalawar where standing crops on dry lands have withered from drought. In these areas fodder is also insufficient. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress and land is being prepared for sowings. Cattle are in good condition. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are high and fluctuating. Cattle emigration continues in Ajmer-Marwara.

Central India.—During the week the rainfall was nil in Bundelkhand, Baghelkhand and Bhopal, partial in Gwalior and Indore, good in Malwa and Bhopawar, insufficient in Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and the Gwalior division of Gwalior, and in the Alampur pergana of Indore. The weather continues to be seasonable. Weeding of autumn crops and preparation of land for spring crops are going on. Operations have been stopped in parts of Bundelkhand for want of rain. Standing crops are good in Malwa, Bhopal and Bhopawar, and bad elsewhere. The crops have been damaged by want of rain in Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand, the Gwalior division and the Alampur pergana of Indore. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. The supply of fodder is bad in the Gwalior division, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. Prices are rising in some districts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand, are normal in Bhopal and steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—During the week the weather was clear, hot and occasionally cloudy. Chhindwara and Amraoti received light rain not exceeding 20 cents. More rain is required. The break is causing damage to autumn crops in parts of several districts. Cotton so far is faring well. Preparation of land for spring crops was in progress but rain is required to facilitate the operation. The supply of fodder and water is adequate. Agricultural stock is in good condition. The price of gram rose from two to four seers per rupee in Saugor, Damoh, Narsinghpur and Hoshangabad. Elsewhere prices remained fairly steady or fluctuated slightly exhibiting a tendency to rise.

Feudatory States.—During the week seven States had rain ranging from 15 cents to 1½ inches. Prospects are generally good but more rain is needed. Prices are almost steady.

Bombay.—The rainfall during the week was moderate in parts of the Konkan, the Deccan, the Karnatak, Kathiawar, Savantvadi and Kolhapur and slight elsewhere except in Sind, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Palanpur and Cutch. The rain has been

beneficial but is still insufficient in the Konkan, the Deccan, Belgaum and Kolhapur. Standing crops have been slightly damaged by locusts and insects in parts of Sind, by insects in parts of Ahmedabad and Bijapur and by rats in Karachi and Rewa Kantha. They are withering in parts of Ratnagiri, Ahmednagar, Poona and Satara. Harvesting of autumn crops generally continues. Preparation of lands for spring crops is progressing. Sowing has commenced in parts. The supply of fodder is sufficient. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition and sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona. Drinking water is adequate. Water for irrigation is sufficient except in parts of Sholapur and Dharwar. Prices are falling in parts of Sind, fluctuating in the Deccan and steady elsewhere. The public health is generally good. Stocks of grain are sufficient. The numbers on gratuitous relief for the week ending 27th September were :— Poona, Sholapur and Bijapur 306.

Hyderabad.—During the week the rainfall was general but light to moderate, the average being 1 inch 4 cents. Autumn crops are fair to good but have suffered somewhat from want of rain in the Raichur, Gulbarga and Mahbubnagar districts and have been damaged by insects in parts of the Raichur and Mahbubnagar districts. Early rice is being irrigated. The crop is fair except in parts of the Gulbarga, Mahbubnagar and Karimnagar districts. Lands are being prepared for spring crops and sowings are progressing but more rain is awaited in parts. Scarcity of fodder and water prevails in five and cattle disease in six talukas. There has been no variation in the prices of grains. The highest price in districts is 8 seers per rupee in Mahbubnagar, Nalgonda and Karimnagar and the lowest 18 seers in Usmanabad and Bidar.

Mysore.—During the week the rainfall was good in Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkur and Mysore and fair elsewhere. The price of *Ragi* has fallen slightly in Bangalore and Kolar and risen in Chitaldroog and the price of rice has fallen in Tumkur. The markets are well supplied. Standing crops are improving under the recent rains. The prospects of the season are generally good but more rain is required in parts of Hassan and Kadur. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—During the week the rainfall was light but general. Rice is in good condition. Picking of cardamoms continues. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall during the week was very heavy in South Arcot, heavy in Chingleput, Salem, Trichinopoly, Tanjore and Pudukkottai, *nil* in Sandur, light in the Vizagapatam Agency, Madras and Tinnevely, and fair to good elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good and have benefited by the recent rains in parts but require rain in many places. Harvesting of dry crops and paddy over small areas is proceeding with outturn generally fair. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally for the most part. The condition of cattle is generally good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Pasture is scanty in many places. Prices show a slight upward tendency.

J. H. KERR,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		MEAN MILEAGE WORKED.		TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK ENDING		EARNINGS PER MILE OPEN FOR WEEK		TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO		REMARKS.	
	R	Miles.	Miles.	R	R	R	B	R	R	R		
												1912.
State and Guaranteed Railways-												
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	319	2,495	2,571	6,63,609	7,49,000	266	291	1,82,48,742	1,82,37,000	11,742		
Benarades Extension	356	21	21	5,354	6,500	255	314	1,76,082	1,95,000	18,918		
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	660	946	946	5,04,193	5,04,000	533	533	1,45,95,685	1,57,77,000	11,81,315		
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3½" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	430	1,561	1,578	8,11,426	9,65,000	520	612	1,46,70,427	1,50,72,000	4,01,573		
East Indian	791	2,455	2,551	18,24,763	21,87,000	747	857	4,85,27,678	4,73,50,000	11,77,678		
Great Indian Peninsula (including Indian Midland)	625	2,473	2,537	12,39,577	12,71,000	501	501	3,45,24,075	3,63,77,000	18,52,925		
Agra-Delhi Chord	339	126	126	35,049	38,500	286	305	9,47,075	9,41,000	6,975		
Baran-Kotah	86	40	40	4,340	4,500	108	112	92,885	78,400	14,485		
Bhopal-Itarsi.	586	57	57	34,511	33,000	608	579	7,45,812	8,53,000	1,03,188		
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3½" gauge lines)	269	2,585	2,585	6,05,610	6,29,000	234	243	1,73,06,238	1,79,02,000	5,95,762		
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	446	3,812	3,927	18,51,175	13,80,000	486	351	4,44,77,997	4,29,01,000	15,76,997		
North and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3½" link)	295	1,591	1,600	3,50,417	4,70,000	245	294	1,20,04,648	1,13,53,000	6,51,648		
Cawnpore-Banda (a)	...	33	33	...	800	...	24	...	21,800	21,800		
Hardwar-Dehra	267	32	32	7,179	9,600	224	300	2,07,608	2,35,000	27,392		
Assam-Bengal	158	805	805	1,28,754	1,55,000	160	193	28,53,901	28,53,000	901		
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	328	1,828	1,828	4,60,560	4,48,000	257	245	1,45,89,121	1,27,95,000	17,94,121		
Burma	280	1,545	1,552	3,36,203	4,11,000	218	265	92,88,622	1,03,53,000	10,64,378		
Coimbatore-Hyderabad (British Section)	209	124	124	30,920	31,500	250	254	6,20,896	7,74,000	1,53,124		
Delhi-Kanpur	153	281	287	31,312	33,900	111	118	10,90,066	11,17,000	26,934		
Hyderabad (including Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	172	411	411	65,176	61,300	159	149	16,93,917	17,23,000	29,083		
North Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	379	1,396	1,451	4,90,976	5,27,000	352	352	1,32,15,735	1,35,98,000	3,82,265		
Travancore Branch	147	108	108	15,576	16,900	144	156	4,00,652	4,14,000	13,348		
Trichool	242	774	792	1,50,659	1,67,000	195	211	43,88,373	43,86,000	2,373		

	104	10	10	1,351	2,000	84	125	34,430	60,200	25,764	(b) Opened from 1st January 1913.
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	...	89,400	...	
Jullundur Doab (b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	1,174	...	
Khanpur-Chachran	25	22	22	550	500	25	133	13,926	89,400	...	
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	182	79	79	10,497	15,000	133	190	3,40,564	15,100	...	7,564
Nagda-Ujjain	169	34	34	4,291	4,200	125	123	1,59,092	3,33,000	...	27,092
Nizam's Guaranteed State	311	334	334	1,03,476	1,02,000	310	305	20,20,157	28,38,000	2,17,843	...
Petlad-Cambay	172	34	34	4,375	4,300	129	125	1,51,623	1,40,000	...	11,623
Rajpura-Bhatinda	348	108	108	37,602	42,000	348	359	10,31,679	9,22,000	...	1,09,679
Southern Punjab	230	425	425	1,09,431	85,000	257	250	25,45,580	23,08,000	...	2,37,580
Southern Punjab—"Ludhiana" Extension	142	155	155	21,102	24,000	130	155	5,52,098	5,91,000	38,302	...
Sutlej Valley	47	208	208	8,710	10,000	42	48	2,27,514	2,09,000	41,486	...
Tapti Valley	176	155	155	19,411	19,000	125	123	6,40,060	5,67,000	...	79,060
Tarapur	333	22	22	5,954	6,300	271	286	1,83,395	1,71,000	...	12,395
Ahmedabad-Dholka	70	34	34	1,610	1,600	47	47	65,772	59,200	...	6,572
Ahmedabad-Parantij (including Brahmakhed Extension)	76	89	89	5,215	4,800	59	54	1,63,710	1,70,000	6,890	...
Bengal and North-Western	182	1,174	1,240	1,71,788	1,82,000	146	147	53,16,436	50,70,000	...	2,46,436
Bengals Doars	181	153	153	35,272	34,700	231	227	6,23,514	6,94,000	70,486	...
Bezawada-Masulipatam	124	52	52	5,930	5,800	114	112	1,55,058	1,66,000	10,902	...
Bhavnagar (including Dhargadra)	150	194	224	23,614	29,000	122	133	7,29,578	7,09,000	...	20,578
Cooch Behar	163	33	33	4,235	5,200	128	158	1,12,151	1,19,000	6,849	...
Dibru-Sadiya	299	86	86	25,859	30,200	301	331	5,83,127	6,41,000	57,873	...
Jackwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	78	184	184	11,389	11,200	62	61	3,55,820	3,67,000	11,180	...
Sondal-Porbandar (including Jetalsar-Rajkot)	121	194	211	22,041	23,700	114	112	5,67,605	6,12,000	54,395	...
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley (including Hingoli Branch)	192	442	442	62,438	58,800	141	133	20,03,440	17,42,000	...	2,61,440
Jaipur	87	73	73	5,320	5,000	73	68	1,56,339	1,32,000	...	24,339
Jaunagar	90	54	54	4,375	5,200	81	96	1,11,449	1,40,000	28,551	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	107	910	995	1,02,809	97,500	113	98	25,56,889	27,05,000	2,08,111	...
Jangad	93	100	113	7,435	10,000	74	94	2,32,362	2,83,000	50,638	...
Kolhapur	210	29	29	5,495	5,100	190	176	1,33,179	1,55,000	21,821	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (including Khadro Section)	40	100	100	3,117	3,900	31	39	77,341	95,900	18,559	...
Morvi (including Vankar-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	148	93	93	12,117	9,300	130	100	3,44,459	2,75,000	...	69,459
Myseningsh-Jamalpur-Jagannathgani	132	55	55	5,397	11,900	91	216	1,47,871	2,12,000	64,129	...
Rohilkund and Kumson	143	268	268	35,353	34,000	132	127	10,30,904	10,20,000	...	10,904
Sangli	146	5	5	728	700	146	140	15,557	19,300	3,743	...
Shoranur-Cochin	187	65	65	9,489	10,300	146	159	2,90,886	3,06,000	15,114	...
Tanjore District Board	175	103	103	17,075	18,500	166	186	4,65,743	5,12,000	46,257	...
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	95	67	67	5,789	5,000	86	75	1,46,196	1,24,000	...	22,196
Barsi	96	116	116	12,036	11,300	104	97	4,31,215	4,73,000	41,785	...
Champaner-Shivrajpur	92	20	20	1,729	1,400	86	70	38,282	40,400	2,118	...
Chakwar's Dabhoi	89	118	118	7,798	8,000	66	68	2,56,351	2,85,000	28,649	...
Kosamba-Zankhva	14	26	26	238	300	9	12	(c) 10,108	12,200	2,092	...
Nadiad-Kapadvanj (d)	...	...	...	...	1,700	...	61	...	59,800	...	...
Rajpipla	62	37	37	1,631	1,600	45	43	52,026	54,600	2,574	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	430	51	51	21,217	26,000	416	510	5,30,480	5,57,000	26,520	...
Pipar Road-Bhavi (e)	...	...	...	...	500	...	20	...	11,000	...	...
TOTAL	163	7,027	7,390	10,59,612	10,81,800	151	146	2,87,47,632	2,89,33,100	1,85,468	...
GRAND TOTAL	360	32,524	33,382	1,02,69,407	1,11,84,100	331	335	28,34,76,612	28,42,94,100	8,17,788	...

(c) From 1st June 1912.

(d) Opened from 5th March 1913.

(e) Earnings reported from March 1913.

C. F. ANDERSON, Major, R.E.

Simla the 2nd October 1913.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, Simla.



The Gazette of India

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 25th March 1913.

On and after the 5th April till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 29th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—29, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

II A

COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

No. B. R. C. 642.—Preliminary Account of Receipts and Disbursements of the Government of India for the first four months of 1913-1914 as compared with the corresponding period of 1912-1913.

ENGLAND.					INDIA.				
WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO JULY.			WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO JULY.		
Preliminary Accounts, 1912-1913.	Budget, 1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	Increase.	Decrease.	Preliminary Accounts, 1912-1913.	Budget, 1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.
£	£	£	£	£	£	R	R	R	R
RECEIPTS.									
Revenue.									
PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE.									
Land Revenue (including that due to Irrigation)						31,46,97,000	34,35,44,000	9,87,04,000	10,34,48,000
Opium						7,50,88,000	2,16,75,000	3,84,43,000	91,46,000
Salt						4,99,31,000	5,10,80,000	1,67,85,000	1,70,36,000
Stamps						7,40,77,000	7,82,73,000	2,62,86,000	2,73,52,000
Excise						12,38,04,000	12,67,93,000	4,03,59,000	4,42,09,000
Customs						10,75,96,000	10,29,42,000	3,32,40,000	3,42,50,000
Other Heads						8,19,13,000	7,38,87,000	2,03,11,000	2,32,26,000
TOTAL PRINCIPAL HEADS						85,84,06,000	79,81,94,000	26,52,53,000	25,89,14,000
Interest						1,40,09,000	1,52,70,000	45,43,000	32,95,000
Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint						5,34,95,000	5,68,22,000	1,63,27,000	1,71,92,000
Receipts by Civil Department						1,94,21,000	1,94,21,000	50,00,000	60,48,000
Miscellaneous						68,19,000	75,42,000	19,25,000	31,04,000
Railways						54,91,02,000	55,15,19,000	18,67,56,000	18,80,51,000
Irrigation (excluding Land Revenue due to Irrigation)						4,32,87,000	4,31,13,000	1,97,01,000	2,03,32,000
Other Public Works						53,39,000	43,04,000	13,32,000	12,64,000
Military Receipts						1,42,02,000	1,48,85,000	38,99,000	38,22,000
TOTAL REVENUE						1,56,42,64,000	1,51,10,57,000	50,84,02,000	50,10,75,000
Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.									
Capital subscribed by Native States towards outlay on State Railway									
Capital of Railway Companies (net Receipts)									
TOTAL									
Debt, Deposits, and Advances.									
Permanent Debt (net incurred)						2,87,29,000	2,86,91,000	2,40,13,000	2,99,62,000
Temporary do. (net incurred)						1,71,81,000	2,25,21,000	82,53,000	70,42,000
Unfunded do. (net incurred)						1,92,80,000	2,25,21,000	1,51,25,000	1,72,42,000
Deposits and Advances (net)						40,49,000	29,85,000	18,30,000	20,66,000
Loans and advances by Imperial Government						2,36,42,000	1,40,64,000	71,04,000	68,17,000
do. by Provincial Governments						1,03,000	1,07,000		
Loans to Local Boards						14,45,66,000	4,61,80,000		
Remittances (net)									
Secretary of State's Bills drawn									
Drafts on London (net)									
TOTAL						23,75,50,000	11,45,25,000	5,63,25,000	6,31,29,000
TOTAL RECEIPTS						1,80,18,14,000	1,62,55,85,000	56,55,04,000	56,42,04,000
Opening Balance						15,41,95,000	29,31,59,000	18,41,87,000	25,98,97,000
GRAND TOTAL						1,96,60,09,000	1,91,87,44,000	74,96,91,000	82,41,01,000

ENGLAND.					INDIA.				
WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO JULY.			WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO JULY.		
Preliminary Accounts, 1912-1913.	Budget, 1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	Increase.	Decrease.	Preliminary Accounts, 1912-1913.	Budget, 1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.
£	£	£	£	£	£	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
98,300	99,500	27,500	39,800	12,300	...	12,50,91,000	14,05,53,000	4,63,39,000	4,64,62,000
2,326,500	1,979,100	1,398,400	963,600	...	318,800	4,92,07,000	6,21,61,000	1,87,46,000	2,03,64,000
244,900	329,600	60,000	70,900	10,900	...	4,29,52,000	4,39,33,000	1,32,15,000	1,36,79,000
486,000	466,700	143,300	144,500	1,200	...	24,21,69,000	28,41,61,000	7,40,48,000	7,89,34,000
2,612,500	2,625,200	981,100	961,500	400	...	3,65,92,000	3,69,21,000	1,15,79,000	1,24,73,000
31,300	7,200	2,300	1,900	...	400	1,05,55,000	1,48,92,000	24,71,000	23,88,000
8,979,900	9,104,000	4,268,200	4,201,300	...	66,900	29,49,31,000	29,40,20,000	8,81,98,000	9,61,95,000
136,600	194,100	60,500	68,700	3,200	...	2,92,11,000	3,29,54,000	88,15,000	89,82,000
50,200	85,400	31,400	28,500	...	1,900	9,09,86,000	9,74,86,000	2,41,24,000	2,33,79,000
5,372,400	5,550,500	1,467,000	1,689,200	171,900	...	23,34,76,000	23,18,60,000	7,39,45,000	7,11,13,000
20,275,900	20,981,300	6,250,000	6,167,900	...	182,100	1,15,94,73,000	1,24,11,61,000	36,17,80,000	37,59,52,000
...
20,275,900	20,981,300	6,250,000	6,167,900	...	182,100	1,15,94,73,000	1,24,11,61,000	36,17,80,000	37,59,52,000
2,470,900	2,598,100	481,800	1,063,800	582,000	...	11,83,56,000	13,47,30,000	2,33,25,000	3,53,15,000
481,600	...	144,200	...	...	...	19,18,000	9,97,000	...	1,26,000
6,800	5,000	...	3,700	3,700	144,200	16,04,000	1,99,25,000	27,000	14,20,000
2,959,300	2,603,100	626,000	1,067,500	441,500	...	12,18,78,000	15,56,52,000	2,33,52,000	3,68,61,000
4,500,000	1,761,200	8,000,000	...	...	3,000,000	...	...	...	...
195,400	...	...	55,100	55,100	...	...	3,39,57,000	...	...
9,499,600	3,145,500	2,503,800	332,600	...	2,172,200	20,15,000	27,89,000	2,57,000	2,15,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	2,64,67,000	1,59,53,000	1,12,91,000	65,62,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	38,81,56,000	82,47,50,000	1,82,13,000	1,87,78,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,43,33,000	9,03,47,000
...
14,195,000	4,926,700	5,505,800	337,700	...	5,116,100	41,53,14,000	37,74,20,000	11,87,93,000	11,56,78,000
87,433,200	27,911,100	14,451,800	9,623,100	...	4,758,700	1,09,65,65,000	1,73,05,44,000	50,39,30,000	53,15,81,000
9,769,900	5,111,000	14,205,700	8,492,400	...	5,712,500	28,94,44,000	18,83,00,000	24,57,61,000	32,20,70,000
47,223,100	33,022,100	28,687,500	16,115,900	...	10,571,600	1,98,60,09,000	1,91,87,44,000	74,96,91,000	85,86,01,000

Delhi, the 3rd October 1913.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Comptroller General.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 11th October 1913.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

September 30th.

- 1209. G. N. Barooah. *Improvements in and relating to tongueless buckles or the like.*
- 1210. W. C. Pitter. *Improvements in and connected with multi-blade propellers, fans and the like.*
- 1211. Minerals Separation Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to the separation of metallic sulphide ores.*
- 1212. Briscoe & Dock Engineering Co. *Improvements in rotary engines.*
- 1213. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. *Improvements in the manufacture and production of soluble condensation products of formaldehyde.*
- 1214. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. *Improvements in tanning.*
- 1215. J. H. Moore. *Improvements in earth-closets of the squal or non-contact type.*
- 1216. Blakoe Wheel Co. Ltd. *Improvements in and connected with the wheels of cycles, motor cars, and other vehicles.*
- 1217. Tyler & Co. Ltd. *Improvements in railway electric token apparatus.*
- 1218. H. Symes. *An automatic, recording, fire alarm.*

October 1st.

- 1219. Abdul Aziz & Mola Buksh. *A lock.*

October 2nd.

- 1220. J. S. Ianier. *Improvements in the art of quill cleaning.*
- 1221. F. S. Dorton. *An aerated water bottle.*

October 3rd.

- 1222. C. F. E. Meares. *Automatic safety letter box pillar form.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

- 393. R. C. Sayer. *Improvements in collectors for electric traction.*
- 451. R. C. Sayer. *Improvements in devices for carrying and actuating the propellers of vehicles.*
- 955. The Remington Typewriter Co. Ltd. *A new or improved method of arranging the Gurmukhi alphabetical characters and signs and adapting same to a type-writing machine for the purpose of correctly typewriting the Gurmukhi language.*
- 1095. E. Buchholtz. *Improvements in furnaces for roasting, smelting or otherwise treating ores.*
- 1097. C. De Sedneff. *Improvements in electrical accumulators.*
- 1101. R. S. York. *Improvements in and relating to mechanical lubrication.*
- 1102. F. E. Jagenberg. *Improvements in the process of spinning yarn from strips of dry paper.*
- 1103. S. Crosbie. *Improvements in or connected with apparatus for vaporising oil.*
- 1109. A. A. Price. *Improvements in and relating to dynamos, motors and like electrical machines.*
- 1114. Vickers Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to the injection of liquid fuel in internal combustion engines.*
- 1115. Vickers Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to the injection of liquid fuel in internal combustion engines.*
- 1117. A. Fernbach & E. H. Strange. *Improvements connected with fermentation processes for the production of acetone and higher alcohols from starch, sugars and other carbohydrate materials.*

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

- 260 of 1903. Palmer. (To 1 August 1914.)
240 of 1905. The New Inverted Incandescent Gas Lamp Co. (To 19 December 1914.)
241 of 1905. Irani. (To 20 October 1914.)
163 of 1908. Societe des Telegraphes Multiplex & Co. (To 18 November 1914.)
519 of 1908. National Wire-Bound Box Co. (To 30 August 1914.)
436 of 1909. Forbes. (To 7 October 1914.)
546 of 1909. Wagner. (To 9 December 1914.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1904.

222, (Ceipek).

1907.

27, (Herbert).

1908.

536, (Perman).

1909.

4, (Webb). 25, (Webb). 93, (Gimson & Co.). 240, (Palmer). 248, (Gimson & Co.).
254, (Leslie).

NOTICES.**THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.**

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1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs nor their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. Applications for patents in countries other than India should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.	DELHI	Office of the Chief Commissioner.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.	HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.	JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BOMBAY	Record Office.	KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.	LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.	LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.	MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.	"	College of Engineering.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHINSURAH	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA	College of Engineering.
CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.	ROORKEE	Thomason College.
		SOLAFUR	Office of the Collector.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore.

8. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

	Price	
	R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each 0	2
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
(d) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0	1
Annual subscription with postage	3	0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter Index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904)	2	0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each 1	0
(g) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly)	each 0	8
(h) Patent Office Journal, 1912	1	0
(i) Specifications of Inventions	each 0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE CORONATION DURBAR AND OF THE VISIT OF THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING-EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS TO INDIA, 1911-12.

To meet the repeated demands of the public, the Government of India have decided to publish a complete and authoritative account of the proceedings connected with the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India and with the Coronation Durbar of December 1911.

This book will be compiled from the official records, and will contain lists of all persons taking part in the celebrations and ceremonies. There will also be numerous illustrations, portraits, maps, plans, etc.

It will be published in two editions, a popular one in a cloth binding at a cost not exceeding Rs. 7-8, and a very limited edition *de luxe*, which will contain a list of the subscribers, at a cost of about Rs. 250.

A translation of the popular edition will be made in Urdu and possibly in other languages also if the demand is sufficient.

It is expected that the work will be ready for publication in about six months' time; names are still being registered for the various editions, and application should be made to the Superintendent, Official History of the Durbar, Foreign Department, Simla.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* The following collections are available for sale :—

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|-------|---------|
| (1) | Collection for 1902-03, | price | Rs 3 | a copy. |
| (2) | " " 1903-04, | " | " 3 | " |
| (3) | " " 1904-05, | " | " 3 | " |
| (4) | " " 1908-09, | " | " 3 | " |
| (5) | " " 1909-10, | " | " 3-8 | " |
| (6) | " " 1910-11, | " | " 3-8 | " |
| (7) | " " 1911-12, | " | " 2-8 | " |

N.B.—Nos. (1), (3), (4), (5) and (6) contain papers in all the different standards of examination held in Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali; No. (5) contains the High Proficiency Urdu papers also; No. (2) contains all the papers except those for the High Proficiency examinations in Hindi, Arabic and Persian and the Degree of Honour in Arabic and Sanskrit; and No. (7) all except those for the Interpretership and Degree of Honour in Persian, Preliminary, High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Arabic, Degree of Honour in Hindi, Degree of Honour in Bengali and High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Sanskrit.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Ranzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

"Akhlaiq-i-Jalali" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 5-12 per copy.

The following list of Munshis who are qualified to teach Urdu under India Army Order No. 162 of 1907, is published for the information of all those students of this language, who are desirous of obtaining competent teachers :

ALLAHABAD.

1. M. Jawala Prasad, I. Kasauli Hills. The Royal Scots Regiment, Sudder Bazar, Allahabad.
2. M. S. C. Bagchi Government Observatory, Allahabad.

AMBALA.

1. M. Mohd. Miyan Khan Sudder Bazar, Ambala.
2. M. Mohd. Akbar Khan The Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
3. M. Jawala Prasad, II. B. I. Bazar, Ambala.

AMRITSAR.

1. M. Mohd. Ishaq Khazana Gate, Amritsar.

AZAMGARH.

1. M. Ram Charan Lal Offg. Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools, Azamgarh.

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya 17, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.
2. M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A. 8, Maulavi Imdad Ali's Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Hossain Mirza 1, Syed Ismail Lane, Calcutta.
4. M. Mohd. Israil Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
5. M. Syed Nawab Ali 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
6. M. Wahidun Nabi Khan 88/1, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.
7. M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid 152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
8. M. Daliluddin Ahmed 28/1, Kimber Street (Karaya), Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Wajid 89, Jhowtolla Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Syed Mohammad 12, Waliullah Lane, Wellesley Square, Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE.

1. M. Rahim Shah R. A. Munshi, Campbellpore.

DALHOUSIE.

1. M. Abdur Rahim Regimental Munshi, 1st Lancashire Fusiliers, Balun Bazar, Dalhousie.

DELHI.

1. M. Mithan Lal C/o Late M. Chunni Lal Sahib, Government Pensioner, Muhalla Churi Walan, Delhi.

DINAPORE.

1. M. Syed Hadi Hussain Orderly Bazar, Dinapore.

JHELUM.

1. M. Thakur Das Pahwa Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JULLUNDER.

1. M. Har Bhagat Singh Bains Talhan, Jullunder Cantonment.

KASAUJI.

1. M. Anand Sarup C/o Munshi Kashi Nath, Dagshai Hills, or Depôt, Kasauli.

LAHORE CANTT.

1. M. J. Kishori Lal R. A. Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
2. M. Sham Lal Bhargava Dangar Street, Sudder Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW.

1. M. Abdul Alim Near the Police Post, Husaingunge, Lucknow.
2. M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan Near Royal Hotel, Lucknow.

MULTAN.

1. M. S. Karim Bakhsh Sadar Bazar, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS.

1. M. M. C. Saibgal 2nd Bn., King's Regiment, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.

1. M. Faqir Ullah St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

NOWSHERA.

1. M. Muhammad Din Pay Havildar and Head Clerk, 23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (F. F.).

PESHAWAR.

1. M. Bodh Raj Royal Sussex Regiment (or Sudder Bazar), Peshawar.
2. M. Ahmed Din 81, Cantonments, Peshawar.
3. M. Abdur Rahim Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
4. M. Abdul Karim Dabgari Gate, Peshawar City.

RAWALPINDI.

1. M. Ghulam Muhiuddin B. A. Brigade Munshi, Rawalpindi.
2. M. Ghulam Rasul Sudder Bazar, Rawalpindi.
3. M. Fasal Ahmed Persian House, Rawalpindi.

ROORKEE CITY.

1. M. Fazi-i Haq Mahalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SUBATHU.

1. M. Gulzar Lal South Lancashire Regiment, Subathu.

In addition to the above, the following, who were examined in Urdu previous to the institution of the examination mentioned in the above India Army Order, are also, in the opinion of the Board of Examiners, qualified to teach :

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Arif 12, Harinbari Lane, Calcutta.
2. Maulavi Syed Abu Zafar 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S. 14, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
4. M. Badru-z Zaman 29, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
5. M. Abdul Badi 5, Ramsanker Roy's Lane, Calcutta.
6. M. A. M. F. Wahhab Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
7. M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat 89, Jhowtollah Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
8. M. Akmal Ali Akmal 9, Dr. Karam Hossain's Lane, Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Karim Nashter 1, Jhowtollah Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Mohd. Yusuf Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.

N.B.—It is requested that Munshis who have passed this examination and whose names do not appear above, should communicate their present addresses to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta, so that their names may be published also.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE AND CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bond fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Sulphate of Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased both in powder and 3½-grain tablet forms by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the principal druggists in Calcutta. These drugs are for sale for *cash* only. On no account drugs are sent per *V. P. Post*. These drugs may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur.

The rates for these drugs from 15th November 1912 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 11 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 10 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	12 "

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 5 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	6 "

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ½ lb., ¼ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is sold in ½ lb., ¼ lb. and 1 lb. tins.
Cinchona Febrifuge is sold in ½ lb., ¼ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

NOTICE TO TENDERERS.

I.—Sealed Tenders for the supply of the undermentioned supplies as under will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division.

II.—Forms of "Tender" and "Schedules" (I. A. F. Z2120, 2121 and 2122) of the stores for the supply of which tenders are invited, are obtainable on payment at the rate of Re. 1 per set on application in writing, and samples of the articles to be supplied can be inspected at the office of the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, Quetta, or Officer in charge Supplies, Karachi, any day (Sundays and holidays excepted) between the hours of 10 A.M. and 2 P.M.

III.—Tenders will only be received in accordance with the conditions on these printed forms, which must be submitted in English and should specify in words as well as in figures the rate at which each description of article named in them will be delivered. Fractional parts of pies in rates will not be accepted. Tenders must be duly signed and completed in accordance with the instructions they contain.

IV.—Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit in the form of a ^{Presidency Bank}_{Treasury} Receipt or Government Promissory Notes, Provincial or Municipal debentures, or port trust bonds, as earnest money, at the rate of 2 per cent. on the total value of the stores tendered for, subject to a ^{minimum}_{maximum} of Rs. as under, which deposit will be returned on acceptance or rejection of the tender. In the case of Promissory Notes being furnished they must remain in the name of the depositor.

V.—No security or deposit which the tenderer may have furnished in connection with a previous contract or on any other account can be accepted as earnest money.

VI.—The approval or rejection of tenders rests with G. O. C. IV (Quetta) Division, who reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender, or any items in a tender, without cause assigned. The lowest tender will not of necessity be accepted.

* VII.—Tenders will be opened at this office at 12 noon on Wednesday, the 15th October 1913. Tenderers are invited to attend.

VIII.—Parties tendering are particularly requested to give their addresses in full.

IX.—Any further information required can be obtained on application to this office between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. (Sundays and holidays excepted).

* X.—Tenders must be sent under a strong cover, securely fastened, sealed with a distinctive device and conspicuously marked "Tender for the supply of meat and fodder" and addressed to the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies and not to any officer by name.

XI.—Tenders which do not comply with the above conditions will be rejected.

Supplies or services required.	Where required.	Approximate re- quirements.	REMARKS.		
I.—FODDER FOR KARACHI FROM 1ST JANUARY TO 31ST DECEMBER 1914.		lbs.	Earnest money deposits.		
Hay or kirby, dry for feeding	Karachi	48,00,000	} Rs. 2,000.		
Dry grass for bedding	Do.	3,00,000			
II.—MEAT, FRESH, COMBINED DIVISIONAL CONTRACT FOR ONE YEAR FROM 1ST APRIL 1914 TO 31ST MARCH 1915.					
Beef	Quetta, Karachi and Hyderabad.	17,25,000(a)	} Rs. 4,000.		
Mutton	Do.	3,15,000(b)			
OR FOR THREE YEARS FROM 1ST APRIL 1914 TO 31ST MARCH 1917.					
Beef	Quetta, Karachi and Hyderabad.	51,75,000(c)	} Rs. 7,500		
Mutton	Do.	9,45,000(d)			
Details.	{ Quetta lbs.	11,25,000(a)	2,00,000(b)	83,75,000(c)	6,00,000(d)
	{ Karachi "	4,00,000	75,000	12,00,000	2,25,000
	{ Hyderabad "	2,00,000	40,000	6,00,000	1,20,000

* Not applicable to an auction contract.

Quetta,
27th August 1913.

H. F. E. MACMAHON, Captain,
Dy. Asstt. Director of Supplies, IV (Quetta) Division.

Statement of Income and Expenditure of the Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund during the year 1912-13.

Income.	Amount.		Expenditure.	Amount.	
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Balance on the 1st April 1912	2,55,153	8 11	Expenses of Management— Establishment	2,632	15 0
Subscription	56,520	15 1	Pension contribution	420	0 0
Deposits	172	4 5(a)	Medical Examination Fees	276	0 0
Interest for the year 1911-12	9,480	12 4	Money Order Commission	3	8 0
$\frac{1}{2}$ share recovered from the Government	1,225	5 4	Postage and Telegraph	50	0 0
State subvention recovered from the Government	2,093	5 2	Stamps on Entrance Certificate	7	8 0
Fee for 2nd Medical Examination	16	0 0	Miscellaneous	3	3 0
Fines	69	0 8	Refunds of deposits	120	6 0
Additional contribution	329	11 1	„ subscriptions	622	2 7
Miscellaneous	55	2 8	Additional Contribution (Government portion)	245	11 9
			Pensions	6,856	7 9
			TOTAL	11,237	14 1
			Balance on the 31st March 1913	3,13,533	10 6
TOTAL	3,24,771	8 7	TOTAL	3,24,771	8 7

(a) Represents amount transferred to subscription and miscellaneous.

R. WATERFIELD,
Offg. Comptroller, India Treasuries.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund on the 31st March 1913.

Assets.		Amount.	Liabilities.	Amount.
		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Balance on the 31st March 1913		3,13,533 10 6	Annuities payable (outstanding)	613 13 11
Stamped Entrance Certificate		0 12 0	Deposits	51 8 0
			Establishment	253 0 0
			Medical Fees	80 0 0
			Money Order Commission	1 0 0
			Consulting Physician's fees	10 0 0
			Postage stamps (outstanding)	6 13 3
			Balance of Assets	3,12,518 3 1
TOTAL		3,13,534 6 6	TOTAL	3,13,534 6 6

R. WATERFIELD,
Offg. Comptroller, India Treasuries.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal :—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

(a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

(b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE No. 129 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 1st day of October 1913.

In the matter of Maung Boh, Clerk, residing at No. 64, Crisp Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Boh, Clerk, residing at No. 64, Crisp Street Rangoon, on the 29th day of September 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Boh.

CASE No. 130 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 1st day of October 1913.

In the matter of Maung Tun Aung, son of U Shwe Saing, residing at No. 29, William Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Tun Aung, son of U Shwe Saing, residing at No. 29, William Street, Rangoon, on the 30th day of September 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Tun Aung.

J. HORMASJI,
• Registrar.

IN THE COURT OF BABU MIHAN SINGH BEDI, JUDGE, SMALL CAUSE COURT, DELHI.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 44 of 1913.

Dated 2nd October 1913.

In the matter of insolvency of R. B. SRI KISHAN DAS, Gurwala, of Delhi, Debtor.

To

The Creditors.

Know all creditors by this notice that Messrs. Khan, Khan & Co. of Delhi have applied to this Court that the abovenamed debtor be declared an Insolvent. This notice is issued that the Court has fixed 17th day of October 1913 for the hearing of the aforesaid petition. If any creditor desires to be represented in the matter he should attend in person or by duly instructed pleader, otherwise proceedings will commence *ex parte*.

MIHAN SINGH,
Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 30th September 1913.

No. 148.—No. 885, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Gulab-din, I.S.M.D., is granted one month's privilege leave, with effect from the 1st October 1913, or date he avails himself of the same.

No. 149.—The services of No. 1051, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kartar Singh, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Inspector-General, Imperial Service Troops, for employment with the Imperial Service Transport Corps, Jaipur, with effect from the 25th August 1913.

No. 150.—The services of No. 1126, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Parmanand Sharma are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 16th August 1913.

No. 151.—The services of No. 1097, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Barkat Ram, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Inspector-General, Imperial Service Troops, for employment with the Imperial Service Cavalry, Alwar, with effect from the 13th August 1913.

The 2nd October 1913.

No. 152.—The services of No. 1042, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Arjun Singh, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Inspector-General, Imperial Service Troops, for employment with the Imperial Service Infantry, Alwar, with effect from the 21st August 1913.

The 3rd October 1913.

No. 153.—No. 1386, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon C. Lourdesami, I.S.M.D., is granted under the terms of para. 269, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, sixty days leave on full pay combined with leave on medical certificate for six months, with effect from the 15th June 1913.

This office notification No. 131, dated the 14th August 1913, is hereby cancelled.

The 6th October 1913.

No. 906-3228.—Mr. Jyotish Chandra Ghosh, B.Sc., F.C.S., Analytical Chemist, Government Medical Store Depot, Madras, has been granted two months' privilege leave, with effect from the 25th September 1913.

A. M. CROFTS, Surgeon-General,
Offg. Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

COMPTROLLER-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

The following is a statement of the cash balances at the Home Treasury of the Government of India on the 31st August 1913 and of the form in which they were held :—

	General Balance.	Gold Standard Reserve.
	£	£
Cash at the Bank of England	546,433	...
Short loans to approved borrowers on security	6,548,853	1,051,147
	<hr/> 7,095,286	<hr/> 1,051,147

Total Home Treasury balances as shown in the accounts . . . £ 8,146,433

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Comptroller-General.

DELHI ;
Dated the 3rd October 1913.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—REVENUE DEPARTMENT.**Land Acquisition Branch.**

Memorandum of Agreement made this 15th day of July 1913 between Messrs. Kilburn and Company, Managing Agents, India General Navigation and Railway Company Limited a Joint Stock Company incorporated under the English Companies Act and having its Registered Office at Orient House, New Broad Street in the City of London E. C. and its principal office at No. 4 Fairlie Place in the town of Calcutta and Messrs. Macneill and Company, Agents, Rivers Steam Navigation Company Limited incorporated under the English Companies Act and having its Registered Office at Winchester House, Old Broad Street, London and its principal office at No. 2 Clive Ghat Street in the town of Calcutta, Merchants (hereinafter called the Companies) of the one part and the Secretary of State for India in Council (hereinafter called the Secretary of State) of the other part.

Whereas for the purpose of the construction of a steamer station the Companies have applied to the Government of Bengal for the acquisition under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 of the piece or parcel of land containing four bighas six cottahs 13 chittacks or thereabout situate in the village of Gopinathpur in the District of Tipperah and more particularly described in the Schedule hereto and delineated in the plan hereunto annexed.

And whereas the said Government of Bengal being satisfied by an enquiry held under Section 40 of the said Act that the proposed acquisition is needed for the aforesaid purpose and that the said work is likely to prove useful to the public has consented to acquire on behalf of the Companies the piece or parcel of land hereinbefore described.

And whereas the said Government of Bengal has required the Companies under the provisions of Section 41 of the abovementioned Act to enter into the Agreement with the Secretary of State hereinafter contained. Now this Indenture witnesseth that it is hereby agreed and declared as follows :—

1. On demand the Companies shall and will pay to the said Government of Bengal all and every compensation in respect of the said land tendered, paid or awarded or to be tendered paid or awarded by the Collector under the Land Acquisition Act 1894, or by the Court to which a reference under Part III of the said Act may be made, or by the Court or Courts to which an appeal from the award of the said Court may be preferred, and all costs, charges and expenses of the proceedings in the aforesaid Courts or otherwise incidental to the proposed acquisition or payable in respect thereof under the provisions of the said Act.

2. On demand made by the said Collector the obligations of the Companies under the last preceding Clause not being thereby limited the Companies shall and will deposit with the said Collector such sum or sums of money as in his discretion the said Collector may in anticipation estimate to be necessary for the purposes mentioned in the last preceding Clause.

3. On payment by the Companies of all demands under the foregoing 1st Clause, or in the discretion of the said Government of Bengal (on deposit by the Companies of all estimated amounts as provided in the 2nd Clause) but not before possession shall have been taken

under the provisions of the abovementioned Act, the Secretary of State shall make over possession of the said land to the Companies and shall execute and do all such acts and deeds as may be necessary and proper for effectually vesting the same in the Companies.

4. The said land shall be held by the Companies for the purposes of such a Steamer Station as is hereinbefore mentioned and without the sanction in writing of the said Government of Bengal first had and obtained for no other purpose whatsoever.

5. The said Steamer Station shall be completed (and fully equipped in all respects ready for use) within two years from the date on which possession of the said land shall have been given to the Companies.

6. Should the said Steamer Station not be completed (and fully equipped in all respects ready for use) including a Rest House being protection from wind and weather for the convenience of passengers within the period stated in the last preceding Clause or within such further period as in its discretion may be prescribed or allowed by the said Government of Bengal, or should the said land at any time thereafter cease for a period of *twenty-four consecutive months*, to be held and used, or cease to be required for the purpose or purposes provided for in the foregoing fourth Clause then and in any such case, the said Government may summarily re-enter upon and take possession of the said land, and thereupon the interest of the Company in the said land shall absolutely cease and determine.

7. On taking such possession the said Government may sell or otherwise deal with the said land as it may think proper. Should the said Government sell the said land, the said Government after deducting the expenses incurred in connection with the said taking of possession and with such sale shall pay the proceeds to the Companies. Should the said Government, on taking possession, decide not to sell the land it shall repay to the Companies all sums received from the Companies in respect of all and every compensation as provided in the foregoing first Clause (less the Statutory allowance of 15 per cent) but will not repay any sums paid and received on account of costs, charges and expenses.

8. The Station shall be open to the reasonable use of all the *bona fide* passengers, their servants, friends and relatives for such time before and after the Scheduled and advertised time for arrivals and departures of the steamers as the varying conditions of Navigation and individual cases of passengers may require and at all hours to those who have business to transact with the Companies as regards shipping and taking delivery of goods and cargo and also to those making enquiries relating thereto.

Provided that the Company may make rules fixing and regulating their hours of business a copy of which shall be affixed to a conspicuous place on the premises but any rules framed by the Companies in restriction, of the general right of admission, shall be inoperative against the public unless assented to in writing by the Secretary of State or his accredited agents the Government of Bengal.

Provided also that nothing herein contained shall be construed to confer on the public the right to make use of the premises for individual profit or gain by opening shops or stalls thereon or otherwise except with the permission of the Companies first had and obtained.

9. Should any dispute or difference arise touching or concerning the subject matter of this Agreement or any covenant clause or thing herein contained the same shall be referred to the said Government of Bengal, and the opinion and decision of the said Government upon such dispute or difference shall be final and conclusive and binding on the parties hereto.

In witness whereof (the said Companies have caused their common seals to be affixed and the Secretary of State for India in Council hath hereunto set his hand and seal) the day and year first above written.

The common seals of the above named Companies have hereto affixed in the presence of

J. ERNEST WARD,
4 Fairlie Place.

Witness.

Witness.

GUS. OHLSON,
2 Clive Ghat Street, Calcutta.

KILBURN & CO.,
Managing Agents,
India General Navigation and Rail-
way Co., Ltd.

MACNEILL & CO.,
Agents,
Rivers Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

H. F. SAMMAN,
Offg. Revenue Secy. to the Govt. of
Bengal for the Secy. of State for
India.

Witness.—Signed sealed and delivered by
Herbert Frederick Samman on
behalf of the Secy. of State in
Council in the presence of

T. K. GHOSH,
Confidential Asstt. to Rev. Secy., Govt.
of Bengal.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 29th September 1913.

No. 3565-B.—On the termination of his temporary appointment as Additional Personal Assistant to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Mr. J. W. N. Cumming, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd grade, reverted to the regular line, with effect from the forenoon of the 10th September 1913.

No. 3566-B.—Mr. J. W. N. Cumming, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd grade, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the forenoon of the 10th September 1913.

No. 3567-B.—Consequent on the reversion of Mr. J. W. N. Cumming to his substantive appointment, and the grant to him of two months' privilege leave, Mr. H. G. R. Adie, Superintendent of the Office of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and substantive *pro tempore* Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 5th grade and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta, reverts to officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner, with effect from the 10th September 1913.

The 4th October 1913.

No. 2807.—Captain R. J. MacBrayne, 15th Sikhs, is appointed Cantonment Magistrate Loralai, in addition to his regimental duties, with effect from the 18th September 1913, *vice* Major R. J. Carden.

By order,

T. W. HAIG, Lt.-Col.,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.

**ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
AJMER-MERWARA.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Mount Abu, the 17th September 1913.

No. 1322.—The following draft of a Notification which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), is published for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration by the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara on or after the 31st October 1913.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Honourable the Chief Commissioner.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Honourable the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following amendments in conditions 1 and 3 of license Form F appended to the Ajmer-Merwara Petroleum Rules issued in this office Notification No. 1530-1093, dated the 14th October 1909 :—

Condition 1.—Add the following words at the beginning of the condition :—

“When not carried in a receptacle forming part of a motor-vehicle.”

Condition 3.—Delete the words “not forming part of a motor-vehicle.”

Abu, the 1st October 1913.

No. 1430.—In supersession of his Notification No. 1040-C of the 13th August 1912, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased, under proviso (b) to Section 18 of the Ajmer Municipalities Regulation V of 1886, to appoint Mr. R. G. Robson, M.A., M.D., C.M., to be Chairman of the Ajmer Municipal Committee, with effect from the 10th October 1913, *vice* Mr. C. W. Waddington, C.I.E., M.V.O., resigned.

No. 1435.—Consequent on the appointment of Rai Sahib Munshi Gopinath, General Manager, Court of Wards, Ajmer, as Extra Assistant Commissioner in charge of duties connected with the Co-operative Credit system in Ajmer-Merwara, the following sub. *pro tem* appointments are made with effect from the 1st October 1913 or from the date of assuming charge:—

- (1) Munshi Mithanlal sub. *pro tempore* Extra Assistant Commissioner II, Ajmer, to be General Manager, Court of Wards, Ajmer-Merwara.
- (2) Sahibzada Abdul Wahid Khan, Railway Magistrate, to be Extra Assistant Commissioner II, Ajmer.

The 3rd October 1913.

No. 1476.—Rai Sahib Munshi Gopinath, General Manager, Court of Wards, Ajmer-Merwara, is appointed to be Extra Assistant Commissioner in charge of duties connected with the Co-operative Credit system in Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the 1st October 1913.

No. 1477.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 5 of the Ajmer Courts Regulation, I of 1877, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Rai Sahib Munshi Gopi Nath, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in charge of duties connected with the Co-operative Credit system in Ajmer-Merwara, to be a Subordinate Judge of the 1st Class in the district of Ajmer-Merwara.

No. 1478.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 138(1) Act V of 1906 (Code of Civil Procedure) the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that in all civil cases in which an appeal is allowed and which are tried by Rai Sahib Munshi Gopi Nath, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in charge of duties connected with the Co-operative Credit system and Subordinate Judge of the 1st Class, Ajmer-Merwara, the evidence of each witness shall be taken down by that officer with his own hand in the English language only.

No. 1479.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 2, clause (c) (3) of the Ajmer Land and Revenue Regulation, II of 1877, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Rai Sahib Munshi Gopi Nath, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in charge of duties connected with the Co-operative Credit system in Ajmer-Merwara, to do anything required by Part II and by section 106 of the said Regulation to be done by a Revenue Officer.

The 4th October 1913.

No. 1492.—Maulvi Abid Hussain, Head Maulvi of the Government High School, Ajmer, is appointed Professor of Persian, on probation for one year, with effect from the date of assuming charge, *vice* Maulvi Abdul Ghani, resigned.

By order,

A. D. BANNERMAN, Lieut.-Colonel,

First Assistant to the Honourable the
Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 30th September 1913.

No. 7436-C. & C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to notify his intention to amend conditions 1 and 3 of form F of the Punjab Petroleum Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 90, dated the 15th February 1909, in the manner indicated below:—

Condition 1.—Add the following words at the beginning of the condition:—

“when not carried in a receptacle forming part of a motor vehicle.”

Condition 3.—Delete the words—

“not forming part of a motor-vehicle.”

Any objection to the above proposal received in writing within one month from the date of publication of this notification, will be taken into consideration by the Chief Commissioner.

The 1st October 1913.

No. 7490-A. Home.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10, sub-section (2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, V. of 1898, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., Assistant Commissioner and a Magistrate of the First Class in the Delhi District, to be an Additional District Magistrate for a period of six months from the date of this notification.

Mr. S. M. Jacob is hereby invested with all the ordinary powers of a District Magistrate specified in Part V of Schedule III of the Code of Criminal Procedure, except those entered as (12), (15), (16), and (17) in the same part and schedule.

The 4th October 1913.

No. 7545-Home.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 30 of the Punjab Courts Act, 1884, as amended, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to confer upon Sayad Muhammad Baqar, B.A., the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes, under Act IX of 1887, for the trial of suits of which the value does not exceed Rs. 50; such powers to be exercised within the limits of the Delhi Province excluding the area within Municipal limits with effect from such date as he may assume charge of his duties.

No. 7548-Home.—Under the provisions of Section 28, Sub-section (1) of the Punjab Courts Act, 1884, Sheikh Abdul Aziz, B.A., Registrar of the Small Cause Court at Delhi, is invested with the powers of a Munsif of the 2nd class, with respect to cases generally, within the limits of the Delhi Municipality.

The Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that Sheikh Abdul Aziz, B.A., shall be deemed for the purposes of the said Act to be a Munsif.

No. 7556-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending Saturday, the 27th September 1913, is published for information.

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1901.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.										Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of Births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of Deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
	Delhi . .	230,471	110	123	233	58	81	139	...	...	...	101	4	20	...	14	7	18	14	32	54.4	29.4
	Notified Area.	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total .	...	111	123	234	58	81	139	...	...	...	101	4	20	...	14	7	18	14	32	...	...

The 8th October 1913.

No. 7612-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending Saturday, the 4th October 1913, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1901.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.										Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
	Delhi . .	230,471	181	110	291	76	74	150	...	...	...	105	4	23	...	18	6	21	25	46	59.8	30.6
	Notified Area	...	5	...	5	1	4	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...
	Total .	...	186	110	296	77	78	155	...	...	...	110	4	23	...	18	6	22	25	47	...	...

By order,

G. F. deMONTMORENCY,

Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

**PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT SECRETARIAT,
DELHI PROVINCE.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 30th September 1913.

No. 406-E.—Mr. C. E. Evans, Temporary Engineer, is transferred from the Provincial Division, 1st Circle, which he left on the afternoon of the 19th September 1913, to the V Project Division, which he joined at the same time.

TRANSFER.

No. 409-E.—Mr. H. J. Bell, Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the V Project Division, which he left on the afternoon of the 19th September 1913, to the Provincial Division, 1st Circle, which he joined at the same time.

H. T. KEELING,

Secretary to Chief Commissioner in the Public Works Department, Delhi.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATION.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 30th September 1913.

No. 35.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India Volume I, Part II, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, i.e., 26th September 1913 :—

Engineer E. S. Borner, R. I. M. 12 months.

E. W. HUDDLESTON,

for Director, Royal Indian Marine.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 1st October 1913.

No. 28.—Mr. A. D. Green, District Traffic Superintendent, is granted, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, one week's furlough in extension of the combined leave previously granted to him.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,

Agent, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 1st October 1913.

No. 1591s-4p.—Mr. H. S. H. Pilkington, M.V.O., Assistant Director-General of the Post Office, officiating in the Rs. 1,200—1,400 grade, is granted privilege leave for 12 days with effect from the 16th October 1913, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 1st TO 7th OCTOBER 1913.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Toles.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.																		
NAME OF MINT.	RECEIPTS.				COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.										
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native State.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and un- current coins.	TOTAL.	COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
													Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Dol- lar coin.	Receipt of Bullion for sub- sidary coinage.	Sub- sidary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	23	8	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	1	...	1	2	...	56	2	30	...	...	...	...	...	...

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;

Calcutta, the 10th October 1913.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,

Offg. Master of the Mint.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
498—1913	Sudkaji Gopal Polekar	Hindu	Khetwadi 6th Lane	Toddy-drawer	16th	September	1913	16th	September	1913
499—1913	Gowaldas Khimji Thukera	"	Nos. 286-68, Bora Bazar Street.	Lately Mucadum and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"	"
500—1913	Govind Pandoo Jadhav	"	Crawford Market	Yard fitter in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company, and also Military Pensioner.	"	"	"	"	"	"
501—1913	Kanoo Rama Chandorekar	"	Stone Bunder, Fort	Lately Crane-driver in Price Mills and Company and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
502—1913	Mahomed Inoos Valad Kumreodini Mitkar.	Mahomedan	Colas Molla	Servant in the employ of Aba Juma.	"	"	"	"	"	"
503—1913	Kalidas Dhunji Sha	Hindu	Sootar Chawl	Speculator in Jotta	"	"	"	17th	"	"
504—1913	Abdulhusein Abdulali Dawoodi Vora.	Mahomedan	Nagdevi Street (Senore House).	Lately trading as General Merchant in the name of Abdulali Tyeballi, and now unemployed.	17th	"	"	"	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
506—1913	Gajanan Parashram Parandare and Govind Parashram Parandare.	Hindu	Puranika Chawl, Dadar	Clerks in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway and the Alliance Bank of Simla, respectively.	17th	September	1913	17th	September	1913
507—1913	Purbhoo Khushal Rasanis, <i>alias</i> Sikligar.	"	Fanaswadi	Gilder in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company (Brass shop).	18th	"	"	18th	"	"
508—1913	Babaji Raoji Chawan	"	Fanaswadi	Medical Practitioner.	"	"	"	"	"	"
509—1913	Ramji Suba <i>alias</i> Ramji-Pemji Sutar.	"	No. 51C, Mazagon, near Suraj Kund.	Carpenter in the B. L. S. N. Company Limited.	19th	"	"	19th	"	"
510—1913	Ali Mahomed Haji Cassum Memon.	Mahomedan	No. 186, Nagdevi Street	Formerly hawker in hosiery and thereafter servant in the employ of Abdulla Fakira Arkali and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
511—1913	Manekji Dadabhai Pagdiwala	Parsee	No. 23, Dhobi Talao	Clerk in the Bombay Port Trust	22nd	"	"	22nd	"	"
512—1913	Hasam Mahomed Memon	Mahomedan	Memon Molla	Servant in the employ of Ebrahim Mahomed	"	"	"	"	"	"
513—1913	Haji Ahmed Haji Ally Memon	"	Nos. 35 and 37, Nakhoda Street.	Carrying on business under the name, style and firm of Haji Ally Ahmed as Haberdasher.	24th	"	"	24th	"	"
514—1913	Dewji Govind <i>alias</i> Govan Surti	Hindu	No. 96, Delisle Road	Chipper in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	25th	"	"	25th	"	"

515—1913	Shah Esmal Shah Ebrahim Souda	Mahomedan	Temkar Molla	Lately boilermaker in the employ of Messrs. Richardson and Crudas and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"
516—1913	Rai Bahadur Shrikisondas Narandas.	Hindu	Delhi	Carrying on business in Bombay, Delhi, Cawnpore, Farakhabad and other places.	26th	"	"	"
517—1913	Morahwar Luxumon Patekar and Sakaram Anaji Desai.	"	Dambergully	Lately carrying on business in partnership as dealers in iron works under the name of Sakaram Anaji Desai and now moulders in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway.	27th	"	"	"
518—1913	Payaji Sakharan Otaokar	"	No. 1221, Patel, New Road	Jobber in the Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company, Limited.	28th	"	"	"
519—1913	Haji Cassum Soomar Memon	Mahomedan	Nakhoda Molla	Hawker in silk cloth	"	"	"	"
520—1913	Yeshwantro Balkrishna Sahane	Hindu	Nos. 11 and 13, Damer Lane, Gamdevi.	Lately draftsman in the employ of Messrs. Narisinh and Company, Engineers, and now unemployed.	30th	"	"	"
521—1913	Kalyandas Jaiskiondas Jasheri	"	Sobhag Mahal, Walkeshwar Road.	Lately Jewellery Broker and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"
522—1913	Damji Hirji, Shamji Ramji, Velji Meghji and Shivji Nensay.	"	.....	Till lately doing business in partnership in the name, firm and style of Damji Hirji and Company at Colaba, outside the Fort, as Mucadums, Merchants and Commission Agents.	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' Petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

H D

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, BOMBAY,
Dated this 1st day of October 1913.

R. B. PATIL,
Chief Clerk.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Claimants who have attained their majority.

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Deputy Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing :—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	{ Caroline Brooks (daughter). { Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	{ John Brandon (son). { Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	{ Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). { Joseph Carroll (son). { Agnes Carroll (daughter).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	John Cosser (son).
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son).
Doyle, I., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son).
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia, <i>alias</i> Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, J., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	{ James Flynn (son). { William Flynn (son). { Joseph Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	{ Perquira Grimstone (daughter). { Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry, Veteran Company	{ Jeremiah Mitchell Foster Hawkins (son). { George Hawkins (son).
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	{ Edward Healey (son). { Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S., Bugler, D. Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B. Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	{ Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). { Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). { Reith McManus (daughter). { Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	{ Eleanor Scully (daughter). { John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Colour-Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	{ John Sheepard (son). { Ellen Sheepard (daughter).
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	{ John Wallace (son). { Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son).

* Claims received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

G. L. O. DOWD,

for Deputy Controller of Military Accounts,

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,

SECUNDERABAD DIVISION, BOLARUM;

1st OCTOBER 1918.

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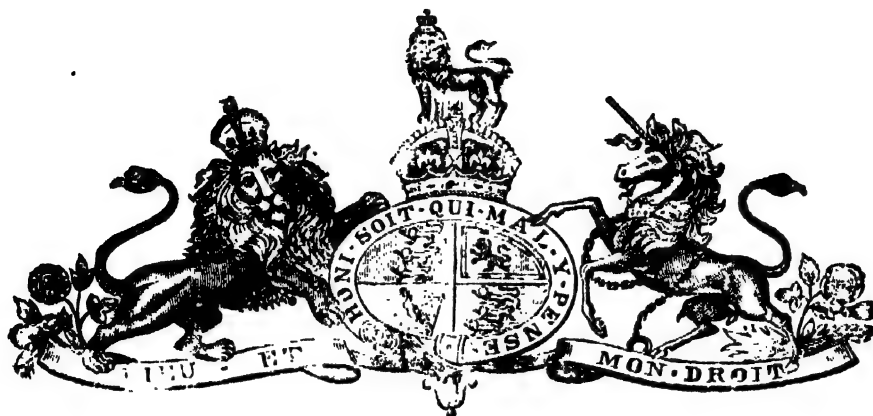
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PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The upper half of a Government Promissory-note No. 101017 of 1854-55 for Rs. 3,000, originally standing in the names of Revds. J. S. Chandler, Y. S. Taylor, and V. Santiago, any one of them or more of them, and lastly endorsed in favour of Rev. W. W. Wallace, Treasurer of the Madura Home Missionary Society, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

W. W. WALLACE,
American Mission, Madura.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 138937 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1842-43, for Rupees (500) five hundred, originally standing in the name of Abinash Chandra Dutta and last endorsed to Unmadini Dasi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser :—UNMADINI DASI,
Residence :—C/o Kylash Chander Shaha,

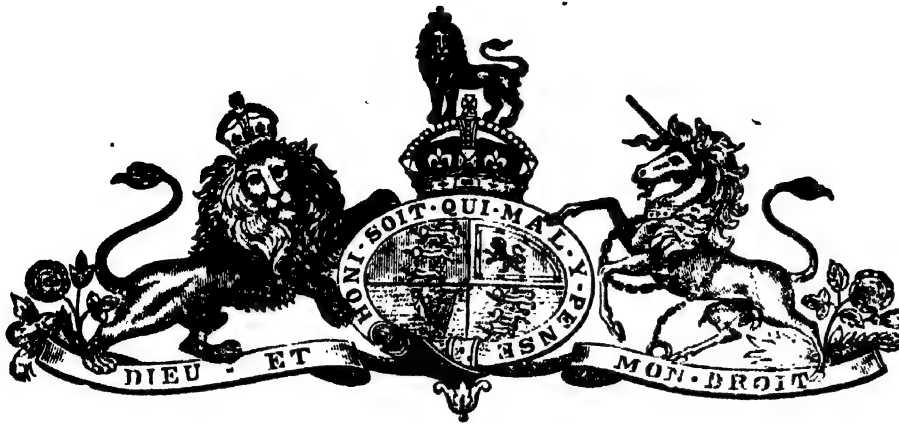
LOST OR DESTROYED.

The upper half of Government Promissory Note No. 245818 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rupees 5,000 (five thousand) originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, and last endorsed to the Chairman, Municipal Board, Azamgarh, U. P., the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

J. C. SMITH, I.C.S.,

Dated the 30th September 1913.

Chairman, Municipal Board, Azamgarh, U. P.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 41. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1913.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1913 OF :

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE
GRAM

ARHAR DÁL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPSEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)
SALT

TOBACCO LEAF
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA (WHITE)
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER

Districts	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		19
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912*	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
Burma*—															
<i>Tenasserim—</i>															
Mergul . . .	...	...	40	62.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Tavoy . . .	...	...	25.91	46.38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Moulmein and Amherst . . .	...	...	40	57.14	55.65	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>															
Rangoon . . .	...	...	38.55	57.14	49.23	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Maubin . . .	...	...	38.55	63.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Bassein . . .	...	...	39.75	58.72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>															
Hensada . . .	...	...	38.79	57.14	76.19	67.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Toungoo . . .	...	...	38.32	51.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
<i>Upper Burma—</i>															
Mandalay . . .	...	...	36.93	57.14	40	48.48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Pakokku . . .	...	...	40	58.72	...	...	...	...	...	...	22.38	22.38	...	...	..
<i>Arakan—</i>															
Akyab . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Assam*†—															
<i>Surma—</i>															
Balaganj (Sylhet)	...	22.5	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>															
Goalpara . . .	...	20	...	32.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Gauhati . . .	...	16.25	...	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Bengal*—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Chittagong . . .	25	27.5	45	52.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Dacca . . .	...	...	62.5 to 66.25	45	47.5	32.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
<i>Deltaic—</i>															
Calcutta . . .	...	...	62.5	50	45	36.25	...	...	32.5	26.75	35	...	...	...	..
<i>Western—</i>															
Bardwan . . .	...	...	55	42.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Midnapur . . .	...	...	50	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
<i>Northern—</i>															
Pabna . . .	33.12	22.19	56.25	40	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Rangpur . . .	30	20	65	45	45	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Bihar and Orissa*—															
<i>Bihar, north—</i>															
Bhagalpur . . .	...	...	52.5	39.37	40	31.25	...	...	31.87	24.37	...	26.25	...	...	..
Muzaffarpur . . .	...	...	66.56	44.37	...	33.28	...	...	26.56	25	...	...	...	...	..
<i>Bihar, south—</i>															
Patna . . .	...	...	50	36.25	29.84	27.5	...	...	20	22.5	23.44	...	...	...	..
<i>Orissa—</i>															
Cuttack . . .	...	...	45.02	38.07	40.78	35.52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
United Provin- ces—															
(a) <i>AGRA—</i>															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Benares . . .	26.25	24.53	55.10	49.48	34.37	32.4	39.32	39.32	21.7	24.53	...	...	...	...	..
<i>Central—</i>															
Cawnpore . . .	25	25.78	52.5	42.19	35	32.66	40	36.35	25	24.22	22.5	21.04	25	26.2	..
Jhansi . . .	...	...	53.44	53.28	32.5	33.91	...	...	24.06	24.23	24.22	25.78	...	...	..
<i>Western—</i>															
Meerut . . .	...	...	55.16	53.28	33.28	31.41	37.34	37.19	23.44	25.81	23.44	...	...	...	..
Agra . . .	53.38	47.08	57.24	50	36.35	33.38	42.03	40.94	26.67	25.78	25.78	27.0	27.66	33.38	..
<i>Submontane, west—</i>															
Shahjahanpur . . .	30	26.56	80	...	32.5	29.53	35.62	35	21.25	24.37	...	...	...	22.81	..
(b) <i>ODDH—</i>															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Lucknow . . .	...	...	43.23	44.43	34.79	31.98	42.08	38.07	24.22	24.22	...	...	...	...	..
<i>Northern—</i>															
Fyzabad . . .	25	24.37	48.75	47.19	33.75	30.62	...	...	23.75	23.59	...	...	...	...	..

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

† Not reported yet

figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DÁL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSÉED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
...	Burma—
...	...	61.54	61.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tenasserim—
...	...	40.76	40.76	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mergui
...	Tavoy
...	Moulmein and
...	Amherst
...	...	36.16	35.56	45.71	45.71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	51.61	51.61	51.61	51.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	...	46.88	40.51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	...	39.02	40.61	55.17	52.46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (inland)—
...	Henzada
...	Toungoo
17.11	20.25	34.41	33.68	51.61	58.18	51.2	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	...	25	31.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	Pakokku
...	...	44.44	44.44	57.14	57.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Assam—
...	Burma—
...	Balaganj (Sylhet)
...	61.25	Brahmaputra—
...	63.75	Goalpara
...	Gauhati
...	52.5	50	...	...	...	...	65	100	65	75	Bengal—
...	52.5	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	65	Eastern—
...	Chittagong
35	...	35	30	47.5	40	35	30	...	...	52.5	77.5	63.75	60	Dacca
...	...	{ 30 to 32.5 }	31.25	45	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	{ 57.5 to 65 }	62.5	Deltaic—
...	{ 67.5 and 73.75 }	67.5 and 80	Calcutta
...	53.75	...	...	...	...	...	51.25	75	...	...	Western—
...	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bardwan
...	} Midnapur
...	
...	Northern—
...	Pabna
...	Rangpur
...	Bihar and Orissa—
23.12	20	31.25	25	45	39.37	31.87	22.5	...	...	63.75	72.5	{ 46.25 to 56.25 }	{ 52.5 and 62.5 }	Bihar, north—
30.78	22.19	30.78	25	44.37	35.28	28.59	22.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhagalpur
23.44	19.06	25	22.5	33.28	30.78	25	20	...	...	56.67	77.5	53.12	63.75	Muzaffarpur
...	...	35.94	36.07	50.78	43.59	35.94	30.31	...	...	...	...	75	60.94	Bihar, south—
...	Patna
...	Orissa—
...	Cuttack
...	...	26.87	24.84	40.73	33.59	...	...	...	...	56.41	...	53.02	55.78	United Provinces—
20	21.04	26.25	21.93	40	31.96	37.5	31.98	25	18.18	53.5	68.07	60	55.16	(a) AGRA—
...	...	24.09	23.75	...	...	...	...	26.67	...	48.12	...	55.16	...	Eastern—
24.22	...	25.78	28.59	34.84	30.78	40	25	...	...	55.16	55.16	...	...	Benares
28.65	...	26.67	23.24	36.35	34.79	40	44.43	25	25.78	57.24	80	57.24	61.56	Central—
...	...	26.25	21.56	40	25	...	...	...	...	50	65	56.87	60	Cawnpore
...	...	25	21.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	47.03	68.96	61.51	61.51	Jhansi
...	19.37	25	19.37	...	33.44	...	...	...	...	50	...	...	...	Western—
...	Meerut
...	Agra
...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	(b) OUDH—
...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER—*continue*

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912
Burma—														
<i>Tenasserim—</i>														
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	581.82	581.82	...	...	17.16	20.58	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	581.82	581.82	...	...	20.51	20.51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . . . .	...	...	457.14	457.14	...	...	16.89	17.98	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>														
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	533.33	533.33	...	...	18.29	18.55	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	581.82	581.82	...	...	22.86	22.86	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	492.81	492.81	...	...	22.86	22.86	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>														
Hensada . . . . .	...	...	533.33	492.81	...	...	22.86	21.84	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.81	24.81	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>														
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	533.33	533.33	...	...	22.81	22.86	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokka . . . . .	...	...	711.11	711.11	...	...	22.54	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>														
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	533.33	533.33	...	...	29.63	30.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—*														
<i>Burma—</i>														
Balaganj (Sylhet) . . . . .	...	...	...	500	...	60	...	20.62	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—														
Goalpara . . . . .	...	...	...	460	...	60	...	21.25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . . . .	...	...	...	500	...	75	...	27.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	550	490	60	65	16.25	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	600	480	82.5	70	22.5	21.25	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>														
Calcutta	67.5	72.5	540	470	55	50	16.87	18.75	63.75	67.5	...	...	20	13.7
<i>Western—</i>														
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	525	480	{ 60 to 65 }	65	18.75	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	{ 550 to 600 }	{ 500 to 550 }	65	77.5	20	20.62	{ 120 to 130 }	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>														
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	550	500	47.5	50	21.25	22.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	560	520	80	52.5	22.5	22.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—														
<i>Bihar, north—</i>														
Bhagalpur	90	80	522.5	490	57.5	45	21.56	21.69	122.5	95	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	533.12	457.5	50	36.25	20.94	22.19	266.56	160	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>														
Patna	65.62	62.5	480	415	40	42.5	20	20.62	20	20	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>														
Cuttack	75	60.84	609.37	476.15	60.88	47.6	17.5	17.5	92.34	69.9	...	...	5	5
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Benares	66.67	81.41	510.26	488.91	45.88	43.12	23.7	22.24	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Cawnpore . . . . .	...	100	482.5	493.29	35	48.49	17.5	17.76	140	70	{ 90 and 97.5 }	102.5	...	...
Jhansi	64.06	72.97	473.91	426.72	47.5	50	20	19.69	...	...	...	...	5.08	2.03
<i>Western—</i>														
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	533.28	512.19	40	50	17.34	17.81	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	94.11	...	492.29	457.18	57.13	57.13	17.76	17.4	110	90	125	127.5	7.97	...
<i>Submetane, west—</i>														
Shahjahanpur	62.5	67.5	490	475	50	67.5	20	20	180	...	{ 80 and 90 }	{ 120 and 130 }	...	...
(b) OUDH—														
<i>Southern—</i>														
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	...	480	...	...	20	20.94	...	...	90	120	2.5	2
<i>Northern—</i>														
Fyzabad . . . . .	...	...	525	445	30.62	35	20.62	20.94	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1918	1912	1918	1912	1918	1912	1918	1912	1918	1912	1918	1912	1918	1912	
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer (a) . . .	26.67	26.67	...	...	39.11	38.12	...	...	30.62	30.21	29.63	30.78	31.98	33.33	...
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozpur . . .	...	...	53.28	52.5	30.78	30	36.25	33.75	28.59	23.75	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Lahore . . .	25.62	26.56	48.12	50	30.28	33.5	40	37.34	25	23.44	25.62	22.19	30.78	30.78	...
South-eastern—															
Delhi . . .	23.12	30	66.87	63.75	36.25	32.19	41.87	40	25.62	24.69	20	24.37	25.62	33.19	...
Submontane—															
Amritsar . . .	28.75	27.66	54.22	53.28	30	29.06	33.91	33.28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Rawalpindi . . .	...	...	56.25	56.25	35	33.12	40	36.25	23.12	23.12	17.5	23.75	25.62	38.12	...
Western—															
Lyallpur . . .	...	...	52.5	50	30	31.87	33.75	35	23.75	25	20	18.75	...	...	...
Multan . . .	28.12	27.5	45.44	46.12	33.75	32.5	38.12	37.81	...	...	20	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar . . .	...	...	59.79	...	36.82	34.22	40.99	39.74	23.59	21.98	19.22	19.22	33.18	34.01	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . .	...	...	...	...	...	33.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.37	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi . . .	...	...	53.12	57.5	85	40	...	...	29.58	33.12	29.37	35	27.81	43.44	...
Shikarpur . . .	26.25	23.12	65.31	54.69	34.06	35	...	...	27.19	30.31	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . .	...	...	...	...	38.12 to 40.62	39.37 41.25	62.5	65	29.37	28.75	28.75	40	...	...	...
Bombay—															
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar . . .	...	...	...	...	39.53	...	...	...	...	...	33.24	31.67	...	...	...
Sholapur . . .	...	...	50.91	...	48.38	...	...	...	...	...	28.07	32.03	28.65	...	...
Poona . . .	...	...	60.16	60.16	40.67	...	...	...	...	...	...	41.67	36.82	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E.															
Deccan—															
Ahmadnagar . . .	...	...	13.18	64.17	41.51	42.55	...	...	...	...	36.51	41.2	34.32	44.17	...
Dhulia . . .	...	...	...	...	37.45	47.81	...	...	...	...	...	...	34.32	41.67	...
Gujarat—															
Surat . . .	...	...	...	...	39.63	...	...	...	...	...	34.58	42.5	...	...	...
Ahmadabad . . .	...	...	56.25	43.75	38.75	40	...	...	27.5	32.5	30	35	38.75	38.75	...
Central Provinces *—															
Western—															
Nagpur . . .	...	...	42.25	42.25	33.37	35.25	44.5	50	...	...	30.37	30.37	...	...	...
Central—															
Jubbulpore . . .	...	...	42.12	38.12	32	34.75	42.12	44.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—															
Raipur . . .	...	...	33	35.5	33	33.5	43	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berar—															
Akola . . .	...	...	45.25	41.75	38	39.75	...	...	...	...	29	26	...	...	...
Amravati . . .	...	...	44.75	44.75	35.75	35.75	...	...	...	...	28.75	25	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32.9	38.6	30.5	39	...
Salem . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32
Central—															
Bellary . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	31.8	...	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	39.7	39.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.9	25.3	...	...	...
Karnul . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29
East Coast, south—															
Madras . . .	34.5	38	56.3	56.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore . . .	35.2	35.2	66.8	53.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Southern—															
Madurai . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39.1	42.5	46.2	48.6	...
Mysore—															
Mysore . . .	26.5	32	66	68	60	60	51.98	51.98	...	...	26	26	...	...	2
Bangalore . . .	33	28	70	64	60	60	67.76	67.76	...	...	...	...	...	...	3

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice
(a) Not reported yet

MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
29.27	30.05	28.59	27.4	...	...	30.78	...	...	...	94.06	100	...	...	Rajputana—
...	...	22.81	24.37	40	42.5	...	...	33.28	27.5	66.72	70	...	...	Eastern— Ajmer
25.62	30.78	25	26.56	48.44	30.25	30.78	30	30.78	27.03	56.87	69.06	61.25	59.37	Punjab—
31.25	24.87	25.62	22.19	35	35	...	...	25.94	23.44	90	100	55	60	Southern— Ferozpur
...	...	25.47	26.72	...	...	...	...	30	28.1	47.5	...	62.5	66.72	Central— Lahore
25	23.12	25.62	27.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	61.87	...	52.5	South-eastern— Delhi
...	25	24.9	26.56	...	...	...	...	28.75	24.37	...	...	...	62.19	Submontane— Amritsar
27.5	...	26.87	28.44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	62.5	62.19	Northern— Rawalpindi
30.78	27.71	26.41	28.54	33.18	37.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Western— Lyallpur Multan
...	...	26.87	26.67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	30	28.75	...	...	...	...	31.41	26.87	...	...	...	...	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	...	30.31	30	45	42.5	...	...	30.31	...	...	...	...	53.75	Karachi Shikarpur
32.5	35	...	...	57.5	61.25	51.25	43.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	Quetta
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay—
...	...	...	...	48.49	...	...	...	...	...	50.62	...	...	...	Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar Sholapur Poona
...	...	31.61	31.08	...	47.81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar Dhulia
...	...	31.25	32.45	...	43.15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gujarat— Surat Ahmadabad
...	...	30	30	47.5	42.5	...	...	25	30	...	...	...	...	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	...	29.5	32.62	49	36.75	...	...	22.5	25	...	...	...	...	Central— Jubbulpore
...	...	24.25	25	44.5	32	35	40	26.62	23.5	51.87	69.5	...	...	Eastern— Raipur
...	...	28	28	45	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Berar—
...	...	32	34.25	44	39.5	...	...	22	27.25	...	...	...	...	Akola Amratoli
...	...	26.25	31.25	41.5	34.12	...	...	20.62	25	61.5	84.62	...	...	Madras—
...	...	40.4	55.8	...	...	...	...	33.6	35.2	...	...	...	...	Southern, central— Coimbatore Salem
...	...	36.9	46.2	35.3	...	...	...	23.1	23.1	...	...	...	...	Central— Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central— Nel ore
...	...	...	...	35.7	27.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south— Madras Tanjore Trichinopoly
...	...	37.1	35.0	...	...	51.5	45.4	32.4	32.4	...	...	...	...	Southern— Madura
...	...	...	...	...	...	53.1	58.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore— Mysore Bangalore
5	...	28	28	60	56	68.59	68.59	...	...	...	...

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER—concluded

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912
putana—														
<i>western—</i>														
Ajmer (a)	88 91	94 06	49 1	533 33	54 69	63 09	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 28	11 41
ajab—														
<i>northern—</i>														
Ferozpur	80	...	581 87	510	53 28	52 5	16 72	16 25	80	70	114 22	120	...	...
<i>central—</i>														
Lahore	80	88 75	556 25	510	48 12	61 56	14 84	14 84	75	66 25	110	148 75	...	10
<i>northern-eastern—</i>														
Delhi	82 5	80	550	530	40	50	17 5	17 81	70	80	100	130	11 41	13 11
<i>mountain—</i>														
Amritsar	82 5	75	525	490	44 37	69 84	14 37	14 37	...	...	70	...	...	...
<i>northern—</i>														
Rawalpindi . . . .	...	...	530	410	40	43 75	13 75	13 75	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>eastern—</i>														
Lyallpur . . . .	...	...	512 5	475	41 25	43 12	15	15	80	80	...	...	10	...
Multan . . . .	...	...	525	491 25	43 44	45	15 62	15 04	...	100	...	...	...	...
W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar . . . .	...	...	492 29	457 13	49 22	65 31	15 1	15 57	12 07	...	...	...	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sindh and Baluchistan—														
Karachi	87 5	...	525	532 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur . . . .	...	...	565	515	...	...	...	...	43 41	50	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . . .	...	...	545 to 595	469 to 530	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
abey—														
Coastal and Karnatak—														
Dharwar . . . .	...	...	...	...	75	71 09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bholapur . . . .	...	...	...	...	76 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . . .	...	...	554 37	522 81	76 3	...	...	...	252 06	192 97	...	...	...	...
Andesh and N.E.														
Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar . . . .	...	...	525	458 33	64 17	71 67	...	...	...	...	83 33	...	...	...
Dhulia	101 93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat . . . .	...	...	...	483 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad . . . .	...	...	54 1	460	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
<i>northern—</i>														
Nagpur . . . .	...	95 75	600	600	...	...	23 37	23 37	83 37	100	120	120	...	...
<i>central—</i>														
Bulbulpore	80	72 75	500	450	...	...	22 87 1	23 25	123 12	100	106 62	123 75	...	...
<i>northern—</i>														
Balpur . . . .	...	...	490	465	...	...	20	26	170	150	82	110	...	...
Madras—														
Akola . . . .	...	...	630	410	...	...	19	19	114	100	...	...	...	...
Amratoti	83 37	83 37	500	500	...	...	20	20	124 5	173 87	...	...	...	...
Madras—														
<i>northern, central—</i>														
Coimbatore	80 8	96 3	548 9	487 8	49 6	57 7	22 4	21 9	...	...	64 1	86 4	...	...
Salem . . . .	...	...	445 2	445 2	...	...	...	...	182 1	205 5	85 7	114 7	...	...
<i>central—</i>														
Bellary	66 2	...	730 2	571 4	47 7	67 4	...	...	...	...	49 5	79 1	...	...
Cuddapah . . . .	...	...	592 1	427 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	65 8	74 1	...	...
Karnul . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150	116 6	...	...	...	...
<i>1st Coast, central—</i>														
Nellore . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 7	15 7	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>2nd Coast, south—</i>														
Madras	79 1	74 1	526 6	493 8	49	54 7	12 8	12 7	131 7	131 7	47 8	82 3	...	...
Tanjore . . . .	...	...	600	466 6	...	...	13 1	13 1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . .	...	...	608 2	540 5	...	...	17 6	17 6	123 4	102 8	...	...	...	...
<i>northern—</i>														
Madras	87	87	675 7	675 7	...	...	...	...	...	101 9	...	...	...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	80	80	606	505 73	68 54	68 54	...	...	205 68	205 68	130	120	3 65	3 65
Bangalore	88	72	788 54	582 61	51 41	64 27	...	...	240	240	154 27	171 41	5 88	5 88

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds
(a) Not reported yet

ures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

W	JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOWH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
6.67	8.91	8.02	...	...	57.19	...	110	100	85	85	2.91	2.91	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	6.72	...	...	...	90	90	150	150	2.5	2.41	Punjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	9.37	...	25.62	27.5	150	140	170	170	2.58	2.37	Central— Lahore
...	11.41	13.12	10	...	18.75	20	80	80	150	150	2.17	2.17	South-eastern— Delhi
...	7.19	...	20	22.81	100	100	...	...	2.66	2.5	Submontane— Amritsar
...	10	...	...	28.75	90	90	120	100	2.37	2.25	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	6.72	...	22.5	25	100	100	140	140	2.83	2.5	Western— Lyallpur
...	2.64	2.52	Multan
...	N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	6.35	...	16.61	16.46	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 200 }	{ 60 to 200 }	2.8	2.66	Peshawar
...	3.06	2.62	Dera Ismael Khan
...	2.16	2.03	Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi
...	4.37	...	...	18.75	...	...	...	...	2.47	2.34	Shikarpur
...	5.62	5	23.75	31.56	{ 100 to 200 }	{ 100 to 200 }	...	...	2.39	2.33	Quetta
...	Bombay—
...	87.5	...	...	...	2.41	2.25	Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar
...	2.37	2.2	Sholapur
...	2.34	2.12	Poona
...	28.59	28.59	...	...	...	...	2.06	2.03	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar
...	2.36	2.2	Dhulia
...	Gujarat— Surat
...	22.5	23.75	...	...	...	...	2.37	2.25	Ahmadabad
...	Central Provinces—
...	50	50	100	100	1.87	1.87	Western— Nagpur
...	25	30	60	60	70	70	1.87	1.75	Central— Jubbulpore
...	2.25	2.25	Eastern— Raipur
...	92	88	53	58	2	1.87	Berar— Akola
...	33.37	60	60	80	75	2.25	2.25	Amritoti
...	Madras—
...	3.2	4	...	...	90.1*	115.2*	...	...	60	60	2.44	2.19	South, Central— Coimbatore
...	80†	80†	...	...	2.22	2.11	Salem
...	6.8	6.8	...	...	...	...	100†	100†	140	140	2.25	2.25	Central— Bellary
...	2.25	2	Cuddapah
...	2.68	2.33	Karnul
...	East Coast, central— Nellore
3.6	1.78	1.72	East Coast, south— Madras
...	26.9	22.8	123.73†	98.75†	...	...	1.79	1.82	Tanjore
...	14.3	14.3	135†	130†	...	...	2.06	1.82	Trichinopoly
...	35.3	32.3	...	...	...	...	2.44	2.39	Southern— Madura
15	20.4	20.4	...	...	...	...	2	2	Mysore— Mysore
4.43	4.43	4.43	...	...	30.72	36.72	80	80	100	100	2.62	2.37	Bangalore
5.88	...	4.79	...	...	33.8	33.8	160	160	{ 120 to 150 }	{ 120 to 150 }	2.5	2	

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,

Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

J. F. GRUNING,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

Calcutta October 4, 1918

B

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1913

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (<i>An tropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 13	10 13	15 6	15 6	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	...	...	9 2	9 2	9 5	9 5	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 1	11 10	11 3	...	...	...	...
Bangoon	7 13	7 12	...	...	9 1	9 1	9 15	10 —	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 1	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 12	10 1	9 12	10 1	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 10	8 10	11 7	10 9	...	...	...	...
Hensada	5 2	5 2	...	...	8 1	8 1	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Prome . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	9 6	9 6	...	8 12	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	9 3	9 3	...	...	8 5	8 5	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Bhamo . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 10	7 10	8 15	8 15	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 10	8 9	9 8	9 7	20 6	20 6	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	3 4	3 4	...	...	10 10	10 10	12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyu	5 —	5 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Assam—*												
Burma—												
Sylhet . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	...	7 12	...	...	...	...
Cachar . . . .	...	7 12	...	...	...	7 —	...	8 —	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jaintia Hills . . . .	...	6 —	...	...	...	3 8	...	6 4	...	...	...	...
Gáro Hills . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	3 —	...	6 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur . . . .	...	8 —	...	...	...	16 —	...	18 —	...	...	...	...
Nága Hills . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	...	10 —	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	...	5 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpara . . . .	...	10 2	...	...	...	4 —	...	6 8	...	...	...	...
Kámráp . . . .	...	7 8	...	...	...	5 —	...	7 8	...	...	...	...
Darrang . . . .	...	5 —	...	...	...	5 8	...	8 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	...	8 8	...	...	...	...
Sibságar . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	...	7 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur . . . .	...	6 —	...	...	...	4 —	...	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
Eas'ern—												
Chittagong . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Tippura . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 2	6 2	...	...	...	...
Dacca	8 8	8 8	12 — to 13 —	13 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—												
Khulna . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	8 12	8 12	11 12	11 12	...	...	5 8	5 8	11 12	11 12	...	...
Hoochly . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 2	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	10 —	10 10	...	...	...	...	6 14	6 10	...	...	...	...
Jessore	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	6 15	...	...	...	...
Faridpur . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 8	6 —	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MABUA OR RAGI (<i>Kleusine</i> <i>coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria</i> <i>italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR HUNAGA (<i>Cicer</i> <i>arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Burma—
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	17 12	17 12	Tenasserim—
...	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 14	6 14	18 9	18 9	Mergui
...	9 13	10 11	...	...	6 15	6 15	14 —	14 —	Tavoy
...	7 12	7 12	...	...	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 8	Moulmein and
...	8 5	9 8	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Amherst
...	13 2	13 2	...	...	10 1	10 1	14 —	14 —	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	17 —	17 —	Pegu
...	11 7	11 7	...	...	8 3	8 3	14 4	14 4	Rangoon
...	9 7	9 7	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Manbin
...	8 4	8 4	18 4	18 4	5 13	5 13	14 —	14 —	Bassein
...	11 2	10 11	21 6	21 6	7 5	7 5	16 —	16 —	Pegu (inland)—
...	14 4	14 4	...	...	5 9	5 9	11 6	11 6	Tharawadi
...	13 4	13 2	24 5	24 4	6 14	8 14	17 12	17 12	Henzada
...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	9 8	9 8	Prome
...	5 —	5 —	15 —	15 —	Toungoo
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 8	12 8	Thayetmyo
...	9 —	...	...	...	8 —	...	18 —	Upper Burma—
...	9 —	...	...	...	8 —	...	16 —	Mandalay
...	Blamo
...	Pakokku
...	Meiktila
...	Arakan—
...	Sandoway
...	Kyaukpada
...	Akyab
...	Assam—
...	Burma—
...	Sylhet
...	Cachar
...	Hill tracts—
...	7 —	...	9 8	...	6 —	...	10 —	Khási and Jaintia
...	6 —	...	...	...	5 —	...	10 —	Hills
...	5 —	...	20 —	...	5 —	...	10 —	Garo Hills
...	6 —	...	...	...	5 4	...	10 —	Manipur
...	5 8	...	...	...	4 8	...	8 —	Naga Hills
...	10 —	...	...	...	7 8	...	17 —	Lushai Hills
...	10 —	...	...	...	7 12	...	16 —	Brahmaputra—
...	8 —	...	...	...	6 8	...	13 —	Goalpara
...	10 —	...	...	...	8 —	...	16 —	Kamrup
...	9 8	...	...	...	7 8	...	16 —	Darrang
...	8 —	...	...	...	7 —	...	15 —	Nowgong
...	Sibsagar
...	Lakhimpur
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	23 —	23 —	Bengal—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Eastern—
...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Chittagong
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 12	8 —	17 —	17 —	Noakhali
...	16 —	16 —	Backerganj
...	16 —	16 —	Maimensingh
...	16 —	16 —	Tippera
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 12	7 12	16 —	16 —	Dacca
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Dacca
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Khulna
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	24 Parganas
...	12 —	10 10	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Howrah
...	11 12	11 12	12 —	12 —	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Calcutta
...	9 —	10 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	20 —	Hooghly
...	14 8	14 8	...	...	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	16 —	16 —	Jessore
...	Faridpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR GUMBU (Pennisetum typhoidesum)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month				
Bengal—continued												
Western—												
Bankura	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Burdwan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 6	7 —	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 4	7 12	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	9 12	9 12	13 8	15 —	...	...	6 9	6 —	...	...	...	...
Malda	11 —	11 4	...	14 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Bogra . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 7	6 —	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	10 10	10 13	...	...	...	...	6 9	7 8	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 8	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—												
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 10	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	8 12	11 4	12 8	15 5	...	...	7 4	7 3	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	10 4	10 8	15 6	15 6	...	...	6 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	11 —	10 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Saran	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	6 12	7 —	...	...	...	...
Champaran	11 —	10 12	16 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Santhal Parganas	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	10 —	10 —	16 8	17 —	...	...	6 6	6 4	...	...	...	...
Gaya	10 8	10 —	12 8	12 8	...	...	7 4	7 4	14 —	13 4	...	...
Patna	14 —	14 —	20 —	19 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	17 —	17 —	...	...
Shahabad	10 8	11 —	13 —	14 —	...	...	8 11	8 —	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	8 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Manbhum	10 —	10 —	10 —	11 —	...	...	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Ranchi	10 —	10 —	12 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Palamau	10 11	10 2	13 8	14 1	...	...	8 7	8 7	...	...	...	...
Hasaribagh	8 —	8 12	12 —	11 —	...	...	7 4	7 —	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	9 13	9 8	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	9 13	9 13	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 13	...	...	...	...
Balasore	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...	9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(a) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	9 12	9 5	15 8	15 —	5 4	5 —	7 12	7 —	16 8	16 —	12 12	12 8
Benares	11 2	10 13	16 4	15 11	6 2	6 2	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Ghazipur	10 10	11 2	16 5	16 5	5 4	5 4	7 10	7 10	16 5	16 5	12 14	12 14
Jaunpur . . . . .	...	10 13	...	18 7	...	4 3	...	7 1	...	15 8	...	...
Allahabad	9 8	9 8	15 8	15 8	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Central—												
Bandu	11 12	12 4	16 —	16 —	4 8	4 8	7 8	8 —	17 12	15 8	14 —	14 8
Fatehpur	10 12	11 4	15 8	16 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Hamirpur	10 12	11 4	14 4	14 4	5 4	5 4	7 —	7 —	17 —	17 —	15 4	15 4
Jalaun	11 8	11 8	16 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Cawnpore	10 12	10 12	15 8	15 4	...	...	7 12	7 12	16 8	16 —	16 —	15 8
Jhansi	12 1	12 4	16 5	17 5	5 4	5 11	7 —	7 4	16 4	16 11	15 1	14 12
Etawah	11 4	11 4	15 4	15 4	3 —	3 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Farrukhabad	11 1	11 2	15 10	15 10	3 14	3 14	6 13	6 13	15 4	15 —	15 4	15 10
Mainpuri	11 8	11 8	15 8	16 8	4 8	5 —	8 8	9 —	14 —	15 —	15 —	14 —
Etah	11 12	12 —	15 —	16 8	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Western—												
Meerut	11 12	12 4	16 8	16 —	3 4	3 —	7 4	7 —	17 —	17 —	...	...
Agra	10 —	10 8	14 8	15 8	3 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	15 —
Muttra	11 4	11 8	15 8	16 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Aligarh	12 4	12 4	17 —	16 8	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 —	14 —	14 —	14 —	14 —
Bulandshahr	12 8	11 12	18 —	17 4	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —
Submontane, east—												
Ballia	10 11	10 11	16 4	16 4	5 3	5 3	7 2	7 2	16 13	14 5	13 —	...
Amangarh	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	5 4	5 4	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Beni	12 4	12 4	17 —	17 —	5 —	5 —	9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...

• Not reported yet

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Oicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
Bengal—continued												
Western—												
...	12 —	10 8	...	...	8 8	8 —	20 —	20 —	Bankura
...	13 14	12 —	...	...	8 12	7 8	21 —	20 —	Burdwan
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	18 —	18 —	Birbhum
...	10 —	11 —	...	...	7 8	{ 7 12 to 8 — }	20 —	20 —	Midnapur
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Murshidabad
Northern—												
...	7 7	7 8	18 2	18 2	Pabna
...	14 4	14 4	...	...	8 4	7 14	16 —	16 —	Rajshahi
...	13 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Malda
...	7 11	8 10	19 8	19 8	Bogra
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Jalpaiguri
...	10 18	11 7	...	...	9 —	7 13	18 8	19 —	Dinajpur
...	9 —	9 4	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Rangpur
8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	12 —	10 —	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Hills— Darjeeling
Bihar and Orissa—												
Bihar, north—												
...	12 —	12 —	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Purnea
...	12 10	14 —	13 12	13 12	8 14	9 5	18 —	19 8	Bhagalpur
15 6	14 3	...	...	13 8	11 11	14 3	13 8	10 4	10 —	17 9	17 9	Darbhanga
...	13 —	14 —	13 —	13 —	9 —	10 —	19 —	19 —	Muzaffarpur
...	...	4 —	4 —	13 8	14 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —	19 8	19 —	Saran
...	14 —	14 —	13 —	14 —	10 —	11 —	17 8	18 —	Champaran
Bihar, south—												
...	11 —	11 —	27 8	11 —	8 —	8 —	17 —	16 —	Santhal Parganas
...	15 4	15 —	17 —	16 —	8 12	8 8	18 14	18 14	Monghyr
18 —	...	12 —	10 —	13 8	13 8	13 —	12 8	10 —	9 8	17 8	16 —	Gaya
...	...	12 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	17 —	15 —	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	Patna
...	15 —	14 —	12 —	14 —	10 —	10 —	19 8	19 —	Shahabad
Chota Nagpur—												
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	17 —	Singbhum
...	11 8	12 8	20 —	...	9 —	8 8	18 —	18 —	Mánbhum
20 —	20 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	16 —	12 —	6 12	5 8	16 —	16 —	Ráncbi
...	14 10	14 1	20 4	13 8	10 2	10 2	19 2	18 9	Paláman
15 —	13 6	...	...	12 8	12 8	14 —	13 —	8 8	8 —	18 —	16 —	Hazáribágh
...	9 13	10 13	...	...	8 8	8 3	26 —	26 —	Orissa— Puri
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 14	7 14	22 13	22 13	Cuttack
...	{ 10 — and 12 — }	{ 10 — and 12 — }	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Balasore
...	11 4	11 12	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	Sambalpur
United Provinces—												
(a) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
...	...	12 12	...	13 4	14 —	16 8	16 8	8 12	9 8	17 —	16 —	Mirzapur
...	...	15 11	15 3	14 11	14 10	...	...	8 15	8 15	16 14	16 14	Benares
...	...	12 3	...	15 11	15 11	...	...	10 5	10 5	17 4	17 4	Ghazipur
...	16 2	...	13 4	...	20 13	...	9 2	17 7	17 7	Jaunpur
...	15 12	15 12	...	...	9 —	9 —	19 —	19 —	Allahabad
Central—												
...	16 8	16 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	Bánda
...	14 4	15 —	...	...	10 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	Fatehpur
...	14 12	15 4	...	...	10 —	10 —	17 —	17 —	Hamirpur
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	Jalaun
...	...	16 —	16 —	14 4	14 8	19 —	16 —	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Cawnpore
...	15 15	16 7	...	...	8 6	8 12	20 —	20 —	Jhansi
...	15 4	14 12	...	...	16 4	17 8	19 8	19 8	Etáwah
...	13 11	13 15	15 10	14 8	9 12	9 13	20 —	20 2	Farrukhabad
...	15 —	16 8	20 —	20 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Mainpuri
...	13 8	15 8	17 —	20 —	11 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Etah
Western—												
...	15 —	15 8	16 —	...	11 —	12 —	23 —	23 —	Meerut
...	15 —	15 —	15 —	16 —	10 —	12 8	21 —	22 —	Agra
...	16 8	17 —	...	...	11 —	11 8	21 8	21 8	Muttra
...	...	8 —	8 —	15 —	14 4	17 —	17 —	10 —	10 —	22 —	21 —	Aligarh
...	15 —	14 12	18 —	17 —	11 —	10 8	20 8	21 —	Bulandshahr
Submontane, east—												
...	14 5	14 5	16 4	12 6	10 11	10 6	16 4	16 4	Ballia
...	14 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	17 —	17 —	Asamgarh
...	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	Gorakhpur
...	15 —	15 4	16 —	16 —	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	Basti

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
United Provinces—continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahanpur	12 —	12 —	17 8	17 —	3 —	3 —	9 —	9 —	17 —	16 —	18 —	17 —
Budaun	11 11	12 —	16 10	16 8	3 14	4 —	6 14	7 —	14 14	14 8	14 14	15 2
Pilibit	11 12	...	17 4	...	5 —	...	6 8	...	...	...	...	...
Bareilly	11 9	11 9	18 12	18 —	4 —	4 —	7 4	7 8	...	...	...	...
Moradabad	10 6	11 2	16 14	16 14	3 3	3 8	7 14	7 14	...	...	...	...
Rijnor	11 4	11 4	17 8	17 8	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar	12 6	12 10	17 1	16 8	3 —	3 —	7 2	7 2	16 8	16 8	11 —	11 —
Saharanpur . . . . .	...	11 12	...	16 —	...	3 8	...	6 10	...	17 —	...	...
Dehra-Dun	11 —	10 8	16 6	16 8	3 —	3 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	14 8	13 —	12 8
Hills—												
Naini Tal	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 —	3 —	3 —	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —
Almora	10 8	10 12	14 —	15 —	3 8	3 12	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Garhwal* . . . . .	...	10 8	...	15 —	...	3 —	...	5 12	...	16 —	...	12 —
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partabgarh	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	6 —	6 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	15 —
Sultanpur	12 4	12 4	18 8	18 8	5 —	5 —	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Bac-Bareilly	11 8	11 12	16 8	16 —	4 —	4 —	9 8	9 8	18 —	18 —	18 —	16 —
Unao	11 11	11 12	15 12	15 12	5 8	5 8	8 4	8 4	16 —	16 —	15 —	16 —
Lucknow	11 4	11 4	16 8	16 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	17 —
Hardoi	12 8	12 —	18 —	16 —	3 —	3 —	8 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Fyzabad	11 8	11 8	16 8	16 8	...	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	17 —	...	...
Barabanki	11 8	11 8	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	8 —	20 —	18 —	16 —	14 —
Gonda	11 4	11 6	15 8	16 12	4 12	4 12	7 4	7 12	15 —	15 —	16 —	17 —
Bahraich	12 8	12 8	19 —	19 —	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	10 —	19 —	15 8	17 —
Sitapur	12 —	12 —	18 8	18 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	18 —	16 —
Kheri	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	16 —	16 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Mewar (Udaipur)	11 5	11 5	18 5	16 8	5 14	5 14	6 9	6 9	15 6	15 6	10 10	10 10
Ajmer	10 4	10 4	13 1	13 8	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	13 8	13 8	12 8	12 8
Kishangarh	10 —	9 12	13 8	13 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	13 8	12 8	11 8	11 —
Tonk	10 4	10 4	14 10	14 11	4 8	4 8	5 10	5 10	16 14	16 14	15 12	14 10
Jaipur	11 12	11 9	15 7	15 7	5 —	4 14	6 12	5 11	15 2	14 15	14 1	13 14
Karauli	11 4	11 4	14 6	15 —	5 —	6 14	6 4	8 2	...	...	13 12	18 12
Dholpur	11 7 1/2	11 7 1/2	16 8	16 —	4 12	4 12	5 —	5 —	16 8	16 7 1/2	16 6	16 7 1/2
Bharatpur	11 10	11 10	15 8	15 8	4 14	4 14	5 2	5 2	14 10	14 10	12 10	12 10
Alwar	11 11	11 11	14 9	12 14	5 4	5 4	6 12	6 12	16 4	16 4	14 —	15 6
Deoli	11 10 1/2	11 6	15 13	14 15	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 4	12 —	12 —
Nasirabad	10 —	10 6	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	13 8	13 8	12 —	12 —
Western—												
Bikaner	10 —	9 12	13 8	14 —	5 —	4 8	7 —	6 8	12 8	12 8	10 —	10 —
Jaisalmer	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 1	5 1	5 10	6 3	11 13	11 4	11 13	10 14
Jodhpur	{ 9 10 and 10 3 }	{ 9 — and 10 — }	13 —	12 12	6 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	13 8	13 7	{ 11 8 and 13 — }	{ 11 1 and 13 — }
Central India—												
Indore	12 8	12 4	15 —	14 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	18 8	18 —	13 —	12 8
Nimach	11 12	12 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —
Gwalior	11 —	11 4	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 12	5 8	...	...	...	...
Punjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	11 —	11 —	16 —	15 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	13 —	12 —	13 —	13 —
Ferozpur	12 8	12 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	11 12	11 12	15 8	16 4	...	...	8 —	7 4	15 —	14 8	12 8	12 8
Gujranwala	12 6	12 4	18 8	19 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Gujrat	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Jhelam	11 8	11 8	18 —	16 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —

* Not reported yet

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Elevine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUM, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, OHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
United Provinces— continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontane, west—												
...	14 —	15 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	19 —	19 —	Shahjahanpur
...	...	10 —	10 —	14 4	15 4	15 14	16 6	9 14	10 —	20 —	20 —	Budaun
...	15 8	...	...	...	10 8	...	20 —	...	Pilibit
...	14 11	15 10	16 8	16 8	12 —	12 —	21 —	20 8	Bareilly
...	13 14	13 14	...	...	11 2	...	20 10	21 2	Moradabad
...	14 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	19 —	19 —	Bijnor
...	15 6	15 8	...	...	7 2	7 4	20 14	20 14	Muzaffarnagar
...	15 6	...	19 2	...	9 8	...	21 4	Saharanpur
15 —	14 —	...	...	14 —	13 12	18 —	16 —	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Dehra-Dun
Hills—												
...	10 8	10 8	12 —	12 —	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	Naini Tal
12 —	12 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 —	12 —	Almora
...	18 —	...	16 —	...	7 8	...	...	...	6 —	...	9 —	Garhwal
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
...	16 —	17 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Partabgarh
...	17 8	17 8	...	...	10 4	10 4	22 —	22 —	Sultanpur
24 —	20 —	20 —	18 —	16 8	17 —	16 —	16 —	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareilly
...	...	21 —	16 —	15 2	15 8	...	16 —	9 12	10 —	20 —	20 —	Unao
...	...	20 —	...	16 —	15 8	...	...	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	Lucknow
...	17 —	14 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	19 —	20 —	Hardoi
Northern—												
...	...	13 8	13 8	15 8	15 12	...	...	9 12	9 12	19 —	18 8	Fyzabad
...	...	16 —	12 —	15 8	16 —	20 —	18 —	10 —	10 —	19 —	19 —	Barabanki
12 —	12 —	10 —	9 12	14 4	14 12	16 8	16 8	9 12	10 4	18 —	18 —	Gonda
...	...	11 —	...	17 —	17 —	15 —	16 —	11 8	11 8	18 —	18 —	Bahraich
13 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	17 8	17 8	16 8	16 —	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Sitapur
18 —	22 —	11 —	10 —	15 —	16 —	18 —	22 —	11 —	11 —	18 —	16 —	Kheri
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
...	...	10 10	11 —	12 7	12 1	17 15	16 1	8 1	8 1	17 15	17 15	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	6 8	6 8	14 —	14 —	13 12	13 8	10 8	10 8	24 —	24 —	Ajmer
...	18 —	13 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Kishangarh
15 12	13 6	13 8	...	14 10	...	...	20 4	20 4	Tonk
...	...	6 9	6 8	13 10 and 15 6	13 6 and 14 15	14 10	14 7	16 11	16 7	24 5	23 15	Jaipur
...	16 4	16 4	...	...	14 6	15 —	21 4	21 4	Karauli
...	...	11 —	11 —	17 12	17 9½	...	...	11 3½	11 4	21 8	22 —	Dholpur
...	...	9 —	9 —	14 10	14 10	16 4	16 6	10 12	10 12	22 —	22 —	Bharatpur
...	...	9 12	9 12	16 9	16 11	14 8	14 14	18 6	18 6	25 4	25 4	Alwar
...	13 15	13 14	15 8	14 4	8 —	8 6½	22 14	21 6½	Deoli
...	13 8	13 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	25 —	25 —	Nasirabad
Western—												
...	15 4	14 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	22 —	23 —	Bikaner
...	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...	22 — and 24 —	22 — and 24 —	Jaisalmer
...	18 12	13 4	...	...	8 12	8 12	16 5	16 5	Jodhpur
Central India—												
...	16 4	16 4	18 8	20 —	8 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	Indore
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Nimach
...	...	8 —	8 —	...	17 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	19 —	18 —	Gwalior
Punjab—												
Southern—												
...	17 —	16 8	...	...	...	...	23 —	22 —	Hissar
...	13 —	16 —	...	...	...	9 —	22 —	22 —	Ferozpur
Central—												
...	...	10 8	11 —	15 8	15 —	15 —	15 8	8 —	9 —	24 —	24 —	Lahore
...	16 12	16 8	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujranwala
...	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujrat
...	16 4	16 —	15 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	28 —	28 —	Jhelam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhloideum)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
					Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month				
Punjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	14 8	14 8
Delhi	10 8	10 8	15 —	15 —	3 —	3 —	5 12	5 12	18 —	15 — to 18 —	15 —	15 —
Rohtak	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	13 —	17 —	15 —	14 —
Karnal	11 12	11 12	17 —	17 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	12 8	11 12	17 8	17 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	23 —	23 —	11 12	11 12
Ludhiana	13 —	11 4	16 —	16 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	11 8	11 8
Jullundur	13 —	12 12	17 —	17 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 —	19 —	12 —	12 —
Hoshiarpur	13 —	13 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	6 8	6 —	18 —	18 —	10 8	10 —
Gurdaspur	14 —	13 —	16 8	16 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	...	...
Amritsar	13 —	12 8	17 8	17 8	...	...	7 4	7 —	20 —	20 —	12 —	12 —
Sialkot	11 12	11 12	16 —	16 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	14 —	12 —	12 —
Hills—												
Simla	10 —	10 —	16 8	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	11 —	11 —
Kangra	11 —	12 —	18 —	16 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Rawalpindi	11 4	11 —	16 8	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	21 —	16 8	15 —	13 —
Attock	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	13 8	13 8	12 —	12 —
Western—												
Shahpur	14 12	14 4	17 —	17 —	...	...	5 12	6 5	16 —	12 —	14 —	14 —
Jhang	13 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	19 —	18 8	11 —	11 —
Lyallpur	12 8	12 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 6	7 8	19 —	19 —	...	...
Multan	11 8	12 —	16 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	19 8	19 8	13 8	13 8
Montgomery	11 13	11 15	15 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	15 —	16 —	10 —	10 —
Muzaffargarh	12 —	11 12	14 8	14 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 8	...	...
Dera Ghazi Khan	11 10	11 10	13 8	13 8	...	...	8 12	8 —	13 12	11 —	13 —	11 8
N.-W. F. Province—												
Hasara	9 4	9 4	14 10	14 10	3 9	3 9	6 —	6 —	20 —	18 —	9 13	9 13
Peshawar	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 8	11 7	11 7	11 7	11 7
Kohat	10 11	10 8	14 6	14 6	4 13	4 13	7 12	7 12	12 8	12 8	10 15	11 4
Bannu	13 2	13 2	18 12	18 2	4 6	4 6	7 13	7 8	16 8	15 8	13 2	13 2
Dera Ismael Khan	10 15	10 15	15 —	14 6	3 12	3 12	5 12	5 12	...	...	...	...
Tochi	14 8	14 8	23 4	23 4	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Tochi	12 8	12 8	20 —	20 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kurram	12 —	11 8	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	5 —	...	...	...	...
Malakand	12 —	11 8	18 —	18 —	3 4	3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wano	9 8	9 8	10 9	10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	9 8	9 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	12 —	11 8
Hyderabad	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	6 8	8 —	7 8	12 —	11 —	12 8	11 —
Thar and Parkar (Mirpur Khas)	10 8	11 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	14 —	14 —	13 —	12 —
Shikarpur	11 8	11 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	11 —	11 —	14 —	13 —
Upper Sind Frontier	11 —	10 12	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	16 —	14 —
Quetta	9 14 to 10 8	9 11 to 10 5	12 13	12 9	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	12 13	12 13	10 5	10 5
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	6 13	6 13	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 14	7 14	10 2	9 10	9 4	9 4
Ratnagiri	6 12	6 12	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 13	7 13	8 7	8 7	9 15	9 15
Alibag	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 5	6 5	7 3	7 3	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	7 13	7 2	...	...	5 2	5 2	7 13	7 13	9 13	9 13	10 10	10 10
Thanna	8 12	8 12	...	...	5 6	5 6	6 9	6 9	10 8	10 8	10 12	10 12
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	9 13	9 13	...	...	6 14	7 6	7 6	7 14	10 15	11 14	9 12	9 12
Belgaum	8 15	8 11	...	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	11 7	11 7	12 7	12 7
Satara	7 13	7 12	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 6	6 6	12 11	14 2	11 6	12 13
Sholapur	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 10	7 2	7 8	7 8	13 12	14 11	12 —	12 7
Bijapur	8 7	8 7	...	...	5 6	5 6	7 1	7 1	11 6	12 4	11 5	12 3
Poona	8 2	8 2	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 6	6 6	10 13	10 13	10 8	10 8
Khandesh and N.-E.												
Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	10 5	10 5	...	...	6 4	6 10	6 10	7 —	11 —	11 —	11 3	11 3
Nasik	10 9	10 9	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 11	6 11	...	...	10 15	10 15
Dhulia	9 5	9 5	...	...	6 2	6 2	6 6	6 6	12 1	12 1	12 —	12 —
Jalgaon	9 7	8 14	...	...	5 11	5 11	6 7	6 7	12 6	11 13	11 2	11 2
Gujarat—												
Surat	9 8	9 4	...	...	5 6	5 9	8 3	7 14	11 6	10 14	10 8	10 8
Broach	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 4	6 4	7 8	7 8	12 12	12 12	11 —	10 12
Kaira	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	12 8	12 8	11 —	11 —
Baroda	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	10 —	10 —	10 —	10 —
Ahmadabad	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 8	12 8	12 8	11 8	11 8
Godhra	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	12 —	11 8
Disa	10 12	10 4	...	...	4 12	4 12	5 4	5 4	13 4	14 —	13 8	13 —
Kachhwar—												
Rajkot	12 —	11 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 4	13 4	12 4	11 6	10 6
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	12 —	11 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	7 10	7 10	12 13	12 13	...	...
Hoshangabad	12 11	12 11	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	...	...	...	...
Betul	13 6	13 6	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara	13 6	13 6	...	...	6 2	5 12	9 5	8 —	12 11	12 11	...	...
Nagpur	11 7	11 7	...	...	5 2	5 3	9 2	9 2	12 11	12 11	...	...
Wardha	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 2	5 2	9 1	9 1	12 —	12 —	...	...

The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee.]

MAHUA OR BAGI (<i>Blechnum coracense</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arielinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	16 4	16 4	13 —	13 —	10 8	10 8	20 —	20 —	Punjab—continued
...	15 —	15 —	18 —	18 —	11 —	11 —	22 —	22 —	South-eastern—
...	17 —	16 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Gurgaon
...	16 4	16 4	...	...	10 —	10 8	20 —	20 —	Delhi
19 8	19 8	15 12	15 12	16 4	15 12	25 —	23 —	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Rohtak
...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 8	17 —	17 —	8 8	8 8	25 8	25 8	Karnal
...	...	10 —	7 8	16 4	15 12	19 —	17 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Submontane—
...	15 —	15 4	16 —	16 —	...	...	23 —	23 —	Amhala
...	...	8 —	8 —	14 8	14 8	14 —	14 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ludhiana
...	...	14 —	12 —	15 4	15 —	16 8	16 8	9 12	9 12	26 8	26 8	Jullundur
...	14 8	14 8	...	...	...	...	24 —	25 —	Hoshiarpur
...	12 8	12 8	15 —	16 12	6 —	7 8	17 —	17 —	Gurdaspur
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Amritsar
...	...	13 —	13 —	15 —	14 8	15 8	13 4	7 —	7 —	27 —	27 —	Sialkot
...	15 —	15 —	13 8	13 8	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Hills—
...	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	9 —	9 —	23 —	23 —	Simla
17 —	17 —	17 —	17 —	15 —	15 —	18 8	18 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Kangra
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Northern—
...	...	10 8	10 8	14 4	14 4	14 —	14 —	...	...	24 8	24 8	Bawalpindi
...	15 4	15 4	12 —	16 —	8 —	8 —	22 —	21 8	Attock
...	14 4	14 4	12 —	12 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Western—
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	...	5 —	22 8	22 8	Shalpur
...	11 4	11 4	11 —	10 12	...	...	19 —	19 —	Jhang
...	...	11 —	11 —	14 —	14 —	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —	26 —	26 —	Lyalpur
...	14 6	14 6	11 7	11 7	...	...	23 1	23 1	Multan
...	15 5	15 10	15 10	15 15	...	...	31 4	31 4	Montgomery
...	14 11	14 11	12 8	12 8	...	...	27 8	27 8	Muzaffargarh
...	15 12	15 12	...	...	20 —	20 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	9 —	9 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	19 —	19 —	N.W. F. Province—
...	12 8	12 8	14 —	13 —	...	...	18 —	18 —	Hazara
...	Peshawar
...	Kohat
...	Banna
...	Dera Ismael Khan
...	Tochi
...	Kurram
...	Malakand
...	Wano
...	12 8	12 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	25 —	25 —	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	11 8	11 —	...	...	...	...	21 —	22 —	Karachi
...	Hyderabad
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Thar and Parkar
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	22 —	22 —	(Mirpur Khas)
...	13 —	12 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	16 —	16 —	Shikarpur
...	11 8	11 8	11 7	11 7	6 7	6 7	16 —	16 —	Upper Sind Frontier
...	Quetta
13 —	13 8	...	...	10 7	10 7	...	...	6 3	6 10	20 10	20 10	Bombay—
9 6	9 6	...	...	10 5	10 5	...	...	6 12	6 12	20 13	20 13	Konkan—
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 3	7 3	21 10	21 10	Karwar
9 —	9 —	...	...	10 10	10 —	...	...	7 10	7 10	16 13	16 13	Ratnagiri
10 8	10 8	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	21 11	21 11	Alibag
...	Bombay
...	Thanna
...	9 9	9 9	...	...	7 5	7 5	19 8	19 8	Deccan and Karnatak—
13 8	13 8	...	...	10 14	10 14	...	...	6 12	6 12	19 8	19 8	Dharwar
...	12 2	12 13	...	...	8 13	8 12	17 13	15 7	Bolgaum
...	11 9	12 —	...	...	6 15	6 15	16 —	16 —	Satara
...	10 14	11 12	...	...	7 14	8 5	20 8	20 8	Sholapur
...	11 8	11 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	17 13	17 13	Bijapur
...	Poona
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 11	8 6	16 2	17 3	Khandesh and N.E.
13 1	13 1	...	...	13 6	13 6	...	...	8 2	8 2	19 11	19 11	Deccan—
...	12 10	12 10	...	...	8 11	8 11	18 14	18 14	Ahmadnagar
...	13 14	13 10	...	...	7 13	7 12	18 9	18 —	Nasik
...	10 14	10 12	...	...	7 8	7 10	26 13	26 13	Dhulia
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	24 9	24 9	Jalgaon
12 8	12 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	26 8	26 8	Gujarat—
11 8	11 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	21 —	21 —	Surat
...	18 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	26 8	26 8	Broach
...	12 —	12 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	25 —	25 —	Kaira
...	11 4	11 4	...	...	6 8	6 8	25 —	25 —	Baroda
...	12 8	12 8	...	...	7 4	7 —	90 —	90 —	Ahmadabad
...	Godhra
...	Dasa
...	Kathiawar—
...	Rajkot
...	13 10	13 10	...	...	8 8	8 8	17 4	17 4	Central Provinces—
...	18 —	18 —	...	...	12 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Western—
...	13 1	15 2	...	...	9 1	7 15	13 —	13 —	Nimar
...	15 3	15 3	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 —	16 —	Hoshangabad
...	13 1	13 1	...	...	7 15	7 15	16 —	16 —	Betul
...	12 2	12 2	...	...	9 8	9 8	17 —	17 —	Chhindwara
...	Nagpur
...	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1913—concluded.

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Central Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur . . .	11 1	11 1	...	...	4 13	4 13	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Saugor . . .	13 —	12 12	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Damoh . . .	12 13	12 13	...	...	6 2	6 2	7 2	7 2	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla . . .	12 3	12 3	...	...	6 6	6 6	8 11	8 11	...	...	...	...
Seoni . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	6 6	6 6	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Balaghāt . . .	10 3	10 3	...	...	5 6	5 6	8 7	8 7	...	...	...	...
Bhandāra . . .	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 4	6 3	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Chānda . . .	9 14	10 —	...	...	4 13	7 4	9 1	8 —	12 14	13 5	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilāspur . . .	10 11	11 11	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 11	10 11	...	...	...	...
Raipur . . .	11 8	11 8	...	...	7 4	7 4	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Drug . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 6	9 6	10 4	10 8	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana . . .	9 1	9 10	...	...	4 12	4 12	6 12	6 12	13 12	11 13	...	...
Akola . . .	10 5	9 9	...	...	5 6	5 6	8 —	8 —	13 1	13 —	...	...
Amrāoti . . .	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	13 —	13 —	...	...
Yeotmal . . .	9 11	9 11	...	...	4 6	4 6	8 11	8 11	16 —	16 —	...	...
Hyderabad—												
Secunderabad . . .	7 4	7 1	11 10	11 1	3 8	3 8	7 1	6 15	11 2	11 2	10 7	11 —
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 7	...	...	...	...
South, Central—												
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	12 3	12 3	10 15	10 15
Nilgiris . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	...	...	...	...
Salem . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 6	5 6	10 3	10 3	8 9	8 9
Central—												
Bellary . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 4	13 4	...	...
Anantapur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	13 —	13 —	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 7	12 7	12 13	...	...
Karnul . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 12	13 14	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 7	...	...	14 14	14 14
Godāvari . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 9	7 9	13 12	13 12	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 7	8 8	10 13	10 13	...	...
Guntur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	12 9	12 —	12 —	11 —
Nellore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 1	12 8	12 8	11 —	11 —
East Coast, south—												
Madras . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 15	6 15	...	...	...	...
Chingleput . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 9	6 9	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	8 15	8 15
Tanjore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 13	6 13	...	...	11 15	10 15
Trichinopoly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	11 —	13 8	11 10	10 15
Southern—												
Tinnevelly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 1	7 —	13 4	12 9	11 10	11 —
Madura . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 3	11 —	11 —	9 9	9 9
Mysore—												
Mysore . . .	6 8	6 8	5 8	5 8	5 —	5 8	6 —	6 —	16 —	14 —	...	...
Bangalore . . .	6 8	6 8	5 12	5 12	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Coorg—												
Coorg . . .	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 4	6 —	7 12	7 8	...	...	...	...
Aden . . .	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 —	4 5	4 10	5 1	9 5	8 10	8 15	8 —

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee.]

MAHUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		D. S. DISTRICTS.
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	10 5	10 5	16 —	16 —	Central Provi-
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	18 —	20 —	—continued
...	...	...	...	19 3	19 3	...	...	7 2	7 2	16 —	16 —	Central—
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	16 8	17 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	16 6	16 6	...	...	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	Saugor
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 2	7 2	16 —	16 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	18 1	18 1	...	...	6 5	6 5	15 12	15 12	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	6 4	6 3	16 13	16 13	Mandla
...	...	...	...	11 14	11 6	...	...	8 11	8 —	18 —	16 —	Seoni
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Balaghat
...	...	...	...	11 11	11 11	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 13	12 13	Bhandara
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	7 8	17 —	16 8	Chanda
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	17 —	17 —	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bilaspur
...	...	...	...	11 8	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	16 —	16 —	Raipur
...	...	...	...	12 1	11 10	...	...	8 1	8 —	16 —	16 —	Drug
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	...	9 4	9 4	17 2	17 2	Berar—
...	...	...	...	10 11	11 10	...	...	9 2	9 2	16 —	16 —	Buldana
12 12	11 11	...	...	10 12	10 11	...	...	11 10	11 9	14 —	14 —	Akola
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amritoli
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Yeotmal
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hyderabad—
12 3	12 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Secunderabad
13 9	13 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras—
13 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Malabar Coast—
14 1	14 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Malabar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	S. Canara
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	South, central—
14 10	13 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coimbatore
12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nilgiris
12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Salem
10 13	10 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central—
13 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bellary
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Anantapur
11 8	11 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuddapah
10 10	10 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Karnul
12 3	12 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, north—
11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ganjam
12 15	12 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Vizagapatam
13 5	12 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Godavari
13 11	11 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central—
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kistna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Guntur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nellore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chingleput
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	N. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	S. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tanjore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tinnevely
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madure
15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 8	16 8	Mysore—
12 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	18 —	18 —	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangalore
17 —	17 —	...	...	14 8	14 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 —	17 —	Coorg—
...	...	...	...	10 3	10 3	...	...	8 5	8 5	32 —	32 —	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Aden

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

J. F. GRUNING,

Calcutta, October 4, 1912

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

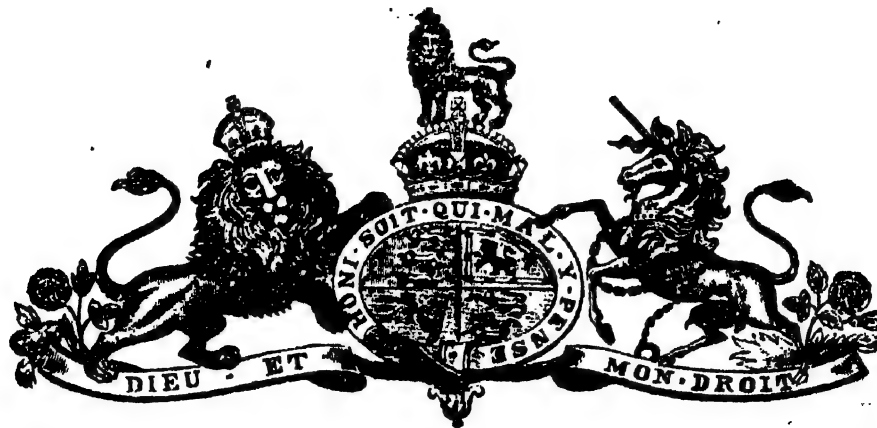
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)
[In thousands of Rupees]

		IN THE SIX MONTHS, APRIL TO SEPTEMBER, OF									
		1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14
SEA CUSTOMS											
IMPORTS											
<i>Special Import Duties</i>											
Arms, ammunition, and military stores		1,91	1,72	1,72	2,41	2,33	2,32	2,31	2,11	2,71	3,16
Liquors—											
Ale, beer, portor, cider and other fermented liquors		1,37	1,35	1,44	1,38	2,49	2,43	3,87	3,75	4,27	3,93
Spirits and liqueurs		36,35	38,59	34,34	44,24	45,77	45,03	51,43	50,74	49,53	54,84
Wines		1,55	1,75	1,60	1,75	1,73	1,62	2,47	2,30	2,29	2,45
Opium and its alkaloids*		2	2	2	2	2	1	4	3	3	3
Petroleum		23,35	19,23	17,01	22,24	26,84	22,87	26,72	36,64	34,27	30,57
Silver, bullion and coin (a)		22,26	15,76	21,93	26,95	35,74	31,88	96,95	50,67	63,28	45,76
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1899)		6	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	11	...
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1902)		4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tobacco (a)		1,15	1,48	1,41	1,70	1,69	2,23	13,84	12,30	12,76	14,30
<i>General Import Duties</i>											
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar)		6,72	8,10	8,16	10,16	11,58	10,32	10,93	10,72	11,99	12,97
Sugar (ordinary duties)		13,44	11,94	23,85	19,89	19,96	26,80	26,67	26,49	30,46	39,85
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics (excluding opium and its alkaloids* and tobacco), and dyeing and tanning materials		5,06	5,26	5,52	7,11	6,34	6,76	7,92	7,61	8,39	9,30
Cotton manufactures—											
Piece goods, grey		26,60	31,44	32,99	34,07	26,64	29,22	28,60	30,13	42,46	44,68
" white		13,91	14,18	12,03	18,84	15,50	10,78	15,31	17,67	21,61	25,47
" coloured		15,40	15,69	15,53	18,02	19,35	12,70	19,45	20,06	22,68	33,02
Other goods		2,60	2,78	2,70	2,99	3,12	2,71	3,74	3,69	4,08	6,01
Metals (excluding silver, bullion and coin) and manufactures thereof		18,24	14,93	15,13	19,14	25,29	20,73	24,54	24,54	23,14	33,74
Oils (excluding petroleum)		46	56	1,10	1,30	78	60	78	56	70	48
Manufactured articles		38,42	39,45	37,95	45,58	49,10	43,17	53,58	57,11	63,30	76,03
Raw materials and unmanufactured articles		5,00	5,72	5,17	6,55	8,57	7,19	7,29	6,95	8,75	6,65
TOTAL IMPORTS		2,33,91	2,29,66	2,39,60	2,63,93	3,02,84	2,70,37	3,93,40	3,64,07	4,08,78	4,43,19
EXCISE DUTY ON COTTON GOODS		9,06	11,42	10,96	13,64	13,68	15,06	15,93	18,43	20,81	21,73
EXPORT DUTIES—											
Rice, husked or unhusked, including rice-flour		58,98	53,11	48,24	45,69	32,89	39,57	52,40	59,43	66,31	56,40
LAND CUSTOMS AND MISCELLANEOUS.		5,01	4,12	4,77	5,18	4,37	4,95	4,80	5,53	6,39	6,50
GRAND TOTAL		3,06,96	2,98,31	3,03,67	3,48,64	3,53,78	3,38,95	4,69,62	4,47,51	5,00,29	5,27,82
<i>Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports</i>											
Bengal	{ Imports	83,90	84,86	86,46	1,02,51	95,98	97,39	1,27,49	1,24,59	1,36,11	1,60,41
	{ Exports	8,17	10,79	5,55	4,26	2,03	4,99	8,48	10,34	18,56	9,25
Bihar and Orissa	{ Imports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	{ Exports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	52	64
Bombay	{ Imports	89,41	84,59	86,54	1,04,24	1,14,00	1,04,80	1,82,24	1,40,03	1,63,65	1,62,15
	{ Exports	1,21	82	79	77	99	1,42	92	00	82	99
Madras	{ Imports	18,26	19,67	23,20	23,61	31,44	25,93	33,95	35,90	39,69	40,70
	{ Exports	75	59	1,65	1,93	76	1,12	79	88	81	1,60
Coastal	{ Imports	19,85	10,38	18,74	22,28	27,81	24,30	27,43	30,79	31,21	35,75
	{ Exports	8,91	2,50	8,80	5,73	5,47	3,33	2,96	4,12	3,31	4,23
Other	{ Imports	22,49	21,16	22,72	26,29	33,61	26,95	31,29	32,76	36,12	44,18
	{ Exports	44,94	38,41	36,55	33,20	23,64	28,71	39,30	43,49	47,29	39,69

* The duty on alkaloids of opium for the years previous to 1910-11 is included under the head "Chemicals, drugs, etc."
(a) Figures for the years previous to 1910-11 represent "General Import Duties"

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence
J. B. BRUNYATE,



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 41. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1913. •

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 9th October, 1913.

No. 4227-M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General will leave Simla by special train from Summer Hill Station at 2-15 P.M. on Tuesday, the 14th October 1913. His Excellency's departure will be private.

A Viceregal salute will be fired as His Excellency leaves Viceregal Lodge.

His Excellency will visit Kapurthala, Bikanir, Hyderabad, Bijapur, Mysore, Bangalore, the Kolar Gold Fields, Mandapam, Madura, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras, Cuttack, Gaya, Bankipore and Alwar and arrive at Delhi on the 5th December, his arrival being private.

All covers intended to reach His Excellency the Viceroy and party during the tour should be addressed "Viceroy's Camp" without the addition of any post town.

The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

Her Excellency the Lady Hardinge.

Miss Osborne.

J. B. Wood, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S., Officiating Foreign Secretary.

Sir James DuBoulay, K.C.I.E., I.C.S., Private Secretary.

Colonel F. Lee, Officiating Military Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. A. Maxwell, V.C., C.S.I., D.S.O., Military Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir James Roberts, Kt., C.I.E., I.M.S., Surgeon.

Captain A. A. Tod, A.-D.-C.

Captain J. J. Astor, A.-D.-C.

Captain R. L. Benson, A.-D.-C.

All communications, *other than those of an urgent nature*, should as usual be addressed to the head-quarters of the several departments at Simla.

By Command,

F. LEE, Colonel,

Offg. Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Simla, the 7th October, 1913.

No. 839.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel J. Crimmin, C.B., C.I.E., I.M.S., are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 1st October 1913.

The 9th October, 1913.

No. 844.—Major D. McCay, I.M.S., Professor of Physiology and officiating Professor of Materia Medica, Medical College, Calcutta, and Second Physician to the College Hospital, is granted privilege leave for two months and five days under articles 260 and 271 of the Civil Service Regulations combined with furlough on medical certificate for a total period of seven months, with effect from the 1st September 1913.

No. 845.—Major E. E. Waters, M.D., I.M.S., is appointed to officiate as Professor of Materia Medica, Medical College, Calcutta, and Second Physician to the College Hospital, during the absence on leave of Major D. McCay, M.D., I.M.S., or until further orders.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 6th October, 1913.

No. 1879-G.—With reference to Notification No. 1166-G., dated the 17th June, 1913, Mr. J. D. S. Nahapiet, Consul for Brazil at Calcutta, resumed charge of his office on the 23rd September, 1913.

The 7th October, 1913.

No. 2400-Est.-A.—*Corrigendum.*—In Foreign Department Notification No. 2174-Est.-A., dated the 17th September, 1913, granting combined leave for six months to Military Assistant Surgeon G. A. Richardson, for "furlough for four months and thirteen days" read "furlough for four months and fourteen days".

No. 2403-Est.-A.—Major R. W. Knox, Indian Medical Service (Madras), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for eleven months and four days, with effect from the 30th August, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2404-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. A. Johnston, Indian Medical Service (Madras), Medical Officer, and Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, is appointed to officiate as an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, and is posted temporarily as Residency Surgeon, Mysore, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 30th August, 1913, and until further orders.

The 8th October, 1913.

No. 1885-G.—With reference to Notification No. 1651-G, dated the 3rd September, 1913, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr. A. F. Sells as Consul for Denmark at Bombay, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 2419-Est.-A.—The Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Arthur Henry McMahon, G.C.V.O., K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, is placed on special duty as British Plenipotentiary for the Tibet Conference with effect from the 11th September, 1913 and until further orders.

(Notification No. 2354-Est.-A., dated the 3rd October, 1913, is hereby cancelled.)

No. 2423-Est.-A.—Mr. L. M. Crump of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for two months and nineteen days, combined with furlough for seven months and eleven days, with effect from the 20th September, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b), Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2426-Est.-A.—Mr. J. M. K. Misick, First Assistant to the Deputy Inspector General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department and Railways, Punjab, is placed on special duty under the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 8th September, 1913, and until further orders.

No. 2433-Est.-A.—Major C. E. Luard of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for nine months, with effect from the 28th September, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b), Civil Service Regulations.

No. 3129-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the Schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 780-I.B., dated the 9th April, 1913, providing for the administration of justice on certain railways in Kathiawar, namely :—

After the entries relating to the Junagadh Railway, the following shall be added, namely :—

Khijsadia-Amreli- Chalasia Rail- way.	Jetpur- Luni.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto
---	------------------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------

No. 3330-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1912, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the Schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 782-I.B., dated the 9th April, 1913, providing for the administration of justice on certain railways in Kathiawar, namely :—

After the entries relating to the Junagadh Railway, the following shall be added, namely :—

Khijsadia-Amreli- Chalasia Rail- way.	Baroda	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto
---	--------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------

No. 3331-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the Schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 784-I.B., dated the 9th April, 1913, applying the provisions of the Indian

Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and of the Indian Railway Board Act, 1905 (IV of 1905), to the lands occupied by certain railways in Native States, namely :—

After the entries relating to the Junagadh Railway, the following shall be added, namely :—

Khijalia-Amreli- Bala's Railway	...	Baroda Jeypur	The Government of Bombay.
---------------------------------	-----	------------------	-----	-----	-----	---------------------------

The 8th October, 1913.

No 1892-G.—With reference to the Notifications of the Government of India in the Foreign Department Nos. 1920-G and 536-G., dated, respectively, the 9th September, 1910 and the 17th March, 1911, the following notification, which has been published at page 5844 of the "London Gazette" of the 15th August, 1913, is republished for general information :—

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 12th day of *August*, 1913.

PRESENT :

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.

Mr. Secretary Harcourt.

Sir William Carington.

Mr. Fischer.

Sir Louis Mallet.

WHEREAS by treaty, grant, usage, sufferance, or other lawful means, His Majesty the King has jurisdiction within China :

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in this behalf by the Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890, or otherwise in His Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :—

1. This Order may be cited as "The China (Amendment) Order in Council, 1913," and shall be read as one with the China Order in Council, 1904, hereinafter referred to as the "Principal Order," and this Order and the China Orders in Council, 1904 to 1910, may be cited together as "The China Orders in Council, 1904 to 1913."

2. In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires :—

"Judgment" includes decree, order, sentence, or decision ;

"Record" means the aggregate of papers relating to an Appeal to His Majesty in Council (including the pleadings, proceedings, evidence and judgments) proper to be laid before His Majesty in Council on the hearing of the Appeal ;

"Registrar" includes the officer having the custody of the records in the Supreme Court.

3. (1) Any person committing a breach of any International Regulations approved by the Secretary of State under article 74 of the Principal Order shall, on conviction, be liable to the punishment, forfeiture, or fine therein prescribed, or, if no such punishment or fine is prescribed, he shall be liable, on conviction, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one month, or to a fine not exceeding £ 20.

(2) Where a fine is recovered for breach of such Regulations, and the Regulations contain no provisions as to the manner in which it shall be disposed of and applied, it shall be disposed of and applied in such manner as the Minister may direct.

4. In the application of the Perjury Act, 1911, by the Court, in the exercise of its criminal jurisdiction on the principles of, and in conformity with, English law for the time being under article 35 (2) of the Principal Order, the words "judicial proceeding" in the said Act shall be deemed to include a proceeding before a Chinese Court, or a Court in China of any State in amity with His Majesty.

5. If any person subject to the jurisdiction of the Court does any act in relation to proceedings in a Chinese Court, or before a Chinese judicial officer, or in a Court or before a judicial officer in China of any State in amity with His Majesty, which, if done in the

or in relation to, any proceedings in the Court, would have been punishable as an offence, such person shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable, on conviction, to such punishment as he would have been liable to if the offence had been committed in the course of, or in relation to, proceedings in the Court.

6. When a British subject is accused of an offence, the cognizance whereof appertains to any Court established under the Principal Order, and it is expedient that the offence be inquired of, tried, determined, and punished in a British possession, the accused may under "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," section 6) be sent for trial to Lahore, and the Chief Court of the Punjab shall be the authorized Court for the purposes of that enactment.

The Court may, where it appears to be so expedient, by warrant under the hand of a Judge and the Seal of the Court, cause the accused to be sent for trial to Lahore accordingly.

The warrant shall be sufficient authority to any person to whom it is directed to receive and detain the person therein named, and to carry him to and deliver him up at Lahore, according to the Warrant.

When any person is to be so sent to Lahore, the Court before which he is accused shall take the preliminary examination, and, if it seems necessary and proper, shall bind over such of the proper witnesses as are British subjects in their own recognizances to appear and give evidence at the trial.

Nothing in this article shall affect the operation of article 50 of the Principal Order.

Appeals in Criminal Cases.

7. Any person who is convicted of an offence on a trial under article 45 of the Principal Order, or who is sentenced on a conviction for an offence under article 48 of the Principal Order, to be imprisoned without the option of a fine, may appeal to the full Court—

(i) Against his conviction—

(a) On any ground of appeal which involves a question of law alone ; or

(b) With the leave of the Full Court, or upon the certificate of the Court which tried him, that it is a fit case for appeal, against his conviction on any ground of appeal which involves a question of fact alone, or a question of mixed law and fact ; or

(c) With the leave of the Full Court on any other ground which appears to the Full Court to be a sufficient ground of appeal.

(ii) With the leave of the Full Court, against the sentence passed on his conviction, unless the sentence is one fixed by law.

8. After the hearing and determination at a summary trial under article 48 of the Principal Order of any information or complaint, either party to such summary trial may, if dissatisfied with the said determination as being erroneous in point of law, appeal to the Full Court.

9.—(1) When a person desires to appeal to the Full Court under articles 7 or 8 he shall give notice of his Appeal, or of his application for leave to appeal, to the Court against whose judgment or sentence he desires to appeal, in such manner as may be prescribed, within 7 days of the date of his conviction or of the determination of an information or complaint.

(2) An appellant may, in such manner as may be prescribed, present his case and his argument in writing, and deliver the same to the Registrar of the Court before which the trial took place. The respondent may in like manner present his case and argument in writing, and deliver the same to the Registrar of the said Court.

(3) Such Court shall thereupon send under the seal of the Court to the Registrar of the Supreme Court the notice, the case, and the argument, if any, and a report by the Judge who presided at the trial, together with such other papers and in such manner as may be prescribed.

(4) Where the trial took place before a Judge of the Supreme Court, sitting elsewhere than at Shanghai, the papers may be transmitted to the Registrar of the Supreme Court through the Provincial Court of the district.

10. Where notice is given under article 9, the Court before which the trial was had may, as it thinks fit, either postpone judgment on the conviction or respite execution of the judgment, and either commit the person convicted to prison or take security for him to come up for judgment or to deliver himself for execution of the judgment (as the case may require) at an appointed time and place.

11. An appellant shall not be entitled to be present at the hearing of an Appeal except by leave of the Full Court, or of the Court before which he was convicted.

12.—(1) Appeals under articles 7 and 8 of this Order shall be heard and determined by the Full Court.

(2) In the hearing and determination of such Appeals the Full Court shall, so far as circumstances admit, follow the practice of the Court of Criminal Appeal in England and the provisions contained in sections 1 (5), 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11 (2), 14 (2) (3), 17 and 18 of the Criminal Appeal Act, 1907, or of any law amending or substituted for the same.

(3) Provided that the Full Court shall not annul a conviction or sentence, or vary a sentence, on the ground—

- (a) Of any objection which, if stated during the trial, might, in the opinion of the Court, have been properly met by amendment at the trial ; or
- (b) Of any error in the summoning of the jury or the assessors ; or
- (c) Of any person having served as a jurymen or an assessor who was not qualified ; or
- (d) Of any objection to any person as a jurymen or assessor which might have been raised before or at the trial ; or
- (e) Of any informality in the swearing of any witness ; or
- (f) Of any error or informality which, in the opinion of the Court, did not affect the substance of the case or subject the convicted person to any undue prejudice.

(4) The Full Court shall not award costs to either side in an Appeal under this part of the Order save in an appeal under article 8.

13. The power of the Judge of the Supreme Court, under article 119 of the Principal Order, to make rules of Court shall extend to rules for the purpose of regulating the manner of presenting Appeals, as to the papers which are to be sent to the Full Court, and the transmission of the same, and generally as to the conduct of Appeals and all matters connected therewith.

14. Article 52 of the Principal Order shall apply to all proceedings before the Full Court under this Order.

15. When notice has been given of any Appeal or application for leave to appeal, the Judge of the Supreme Court shall, save where the trial took place before himself, have power, for reasons to be recorded in the minutes, to order that it shall be heard and determined or dealt with, in the manner provided in this Order by himself alone instead of by the Full Court.

16. Where a person is convicted of any offence before any Court, if the Judge of such Court thinks fit to reserve for the consideration of the Full Court any question of law arising at the trial, he shall state a case, setting out the facts and the grounds of the conviction, and the question of law, and send or deliver it to the Registrar of the Supreme Court.

The jurisdiction of the Full Court under this article shall be exercised subject to the provisions of this Order.

17. There shall be no Appeal in a criminal case to His Majesty the King in Council from a decision of the Full Court or from a decision of the Judge alone under article 15, except by special leave of His Majesty in Council.

18. Reports to the Minister under article 64 of the Principal Order of sentences of death shall not be sent until the expiration of the time allowed for an Appeal, or for applying for leave to appeal, against the conviction, or, if there is an Appeal, until the determination of the Appeal.

Appeals to His Majesty in Council.

19. Subject to the provisions of this Order, an Appeal shall lie to His Majesty in Council—

(1) As of right, from any final judgment of the Supreme Court made in a civil action, where the matter in dispute on the Appeal amounts to or is of the value of £ 500 or upwards, or where the Appeal involves, directly or indirectly, some claim or question to or respecting property or some civil right amounting to or of the value of £ 500 or upwards ; and

(2) At the discretion of the Supreme Court, from any other judgment of the Supreme Court, whether final or interlocutory, if, in the opinion of the Supreme Court, the question involved in the Appeal is one which, by reason of its great general or public importance or otherwise, ought to be submitted to His Majesty in Council for decision.

20. Applications to the Supreme Court for leave to appeal shall be made by motion within fifteen days from the date of the judgment to be appealed from, and, unless the application is made in Court at the time when such judgment is given, the applicant shall give the opposite party notice of his intended application.

21. Leave to appeal under article 13 shall only be granted by the Supreme Court in the first instance—

(a) Upon condition of the appellant within two months from the date of the hearing of the application for leave to appeal, giving security to the satisfaction of the Court, to an amount not exceeding £ 500, for the due prosecution of the Appeal, and for the payment of all such costs as may become payable to the respondent in the event of the appellant's not obtaining an order granting him final leave to appeal, or of the Appeal being dismissed for non-prosecution, or of His Majesty in Council ordering the appellant to pay the respondent's costs of the Appeal (as the case may be); and

(b) Upon such other conditions (if any) as to the time or times within which the appellant shall take the necessary steps for the purpose of procuring the preparation of the Record and the despatch thereof to England as the Court, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, may think it reasonable to impose.

22. Where the judgment appealed from requires the appellant to pay money or perform a duty, the Supreme Court shall have power, when granting leave to appeal, either to direct that the said judgment shall be carried into execution or that the execution thereof shall be suspended pending the appeal, as to the Court shall seem just, and in case the Court shall direct the said judgment to be carried into execution, the person in whose favour it was given shall, before the execution thereof enter into good and sufficient security, to the satisfaction of the Court, for the due performance of such Order as His Majesty in Council shall think fit to make thereon.

23. The preparation of the Record shall be subject to the supervision of the Supreme Court, and the parties may submit any disputed question arising in connection therewith to the decision of the Court, and the Court shall give such directions thereon as the justice of the case may require.

24. The Registrar, as well as the parties and their legal agents, shall endeavour to exclude from the Record all documents (more particularly such as are merely formal) which are not relevant to the subject matter of the Appeal, and generally, to reduce the bulk of the Record as far as practicable, taking special care to avoid the duplication of documents and the unnecessary repetition of headings and other merely formal parts of documents; but the documents omitted to be copied or printed shall be enumerated in a list to be placed after the index or at the end of the Record.

25. Where in the course of the preparation of a Record one party objects to the inclusion of a document on the ground that it is unnecessary or irrelevant, and the other party nevertheless insists upon its being included, the Record, as finally printed, shall, with a view to the subsequent adjustment of the costs of and incidental to such document, indicate in the index of papers, or otherwise, the fact that, and the party by whom, the inclusion of the document was objected to.

26. The Record shall be printed in accordance with the rules in the Schedule to this Order, and may be printed either locally or in England.

27. Where the Record is printed locally the Registrar shall, at the expense of the appellant, transmit to the Registrar of the Privy Council forty copies of such Record, one of which copies he shall certify to be correct by signing his name on, or initialling, every eighth page thereof, and by affixing thereto the seal of the Supreme Court.

28. Where the Record is to be printed in England, the Registrar shall, at the expense of the appellant, transmit to the Registrar of the Privy Council one certified copy of such Record, together with an index of all the papers and exhibits in the case. No other certified copies of the Record shall be transmitted to the agents in England by or on behalf of the parties to the Appeal.

29. Where part of the Record is printed locally and part is to be printed in England, articles 21 and 22 shall, as far as practicable, apply to such parts as are printed locally and such as are to be printed in England respectively.

30. The reasons given by the Judge, or any of the Judges, for or against any judgment pronounced in the course of the proceedings out of which the Appeal arises, shall, unless

they are included in the Record, be communicated in writing by such Judge or Judges to the Registrar, and shall by him be transmitted to the Registrar of the Privy Council at the same time when the Record is transmitted.

31. Where there are two or more applications for leave to appeal arising out of the same matter, and the Supreme Court is of opinion that it would be for the convenience of the Lords of the Judicial Committee and all parties concerned that the Appeals should be consolidated, the Court may direct the Appeals to be consolidated, and grant leave to appeal by a single order.

32. An appellant, who has obtained an order granting him conditional leave to appeal, may, at any time prior to the making of an order granting him final leave to appeal, withdraw his appeal on such terms as to costs and otherwise as the Supreme Court may direct.

33. Where an appellant, having obtained an order granting him conditional leave to appeal, and having complied with the conditions imposed on him by such order, fails thereafter to apply with due diligence to the Supreme Court for an order granting him final leave to appeal, the Court may, on an application in that behalf made by the respondent, rescind the order granting conditional leave to appeal, notwithstanding the appellant's compliance with the conditions imposed by such order, and may give such directions as to the costs of the Appeal and the security entered into by the appellant as the Court shall think fit, or make such further or other order in the premises as, in the opinion of the Court, the justice of the case requires.

34. On an application for final leave to appeal, the Supreme Court may inquire whether notice, or sufficient notice, of the application has been given by the appellant to all parties concerned, and, if not satisfied as to the notices given, may defer the granting of the final leave to appeal, or may give such other directions in the matter as, in the opinion of the Court, the justice of the case requires.

35. An appellant who has obtained final leave to appeal shall prosecute his Appeal in accordance with the rules for the time being regulating the general practice and procedure in Appeals to His Majesty in Council.

36. Where an appellant, having obtained final leave to appeal, desires, prior to the dispatch of the Record to England, to withdraw his Appeal, the Supreme Court may upon an application in that behalf made by the appellant, grant him a certificate to the effect that the Appeal has been withdrawn and the Appeal shall thereupon be deemed, as from the date of such certificate, to stand dismissed without express Order of His Majesty in Council, and the costs of the Appeal and the security entered into by the appellant shall be dealt with in such manner as the Court may direct.

37. Where an appellant, having obtained final leave to appeal, fails to show due diligence in taking all necessary steps for the purpose of procuring the dispatch of the Record to England, the respondent may, after giving the appellant due notice of his intended application, apply to the Supreme Court for a certificate that the Appeal has not been effectually prosecuted by the appellant, and if the Court sees fit to grant such a certificate, the Appeal shall be deemed, as from the date of such certificate, to stand dismissed for non-prosecution without express Order of His Majesty in Council, and the costs of the Appeal and the security entered into by the appellant shall be dealt with in such manner as the Court may direct.

38. Where at any time between the order granting final leave to appeal and the dispatch of the Record to England the Record becomes defective by reason of the death, or change of status, of a party to the Appeal, the Supreme Court may, notwithstanding the order granting final leave to appeal, on an application in that behalf made by any person interested, grant a certificate showing who, in the opinion of the Court, is the proper person to be substituted or entered on the Record in place of, or in addition to, the party who has died, or undergone a change of status, and the name of such person shall thereupon be deemed to be so substituted or entered on the Record, as aforesaid without express Order of His Majesty in Council.

39. Where the Record subsequently to its dispatch to England becomes defective by reason of the death, or change of status, of a party to the Appeal, the Supreme Court shall, upon an application in that behalf made by any person interested, cause a certificate to be transmitted to the Registrar of the Privy Council showing who, in the opinion of the Court, is the proper person to be substituted, or entered, on the Record, in place of, or in addition to, the party who has died or undergone a change of status.

40. The Case of each party to the Appeal may be printed either locally or in England and shall, in either event, be printed in accordance with the rules in the Schedule to this Order, every tenth line thereof being numbered in the margin, and shall be signed by at least one of the counsel who attends at the hearing of the Appeal, or by the party himself if he conducts his Appeal in person.

41. The Case shall consist of paragraphs numbered consecutively, and shall state, as concisely as possible, the circumstances out of which the Appeal arises, the contentions to be urged by the party lodging the same, and the reasons of appeal. References by page and line to the relevant portions of the Record as printed shall, as far as practicable, be printed in the margin, and care shall be taken to avoid, as far as possible, the reprinting in the Case of long extracts from the Record. The taxing officer, in taxing the costs of the Appeal, shall, either of his own motion, or at the instance of the opposite party, inquire into any unnecessary prolixity in the Case, and shall disallow the costs occasioned thereby.

42. Where the Judicial Committee directs a party to bear the costs of an Appeal incurred in China, such costs shall be taxed by the proper officer of the Supreme Court in accordance with the rules for the time being regulating taxation in the Supreme Court.

43. The Supreme Court shall execute any Order which His Majesty in Council may think fit to make on an Appeal from a judgment of the Supreme Court in like manner as any original judgment of the Supreme Court should or might have been executed.

Consular Registers of Companies.

44. A register of companies incorporated or registered in the United Kingdom or in any British possession and carrying on business in China shall be kept in the office of every consulate in China.

45. The consulate at which companies shall be registered shall be that in the district of which their chief local office is situated, or their business is chiefly carried on, and notice shall be given at the consulate of any other district in which the company is also carrying on business as to the place at which the company is so registered.

46. On the registration of a company at a consulate there shall be deposited and filed in the office of the consulate a copy of the certificate of incorporation of the company, or other document corresponding thereto, a copy of the memorandum and articles of association or other documents corresponding thereto, a statement showing the nominal capital of the company, and the amounts thereof which have been subscribed and paid up respectively, and, if the company has been incorporated under a law which provides for the periodical filing of a list of the shareholders, a copy of the last list so filed.

47. The consular officer shall, on the registration of a company at the consulate, issue to the person making the registration a certificate, signed and sealed with the consular seal, that the company has been so registered.

48—(1) Every company registered under this Order shall register the name and address of the manager or other chief local representative in China and shall from time to time, as may be necessary, register any alteration of the representative of the company or in his address. Names and addresses so registered shall be open to the inspection of the public.

(2) Rules of Court made under article 119 of the Principal Order may provide that service of writs, notices, or other documents upon the person registered under this article, or at his address, shall be good service of such documents upon the company.

49. Registration of a company under this Order shall not require to be renewed annually, but may be renewed from time to time as the parties may desire, and must be renewed when any change takes place in the name of the company.

50. On every registration of a company under this Order, and on every renewal thereof, there shall be payable a fee of £1, and on every registration under article 41 there shall be payable a fee of 2s.

51.—(1) A company shall not be entitled to be recognised or protected as a British company unless it is registered under this Order, but shall, although not so registered, be subject to the jurisdiction of His Majesty's Courts in China.

(2) Nothing in this article shall affect the right of the Secretary of State to direct that British protection shall not be accorded to a company, even though it has been registered under this Order.

Orders of a Court of Consuls.

52—(1) Where by agreement among the diplomatic representatives in China of foreign States, Regulations have been, or are, made for the establishment, control or procedure of a Court of Consuls, or other like Court, to deal with disputes or suits relating to the property or proceedings of any board, committee, association or other like group of persons which has been appointed for public purposes at any treaty port or foreign settlement or concession in China, and on which other nations besides Great Britain are represented, and such Regulations have been or are approved by the Secretary of State, the jurisdiction of the said Court shall not, so far as persons subject to the Principal Order are concerned, be deemed to conflict with article 6 of the Principal Order, and the Court shall enforce on all persons subject to its jurisdiction the orders and decrees of such Court of Consuls or other like Court.

(2) Regulations approved by the Secretary of State under this article shall be published in the same manner as King's Regulations.

53.—(1) Articles 85, 86, 87, 115 and 116 of the Principal Order are hereby repealed but such repeal shall not—

(a) Affect the past operation of such articles or any right, title, obligation, or liability thereunder; or

(b) Interfere with the institution or prosecution of any legal proceedings thereunder.

(2) Appeals in criminal cases and Appeals to His Majesty in Council commenced under any articles hereby repealed shall be continued so far as is practicable in accordance with this Order.

And the Right Honourable Sir Edward Grey, Baronet, K.G., one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein.

Almeric FitzRoy.

SCHEDULE.

1. Records and Cases in Appeals to His Majesty in Council shall be printed in the form known as Demy Quarto.

2. The size of the paper used shall be such that the sheet, when folded and trimmed, will be 11 inches in height and 8½ inches in width.

3. The type to be used in the text shall be pica type, but long primer shall be used in printing accounts, tabular matter, and notes.

4. The number of lines in each page of pica type shall be forty-seven or the reabouts, and every tenth line shall be numbered in the margin.

The 10th October, 1913.

No. 1904-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. J. McAusland Mackenzie as in temporary charge of the Consulate for Denmark at Rangoon, during the absence of Mr. J. F. Jensen.

No. 3362-I. C.—In consequence of the misconduct of Dr. Dinanath Balkrishna Naik Dandekar, L.M. and S., F.R.I.P.H. (London), of Bombay, he is hereby deprived of the title of Rao Bahadur which was conferred on him, as a personal distinction, in the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 11-1. B., dated the 2nd January 1911.

J. B. WOOD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 10th October, 1913.

No. 1270-F. E.—Mr. W. Courtenay has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, Punjab, with effect from the 25th September 1913.

No. 1271-F. E.—Mr. E. W. Saxton, Chief Superintendent, office of the Assistant Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, Madras, has been granted privilege leave for fifteen days with effect from the 30th September 1913.

No. 1272-F. E.—In supersession of this Department Notification No. 1088-F.E., dated 5th September 1913, published in the Gazette of India, Part I, dated the 6th September 1913, Mr. R. B. C. Scott, Government Examiner of Accounts, South Indian Railway, has been granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-five days and, in continuation, furlough on medical certificate for one year, one month and five days, with effect from the 11th August 1913.

No. 1275-F. E.—Mr. F. W. Johnston, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, has been placed on special duty with effect from the 6th October 1913 and until further orders.

Mr. B. N. Mitra, C.I.E., Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, has been appointed to hold charge of the duties of Deputy Secretary in that Department in addition to his own, with effect from the same date and during the absence of Mr. Johnston.

Mr. G. W. C. Bradley, a Secretariat Superintendent, Class II, has been placed on special duty with effect from the 6th October 1913 and until further orders.

No. 1276-F. E.—Mr. T. C. Cooke, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, and officiating Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, Military Accounts Department, is promoted permanently to that grade with effect from the 1st October 1913, *vice* Mr. T. Smith, Assistant Controller, retired.

No. 1277-F. E.—Mr. W. S. W. Shepherd, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, Military Accounts Department, is promoted permanently to that grade with effect from the 1st October 1913, *vice* Mr. T. C. Cooke, promoted.

No. 1278 F. E.—Mr. J. W. Lewis, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is temporarily appointed to be a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, with effect from the 1st October 1913, *vice* Mr. W. S. W. Shepherd, promoted.

No. 1280-F. E.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. R. Cordue, R.E., Mint Master, Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for eight days and in continuation furlough on medical certificate for eleven months and twenty-two days, with effect from the 4th October 1913.

Captain H. J. K. Wallis, I.A., has been appointed to officiate as Mint Master, Bombay, with effect from the 4th October 1913, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. R. Cordue, R.E.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

OPIMUM.

The 10th October, 1913.

No. 1273-F. E.—It is hereby notified that—

- (1) In the calendar year 1914 not more than 13,200 uncertified chests of Bengal opium will be offered for sale and not more than 1,100 chests in each month of the year.
- (2) Of the quantity to be offered for sale in each of the months of January to November 940 chests will be Benares opium and 160 chests Patna opium, and at the sale in December 941 chests will be Benares opium and 159 chests will be Patna opium.
- (3) Government reserves to itself the right to alter the quantity and class of opium to be offered for sale in each month. No reduction in the quantities to be sold, however, will be made without three months' previous notice.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 9th October, 1913.

No. 2432.—The services of the Hon'ble Mr. J. H. Kerr, C.I.E., I.C.S., Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal with effect from the forenoon of the 15th October 1913.

F. NOYCE,

Under Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 11th October, 1913.

No. 8395-82.—The Hon'ble Mr. R. E. Enthoven, C.I.E., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, extraordinary leave, without pay, up to the 31st October 1913, in continuation of the privilege leave granted to him in the Notification of this Department, No. 4040-82, dated the 24th May 1913.

Mr. J. F. Gruning, I.C.S., is appointed substantive *pro tempore* Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, from the 16th August to the 31st October 1913, after which date his services will be replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bihar and Orissa.

H. A. F. LINDSAY,

Under Secretary to the Government of India.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 11th October, 1913.

No. 8309-2.—Mr. P. W. Singleton, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, was granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 1st September 1913.

No. 8453-2.—Mr. F. D. Lalkaka, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 3rd November 1913, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 8463-2.—Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, I.C.S., a Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for one year and three months, with effect from the 1st November 1913 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the leave.

POST OFFICE.

The 11th October, 1913.

No. 8347-103.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 1st January 1914, the following amendment shall be made in the rules issued with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, namely:—

In rule 47 for "Rs. 500" shall be substituted "Rs. 600".

TELEGRAPHS.

The 11th October, 1913.

No. 8415-87.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 7571-163, dated the 8th October 1909, as subsequently amended, governing the exchange by radio-telegraph of public correspondence with ships at sea, shall be made applicable to all Indian coast stations now existing and which may be opened in the future for such correspondence.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

The 11th October, 1913.

No. 8458-168.—Mr. J. J. A. Page, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is permitted to resign the service with effect from the 16th October 1913.

LIGHTING OF COASTS.

The 11th October, 1913.

No. 8488-8.—In accordance with the provisions of section 16 of the Burma Coast-lights Act, 1879 (IX of 1879), the Governor General in Council has directed the publication of the following *pro forma* account showing the receipts and charges in connection with the Burma Coast-lights for the year which ended on the 31st March 1913:—

Annual pro forma account of the Burma Coast Light Dues for the year 1912-13.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE UP TO		Interest at 4 per cent on capital expenditure.	Annual sinking fund payment necessary to liquidate the capital expenditure incurred to date in 60 years assuming interest at the rate of 3 per cent.	Excess of the annual receipts over the annual establishment and maintenance charges.*	Profit or loss.
Year.	Amount.				
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1912-13	46,48,588	1,85,944	29,546	2,53,531	+38,041

* NOTE.—General charges on account of the supervision of the Lights by the Principal Port Officer, Burma, and by other Administrative Officers of the Government, also the cost of pensions to the establishment, are not included in the charges incorporated in this statement.

J. F. GRUNING,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 10th October 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 836.—The services of Major W. T. Barry, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 837.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

"London Gazette," dated the 16th September 1913, page 6362.

* * * * *

War Office,

16th September 1913.

* * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * *

Sardar Abdul Rahman Khan, Effendi, to be granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 17th September 1913.

* * * * *

"London Gazette," dated the 19th September 1913, pages 6631 and 6634.

* * * * *

War Office,

19th September 1913.

The KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the following promotion in the Army :—

REVET.

Major James Alban Wilson, D.S.O., Indian Army, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, in recognition of his able conduct of operations against the Totok and Chinlong group of villages in the Naga Hills Dated 27th March 1913.

* * * * *

India Office,

September 19, 1913.

The KING has approved of the resignation of the service by the undermentioned officer of the Indian Army :—

Lieutenant John Lewis Carr. Dated 10th September 1913.

* * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 838.—Consequent on the grant of combined leave to Lieutenant-Colonel R. R. Vaughan, Indian Army, Cantonment Magistrate, 2nd Grade, the following promotion is notified :—

Lieutenant-Colonel N. T. Parker, Cantonment Magistrate, 3rd Grade, to be officiating Cantonment Magistrate, 2nd Grade ; with effect from the 1st May 1913.

No. 839.—Major W. C. S. Prince, Indian Army, Cantonment Magistrate, 3rd Grade, officiated as Cantonment Magistrate, 2nd Grade, from 11th August 1913 to 17th September 1913 (both days inclusive), owing to the absence on privilege leave of Lieutenant-Colonel H. de V. Harvest, Indian Army, Cantonment Magistrate, 2nd Grade.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 840.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Arthur John Netherton Harward, 48th Pioneers,—5th October 1913.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 841.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed seven years' service in that class, to be 1st Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 17th September 1913 :—

Reginald Henry Willick Hart.	} Supernumerary, 1st Class.
William George St. John Hussey.	
Walter Arthur Clifford Netscher.	
Charles Mullins.	
Donald Day Stewart.	
Hugh Norman Stewart.	

Bombay Establishment.

No. 842.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed seven years' service in that class, to be 1st Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 17th September 1913 :—

Robert George Ives.
Claude Cyril Kelly.

No. 843.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Assistant Surgeons having completed seven years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 27th September 1913 :—

Hubert Felix DePenning.
Stanislaus George Smyth.
Lionel Vivian O'Brien Easdon.
William Hugh Maher.
Hermann Frank Otto.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No 844.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 1st October 1913 :—

No. 1115, Ishar Singh (E).

No 845.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 1st October 1913 :—

No. 1288, Gur-dayal Singh (E).

No. 846.—In Army Department Notification No. 825, dated the 3rd October 1913, for " 15th September 1913," read " 16th September 1913."

(E) Passed in English.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 847.—The following promotions are made :—

and Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Subadar Govindaraju, *Bahadur*, to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Ramasami (I) to be Subadar and Havildar Govindasami to be Jemadar, *vice* Alexander, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 9th October 1913.

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Subadar Shiuambar Singh to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Ahibaran Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Gopal Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Adhar Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st August 1913.

83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.

Jemadar Muhammad Azam to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Abdul Azim to be Jemadar, *vice* Fakir Ahmad, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st August 1913.

127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Jemadar Sultan Ali to be Subadar, *vice* Ali Haidar, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st September 1913.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 848.—No. 1174, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kehar Singh is permitted to resign the service ; with effect from the 17th September 1913.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 849.—Captain Henry Law Harkness, Supply and Transport Corps, has been transferred by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to the Temporary Half-Pay List, subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 12th October 1913.

No. 850.—Lieutenant William Frank Heyland, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry, has been transferred by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to the Permanent Half-Pay List, subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 12th October 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles.

No. 851.—Arthur Thurston to be Captain, *vice* I. W. Seymour, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 1st April 1913.

1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 852.—Captain George Anderson resigns his commission. Dated the 14th September 1913.

Allahabad Volunteer Rifles.

No. 853.—Lieutenant-Colonel James Farquharson MacLaren, V.D., M.B., I.M.S. (retired), Medical Officer, resigns his commission. Dated the 18th August 1913.

Naini Tal Volunteer Rifles.

No. 854.—Major Ernest Horatio Ashworth resigns his commission. Dated the 1st September 1913.

Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 855.—Captain Geoffrey Berkley Barton resigns his commission. Dated the 1st October 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 10th October 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 73.—Engineer S. J. Fenner, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed Engineer for Superintending the work in ships, Bombay Dockyard, *vice* Engineer E. S. Borner, Royal Indian Marine; with effect from the 26th September 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 10th October, 1913.

No. 275.—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and in continuation of the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department, No. 27, dated the 16th January 1913, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the Administration of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway shall be liable to pay in aid of the funds of the local authority set out in the Schedule here-to annexed the tax specified in the second column thereof.

SCHEDULE.

Local Authority.	Tax.
1	2
Cawnpore Cantonment	Compound tax.

No. 277.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned the construction, by the agency of the Eastern Bengal Railway Administration, of a line of railway on the broad gauge, from the proposed Ishurdi station north of the Lower Ganges Bridge now under construction to Serajganj, a length of 49 miles.

This railway will be known as the Sara-Serajganj Railway.

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.

APPENDIX F.

(Referred to in the Answer to part 4 of Question No. 38.)

Net Home charges on behalf of India including capital outlay.

					₹
1903-04	...	...	...	...	25,989,251 (a)
1904-05	...	...	...	...	28,083,750 (b)
1905-06	...	...	...	...	44,748,843 (c)
1906-07	...	...	...	...	37,398,333 (d)
1907-08	...	...	...	...	32,667,410 (e)
1908-09	...	...	...	...	26,910,672
1909-10	...	...	...	...	24,619,519
1910-11	...	...	...	...	30,067,386 (f)
1911-12	...	...	...	...	24,525,260
1912-13 (Approximate)	...	...	...	...	33,985,297 (g)

(a) Includes 4,055,327 for silver.

(b) Includes 4,540,378 for silver.

(c) Includes 8,218,043 for silver and 12,980,960 in connection with the purchase of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India and Bengal Central Railways.

(d) Includes 12,370,929 for silver.

(e) Includes 4,516,255 for silver and 2,144,800 in connection with the purchase of the Madras Railway.

(f) Includes 5,904,100 in connection with the purchase of the Indian Midland Railway.

(g) Includes 7,058,619 for silver.

APPENDIX G.

(Referred to in the Answer to Question No. 39.)

*List of newspapers, etc., in the Punjab which are supplied with official papers of the Government of India through Local Governments.**Published in English.*

1. Tribune.
2. Observer.
3. Punjabee.
4. Khalsa Advocate.
5. Punjab Times.
6. Arya Patrika.

Published in Urdu.

1. Sialkot Paper.
2. Akhbar-i-Am.
3. Wafadar.
4. Victoria Paper.
5. Nur-i-Afshan.
6. Siraj-ul-Akhbar.
7. Paise Akhbar.
8. Vakil.
9. Punjab Samachar.
10. Curzon Gazette.
11. Watan.
12. Arya Gazette.
13. Hindustan.
14. Jhang Sial.

Published in Gurmukhi.

1. Fauji Akhbar (Gurmukhi edition).
2. Khalsa Samachar.

*List of newspapers, etc., in the United Provinces which are supplied with official papers of the Government of India through Local Governments.**Published in English.*

1. Advocate.
2. Leader.
3. Hindustan Review.

Published in Urdu.

1. Al Bashir.
2. Oudh Akhbar.
3. Aligarh Institute Gazette.

Published in Hindi.

1. Bharat Tiwan.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 9th October, 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 4th October 1913 is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	9	8
		Brouch District . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa Kantha Agency	2	2
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	1
		Surat Town and Port	3*	5*
		Rander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	19	17
		Surat Agency	5	5
		Bhiwandi Port	4	2
		Bandra „ . . . . .	...	...
		Mulad „ . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein „ . . . . .	...	...
		Thana „	2	2
		Vesava „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kurla „ . . . . .	...	...
		Andheri „ . . . . .	...	...
	Central	Kalyan „	10	9
		Thana District	10	8
		Ahmednagar District	3	...
		West Khandesh „	3	2
		East Khandesh „	24	17
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	143	120
		Poona District	11	10
		Satara District	417	303
		Sholapur Town . . . . .	...	...
	Southern	Sholapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	6	5
		Amboli Port . . . . .	...	...
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Belgaum District	113	80
		Dharwar „	264	127
		Hubli Town	37	35
		Bijapur District	269	213

*Imported.

In the return for the week ending 27th September 1913 against Sholapur Town read 2 imported cases and 2 deaths for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	7	7
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Aden Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	20	14
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	252	182
		TOTAL	1,653	1,173
	"	Madras Town	1 (a)	...
		Bellary Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	7 (a)	5
		Mangalore Town and Port	5	5
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore District	32	18
		Chittor District	1 (a)	1 (a)
		The Nilgiris	8	2
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	"	Kurnool District	1 (a)	...
		Madura . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	55	31
	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Presidency	24-Parganahs . . . . .	...	...
		Calcutta . . . . .	...	...
BENGAL	"	TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...

(a) One imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.	
BENGAL	Dacca	Dacca Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Pabna District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		...	...
	BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town
			Patna District	7	3
Gaya Town . . . . .			...	...
Gaya District			8	5	
Tirhut		Shahabad District	24	11	
		Saran District	7	7	
		Muzaffarpur District	3	3	
		Darbhanga "	7	5	
Bhagalpur		Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	10	14	
		Bhagalpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur District . . . . .	...	...
Chota-Nag- pur		Hazaribagh " . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL .		66	48		
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Saharanpur District	2	4	
		Muzaffarnagar District . . . . .	...	...
		Meerut District	9	4	
		Bulandshahr District	8	6	

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Agra	Muttra District	8	3
		-		
	Rohil- khand	Bijnor District . . . . .	...	...
		Budaun „ . . . . .	...	...
		Moradabad „ . . . . .	...	...
		Shahjahanpur „ . . . . .	...	...
	Allahabad	Farrukhabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah „ . . . . .	...	...
		Cawnpore „ . . . . .	...	...
		Fatehpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad „	8	4
	Jhansi	Jalaun District . . . . .	...	...
	Benares	Benares „ . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur City . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur „	7	7
		Ghazipur „	33	27
		Ballia „	53	44
	Gorakh- pur	Gorakhpur District	38	27
		Basti „ . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh „	5	4
	Kumaun	Naini Tal „ . . . . .	...	...

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, OCTOBER 11, 1913. 1793

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Lucknow	Lucknow City . . . . .	...	...
		Lucknow District . . . . .	...	...
		Unao "	10	7
		Rae Bareilly "	3	2
		Sitapur " . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi " . . . . .	...	...
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	16	...
		Gonda "	2	1
		Bahraich " . . . . .	...	...
		Sultanpur " . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh " . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki "	2	2
	TOTAL		204	142
PUNJAB	Ambala	Hissar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurgaon "	2	2
		Bohtak " . . . . .	...	...
		Karnal " . . . . .	...	...
		Ambala " . . . . .	...	...
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jullundur " . . . . .	...	1

In the return for the week ending 27th September 1913 against the Unao district read 2 cases 2 deaths for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District	1	...
		Gurdaspur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Sialkot „ . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala „	4	8
	Rawalpindi	Jhelum District . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi „	38	28
		Attock „	1	...
	Multan	Jhang „ . . . . .	...	...
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		46	34
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	14	15
		Insein District	2	2
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy „	5	4
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome „	1	1
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Henzada District	9	9
		Myaungmya „	7	7
		Maubin „	2	2
		Pyapon „ . . . . .	...	...
	Tenas-serim	Amherst District . . . . .	...	...
		Thaton „ . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...
		Katha „ . . . . .	...	...

The following footnote should be made in the return for the week ending 27th September 1913 :—
The figures for the Tharrawaddy district are for the two weeks ending 27th September 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Meiktila	Meiktila District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	40	40
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Bhandara District . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
GOORG	...	Coorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	28	19
		Bangalore City . . . . .	...	...
		Bangalore District	7	5
		Mysore City . . . . .	...	...
		Mysore District	25	20
		Hassan „	11	11
		Kadur „	7	4
		Kolar „	8	2
		Kolar Gold Fields	1	1
		Tumkur District	1	...
		Shimoga „	23	18
		Chitaldroog . . . . .	...	...
HYDERABAD STATE	...	TOTAL	106	76
		Raichur District	55	48
		Bidar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani „ . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs . . . . .	...	...
		Bir District . . . . .	...	...
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	55 (a)	48 (a)

(a) From the 22nd to the 28th September 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Bhopal State	25	18
		TOTAL	25	18
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah State . . . . .	...	1
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh „ . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	6	4
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
				TOTAL . . . . .	6	5
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Hazara District . . . . .	...	1
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	1
GRAND TOTAL			2,256	1,614

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

RESULT OF THE MEASURES ADOPTED IN THE DIFFERENT PROVINCES FOR
THE DESTRUCTION OF WILD ANIMALS AND VENOMOUS SNAKES
DURING THE YEAR 1912.

No. 2108-2123.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

PUBLIC.

Dated Simla, the 7th October 1913.

RESOLUTION.

The annual reports received from the various local Governments and Administrations show that 2,066 persons were killed by wild animals in British India during the year 1912. Although this figure is somewhat in excess of that reported for the year 1911, it compares favourably with the statistics for each of the three preceding years. In reviewing the figures for 1911 it was noticed that the mortality attributable to this cause, both amongst human beings and cattle, was considerably higher in Bengal than in any other province. Conditions have been altered by the territorial redistribution of 1912, and in that year the largest number of deaths was reported from the province of Bihar and Orissa which, with 807 victims (about one-half of whom belonged to the Chota Nagpur Division) returned more than a third of the total number. At the other extreme, the North-West Frontier Province showed a blank return, as in 1911, while in the Punjab the previous year's record of 6 victims was exceeded only by 2. Among the other provinces, there was an increase of 32 in Burma where 95 deaths were reported. In the United Provinces with 160, and the Central Provinces with 123 deaths, there was little variation from the results of the previous year.

2. Tigers, as usual, claimed the largest number of victims, and the number of persons killed by them rose from 762 in 1911 to 885 in 1912. Of these no less than 396 persons were killed in Bihar and Orissa, all of whom, with the exception of 9, were inhabitants of the Chota Nagpur and Orissa Divisions. It is noticeable that in the United Provinces the number of deaths caused by tigers rose from 18 in 1910 to 36 in 1911 and to 71 in 1912. Of these 71 deaths, 61 occurred in two districts, Naini Tal and Almora. In the former district a single man-eater is regarded as responsible for some 41 deaths, and although a special reward of Rs. 500 has been offered for its destruction it was still at large at the end of the year. In the Madras Presidency tigers were responsible for 164 deaths, in Bengal for 117, in Burma for 44, in Assam for 45, and in the Central Provinces and Berar for 40. Leopards caused a total number of 261 deaths, against 253 in 1911, while the number of persons killed by wolves rose from 190 to 255. Of the 255 deaths for which the latter animals were responsible, 197 occurred in Bihar and Orissa, mostly in the Hazaribagh and Darbhanga districts. There was a slight decrease in the number of deaths attributed to animals not classified under any specific head, the number being 498 as compared with 537 reported in 1911.

3. The total mortality due to snake-bite among human beings fell from 24,312 in 1911, to 21,461 in 1912. Bihar and Orissa with 5,816, the United Provinces with 5,214, and Bengal with 4,471 deaths were the provinces which suffered most severely in this respect. Of the deaths attributed to snake-bite in Bihar and Orissa, nearly 2,600 were reported from the Tirhut Division. The returns under this head show a general decrease in all provinces, except in the North-West Frontier Province, where the mortality rose from 30 to 32 and in Coorg, where one death was reported against a blank return for the previous year. The information furnished as to the use of Sir L. Bruntons' lancets in certain provinces does not afford material for any general conclusion of value on the efficacy of this method of treatment of snake-bite.

4. The number of cattle reported to have been killed by wild animals was 94,873, or some 3,000 more than in the previous year. The increase was shared by all provinces except Assam where, it is reported, there was a decline, though even this province reports a total mortality of over 14,600. As previously stated the province of Bihar and Orissa returned the largest number of kills, most of which occurred in the Chota Nagpur Division. About half the total number of cattle-kills, were, as usual, attributed to leopards, but more than 29,000 fell victims to tigers and over 11,000 to wolves, kills by the latter being most in evidence in the Bombay Presidency. As in 1911, slightly over 10,000 head of cattle were reported to have succumbed to snake-bite.

5. During the year, 24,612 wild animals were destroyed; in 1911 the number reported was 22,406. A sum of Rs. 1,83,720 was disbursed as rewards for the destruction of animals, which exceeded the amount so paid in 1911 by about Rs. 16,500. The rewards paid for snakes killed amounted to Rs. 7,421 only, and fell short by over Rs. 30,000 of the sum paid in the previous year although the number reported as having been killed, 171,976, was not proportionately smaller. This decrease in disbursements occurred wholly in Burma, but it is reported that there was probably no falling off in the actual number of snakes killed, although the villagers in several districts did not trouble to come forward and claim the small rewards offered. The fact that the rate of reward was reduced in certain districts also contributed to the decrease.

6. The number of fresh licenses issued under the Indian Arms Act, 1878, in forms XVI, XVII and XVIII, rose from 21,448 in 1911 to 27,058 in 1912. But the total number of licenses in force in the year under report was 180,539 against 182,014 in 1911.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution (and annexure) be forwarded to local Governments and Administrations* and that it be published in the *Supplement to the Gazette of India* for general information; also that a copy be forwarded to the Director-General, Commercial Intelligence.

* Including the Chief Commissioners of the North-West Frontier Province and Ajmer-Merwara, and the Resident in Mysore.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 1.

**NUMBER OF PERSONS KILLED IN EACH PROVINCE OF BRITISH INDIA BY
WILD ANIMALS (SPECIFYING THE PRINCIPAL KINDS) AND SNAKES
IN EACH CALENDAR YEAR FROM 1908 TO 1912.**

No. 1.

NUMBER OF PERSONS KILLED in each PROVINCE of BRITISH INDIA by WILD ANIMALS
(specifying the principal kinds) and **SNAKES** in each calendar year from 1908 to 1912.

PROVINCE.		BY WILD ANIMALS.								By snakes.	GRAND TOTAL.
		Ele- phants.	Tigers.	Leopards.	Bears.	Wolves.	Hyenas.	Other animals.	Total.		
Madras	1908	5	170	45	10	2	..	4	236	1,586	1,822
	1909	3	253	78	13	2	..	20	369	1,684	2,053
	1910	5	223	119	17	17	6	9	396	1,543	1,939
	1911	8	167	70	12	6	3	19	285	1,608	1,893
	1912	4	164	89	13	6	1	45	322	1,530	1,852
Bombay	1908	..	8	5	2	1	2	14	32	1,248	1,280
	1909	4	8	11	..	5	1	7	36	1,345	1,381
	1910	1	3	6	..	..	1	11	22	1,247	1,269
	1911	..	5	3	2	..	..	16	26	1,395	1,421
	1912	..	7	4	..	..	..	18	29	1,140	1,169
Bengal (as constituted up to March 1912).	1908	17	455	94	25	184	29	230	1,034	7,402	8,436
	1909	8	383	135	31	167	50	230	1,004	7,202	8,206
	1910	8	449	100	40	218	8	307	1,130	7,767	8,897
	1911	3	385	65	30	135	20	267	905	9,344	10,249
Bengal	1912	15	117	55	12	4	4	201	408	4,471	4,879
Bihar and Orissa	1912	7	396	40	23	197	17	127	807	5,816	6,623
United Provinces	1908	1	38	39	6	71	1	38	194	4,816	5,010
	1909	5	30	81	11	70	3	37	237	4,814	5,051
	1910	..	18	44	8	71	8	34	183	5,436	5,619
	1911	2	36	22	5	44	5	28	142	5,761	5,903
	1912	..	71	14	9	44	..	22	160	5,214	5,374
Punjab (including Delhi)	1908	..	..	1	..	1	1	5	8	925	933
	1909	..	1	3	1	5	1	..	11	1,149	1,160
	1910	..	..	2	1	..	..	7	10	964	974
	1911	..	..	1	..	2	..	3	6	905	911
	1912	..	..	2	..	1	3	2	8	793	801
North-West Frontier Province	1908	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	12	30	42
	1909	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31	31
	1910	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	38	40
	1911	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	30
	1912	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32	32
Burma	1908	4	54	7	4	..	..	10	79	1,085	1,164
	1909	7	41	10	4	..	..	11	73	1,251	1,324
	1910	6	59	8	1	..	..	6	80	1,273	1,353
	1911	4	36	10	5	..	..	8	63	1,437	1,500
	1912	5	44	20	13	..	..	13	95	1,231	1,326
Central Provinces and Berar	1908	..	101	64	31	9	4	29	238	980	1,227
	1909	1	102	60	20	5	1	31	220	1,383	1,603
	1910	..	67	39	24	13	1	35	179	1,253	1,432
	1911	..	44	43	16	2	..	24	129	1,244	1,373
	1912	..	40	34	6	2	1	40	123	1,063	1,186
Eastern Bengal and Assam	1908	26	82	47	22	1	..	153	331	1,643	1,974
	1909	35	78	84	16	2	1	330	546	2,436	2,982
	1910	32	63	48	18	..	1	217	379	2,915	3,294
	1911	31	88	39	10	1	..	169	338	2,563	2,901
	1912	22	45	3	12	..	..	30	112	150	262
Coorg	1908	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
	1909	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1910	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1911	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
	1912	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..
Ajmer-Merwara	1908	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	14	15
	1909	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	69	69
	1910	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	42	43
	1911	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	25	28
	1912	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	20	21
TOTAL	1908	53	909	302	100	269	37	496	2,166	19,738	21,904
	1909	63	896	482	96	256	57	666	2,496	21,364	23,860
	1910	52	882	366	109	319	25	629	2,382	22,478	24,860
	1911	48	762	253	90	190	28	537	1,808	24,312	26,120
	1912	53	885	261	88	255	26	498	2,066	21,461	23,527

No. 2.

NUMBER of CATTLE KILLED in each PROVINCE of BRITISH INDIA by WILD ANIMALS
(specifying the principal kinds) and SNAKES, in each calendar year from 1908 to 1912.

PROVINCE.				BY WILD ANIMALS.							By snakes.	GRAND TOTAL.
				Elephants.	Tigers.	Leopards.	Bears.	Wolves.	Hyenas.	Other animals.	Total.	
Madras	1908	..	3,219	..	9,100	1	26	31	50	12,427	1,794	14,221
	1909	..	2,729	..	8,393	6	27	35	190	11,380	1,600	12,980
	1910	..	2,606	..	8,083	9	81	27	58	(a) 10,966	1,745	12,711
	1911	..	2,822	..	8,170	2	134	13	99	11,240	1,566	12,806
	1912	4	2,571	..	8,989	2	14	66	55	11,701	1,644	13,345
Bombay	1908	..	301	..	1,170	1	5,536	82	423	7,513	319	7,832
	1909	16	468	..	1,470	1	6,301	46	270	8,572	532	9,104
	1910	..	480	..	1,442	..	5,738	22	361	8,043	692	8,735
	1911	..	457	..	873	..	6,701	17	1,106	9,154	594	9,748
	1912	..	331	..	913	..	7,575	12	1,030	9,891	431	10,322
Bengal (as constituted up to March 1912).	1908	9	6,059	..	6,141	26	2,890	2,258	880	18,272	849	19,121
	1909	1	7,050	..	8,176	61	4,811	3,006	1,016	23,024	330	23,954
	1910	..	6,319	..	8,580	30	3,428	2,530	1,470	22,348	422	22,770
	1911	1	6,452	..	7,467	32	2,469	2,092	879	19,392	411	19,803
	1912	1	979	..	3,357	6	441	35	131	4,950	276	5,226
Bihar and Orissa	1912	4	6,605	..	7,355	14	1,632	1,652	946	18,208	216	18,424
United Provinces	1908	..	1,052	..	8,518	57	627	109	106	10,469	614	11,083
	1909	3	1,460	..	8,457	109	559	198	312	11,098	665	11,763
	1910	..	1,631	..	8,610	306	591	203	1,577	12,918	747	13,665
	1911	..	1,212	..	8,351	207	525	343	1,579	12,247	894	13,141
	1912	..	1,768	..	9,340	444	401	163	541	12,657	859	13,516
Punjab (including Delhi)	1908	..	..	..	988	1	519	101	..	1,600	34	1,634
	1909	..	..	..	1,863	..	391	1	..	2,255	13	2,268
	1910	..	..	..	1,671	..	366	5	1	2,043	32	2,075
	1911	..	..	..	1,140	..	476	142	..	1,758	30	1,788
	1912	..	..	..	1,086	..	495	131	74	1,789	10	1,799
North-West Frontier Province	1908	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	5	15	1	16
	1909	..	..	..	..	..	24	..	2	26	..	26
	1910	..	7	..	..	..	92	23	..	122	..	122
	1911	..	..	..	9	..	31	3	3	46	8	54
	1912	..	..	..	35	..	90	8	..	133	1	134
Burma	1908	..	4,354	..	2,854	1	2	7	100	7,318	6,201	13,519
	1909	1	4,571	..	3,232	41	10	75	235	8,165	6,812	14,977
	1910	1	4,733	..	2,965	16	..	..	136	7,851	6,598	14,449
	1911	..	4,311	..	3,449	9	..	..	164	7,933	6,511	14,444
	1912	19	4,303	..	3,873	107	..	..	114	8,416	6,063	14,479
Central Provinces and Berar	1908	..	4,570	..	6,982	20	532	142	584	12,830	603	13,433
	1909	..	4,124	..	6,992	12	419	144	368	12,059	433	12,492
	1910	..	4,039	..	6,976	12	553	129	375	12,084	420	12,513
	1911	..	3,775	..	6,559	..	586	82	363	11,365	284	11,649
	1912	..	3,731	..	6,811	27	428	43	384	11,430	252	11,682
Eastern Bengal and Assam	1908	1	8,193	..	7,490	41	21	37	673	16,456	284	16,740
	1909	14	9,646	..	4,816	18	502	47	984	16,147	255	16,402
	1910	8	9,103	..	5,505	21	571	18	680	15,906	323	16,229
	1911	8	9,314	..	6,425	43	997	86	924	17,797	232	18,029
	1912	27	8,261	..	5,478	41	21	103	673	14,607	545	15,152
Coorg	1908	..	510	..	176	..	..	..	4	690	1	691
	1909	..	618	..	179	..	4	..	19	820	2	822
	1910	..	558	..	165	..	1	..	..	724	2	726
	1911	..	460	..	157	..	..	..	4	621	4	625
	1912	..	606	..	213	..	22	..	8	849	3	852
Ajmer-Merwara	1908	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	8	..	8
	1909	..	..	..	47	..	..	..	..	61	..	61
	1910	..	..	..	62	..	..	..	3	65	..	65
	1911	..	..	..	145	..	3	2	1	151	..	151
	1912	..	..	..	214	..	19	3	6	242	1	243
TOTAL	1908	10	28,258	..	43,427	148	10,163	2,767	2,834	87,607	10,700	98,307
	1909	35	30,606	..	43,025	283	12,630	3,552	3,407	94,207	10,642	104,849
	1910	9	28,467	..	44,050	304	11,421	2,957	4,661	93,070	10,990	104,060
	1911	9	28,833	..	42,745	203	11,922	2,780	5,122	91,704	10,534	102,238
	1912	55	29,158	..	47,697	641	11,141	2,219	3,962	94,873	10,301	105,174

3.

(in rupees) paid for their DESTRUCTION in each calendar year from 1908 to 1912.

REWARDS PAID FOR DESTRUCTION OF									GRAND TOTAL
Elephants.	Tigers.	Leopards.	Bears.	Wolves.	Hyenas.	Other animals.	Total.	Snakes.	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
..	3,124	9,045	192	..	..	380	13,011	..	13,041
..	4,076	10,977	300	..	..	852	16,205	..	16,205
..	4,953	9,461	167	..	..	3,668	18,362	..	18,362
..	4,045	9,952	164	..	..	3,234	17,395	..	17,395
..	4,151	10,694	83	..	..	2,890	17,818	..	17,818
..	948	1,851	37	433	..	..	3,269	125	3,394
..	730	1,843	36	452	8	450	3,519	69	3,588
..	604	2,083	12	292	..	1,531	4,525	93	4,618
..	882	2,110	59	304	..	2,305	5,660	128	5,788
..	699	2,164	30	278	..	1,637	4,808	106	4,914
100	5,633	1,740	341	1,483	351	372	10,026	161	10,187
200	5,710	1,663	283	1,014	410	322	9,632	171	9,803
100	8,312	1,783	274	2,218	327	673	13,747	133	13,880
..	14,559	2,052	250	2,102	405	425	19,793	157	19,950
50	11,138	1,343	60	..	2	694	13,287	190	13,477
..	4,700	3,024	405	2,893	496	123	11,641	77	11,718
..	111	5,072	1,857	11,226	508	391	22,168	656	22,824
..	175	3,878	889	7,228	315	535	13,020	488	13,508
..	..	5,919	1,154	7,063	334	902	14,502	106	14,608
..	..	5,883	1,078	11,312	390	2,280	20,963	73	21,036
..	200	6,878	1,571	8,387	243	1,125	18,101	11	18,112
..	15	856	1,617	2,797	..	..	5,285	599	5,884
..	23	1,316	1,366	3,115	2	..	5,852	708	6,560
..	16	1,903	1,012	3,700	..	..	5,731	571	6,302
..	132	876	1,163	5,123	..	..	7,294	551	7,845
..	33	1,179	781	6,573	..	8	8,574	469	9,043
..	..	55	35	200	..	..	290	172	462
..	..	67	18	161	..	..	246	136	382
..	5	66	23	212	..	..	306	143	449
..	..	32	10	338	..	..	380	104	484
..	..	85	5	637	..	15	742	95	837
100	12,065	21,720	7,122	..	5	375	42,287	..	42,287
180	15,870	20,739	7,856	..	10	653	45,308	..	45,308
15	16,930	21,651	10,219	..	..	575	49,390	..	49,390
100	17,330	27,151	10,362	..	..	995	55,938	35,783	91,721
..	19,110	37,280	13,110	..	..	880	70,980	5,782	76,462
150	11,570	15,160	1,668	1,203	5	12,209	41,965	370	42,335
..	8,855	12,580	1,375	1,237	..	4,324	28,371	679	29,050
..	3,190	10,480	1,212	665	..	4,640	20,187	753	20,940
..	3,205	11,192	1,554	598	..	6,570	23,119	666	23,785
..	3,300	12,225	1,798	310	5	6,329	23,867	481	24,348
250	..	4,528	2,892	2	3	689	15,597	131	15,728
300	..	6,205	1,892	5	..	429	18,861	183	19,044
350	..	5,443	1,286	..	7	988	16,544	1,007	17,551
250	..	5,249	1,079	5	..	731	15,351	341	15,692
50	..	4,920	1,025	2	5	420	12,282	148	12,430
..	500	696	..	..	..	10	1,206	..	1,206
..	296	806	..	..	..	35	1,137	1	1,138
..	340	598	..	..	..	30	968	1	969
..	415	822	..	..	..	90	1,327	..	1,327
..	696	783	..	..	..	70	1,549	..	1,549
..	..	15	..	..	39	..	54	2	56
..	..	13	..	..	12	..	25	3	28
..	..	15	..	..	12	..	27	8	35
..	..	26	..	..	3	..	29	3	32
..	5	20	..	6	21	16	68	2	70
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	55	55
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	61	61
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	57	57
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60	60
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60	60
600	42,399	60,744	15,761	20,314	911	14,429	1,55,188	2,271	1,57,459
680	45,765	60,117	14,015	13,242	767	7,600	1,42,176	2,499	1,44,675
485	42,850	57,632	15,359	14,180	680	13,010	1,44,289	2,875	1,47,164
350	48,628	65,345	15,719	19,782	798	10,632	1,07,230	37,866	2,05,118
100	49,792	80,595	19,168	19,086	772	14,207	1,83,720	7,421	1,91,141

No. 4.

NUMBER of LICENSES ISSUED in Form XVI (for purposes of sport, protection or display) and Forms XVII and XVIII (for purposes of destruction of wild animals doing injury to human beings, cattle or crops) under the INDIAN ARMS ACT, 1878, in each calendar year from 1908 to 1912.

PROVINCE.								Number of licenses granted in the year.	Number of licenses granted in previous years and still in force.	Total number of licenses in force in the year.	
Madras	1908	4,302	55,160	59,462
								1909	10,450	44,140	54,590
								1910	4,567	49,854	54,421
								1911	2,807	48,109	50,916
								1912	3,023	45,032	48,055
Bombay	1908	4,626	10,980	15,615
								1909	3,093	12,848	15,941
								1910	3,798	11,739	15,537
								1911	2,832	12,319	15,151
								1912	3,730	11,865	15,595
Bengal (as constituted up to March 1912)	1908	4,200	29,312	33,512
								1909	3,512	27,982	31,494
								1910	2,846	26,560	29,406
								1911	2,694	24,674	27,368
Bengal	1912	2,458	25,013	27,471
Bihar and Orissa	1912	4,603	10,251	14,854
United Provinces	1908	2,932	18,766	21,698
								1909	2,781	19,856	22,137
								1910	3,111	19,157	22,268
								1911	2,408	19,802	22,210
								1912	2,114	20,201	22,315
Punjab (including Delhi)	1908	1,253	11,089	12,342
								1909	1,373	8,769	10,142
								1910	1,443	11,208	12,651
								1911	1,640	11,316	12,956
								1912	2,127	11,324	13,451
North-West Frontier Province	1908	1,353	3,020	4,382
								1909	2,122	3,388	5,510
								1910	2,557	2,525	5,082
								1911	1,733	3,075	4,808
								1912	1,533	3,451	4,984
Burma	1908	468	711	1,179
								1909	474	825	1,299
								1910	760	763	1,523
								1911	841	844	1,688
								1912	856	2,754	3,610
Central Provinces and Berar	1908	6,222	10,083	16,305
								1909	6,414	9,025	15,439
								1910	5,807	9,675	15,572
								1911	5,983	9,917	15,900
								1912	6,385	9,608	16,092
Eastern Bengal and Assam	1908	2,160	30,109	32,269
								1909	641	32,729	33,370
								1910	1,005	31,522	32,527
								1911	1,242	29,669	30,911
Assam	1912	156	13,034	13,190
Coorg	1908	136	717	853
								1909	21	790	811
								1910	99	760	859
								1911	70	841	911
								1912	50	869	919
Ajmer-Merwara
Bangalore	1909	19	53	72
								1910	30	56	86
								1911	95	....	95
								1912	23	79	102
TOTAL								1908	27,600	170,632	197,641
								1909	30,900	159,905	190,805
								1910	26,113	163,819	189,932
								1911	21,448	160,566	182,014
								1912	27,058	153,481	180,539

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
4th October 1913.

Burma.—The week was generally wet. Cultivation of winter rice and upland crops and harvesting of cotton are progressing normally. Cattle are healthy. The price of unhusked rice has risen in Rangoon.

Assam.—During the week the weather was seasonable with moderate rain which improved the condition of the standing crops, but more rain is still wanted in Kamrup for transplantation of winter rice. Harvesting of autumn rice and jute and transplantation of winter rice are practically finished. The outturn of autumn rice is fair. The prospects of winter rice on the whole are fair and those of tea are generally good. The average price of common rice is stationary. Cattle disease is reported from four districts. Fodder is insufficient in Sylhet and Kamrup.

Bengal.—During the week moderate rain fell nearly all over the Province doing much good to the standing crops, the condition of which is generally favourable, except in the flood affected areas. Weeding of winter rice and harvesting of autumn rice and jute are still proceeding. Lands are being prepared for spring crops but the sowings have not yet begun. Cattle disease is reported in five districts. Want of fodder is felt in three districts. Agricultural loans are being issued to people in the flood affected areas of the Burdwan division. There is no demand for gratuitous relief on a large scale at present.

Bihar and Orissa.—During the week light rain fell in most districts of the Province. More rain is wanted in parts of Orissa. Weeding of winter rice and harvesting of autumn crops continue. Preparation of lands for spring crops has commenced in some districts. The standing crops are doing very well except in the flood affected areas where however agricultural prospects are gradually improving. The average price of common rice has slightly risen in comparison with that of the previous week. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in parts of Patna. Cattle disease is reported from some districts. Agricultural prospects in the Feudatory States of Orissa are on the whole good.

United Provinces.—During the week no rain fell save showers in the south-eastern and eastern districts, parts of South Oudh, the central submontane and Himalayan districts and in the Tehri and Benares States. More rain is urgently needed throughout the Provinces except in the hill districts. Damage to crops by drought is reported from all but the eastern districts. Harvesting of autumn crops and of millets continues and in some places is nearing completion. Picking of cotton, sowing of pulses, preparation of land for spring crops and irrigation of crops are in progress wherever practicable. Cattle disease has almost disappeared. Fodder is scarce in the central Doab and the north central districts and in parts of the Himalayan, western submontane, Lower Doab and Bundelkhand districts, but at present is sufficient elsewhere. Prices have risen further.

Punjab.—The weather was dry during the week. Rain is badly wanted in the south-eastern and submontane tracts where unirrigated crops are withering from drought. Elsewhere standing crops are generally average to good. Picking of cotton and harvesting of other autumn crops continue. Outturn is average to good save in the unirrigated tracts of the Southeast Punjab where it is below average. Ploughings for and sowings of spring crops are proceeding. Sowings are normal except in the Ambala division where they are seriously restricted on unirrigated lands for want of moisture. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally close to normal.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless and the weather moderate. The condition of standing crops is generally good on irrigated areas and average on unirrigated lands except in the Swabi Tahsil of the Peshawar district. Irrigation from the Paharpur Canal continued. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are sufficient except in Swabi where fodder is insufficient. Prices are generally high but are falling in Dera Ismail Khan.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 12 to 20 seers per rupee. The condition of the standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of a mild type prevails in one tahsil. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—During the week no rain fell throughout the Province. Reaping of autumn and sowing of spring crops are in progress. Cattle disease is reported in some villages of the Valley. Crops are in fair condition. Prices are normal.

Rajputana.—During the week the weather was generally clear and hot. 54 cents of rain fell in Partabgarh and slight showers in parts of Jhalawar and Ajmer. Rain is very

and parts of Bundi and Kotah where standing crops on dry lands have withered from drought. Fodder is generally insufficient. Cattle are generally doing well. Water is generally sufficient. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress and lands are being prepared for spring sowing. Prices are high and are rising. Cattle emigration continues in Ajmer-Merwara and a few States.

Central India.—During the week the rainfall was partial in Gwalior, Malwa and Bhopawar. Elsewhere no rain fell. The weather was abnormally hot and more rain is wanted in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and in the Rampurabhanpur district and the Alampur pergana of Indore. Lands are being prepared for spring crops in Indore, Bhopal, Malwa and Bhopawar. Operations have been retarded in parts of Gwalior and Bundelkhand for want of rain and in Baghelkhand for want of sufficient moisture. Standing crops are bad in parts of Gwalior, Indore, Bundelkhand and Baghelkhand and good elsewhere. The crops have been damaged in parts of Gwalior, Indore, Bundelkhand and Baghelkhand. The condition of agricultural stock and pasturage are bad in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand and are good elsewhere. Prices are rising in the Gwalior division of Gwalior, Bhopal and Bundelkhand, are above normal in Baghelkhand and steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The weather continues to be clear and hot and occasionally cloudy. The week was rainless and the continued drought is causing further damage to autumn crops (except cotton). In the districts of the Central Provinces rain is urgently required to improve the condition of standing crops and ensure successful germinating of spring crops. Harvesting of rice, *kodon* and *til* has begun in several districts. Fodder and water are sufficient except in Saugor. Cattle are doing well. In Drug, Akola Amraoti and Buldana the price of food grains remains stationary, elsewhere prices rose from $\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee.

Feudatory States.—No rain fell during the week and rain is badly needed to improve crop prospects. Prices rose in five States ranging from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 seers per rupee.

Bombay.—During the week good to slight rain fell in the Konkan, the Deccan, the Karnatak and Kathiawar. The week's rain was useful but more is still needed in parts. Standing crops have been slightly damaged by locusts and insects in parts of Sind, by insects in parts of Broach, West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Bijapur and Kolhapur and by rats in Karachi, Hyderabad and Rewa Kantha. They are withering in parts of the Deccan and Kolhapur. Autumn harvesting continues generally. Preparation of lands for the sowing of spring crops is progressing. Sowing continues except in parts of the Deccan where it has been retarded. The supply of fodder is generally sufficient. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition and sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona. Drinking water is adequate and water for irrigation sufficient except in parts of Sholapur, Bijapur and Dharwar. Prices are rising in parts of Sind, and have fallen in the Deccan and the Karnatak. The public health is generally good. Stocks of grain are sufficient. The numbers on gratuitous relief for the week ending 4th October were :—Poona, Sholapur and Bijapur 459.

Hyderabad.—Little rain fell during the week, the average being 15 cents. Autumn crops are fair to good but require rain in the Raichur, Gulbarga, Mahbubnagar and Karimnagar districts. They have been damaged somewhat by insects in Raichur and Mahbubnagar. The early rice crop is fair and is being irrigated except in parts where water is insufficient. Lands for spring crops are being prepared and sowings are progressing generally except in parts for want of moisture. Fodder scarcity prevails in one, water scarcity in seven and cattle disease in five talukas. The prices of grains are almost stationary. White *juar* sells for ten seers per rupee in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is eight seers per rupee in Mahbubnagar, Nalgonda and Karimnagar and the lowest 24 in Adilabad.

Mysore.—During the week the rainfall was fair in Kadur and good elsewhere. Prices are steady in Mysore and Hassan, have risen slightly in Tumkar and show a downward tendency elsewhere. The markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. The prospects of the season are generally good but more rain is wanted in parts of Kadur and Shimoga. Water and fodder are available. Cattle are generally healthy.

Coorg.—The rainfall during the week was 3 inches 5 cents. Rice is in good condition. Picking of cardamoms continues. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—During the week the rainfall was very heavy in Travancore, heavy in Chittoor, North Arcot, Salem, Malabar and South Canara, light to fair in Kurnool, Nellore and Tinnevely and good elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good but require rain in some places. Harvesting of dry crops and paddy over small areas is proceeding with outturn poor to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally for the most part. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of water is insufficient for cultivation in many places. Fodder is generally sufficient. Pasture is scanty in many places. Prices are stationary.

J. H. KERR,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 9th October 1913, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. A depression which formed over the south of the Bay caused an increase of rainfall in the southern half of the Peninsula and gave some heavy falls on the east coast. It crossed the coast near Nellore on the 8th and passed out into the Arabian Sea near Ratnagiri on the 9th; moderately heavy rain fell along its track.

A disturbance of the winter type gave light local falls of rain in northeast Baluchistan, Upper Sind and the North-West Frontier Province.

2. *Burma*.—There was fairly general rain on the 7th, but on the remaining days only a few falls occurred.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was fairly general in Assam and Bengal on the first four days of the week, and nearly general in Orissa on the 2nd.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Bahraich and Dehra Dun had light falls of rain.

Northwest India.—Falls of rain were reported from Fort Sandeman, Jacobabad, Drosh, Parachinar and Sonamarg.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was nearly general in Mysore on the 2nd, in southeast Madras on the 5th, on the north Madras coast on the 6th, in the Madras Deccan on the 6th, 7th and 8th, on the west coast on the 7th and 8th, and in the south of the Bombay Deccan and of Hyderabad on the 8th.

3. The chief daily amounts of rain were as follows:—

October 2nd.	Dibrugarh 4.12", Mysore 1.60", Masulipatam 1.55" and Salem 1.82".
" 3rd.	Saugor Island 1.44", Mysore 1.86", Trivandrum 3.01" and Masulipatam 2.00".
" 4th.	Yamethin 2.61", Dibrugarh 3.05", Calcutta 1.66", Calicut 1.96" and Trivandrum 4.82".
" 5th.	Dibrugarh 3.61", Salem 2.32", Ootacamund 2.69", Cuddalore 5.73", Madras 3.92" and Cocanada 2.10".
" 6th.	Cochin 2.16", Cuddalore 1.84", Nellore 5.59", Masulipatam 4.70", Cocanada 3.42" and Cuddapah 2.80".
" 7th.	Drosh 0.74", Fort Sandeman 0.86", Jacobabad 0.40", Cochin 1.45", Kurnool 1.90", Cocanada 1.42" and Masulipatam 3.00".
" 8th.	Marmagao 4.01", Karwar 2.32", Bijapur 2.30", Calicut 3.02", Cuddalore 1.49", Cuddapah 1.11" and Bellary 1.85".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Assam, the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, the Konkan, Malabar, Madras Southeast, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North; and differed from the normal by less than 20 per cent in Upper Burma, Bengal, Hyderabad South and Mysore. It was 20 per cent or more in defect in all the remaining divisions, except the Punjab Southwest, Baluchistan and Rajputana West, where the absence of rain is a normal feature at this time of year.

The seasonal rainfall up to date is 20 per cent or more in excess in Bengal, Bihar, the Punjab Southwest, Sind and Gujarat. It is 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces West, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Central India East, Hyderabad South and the Madras Deccan; and is within 20 per cent of the normal in the rest of the country.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 9TH OCTOBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 2ND MAY 1913 TO 9TH OCTOBER 1913.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1'4	2'9	-1'5	71'7	88'9	-17'2	-19	-18
Lower Burma	1'0	2'4	-1'4	139'6	132'4	+7'2	+5	+7
Upper Burma	1'2	1'2	0	37'6	36'4	+1'2	+3	+3
Assam	3'0	1'5	+1'5	73'6	73'6	0	0	-2
Bengal	1'1	1'1	0	83'8	65'4	+18'4	+28	+29
Orissa	0'5	1'0	-0'5	60'1	53'4	+6'7	+13	+14
Chota Nagpur	0'2	0'6	-0'4	54'1	47'2	+6'9	+15	+16
Bihar	0'1	0'9	-0'8	60'9	48'0	+12'9	+27	+29
United Provinces, East	0'1	1'0	-0'9	31'0	38'2	-7'2	-19	-17
United Provinces, West	0	0'4	-0'4	20'2	38'3	-18'1	-47	-47
Punjab, East and North	0	0'1	-0'1	21'3	21'2	+0'1	0	+1
Punjab, Southwest	0	0	0	11'1	7'8	+3'3	+42	+42
Kashmir	0	0'1	-0'1	4'8	8'2	-3'4	-41	-41
N.-W. Frontier Province	0'1	0	+0'1	3'8	5'7	-1'9	-33	-35
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0'5	1'1	-0'6	-55	-55
Sind	0'1	0	+0'1	11'5	4'8	+6'7	+140	+137
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	5'9	11'3	-5'4	-48	-48
Rajputana, East	0	0'1	-0'1	17'5	22'4	-4'9	-22	-22
Gujarat	0	0'1	-0'1	31'2	23'1	+8'1	+35	+36
Central India, West	0	0'3	-0'3	32'5	29'6	+2'9	+10	+11
Central India, East	0	0'6	-0'6	22'6	40'4	-17'8	-44	-43
Berar	0	0'5	-0'5	31'3	29'7	+1'6	+5	+7
Central Provinces, West	0	0'4	-0'4	36'3	44'1	-7'8	-18	-17
Central Provinces, East	0	0'6	-0'6	41'3	46'2	-4'9	-11	-9
Konkan	2'8	0'9	+1'9	81'5	93'1	-11'6	-12	-15
Bombay Deccan	0'5	1'0	-0'5	22'1	24'8	-2'7	-17	-9
Hyderabad, North	0	0'3	-0'3	29'9	31'0	-1'1	-4	-3
Hyderabad, South	0'5	0'5	0	20'2	27'1	-6'9	-25	-26
Mysore	1'9	1'8	+0'1	19'6	21'8	-2'2	-10	-11
Malabar	5'5	1'8	+3'7	78'9	85'1	-6'2	-7	-12
Madras, Southeast	3'0	1'2	+1'8	13'5	14'4	-0'9	-6	-20
Madras Deccan	3'0	1'1	+1'9	13'4	19'7	-6'3	-32	-44
Madras Coast, North	5'5	0'9	+4'6	24'6	23'8	+0'8	+3	-17

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

J. H. KERR,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
Dated 9th October 1913.

No. 8327-8339-134.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TELEGRAPHS.

RESOLUTION.

Simla, the 7th October 1913.

READ—

Letter from the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, No. 584^S-G., dated the 29th September 1913, embodying the Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13.

ANNUAL REPORT
ON
THE INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT
FOR THE YEAR
1912-13.

No. 584^S-G., dated Simla, the 29th September 1913.

From—The HON'BLE MR. W. MAXWELL, C.I.E., M V.O., I.C.S., Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the Indian Telegraph Department for the official year 1912-13.

2. The administration of the department was in the hands of Sir Charles Stewart-Wilson, K.C.I.E., up to the 17th February 1913 when he proceeded on leave. I held charge for the remainder of the year.

3. The number of persons on the establishment on the 31st March 1913 was 11,401 of whom 47 were women.

Magnitude
business.

During the year 15,764,265 telegrams were transmitted over the lines of the department representing a revenue of Rs. 1,10,02,277, giving, with receipts from other sources such as rent of railway and private lines, a total revenue of Rs. 1,52,79,958, as compared with working charges amounting to Rs. 1,28,21,644.

New radio offices were opened at Karachi and Butcher Island, Bombay, with a working range of 600 miles, for the exchange of public correspondence with ships at sea, and the temporary radio office at Bombay was closed. With these exceptions no departmental telegraph offices were opened or closed during the year, but three such offices were transferred to the agency of the Post Office and converted into combined post and telegraph offices, while 160 new combined post and telegraph offices were opened and 16 were closed, making at the close of the year a total number of 10,118 telegraph offices of all kinds in India and Burma of which 7,854 were open for public business. Of these 255 were departmental offices, 2,860 were combined offices, 4,732 were railway telegraph offices and 7 were canal telegraph offices. Fifty-two of the Government telegraph offices were also meteorological observation offices. There were also at the close of the year 4,650 post offices which are receiving offices for telegrams.

The telegraph system was extended during the year by the erection of 2,284 miles of line and 11,691 miles of wire and cable, and at the close of the year consisted of 78,862 miles of line and 311,034 miles of wire and cable, of which 96,587 miles of wire and cable were used by railways, 9,361 for canals, 19,249 for telephone exchanges and private lines and 185,837 miles for departmental purposes.

The number of instruments of all kinds rented from the department at the close of the year was 23,854, of which 7,172 were on railway, 1,125 on canal and 15,557 on private lines.

The total number of signalling operations entailed in the transmission of all telegrams from the office of origin to the office of destination increased from 75,451,192 to 78,200,879, giving an average number of operations per sent telegram of 4.96 as compared with 5.06 at the close of the year 1911-12. The statistics of 85 principal offices show that 53.07 per cent of the total traffic was in course of transmission within 10 minutes, and 73.08 per cent within 20 minutes of receipt of the messages in the offices of origin, and that 79.55 per cent of the total traffic was sent out for delivery within ten minutes of receipt in the offices of destination.

Principal events
during the year.

4. In their resolution in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 830-833, dated the 24th January 1912, referred to in the conclusion of paragraph 4 of the report for 1911-12, the Government of India announced their decision to bring the administration of the Post Office and the Telegraph Department under one head with the intention that the officer appointed to hold charge of both departments should, after he had gained some experience of the working of both departments, report whether a complete fusion of the postal and telegraph services was feasible and advisable; and, if so, that he should prepare a scheme for their gradual amalgamation.

Accordingly, on the 1st April 1912, Sir Charles Stewart-Wilson, K.C.I.E., assumed charge of the Telegraph Department, in addition to his duties as Director-General of the Post Office, and I was placed on special duty from the same date to assist him in administering the two departments and in preparing at the same time a workable scheme of amalgamation. The Government of India had announced that the general interests involved were of such importance that they considered it desirable that the public should be given a full opportunity of expressing their views on the question of amalgamation, and that the adoption of any experiments that might be made would afford a convenient means of forming an opinion. Proposals were accordingly placed before the Government of India towards the end of May 1912 for the experimental amalgamation of the postal and telegraph services in the Bombay and Central Circles from the 1st July 1912. The fundamental principles of this experimental scheme, which followed closely the systems in force in the United Kingdom and several other European countries, were the separation of the traffic from the engineering work of the Telegraph Department and the transfer of the telegraph traffic work to the Postmasters-General of these circles while the engineering work of both circles was entrusted to the charge of one officer, styled the Superintending Engineer, Telegraphs. It was considered essential that the circles chosen for the purpose of the experiment should adjoin each other and the Bombay and Central Circles were selected, partly because they represented different types of country in relation to both telegraph and postal work, and partly because the Postmaster-General of the former circle was a postal officer, while the officiating Postmaster-General of the latter was a telegraph officer, who had then been officiating as Postmaster-General for some time and had become acquainted with the system of Post Office administration. The experiment was approved by Government and introduced in July 1912. Its progress was most carefully watched departmentally, and was freely discussed with all the senior and many of the junior officers and subordinates of both the Post Office and the Telegraph Department. Full details of the experimental arrangements were communicated to the commercial bodies in the two circles, and the general public were also invited by means of a press communique and notices exhibited at all telegraph and postal offices to express their views regarding their suitability. The general opinion expressed at the end of October was decidedly in favour of the experiment. By that time Sir Charles Stewart-Wilson had come to the conclusion that the advantages of separating the traffic from the engineering work of the Telegraph Department were unquestionable, and that the separation could best be effected by the application to the whole of India as a permanent measure of the arrangements that had been in force in the Bombay and Central Circles from the 1st July. There had ceased to be, so far as could be ascertained, any feeling on the part of the officers or the subordinate staff of either the Telegraph Department or the Post Office against the permanent amalgamation of the two departments, provided that the interests and prospects of officers of all grades already

serving in the departments were adequately protected, and it was ascertained that the leading commercial bodies and the public in India and Burma had no objection to amalgamation carried out on this basis. A complete scheme was accordingly prepared and submitted to the Government of India in November 1912. This scheme follows generally the lines of the experimental arrangements adopted in the case of the Bombay and Central Circles, and provides in detail for the transfer of traffic work to the control of Postmasters-General, the recruitment of engineers for engineering work only, and the abolition of dual control.

Under the scheme greater telegraph and telephone facilities will be afforded to the public, and the telegraph service generally will be improved in consequence of the closer control which it will be possible to exercise over the traffic arrangements, especially in the larger towns where all the telegraph offices will be placed under the control of the officer in charge of the central office.

The scheme was under consideration by the Government of India at the close of the year under review, and its details cannot therefore be furnished in this report, but the experimental arrangements were still in force in the Bombay and Central Circles and continued to work satisfactorily throughout the year. Towards the end of the year the Postmaster-General, Central Circle, reported that the traffic arrangements of the circle were without doubt better than they were in July 1912, and he attributes this to the excellent work of his traffic officers and to the fact that his traffic staff at the head-quarters of the circle had their attention concentrated on purely traffic work. Equally satisfactory results are reported by the Postmaster-General, Bombay Circle, and there can be no doubt that the provision of a separate traffic staff has done much to improve the working of these two circles and has facilitated the training of the staff both in departmental and combined offices. Superintendents of post offices are gradually being instructed in telegraph traffic matters so that they can supervise the working of combined offices properly, and they now take much greater interest in telegraph questions than before the experimental amalgamation, while their inspections of combined offices with the assistance of a specially designed form of inspection report have had a marked effect on the working of these offices. The newly organised traffic branch of the Central Circle was put to a severe test during the autumn tour of His Excellency the Viceroy in Central India from the 6th November to 20th December 1912. Twenty-one telegraph and seven booking offices had to be opened and, in addition to these, ten camp offices were opened for His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief. The organisation for the disposal of traffic was most efficient, and the heavy volume of additional traffic was handled without delay or difficulty.

Reports submitted by the officers responsible for the telegraph engineering in these two circles show that, owing to the separation of this branch from traffic, it is now possible for the engineers to spend far more time than formerly on tours of inspection and to exercise closer supervision over the line staff, with the result that this branch of the work is performed efficiently. The arrangement under which officers are employed solely on one class of duties promises to be as successful in the case of the engineering as of the traffic branch.

The Kashmir Division was abolished with effect from the 15th June 1912, and from that date a Superintendent was attached to the traffic branch of my office.

The head-quarters of the Ambala Division was transferred to Delhi with effect from the 1st December 1912 and that division was designated "Delhi Division".

Many measures of decentralisation of work were carried into effect and the procedure of the department was greatly simplified, with the result that it was found possible to dispense with the services of 34 temporary clerks employed in circle and divisional offices.

At the beginning of the official year the arrangements for the storage and issue of standard forms were found to be defective and stocks of such forms were generally far in excess of requirements. The whole position was carefully examined, with the result that the indents on the printing contractors during the

latter part of the year for fresh supplies of standard forms were very small and a considerable saving was effected under the head "Stationery and Printing".

The construction by the department of the three large wireless stations at Karachi, Nagpur and Lahore was successfully completed during the year, and the new station on Butcher Island, Bombay, was almost finished. The delay in regard to this station was due to the breakage of some accumulator plates, which had to be replaced from England. Arrangements have been made to erect four more wireless stations at Madras, Secunderabad, Peshawar and Quetta during the current year.

The system of calculating guarantees for combined offices, which are unlikely to pay their way, has been thoroughly revised with the object of keeping guarantees as low as possible. Guarantors will also benefit greatly by the arrangements which have been made recently to use light and cheap material for combined office lines.

The old Delhi telegraph office was closed in November 1912, and a new Central Telegraph Office was opened near the Imperial Secretariat with every facility for dealing expeditiously with the increased traffic due to the presence of the head-quarters of the Government of India at Delhi during the cold weather. Local offices were opened at Kashmir Gate, Timarpur and Kingsway to deal with the traffic of certain local areas and reduce the pressure on the central office, and the Chandni Chowk office was made a delivery office for the city area.

The attempt on the lives of Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Lady Hardinge on the 23rd December 1912 caused an abnormal pressure of traffic in the Delhi office for some time, but the staff of the office proved equal to the occasion and disposed of all the messages without undue delay.

The Unattached List of the Telegraph Department consisting of twenty warrant and non-commissioned officers has been placed on a time-scale of promotion, by which sergeants attain the rank of sub-conductor after 9 years departmental service, and sub-conductors the rank of conductor after 16 years departmental service. Appointments to this list have, however, been discontinued since the 1st April 1913 and it will be abolished when the present incumbents complete their service. In its place it has been arranged to appoint annually to the establishment of civil telegraphists six qualified time-expired military telegraphists. The selected men are transferred to the civil establishment as General Service telegraphists from the date of their transfer to the Army Reserve or discharge from the Army, and their pay under the time-scale of pay sanctioned for civil telegraphists is fixed by the period for which they have rendered continuous service in the Telegraph Department as military telegraphists. This period will also count as service towards leave and pension under civil rules.

With effect from the 1st September 1912 the rate for telegrams exchanged between India and Burma on the one side and Ceylon on the other was reduced in the case of private telegrams from three annas a word to the rate for Indian inland express telegrams, *vis.*, one rupee for the first twelve words and two annas for each additional word, with a proportionate reduction in the charges for press telegrams and telegraphic money orders. It is too soon to form an accurate estimate of the effect of these reductions, but from the beginning of September 1912 to the end of March 1913 the number of telegrams exchanged over the Madras-Colombo circuits was 189,043 as compared with 163,683 during the corresponding period in 1911-12, or an increase of 15.5 per cent. The increase in traffic during the same period in 1911-12 over the traffic of 1910-11 was 14,240 messages or 9.5 per cent. It may therefore be concluded that the reduction in rates will lead to an appreciable increase in telegraphic correspondence to and from Ceylon.

From the 1st October 1912 the charge for press telegrams exchanged *via* the Eastern Telegraph Company's cables between India and Burma on the one side and the United Kingdom on the other was reduced from nine to four annas a word. A corresponding reduction was made at the same time in the rate for other countries in Europe by this route, and the reduction was applied with effect from the 1st February 1913 to press telegrams exchanged with Aden, Perim and Egypt.

The system of requiring security deposits from members of the signalling establishment, native inspecting telegraphists and signal office clerks was abolished except in the case of a few appointments, the holders of which are responsible for large sums of money.

The staff of the central telegraph office at Calcutta decided to start a Co-operative Credit Society so that members would be able to obtain loans at a reasonable rate of interest. The movement was well supported from the first, and the Society started on the 1st July 1912 with 144 members holding 764 shares of Rs. 10 each. Five months later the membership had grown to 213 with a subscribed capital of Rs. 11,140 in 1,114 shares, and 78 loans had been granted aggregating Rs. 10,480. The annual report just published for the year ending 30th June 1913 shows that the authorised capital of Rs. 20,000 has been subscribed and that during the year 260 loans were granted aggregating Rs. 32,729. The success of the Society is now assured and it has already done much to relieve the telegraph staff from debts contracted at high rates of interest. It is probable that the example of the Calcutta office will be followed by other offices and that before long similar societies will be started in other large centres. The thanks of the Department are due to Mr. G. W. Talbot, who was at the time Superintendent in charge of the Calcutta Central Telegraph Office, for the great trouble he took in founding the Society at Calcutta.

SECTION I.—INLAND TELEGRAPHS.

5. The following table shows the numbers and value of inland telegrams of each class with the corresponding figures of the previous year :—

Statistics of inland telegrams.

Class of telegram.		NUMBER.			RECEIPTS.		
		1911-12.	1912-13.	Increase + or Decrease—	1911-12.	1912-13.	Increase + or Decrease—
					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
State	Express ...	118,869	104,646	—14,223	3,34,364	2,65,250	—69,114
	Ordinary ...	1,039,962	1,026,075	—13,887	7,57,055	7,20,950	—36,105
	Total	1,158,831	1,130,721	—28,110	10,91,419	9,86,200	—1,05,219
Private	Express ...	1,007,444	1,127,210	+ 119,775	13,60,341	15,71,965	+ 1,81,624
	Ordinary ...	10,807,165	11,398,563	+ 591,398	50,02,258	53,10,197	+ 3,07,939
	Total	11,814,609	12,525,782	+ 711,173	63,62,599	68,82,162	+ 4,89,563
Press	Express ...	58,263	55,417	—2,846	35,061	43,167	+ 8,106
	Ordinary	104,682	131,002	+ 26,320	1,27,736	1,39,844	+ 12,108
	Total	162,945	186,419	+ 23,474	1,62,797	1,83,011	+ 20,214
GRAND TOTAL		13,136,385	13,842,922	+ 706,537	76,46,815*	80,51,373†	+ 4,04,558

* Exclusive of Rs. 88,701 on account of abbreviated addresses and of Rs. 45,366 on account of debit adjustments.

† Exclusive of Rs. 98,920 on account of abbreviated addresses and of Rs. 43,584 on account of debit adjustments.

The average value of a state telegram was Rs. 0·872 as against Rs. 0·941 in 1911-12, while the average value of a private telegram was Rs. 0·549 as against Rs. 0·541 and that of a press telegram Rs. 0·981 as against Rs. 0·999.

The year's working shows a decrease of 2·42 per cent in number and 9·64 per cent in value under state telegrams, attributable mainly to the fact that the totals under this head were abnormally large during 1911-12 owing to the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India. The percentages of increase were 6·01 in number and 7·65 in value under private, and 14·40 in number and 12·41 in value under press. The large increase under press is due to increased activity on the part of news agencies and the growing demand for early information on passing events in India.

Below are shown the percentages of inland sent traffic under the various classes during the last two years:—

Class.						1911-12.		1912-13.	
						No.	Value.	No.	Value.
							Rs.		Rs.
State	{	Ordinary	...	...	...	89·74	69·37	90·74	73·10
		Express	...	...	...	10·26	30·63	9·26	26·90
		Total	...	...	...	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00
Private	{	Ordinary	...	...	...	91·47	78·25	91·00	77·16
		Express	...	...	...	8·53	21·75	9·00	22·84
		Total	...	...	...	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00
Press	{	Ordinary	...	...	...	64·25	78·47	70·27	76·41
		Express	...	...	...	35·75	21·53	29·73	23·59
		Total	...	...	...	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00

There is a slight increase in the percentage of private telegrams in the express class, but under state and press there is a decrease as was to be expected after the abnormal rise in the number of these telegrams sent during 1911-12 in connection with the Coronation Durbar.

Statistics of inland telegraphic money orders.

6. The number of inland telegraphic money orders dealt with during the year was 506,436 and the telegraph charges on these amounted to Rs. 2,42,174 as compared with 435,697 and Rs. 2,06,337 during the previous year, the increase amounting to 16·23 per cent and 17·36 per cent respectively. The number under each class and the telegraph charges realised during the past two years are shown below:—

Class.							1911-12.		1912-13.		
							No.	Telegraph charges.	No.	Telegraph charges.	
								Rs.		Rs.	
Express	...	...	...	...	...	...	36,913	42,572	40,851	46,847
Ordinary	...	...	...	...	...	...	398,784	1,63,765	465,585	1,95,327
Total							...	435,697	2,06,337	506,436	2,42,174

7. In consequence of the large number of complaints regarding the insecurity of envelopes closed with gum it has been decided, in deference to the opinion expressed by the various Chambers of Commerce, to revert to the practice in force prior to the submission of the administration report for 1908-09, of closing envelopes by means of eyeletting. The principal reason for substituting gummed envelopes for envelopes closed with eyelets was the comparative slowness of the latter process, but it was found that this objection could be removed to a great extent by the introduction of improved eyeletting machines. These machines have been manufactured in the Telegraph workshops at Alipore but have not yet been issued to telegraph offices as, owing to the non-arrival of some machinery, the contractors have not yet been able to supply envelopes of the new pattern. For the present, therefore, telegrams are still being delivered in gummed envelopes.

Principal cause affecting inland telegrams.
Fastening of envelopes.

With effect from July 1913 telegrams re-directed to a second address, without orders for transmission to the new destination by telegraph, are posted as unregistered letters free of charge, and a remark to this effect is added to the notice of non-delivery sent to the senders of the telegrams.

Re-direction telegrams.

8. The Baudot system of working has been further extended. An additional set has been fitted at Calcutta and Bombay to meet the increasing demands of traffic. A new terminal set has also been fitted at Madras for communication with Colombo.

Introduction improved apparatus.

Among the improvements and new apparatus tried the following may be mentioned:—

The standard connections for terminal Duplex Simplex sets were modified and greatly simplified during the year.

A stopping device for Wheatstone Automatic working was tried with such satisfactory results that its use is being extended. This device enables a receiving station to stop the sending station in the middle of a message, when signals are not being properly recorded, without the use of a second wire and thus considerable delay to traffic is often obviated.

A keyboard perforator and automatic transmitter for Baudot working were also tried but these did not prove successful.

SECTION II.—FOREIGN TELEGRAPHS.

9. The following table shows the number and value of foreign telegrams of each class with the corresponding figures of the previous year:—

Statistics foreign telegrams.

Class of telegrams.	NO. OF TELEGRAMS.			NO. OF WORDS.			INDIAN SHARE OF VALUE		
	1911-12.	1912-13.	Increase+ or decrease—	1911-12.	1912-13.	Increase+ or decrease—	1911-12.	1912-13.	Increase+ or decrease—
							Rs.	Rs.	
State ...	19,541	13,144	—6,397	536,045	380,470	—155,575	68,039	76,757	+7,
Private ...	1,498,560	1,571,722	+73,162	12,837,101	13,435,267	+598,166	25,59,726	25,30,649	—29,
Press ...	17,333	21,283	+3,950	1,495,501	2,085,402	+589,901	45,936	37,777	—8,
Total ...	1,535,434	1,606,149	+70,715	14,868,647	15,901,139	+1,032,492	26,74,601	26,45,183	—29,

These figures show a decrease under state of 32.73 per cent in the number of telegrams and 29.02 in the number of words, with an increase of 11.34 per cent in value, due largely to a revised method of accounting for foreign concessional telegrams. Under private there is an increase of 4.88 per cent in number

and 4.65 in words, with a decrease of 1.13 per cent in value, and this difference in percentages is due mainly to the introduction of deferred foreign telegrams and the reduction in the rates for telegrams to and from Ceylon. The increase under press is 22.78 per cent in number and 39.44 in words with a decrease of 17.76 in value owing to the reduction of the rates for press telegrams exchanged with Europe.

Statistics of
foreign telegraphic
money orders.

10. There were 24,673 telegraphic money order advices exchanged between India and Ceylon during the year as compared with 21,684 in the preceding year, the increase being 13.78 per cent. The telegraph charge for these advices was reduced, from the 1st September 1912, to one rupee for the first twelve words and two annas for each additional word.

Interruptions to
communication with
foreign administra-
tions.

11. Communication with Europe *via* Suez by the Eastern Telegraph Company's route was maintained without interruption throughout the year. Two of the Company's cables were, however, taken for repairs, one from the 22nd July 1912 to the 16th September 1912 and the other from the 22nd July 1912 to the 4th October 1912, and all continental traffic had to be sent by the third cable and the Indo route during this period. The Teheran or Indo route was interrupted for 224 as against 342 hours in the previous year. The Turkish route was interrupted for 616 as compared with 1,519 hours in the preceding year.

Communication between India and Siam over the Moulmein-Bangkok line *via* Kanburi was interrupted beyond the Indian frontier for 225 hours, as against 262 in the previous year. Within the Indian frontier the line was interrupted for 132 as against 85 hours in the previous year. The line *via* Raheng was interrupted for 489 hours beyond, and 15 hours within, the Indian frontier as compared with 631 and 117 hours, respectively, during 1911-12.

Communication with Australia and China by the Eastern Extension, Australasia and China Telegraph Company's cables was maintained uninterruptedly throughout the year. The cables from Madras to Penang were interrupted from the 16th to 24th December 1912, but during this period the traffic was forwarded *via* Bombay and Cocos.

Communication with China *via* Bhamo was interrupted for 2,673 hours beyond the Indian frontier, as compared with 3,251 hours in 1911-12. Within the Indian limits the route was interrupted for 48 hours only, as against 295 hours in the previous year.

Deferred Foreign
Telegrams.

The system of deferred foreign telegrams in plain language at half the usual rates for private telegrams, referred to in paragraph 4 of the last Annual Report on the Indian Telegraph Department, was extended to practically all European administrations besides a number of administrations in the extra-European regime. The number of deferred telegrams exchanged during the year rose to 28,666 with a total value of Rs. 30,166 as compared with 3,720 of a total value of Rs. 3,798 for January, February and March 1912. The system meets a long-felt want, and is certain to be largely used when its existence becomes more widely known.

Mixed postal and
telegraph services
between India and
the United Kingdom.

12. The use of the mixed postal and telegraph service between India and the United Kingdom, referred to in paragraph 12 of the report for 1911-12, continues to be neglected. The number of telegrams dealt with since the service was introduced is:—

					From India to United Kingdom.	From United Kingdom to India.
1909-10 (9 months)	...	...	...	...	359	22
1910-11	...	...	...	...	275	58
1911-12	...	...	...	...	303	63
1912-13	...	...	...	...	278	65

The introduction of the reduced cable rates for deferred telegrams will probably cause a further decrease in the number of these telegrams and, if a proposal now under consideration to extend to India the system of week end cablegrams is adopted, it is possible that the combined postal and telegraph service will gradually fall into disuse.

SECTION III.—COMBINED OFFICES.

13. The following statement shows the number of combined offices open at the end of each of the last five years, and the number and value of telegrams sent from them as well as the total number of signalling operations during these years:—

Year.	Number of combined offices.	Number of paid telegrams.	Value of paid telegrams.	Total number of signalling operations.
			Rs.	
1908-09 ...	2,378	5,754,069	32,19,634	13,024,988
1909-10 ...	2,488	5,783,614	32,06,255	12,049,124
1910-11 ...	2,577	6,454,270	35,24,830	13,354,418
1911-12 ..	2,713	7,677,075	42,09,547	15,831,097
1912-13 ...	2,860	8,415,817	46,23,729	17,283,499

SECTION IV.—WIRELESS TELEGRAPHS.

14. Besides the erection by the department of the four large Marconi Stations at Karachi, Nagpur, Lahore and Bombay already alluded to, the principal event of interest in India under this head has been the large increase which has taken place in the number of ships fitted for wireless telegraphy. This result is largely due to the Titanic disaster, and most of the passenger steamers plying regularly in Indian waters are now fitted with wireless apparatus.

Progress in establishment of wireless stations.

The increased demands made by ships on the coast stations have been met by opening a new station at Karachi, and by arranging that Calcutta, Diamond Island, Mergui and Victoria Point should operate by night as well as by day.

There are now around the Indian coast six wireless stations which keep open permanently to receive distress and other signals from ships. These stations have working ranges sufficient to cover a large portion of the Bay of Bengal and the North-Eastern portion of the Arabian Sea and, as soon as the Madras station is opened, practically the whole of the Bay of Bengal will be within range of a coast wireless station.

Arrangements have been made whereby the Meteorological Department furnishes the coast wireless telegraph stations with a short telegram daily regarding the weather conditions likely to be met with in the Arabian Sea and the Bay of Bengal, and this telegram is supplied by the wireless station to any ship requiring it. No weather telegram for the Bay of Bengal is, however, ordinarily published between the 14th January and the 1st April as experience has shown that during this period the Bay of Bengal is not liable to storms.

Storm telegram

15. The total number of wireless stations has risen from nine to fifteen during the year, and of these five are situated inland. The latter have in a small degree assisted in the disposal of the ordinary traffic of the department, but it is as yet impossible to afford them regular work so that the

Statistics of wireless telegrams.

actual number of messages dealt with by them affords no idea of their capacity. Special trials have, however, shewn that Calcutta is capable of exchanging with Simla about 1,600 words during each watch of eight hours, including repetitions at Allahabad and Delhi. Two stations working direct with each other can, however, deal with a heavier volume of traffic.

The number of messages of all kinds disposed of by the ten coast stations during the last three years is as follows :—

				1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
Port Blair	...	...	...	9,727	11,583	9,341
Bassein	...	...	...	14,238	16,055	16,082
Diamond Island	...	...	...	3,531	3,849	4,851
Table Island	...	...	...	2,756	3,225	3,039
Victoria Point	...	...	...	4,745	5,878	8,038
Mergui	...	...	...	4,745	6,376	8,038
Bombay	...	...	...	1,398	2,308	2,345
Sandheads	...	...	...	6,485	8,040	8,039
Calcutta	...	...	...	6,498	8,054	8,316
Karachi (opened October 1912)	...	...	...	0	0	640
Total	...	...	...	54,123	65,368	68,729

Statistics of wireless telegrams exchanged with ships.

16. The number of messages exchanged with ships during the period was :—

				1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
Diamond Island	...	...	...	4	0	229
Table Island	...	...	...	76	172	208
Victoria Point	...	...	...	27	0	15
Bombay	...	...	...	1,398	2,308	2,345
Sandheads	...	...	...	0	6	71
Calcutta	...	...	...	13	20	348
Karachi (opened October 1912)	...	...	...	0	0	640
Bassein } Mergui }	...	...	...	33	0	1
Total	...	...	...	1,551	2,506	3,857

State of communication.

17. The stations worked well throughout the year except during the months of April, May and June when the atmospheric disturbances were exceptionally troublesome. There have been no serious breakdowns of apparatus during the year.

18. During the past winter the newly-opened Karachi station was frequently able at night to read the signals of a station in Northern Europe. On occasions press messages which were being despatched to foreign warships in European waters were taken down by that office. Extent of communications.

19. The total staff employed on the 15 stations was 7 mechanists, 32 telegraphists and 31 engine drivers. All the stations, except Bombay, are technically under the control of the Electrical Engineer-in-Chief and are periodically visited by his officers. During the year the entire control of the Bombay station was transferred from the Electrical Engineer-in-Chief to the Superintending Engineer, Telegraphs, Bombay and Central Circles, and the Burma stations were transferred to the Burma Circle, except as regards technical matters. Staff employed on wireless telegraph stations.

SECTION V.—TELEPHONES.

20. On the 31st December 1912 the number of telephone exchanges established by the department was 183, the total number of connections being 4,313, as against 179 exchanges and 3,485 connections on the corresponding date last year. In addition, there were 663 non-exchange circuits with 1,248 offices, the figures for the preceding year being 629 and 1,144, respectively, and 129 operators were employed in the exchanges worked by the department. The subscriptions for telephone and similar services increased markedly during the calendar year 1912. Statistics of telephones in use.

21. The telephone lines both at Delhi and Simla were placed underground. The old Kotwali exchange at Delhi with a system of 60 connections was closed and a departmental exchange was opened in the new central telegraph office building on 1st October 1912 with 90 connections, which had risen to over 300 by the end of March. The connections to the Simla exchange increased during the year from 325 to 425 and arrangements have been made to instal an automatic switchboard there next winter. In Lahore a 300-lines central battery switchboard was installed and the lines were thoroughly overhauled. New exchanges were also opened at Maymyo, Bangalore and Narayangunj. Progress in provision of telephonic communication.

Great care is being taken to afford the public an efficient telephone service, and it is evident from the expansion which is taking place in the system that the public appreciate the efforts of the department in this direction. Statistics of telephone exchanges established by Companies.

22. At the close of the year the number of telephone exchanges established by Telephone Companies was 13 with 7,899 connections, compared with 14 exchanges and 6,876 connections at the close of the preceding year, and the royalties paid to the Telegraph Department by the Companies during the year amounted to Rs. 72,540, as compared with Rs. 63,570.

SECTION VI.—CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE.

23. The following were the principal departmental works carried out during the year :— Progress of construction and repairs.

NEW CONSTRUCTION.

				Miles of Line.	Miles of wire.
Chanda Sironcha	...	...	...	120	130
Kalyan-Bhusawal	...	...	...	243	490
Bhiwandi-Mokhada	...	...	...	54	54
Gosainhat-Kasiani and Kotwalipara via Gopalganj				106	115

EXTRA WIRE.

Bangalore-Arsekere	105
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The total reconstruction amounted to 505 miles of line and 1,906 miles of wire.

Interruptions on
Indian Telegraph
Department lines.

24. Interruptions to communication which occurred during the year are classified below according to the causes to which they are attributed:—

	Number.	Duration.
PREVENTABLE CAUSES.		
Faults on lines and cables	378	4,888
UNPREVENTABLE CAUSES.		
Cyclones and exceptional storms	602	10,867
Floods	71	1,729
Lightning	93	1,810
Fires	45	637
Trees falling other than by cyclones	543	6,182
Birds and animals	860	9,197
Malice	164	2,847
Other unpreventable causes	911	11,898
	3,667	50,455
Faults in offices	486	6,131
Unknown causes	839	8,504
Total for 1912-13	4,992	65,090
Total for 1911-12	4,753	61,879

The number of faults per mile of line and wire was almost exactly the same as in the previous year.

First fitting and
refitting of offices.

25. Several important works were carried out by the Technical Branch during the year. Electric light and fan installations were completed in the Lahore and Mandalay signal offices, in the office of the Director, Madras Circle, and in the training class at Ahmedabad. The electric light and fan installations of the Agra and Madras central telegraph offices were renewed and brought up to date. An accumulator plant was installed at the Cawnpore office. New signal offices were fitted up at Cawnpore and Delhi and the Lahore office was completely re-fitted, the latest pattern of tables apparatus and wiring being used. The Belgaum, Manickganj, Rajbari and Silchar offices were also re-fitted.

SECTION VII.—STORES AND WORKSHOPS.

Work of Store
Depôts during the
year.

26. *Stores.*—The value of the stock at the beginning of the year was Rs. 48,96,000 and stores to the value of Rs. 32,81,000 were received during the year, of which Rs. 12,49,000 represented the value of stores imported from England ready for issue, Rs. 9,13,000 the value of stores transferred from the Workshops, and Rs. 1,93,000 the cost of stores purchased in India. The issues during the year amounted to Rs. 33,77,000, of which Rs. 1,52,000 worth was transferred to other Government departments, or sold to the public. The value of the stock in hand on 31st March 1913 was Rs. 48,00,000.

The total number of indents disposed of was 18,013 as compared with 16,263 in 1910-11 and 17,046 in 1911-12. The Calcutta depôt dealt with 66 per cent of these indents as against 67 per cent in 1911-12 and 73 per cent in 1910-11.

All indents for instruments continue to be dealt with at Calcutta, the number during the past year being 3,072, as compared with 2,306 and 2,239, respectively, in 1910-1911 and 1911-12.

The following permanent establishment was employed in the Stores Branch at the end of the year:—

Assistant Superintendents	...	...	...	...	2
Deputy Superintendents	...	...	...	...	6
Telegraphist	...	...	...	...	1
Store-keepers and clerks	...	...	...	...	86
Menial staff	...	...	...	...	62

In addition a daily wage staff of about 360 carpenters, packers, store-lascars, etc., is employed.

27. *Workshops.*—The year's outturn from the Workshops rose from Rs. 9,32,000 to Rs. 10,25,000. The value of the instruments made and repaired was practically the same as during the previous year but the value of line construction stores manufactured was greater by Rs. 97,700. Work done by the Telegraph Department Workshops.

95,780 galvanised tubes for telegraph poles were made as against 32,600 last year.

1,700 tons of castings, consisting principally of parts of telegraph poles, were manufactured at an average cost of Rs. 5'56 per cwt.

51 steel masts ranging in height from 70 ft. to 200 ft. were turned out for wireless stations and for supporting telegraph wires over rivers.

Excluding small articles, 5,890 instruments were manufactured and 16,488 were repaired during the year. 125 motors and dynamos other than those of the Workshops were repaired.

A nickel plating plant from which a very substantial saving is expected was installed in February. Gas for heating purposes was laid on to the instrument shops during the year.

The value of stores consumed was Rs. 7,85,000, of which the sum of Rs. 2,50,000 represents approximately the value of pig iron coke coal and other stores purchased locally. Of English stores 1,523 tons of steel sheets and 276 tons of zinc spelter were used in making and galvanising telegraph poles.

The staff working under the control of the Superintendent of Workshops consisted of a Works Manager, six foremen, an instrument tester, three draughtsmen and a clerical staff of 34. 859 workmen were employed, of whom 441 were piece workers.

SECTION VIII.—STAFF.

28. At the close of the year the total actual establishment of the department stood as follows:— Staff of the department.

Superior officers	...	...	...	...	91
Deputy Superintendents	...	...	...	...	130
Workshop foremen	...	...	...	...	7
Civil Telegraph Masters and telegraphists	...	...	...	...	2,892
Military telegraphists (including Unattached List)	...	...	...	...	609
Clerical establishment (including telephone operators)	...	...	...	...	1,102
Line and office maintenance establishment	...	...	...	...	2,968
Menial establishment	...	...	...	...	3,602
Total					11,401

The casualties during the year were:—

Deaths	...	...	...	...	81
Retirements	...	...	...	...	75
Resignations	...	...	...	...	57
Dismissals	...	...	...	...	44
Desertions	...	...	...	...	4
Transferred to other Departments	...	...	...	...	10
Total					271

The number of volunteers on the rolls of the department during the year was 1,062 as compared with 953. Of this number, 534 were extra efficient, 434 efficient and 94 non-efficient. By way of encouragement, prizes aggregating Rs. 1,305 were granted for proficiency in drill and shooting.

Certificates of proficiency in telegraphy were granted to 306 soldiers and 286 Post Office clerks as against 210 and 379, respectively, in 1911-12.

SECTION IX.—FINANCIAL RESULTS.

Receipts
and
charges.

29. The total receipts and revenue charges of the year, as shown in the Telegraph Department accounts and given in Appendix D annexed to this report, are as under :—

RECEIPTS.		REVENUE CHARGES.	
1911-12.	1912-13.	1911-12.	1912-13.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,42,74,275	1,52,79,958	1,23,24,356	1,28,21,644

According to these figures the charges for 1912-13 exceeded the charges for 1911-12 by Rs. 4,97,288, the receipts for 1912-13 exceeded the receipts for 1911-12 by Rs. 10,05,683 and the receipts for 1912-13 exceeded the charges for the same year by Rs. 24,58,314. The expenditure during the year debitable to the capital account amounted to Rs. 33,82,001, bringing the total capital expenditure up to the end of the year under review to Rs. 11,79,73,619.

30. The amount shewn above under revenue charges includes gratuities, leave allowances paid out of India and the average capitalised value of pensions paid to Telegraph department employes; and the amount shown under receipts includes the *pro forma* value of the news free and concessional traffic shown in Appendix B. The percentage of net revenue on capital expended, which amounts to 2.08 cannot be regarded as entirely satisfactory so long as it falls short of 3.5 per cent per annum, the average rate of interest which should be charged on capital expenditure, and the additional amount required for this purpose would be Rs. 16,11,927. This figure does not, however, take into account the services rendered by the Department in the care and maintenance of large quantities of mobilisation telegraph stores which are kept at the disposal of the military authorities at various centres, nor does it take into account the loss, which there is every reason to believe, results from the arrangement by which railways are permitted to retain the whole of the receipts on account of public messages booked at their offices, irrespective of the fact that such telegrams are transferred to the departmental lines at the nearest transfer office and that the traffic received from the railway telegraph systems is generally greater than the traffic transferred to these systems. Of recent years too the department has had to incur very heavy expenditure, both initial and recurring, in connection with the erection and upkeep of wireless telegraph stations, for which there is little or no monetary return.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

W. MAXWELL,

Director General of Posts and Telegraphs.

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX A.

Statement showing the total number of sent telegrams, the total number of signalling operations entailed in their despatch from the office of origin to destination, with the necessary repetition at intermediate offices, and the average number of signalling operations per sent telegram, for the past five years :—

Year.	Total number of sent telegrams paid, service* and free.	Total number of signalling operations.	Average number of signalling operations per sent telegram.
1908-09	14,327,396	66,280,389	4.62
1909-10	12,281,569	61,302,432	4.99
1910-11	13,335,058	67,031,378	5.02
1911-12	14,899,875	75,451,192	5.06
1912-13	15,764,265	78,200,879	4.96

* Service telegrams have been excluded since 1909-10.

APPENDIX B.

Statement of News-free and concessional message traffic during the year.

	No.	Pro forma value.
		Rs.
Mail Steamer reports	28,340	28,340
Reuter's Government and Press	258,790	1,41,845
*Concessional telegrams <i>via</i> Meshed and Robat ...	25	190
French Government Service	905	3,622
Portuguese Government Service	2,955	10,372
Kalat State... ..	83	47
Kashmir State	9,583	10,289
British, Indian and Colonial Governments	†6,301	†33,960
O. H. M. S. (Free State Messages)	8,212	21,717
Total	315,194	2,50,383
Total of previous year	263,110	2,61,447

* Telegrams from Consul-General at Meshed, Kain and Seistan and from Imperial Bank of Persia during interruption on Teheran line.

† Represents half the total number and value of British, Indian and Colonial Government telegrams.

APPENDIX C.

Classification of telegraph lines according to purposes for which maintained during the year 1912-13.

	MILES OF LINE.			MILES OF WIRE.			MILES OF CABLE.			MILES OF CABLE CONDUCTORS.		
	To end of previous year.	Increase or Decrease in the year.	To end of 1912-13.	To end of previous year.	Increase or Decrease in the year.	To end of 1912-13.	To end of previous year.	Increase or Decrease in the year.	To end of 1912-13.	To end of previous year.	Increase or Decrease in the year.	To end of 1912-13.
INDIAN TELEGRAPH.												
Departmental property in joint use ...	27,922'46	162'07	28,084'53	534'13	-412'35	121'78	11'71	5'19	16'90	9'26	-9'26	...
in Departmental use only ...	26,319'88	-957'66	25,362'22	1,74,803'88	-6,553'42	1,68,250'46	271'95	-86	271'09	1,452'66	556'16	2,068'82
in use by guaranteed and subsidised lines...	3,931'43	1,655'20	5,586'63	4,822'77	9,246'35	14,069'12	13'31	'21	13'52	13'31	'21	13'52
Property of Native States worked by the Department.	262'13	433'17	695'30	474'23	608'52	1,082'75	...	...	...	...	...	...
Departmental property rented to Railways	9,122'86	656'91	9,779'77	93,398'44	3,086'23	96,484'67	3'84	-1'29	2'55	38'03	64'05	102'08
Railway property maintained by the Department.	75'00	...	75'00	231'25	...	231'25	5'73	9'92	15'65	29'53	9'71	39'34
Departmental property rented to canals ...	5,862'59	284'21	6,146'80	8,688'65	670'58	9,359'23	...	...	...	1'34	...	1'34
Canal property maintained by the Department.	291'58	-51'72	239'86	80'28	-80'28	...	'50	-50	...	14'00	-14'00	...
Private lines ...	2,358'68	86'32	2,445'00	12,054'87	1,025'43	13,090'30	117'34	-4'71	112'63	2,647'69	3,281'52	5,929'21
Railway property rented to Telegraph Department.	6'75	-18	6'57	38'87	-19'16	19'71	...	...	...	...	...	...
Departmental property rented to Army Department.	...	8'46	8'46	...	222'85	222'85	...	...	...	...	7'34	7'34
Total ...	76,153'36	2,276'78	78,430'14	2,95,137'37	7,794'75	3,02,932'12	424'38	7'96	432'34	4,205'92	3,895'73	8,101'65

YEAR.	MESSAGE REVENUE.						Claims from State Railways.	Claims from Guaranteed Native States and assisted Railways and Canals.	Rent of local and private lines and claims from guarantors.	Sale of books, forms and maps.	Telegraph Gazettes.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
	PAID MESSAGES.		Free messages.	Total.									
	State.	Private.											
					Rs.	Rs.							
1908-09	Rs. 99,70,030	Rs. 21,71,570	Rs. 5,53,410	Rs. 5,25,019	Rs. 7,202	Rs. 12,461	Rs. 1,12,309	Rs. 1,31,53,051	
1909-10	Rs. 88,09,357	Rs. 20,97,307	Rs. 5,54,855	Rs. 5,20,853	Rs. 11,105	Rs. 14,194	Rs. 1,09,538	Rs. 1,21,19,219	
1910-11	Rs. 65,15,242	Rs. 20,60,576	Rs. 5,69,448	Rs. 5,79,949	Rs. 7,431	Rs. 14,951	Rs. 1,21,610	Rs. 1,28,69,207	
1911-12	Rs. 1,66,16,813	Rs. 20,84,024	Rs. 5,87,047	Rs. 8,37,405	Rs. 8,643	Rs. 14,831	Rs. 1,29,899	Rs. 1,42,74,275	
1912-13	Rs. 1,10,02,602	Rs. 20,80,824	Rs. 4,61,444	Rs. 7,79,734	Rs. 7,540	Rs. 14,862	Rs. 1,32,952	Rs. 1,52,79,958	

LINE MAINTENANCE.

YEAR.	SHARE OF DIRECTION, ACCOUNTS AND SUPERINTENDENCE.				Total.	Repairs to lines and buildings.	Establishment.	Office stores.	CHECK OFFICE. (a)		Repairs to buildings.	SHARE OF DIRECTION, ACCOUNTS AND SUPERINTENDENCE.		Share of manufacture of Postage stamps.	Saleable books, forms and maps.	Total.				
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.					Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1908-09	11,09,757	8,11,143	38,811	7,98,852	1,87,265	20,45,838	1,35,777	3,246	71,56,418	4,19,935	98,145	7,98,862	1,87,265	...	744	87,99,492				
1909-10	10,80,261	8,32,733	18,388	8,99,107	1,51,076	20,80,765	1,33,148	2,066	73,67,267	4,69,727	95,580	8,96,307	1,53,076	...	246	91,32,019				
1910-11	8,95,957	11,21,695	—4,659	9,90,456	1,45,486	31,15,035	72,47,348	2,68,010	1,29,931	9,59,456	1,45,385	...	349	87,59,465				
1911-12	8,11,958	10,70,040	—11,289	9,75,517	1,02,041	30,08,265	76,95,343	3,64,215	1,07,109	9,75,517	1,62,040	...	80	91,16,099				
1912-13	9,55,065	10,87,819	—4,439	10,50,229	83,084	31,71,759	79,30,290	4,78,546	97,834	10,50,230	83,084	96,49,885				

Result of operations for five years.

[illegible]

Revised figures.

A.P.P. 12.12.13.

Proportion of international traffic to and from India, exclusive of transit traffic over the several routes to Europe for the year 1912-13.

ROUTE.	NUMBER OF TELEGRAMS AND THE NUMBER OF WORDS BY EACH ROUTE.						PERCENTAGES.					
	FROM INDIA.			TO INDIA.			FROM INDIA.			TO INDIA.		
	No.	Words.	Total.	No.	Words.	Total.	No.	Words.	Total.	No.	Words.	Total.
INDO-EUROPEAN ...	203,124	1,693,824	305,951	102,827	1,045,890	2,739,714	53'38	50'61	28'90	31'10	41'55	40'83
	2,535	21,232	6,607	4,072	35,881	57,113	'66	'64	1'15	1'07	'97	'85
	6,573	72,737	10,163	3,595	96,369	169,106	1'73	2'17	1'01	2'86	1'38	2'52
RED SEA ...	168,304	1,558,869	413,589	245,285	2,184,815	3,743,714	44'23	46'58	68'94	64'97	56'17	55'80
TOTAL ...	380,536	3,346,662	736,315	355,779	3,362,985	6,709,647	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00	100'00

APPEN

Abstract of the foreign traffic

WEST.											
Class of telegrams.			Via TEHERAN.		Via TURKEY.		PERSIAN GULF.		Via SUEZ.		
			Words.	Indian value.	Words.	Indian value.	Words.	Indian value.	Words.	Indian value.	
				Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Sent	{	State	...	802	86	524	125	29,648	6,706	100,797	19,479
		Private	...	1,693,022	2,76,774	20,708	5,359	43,089	10,185	1,458,072	2,35,584
Received	{	State	...	19,259	3,165	2,746	573	78,547	17,248	58,420	8,909
		Private	...	1,026,631	1,67,308	33,135	6,889	17,822	3,937	2,126,425	3,10,636
Total			...	2,739,714	4,47,333	57,113	12,946	169,106	38,076	3,743,714	5,74,608
TRANSIT.											
From East to West—											
Received	{	Via Madras	...	5,111	1,073	1,807	380	...	...	1,649,777	3,28,089
		From Ceylon	...	146,829	24,567	39	8	5,919	1,337	123,177	20,531
		Via Rangoon	...	1,359	612	431	194	...	...	60,365	27,100
		Via Bhamo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	3
From West to East—											
Sent	{	Via Madras	...	68,683	13,508	14,011	2,942	570	118	1,571,959	2,90,675
		To Ceylon	...	49,695	7,965	1,445	243	7,301	1,532	221,746	32,906
		Via Rangoon	...	2,559	1,137	3,821	1,712	...	...	54,360	24,669
		Via Bhamo	...	...	...	217	46	...	...	...	...
From West to West—											
Received via Bombay			...	5,752	1,208	521	109	...	...	...	...
Sent via Bombay			...	1,555	237	1,187	249	5,376	1,062	...	...
From East to East—											
Received	{	Via Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		From Ceylon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Via Rangoon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Via Bhamo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total			...	281,543	50,307	23,479	5,883	19,166	4,049	3,681,398	7,23,973

DIX F.

for the year 1912-13.

EAST.										RADIO TELEGRAMS.		TOTAL.	
Via AMUR.		Via MADRAS.		CEYLON.		Via RANGOON.		Via BHAMO.		Words.	Indian value.	Words.	Indian value.
Words.	Indian value.	Words.	Indian value.	Words.	Indian value.	Words.	Indian value.	Words.	Indian value.				
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
...	...	15,660	7,583	10,754	1,198	363	149	2,896	327	...	...	161,444	35,653
4	1	807,221	2,31,824	2,334,769	96,511	58,805	23,954	31,254	5,346	15,771	3,982	6,462,715	8,89,520
...	...	16,140	6,113	35,182	3,629	782	333	7,950	1,134	...	...	219,026	41,104
...	...	522,060	1,94,631	1,091,881	97,761	15,315	22,549	10,298	1,058	25,250	8,653	4,903,817	8,13,422
4	1	1,361,081	4,40,151	3,472,586	1,99,099	110,265	46,985	52,398	7,805	41,021	12,635	11,747,002	17,79,699
...	1,656,695	3,29,542
...	275,964	46,443
...	62,155	27,906
...	14	3
...	1,655,223	3,07,243
...	280,187	42,646
...	60,740	27,518
...	217	46
...	6,273	1,317
...	8,118	1,548
...	71,297	22,793	898	293	...	...	...	...	72,195	23,086
...	...	68,091	25,704	...	...	1,499	802	1,432	388	...	...	71,022	26,894
...	...	548	247	4,447	2,201	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,995	2,448
...	...	40	8	299	69	...	...	...	...	...	...	339	77
...	...	68,679	25,959	76,043	25,063	2,397	1,095	1,432	388	...	...	4,154,137	8,36,717
TOTAL										...	...	15,901,139	26,16,416
Adjustments										...	...	...	+28,767

APPEN

Showing the growth of the Telegraph Department and

NOTE.—The figures for each year from 1850-51 to 1904-05

Year.	MILES OF.		NUMBER OF OFFICERS.			NUMBER OF PAID TELEGRAMS.									Total number of paid telegrams.
						FOREIGN.			INLAND.			TOTAL.			
	Line, including cable.	Wire, including cable.	Departmental.	Postal combined.	Total.	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.	
1850-60	10,589	10,944	131	...	131	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1864-65	13,558	14,137	174	...	174	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1869-70	13,791	21,378	190	...	190	...	43,791	...	39,493	371,914	...	39,493	415,215	...	454,618
1874-75	16,155	33,347	216	...	216	1,305	100,358	...	77,226	638,522	...	78,531	751,654	4,206	837,391
1879-80	20,520	52,914	262	...	262	3,772	251,287	...	290,622	1,037,330	...	293,894	1,251,267	7,350	1,562,511
1884-85	25,367	75,115	251	267	511	6,188	259,352	877	286,956	1,351,818	12,906	293,654	1,711,700	13,873	2,018,097
1889-90	35,272	106,169	248	632	880	5,907	428,313	3,224	497,442	2,106,856	24,759	499,389	2,605,162	28,013	3,132,571
1894-95	44,618	138,326	251	1,109	1,360	6,864	564,202	3,094	585,571	3,205,351	20,202	592,275	3,797,555	29,296	4,391,226
1899-1900	52,909	171,049	239	1,612	1,851	11,669	816,300	6,524	702,455	4,655,547	45,226	713,724	5,471,527	51,750	6,237,301
1900-01	55,035	182,171	245	1,691	1,936	17,423	876,476	6,673	852,210	4,711,458	42,721	822,609	5,577,924	48,209	6,449,372
1901-02	55,827	190,527	241	1,765	2,006	16,154	958,854	5,606	802,918	4,727,170	36,797	819,142	5,614,010	42,593	6,475,545
1902-03	56,530	200,523	245	1,806	2,051	16,544	878,722	6,179	858,864	4,909,127	42,607	875,418	5,791,749	48,827	6,742,094
1903-04	59,692	212,330	268	1,859	2,127	16,796	890,440	6,661	812,490	5,542,205	39,089	828,786	6,432,648	45,653	7,307,087
1904-05	61,681	227,740	272	1,907	2,179	16,942	900,177	8,022	801,170	7,241,710	40,024	818,112	8,232,187	48,146	9,081,345
1905-06	64,730	243,810	280	2,020	2,300	17,000	1,082,937	7,634	857,600	8,455,806	43,871	873,060	9,535,740	51,805	10,461,117
1906-07	67,587	250,248	280	2,158	2,438	18,800	1,162,660	7,160	891,145	9,245,492	59,550	907,004	10,411,152	67,010	11,385,166
1907-08	68,940	271,244	279	2,205	2,504	16,301	1,219,777	7,408	908,118	10,471,913	64,056	984,779	11,693,680	71,164	12,749,923
1908-09	70,005	280,525	280	2,278	2,658	15,820	1,144,512	8,215	976,218	10,990,440	162,483	1,022,028	11,843,952	170,768	13,006,778
1909-10	72,746	297,260	279	2,483	2,762	15,174	1,259,750	11,907	814,435	11,802,124	161,417	809,609	12,661,774	173,314	13,084,697
1910-11	74,822	322,021	279	2,577	2,856	16,986	1,385,163	14,745	689,459	10,541,418	142,257	1,006,445	11,926,781	157,002	13,090,228
1911-12	76,578	309,343	243	2,715	2,958	19,741	1,498,160	17,323	1,207,810	11,814,609	162,945	1,227,351	13,313,169	180,278	14,671,819
1912-13	78,802	311,034	255	2,860	3,115	13,144	1,571,722	21,283	1,130,721	12,525,782	186,419	1,143,865	14,097,304	207,708	15,449,071

* Inclusive of 48,979 State press telegrams value Rs. 19,211.

DIX G.

its operations from 1850-51 to 1912-13.

are given in the Administration Report for 1904-05.

Number of News free, etc., telegrams.	VALUE OF PAID TELEGRAMS.										Pro forma value of News-free, etc., telegrams.	Year.
	FOREIGN.			INLAND.			TOTAL.			Total value of paid telegrams.		
	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.			
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
...	...	...	...	1,15,980	4,10,210	...	1,15,980	4,10,210	...	5,26,190	...	1859-60.
...	...	...	...	1,13,818	7,92,558	...	1,13,818	7,92,558	...	9,06,376	10,048	1864-65.
3,595	...	2,55,253	...	1,36,760	7,38,667	...	1,36,760	9,94,320	...	11,30,680	35,496	1867-70.
7,355	11,053	5,74,675	...	57,115	10,73,965	...	2,68,378	16,30,690	17,840	19,16,878	1,58,670	1874-75.
3,850	49,452	9,79,810	...	11,86,336	15,32,853	...	12,25,859	24,61,161	51,418	37,48,530	1,13,073	1879-80.
1,683	52,491	12,73,315	3,028	6,36,613	14,55,270	49,317	7,16,141	27,28,000	53,281	34,85,071	29,149	1884-85.
2,454	45,114	17,32,147	1,175	9,41,581	21,99,187	70,213	9,91,230	31,37,114	57,285	59,26,399	45,360	1889-90.
6,546	56,992	19,97,365	12,678	14,52,351	31,13,170	1,02,864	12,01,515	51,10,515	1,21,484	64,41,872	1,11,225	1894-95.
9,262	80,922	21,14,772	32,216	16,67,162	42,59,722	1,57,592	17,43,581	63,74,511	1,80,788	83,68,283	1,36,777	1899-1900.
12,906	1,10,076	23,81,701	31,379	22,90,771	42,41,148	1,46,917	24,31,853	66,40,744	1,78,206	92,07,899	1,92,226	1900-01.
12,460	1,21,545	23,17,491	26,811	20,54,410	43,54,507	1,16,600	21,75,753	63,42,391	1,73,550	86,01,591	1,59,722	1901-02.
12,105	1,10,218	19,59,836	30,095	21,51,612	41,95,641	1,74,452	22,61,830	61,55,476	2,05,439	86,14,758	1,82,716	1902-03.
11,303	1,15,610	19,94,314	28,481	18,14,051	44,11,551	1,45,732	19,30,554	63,76,405	1,72,189	81,79,145	1,93,076	1903-04.
10,960	1,18,123	23,22,831	42,003	15,87,724	43,46,560	93,441	17,95,725	60,00,400	1,35,452	18,16,608	1,18,791	1904-05.
18,689	73,426	27,06,813	41,523	16,01,974	52,11,797	1,16,700	16,75,180	74,12,150	1,58,322	92,46,352	1,47,957	1905-06.
23,020	54,240	21,51,852	38,191	16,66,170	55,02,406	1,64,086	16,66,319	76,54,348	2,02,177	95,17,904	1,62,688	1906-07.
26,759	60,078	23,95,455	41,600	16,64,718	58,93,818	1,77,067	17,24,676	80,69,313	2,19,286	1,00,33,305	2,20,009	1907-08.
*237,319	51,400	19,11,772	46,615	16,00,795	50,31,170	1,77,777	16,52,285	78,63,219	2,24,302	97,39,805	2,31,125	1908-09.
217,096	54,599	21,21,235	39,173	7,71,556	54,72,613	1,63,763	8,20,155	75,93,868	2,67,536	86,27,509	1,81,708	1909-10.
277,494	63,529	24,02,704	53,368	8,73,075	57,10,951	1,53,565	9,42,204	81,22,655	1,88,033	92,53,795	2,61,447	1910-11.
263,110	63,930	23,59,726	45,036	11,10,730	64,75,031	*1,01,797	11,70,569	89,05,660	*2,08,733	1,03,64,751	2,52,082	1911-12.
315,194	76,758	25,30,649	37,777	9,86,200	69,77,409	1,183,011	10,62,958	94,68,118	2,20,788	1,07,51,894	2,50,183	1912-13.

* Increase due to new method of numbering multiple press telegrams, vide paragraph 20 of the Report for 1908-09.

APPENDIX H.

Showing the working expenses per telegram under signalling and line maintenance and the average value of a paid telegram from 1896-97 to 1912-13.

Year.	TOTAL IN LAKHS.				WORKING EXPENSES PER TELEGRAM.			Average value of a paid tele-gram.
	Working expenses.				Line maintenance.	Signalling.	Total.	
	Number of paid telegrams.	Line maintenance.	Signalling.	Total.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1896-97	50'77	15'07	52'86	67'93	'296	1'041	1'337	1'385
1897-98	57'13	14'72	55'39	70'11	'258	'969	1'227	1'587
1898-99	54'49	14'98	56'70	71'68	'275	1'040	1'315	1'296
1899-1900	62'37	16'56	57'97	74'53	'265	'929	1'194	1'332
1900-01	64'49	16'30	61'83	78'13	'253	'958	1'211	1'437
1901-02	64'75	17'69	64'15	81'84	'273	'990	1'263	1'342
1902-03	67'42	17'50	68'12	85'62	'259	1'010	1'269	1'280
1903-04	73'07	17'60	70'50	88'10	'241	'964	1'205	1'160
1904-05	90'98	17'28	71'75	89'03	'190	'788	'978	'968
1905-06	104'61	17'13	79'67	96'98	'165	'762	'927	'884
1906-07	113'85	18'40	86'91	105'31	'161	'763	'924	'836
1907-08	127'50	23'19	98'13	121'32	'182	'769	'951	'786
1908-09	130'07	22'45	102'12	124'57	'172	'785	'957	'748
1909-10	120'84	21'76	102'44	124'20	'180	'847	1'027	'713
1910-11	130'90	22'68	99'73	122'41	'173	'762	'935	'707
1911-12	146'72	21'16	103'90	125'06	'144	'708	'852	'706
1912-13	154'49	25'67	104'66	130'33	'139	'671	'816	'696

N.B.—Charges not properly debitable to signalling are excluded and "Interest charges," are taken into account in calculating the working expenses connected with the handling of message traffic.

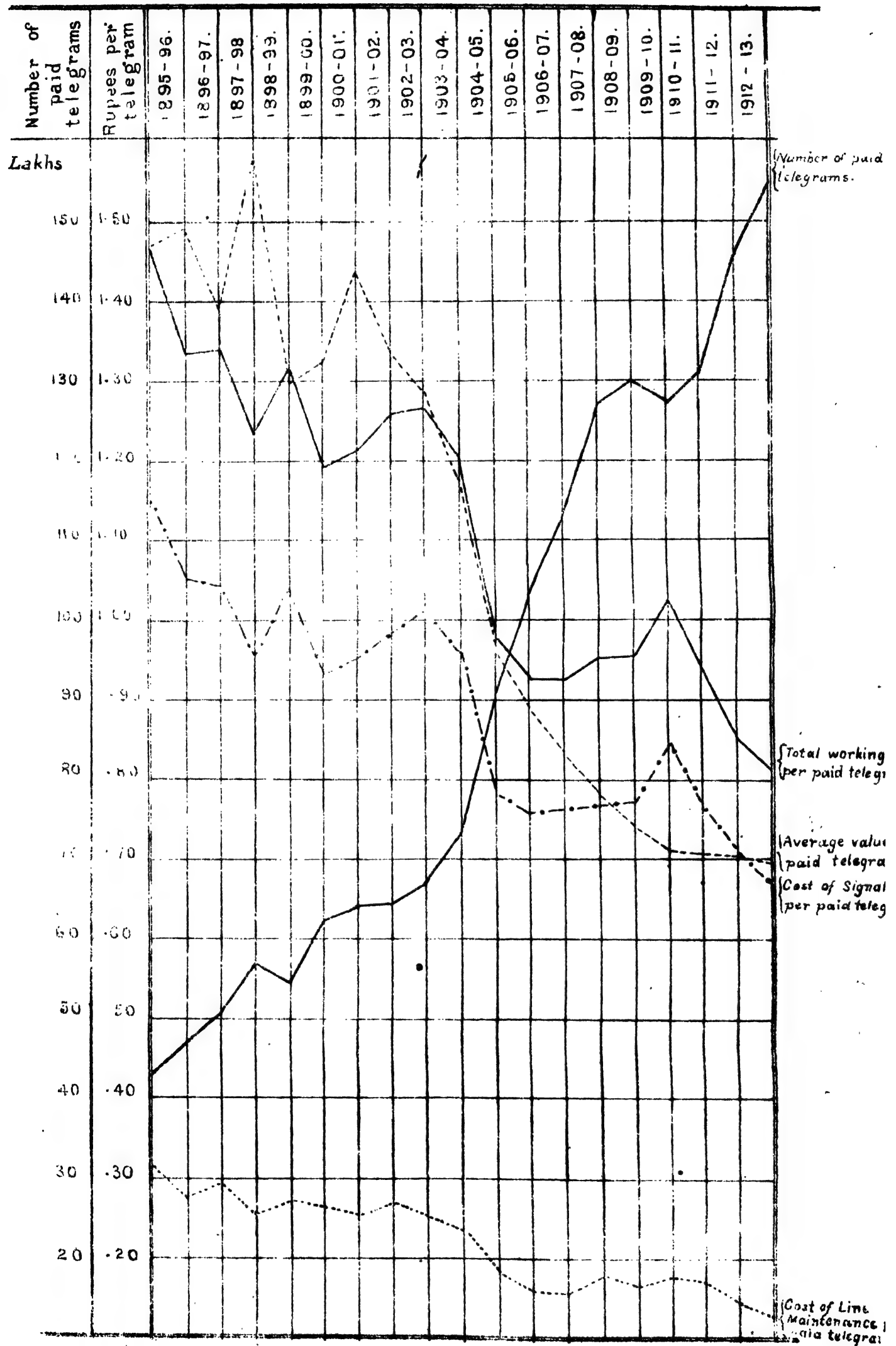
ORDERED that copies of the letter be forwarded to His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, the Finance Department, the Accountant-General, Post Office and Telegraphs, all Local Governments and Administrations (except the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan), and the Government of Ceylon for information.

Ordered, also, that the letter be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

J. F. GRUNING,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

SHewing

FOR EACH YEAR, FROM 1895-96 TO 1912-1913, THE TOTAL NUMBER OF PAID TELEGRAMS, THE WORKING EXPENSES AND THE AVERAGE VALUE OF A TELEGRAM.



No. 8492-8514-4.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Simla, the 10th October 1913.

RESOLUTION.

The question of prescribing a uniform system of weights and measures for the whole of India has been under the consideration of Government from time to time since the passing of the Indian Weights and Measures of Capacity Act, 1871 (XXXI of 1871), by section 8 of which the Governor General in Council is empowered to introduce a system of weights and measures of capacity consistent with the statutory unit prescribed by section 3. Although the Act has been on the statute book for more than 41 years no notifications have yet been issued under it, as it was hoped that weights and measures based on the statutory unit would be gradually and generally adopted without further intervention on the part of Government. This hope has not, however, been realised. The Indian Railways and the Government Departments have it is true, adopted as standards the tola of 180 grains, the seer of 80 tolas and the maund of 40 seers; but no general tendency has manifested itself on the part of Indian Commercial Circles to follow the lead given them by Government.

2. The whole question was examined very carefully between the years 1890 and 1894 by the Government of India in consultation with Local Governments and Administrations, and the policy since followed has been to prescribe, as necessity arose, standard weights and measures for particular districts or groups of districts similar to those adopted by the Indian Railways and the Government Departments. Some of the Local Governments have taken action in this direction, but the general state of affairs is at present far from satisfactory, for the systems of weights and measures in use vary considerably, not only in different Provinces, but also in different areas of the same Province. The Government of India are fully alive to the difficulties which beset attempts to impose a uniform system of weights and measures for adoption throughout British India. At the same time they are satisfied that the existing lack of uniformity is seriously prejudicial to trade, and they have reason to believe that the development of railway communications and commerce in this country, the formation of Chambers of Commerce and the advance of municipal and trade organizations have gone far to remove objections formerly felt to the introduction of a single uniform system.

3. The Government of India have, therefore, decided to re-open the question of the feasibility of securing the use of uniform weights and measures in India, and to appoint a Committee to enquire into the whole subject. The Committee will assemble at Bombay on the 10th of November 1913, and will proceed to such places as it may consider desirable to visit in order to obtain the opinion of the Chambers of Commerce and leading merchants and others. The Government of India trust that Local Governments and Administrations will afford the Committee all the assistance which it may require, and will comply with any request for information and advice which may be addressed to them by it. The Committee will submit its report in six months and the report will then be referred to Local Governments and Administrations for consideration before action is taken upon it.

The Committee will consist of:—

PRESIDENT :

The Honourable Mr. S. R. Arthur, I.C.S.,
Commissioner, Central Division, Poona.

MEMBERS :

Mr. C. A. Silberrad, I.C.S.,
Magistrate and Collector, United Provinces.

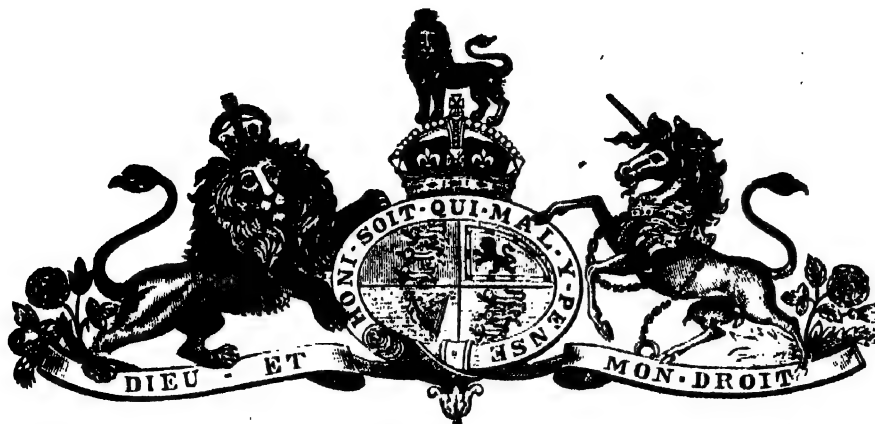
Mr. A. Y. G. Campbell, C.I.E., I.C.S.,
Acting President, Corporation of Madras.

Mr. Rustomji Faridoonji, U.C.S.,
Commissioner of Excise, Central Provinces.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations, to the Home, Finance and Education Departments and the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, and to the President and Members of the Committee.

Ordered, also, that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* for general information.

J. F. GRUNING,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 18th October 1913.

On and after the 29th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. After the 22nd November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them. The following collections are available for sale :—

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|-------|---------|
| (1) | Collection for 1902-03, | price | Rs 3 | a copy. |
| (2) | " " 1903-04, | " | " 3 | " |
| (3) | " " 1904-05, | " | " 3 | " |
| (4) | " " 1905-06, | " | " 3 | " |
| (5) | " " 1906-07, | " | " 3-8 | " |
| (6) | " " 1907-08, | " | " 3-8 | " |
| (7) | " " 1908-09, | " | " 2-8 | " |

N.B.—Nos. (1), (3), (4), (5) and (6) contain papers in all the different standards of examination held in Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali; No. (5) contains the High Proficiency Urdu papers also; No. (2) contains all the papers except those for the High Proficiency examinations in Hindi, Arabic and Persian and the Degree of Honour in Arabic and Sanskrit; and No. (7) all except those for the Interpretership and Degree of Honour in Persian, Preliminary, High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Arabic, Degree of Honour in Hindi, Degree of Honour in Bengali and High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Sanskrit.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzat-u-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

"Akhlaiq-i-Jalali" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 5-12 per copy.

The following list of Munshis who are qualified to teach Urdu under India Army Order No. 162 of 1907, is published for the information of all those students of this language, who are desirous of obtaining competent teachers :

ALLAHABAD.

1. M. Jawala Prasad, I. Kasauli Hills. The Royal Scots Regiment, Sudder Bazar, Allahabad.
2. M. S. C. Bagchi Government Observatory, Allahabad.

AMBALA.

1. M. Mohd. Miyan Khan Sudder Bazar, Ambala.
2. M. Mohd. Akbar Khan The Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
3. M. Jawala Prasad, II. B. I. Bazar, Ambala.

AMRITSAR.

1. M. Mohd. Ishaq Khazana Gate, Amritsar.

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya 17, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.
2. M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A. 8, Maulavi Imdad Ali's Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Hossain Mirza 1, Syed Ismail Lane, Calcutta.
4. M. Mohd. Israii Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
5. M. Syed Nawab Ali 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
6. M. Wahidun Nabi Khan 88/1, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.
7. M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid 152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
8. M. Daliluddin Ahmed 28/1, Kimber Street (Karaya), Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Wajid 89, Jhowtolla Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Syed Mohammad 12, Waliullah Lane, Wellesley Square, Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE.

1. M. Rahim Shah R. A. Munshi, Campbellpore.

DALHOUSIE.

1. M. Abdur Rahim Regimental Munshi, 1st Lancashire Fusiliers, Balun Bazar, Dalhousie.

DELHI.

1. M. Mithan Lal C/o Late M. Chummi Lal Sahib, Government Pensioner, Muhalla Churi Walan, Delhi.

DINAPORE.

1. M. Syed Hadi Hussain Orderly Bazar, Dinapore.

JHELM.

1. M. Thakur Das Pahwa Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JULLUNDER.

1. M. Har Bhagat Singh Bains Talhan, Jullunder Cantonment.

KASAUJI.

1. M. Auand Sarup C/o Munshi Kashi Nath, Dagshai Hills, or Depot, Kasauli.

LAHORE CANTT.

1. M. J. Kishori Lal R. A. Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
2. M. Shan Lal Bhargava Dangar Street, Sudder Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW.

1. M. Abdul Alim Near the Police Post, Husaingunge, Lucknow.
2. M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan Near Royal Hotel, Lucknow.

MULTAN.

1. M. S. Karim Bakhsh Sadar Bazar, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS.

1. M. M. C. Saihgal 2nd Bn., King's Regiment, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.

1. M. Faqir Ulla St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

NOWSHERA.

1. M. Muhammad Din Pay Havildar and Head Clerk, 23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (F. F.).

PESHAWAR.

1. M. Bodh Raj Royal Sussex Regiment (or Sudder Bazar), Peshawar.
2. M. Ahmed Din St. Cantonments, Peshawar.
3. M. Abdur Rahim Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
4. M. Abdul Karim Dakrawi Gate, Peshawar.

RAWALPINDI.

1. M. Ghulam Muhiuddin R. A. Brigade Munshi, Rawalpindi.
2. M. Ghulam Rasul Sudder Bazar, Rawalpindi.
3. M. Fazal Ahmed Persian House, Rawalpindi.

ROORKEE CITY.

1. M. Fazl-i Haq Mahalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SUBATHU.

1. M. Gulzar Lai South Lancashire Regiment, Subathu.

In addition to the above, the following, who were examined in Urdu previous to the institution of the examination mentioned in the above India Army Order, are also, in the opinion of the Board of Examiners, qualified to teach :

CALCUTTA.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. M. Mohd. Arif | 12. Harinbari Lane, Calcutta. |
| 2. Maulavi Syed Abu Zafar | 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta. |
| 3. M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S. | 14, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta. |
| 4. M. Badru-z Zaman | 29, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta. |
| 5. M. Abdul Badi | 5, Ramsanker Roy's Lane, Calcutta. |
| 6. M. A. M. F. Wahhab | Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta. |
| 7. M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat | 89, Jhowtollah Road, Balligunge, Calcutta. |
| 8. M. Akmal Ali Akmal | 9, Dr. Karam Hossain's Lane, Calcutta. |
| 9. M. Abdul Karim Nashter | 1, Jhowtollah Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta. |
| 10. M. Mohd. Yusuf Khan | 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta. |

N.B.—It is requested that Munshis who have passed this examination and whose names do not appear above, should communicate their present addresses to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta, so that their names may be published also.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE AND CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bond fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Sulphate of Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased both in powder and 3½-grain tablet forms by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the principal druggists in Calcutta. These drugs are for sale for *cash* only. On *no account* drugs are sent *per V. P. Post*. These drugs *may be obtained* from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur.

The rates for these drugs from 15th November 1912 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 11 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 10 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	12 "

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 5 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	6 "

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins
Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.
Cinchona Febrifuge is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.*Claimants who have attained their majority.*

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Deputy Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing :—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	{ Caroline Brooks (daughter). Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	{ John Brandon (son).*
	{ Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	{ Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). Joseph Carroll (son). Agnes Carroll (daughter).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	John Cosser (son).
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son).
Doyle, L., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son).
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia, <i>alias</i> Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, J., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	{ James Flynn (son). William Flynn (son). Joseph Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	{ Perquira Grimstone (daughter). Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry, Veteran Company	{ Jeremiah Mitchell Foster Haw- kins (son). George Hawkins (son).
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	{ Edward Healey (son). Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S., Bugler, D. Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B. Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	{ Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). Reith McManus (daughter). Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	{ Eleanor Scully (daughter). John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Colour-Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	{ John Sheepard (son). Ellen Sheepard (daughter).
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	{ John Wallace (son). Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son).

* Claim received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

G. R. O'DOWD,

for Deputy Controller of Military Accounts.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,

SECUNDERABAD DIVISION, BOLARUM ;

1st OCTOBER 1913.

**OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE CORONATION DURBAR AND OF
THE VISIT OF THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING-
EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS TO INDIA, 1911-12.**

To meet the repeated demands of the public, the Government of India have decided to publish a complete and authoritative account of the proceedings connected with the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India and with the Coronation Durbar of December 1911.

This book will be compiled from the official records, and will contain lists of all persons taking part in the celebrations and ceremonies. There will also be numerous illustrations, portraits, maps, plans, etc.

It will be published in two editions, a popular one in a cloth binding at a cost not exceeding Rs. 7-8, and a very limited edition *de luxe*, which will contain a list of the subscribers, at a cost of about Rs. 250.

A translation of the popular edition will be made in Urdu and possibly in other languages also if the demand is sufficient.

It is expected that the work will be ready for publication in about six months' time; names are still being registered for the various editions, and application should be made to the Superintendent, Official History of the Durbar, Foreign Department, Simla.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal :—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

(a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

(b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 129 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 1st day of October 1913.

In the matter of Maung Boh, Clerk, residing at No. 64, Crisp Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Boh, Clerk, residing at No. 64, Crisp Street Rangoon, on the 29th day of September 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Boh.

CASE No. 130 of 1913.

Rangoon, the 1st day of October 1913.

In the matter of Maung Tun Aung, son of U Shwe Saing, residing at No. 29, William Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Tun Aung, son of U Shwe Saing, residing at No. 29, William Street, Rangoon, on the 30th day of September 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Tun Aung.

CASE No. 132 of 1913.

Rangoon, the 8th day of October 1913.

In the matter of Kader Buksh, Carpenter of No. 76, 106th Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Kader Buksh, Carpenter of No. 76, 106th Street, Rangoon, on the 8th day of October 1913 an order of adjudication of Insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Kader Buksh.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

IN THE COURT OF BABU MIHAN SINGH BEDI, JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, DELHI.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

SUIT No. 47 of 1913.

In the matter of Mohamad Zabir Uddin Khan, son of Rashid uddin of Delhi, Daryagunj, Debtor.

To

Mohamad Zabir uddin Khan, son of Rashid uddin of Delhi, Debtor.

Take notice that an Insolvency petition has been presented against you to this Court by Babu Piare Lal, pleader of Delhi and that the said petition will be heard at this Court on the 1st day of November 1913 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on which day you are required to appear, and if you do not appear, the Court may make an order of adjudication against you in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 11th day of October 1913.

MIHAN SINGH,
Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 10th October 1913.

No. 154.—3rd Class Assistant Surgeon G. J. Harvey, I.S.M.D., is appointed to the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 23rd September 1913.

No. 155.—The services of 3rd Class Assistant Surgeon A. M. F. Browne, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Punjab, for temporary Railway employment, with effect from the 22nd August 1913.

A. M. CROFTS, Surgeon-General,
Offg. Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 1st October 1913.

No. 2734.—The next half yearly examination in the Brahui language by the prescribed tests will be held at Quetta in the Durbar Hall on Monday the 24th November 1913 at 10.30 A.M.

No. 2738.—The next half yearly examination in the Pushto language by the Higher Standard will be held at Quetta in the Durbar Hall on Monday the 27th October 1913 and the following day commencing at 10.30 A.M. each day.

The 10th October 1913.

No. 3688-R.—Khan Sahib Rana Muhammad Ali Khan, a Tahsildar of the 1st Grade, officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th Grade and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Chagai, is granted privilege leave for two months and 29 days with effect from the 30th September 1913.

No. 3689-R.—Mirza Izaz-ud-din Ahmad Khan is appointed to officiate as an extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th Grade and is posted as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Chagai, *vice* K. S. Rana Muhammad Ali Khan with effect from the date of taking over charge.

2. While so employed Mirza Izaz-ud-din Ahmad Khan will receive pay at the rate of Rs300 per mensem.

By order,

T. W. HAIG, Lt.-Col.,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.

**THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONERS OF
BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 4th October 1913.

No. 584-J.—Under the provisions of section 3 of the Suits Valuation Act, 1887 (VII of 1887), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Chief Commissioner of British Baluchistan is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in his Notification No. 6070, dated the 13th November 1908 :—

In sub-rule (b) of rule 1 and the Explanation and the Illustrations thereto, for the words "thirty times" the words "sixty times" shall be substituted, and for the words and figures "Rupees 200" and "Rupees 60" the words and figures "Rupees 400" and "Rupees 120" shall be read, respectively.

By order,

T. W. HAIG, Lieut.-Col.,

Secretary.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 30th September 1913.

No. 7436-C. & I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to notify his intention to amend conditions 1 and 3 of form F of the Punjab Petroleum Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 90, dated the 15th February 1909, in the manner indicated below :—

Condition 1.—Add the following words at the beginning of the condition :—

“ when not carried in a receptacle forming part of a motor vehicle.”

Condition 3.—Delete the words—

“ not forming part of a motor-vehicle.”

Any objection to the above proposal received in writing within one month from the date of publication of this notification, will be taken into consideration by the Chief Commissioner.

NOTIFICATION No. 7462.

The 30th September 1913.

Proceedings of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Delhi Province in the Education Department, No. 7462, dated the 30th September 1913.

READ—

Letter No. 1860, dated the 19th August 1913, from the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, forwarding the report of the Delhi Municipality for the year 1912-13.

Remarks.—1. Constitution and working.—The Deputy Commissioner of Delhi has, in his letter of 13th August 1913, with which he forwards the report on the working of the Delhi Municipality for the year 1912-13, given an interesting account of the development of the Municipal Committee of Delhi from small beginnings into the organization which now controls municipal affairs at the Capital of India. The dignity which has fallen on Delhi City by the Royal desire of the King-Emperor has brought heavy responsibilities in its train, and municipal affairs have now to be administered not only to suit local standards but in accordance with ideals befitting the control of the Municipality of the Capital of India. The census results of 1911 show a growing local population with needs to be provided for; the lesson of the malaria epidemic of 1908, the high death rate which still obtains in the City, and the notable prevalence of tubercular disease make it clear that the Committee has before it an arduous but necessary programme of sanitary reform. This programme must rank prior to the provision of minor amenities; but when such amenities come to be considered it must be confessed that the roads, schools and lighting of Delhi fall short of the standard which a Capital City might be expected to exhibit. The Municipal Committee have thus a task of great magnitude before them. This task is not likely to be accomplished unless the trammels of petty local considerations and parochial ideas are cast aside and there is a whole-hearted concentration on progress and efficiency.

2. The municipal machine at first appeared unlikely to adapt itself readily to the great changes for which provision had to be made on the formation of the New Capital. Steps have, however, been taken to remedy this. The appointment of an Additional District Magistrate has given the Deputy Commissioner adequate time to devote to his duties as President of the Committee. The appointment of a wholetime City Magistrate has enabled a proper enforcement of the municipal law and of Section 34 of the Police Act, while it has, by setting free the Assistant Commissioner acting as Secretary of the Municipality from all case work, allowed him to spend his whole time on municipal administration. Government has sanctioned a whole time Health Officer for the City and given financial assistance to defray the expenditure consequent on the appointment. It has also sanctioned the constitution of a separate Notified Area for the portion of the Municipality in which the temporary offices of the Government of India and residences of officials are situated, thus relieving the Committee of an area which would have proved expensive to administer and have caused a considerable tax on the activities of the management.

3. The Chief Commissioner is glad to acknowledge the fact that the Committee have, on their side, made earnest and well directed efforts to improve the machinery of their administration. The year's record is one of real progress. The Sanitary, Engineering, Finance and Tax Departments have been reorganized, and a new executive Department has been created. In regard to the latter, the Chief Commissioner wishes to offer some remarks. The departure from the system by which the Ward Members were supposed to be in charge of the executive work in their Wards, has, in some places, formed the subject of comment as a retrograde measure tending to curtail the direct interest of the members in the furtherance of the work and interests of the Committee.

The objection appears to be based on a misconception of the proper position of the members of a Municipal Committee. In the first place, material considerations prevent their becoming really efficient executive officers. Most of them are professional or commercial men, with a busy daily life of their own; many are in addition prevented by family reasons, by age or by enforced absences from continued application to executive work. But the case goes further than this. The true function of the Municipal Member is to advise, direct and control the municipal organization, the actual work of which is best executed by an efficient executive staff serving under the Committee. To entrust him with petty functions in connection with the sweeping of streets or the removal of obstructions, is to involve a confusion of functions which cannot fail to impair his value as a representative of the public. The Chief Commissioner takes this opportunity of noting that an increase of the Executive Department would appear to be necessary in order to provide for the speedier disposal of applications under the building bye-laws, and requests that the matter may engage the attention of the Committee.

4. The Chief Commissioner is gratified by the returns of the attendance of members both at the meetings of the Committee and at the meetings of sub-committees. Delhi has been pro-

minent in recognition of the ability of the sub-committee system in the past and it is on the efficient working of this system that success in the task before the Municipality largely depends.

5. The Municipal Committee lost three members during the year—Mirza Suraya Jah, a Commissioner for twenty years, R. B. Jowahan Lal and Gopi Nath. There were six elections during the year; but in only two cases was there any contest. In the other cases the outgoing member was unopposed or the other candidates retired before the matter came to the hustings.

6. *Taxation.*—Octroi accounts for Rs. 5,81,787 of the total taxes amounting to Rs. 7,08,106. The actuals for 1911-12 were abnormal on account of the dabar; and the figures in the present report may be compared with the figures for 1910-11, which are Rs. 4,91,363 and Rs. 6,11,829 respectively. These are gross figures. Part of the increase may be put down to influx of population connected with the building operations of the temporary capital and the advent of the Government of India, and put to better assessment and collection. The octroi department is one of the municipal departments of which the reorganization has not been completed; it is not, however, predicted by the President that any large increase in receipts are to be anticipated. The octroi refunds now amount to 11 per cent of the gross income, and the steady growth of refunds, together with the complaint that the refund system is complicated and unequal in its working, make it necessary for the Committee to face at an early date the necessity for reconsidering the whole position regarding octroi. The objections originally formulated by the Government of India against a terminal tax have now been withdrawn, and the Committee should consider at an early date the arguments for and against the substitution of this tax.

7. The taxes on land, houses and buildings for the year amount only to Rs. 83,450 as compared with Rs. 86,683 in 1911-12 and Rs. 86,816 in 1910-11. The house-tax is the only direct tax paid by the inhabitants at large, and averages the low figure of only just over five annas per annum per head of population and Rs. 3-4 per annum per house. This tax only forms 11 per cent. of the total taxation. The low receipts appear wholly incompatible with the rise in price and renting value of house property in the Municipality. There is a small increase in the receipts from taxes on vehicles and animals and tolls. These two taxes only bring in about Rs. 45,000 and are obviously incapable of any material development. This subject is further dealt with in a succeeding paragraph (No. 8).

8. *Financial Position.*—Omitting Government grants, the financial position of the Municipal Committee in view of the work which has to be done is not very favourable. Taking the year 1912-13 as a normal year the receipts are :

	Lakhs.
1. Octroi after deducting refunds	5.12
2. Other taxes and specialacts	1.31
3. Revenue derived from municipal property and powers other than taxation	3.27
4. Miscellaneous . . . . .	.31
5. Balance . . . . .	.56
TOTAL	10.57

It is somewhat difficult to extract from the accounts as now presented the figures of normal expenditure, since the annual figures include expenditure of a capital nature out of special grants and contributions. But if as stated in paragraph 9 of the Deputy Commissioner's letter, the normal expenditure on "the payment of establishment and upkeep of municipal properties" is 11½ lakhs, it is clear that in order to carry on ordinary municipal administration and repay loans, without any special expenditure on improvements or large works, a normal deficit of about three-quarters of a lakh has to be faced. There appears no possibility of curtailing the expenditure on maintenance. While the Municipality may normally anticipate some assistance from Government for large works of improvement and sanitary reform, they cannot look to general revenues to finance a recurring annual deficit. The amount involves an increase of taxation of five annas per head of population per annum. It is not at all certain that octroi will bring in an appreciable increase. The nazul properties cannot be counted on as giving an increased income for some years to come. Some of these properties will be resumed by Government for the need of the new Imperial City, resulting in an immediate loss of income to the Committee. The latter assessment and collection of rents on other plots may lead to a better income in special cases; but the Chief Commissioner thinks that much of this will be discounted for some time to come by immediate expenditure on providing such area with roads, water and drainage in order to convert them into really valuable property. The conclusion appears to be inevitable that the deficit must be made up by an increase in the house tax.

9. *General.*—The Chief Commissioner has read with interest the report of the various Departments which are enclosed with the municipal report. At present the Municipal Committee makes a profit of 33 per cent. on its expenditure on work done for private indi-

viduals in connection with water supply. Apparently this admits a possibility of favourable developments. The total receipts for the sale of water are given as Rs. 1,73,412 against an expenditure (excluding capital charges) of Rs. 1,19,484. The rates have lately been revised, but it is clearly necessary by careful administration to do all that is possible to make up for the heavy interest charges on the capital outlay on the water works. The drainage system is in the crucible and awaits the event of the wide investigation now being carried out. Mr. Salkield's remarks on the road problem have been read with great interest and his whole note on the engineering branch is an excellent summary of the activities in store for this branch of the Municipality.

Major Cook Young gives an interesting summary of the difficulties of sanitation in Delhi and the steps that are being taken to combat the prevalent insanitary condition. With the help received from the Government of India, it has been possible to make considerable headway with reforms.

10. The detailed reports, and the remarks of the President, make it clear that the Committee have considered the programme of immediate requirements and have in hand a number of sanitary and other works of the most pressing urgency. While recognizing this, the Chief Commissioner wishes to indicate to the Committee the following items which have, in his opinion, a paramount claim on their attention during the coming twelve months :—

- (1) The formulation of adequate building bye-laws ; it may be said that at present Delhi has no building bye-laws at all.
- (2) The extension of public latrine accommodation of a revised type.
- (3) The regulation of the milk supply. Land will shortly be available for grazing grounds across the Jumna, and it will be necessary to transfer to these grounds a large number of the milch cattle now stabled in the city.
- (4) The improvement of arrangements for vaccination.
- (5) The improvement of the conditions in which meat is sold.

11. In regard to the remarks of the President with respect to the necessity for provision of room for the extension of Delhi city, the Chief Commissioner has given the whole question his earnest attention and comprehensive proposals will shortly be submitted to the Government of India dealing with the provision of areas for the extension of the city for many years to come.

ORDER.—Ordered that copies of the foregoing remarks be forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, and the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner in the Public Works Department. Also that the remarks be published in the Government of India Gazette.

By order,

G. F. DEMONTMORENCY,
Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lucknow, the 23rd September 1913.

No. 17.—Mr. W. I. Cooke, Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India a further extension of two months' furlough on medical certificate in continuation of six months' extension notified in this office Notification No. 10 of 14th May 1913.

The 26th September 1913.

No. 18.—Messrs. R. E. Marriott and L. P. Misra, Assistant Engineers, passed the professional examination prescribed in Public Works Department Code, Volume I, paragraphs 167 to 169, on the 22nd September 1913.

W. D. WAGHORN, Major, R.E.,
Agent, O. & R. Railway.
II B 2

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, the 6th October 1913.

No. 58.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore that land is required for a public purpose, namely, for widening a street.

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Civil and Military Station is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	Boundaries.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
Cleveland Town, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	Nallappa Maistry.	Vacant ground.	1,292 square feet.	Houses Nos. 27 and 28 of Subbanna Maistry.	Veerannah garden street.	Veerannah's garden C. street.	Munisamappa's vacant lands.	
	(1) Subbanna Maistry. (2) Pillamma, widow of Munisamappa. (3) Mortgage Mandy, Hanumanthappa.	Dwelling house Nos. 27 and 28.	3,627 square feet.	House No. 26 of Munisamappa.	Veerannah garden street.	Vacant ground of Nallappa Maistry.	Munisamappa's vacant ground and house.	
	Sugarmandy, Munisamappa and Venkatapathiyappa.	Dwelling house No. 26.	1,782 square feet.	House No. 25 of Pygasthi Muniyammah.	Veerannah garden street.	Houses Nos. 27 and 28.	Munisamappa's vacant ground.	

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
Cleveland Town, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	Pygasthi Muniyama.	Dwelling house No. 25.	1,528 square feet.	House No. 24 of Akkayamma.	Veeranna garden street.	House No. 26 of Munisamappa.	Muniramappa's vacant ground.	
	Akkayamma, widow of Kalpalli Venkata- ppah.	Dwelling house No. 24.	1,230 square feet.	Vacant ground of Muniramappa.	Veeranna garden street.	House No. 25.	Muniramappa's vacant grounds.	
	Muniramappa.	Vacant ground.	1,066 square feet.	Robertson Road.	Veeranna garden street.	House No. 24 of Akkayamma.	Muniramappa's vacant ground.	

P. B. Warburton,
First Assistant Resident.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Agra, the 2nd October 1913.

No. 156.—Mr. Sujan Singh, B.A., Probationary Assistant Superintendent of the Sambhar Lake Division, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, from the 2nd September 1913, during the absence on leave of Mr. R. N. Haygarth, Assistant Superintendent, or until further orders.

No. 157.—Mr. Abdul Aziz Beg, B.A., Probationary Assistant Superintendent of the *Cis-Indus and Kalabagh Mines Division*, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, from the 2nd September 1913, during the absence on leave of Mr. H. H. Bryan, Superintendent, or until further orders.

No. 159.—Mr. A. G. O. Howard, Superintendent and Personal Assistant to Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, is granted privilege leave for one month and 15 days from the afternoon of the 15th September 1913.

The 3rd October 1913.

No. 160.—Mr. H. A. R. Lyon, Assistant Commissioner of the Lower Division, Internal Branch, is granted privilege leave for 21 days from the 15th September 1913.

No. 161.—Mr. E. D. Beatson, Superintendent, 1st grade, of the Monghyr Circle, Lower Division, Internal Branch, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Commissioner on Rs. 500—30—800 from the 15th September 1913 during the absence on leave of Mr. H. A. R. Lyon, Assistant Commissioner, or until further orders.

No. 162.—The following temporary promotions of officers in the Northern India Salt Revenue Department are ordered :—

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Mr. R. N. Haygarth.	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Officiating Superintendent, 4th grade.	Officiating promotion.	2nd August 1913. In the leave vacancy of Mr. C. H. Jeffery-Orchard, Assistant Commissioner.
Mr. N. Daly	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Officiating Superintendent, 4th grade.	Officiating promotion.	5th August 1913. In the leave vacancy of Mr. D. M. Smith, Superintendent.

J. F. CONNOLLY,

Offg. Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, The King's Shropshire Light Infantry, dated at Trimulgherry, this 8th day of October 1913.

Number, Rank and Name—8413, Private. Charles Richard Medicott.	Parish and County in which born—Dawley, Shropshire.
Age—24 years 7 months.	Date of desertion or absence—27th September 1913.
Height—5 feet 8½ inches.	Place of desertion or absence—Bombay.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, grey.	Marks—Mole left hip.
Trade—General labourer.	On furlough.
Date of enlistment—22nd February 1907.	Under 7 years' service.
Place of enlistment—Shrewsbury.	

R. MASEFIELD, Major,

Commanding 2nd Battalion The King's Shropshire Light Infantry.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 11th October 1913.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th October 1913.

RESERVE.													
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			COIN AND BULLION.						SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).			REMARKS.	
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	In India.		In England.		In Transit between India and England.		Held in India.	Held in England.	TOTAL.		
			Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Coin and Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.					Silver Bullion.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta .	4,50,60,785	22,09,56,645	1,67,57,720	1,63,94,543	...	9,15,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	26,46,52,209	(a) Nominal value— ₹10,30,81,500. (b) Nominal value— ₹4,69,26,571.
Cannore .	...	2,72,92,005	1,04,26,215	70,25,295	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,34,51,510	
Lahore .	...	4,38,68,590	1,44,67,318	1,76,05,005	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,20,72,323	
Bombay .	3,68,35,455	11,07,59,990	1,79,03,690	19,85,73,652	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21,64,77,342	
Karachi .	...	1,34,06,325	32,38,110	15,94,140	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48,32,250	
Madras .	1,03,49,110	6,43,39,890	1,66,03,580	62,68,470	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,28,72,050	
Rangoon .	...	4,43,80,800	3,72,93,856	61,21,935	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,84,15,791	
	9,22,45,300	52,55,04,815	12,20,90,489	25,35,83,040	...	9,15,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	60,77,73,475	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			Deduct—Amount due on Bills drawn by one Circle on another										5,70,000
TOTAL CIRCULATION R			TOTAL RESERVE R										60,72,03,475

There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 7th October 1913.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 17th October 1913.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 15th October 1913.

RESERVE.														
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			COIN AND BULLION.						SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).					REMARKS.
In Reserve Treasuries.		Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	In India.		In England.		In Transit between India and England.		Held in India.		Held in England.	TOTAL.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	(a)	(b)	12	13	
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta .	3,75,01,000	22,62,31,985	26,37,32,385	3,21,34,330	1,61,78,933	...	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	27,98,13,209	(a) Nominal value— R10,20,81,500
Cannore .	...	2,56,20,470	2,56,20,470	1,84,72,915	58,77,600	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,43,50,505	(b) Nominal value— R4,69,26,571
Lahore .	3,95,79,490	3,95,79,490	3,95,79,490	1,44,53,188	1,67,71,665	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,12,24,853	
Bombay .	2,86,15,950	11,97,35,050	14,83,51,000	1,63,26,660	18,57,50,002	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,40,76,662	
Karachi .	...	1,38,29,115	1,38,29,115	33,02,160	15,16,935	...	...	...	...	...	...	48,19,095	
Madras .	1,15,20,695	6,27,90,020	7,43,10,715	1,78,31,165	56,38,955	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,34,65,120	
Rangoon .	...	4,38,77,505	4,38,77,505	3,26,70,576	58,25,445	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,84,96,021	
	7,76,37,645	53,16,83,085	60,93,00,630	13,71,90,984	23,75,54,535	...	9,15,00,000	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	60,62,45,465	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			40,22,215	Deduct—Amount due on Bills drawn by one Circle on another										9,67,000
TOTAL CIRCULATION R			60,52,78,465	TOTAL RESERVE R										60,52,78,465

Deduct—Amount due on Bills drawn by one Circle on another

(R1,000,000) R1,50,00,000 was transferred in Gold from the Paper Currency Reserve to the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 15th October 1913.
The Silver held in the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 15th October 1913 to 4,50 lakhs in coined rupees.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,

Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th October 1913.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS					4 PER CENT. LOANS						4½ PER CENT. LOANS		GRAND TOTAL.		
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	TOTAL.	of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	TOTAL.		Transfer Loan of 1879, 4½ per cent. Portion.	TOTAL.
Balance of 30th September 1913	34,21,400	1,16,11,100	6,27,93,600	1,69,30,000	86,74,200	16,90,400	10,16,94,300	6,933	5,000	..	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	2,000	2,000	10,51,73,233
<i>Add—</i> Amount of transferred to London . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notifica- tion No. 6201-A., dated 3rd November 1908, up to . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amount enfaced at Madras up to . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to 27th September 1913 . . . .	..	..	25,000	..	..	7,000	1,00,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,00,000
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th October 1913 . . . . .	..	..	1,000	..	..	..	1,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,000
<i>Deduct—</i> Amount written off in the London Registers	34,21,400	1,16,11,100	6,27,93,600	1,69,30,000	86,74,200	17,05,400	10,18,90,300	6,933	5,000	..	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	2,000	2,000	10,52,74,233
	..	2,500	4,60,000	1,35,000	..	..	6,01,400	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,01,400
Balance on 15th October 1913 . .	34,21,400	1,16,05,300	6,23,59,600	1,67,91,400	86,74,200	17,65,400	10,11,95,900	6,933	5,000	..	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	2,000	2,000	10,46,72,583

NOTE.—From 9th June 1897 to 13th Aug. 1913. Enfaced from India 12,262 lakhs, re-transferred from London 12,546 lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 16th October 1913.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL OF BENGAL.

Notice of Deaths sent to the Administrator-General of Bengal under section 64 of Act II of 1874.

Name of deceased.	Place of death.	Date of death.	By whom death reported, and when.	REMARKS.
Sergeant F. G. Prince, an employee of the Port Commissioners, Rangoon.	Rangoon . . .	24th April 1913.	Commissioner of Police, Rangoon, on 23rd July 1913.	The deceased died intestate, and steps are being taken by the Administrator-General to apply for Letters of Administration to the estate.
Mrs. Harriet Reid .	Naini Tal . . .	26th	Commissioner, Kumaon Division, on 30th August 1913.	The deceased has left a Will, and the executors appointed by the Will have applied for Probate thereof to the High Court, North-Western Provinces.
Mr. Clement Wright, I.C.S., Joint-Magistrate of Saharanpur	.....	15th August . . .	District Judge, Saharanpur, on 2nd September 1913.	It is reported that so far as can be ascertained the deceased left no Will. It is reported by the District Judge that the widow will shortly apply for Letters of Administration.
Mr. Ernest Hunter, late an Assistant in the Jakai (Assam) Tea Company, Limited, Tiphuk, in the district of Lakhimpur.	Tiphuk . . .	3rd	Judge of the Assam Valley Districts on 5th September 1913.	The deceased does not appear to have left any Will. Messrs. Balmer, Lawrie & Co., the Agents of the Tea Company in which the deceased was employed, are in communication with the deceased's family in England and instructions are awaited from the relatives.
Mr. S. H. Sharpe, Permanentway Inspector at Gaya.	Medical College Hospital.	14th	District Judge, Gaya, on 9th September 1913.	It appears that the brother of the deceased is in communication with his relatives in England regarding the deceased's Will left in England. It is not proposed to take any steps until instructions are received.
Mr. Thomas Henry Powell, late a guard, Kalka and Simla Railway.	Simla . . .	1st September .	District Judge, Simla, on 12th September 1913.	It is reported that the deceased died intestate, and that an application under section 246, Act X of 1865, will be filed by the widow of the deceased.
Mr. Duncan Richard Ricketts, of Doolha Estate, District Basti.	Munsoorie . . .	24th May . . .	District Judge, Gorakhpur, on 19th September 1913.	The deceased has left a Will, appointing his wife sole executrix, who has filed an application for Probate of the Will in the court of the District Judge of Gorakhpur.

ALEX. KINNEY,

Offg. Administrator-General of Bengal.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET;
Calcutta, the 25th September 1913.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 11th October 1913.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities . .	2,65,52,906	9	0
Reserve Fund	1,88,00,000	0	0	Other authorized Investments	1,24,43,056	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	1,40,04,820	0	2	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities .	4,11,72,770	12	5
Public Deposits at Branches	2,29,75,421	13	0	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,52,07,504	5	3
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	17,06,73,470	15	3	Bills discounted and purchased	3,99,85,628	10	5
Bank Post Bills, etc. . . .	7,34,428	12	8	Balances with other Banks . .	26,06,191	1	0
Sundries	20,78,845	8	11	Bullion . . . .	.....	... ..	... ..
RUPES	24,92,66,987	2	0	Dead Stock	24,54,119	0	0
				Stamps	12,225	12	3
				Sundries	3,57,201	3	6
				Rs.	A.	P.	
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	18,07,91,603	5	10
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	6,84,75,383	12	2
				RUPES	24,92,66,987	2	0

* Includes Sovn. & 1 Sovn. ; value Rs. 2,91,180 0 0

†	Do.	do.	do.	„	8,06,707	8	0
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R\$, 10,97,887 8 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL ;
Calcutta, 16th October 1913.

C. W. W. CARBERRY,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.

Percentage 32.53.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 16th October 1913.

No. 689.—Mr. W. H. Strong, Extra Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 21 days under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from the 3rd November 1913 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

The 17th October 1913.

No. 690.—Lieutenant C. G. Lewis, R.E., Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 3 days under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations in continuation of the leave granted him in this office Notification No. 664, dated the 9th April 1913.

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Colonel, R.E.,

Offg. Surveyor General of India.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 14th October 1913.

No. 51.—Mr. J. D. Green, District Traffic Superintendent in Class II Grade 5 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railway, is granted under Articles 233, 246, 260, and 338, Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for one year, *viz.*, privilege leave for 3 months and furlough for the remaining period, with effect from the 15th October 1913 or any subsequent date.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel, R.E.,
Agent, N. W. Railway.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 30th September 1913.

No. 1574s-4p.—Mr. Syed Azharul Haq, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for seven days, with effect from the 24th September 1913.

The 5th October 1913.

No. 1646s-4p.—Khan Bahadur Muhammad Kazim, Deputy Postmaster-General officiating in the 2nd grade and Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Eastern Circle, at present working as Deputy Postmaster-General, United Provinces, is granted privilege leave for one month and 9 days, with effect from the 10th October 1913, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

W. MAXWELL,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 16th October 1913.

No. 5637-T.—The following promotions in the Traffic Branch subordinate establishment are sanctioned for the periods noted:—

Name	RANK.		Nature of promotion.	PERIOD.	
	From	To		From	To
Mr. W. J. Blackwell	Telegraph Master	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class.	Officiating	5th August 1913.	26th August 1913.
Mr. M. M. Sarkie	Ditto	Ditto	Temporary	Ditto	16th August 1913.

W. MAXWELL,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

NOTICE.

Sealed Tenders for the supply of meat (Beef and Mutton best grass fed) at all the Cantonment stations in the 8th (Lucknow) Division from 1st April 1914 to 31st March 1915, will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 8th (Lucknow) Division, up to 12 noon on the 15th November 1913.

2. Further particulars, forms of tenders and schedules can be obtained on application in writing to the above officer upto 4th November 1913 on payment of rupee one for each set of forms. No tenders will be received except on forms issued from this office.

H. M. M. BROOKE, Major,
Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies,
8th (Lucknow) Division.

Lucknow
The 14th October 1913.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS—EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 919, dated 6th October 1913.

READ the following paper:—

G. O. No. 585, dated 20th June 1913, from the Collector of Malabar—Reference on C. No. 738-M. P. 12, dated 18th September 1913.

ORDER.—The agreement having been duly executed by the Secretary to Government, Educational Department, on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council, will now be published in the Fort St. George Gazette, and a copy will be forwarded for publication in the *Gazette of India* under section 42 of the Land Acquisition Act 1 of 1894.

Agreement made the fourth day of October 1913 between the Basel German Mission Educational Council of Calicut constituted under the provisions of section 23 of the Indian Companies Act of 1882 of the one part and the Secretary of State for India in Council (hereinafter called "The Secretary of State") of the other part Whereas upon the application of the Basel German Mission Educational Council the Government of Madras by Order No. 585-Educational dated the twentieth day of June One thousand nine hundred and thirteen has agreed to acquire on behalf of the Basel German Mission Educational Council under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act 1894 the piece of land and hereditaments described and delineated respectively in the schedule and plan hereto annexed and situated at Calicut it having been shown to the satisfaction of the said Government that the proposed acquisition is needed for the construction of a work likely to prove useful to the public namely the enlargement and adaptation of the buildings on the said piece of land so as to make them suitable for the purposes of a College and hostel attached to the College and Whereas the said Government has called upon the Basel German Mission Educational Council under the provisions of section 41 of the said Act to enter into the agreement with the Secretary of State hereinafter contained Now these Presents Witness that it is hereby agreed and declared as follows:—

1. The Basel German Mission Educational Council shall pay to the Government of Madras before the said land and hereditaments are transferred to the Basel German Mission Educational Council the cost of the said land and the buildings thereon and all costs of the acquisition inclusive of all payments and allowances in respect thereof payable under the said Act.

2. Upon such payment by the Basel German Mission Educational Council the Secretary of State shall execute and do all such acts deeds matters and things as may be necessary or proper for effectually vesting the said land and hereditaments acquired in the Basel German Mission Educational Council and giving the Basel German Mission Educational Council an absolute title thereto.

3. The terms upon which the said land and hereditaments shall be held by the Basel German Mission Educational Council are that the Basel German Mission Educational Council shall enlarge and adapt the buildings and the said piece of land so as to make them suitable for the purpose of the College, *viz.*, for the accommodation for Intermediate science and mathematics classes, laboratories, library, etc., and for providing accommodation in two separate buildings for two European Professors both of them being Wardens of the two hostels attached to the College.

4. That the said buildings shall be enlarged and adapted or new buildings erected as aforesaid within three years from the date when the said land and hereditaments shall have been transferred to the Basel German Mission Educational Council and that the Basel German Mission Educational Council so long as it shall continue to conduct the College shall maintain and keep the said buildings in proper repair and condition.

5. That the students of the Basel German Mission College and other persons resorting thereto on business shall be entitled to such right of ingress egress and regress during College hours as may be necessary and proper for their business but otherwise the public shall not be entitled to the use of the said land or buildings.

In witness whereof Hans Knoblock the Manager of the Basel German Mission Educational Council hath hereunto set his hand and Walter Francis Secretary to the Government of Madras in the Educational Department for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council hath hereunto set his hand the day and year first above written.

Registration district.	Registration sub-district.	Boundaries.	Area.
Malabar	Calicut	Survey No. 50-5 B of Kalathinkunnu—	ACS.
		North, 50-5 A ; east, 51-1 A ; south, 50-4 ; west, 52 . . .	57
		Survey No. 50-5 A—	
		North, 153-3 ; east, 153-2 and 51 A ; south, 50-5-B ; west, 52 . . .	45
		Survey No. 153-3 --	
		North, 154 ; east, 153-2 ; south, 50-5 A ; west, 52 . . .	106
		Total . . .	208

Signed by the said HANS KNOBLOCK
Manager Basel German Mission Educational in Council } (Sd.) HANS KNOBLOCK.
in the presence of WILHELM MULLER.

Signed by the said WALTER FRANCIS on behalf
of the Secretary of State for India in Council in the
presence of
C. Ramanuja Chari, Superintendent, Educa- } (Sd.) WALTER FRANCIS.
tional Department.
P. Ramuni Nair, Clerk, Educational Depart- }
ment.

W. FRANCIS,
Acting Secretary to Government.

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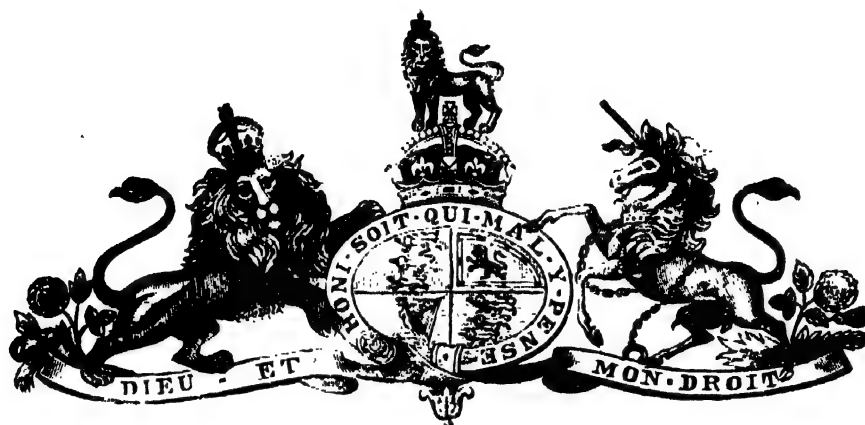
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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 138937 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1842-43, for rupees (500) five hundred, originally standing in the name of Abinash Chandra Dutta and endorsed to Unmadini Dasi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser :—UNMADINI DASI,

Residence :—C/o Kylash Chunder Shaha,

16, Baloram Mazumdar's Street, Calcutta.

LOST OR DESTROYED.

The upper half of Government Promissory Note No. 245818 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rupees 5,000 (five thousand) originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, and last endorsed to the Chairman, Municipal Board, Azamgarh, U. P., the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

J. C. SMITH, I.C.S.,

Dated the 30th September 1913.

Chairman, Municipal Board, Azamgarh, U. P.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. B040479 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1842-43 for Rs. 100 (one hundred only) originally standing in the name of Purbhudas Harukhechand and last endorsed to Narhar Ganesh-Mogre the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—NARHAR GANESH MOGRE,

Residence—C/o LYON LORD & Co., Ltd.,

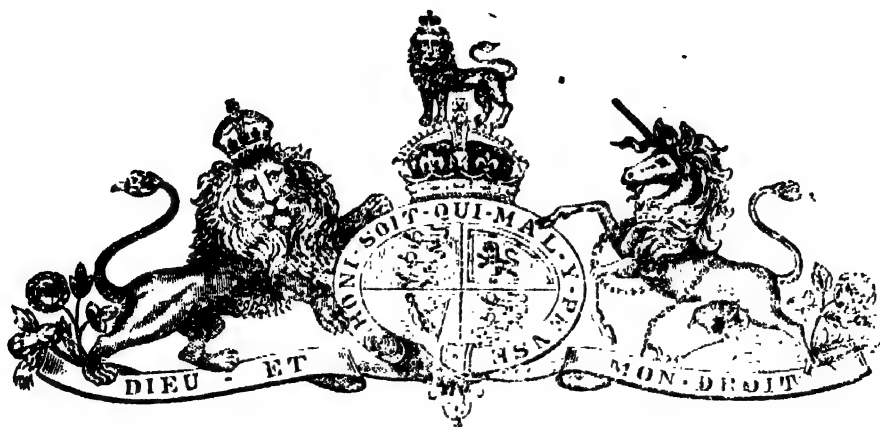
Telephone Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

STOLEN.

The upper half of the Government Promissory Note No. 016528 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1879 for Rs. 1,000 originally standing in the name of Kedar Nath Mukherjee the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of the duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—KEDAR NATH MUKHERJEE.

Address—Deputy Inspector of Schools, Burdwan.



The Gazette of India

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 42. }

SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1913.

64* Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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929—950	Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 11th October 1913
PART II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	1838—1839
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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 16th October, 1913.

No. 52.—Whereas by Resolution passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the 28th day of July, 1891, the provisions of section 1 of the Government of India Act, 1870 (33 Vict., c. 3), were declared applicable to the tracts known as Angul and the Khondmals in Orissa ;

And whereas the Lieutenant-Governor of Bihar and Orissa has proposed to the Governor General in Council a draft of the following Regulation, together with the reasons for proposing the same ;

And whereas the Governor General in Council has taken the draft and reasons into consideration, and has approved of the draft and the same received the assent of the Governor General on the 10th day of October, 1913;

In pursuance of the direction contained in the said section, the said Regulation is now published in the Gazette of India and will be published in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette.

REGULATION No. III OF 1913.

THE ANGUL LAWS REGULATION, 1913.

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THE SCHEDULE.—ENACTMENTS DECLARED IN FORCE IN THE DISTRICT OF ANGUL OR PART THEREOF.

A regulation to provide for the peace and good government of the Angul District.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law providing for the peace and good government of the Angul District in the Orissa Division; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Short title and commencement. Angul Laws Regulation, 1913; and

(2) It shall come into force on such day as the Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette, direct.

2. In this Regulation and in every enactment in force in the district, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "accountant" means any person charged with the duty of keeping the accounts of any demand due to the Government and accruing within the district;
- (b) "Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate" includes any Sub-Deputy Collector and Sub Deputy Magistrate who is specially empowered by the Commissioner to discharge the functions of a Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate;
- (c) "Deputy Commissioner" means the officer in chief executive charge of the district, by whatever other title he may be designated;
- (d) "district" means the district comprising Angul and the area known as the Khondmals;
- (e) "District Court" and "District Judge" means the Court of the Deputy Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner, respectively;
- (f) "High Court" means, with reference to criminal proceedings against European British subjects or persons jointly charged with such subjects, the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal; and, in any other case, the Court of the Commissioner;
- (g) "Sub-divisional Officer" means the Officer in charge of a Sub-division of the district; and
- (h) "Superintendent of Police" means the chief officer in charge of the Angul District Police, by whatever other title he may be designated.

Angul Laws.

(Chapter II.—Law applicable in the District.—Sections 3-8. Chapter III.—Constitution and Jurisdiction of Courts.—Sections 9-13.)

CHAPTER II.

LAW APPLICABLE IN THE DISTRICT.

3. (1) So much of each of the enactments Enactments in force specified in the Schedule as in the district. is at the commencement of this Regulation in force in the territories to which the enactment generally applies shall, in the form in which it is for the time being so in force, be deemed to be in force in the district, or in such part thereof as is mentioned in the 3rd column of the said Schedule, subject to any modifications made by this Regulation.

(2) An enactment not comprised in the Schedule shall not be deemed to be in force in any part of the district, unless it is expressed by special mention of the district of Angul or any part of that district to extend thereto or is, after the commencement of this Regulation, declared in force therein or extended thereto in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of this Regulation or by any other enactment for the time being in force in the district.

Explanation.—Enactments not comprised in the Schedule, and not declared in force or extended as aforesaid, shall not be deemed to be in force in the district or any part thereof merely on the ground that they are referred to in some enactment which is so in force.

4. Subject to the control of the Governor General in Council the Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette, declare that any enactment which is comprised in the Schedule shall no longer be in force in the district; and, on the publication of such notification, such enactment shall be repealed in the said district.

5. Subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, the Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette, declare that any enactment not comprised in the Schedule shall be in force in the district or any part thereof, and on the publication of such notification, such enactment shall be deemed to be comprised in the Schedule.

6. For the purpose of facilitating the application of any enactment for the time being in force in the district, any Court may construe such enactment with such alterations, not affecting the substance thereof, as may be necessary or proper to adapt it to the matter before the Court.

7. Notwithstanding anything in this Regulation or in the enactments comprised in the Schedule, no finding, sentence, judgment, decree or order of any Court shall be reversed, set aside or modified on appeal, revision or other-

wise, by reason of any irregularity in procedure, unless such irregularity has, in the opinion of the Court, caused a failure of justice.

8. Any person liable to be imprisoned in any Execution, outside prison in the district or to the district, of sentences be transported, under any passed therein. order or sentence passed by any officer or Court duly empowered under this Regulation, may be confined in any prison in British India, or may be transported to any place which the Local Government may select.

CHAPTER III.

CONSTITUTION AND JURISDICTION OF COURTS.

9. The district shall be divided, for Civil, Criminal and Revenue purposes, into the Sadr or Angul sub-division and the Khondmals sub-division.

10. There shall be the following Courts in Ordinary Courts. or for the district, and they shall be subject to the general superintendence and control of the Local Government:—

- (1) the Court of the Honorary Magistrate or Bench of Magistrates;
- (2) the Court of the Sub-Deputy Collector and Sub-Deputy Magistrate;
- (3) the Court of the Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate;
- (4) the Courts of the Sub-divisional officers of Angul and of the Khondmals;
- (5) the Court of the Deputy Commissioner; and
- (6) the Court of the Commissioner.

11. The Local Government may establish any Establishment of other other Court and may invest it with such powers as it may prescribe to be exercised in the district.

12. (1) The immediate control and supervision Control over Courts. of the Court of the Deputy Commissioner and of any other Court of equal or similar powers that may hereafter be established in accordance with the provisions of section 11 shall be vested in, and every such Court shall be subordinate to, the Court of the Commissioner.

(2) The immediate control and supervision of the Courts mentioned in clauses (1) to (4) of section 10 and of any other similar Court that may hereafter be established under section 11, shall be vested in, and all such Courts shall be subordinate to, the Court of the Deputy Commissioner.

13. The Local Government may, by notification Local jurisdiction and in the Bihar and Orissa powers of Courts and Gazette, define the local limits of the jurisdiction and the powers of any Court constituted under this Regulation, or of any officer of the Government employed in the district.

*Angul Laws.**(Chapter III.—Constitution and Jurisdiction of Courts.—Section 14.)*

14. (1) The Courts mentioned in section 10 shall ordinarily have the powers specified in the following table :—

Name of Court.	Revenue powers.	Criminal powers.	Civil powers.
1	2	3	4
I.—The Court of the Honorary Magistrate or Bench of Magistrates. V of 1898.	...	The ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the third class, as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	.....
II.—The Court of the Sub-Deputy Collector and Sub-Deputy Magistrate. V of 1898.	Powers corresponding to those of a Deputy Collector under any law for the time being in force in the district.	The ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the second class, as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	.....
III.—The Court of the Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate. V of 1898.	Powers corresponding to those of a Deputy Collector under any law for the time being in force in the district.	The ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the second class, as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	Powers corresponding to those of a Civil Court, under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, to try original civil suits of which the value does not exceed one hundred rupees. V of 1903.
IV.—The Courts of the Sub-divisional Officers of Angul and of the Khondmals. V of 1898.	Idem.	The Ordinary powers of a Sub-divisional Magistrate of the first class, as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	Powers corresponding to those of a Civil Court, under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, to try original civil suits of which the value does not exceed five hundred rupees. V of 1908.
V.—The Court of the Deputy Commissioner. V of 1898.	Powers corresponding to those of a Collector under any law for the time being in force in the district.	The ordinary powers of a District Magistrate and of a Sessions Judge, under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	Powers of a Court of Small Causes under the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887; the limit of powers in each case to be fixed by the Local Government. IX of 1887.
VI.—The Court of the Commissioner. V of 1898.	Powers corresponding to those of a Commissioner and of the Board of Revenue under any law for the time being in force in the district.	The ordinary powers of a High Court, under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, except in regard to criminal proceedings against European British subjects or persons jointly charged with European British subjects.	Powers corresponding to those of a District Judge, under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, to try original civil suits and appeals without limit as respects the value. V of 1908.
			V of 1908.

*Angul Laws.**(Chapter IV.—Administration of Criminal Justice.—Sections 15-28.)*

(2) The Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette,—

(a) confer upon any Court mentioned in column 1 of the foregoing table any further powers in addition to those specified in respect of such Court in that table, or

(b) authorize the Board of Revenue to exercise supervision and control over any such Court in all or any matters relating to revenue.

CHAPTER IV.

ADMINISTRATION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

15. The district shall be a sessions division, the Court of the Deputy Commissioner shall be the Court of Session, and the Deputy Commissioner shall be the Judge of that Court.

16. As Sessions Judge the Deputy Commissioner may take cognizance of any offence as a Court of original jurisdiction without the accused person being committed to him for trial by a Magistrate, and, when so taking cognizance of an offence, shall, subject to the provisions of this Regulation, follow the procedure prescribed by the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, for the trial of warrant cases by Magistrates.

17. A trial before a Court of Session may be Sessions trials without a jury or the aid of out jury or assessors. assessors.

18. (1) The police-officer of highest rank present at a police-station shall be deemed to be the officer in charge of such police-station.

(2) Any police-officer may exercise the powers conferred, by section 55 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, on an officer in charge of a police-station.

19. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 57 or section 61 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, an officer in charge of a police-station may detain a person arrested without warrant for such time as in all the circumstances of the case is reasonable.

(2) When such officer of his own authority detains any such person in custody for a longer period than twenty-four hours, exclusive of the time necessary for the journey from the place of arrest to the nearest Magistrate's Court, he shall, in the report prescribed by section 62 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, state his reasons for prolonging the detention of such person, and, where the detention extends beyond three days, shall submit further reports of the reasons therefor at such intervals as the Magistrate to whom the report under section 62 was submitted may, by general or special order, direct.

20. Nothing in the first paragraph of sub-section (1) of section 162 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, shall be construed to apply to a statement made to a police-officer who is also a Magistrate.

21. Notwithstanding anything in any law for the time being in force, a prosecution for an offence against the State, or for the offence of giving false evidence in respect of a statement made by a person who has accepted a tender of pardon, may be entertained upon complaint made by order of, or under authority from, the Deputy Commissioner.

22. Any Magistrate tendering a pardon to an accomplice under section 337 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, may, notwithstanding anything contained in that section, try the case himself.

23. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, the period of limitation for an appeal from any sentence or order in any criminal case shall be thirty days from the date of such sentence or order.

24. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, no appeal shall lie in any case in which the Deputy Commissioner, exercising the powers of a District Magistrate or of a Court of Session, passes a sentence of imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or of fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or of whipping only.

25. Where an offence referred to in section 195 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, is committed before the presiding officer of a Criminal Court, or in contempt of his authority, or is brought to his notice in the course of a judicial proceeding, he may himself try for such offence the person accused thereof.

26. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 495 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, any Court may allow any police-officer to conduct a prosecution.

27. Any Court may, for reasons stated in writing, refuse to exercise, in the manner mentioned in sub-section (8) of section 526 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the power of postponement or adjournment given by section 344 of that Code.

28. In the case of any proceeding the record of which has been called for by the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner and examined by himself, or which has been reported for orders under section 435 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, or which otherwise comes to his knowledge, the Deputy Commissioner or the Commissioner may, in his discretion, exercise any of the powers conferred on a Court of appeal

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V of 1898.

V of 1898.

of 1898.

V of 1898.

*Angul Laws.**(Chapter IV.—Administration of Criminal Justice.—Section 29. Chapter V.—Administration of Civil Justice.—Sections 30-36.)*

by sections 195, 423, 426, 427 and 428 of that Code, and may, for sufficient reasons to be recorded, enhance the sentence :

Provided that—

- (1) no order under this section shall be made to the prejudice of the accused, unless he has had an opportunity of being heard in his defence ;
- (2) nothing in this section shall apply to an entry made under section 273 of that Code, or shall be deemed to authorize the conversion of a finding of acquittal into one of conviction.

29. Nothing in this Chapter with respect to procedure in inquiries or trials, or with respect to sentences or appeals therefrom, or the period of limitation for such appeals or to the enhancement or execution of sentences, shall be construed to affect the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, or of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, in its application to European British subjects or to persons jointly charged with such subjects.

V of 1898.
IX of 1908.

CHAPTER V.

ADMINISTRATION OF CIVIL JUSTICE.

30. (1) When in any civil proceeding it is necessary to decide any question regarding succession, inheritance, pre-emption, caste, special property of females, betrothal, marriage, adoption, guardianship, minority, bastardy, family relationship, wills, legacies, gifts, partitions or any other religious or social usage or institution,

the Buddhist law, in cases where the parties are Buddhists, the Muhammadan law, in cases where the parties are Muhammadans, and the Hindu law, in cases where the parties are Hindus, shall form the rule of decision,

except in so far as such law has, by any enactment in force in the district, been amended or abolished, or is opposed to any custom having the force of law in the district.

(2) In cases not provided for by sub-section (1), or by any other law for the time being in force, the Court shall act according to justice, equity and good conscience.

31. In any suit instituted after the commencement of this Regulation,—

- (a) interest on any debt or liability for a period exceeding one year shall not be decreed at a higher rate than two per cent per mensem, notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary, and no compound interest arising from any adjustment of account which is not final, or from any claim by bond, decree or otherwise, which has been increased on renewal without the passing of fresh consideration, shall be decreed ; and,

- (b) the total interest decreed on any loan or debt shall not exceed one-fourth of the principal sum, if the period be not more than one year, and shall not in any other case exceed the principal of the original loan or debt.

32. The Court may at any time, of its own motion, for reasons to be recorded in writing, refer any matter arising in any suit to the arbitration of any village Panchayat which has been vested by the Deputy Commissioner with powers in this behalf.

Reference by Court to arbitration.

33. Where any suit involves—

- (a) the examination or adjustment of accounts, or
- (b) questions of pedigree or local caste, or of local or family custom, or
- (c) any other question of family law,

the Court may, of its own motion or on the application of any of the parties, and after recording its reasons in writing, refer to arbitration any matter of difference between the parties.

34. Notwithstanding anything contained in Schedule II of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908—

- (a) no matter in which any settlement proceeding or any interest of the Government is involved shall be referred to arbitration ;
- (b) no award which is contrary to any of the provisions of this Regulation, shall have any effect.

35. (1) Whenever any matter is referred to arbitration, under section 33 or under the Second Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, three arbitrators shall be appointed ; namely, one by the plaintiff, one by the defendant, and one by the Court.

(2) The Court shall consider any objection that may be made by the plaintiff or the defendant to any appointment within seven days from the date of such appointment, and may, if it thinks fit, direct that a fresh appointment be made.

36. Subject to the modifications contained in sections 32 to 35, the provisions of the Second Schedule of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, shall, so far as may be, apply to all references to arbitration made in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation.

*Angul Laws.**(Chapter V.—Administration of Civil Justice.—Sections 37-39. Chapter VI.—Recovery of Public Demands.—Sections 40-45.)*

37. The Crown shall be presumed, until the Use and control of contrary is proved, to be rivers, etc. entitled to the exclusive use and control of—

- (a) the water of all rivers and streams flowing in natural channels,
- (b) all natural collections of water, and
- (c) all tanks and irrigation-embankments belonging to, or constructed wholly or in part by or at the expense of, the Government,

within the district.

38. (1) An original decree or order made by the Court of a Sub-divisional Officer in any civil or revenue suit, the value of which does not exceed fifty rupees, shall, subject to the provisions of this Regulation with respect to revision, be final.

(2) From every other decree or order made by the Court of a Sub-divisional Officer, and from every decree or order made in any civil or revenue suit by any other Court subordinate to the Court of the Deputy Commissioner, an appeal shall lie to the Court of the Deputy Commissioner.

(3) An original decree or order made by the Court of a Deputy Commissioner in any civil or revenue suit, the value of which does not exceed five hundred rupees, shall, subject to the provisions of this Regulation with respect to revision, be final.

(4) From every other original decree or order made by the Court of a Deputy Commissioner in any civil or revenue suit, an appeal shall lie to the Court of the Commissioner.

(5) Save as provided by sub-section (6), and subject to the provisions of this Regulation with respect to revision, every appellate decree or order of the Court of the Deputy Commissioner in any civil or revenue suit shall be final.

(6) An appeal from an appellate decree or order of the Court of the Deputy Commissioner in a civil or revenue suit, the value of which exceeds one thousand rupees, and in which the Deputy Commissioner has reversed or modified the orders of the Lower Court, shall lie to the Court of the Commissioner.

39. The Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner may, of his own motion or otherwise, call for the record of any civil or revenue case decided by any Court under his control and supervision, and may pass such order thereon as he may think fit.

CHAPTER VI.**RECOVERY OF PUBLIC DEMANDS.**

40. Whenever—
Certificate that public demand is in arrear.

- (a) any sum due to the Government, or

(b) any rent due to a sarbarakar who, under the terms of the settlement made with him, has previously paid the amount thereof to the Government, or

(c) any plough-contribution due to a sardar or mutha malik who has previously paid the amount thereof to the Government,

remains unpaid on the date next following that on which payment is due, the accountant shall certify in writing to the Sub-divisional Officer the fact of the arrear and the amount due.

41. (1) On receipt of any such certificate the Sub-divisional Officer may, after making such inquiry as he thinks fit, and if he be satisfied that the demand specified in the certificate or any part thereof is justly due, issue a notice to the defaulter ordering him within a given time,—

(a) to pay the amount specified in the notice, or

(b) to appear before him and state any objection he may have to paying such amount, or any part thereof.

(2) When any objection is made under clause (b) of sub-section (1), the Sub-divisional Officer shall, after making such inquiry as may be necessary, determine the same.

42. The Sub-divisional Officer may recover any amount ascertained to be due in accordance with the provisions of section 41, together with all cost of realizing the same by attachment and sale of any property belonging to the defaulter.

43. (1) The Sub-divisional Officer shall not proceed against any immovable property of a raiyat, unless and until he has satisfied himself that the raiyat has no moveable property by the sale of which the sum due from him can be realized.

(2) Before any immovable property of a raiyat is sold under the provisions of this Chapter, the case shall be reported for the orders of the Deputy Commissioner. On receipt of such report, the Deputy Commissioner may,

(a) order the sale of such property, or

(b) attach such property and make such arrangements as he thinks fit to liquidate the debt.

44. All the proceedings of a Sub-divisional Officer under this Chapter shall be subject to revision by the Deputy Commissioner and by the Commissioner who may set aside or modify the orders of the said Sub-divisional Officer in any way he thinks fit; but there shall be no appeal, as a matter of right, to either of the said officers.

45. Every Sub-divisional Officer shall keep, in such form as may from time to time be prescribed by the Commissioner, a register of his proceedings under this Chapter; and every payment made by any defaulter shall be duly entered in such register.

*Angul Laws.**(Chapter VII.—Police.—Sections 46-50.)*

CHAPTER VII.

POLICE.

46. Subject to the approval of the Deputy Commissioner, the Superintendent of Police may, after consulting the house-holders of any village, appoint any person to be a village-chaukidar, and may, for any misconduct or neglect of duty, dismiss any village-chaukidar.

Power to appoint and dismiss village chaukidars.

47. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may, from time to time by written order,—

(a) declare any local area or group of dwellings to be a village for the purposes of this Chapter, and

(b) direct each house-holder of the village to make a monthly or annual payment, in money or in grain, or in both, of such amount as may be fixed by the Deputy Commissioner, after consulting such house-holders, to defray the cost of the salary and uniform of the village-chaukidar.

(2) The said payments shall be made to the headman, sarbarakar or other person appointed by the Deputy Commissioner in this behalf.

(3) It shall be the duty of the person so appointed to see that the said payments are punctually made, and duly to account for the same; and the Deputy Commissioner may impose a fine not exceeding ten rupees on any person who neglects to perform such duty.

(4) All arrears of the said payments may be realized from the said house-holders, under the written order of the Deputy Commissioner in each case, by sale of the defaulter's moveable property.

(5) The Deputy Commissioner may authorize the Sub-divisional Officer to exercise all or any of his powers under this section.

Penalty for village-chaukidar withdrawing from his duties, etc.

48. Every village-chaukidar who—

(a) withdraws from the duties of his office without the express permission of the Superintendent of Police or of some officer duly authorized by him to grant such permission, or

(b) resigns his office without the permission of the Superintendent of Police, unless he has given at least two months' notice of his intention to resign, or

(c) is guilty of cowardice, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding ten rupees:

Provided that no prosecution shall be instituted against any village-chaukidar under this section without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

49. Any village-chaukidar who is guilty of any wilful misconduct in his office or neglect of his duty,

Power to fine village-chaukidars departmentally.

such misconduct or neglect not being an offence within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, or XLV of 1860, of section 48, and not being of so grave a character as, in the opinion of the Superintendent of Police, to require his dismissal from his office,

shall be liable, under the orders of such Superintendent, to a fine not exceeding three rupees.

50. Every village-chaukidar appointed under this Regulation shall perform the following duties, namely:—

(i) he shall give immediate information to the officer in charge of the police-station within the limits of which the village of which he is a chaukidar is situated, of all the matters specified in section 45 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, V of 1898, which may occur within such village or which may come to his notice otherwise;

(ii) he shall keep the police informed of all disputes which are likely to lead to any riot or serious affray;

(iii) he shall arrest—

all proclaimed offenders and escaped convicts,

all persons whom he may find in the act of committing any of the offences specified in section 45 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, and

V of 1898.

any person against whom a reasonable suspicion exists of his having been concerned in any offence so specified, whether such offence has been or is being committed within or outside his village;

(iv) he shall observe, and, from time to time, report to the officer in charge of the police-station within the limits of which such village is situated,—

the movements of all bad characters in such village,

the movements of any other person who may be lurking in such village without any ostensible means of subsistence, or who cannot give a satisfactory account of himself;

(v) he shall report to the officer in charge of the said police-station the arrival of any suspicious characters or vagrants or wandering gangs in the neighbourhood;

(vi) he shall present himself at the said police-station at such intervals as the Deputy Commissioner may direct;

(vii) he shall supply any local information which the Deputy Commissioner or the Superintendent of Police may require; and

*Angul Laws.**(Chapter VII.—Police.—Sections 51-54. Chapter VIII.—Registration of Documents.—Sections 55-58.)*

(viii) he shall obey the orders of the Deputy Commissioner and of the Superintendent of Police with respect to—

the place where he is to reside,

keeping watch in the village, and

other matters connected with his duties as village-chaukidar.

51. Whenever a village-chaukidar arrests any person, he shall forthwith take the person so arrested to the police-station within the limits of which the village of which he is a chaukidar is situated :

Provided that, if the arrest is made at night, such person may be so taken as soon as convenient on the following morning.

52. An appeal shall lie to the Deputy Commissioner from every order of the Superintendent of Police punishing a village-chaukidar with fine or dismissal ; and, subject to the general power of revision of the Commissioner, the order which the Deputy Commissioner may pass on such appeal shall be final.

31, 6 VII 53. The district shall be deemed to be a general police-district within the meaning of the Police Act, 1861, as modified by the Bengal Police Act, 1869 ; and, except in so far as the Local Government otherwise directs, the Commissioner shall exercise in it all powers and authorities conferred on an Inspector-General of Police.

Power to make rules. 54. (1) The Local Government may make rules—

- (a) to regulate the appointment, and to prescribe additional duties, of village-chaukidars,
- (b) to regulate the grant of rewards to village-chaukidars, village officers and panchayats,
- (c) to prescribe the duties and powers of sarbarakars, sardars, mutha maliks and other village head-men, and members of panchayats, as officers of police,
- (d) to prescribe the manner in which village-officers shall watch and inspect bad characters, and
- (e) to prescribe penalties for the breach of rules made under clause (c) or clause (d) of this section.

(2) The penalties prescribed under clause (e) may be fine extending to fifty rupees or imprisonment extending to three months, or both.

CHAPTER VIII.

REGISTRATION OF DOCUMENTS.

55. (1) The Sub-divisional Officer of Angul and the Sub-divisional Officer of the Khondmals shall be *ex officio* Sub-Registrars of their respective sub-divisions :

Provided that the Deputy Commissioner may, with the approval of the Commissioner, direct any other gazetted officer to perform the duties of Sub-Registrar of either sub-division instead of the Sub-divisional Officer ; and any officer to whom such a direction is given, shall thereupon be a Sub-Registrar *ex officio*.

(2) The Local Government may appoint such other persons as it thinks proper to be Sub-Registrars for the sub-divisions of the district, or for any part of them.

(3) Every Sub-Registrar shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

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56. (1) The Deputy Commissioner shall be *ex officio* Registrar of the district ; and all Sub-Registrars appointed by or under section 55 shall be subject to his general control and superintendence.

(2) The Deputy Commissioner may, by order in writing, delegate his powers as Registrar during his absence from head-quarters to any Sub-Registrar.

57. All documents may be registered at the option of the parties by or in whose favour such documents are executed ; but the Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette, declare, with respect to documents of any class described in such notification,—

- (a) that documents of that class executed on or after a date to be prescribed by the said notification, and purporting or operating to create, declare, assign or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title or interest, whether vested or contingent to or in immoveable property situate in any part of the district specified in the notification, shall be registered in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation, and
- (b) that no such document shall affect any property comprised or referred to therein, or shall be received in evidence of any transaction affecting such property unless it has been so registered.

58. (1) The Local Government may make rules to regulate the registration of documents under this Regulation.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions, the Local Government may make rules—

- (a) to define the time, place and mode of presenting documents for registration ;
- (b) to regulate the duties and powers of registering officers and of the Deputy Commissioner as *ex officio* Registrar, and to specify the cases in which those officers may enforce the appearance of executants and witnesses ; and

*Angul Laws.**(Chapter IX.—Landlord and Tenant.—Sections 59-67.)*

(c) to fix the fees payable for registration, searches and copies, and the time when fees shall be payable.

(3) All such rules shall be published in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette.

XVI of 1908. (4) The provisions of sections 81 and 82 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908, regarding offences by registering officers and other persons, shall, so far as they can be made applicable, apply to like offences when committed with respect to the registration of documents under this Regulation.

CHAPTER IX.

LANDLORD AND TENANT.

59. In this Chapter, the word "raiyat," as used
Meaning of "raiyat." with reference to any land, includes a village sarbarakar as regards land possessed and cultivated by him.

60. No Court shall enforce or recognize any
Raising of rent of contract which affects the rent raiyati land. payable by a raiyat for his holding—

- (a) where there has been a settlement, by enhancing the rent recorded at such settlement or by making such rent payable in a manner different from that recorded at the settlement, or
- (b) where there has been no settlement, by enhancing the rent to an amount exceeding that which the Court considers fair and equitable,

unless the contract or agreement has been made with the written permission of the Deputy Commissioner.

61. (1) No transfer or charge (whether permanent or temporary) by a
Restrictions on transfer of their rights by tenure-holder or raiyat of his right in his tenure or holding or any portion thereof, whether by mortgage, lease, sale, gift, exchange or otherwise, shall be valid unless it is made with the written consent of the Deputy Commissioner.

(2) No transfer or charge in contravention of sub-section (1) shall be registered, or shall be in any way recognized as valid by any Court, in the exercise of civil or revenue jurisdiction.

(3) If any tenure-holder or raiyat transfers his right in his tenure or holding or any portion thereof in contravention of sub-section (1), the Deputy Commissioner may, in his discretion, eject the person in possession of the land in respect of which such transfer was made, and may either—

- (a) restore the land to the tenant who transferred it, or to any of his heirs, or
- (b) re-settle the land with another tenant.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-section a mortgage with possession shall be deemed to be a transfer.

(4) No suit shall be maintainable in any Court in respect of such ejectment; but an appeal shall lie to the Commissioner if presented within three months from the date of the order of ejectment, and his decision shall be final:

Provided that nothing in this section shall affect the validity of any transfer of a raiyat's right in his holding or any portion thereof made in the Khondmals sub-division, before the first day of January, 1897.

62. No decree or order shall be passed by any
Restrictions on sale of Court for the sale of the raiyat's rights under right of a raiyat in his holding, nor shall any such right be sold in execution of any decree or order: Provided that:—

- (a) any holding may, subject to the restrictions imposed by section 43, be sold, in execution of a decree of a competent Court, to recover an arrear of rent which has accrued in respect of the holding;
- (b) nothing in this section shall prevent the sale of a holding under Chapter VI, and
- (c) in the Khondmals sub-division, nothing in this section shall affect the right to execute a decree for sale of a holding passed, or the terms or conditions of any contract registered, before the first day of January, 1905.

63. If a raiyat surrenders or abandons his
Procedure on surrender holding, the Deputy Commissioner or abandonment of missioner may, in his discretion, settle the holding with any heir or relation of such raiyat, or with any other raiyat.

64. A tenant shall not be ejected from his tenure
Ejectment. or holding without an order of the Deputy Commissioner.

65. With the previous sanction of the Commis-
Delegation of powers sioner, the Deputy Commis- of Deputy Commissioner. sioner may delegate all or any of his powers under this Chapter to the Sub-divisional Officer.

66. All proceedings of the Deputy Commis-
Control by Commis- sioner or Sub-divisional sioner. Officer under this Chapter shall be subject to revision by the Commissioner.

Power to make rules. 67. The Local Government may make rules—

- (a) to provide for the recording of changes occurring in tenancies in the Angul Sub-division, and the conduct of inquiries respecting such changes;
- (b) to regulate the conduct of inquiries respecting changes in tenancies in the Khondmals Sub-division;
- (c) to prescribe the duties of sardars, mutha maliks and heads of villages as to reporting changes in tenancies;
- (d) to regulate the maintenance of survey and settlement records;
- (e) to prescribe the duties of village sarbarakars, kanungos and revising officers;

*Angul Laws.**(Chapter X.—Sanitation.—Section 68. Chapter XI.—Miscellaneous.—Sections 69-75.)*

- (f) to guide the Deputy Commissioner or Sub-divisional Officer in the exercise of any of his powers under this Chapter; and
- (g) to prescribe a penalty which may extend to a fine of one hundred rupees for the breach of any rule made under clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this section.

CHAPTER X.

SANITATION.

68. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette, declare that any area specified in such notification shall be subject to Sanitary and Municipal control, and may make rules to provide for such control.

(2) Such rules may provide for—

- (i) preventing nuisances affecting the public health, safety or convenience;
- (ii) regulating the disposal of night-soil, the contents of privies, drains and cesspools, offensive matter, carcasses of animals and rubbish, and the management of privies, drains and cesspools;
- (iii) regulating cremations and burials and the disposal of corpses;
- (iv) regulating the use of, and preventing nuisances in regard to, public water-supply, bathing and washing places, rivers, streams, reservoirs, tanks and wells;
- (v) regulating traffic on roads, and preventing obstructions, encroachments and nuisances on or near roads;
- (vi) preventing damage to, or encroachment on, public lands or grounds;

and may provide that the breach of any such rule shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

CHAPTER XI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

69. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may require, or authorize any Sub-divisional Officer to require, any proprietor, farmer, rent collector, sarbarakar, sardar, mutha malik or occupier of land,

- (a) to furnish such information, accounts and documents as he may be capable of furnishing, and
- (b) to supply provisions and labour at market rates for the use of troops and officers of the Government marching in or through the district on the public service.

(2) Any such person failing to comply with any such requisition shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

(3) Any person aggrieved by any order of the Deputy Commissioner under this section may appeal to the Commissioner, whose orders shall be final.

70. (1) Whenever any property is sold by public auction by or under the orders of a public servant competent to cause the sale of such property, the auction-purchaser of such property shall be bound to pay the amount for which such property is sold, at such time and at such place as may be notified at the time of sale, and shall be bound to conform to all the conditions under which the sale is made.

(2) If the auction-purchaser fails to pay the amount for which the property is sold, at such time or place as is notified at the time of sale, or fails to comply with any of the conditions under which the sale is made, the officer by or under whose orders the property is sold may direct the re-sale of such property.

(3) Such re-sale shall be made at the risk of the auction-purchaser at the first sale; and the difference between any bid made by him and the proceeds of the second sale rendered necessary in consequence of his default shall be recoverable from him, together with all costs incurred, as a sum due to the Government.

Explanation.—The expression “public servant,” as used in this section, has the same meaning as in the Indian Penal Code.

71. The Deputy Commissioner may, with the sanction of the Commissioner, make rules to regulate the writing of petitions and the conduct of cases in his Court and in the Courts subordinate to him.

72. The Local Government may make rules to prohibit, restrict or regulate the appearance of legal practitioners in cases arising in the district.

73. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Court-fees Act, 1870, the presiding officer of any Court may, in special cases, by an order in writing and for reasons to be recorded therein, exempt any document from the payment of such fees.

74. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Oaths Act, 1873, any form of oath or solemn affirmation which is common amongst, or is held binding by, the persons of the race or persuasion to which any witness in, or party to, any judicial proceeding (not being the accused in any criminal proceeding) belongs, and is not repugnant to justice or decency, and does not purport to affect any third person, may be administered to such witness or party.

75. The Angul District Regulation, 1894, and 1 of 1894. the Angul District (Amendment) Regulation, 1904, are hereby repealed.

XLV of 1880.

VII of 1870.

X of 1873.

IV of 1904.

*Angul Laws.**(The Schedule.)*

THE SCHEDULE.

(See section 3.)

ENACTMENTS DECLARED IN FORCE IN THE DISTRICT OF ANGUL OR PART THEREOF.

1	2	3
Number and year.	Short title.	Places in which in force.

PART I.—Bengal Regulations.

II of 1793 (section 7 and clause tenth of section 8).	The Bengal Land-revenue Regulation, 1793.	The whole district.
X of 1804 ...	The Bengal State-offences Regulation, 1804.	Ditto.
XI of 1806 ...	The Bengal Troops Transport and Travellers' Assistance Regulation, 1806.	Ditto.
XI of 1812 ...	The Bengal Foreign Immigrants Regulation, 1812.	Ditto.
III of 1818 ...	The Bengal State Prisoners Regulation, 1818.	Ditto.
XI of 1822 (section 38).	The Bengal Government Indemnity Regulation, 1822.	Ditto.
VI of 1825 ...	The Bengal Troops Transport Regulation, 1825.	Ditto.
XVII of 1829	The Bengal Sati Regulation, 1829.	Ditto.

PART II.—Acts of the Governor General of India in Council.

XVIII of 1850	The Judicial Officers' Protection Act, 1850.	The whole district.
XXXIV of 1850	The State Prisoners Act, 1850.	Ditto.
XII of 1855 ...	The Legal Representatives' Suits Act, 1855.	Ditto.
XIII of 1855...	The Indian Fatal Accidents Act, 1855.	Ditto.
XV of 1856 ...	The Hindu Widows' Re-marriage Act, 1856.	Ditto.
XI of 1857 ...	The State Offences Act, 1857.	Ditto.
III of 1858 ...	The State Prisoners Act, 1858	Ditto.
XLV of 1860...	The Indian Penal Code ...	Ditto.
V of 1861 ...	The Police Act, 1861 ...	Ditto.
III of 1864 ...	The Foreigners Act, 1864 ...	Ditto.
IV of 1869 ...	The Indian Divorce Act	Ditto.
VII of 1870 ...	The Court-fees Act, 1870 ...	The Angul Sub-division.
I of 1871 ...	The Cattle-trespass Act, 1871	The whole district.
V of 1871 (section 15).	The Prisoners Act, 1871 ...	Ditto.

1	2	3
Number and year.	Short title.	Places in which in force.

PART II.—Acts of the Governor General of India in Council—contd.

I of 1872 ...	The Indian Evidence Act, 1872.	The whole district.
III of 1872 ...	The Special Marriage Act, 1872.	Ditto.
X of 1873 ...	The Indian Oaths Act, 1873	Ditto.
II of 1874 ...	The Administrator General's Act, 1874.	Ditto.
IX of 1874 ...	The European Vagrancy Act, 1874	Ditto.
XIV of 1874 ...	The Scheduled Districts Act, 1874.	Ditto.
I of 1878 ...	The Opium Act, 1878 ...	Ditto.
VI of 1878 ...	The Indian Treasure-trove Act, 1878.	Ditto.
VII of 1878 ...	The Indian Forest Act, 1878	Ditto.
VIII of 1878 (sections 141 to 154).	The Sea Customs Act, 1878	Ditto.
XI of 1878 (except section 15).	The Indian Arms Act, 1878	Ditto.
V of 1881 ...	The Probate and Administration Act, 1881.	Ditto.
XIX of 1883...	The Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883.	Ditto.
XIII of 1885...	The Indian Telegraph Act, 1885.	Ditto.
XVIII of 1885	The Land Acquisition (Mineral) Act, 1885.	Ditto.
IX of 1887 ...	The Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887.	Ditto.
VII of 1889 ...	The Succession Certificate Act, 1889.	Ditto.
I of 1890 ...	The Revenue Recovery Act, 1890.	Ditto.
VIII of 1890...	The Guardians and Wards Act, 1890.	Ditto.
XI of 1890 (section 2, except subsection (2), section 5, so much of section 8 as relates to section 5, and sections 9 and 11.)	The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890.	Ditto.
XIII of 1890 (section 9).	The Excise (Malt Liquors) Act, 1890.	Ditto.
I of 1894 ...	The Land Acquisition Act, 1894.	Ditto.
IX of 1894 ...	The Prisons Act, 1894 ...	Ditto.
III of 1897 ...	The Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897.	Ditto.

*Angul Laws.**(The Schedule.)*THE SCHEDULE—*contd.*

1	2	3	1	2	3
Number and year.	Short title.	Places in which in force.	Number and year.	Short title.	Places in which in force.
PART II.— <i>Acts of the Governor General of India in Council—contd.</i>			PART II.— <i>Acts of the Governor General of India in Council—contd.</i>		
VIII of 1897...	The Reformatory Schools Act, 1897.	The whole district.	VI of 1908 ...	The Explosives Substances Act, 1908.	Ditto.
X of 1897 ...	The General Clauses Act, 1897.	Ditto.	IX of 1908 ...	The Indian Limitation Act, 1908.	The Angul Sub-division.
XIV of 1897 ...	The Indian Short Titles Act, 1897.	Ditto.	XVI of 1908 (sections 81 and 82).	The Indian Registration Act, 1908.	The whole district.
V of 1898 ...	The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	Ditto.	IV of 1909 ...	The Whipping Act, 1909 ...	Ditto.
VI of 1898 ...	The Indian Post Office Act, 1898.	Ditto.	II of 1910 ...	The Indian Paper Currency Act, 1910.	Ditto.
II of 1899 ...	The Indian Stamp Act, 1899	The Angul Sub-division.	V of 1910 ...	The Dourine Act, 1910 ...	Ditto.
XIII of 1899...	The Islanders and Farcy Act, 1899.	The whole district.	VIII of 1911...	The Indian Army Act, 1911	Ditto.
III of 1900 ...	The Prisoners Act, 1900 ...	Ditto.	IV of 1912 (except Chapter IV).	The Indian Lunacy Act, 1912	Ditto.
I of 1903 ...	The Repealing and Amending Act, 1903.	Ditto.	PART III.— <i>Acts of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council.</i>		
VII of 1903 ...	The Indian Works of Defence Act, 1903.	Ditto.	IV of 1865 ...	The Bengal Prevention of Inoculation Act, 1865.	The Angul Sub-division.
XV of 1903 ...	The Indian Extradition Act, 1903.	Ditto.	V of 1875 ...	The Bengal Survey Act, 1875	The whole district.
I of 1904 ...	The Poisons Act, 1904 ...	Ditto.	III of 1876 ...	The Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876.	Ditto.
III of 1906 ..	The Indian Coinage Act, 1906	Ditto.	I of 1899 ...	The Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899.	Ditto.
V of 1908 ...	The Code of Civil Procedure, 1905.	Ditto.	III of 1906 ...	The Bengal Disorderly Houses Act, 1906.	Ditto.
			V of 1909 ...	The Bengal Excise Act, 1909.	Ditto.

The 17th October, 1913.

No. 53.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. J. H. Kerr, C.I.E., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

No. 54.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict. c. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Sir Edward Douglas Maclagan, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, *vice* Mr. Kerr resigned.

No. 55.—Dr. Sarat Chandra Banerjee, Rai Bahadur, M.A., D.L., Legal Assistant in the Legislative Department of the Government of India, is granted privilege leave for one month and four days, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 27th October, 1913, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

[illegible]

No. 3381-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the following addition shall be made in the schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 784-I.B., dated the 9th April 1913, applying the provisions of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and of the Indian Railway Board Act, 1905 (IV of 1905), to railway lands in certain Native States, namely :—

After the entries relating to the Dhasa Branch of the Bhavnagar Railway System the following shall be added, namely :—

<i>Botad-Jasdan Branch.</i>			
Botad-Vinchhia	...	...	Bhavnagar
			Jasdan ;
			The Government of Bombay.

The 15th October, 1913.

No. 2512-Est.-A.—Major J. W. Grant, M.B., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class and Residency Surgeon, Western Rajputana States, is granted privilege leave for twenty-one days with effect from the 22nd September, 1913.

No. 2513-Est.-A.—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Chunni Lal Hira Lal, in charge of the Residency Hospital, Jodhpur, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the Office of Residency Surgeon, Western Rajputana States, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 22nd September, 1913, and until further orders.

J. B. WOOD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PENSIONS.

Simla, the 17th October, 1913.

No 1393-A.—Mr. R. J. Blaikie, Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, Military Accounts Department, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 13th August 1913.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 17th October, 1913.

No. 1320-F.E.—With effect from the 20th August 1913 :

Mr. S. C. Mitra, Chief Superintendent, Class II, is promoted to Class I.

Mr. H. R. Jones, Chief Superintendent, Class II, is appointed to officiate in Class I until further orders.

No. 1321-F.E.—Mr. E. Bartley, Chief Superintendent, Class II, is appointed to officiate in Class I with effect from the 1st September 1913 and during the absence on leave of Mr. J. W. Pringle.

No. 1322-F.E.—Mr. A. Krishna Rao Moodaliar, Officiating Chief Superintendent, Central Provinces, was granted privilege leave from 2nd to 26th September 1913, both days inclusive.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

FORESTS.

Simla, the 16th October, 1913.

No. 1013-F. 226-6.—Consequent on the grant by the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces of privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for fifteen months to Mr. R. M. Williamson, Officiating Conservator of Forests, III grade, in charge of the Western Circle, Assam, Mr. W. F. Perrée, Officiating Conservator of Forests, III grade, Eastern Circle, Assam, is appointed to hold charge of the Western Circle, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the afternoon of the 3rd October 1913, the date on which Mr. Williamson made over charge of his office.

From the same date Mr. Williamson reverts to his substantive appointment in the class of Deputy Conservators, Central Provinces.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATION.

POST OFFICE ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 18th October 1913.

No. 8638-140 —Mr. C. H. Harrison, I.C.S., Postmaster-General in the special first grade, in charge of the Madras Circle, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 29th October 1913, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

J. F. GRUNING,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 17th October 1913.

No. 1331.—With reference to this Department Notification No. 1066, dated the 5th September 1913, Kunwar Maharaj Singh, Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Education, is granted an extension of privilege leave for thirteen days, with effect from the 4th October 1913.

No. 1332.—In consequence of the above extension of leave granted to Kunwar Maharaj Singh, the temporary promotions, notified in this Department's Notification Nos. 1067 and 1245, dated the 5th September and the 3rd October 1913, will continue.

No. 1334.—Mr. R. H. Blaker, Officiating Registrar, Department of Education, Government of India, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 17th October 1913, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1335.—In consequence of the grant of the above leave to Mr. R. H. Blaker, the following temporary promotions are notified, with effect from the same date :—

Mr. P. A. Collins, Superintendent, 2nd grade, will continue to officiate as Superintendent, 1st grade.

Mr. T. M. Smith, Superintendent, 3rd grade, will continue to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. L. D. Harrington will continue to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 17th October 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.**CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.**

No. 856.—On return from leave, the services of Lieutenant-Colonel R. R. Vaughan Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

PROMOTIONS.**INDIAN ARMY.**

No. 857.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Montagu Spears Elsmie, Commandant, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force), to be Lieutenant-Colonel.
Dated the 22nd September 1913.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.*Northern Army.*

No. 858.—Sub-Conductor William Patrick Courtenay Kelly to be Conductor and Staff-Sergeant Herbert Harrison to be Sub-Conductor on the General List, *vice* George Pennington, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 26th August 1913.

Southern Army.

No. 859.—Conductor William Edward Green, *seconded*, to be Assistant Commissary *seconded*, and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Conductor William Stavelev to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Sub-Conductor Alfred Michael Hinkley to be Conductor and

Staff-Sergeant George Charles Hall to be Sub-Conductor on the General List,

vice Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Samuel Knight, deceased ; with effect from the 4th September 1913.

General List.

No. 860.—Staff-Sergeant Joseph Edward Jackson to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor George Robert Grayson of the Northern Army List, appointed Assistant Overseer, Ammunition Factory, Dum Dum, and *seconded* ; with effect from the 29th July 1913.

No. 861.—Staff-Sergeant Charles Russell Roper to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor Harry Ward of the Northern Army List, appointed Assistant Overseer, Cordite Factory, Aruvankadu, and *seconded* ; with effect from the 30th August 1913.

NATIVE ARMY.**APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.**

No. 862.—The following promotions are made :—

26th King George's Own Light Cavalry.

Jemadar Muhammad Amin to be Ressaidar, *vice* Muhammad Akbar, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 11th September 1913.

31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.

- Ressaidar Mahmud Khan to be Risaldar, Jemadar Kabul Singh to be Ressaidar and Dafadar Jaising Rao Mahadik to be Jemadar, *vice* Lakshiman Rao Jadhu, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 9th September 1913.

33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.

- Ressaidar Shiu Chand to be Risaldar, Jemadar Muhammad Arshad Khan to be Ressaidar and Dafadar Mahmud Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Taj Muhammad Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st September 1913.

31st Punjabis.

- Jemadar Nika Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Kishn Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bhola Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st September 1913.

98th Infantry.

- Colour-Havildar Shiuambar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sri-pal Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 15th September 1913.

- Colour-Havildar Ram Bakhsh Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Har Bakhsh Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 19th September 1913.

107th Pioneers.

- Jemadar Babaji Sivaji, on transfer from the 3rd Sappers and Miners, to be Subadar and Havildar Babu Rao Mohite to be Jemadar, *vice* Ganpat Balwant, deceased; with effect from the 7th August 1913.

127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

- Subadar Gulab Shah to be Subadar-Major and Jemadar Zergun Shah to be Subadar, *vice* Yar Muhammad, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th September 1913.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

9th Mule Corps.

- No. 863.—Jemadar Ghulam Muhammad to be Ressaidar, *vice* Inayat Khan, 33rd Mule Corps, retired; with effect from the 1st September 1913.

REWARDS.

INDIAN DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL.

- No. 864.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to sanction the award of the Indian Distinguished Service Medal to the undermentioned non-commissioned officer :—

- No. 1844, Dafadar Sher Muhammad, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's).

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

- No. 865.—No. 946, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Wazir Ali is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 20th October 1913.

Madras Establishment.

- No. 866.—No. 1376, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Vellore Srinivasa Mudali is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 17th September 1913.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 867.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Colonel George Warder Mitchell,—30th September 1913.

Colonel Turenne Jermyn

Colonel Percy Holland, C.B.

Colonel George Ranier Crawford, C.B.

Brevet Colonel Arthur Nicholls

}—22nd October 1913.

Lieutenant-Colonel Theodore Charles MacKenzie Trower Hogg, 8th Cavalry,—20th October 1913.

Major George Henry Badcock, Army Remount Department,—16th October 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Allahabad Volunteer Rifles.

No. 868 —Major Walter Percy Spencer Milsted resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated the 28th August 1913.

Captain Percy Whereat Mabbett to be Major, *vice* W. P. S. Milsted, resigned. Dated the 29th August 1913.

Lieutenant Colin Campbell to be Captain, *vice* P. W. Mabbett, promoted. Dated the 29th August 1913.

Second Lieutenant William Henry John Lett to be Lieutenant, *vice* C. Campbell, promoted. Dated the 29th August 1913.

Guy Montgomery Routh to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st September 1913.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 857.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer :—

*United Provinces Horse.**2nd (Northern) Regiment.*

Captain William Wallace Johnstone.

CANTONMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

No. 870.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to extend to the Cantonment of Kasauli the provisions of sections 188 (1) (c) and 193 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 (Punjab Act III of 1911), in the adapted form set forth below :—

1. The Cantonment Committee may, by bye-law, provide for the registration of all or any specified classes of dogs and in particular
Power to make bye-laws. and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing—

- (i) provide for the imposition of an annual fee for such registration,
- (ii) require that every registered dog shall wear a collar to which shall be attached a metal token to be issued by the Cantonment Committee,
- (iii) provide that any dog, not registered and wearing such token, may, if found in any public place, be detained at a place to be set apart for the purpose, and will be liable to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of after a period to be specified in the bye-law.

2. In making any bye-law under the foregoing rule, the Cantonment Committee may direct that a breach or an abetment of a breach of it, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General*,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 17th October 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 79.—The services of Engineer W. H. Waters, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment as 3rd Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor to that Government ; with effect from the 6th October 1913.

LEAVE.

No. 80.—Lieutenant E. H. Marsden, Royal Indian Marine, has been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave till the 15th October 1913, on private affairs.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General*,

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 14th October, 1913.

No. 278.—Mr. W. H. Young, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent in class II of that establishment, with effect from the 15th September 1913, during the absence of Mr. T. S. Scott, Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, on privilege leave.

No. 279.—Mr. A. Crosbie, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent with temporary rank in class II, grade 5, of that establishment, with effect from the 10th September 1913 and until further orders.

No. 280.—Lieutenant L. Fraustadt, R.E., Assistant Traffic Superintendent, is, on return from leave, transferred from the North Western Railway to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 281.—The transfer of Mr. C. C. T. Brereton, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, from the North Western Railway to the Eastern Bengal Railway, notified in Railway Board's Notification No. 167, dated the 20th June 1913, is hereby cancelled.

The 16th October, 1913.

No. 282.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned the construction by the Upper Sind Light Railways, Jacobabad-Kashmore Feeder, Limited, of a line of railway, on the 2' 6" gauge, from Jacobabad, a station on the North Western Railway, to Kashmore, a length of 76.50 miles.

This line will be known as the Jacobabad-Kashmore Railway.

The 17th October, 1913.

No. 283.—Mr. J. Izat, Executive Engineer, Eastern Bengal Railway, is appointed Superintendent of Works, Sara-Serajgunge Railway Construction, under the administrative control of the Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 284.—Mr. P. Watkins, Officiating Assistant Engineer, Karachi Extension Railway Survey, is transferred to the Sara-Serajgunge Railway.

No. 285.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the construction by the agency of the Delhi-Umballa-Kalka Railway Company of a line of railway on the 5' 6" gauge from Jind station on the Southern Punjab Railway to Panipat station on the Delhi-Umballa-Kalka Railway, a distance of 43·61 miles.

The project will be known as the Jind-Panipat Railway.

No. 286.—Mr. A. A. Richardson, Assistant Engineer and Officiating Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 5, Bombay, is transferred to the North Western Railway.

No. 287.—With reference to Notification No. 286, dated the 17th October 1913, Mr. J. H. Lovell, Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 6, is appointed to officiate as Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 5, in addition to his own duties, until further orders.

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 42. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1913.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 16th October 1913, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

An advance of monsoon winds took place in the Arabian Sea in connection with the depression which crossed the Peninsula from the Bay on the 8th October, and moderate to heavy rain fell in the west of the Peninsula until the 13th.

A storm formed in the Bay and crossing the coast near Puri on the 13th advanced into Bengal and gave widespread and in places heavy rain in Bihar and Orissa, Bengal and Assam. It also occasioned some heavy rain on the north Madras coast and a few falls in the south of the Central Provinces.

Weather was practically dry in the rest of India outside Burma.

2. *Burma.*—Fairly general rain fell on most days in Lower Burma, and on the 12th and 14th in Upper Burma.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Weather was practically dry in Assam, Bengal and Bihar up to the 14th. There was nearly general rain in these areas during the next two days, in Orissa on the 11th, 13th and 14th, and in Chota Nagpur on the 14th.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Rainfall was fairly general in the southeast of the Central Provinces on the 11th, 12th and 13th. No rain fell in Central India and the United Provinces, except a light shower at Bahraich.

Northwest India.—Surat, Mount Abu and Murree were the only stations that reported any rain.

(1835)

The Peninsula.—Rainfall occurred in all parts of the division. It was nearly general on the west coast and the north Madras coast on the first five days of the week, in Hyderabad on the 13th, in Mysore on the 10th and 13th, and in the Madras Deccan on the 9th, 10th, 12th, 13th and 14th.

3. The chief daily amounts of rain were as follows:—

October 9th. Bombay 1·51".

" 10th. Victoria Point 2·68", Mangalore 3·67", Calicut 3·47", Cuddapah 3·88", Cuddalore 1·72", Masulipatam 1·60", Cocanada 2·52" and Waltair 2·42".

" 11th. Victoria Point 3·02", Cuttack 1·52", Jagdalpur 1·34", Karwar 2·34", Mangalore 7·15", Calicut 4·20", Nizamabad 1·33" and Waltair 3·03".

" 12th. Minbu 3·48", Yamethin 1·83", Purnea 1·80", Ahmadnagar 1·15", Chitaldrug 1·18", Cocanada 2·50", Waltair 6·24" and Gopalpur 3·27".

" 13th. Victoria Point 3·90", Balasore 2·40", False Point 2·09", Cuttack 1·83", Chanda 1·18", Karwar 4·40", Gulbarga 1·25", Mangalore 3·49", Kurnool 1·95" and Gopalpur 2·84".

" 14th. Victoria Point 5·02", Thayetmyo 1·63", Calcutta 2·24", Saugor Island 2·12", Burdwan 2·11", Berhampore 3·05", Bogra 3·61", Dinajpur 2·35", Chaibasa 3·58" and Gaya 2·41".

" 15th. Victoria Point 3·52", Tavoy 2·18", Moulmein 2·30", Tezpur 3·83", Gauhati 3·30", Dhubri 4·72", Shillong 2·51", Cherrapunji 10·26", Berhampore 2·57", Mymensingh 4·06", Bogra 4·64", Dinajpur 3·25", Hazaribagh 1·59" and Patna 1·62".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in the Bay Islands, Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the Central Provinces East, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Malabar, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North. It was 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces, Kashmir, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces West, Mysore and Madras Southeast, and was within 20 per cent of the normal elsewhere.

The seasonal rainfall up to date is 20 per cent or more in excess in Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, the Punjab Southwest, Sind and Gujarat, and is 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces West, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Central India East and Hyderabad South. In all the remaining divisions it differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 16TH OCTOBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 2ND MAY 1913 TO 16TH OCTOBER 1913.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	5'7	2'4	+3'3	77'4	91'3	-13'9	-15	-19
Lower Burma	2'4	2 2	+0'2	142'0	134 6	+7'4	+5	+5
Upper Burma	1'8	1'0	+0'8	39'4	37'4	+2'0	+5	+3
Assam	2'8	1'0	+1'8	76'4	74'6	+1'8	+2	0
Bengal	3'5	1'5	+2'0	87'3	66 9	+20'4	+30	+28
Orissa	3'3	2'0	+1'3	63'4	55'4	+8'0	+14	+13
Chota Nagpur	3'3	0'8	+2'5	57'4	48'0	+9'4	+20	+15
Bihar	2'5	0'8	+1'7	63'4	48'8	+14'6	+30	+27
United Provinces, East	0'1	0'4	-0'3	31'1	38'6	-7'5	-19	-19
United Provinces, West	0	0'1	-0'1	20'2	38'4	-18'2	-47	-47
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	21'3	21'2	+0'1	0	0
Punjab, Southwest	0	0	0	11'1	7'8	+3'3	+42	+42
Kashmir	0	0'2	-0'2	4'8	8'4	-3'6	-43	-41
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	3'8	5'7	-1'9	-33	-33
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0'5	1'1	-0'6	-55	-55
Sind	0	0	0	11'5	4'8	+6'7	+140	+140
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	5'9	11'3	-5'4	-48	-48
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	17'5	22'4	-4'9	-22	-22
Gujarat	0	0	0	31'2	23'1	+8'1	+35	+35
Central India, West	0	0	0	32'5	29'6	+2'9	+10	+10
Central India, East	0	0'3	-0'3	22'6	40'7	-18'1	-44	-44
Berar	0'1	0'4	-0'3	31'4	30'1	+1'3	+4	+5
Central Provinces, West	0'1	0'2	-0'1	36'4	44'3	-7'9	-18	-18
Central Provinces, East	0'7	0'4	+0'3	42'0	46'6	-4'6	-10	-11
Konkan	4'5	0'8	+3'7	86'0	93'9	-7'9	-8	-12
Bombay Deccan	0'9	0'5	+0'4	23'0	25'3	-2'3	-9	-11
Hyderabad, North	1'1	0'1	+1'0	31'0	31'1	-0'1	0	-4
Hyderabad, South	1'2	0'7	+0'5	21'4	27'8	-6'4	-23	-25
Mysore	0'9	1'7	-0'8	20'5	23'5	-3'0	-13	-10
Malabar	7'4	2'7	+4'7	86'3	87'8	-1'5	-2	-7
Madras, Southeast	1'2	1'9	-0'7	14'7	16'3	-1'6	-10	-6
Madras Deccan	3'9	1'0	+2'9	17'3	20'7	-3'4	-15	-32
Madras Coast, North	6'3	2'4	+3'9	30'9	26'2	+4'7	+18	+3

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.
E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
Dated 16th October 1913.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
11th October 1913.

Burma.—During the week the rainfall was moderate but uneven. The cultivation of winter rice and the harvesting of cotton are making normal progress. Cattle are healthy. The price of unhusked rice is stationary and is a little above normal.

Assam.—During the week the weather was generally dry and unfavourable for standing crops in Kamrup and Darrang. Harvesting of autumn rice still continues in Darrang. Cutting of jute and transplantation of winter rice are practically over. Sowing of pulses is in progress. Ploughing for mustard has commenced. The prospects of winter rice are fair on the whole and those of tea are generally good. The average price of common rice is stationary. Cattle disease is reported from two districts. Fodder is insufficient in the Surma Valley and Kamrup.

Bengal.—During the week light rain fell nearly all over the Province. More rain is wanted in some districts for winter rice. Harvesting of autumn paddy and jute is almost over. Ploughing of lands for spring crops is going on and sowings have just been commenced in some places. The condition of winter rice is generally good and its prospects are hopeful. Cattle disease is reported from three districts only. Want of fodder is felt in one district and a report of injury by insect pests has also been received from one district. The price of rice has fallen slightly as compared with that of the previous week. Gratuitous relief and agriculturist loans to the people in the flood affected areas of the Burdwan division were paid during the week on a comparatively moderate scale.

Bihar and Orissa.—During the week light to moderate rain was general in Orissa, Chota Nagpur and in the Bhagalpur division. There was practically no rain in the Patna and Tirhut divisions and more rain is wanted for winter paddy particularly in those divisions. Harvesting of autumn crops still continues. Preparation of land for the sowing of spring crops has commenced in some districts. The standing crops are doing well except in the flood affected areas where agricultural prospects are however gradually improving. The average price of common rice has fallen as compared with that of the previous week. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in parts of Patna. Cattle disease is reported from six districts. Agricultural prospects in the Feudatory States of Orissa are good on the whole.

United Provinces.—No rain was received during the week except slight showers in eight districts. More rain is badly wanted all over the Provinces. Crops on unirrigated tracts are suffering from want of rain except in the Eastern districts. Prospects are uncertain. Harvesting of autumn crops and picking of cotton continue. Fields are being watered where practicable and prepared for the sowing of spring crops. Cattle disease continues in twelve districts. Scarcity of fodder is being increasingly felt especially in Bundelkhand where water is also running short. Prices are still rising.

Punjab.—During the week the weather was dry and rain is badly wanted in the Ambala and Lahore divisions. In the Ambala division standing unirrigated crops are withering and sowings of spring crops are seriously restricted for want of rain. Elsewhere standing crops are generally average to good. Picking of cotton and harvesting of other autumn crops are proceeding with outturn generally average to good. Ploughings for and sowings of spring crops continue and are normal. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices of wheat are generally below normal and of other grains close to normal.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was cloudy and the weather temperate. Slight rain fell in Peshawar. The condition of standing crops is generally fair. Irrigation from the Peshawar Canal continues. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. The prices of wheat in Bannu and of barley in Peshawar are rising and of grain in Peshawar and wheat in Dera Ismail Khan falling.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 11 to 20 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of a mild type prevails in a few tahsils. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—During the week insignificant rain fell in some places. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowings of spring crops are in progress. Crops are in fair condition. Damage to crops is reported by hailstorms in some villages in the Baramulla district. No cases of cattle disease are reported. Prices are normal.

Rajputana.—No rain fell during the week and the weather was cloudy and hot. Rain is wanted everywhere especially in the Eastern States and Central Rajputana including Ajmer-Merwara, where standing crops on dry lands have withered and fodder is generally insufficient. Cattle are generally doing well. Water is generally sufficient. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress and land is being prepared for spring sowing. Prices are high and are rising. Cattle emigration continues in Ajmer-Merwara and Jaipur, Kishengarh, Bharatpur and Karauli.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week and the weather was cool. More rain is wanted in Bundelkhand, parts of Baghelkhand, Bhopal and the Rampura Bhanpura district of Indore. Preparation of land for the sowing of spring crops is in progress in Indore, Bhopal, Malwa and Bhopawar. The operations have been stopped in parts of Bundelkhand for want of rain. Standing crops are bad in Bundelkhand indifferent in Baghelkhand and good elsewhere. Crops have been damaged in Baghelkhand and

Bundelkhand. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Indore, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. The supply of fodder is indifferent in Baghelkhand, scarce in Bundelkhand and sufficient elsewhere. Prices are rising in Bhopal and Bundelkhand, are above normal in Baghelkhand and are steady elsewhere.

Gwalior reports rainfall *nil* during the week. The rainfall is insufficient except in the Malwa division and the districts of Bhilsa and Isagarh of Gwalior. Agricultural operations have been retarded in the Gwalior division for want of rain. Weeding of autumn crops and preparation of fields for spring crops are in progress in Malwa. Sugar-cane and cotton are being irrigated where practicable. Standing crops and outturn are bad in the Gwalior division except in the districts of Bhilsa and Isagarh and the Malwa division. Crops have been damaged by drought except in the districts of Bhilsa and Isagarh of Gwalior and the Malwa division and by locusts in two pe ganahs of the Gwalior division. The condition of agricultural stock is bad in the northern districts owing to scarcity of water and fodder. The fodder supply is bad in the Gwalior division and good in the Malwa division except in the Sangoh tahsil of Mandasur where fodder scarcity is felt. Prices are rising in the Gwalior division and are steady in Malwa.

Central Provinces.—During the week the weather has been hot and occasionally cloudy. In the Vindhyan districts, the Nerbudda Valley districts (except in part of Narsinghpur), Akola and Buldana no rain fell during the week. Drug and Chanda had 1 and 1½ inches of rain respectively, elsewhere the quantity registered ranged from 10 cents in Bhandara to 87 cents in Balaghat. The rainfall has greatly benefited the standing crops and has facilitated the sowing of spring crops. More rain is, however, required everywhere especially to save crops on light soils from withering. Germination of spring crops already sown is not very satisfactory for want of sufficient moisture in the seed beds. Reaping of autumn crops continues in a few districts. The supply of fodder and water is generally adequate except in Saugor and Damoh. Agricultural stock is in good condition. The price of *juar* remained stationary in 20 districts, rice in 19, gram in 16 and wheat in twelve districts. The price of gram fell and that of *juar* rose in Buldana by 3 seers per rupee. Other variations are unimportant but generally indicate an upward tendency.

Feudatory States.—During the week four States had a sprinkling of rain not exceeding 56 cents. More rain is urgently required everywhere to push on the sowing of spring crops and to ameliorate the condition of autumn crops. The price of wheat and *kodon* in Kawardha, of rice in Sarangarh and of wheat, gram and rice in Korea rose from 2 to 5 seers, while gram in Udaipur and wheat and gram in Jashpur fell from 2 to 4 seers per rupee.

Bombay.—Good rain fell during the week in parts of the Konkan, the Deccan, the Karnatak, Kathnawar and Kolhapur and slight elsewhere except in Sind. The rain has been beneficial but more is still needed in parts of the Deccan and Belgaum. Standing crops have been slightly damaged by locusts, rats and insects in parts of Sind, and by insects in parts of Broach, the Deccan, Bijapur and Kolhapur. Harvesting of autumn crops generally continues. The sowing of spring crops is progressing in parts. The supply of fodder is generally sufficient. Agricultural stock is in good condition and sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona. Water for drinking and for irrigation is generally adequate. Prices are high but stationary. The public health is generally good. Stocks of grain are sufficient.

Hyderabad.—During the week the rainfall was light to moderate and beneficial to the autumn crops in the Gulbarga, Raichur and Mahbubnagar districts. Very little or no rain fell elsewhere. The autumn crop is fair to good except in parts of the Karimnagar district and in a few isolated parts but has been damaged by insects in parts of the Raichur, Mahbubnagar and Nalgonda districts. Early rice is generally fair and is being irrigated except in parts where water is insufficient. Lands are being prepared for the sowing of spring crops and sowing is in progress. Scarcity of fodder and water and cattle disease prevail in a few talukas. Prices of grains are almost stationary. White *juar* sells at ten and half seers per rupee in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is 8 seers per rupee in Mahbubnagar, Nalgonda and Karimnagar and the lowest 24 in Adilabad.

Mysore.—During the week the rainfall was good in Kolar and fair elsewhere. The price of *ragi* and rice has fallen in Tumkur and is steady in other parts. The markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition, but more rain is wanted in Shimoga. The prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—During the week the rainfall was general throughout. Rice is in good condition. The picking of cardamoms continues. The prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—During the week the rainfall was light in the Vizagapatam Agency and Tinnevely and good to very heavy elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good and have benefited by the recent rain but require rain in some places. Harvesting of dry crops and paddy over small areas is proceeding with outturn poor to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally for the most part. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of water is insufficient for irrigation in some places. Fodder is generally sufficient. Pasture is scanty in some places. Prices are stationary.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 23-40-8.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

AGRICULTURE.

Simla, the 13th October 1913.

RESOLUTION.

The following Rules and Regulations which have been prescribed for carrying out the provisions of the United States Plant Quarantine Act of 20th August 1912 as amended by the Act of March 4th, 1913, are published for general information, in supersession of the rules published with the Revenue and Agriculture Department's Resolution No. 17-40-3, dated the 1st April 1913.

RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR CARRYING OUT THE PLANT
QUARANTINE ACT.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

Regulation 1. Short Title of the Act.

The act "To regulate the importation of nursery stock and other plants and plant products; to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to establish and maintain quarantine districts for plant diseases and insect pests; to permit and regulate the movement of fruits, plants, and vegetables therefrom, and for other purposes," approved August 20, 1912 (37 Stat., 315), as amended March 4, 1913 shall be known and referred to as "The Plant Quarantine Act."

Regulation 2. Definitions.

For the purpose of this act the term "nursery stock" includes all field-grown florists' stock, trees, shrubs, vines, cuttings, grafts, scions, buds, fruit pits, and other seeds of fruit and ornamental trees or shrubs, and other plants and plant products for propagation, except field, vegetable, and flower seeds, bedding plants and other herbaceous plants, bulbs, and roots.

The following classes of plants are included in nursery stock as defined above: Fruit trees, fruit-tree stocks, nut trees, grapevines, bush fruits, roses, rose stocks, forest and ornamental trees and shrubs (both deciduous and evergreen), field-grown florists' stock, cuttings, scions, or seedlings, fruit pits and other seeds of fruit and ornamental trees or shrubs, and other plants and plant products for propagation not otherwise listed, except as noted above.

All woody plants and parts thereof for propagation or planting are included within the term "nursery stock" as used in this act.

"Field-grown florists' stock" is all florists' stock which is usually grown outside of greenhouses for all or part of the year.

"Herbaceous plants" are plants which perish annually down to (sometimes including) the root; that is, soft, succulent plants.

Regulation 3. Applications for Permits for Importation of Nursery Stock.

Persons contemplating the importation of nursery stock shall first make application to the Federal Horticultural Board for a permit stating in the application the name and address of the exporter, the country and locality where grown, the port of entry, and the name and address of the importer in the United States to whom the permit should be sent.

Applications for permits should be made in advance of the shipment of the nursery stock, but if, through no fault of the importer, stock should arrive before the issue of a permit the stock will be held in customs custody at the risk and expense of the importer for a period not exceeding 20 days pending the issue of a permit.

Applications may be made by telegraph, in which case the information required above must be given.

The port of entry is the port where the stock is cleared from customs and the duty paid, and is therefore not necessarily the port of arrival.

Seeds and plants not included in "nursery stock," as defined in regulation 2 and not under specific quarantine, may be imported without permit or compliance with other provisions of the plant quarantine act.

Permits are not required for nursery stock entering the United States for immediate transportation in bond to foreign countries.

Permits for nursery stock entering the United States for immediate transportation to interior points in bond are required only at port of entry.

Two forms of application are provided: (1) for importation of nursery stock from countries which maintain nursery stock inspection in accordance with regulations 6 and 7; and (2) for importation from countries which do not maintain nursery stock inspection in accordance with regulations 6 and 7.

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO IMPORT NURSERY STOCK FROM COUNTRIES WHICH MAINTAIN NURSERY STOCK INSPECTION.

191

To the Federal Horticultural Board, Washington, D. C.

SIRS. A permit is requested for the importation of nursery stock, including the following pines:

(Scientific names to be given.)

during the period , 191 , to June 30, 191 .

from

(Name and address of exporter.)

grown in the country of , locality of .

Port of entry

Name and address of person (either applicant or his agent or broker) to whom permit should be mailed.

Very respectfully,

(Name of applicant.)

(Address.)

No statement of quantity to be imported need be made in the application.

Except as to pines, a statement as to the nature of nursery stock to be imported is not required in the application; but full information must be given in the notices required by regulation 8.

In the case of pines the scientific names must be given in the application. The importation of all five leafed pines is strictly prohibited from each and every country of Europe and Asia. (Sec Quarantine No. 7, May 21, 1913.)

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO IMPORT NURSERY STOCK FROM COUNTRIES WHICH DO NOT MAINTAIN NURSERY STOCK INSPECTION.

191 .

To the Federal Horticultural Board, Washington, D. C.

SIRS: A permit is requested for the importation, for experimental purposes, of the nursery stock described below, during the period 191 , to June 30, 191 :

Quantity.	Exact designation of plants to be imported.

Name and address of exporter

Country where grown

Locality where grown

Port of entry

Name and address of person (either applicant or his agent or broker) to whom permit should be mailed

Very respectfully,

(Name of applicant.)

(Address.)

Regulation 4. Delivery in Bond.

If the required permit be not at hand at the time of the arrival at port of entry of the nursery stock, such stock may be delivered to the importer, consignee, or agent for the proper care thereof upon the filing of a voluntary bond with approved sureties in double the invoice value of the property (the amount of the bond in no case to be less than \$20), conditioned upon the redelivery thereof to the collector within 20 days from the date of arrival, and providing that the same shall not be removed from the port of entry within such period or until the presentation of the proper permit; or, if the importer, consignee, or agent shall so elect, the goods may be retained in customs custody pending the issuance of the permit, wholly at the risk and expense of the importer.

Regulation 5. Permits for entry of Nursery Stock.

On approval by the Secretary of Agriculture of an application for the importation of nursery stock from countries which maintain nursery stock inspection a permit will be issued in triplicate. One copy of the permit will be furnished to the applicant to be retained by him for presentation, on the arrival of the imported stock, to the customs officer at the port of entry named in the permit; one copy will be mailed to the collector at the port of entry; and the third filed with the application. The beginning of the period for which a permit will be valid will be expressed in the permit. All permits will expire on the 30th day of June next after they become valid.

Permits may be cancelled, and further permits refused, for the importation of the products of any grower or exporter who has knowingly shipped into the United States any nursery stock, or other plants or plant products, the importation of which is forbidden by the Secretary of Agriculture under the authority conferred by section 7 of the plant quarantine act.

Permits for the entry of nursery stock from countries which maintain nursery stock inspection will be addressed to the collector of customs at the port of entry in the following form:

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FEDERAL HORTICULTURAL BOARD
WASHINGTON, D.C.

PERMIT TO IMPORT NURSERY STOCK FROM COUNTRIES WHICH MAINTAIN NURSERY STOCK INSPECTION.

Valid , 191 , to June 30, 191 .

....., 191 .

To the Collector of Customs,

You are hereby authorised, so far as the jurisdiction of the Department of Agriculture is concerned, to permit the entry under the plant quarantine act, approved August 20, 1912, of any nursery stock the origin and destination of which is specified below, except five-leafed pines from any country of Europe or Asia, provided the invoice of each shipment is accompanied by an original certificate of inspection issued by a duly authorised official of the country from which the shipment is made, and each container bears a copy of this certificate of inspection, and, further, that each container is marked in conformity with said act and the regulations thereunder.

Name and address of exporter

Country and locality where grown

Name and address of importer

Respectfully,

D. F. HOUSTON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

Countersigned:

Chairman of board.

Permits for the entry of nursery stock from countries which do not maintain nursery stock inspection will be addressed to the collector of customs at the port of entry in the following form :

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FEDERAL HORTICULTURAL BOARD

WASHINGTON, D.C.

PERMIT TO IMPORT NURSERY STOCK FROM COUNTRIES WHICH DO NOT
MAINTAIN NURSERY STOCK INSPECTION.

Valid _____, 191____, to June 30, 191____.

, 191 .

To the Collector of Customs,

You are hereby authorized, so far as the jurisdiction of the Department of Agriculture is concerned, to permit the entry under the plant quarantine act, approved August 20, 1912, of the nursery stock described herein only upon receipt of notice in writing from an inspector of the Department of Agriculture that such nursery stock has been inspected by him or under his direction and found or believed to be free from plant diseases and insect pests: *Provided*, That such nursery stock, when found to be infested, may be delivered to the importer or consignee in bond for treatment in accordance with regulation 6 under said act.

[illegible]

Name and address of exporter

Country and locality where grown

Name and address of importer

Respectfully.

D. F. HOUSTON,

Secretary of Agriculture.

Countersigned:

Chairman of board.

Permit clerk.

Regulation 6. Entry of Nursery Stock.

Entry of nursery stock from countries which maintain nursery stock inspection will not be allowed unless the invoice is accompanied by an original certificate, and unless each container bears a copy certificate, issued by a duly authorized official of the country from which it is exported, stating that the nursery stock covered by the certificate has been thoroughly inspected by him or under his direction and found, or is believed to be free from injurious plant diseases and insect pests. Nursery stock exported between October 1 and May 31 shall be inspected on or after the 1st of October, and stock exported between June 1 and September 30 shall be inspected at the time of packing.

Nursery stock from countries which do not maintain nursery stock inspection will be admitted into the United States only for experimental purposes and in limited quantities under special permit through ports designated therein. (See regulation 5.) Such nursery stock shall not be delivered to the importer or consignee until it has been examined by an inspector of the Department of Agriculture and found to be free from plant diseases and insect pests: *Provided however,* That nursery stock which, in the judgment of the Federal Horticultural Board, can be cleaned by disinfection or other treatment may be delivered to the importer, consignee, or agent for the proper care and treatment thereof upon the filing of a voluntary bond, with approved sureties in double the invoice value of the property (the amount of the bond in no case to be less than \$20 nor less than \$1 per plant in case of date palms and date-palm offshoots), conditioned upon the redelivery thereof to the collector of customs within 40 days from date of arrival, and providing that the same shall not be removed from the port of entry until a written notice is given to the collector of customs by the inspector of the Department of Agriculture that the nursery stock in question has been properly treated. Nursery stock inspected, as provided herein, which is found to be carrying any plant disease or insect pest, and which, in the judgment of the Federal Horticultural Board, cannot be cleaned by disinfection or treatment, shall be refused entry. All charges for storage, cartage, and labor incident to inspection, other than the services of inspectors, shall be paid by the importer.

If a package of nursery stock offered for entry includes any prohibited article, the entire package will be refused entry.

Each case, box, or other container or covering of nursery stock offered for entry shall be plainly and correctly marked to show the number of permit, the general nature and quantity of the contents, the district or locality and country where grown, the name and address of the exporter, and the name and address of the consignee.

Regulation 7. Foreign Certificate of Inspection.

Each certificate and copy certificate shall give the date of inspection; name of the grower or exporter; the district or locality and the country where grown; a statement that the stock has been inspected by a duly authorized official and found, or believed to be, free from insect pests and plant diseases. The original certificate shall be signed and sealed by, and the copy certificate shall bear the seal of, the responsible inspection official for the country of origin.

Lists of officials in foreign countries authorized to inspect nursery stock, giving their names and official designations, will be furnished to collectors of customs through the Secretary of the Treasury.

Regulation 8. Notice of Shipment by Permittee.

Immediately upon the entry and before removal from the port of entry of nursery stock, for each separate shipment or consignment thereof, the permittee shall notify the Secretary of Agriculture through the collector of customs where entry is made on forms provided for that purpose, stating the number of permit, the general nature and quantity of the nursery stock, the country and locality

where grown, the date of entry, and the name and address of the consignee to whom it is proposed to forward the nursery stock, together with the probable date of delivery for transportation.

At the same time a copy of the notice to the Secretary of Agriculture shall be sent by the permittee to the duly authorized inspector or other officer of the State, Territory, or District to which the nursery stock is to be shipped. Lists of such inspectors and officers may be obtained on application to the collector of customs or the Federal Horticultural Board, Washington, D. C.

Permits may be cancelled and further permits refused if a permittee fails to give either of said notices, or gives a false notice, or knowingly mis-labels any nursery stock with intent to evade any provision of the plant quarantine act or of any regulation thereunder.

Should a consignee named in such a notice ship or deliver for shipment to any other State, Territory, or District such nursery stock before it has been inspected by a duly authorized State, Territorial, or District inspector or officer, he shall prior to such shipment give like notice to the Secretary of Agriculture and to the duly authorized inspector or other officer of the State, Territory, or District to which the nursery stock is to be reshipped.

Imported nursery stock which has been once inspected will be allowed to move interstate without restrictions other than those imposed on the interstate movement of domestic nursery stock.

Regulation 9. Hearings.

When the Secretary of Agriculture contemplates the restriction of the importation of plants and plant products not included within the term "nursery stock" as used in the plant quarantine act, or the prohibition of the importation of nursery stock and other plants and plant products from any foreign country, or the prohibition or restriction of the shipment of nursery stock and other plants and plant products from one State, Territory, or District of the United States to another State, Territory, or District, he will give a public hearing to interested parties, who may appear either in person or by attorney and give evidence or be heard respecting the subject of the hearing. Due notice of the hearing will be given by publication or otherwise, as may be deemed appropriate. Notices will contain a statement of the action which is contemplated and the time and place of the hearing.

The above rules and regulations are hereby adopted and shall be effective on and after July 1, 1913.

D. F. HOUSTON,

Secretary of Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21, 1913.

THE PLANT QUARANTINE ACT, AUGUST 20, 1912, AS AMENDED MARCH 4, 1913.

AN ACT TO REGULATE THE IMPORTATION OF NURSERY STOCK AND OTHER PLANTS AND PLANT PRODUCTS; TO ENABLE THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE TO ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN QUARANTINE DISTRICTS FOR PLANT DISEASES AND INSECT PESTS; TO PERMIT AND REGULATE THE MOVEMENT OF FRUITS, PLANTS, AND VEGETABLES THEREFROM, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be unlawful for any person to import or offer for entry into the United States any nursery stock unless and until a permit shall have been issued therefor by the Secretary of Agriculture, under such conditions and regulations as the said Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe, and unless such nursery stock shall be accompanied by a certificate of inspection, in manner and form as required by the Secretary of Agriculture, of the proper official of the country from which the importation is made, to the effect that the stock has been thoroughly inspected and is

believed to be free from injurious plant diseases and insect pests : *Provided*, That the Secretary of Agriculture shall issue the permit for any particular importation of nursery stock when the conditions and regulations as prescribed in this act shall have been complied with : *Provided further*, That nursery stock may be imported for experimental or scientific purposes by the Department of Agriculture upon such conditions under such regulations as the said Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe : *And provided further*, That nursery stock imported from countries where no official system of inspection for such stock is maintained may be admitted upon such conditions and under such regulations as the Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe.

Section 2. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury promptly to notify the Secretary of Agriculture of the arrival of any nursery stock at port of entry ; that the person receiving such stock at port of entry shall, immediately upon entry and before such stock is delivered for shipment or removed from the port of entry, advise the Secretary of Agriculture or, at his direction, the proper State, Territorial, or District official of the State or Territory or the District to which such nursery stock is destined, or both, as the Secretary of Agriculture may elect, of the name and address of the consignee, the nature and quantity of the stock it is proposed to ship, and the country and locality where the same was grown. That no person shall ship or offer for shipment from one State or Territory or District of the United States into any other State or Territory or District, any nursery stock imported into the United States without notifying the Secretary of Agriculture or, at his direction, the proper State, Territorial, or District official of the State or Territory or District to which such nursery stock is destined, or both, as the Secretary of Agriculture may elect, immediately upon the delivery of the said stock for shipment, of the name and address of the consignee, of the nature and quantity of stock it is proposed to ship, and the country and locality where the same was grown, unless and until such imported stock has been inspected by the proper official of a State, Territory, or District of the United States.

Section 3. That no person shall import or offer for entry into the United States any nursery stock unless the case, box, package, crate, bale, or bundle thereof shall be plainly and correctly marked to show the general nature and quantity of the contents, the country and locality where the same was grown, the name and address of the shipper, owner, or person shipping or forwarding the same, and the name and address of the consignee.

Section 4. That no person shall ship or deliver for shipment from one State or Territory or District of the United States into any other State or Territory or District any such imported nursery stock the case, box, package, crate, bale, or bundle whereof is not plainly marked so as to show the general nature and quantity of the contents, the name and address of the consignee, and the country and locality where such stock was grown, unless and until such imported stock has been inspected by the proper official of a State, Territory, or District of the United States.

Section 5. That whenever the Secretary of Agriculture shall determine that the unrestricted importation of any plants, fruits, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds, or other plant products not included by the term "nursery stock" as defined in section six of this act may result in the entry into the United States or any of its Territories or Districts of injurious plant diseases or insect pests, he shall promulgate his determination, specifying the class of plants and plant products the importation of which shall be restricted and the country and locality where they are grown, and thereafter, and until such promulgation is withdrawn, such plants and plant products imported or offered for import into the United States or any of its Territories or Districts shall be subject to all the provisions of the foregoing sections of this act : *Provided*, That before the Secretary of Agriculture shall promulgate his determination that the unrestricted importation of any plants, fruits, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds or other plant products not included by the term "nursery stock" as defined in section six of this act may result in the entry into the United States or any of its Territories or Districts of injurious plant diseases or insect pests he shall, after due notice give a public hearing, under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe, at which hearing any interested party may appear and be heard, either in person or by attorney.

Section 6. That for the purpose of this act the term "nursery stock" shall include all field-grown florists' stock, trees, shrubs, vines, cuttings, grafts, scions, buds, fruit pits and other seeds of fruit and ornamental trees or shrubs, and other plants and plant products for propagation, except field, vegetable, and flower seeds, bedding plants and other herbaceous plants, bulbs, and roots.

Section 7. That whenever, in order to prevent the introduction into the United States of any tree, plant or fruit disease or of any injurious insect, new to or not theretofore widely prevalent or distributed within and throughout the United States, the Secretary of Agriculture shall determine that it is necessary to forbid the importation into the United States of any class of nursery stock or of any other class of plants, fruits, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds, or other plant products from a country or locality where such disease or insect infestation exists, he shall promulgate such determination, specifying

the country and locality and the class or nursery stock or other class of plants, fruits, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds, or other plant products which, in his opinion, should be excluded. Following the promulgation of such determination by the Secretary of Agriculture, and until the withdrawal of the said promulgation by him, the importation of the class of nursery stock or of other class of plants, fruits, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds, or other plant products specified in the said promulgation from the country and locality therein named, regardless of the use for which the same is intended, is hereby prohibited; and until the withdrawal of the said promulgation by the Secretary of Agriculture, and notwithstanding that such class of nursery stock, or other class of plants, fruits, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds, or other plant products be accompanied by a certificate of inspection from the country of importation, no person shall import or offer for entry into the United States from any country or locality specified in such promulgation, any of the class of nursery stock or of other class of plants, fruits, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds or other plant products named therein, regardless of the use for which the same is intended: *Provided*, That before the Secretary of Agriculture shall promulgate his determination that it is necessary to forbid the importation into the United States of the articles named in this section he shall, after due notice to interested parties, give a public hearing under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe, at which hearing any interested party may appear and be heard, either in person or by attorney: *Provided further*, That the quarantine provisions of this section, as applying to the white-pine blister rust, potato wart, and the Mediterranean fruit fly, shall become and be effective upon the passage of this act: *Provided further*, That hereafter any class of nursery stock or of any other class of plants, fruits, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds, or other plant products of which the importation may be forbidden from any country or locality under the provisions of section seven of the Plant Quarantine Act approved August twentieth, nineteen hundred and twelve (Thirty-seventh Statutes, page three hundred and fifteen), may be imported for experimental or scientific purposes by the Department of Agriculture upon such conditions and under such regulations as the said Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe.

Section 8. That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to quarantine any State, Territory, or District of the United States, or any portion thereof when he shall determine the fact that a dangerous plant disease or insect infestation, new to or not theretofore widely prevalent or distributed within and throughout the United States, exists in such State or Territory or District; and the Secretary of Agriculture is directed to give notice of the establishment of such quarantine to common carriers doing business in or through such quarantined area, and shall publish in such newspapers in the quarantined area as he shall select notice of the establishment of quarantine. That no person shall ship or offer for shipment to any common carrier, nor shall any common carrier receive for transportation or transport, nor shall any person carry or transport from any quarantined State or Territory or District of the United States, or from any quarantined portion thereof, into or through any other State or Territory or District any class of nursery stock or any other class of plants, fruits, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds, or other plant products specified in the notice of quarantine except as hereinafter provided. That it shall be unlawful to move or allow to be moved any class of nursery stock or any other class of plants, fruits, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds or other plant products specified in the notice of quarantine hereinbefore provided, and regardless of the use for which the same is intended, from any quarantined State or Territory or District of the United States, or quarantined portion thereof, into or through any other State or Territory or District, in manner or method or under conditions other than those prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of Agriculture to make and promulgate rules and regulations which shall permit and govern the inspection, disinfection, certification, and method and manner of delivery and shipment of the class of nursery stock or of any other class of plants, fruits, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds, or other plant products specified in the notice of quarantine hereinbefore provided, and regardless of the use for which the same is intended, from a quarantined State or Territory or District of the United States, or quarantined portion thereof, into or through any other State or Territory or District; and the Secretary of Agriculture shall give notice of such rules and regulations as hereinbefore provided in this section for the notice of the establishment of quarantine: *Provided*, That before the Secretary of Agriculture shall promulgate his determination that it is necessary to quarantine any State, Territory, or District of the United States, or portion thereof, under the authority given in this section, he shall, after due notice to interested parties, give a public hearing under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe, at which hearing any interested party may appear and be heard, either in person or by attorney.

Section 9. That the Secretary of Agriculture shall make and promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary for carrying out the purposes of this act.

Section 10. That any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act, or who shall forge, counterfeit, alter, deface, or destroy any certificate provided for in this act or in the regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court: *Provided*, That no common carrier shall be deemed

to have violated the provisions of any of the foregoing sections of this act on proof that such carrier did not knowingly receive for transportation or transport nursery stock or other plants or plant products as such from one State, Territory, or District of the United States into or through any other State, Territory, or District; and it shall be the duty of the United States attorneys diligently to prosecute any violations of this act which are brought to their attention by the Secretary of Agriculture or which come to their notice by other means.

Section 11. That the word "person" as used in this act shall be construed to import both the plural and the singular, as the case demands, and shall include corporations, companies, societies, and associations. When construing and enforcing the provisions of this act, the act, omission, or failure of any officer, agent, or other person acting for or employed by any corporation, company, society, or association, within the scope of his employment or office, shall in every case be also deemed to be the act, omission, or failure of such corporation, company, society, or association as well as that of the person.

Section 12. That for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act there shall be appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture from existing bureaus and offices in the Department of Agriculture, including the Bureau of Entomology, the Bureau of Plant Industry, and the Forest Service; a Federal Horticultural Board consisting of five members, of whom not more than two shall be appointed from any one bureau or office, and who shall serve without additional compensation.

Section 13. That there is hereby appropriated, out of the moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended as the Secretary of Agriculture may direct, for the purposes and objects of this act, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars.

Section 14. That this act shall become and be effective from and after the first day of October, nineteen hundred and twelve, except as herein otherwise provided.

State Inspection officials.

Alabama : State Horticulturist, Alabama Polytechnic Institute, Auburn, Ala.

Alaska : Special Agent in Charge, Alaska Agricultural Experiment Station, Sitka, Alaska.

Arizona : State Entomologist, Phoenix, Ariz.

Arkansas : State Inspector, Fayetteville, Ark.

California : Horticultural Quarantine Officer, Room, 11, Ferry Building, San Francisco, Cal.

Colorado : Entomologist, Colorado Agricultural Experiment Station, Fort Collins, Colo.

Connecticut : State Entomologist, New Haven, Conn.

Delaware : Secretary, State Board of Agriculture, Dover, Del.

District of Columbia : U. S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Entomology.

Florida : Inspector of Nursery Stock, Florida Agricultural Experiment Station, Gainesville, Fla.

Georgia : State Entomologist, Atlanta, Ga.

Guam : Special Agent in Charge, Guam Agricultural Experiment Station, Island of Guam (*via* San Francisco).

Hawaii : Entomologist, Board of Commissioners of Agriculture and Forestry, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Idaho : State Horticultural Inspector, Boise, Idaho.

Illinois : Chief Inspector, Office State Entomologist, Urbana, Ill.

Indiana : State Entomologist, Indianapolis, Ind.

Iowa : State Entomologist, Iowa State College, Ames, Iowa.

Kansas North : Entomologist, Kansas Agricultural Experiment Station, Manhattan Kans.

Kansas South : Entomologist, University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kans.

Kentucky : State Entomologist, Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station, Lexington, Ky.

Louisiana : Entomologist, State Board of Agriculture and Immigration, Baton Rouge La.

- Maine :** State Horticulturist, Augusta, Me.
- Maryland :** State Entomologist, College Park, Md.
- Massachusetts :** State Nursery Inspector, Amherst, Mass.
- Michigan :** State Inspector of Nurseries, East Lansing, Mich.
- Minnesota :** State Entomologist, St. Anthony Park, Minn.
- Mississippi :** Entomologist, Agricultural College, Miss.
- Missouri :** Entomologist, University of Missouri, Columbia, Mo.
- Montana :** Montana State Board of Horticulture, Missoula, Mont.
- Nebraska :** State Entomologist, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebr.
- Nevada :** Entomologist, Nevada Agricultural Experiment Station, Reno, Nev.
- New Hampshire :** Secretary, State Board of Agriculture, Concord, N. H.
- New Jersey :** State Entomologist, New Brunswick, N. J.
- New Mexico :** Horticulturist, New Mexico Agricultural Experiment Station, State College, N. Mex.
- New York :** Commissioner of Agriculture, Albany, N. Y.
- North Carolina :** State Entomologist, State Department of Agriculture, Raleigh, N. C.
- North Dakota :** Director, North Dakota Agricultural Experiment Station, Agricultural College, N. Dak.
- Ohio :** Chief Inspector, Ohio Department of Agriculture, Columbus, Ohio.
- Oklahoma :** Secretary, State Board of Agriculture, Oklahoma City, Okla.
- Oregon :** Secretary, State Board of Horticulture, Portland, Oreg.
- Pennsylvania :** Chief Nursery Inspector, Harrisburg, Pa.
- Porto Rico :** Entomologist, Board of Commissioners of Agriculture, San Juan, P. R.
- Rhode Island :** State Nursery Inspector, Kingston, R. I.
- South Carolina :** State Entomologist, Clemson College, S. C.
- South Dakota :** Entomologist, State College of Agriculture, Brookings, S. Dak.
- Tennessee :** State Entomologist, Knoxville, Tenn.
- Texas :** Chief Inspector of Nurseries, Houston, Tex.
- Utah :** State Horticultural Inspector, Salt Lake City, Utah.
- Vermont :** State Nursery Inspector, Burlington, Vt.
- Virginia :** State Entomologist, Blacksburg, Va.
- Washington :** Commissioner of Horticulture, Tacoma, Wash.
- West Virginia :** State Entomologist, West Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station, Morgantown, W. Va.
- Wisconsin :** Entomologist and Chief Nursery Inspector, College of Agriculture, Madison, Wis.
- Wyoming :** Secretary, State Board of Horticulture, Laramie, Wyo.

Ordered that the information be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* for general information and that copies of the Resolution be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations and to the Foreign and Commerce and Industry Departments for information.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 16th October, 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 11th October 1913 is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	8	9
		Broach District . . . . .	...	...
		Bewa Kantha Agency	1	1
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port	1	1
		Rander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	14	8
		Surat Agency	3	3
		Bhiwandi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bandra " . . . . .	...	...
		Mulad "	2	2
		Bassein " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana "	1*	1*
		Vesava " . . . . .	...	...
		Kurla " . . . . .	...	...
		Andheri " . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan "	2	1
		Thana District . . . . .	...	...
	Central	Ahmednagar District . . . . .	...	1
		West Khandesh "	3	2
		East Khandesh "	28	20
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	178	154
		Poona District	30	15
		Satara District	282	224
		Sholapur Town	1*	...
	Southern	Sholapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	5	4
		Amboli Port . . . . .	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	1	...
		Belgaum District	126	74
		Dharwar "	258	132
		Hubli Town	26	22
		Bijapur District	308	241

*Imported.

In the return for the week ending 4th October 1913 against the Ahmednagar District read 3 deaths for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Human deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	8	7
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Aden Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	29	20
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	261	179
	TOTAL .		1,576	1,121
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Madras Town . . . . .	...	...
		North Arcot District	2 (b)	1 (a)
		Bellary Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	22	22
		Mangalore Town and Port	5	4
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore District	31 (a)	21 (a)
		Chittoor District . . . . .	...	...
		The Nilgiris " . . . . .	...	4
		Kurnool District . . . . .	...	...
		Madura " . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		63	52
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Presidency	24 Parganahs . . . . .	...	...
		Calcutta . . . . .	...	...

(a) 0·10 imported. (b) Two imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.	
BENGAL	Dacca	Dacca Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Nonkhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Pabna District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		...	...
	BHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town	1
			Patna District	10	8
Gaya Town . . . . .			...	...
Gaya District . . . . .			...	...
Shahabad District			13	10	
Tirhut		Saran District	4	2	
		Muzaffarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Darbhanga " . . . . .	...	...
Bhagalpur		Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	2	3	
	Bhagalpur Town . . . . .	...	...
	Bhagalpur District . . . . .	...	...
Chota-Nagpur	Hazaribagh " . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL .		23	21		
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Saharanpur District	2	3	
		Muzaffarnagar District . . . . .	...	...
		Meerut District	3	3	
		Unnao District	5	3	

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Agra	Muttra District . . . . .	...	...
	Rohil- khand	Bijnor District . . . . .	...	...
		Budaun „ . . . . .	...	...
		Moradabad „ . . . . .	...	...
		Shahjahanpur „ . . . . .	...	...
	Allahabad	Farrukhabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah „ . . . . .	...	...
		Cawnpore „ . . . . .	...	...
		Fatehpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad „	14	14
	Jhansi	Jalaun District . . . . .	...	...
	Benares	Benares „ . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur City . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur „	13	13
		Ghazipur „	4	7
		Ballia „	26	24
	Gorakh- pur	Gorakhpur District	17	15
		Basti „ . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh „	26	19
	Kumaun	Naini Tal „	1	1

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Lucknow	Lucknow City . . . . .	...	...
		Lucknow District . . . . .	...	...
		Unao "	13	12
		Rae Bareilly " . . . . .	...	...
		Sitapur " . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi " . . . . .	...	...
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	5	5
		Gonda "	1	1
		Bahraich " . . . . .	...	...
		Sultanpur " . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh "	2	2
		Bara Banki "	3	3
	TOTAL		135	125
PUNJAB	Ambala	Hissar District	5	2
		Gurgaon "	5	5
		Rohtak "	2	...
		Karnal " . . . . .	...	...
		Ambala "	17	7
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jullundur "	3	...

In the return for the week ending 4th October 1913 against the Fyzabad district read 6 cases 10 deaths for 16 cases nil death.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur „	3	3
		Sialkot „ . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala „	8	4
	Rawalpindi	Shahpur District	2	2
		Jhelum „ . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi „	46	19
		Attock „	2	2
	Multan	Jhang „ . . . . .	...	...
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	7	7
	TOTAL		100	51
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town . . . . .	...	...
		Insein District . . . . .	...	...
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy „	4	4
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome „ . . . . .	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	3	1
		Bassein District	1	1
		Henzada District	4	4
		Myanngmya „ . . . . .	...	...
		Maubin „	1	1
		Pyapon „ . . . . .	...	...
	Tenasserim	Amherst District . . . . .	...	...
		Thaon „ . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town	1	1
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...
		Katha „ . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague reinzues.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Meiktila	Meiktila District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	14	12
CENTRAL PRO- VINCES	Nagpur	Bhandara District . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	...	...
GOORG	...	Goorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	...	...
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	49	31
		Bangalore City	1	...
		Bangalore District	29	16
		Mysore City . . . . .	...	...
		Mysore District	17	19
		Hassan „	7	4
		Krdur „	15	8
		Kolar „	7	4
		Kolar Gold Fields . . . . .	...	...
		Tumkur District . . . . .	...	...
		Shimoga „	11	6
		Chitaldroog . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	127	83
HYDER- ABAD STATE	...	Raichur District	75	64
		Bidar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani „ . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs . . . . .	...	...
		Bir District . . . . .	...	...
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	75 (a)	64 (a)

(a) From the 29th September to the 4th October 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Bhopal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
RAJPUT- ANA AND AJMER- MER- WARA	{	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	1*	1*
		Kotah State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahora . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh „ . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City	1*	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	6	4
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
				TOTAL . . . . .	8	5
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	{	Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Hazara District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
GRAND TOTAL			2,126	1,542

*Imported.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 8668-8669-108.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

(POST OFFICE.)

Simla, the 16th October 1913.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The report on the working of the Post Office of India during the year 1912-31.

ORDER—Ordered that a copy of the report be forwarded to the Finance Department, for information.

Ordered also, that the report be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

J. F. GRUNING,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

ANNUAL REPORT
ON
THE POST OFFICE OF INDIA
FOR THE YEAR
1912-13.

No. 6178-B. P., dated Simla, the 11th October, 1913.

FROM—THE HON'BLE MR. W. MAXWELL, C.I.E., M.V.O., I.C.S., DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS,

TO—THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year which ended on the 31st March, 1913. The report deals with the last of the seven years of Sir Charles Stewart-Wilson's tenure of office which was marked throughout by progress and reform in every direction.

2. The administration of the Department was in the hands of Sir Charles Stewart-Wilson up to the 16th February, 1913, and in my charge for the rest of the year. Charge of the Post Office.

3. The following figures give some idea of the magnitude of the business of the Indian Post Office at the present time. At the close of 1912-13 the numerical strength of the staff was 92,870, the number of post offices open was 18,789, and the mileage of mail lines was 154,493. During the year 1,014 millions of articles, including 22 millions of registered articles, were given out for delivery; stamps worth £1,788,000 were sold for postal purposes; 29½ million money orders representing a total value of 34½ million pounds sterling were issued; a sum of over 7½ million pounds was realised on behalf of tradesmen and others through the value-payable system; nearly 2½ million insured articles representing a total insured value of 44 million pounds were posted, while the amount which had to be paid as compensation was only £1,538; pensions to the amount of £191,800 were disbursed to Native Military pensioners; a sum of £74,084 was collected by the Post Office on account of customs duty on parcels and letters from Magnitude of business.

abroad; 10,694 lbs. of quinine were sold to the public; and nearly 8½ millions of telegraph messages were sent from telegraph offices under the control of the Post Office, representing a total revenue of £308,252. On the 31st March, 1913, there were 1,566,860 accounts in the Savings Bank with a total balance of nearly 13½ million pounds sterling and 23,288 active Postal Life Insurance policies with an aggregate assurance of £2,141,769. The total revenue and expenditure for the year, after making the various administrative adjustments, amounted to £2,286,526 and £2,099,664, respectively.

Principal
events, inland
post.

4. The most important event of the year under report was the amalgamation of the Traffic branch of the Telegraph Department with the Post Office in the Bombay and Central Circles. In each of these Circles the telegraph traffic staff was placed under the Postmaster-General with effect from the 1st July, 1912, and the arrangement has worked smoothly and efficiently.

Manœuvres in which 45,000 men were engaged were held from the 8th to the 12th December, 1912. Special postal services were employed and a travelling base office was established which controlled a large camp office at Sonapat and 15 field offices at various points between Sonapat and Delhi, according to the movements of the forces. The postal service was highly praised by the officers in command.

Two postal motor services were established during the year—one in Rangoon and the other between Trichinopoly and Tirumayam, a distance of 45 miles. Both have proved successful.

It is satisfactory to note that the number of deaths from plague has greatly declined. The figure for 1912-13 is 46 as compared with 194 for the previous year and 171 for 1910-11.

A large measure of reform resulting in a substantial saving of expenditure was effected by the abolition of the system of duplicate Savings Bank ledgers. Previously ledgers were maintained in each head post office and a duplicate set in the Audit offices. From the 1st July, 1912, the Audit office ledgers were discontinued and the work of preparing the annual interest statements was transferred to head post offices.

The number of combined offices increased from 2,713 to 2,860 and steps are being taken to provide telegraph offices wherever they are likely to prove remunerative. Particular attention is being devoted to the larger towns where arrangements are being made to enable the public to book telegrams at all but the smallest post offices.

Special postal arrangements had to be made for Imperial Delhi during the winter months, a large post and telegraph office being opened near the Imperial Secretariat. The staff of the Delhi head office was considerably strengthened in order to cope with the additional work, and a service of tongas was introduced for the conveyance of mails between the Secretariat and the head office.

A special train to convey the outward foreign mails from Madras was introduced from December, 1912, and has proved a great boon to the residents of that Province.

The Kalka-Simla tonga line was finally abolished on the 31st March, 1913, and all the mails for and from Simla are now conveyed by train.

Increases in
pay of postal
servants.

5. Increases in pay were sanctioned in the case of 20 head postmasters, 5 deputy postmasters, 537 sub-postmasters, and 417 branch postmasters. The pay of 692 clerks and sorters, 1,838 postmen and village postmen, 1,639 runners, and 448 other inferior servants was also raised.

6. The letter postage to the New Hebrides including the Banks and Torres Islands was reduced to one anna the ounce. Principal events, foreign post.

The value-payable system was made applicable to postal articles exchanged with the Straits Settlements.

The fees for telegraphic money orders issued in this country for payment in Ceylon were reduced, and arrangements made to enable the remitter to include a private communication to the payee in the official telegram advising the remittance.

7. The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's steamers carrying the mails from Europe were due in Bombay at 6 A. M. on Friday of each week. During the year 52 weekly mails were received, and the steamers arrived at Bombay on 51 occasions on Friday and once on Saturday. In the case of the Friday arrivals the contract time was exceeded on five occasions. On one of these occasions the steamer was signalled at 7-41 A.M. and anchored off the Apollo Bunder two hours later, but owing to heavy cyclonic weather in the harbour it was found impracticable to land the mails at the Ballard Pier and they had, therefore, to be sent to the Victoria Dock where owing to the heavy weather landing was not completed until a late hour at night. The solitary instance of a Saturday arrival was due partly to the mail train having left Calais 8 hours late, and partly to the connecting steamer "Isis" having encountered extremely rough weather between Brindisi and Port Said. Working of the Peninsular and Oriental Contract.

The shortest time occupied in the transit of the mail from London to Bombay was 13 days, 6 hours and 49 minutes, while the average time for the year was 13 days, 8 hours and 34 minutes. In the opposite direction the quickest transit was 12 days, 21 hours and 56 minutes, the average time for the year being 13 days, 10 hours and 5 minutes.

Section I.—Post offices and postal communications.

(1) Post offices and letter-boxes.

8. Appendix I shows the number of post offices, letter-boxes, and village postmen in each circle at the end of the year, compared with those in existence on the 31st March, 1912. The decrease of 12 in the number of post offices is due to the closing of a number of unremunerative branch offices in the Madras Circle. There was an increase of 402 letter-boxes. The number of post offices in charge of schoolmasters and other persons who are not regular servants of the Department rose from 12,269 to 12,279. The decrease in the number of village postmen is due to the fact that with improved delivery arrangements many of these officials have been designated postmen. Post offices and letter-boxes.

(2) Postal Communications.

9. In Appendix I is also shown the number of miles over which mails were conveyed in each circle by various agencies. The total figures for 1912-13 and 1911-12 are given in the following statement:— Postal communications.

				NATURE OF COMMUNICATIONS.				
				Railway.	Runners and boats.	Mail carts, horses, etc.	Steamer.	Total.
Mileage at close of 1911-12	...	...	...	*31,451	92,198	10,328	19,973	*153,950
Mileage at close of 1912-13	...	...	...	32,062	91,238	11,122	20,071	154,493
Increase (+) or decrease (—)	...	...	...	+611	—960	+794	+98	+543

*Revised figure.

Section II.—Correspondence and Parcels—Postage Stamps.

(1) Correspondence and Parcels.

Statistics of
postal arti-

10. The actual number of registered articles of the letter mail and parcel mail articles posted, added to the estimated number of all other kinds of articles given out for delivery *except* money orders, amounted to more than 1,014½ millions, or about 49½ millions in excess of the corresponding figure for the preceding year. Statistics showing the different classes of articles posted or given out for delivery in the various postal circles during 1912-13 will be found in Appendix II, and a general summary of the results is given in the following statement:—

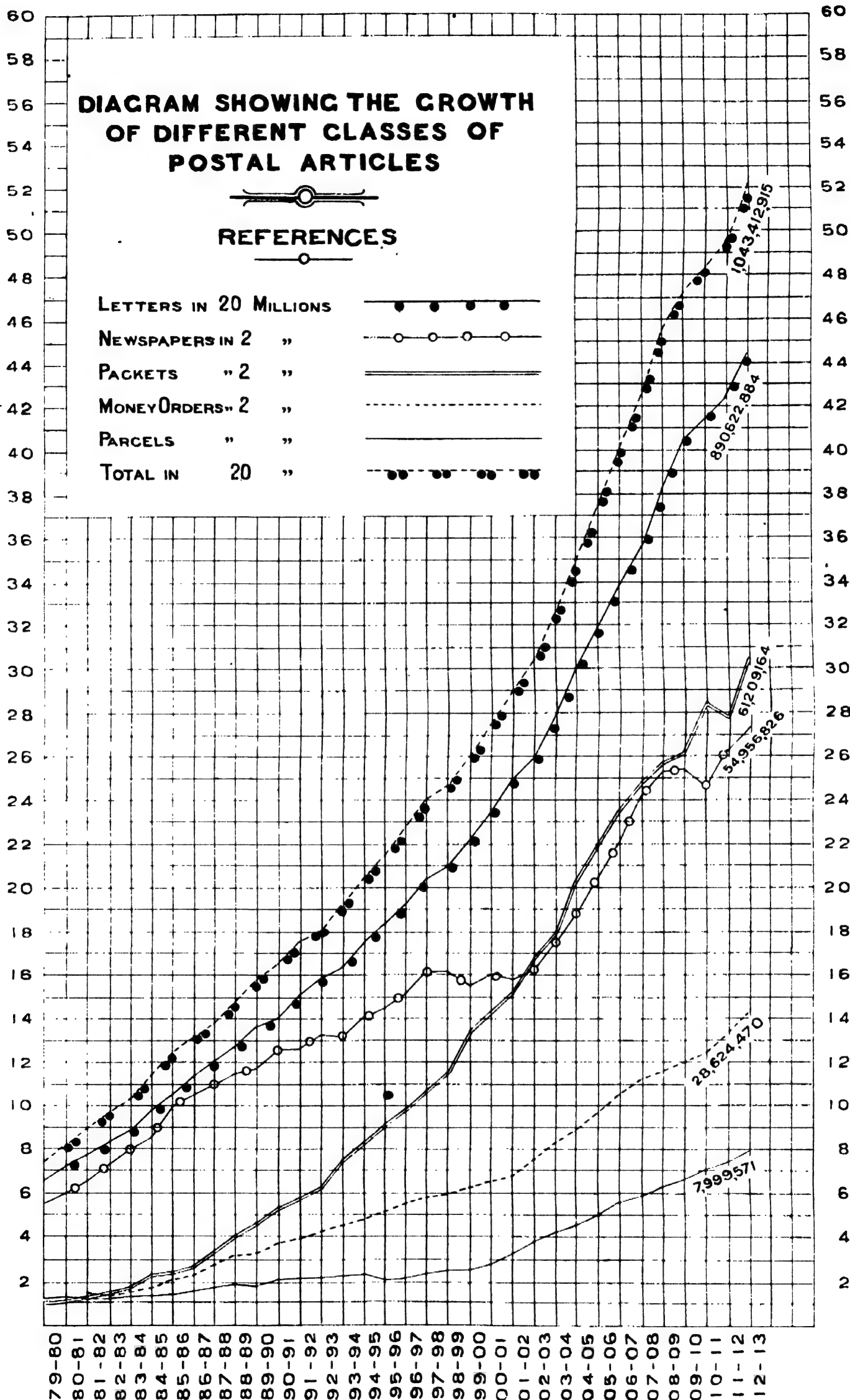
Classes of postal articles.	1911-12.	1912-13.	Increase (+) or decrease (—).	Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (—).
<i>Articles of the letter mail.</i>				
Paid unregistered letters	373,223,612	408,190,056	+29,966,444	+8.03
Unpaid letters	35,799,583	36,048,819	+244,036	+.68
Registered letters and packets (including insured and value-payable) ...	17,175,338	16,930,256	—245,082	—1.43
Postcards	424,691,054	436,786,354	+11,095,300	+2.61
Registered newspapers	52,612,161	54,956,828	+2,344,665	+4.46
Ordinary unregistered packets ...	51,892,914	56,287,771	+4,994,857	+9.74
Total	954,794,662	1,003,194,882	+48,400,220	+5.07
<i>Articles of the parcel mail.</i>				
Registered parcels	4,821,451	5,216,177	+394,726	+8.19
Unregistered parcels (including value-payable unregistered packets) ...	5,776,617	6,377,388	+600,769	+10.40
Total	10,598,068	11,593,565	+995,495	+9.39
Grand Total	965,392,730	1,014,788,447	+49,395,715	+5.12

It will be seen that there was a large increase in respect of all classes of articles except registered letters and packets, in the case of which there was a slight decrease of 1.43 per cent.

The diagram opposite this page shows graphically the growth of postal traffic in its principal branches since 1879-80, as indicated by the figures given in the various Annual Reports.

fruit

11. During the season of 1912-13 the total number of fresh fruit parcels dealt with by the Post Office was 16,750. Out of the total sum of R 23,270 received as postage, the Department had to spend no less than R 19,738 to convey them to the rail-head, leaving a sum of only R 3,532 to meet the cost of the rest of their transit to destination.



12. The second table in Appendix I shows for each circle the number of post offices, letter-boxes, and postal articles in relation to area and population. Average number of postal articles per head of population.

The average number of postal articles per head of population was 3.15, being highest in Bombay with 7.26.

13. The foreign correspondence received for delivery in India is included in the total figures contained in Appendix II. No estimate can, however, be given of the number of letters, postcards, and other articles received from the United Kingdom during the year. In previous years these figures have been calculated from statements furnished by the British Post Office showing the actual weight of each week's mail but, on account of the labour involved, the British Post Office has found it necessary to discontinue the system of weighing the mails. The mails received from the United Kingdom were, therefore, weighed by the Bombay-Aden Sea Post Office on two occasions, once in June and once in January, but the figures obtained from calculations based on the weight of these two mails are so largely in excess of those of the previous year that they cannot without further examination be taken as accurate. The estimated number of letters and postcards despatched to the United Kingdom was a little over 12½ millions as compared with about 12½ millions during 1911-12, and the number of newspapers, book-packets, and samples was a little over 2 millions as compared with 2½ millions during 1911-12. The decrease under the latter head is attributed to a large falling-off in the number of cotton samples sent from India to Manchester and Liverpool. Foreign correspondence.

As regards correspondence exchanged with countries other than the United Kingdom the figures for the year under report are based on the fresh statistics recorded in October, 1912. The estimated number of letters and postcards received in India from such countries was nearly 6½ millions while that of newspapers, book-packets, and samples received was about 5½ millions. The estimated numbers of (1) letters and postcards and (2) newspapers, book-packets, and samples despatched to such countries were 7½ millions and 4½ millions, respectively.

14. The total number of parcels sent by the foreign post from this country was 366,942 as compared with 334,812 during the previous year, and the number of parcels received was 522,839 against 474,912 in 1911-12. There was thus an increase of 9.60 per cent. in the number of foreign parcels despatched and of 10.09 per cent. in the number received. Foreign parcels.

Of these, 133,707 were sent to and 361,490 received from the United Kingdom as compared with 127,010 and 332,603, respectively, during 1911-12.

15. The total number of letters, postcards, newspapers, packets and parcels dealt with and money orders issued for payment amounted to 1,044,136,150 as compared with 992,362,407 in 1911-12. Of these articles it is estimated that 99.75 per cent. were actually delivered or paid. Delivery work of the year.

16. The total number of postal articles, excluding money orders, that reached the Dead Letter Offices was 9,294,168 as compared with 9,459,627 in the previous year. Work of Dead Letter Offices.

Detailed information showing the distribution among the Dead Letter Offices and the manner of disposal of the articles which reached them is given in Appendix III.

Of the articles received 37 per cent. were redirected to the addressees, while 42 per cent. were issued for return to the senders. Only a little more than 4½ per cent. of the total number of articles issued by the Dead Letter Offices came back to them undelivered, and the total number of articles finally deposited as "Dead," that is as undeliverable to either the addressees or the senders, was 2,281,494. This last figure includes a large number of articles which bore no address. In Bengal, Madras and Bombay alone, 142 articles were posted every day on the average with no address whatever, and many of these contained money or valuables. In articles opened in the five larger Dead Letter Offices, cheques, hundis, currency notes, bills of exchange, coins and other property of the nominal value of more than seven and a half lakhs of rupees were found. The great majority of these articles were successfully delivered to either the addressees or the senders.

(2) Postage Stamps.

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stage
mps.

17. Details of the issues from treasuries of ordinary and service postage stamps and stationery will be found in Appendix IV. The total value of ordinary postage stamps and postal stationery issued during the year amounted to 3 crores and 81 lakhs of rupees, showing an increase of more than 19 lakhs. The total value of service stamps and stationery issued exceeded 53½ lakhs, being an increase of nearly 1½ lakhs upon the last year's figure.

The quarter-anna ordinary adhesive stamp continued to command the highest sale, the total number sold being 238 millions as compared with 223 millions in the previous year. The half-anna ordinary adhesive stamp had the next largest sale with a total of over 135 millions. Then came the quarter-anna single postcard with a total sale of 113 millions as compared with 116 millions in the previous year, the decrease being due chiefly to the public using in its place halves of the new Georgian inland reply postcards, which, owing to a shortage in the stock of the old reply cards, had to be placed on sale before the new single cards. This was followed by the 1 anna ordinary adhesive stamp with a sale of 79½ millions. Of the small half-anna envelope, which is sold for the face value of the stamp, over 67½ millions were issued, the number for the previous year being nearly the same. The sales of 25 rupee ordinary stamps declined. They were not available at all treasuries during the greater part of the year, as the fresh supplies bearing the portrait of His Majesty King George V which had been indented for in 1910 were not received from England in time. There was also a slight decrease in the issue of R10 ordinary and R1 and R15 service stamps, but this was more than balanced by the increase in the sale of the other high value stamps. The remaining denominations of ordinary and service stamps showed a general increase.

In addition to postage stamps, non-judicial and court fee stamps are sold by many post offices but, except in Burma, postmasters act as private vendors in respect of these stamps, which do not form part of the Post Office balance. In Burma, where general stamps are kept by postmasters in the same way as postage stamps, the sales amounted to R1,00,298.

- New postage stamps and postal stationery of the *marginally noted denominations bearing the portrait of His Majesty King George V were issued from treasuries and post offices in India and Burma during the year. The new registration envelopes are of the same sizes as those previously in use but of a greatly improved quality, being of the same pattern as the British
- $\frac{1}{4}$ anna stamp—service.
 - $\frac{1}{2}$ anna stamp—ordinary and service.
 - $2\frac{1}{2}$ anna stamp.
 - 4 anna stamp—ordinary and service.
 - 6 anna stamp—ordinary and service.
 - 8 anna stamp—ordinary and service.
 - 12 anna stamp.
 - 5 rupee stamp—ordinary.
 - 25 rupee stamp—ordinary and service.
 - Inland postcards—single and reply.
 - $\frac{1}{4}$ anna embossed envelope—small.
 - $2\frac{1}{2}$ anna registration envelope—large and small.

registration envelopes, while the face value of the embossed stamp has been raised from 2 annas to $2\frac{1}{2}$ annas, so as to cover both the registration fee and the initial rate of letter postage. The Georgian inland postcards are larger than the old inland cards, are printed in the same shade of grey as the quarter-anna postage stamps, and are provided with space on the address-side for the writing of communications.

Arrangements were made for the sale of service postage stamps to the public in order to provide facilities to stamp-collectors for obtaining these stamps.

Section III.—Insurance and Value-payable Post.

(1) Insurance.

18. The number of letters and parcels insured for transmission by post was Insurance business 2,706,436, with an aggregate insured value of over 67 crores of rupees. The following statement shows the year's business as compared with that of the preceding year:—

	Insured letters.		Insured parcels.		Total.		
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Insurance fees.
		R		R		R	R
1911-12 ...	1,287,662	34,49,57,299	569,240	13,07,38,894	1,856,902	47,56,96,193	6,16,519
1912-13 ...	2,059,237	51,96,42,403	647,199	15,17,94,215	2,706,436	67,14,36,618	8,69,414
Percentage of increase.	59'92	50'64	13'70	16'10	45'75	41'15	41'02

The increase was due mainly to the fact that from the 1st October, 1911, insurance was made compulsory in the case of inland postal articles containing currency notes.

The average amount for which each letter was insured was R252 as compared with R268 in the preceding year, and the average amount in the case of parcels was R235 against R230 in 1911-12.

19. Three hundred and thirty-seven claims for compensation were made in respect of insured articles as compared with one hundred and sixty-two in Claims for compensation.

1911-12. One hundred and eleven claims were admitted, the loss having been caused in ninety-five cases by fraud or negligence on the part of postal servants, and in the remaining sixteen cases by highway robbery. The total amount paid in satisfaction of these claims was Rs 23,072-12-3 against Rs 16,364-3-0 in 1911-12. Of the sum paid Rs 11,060-15-3 was however recovered, so that the actual net loss to the Department was Rs 12,011-13-0 against Rs 6,257-8-6 in the previous year.

The following cases are of special interest :—

A parcel insured for Rs 500 was posted at the Palghat City post office. The addressee called at the Ernakulam post office and took delivery of the parcel on a clear receipt, after satisfying himself that it bore no sign of having been tampered with. He, however, took the precaution of opening the parcel in the presence of the sub-postmaster as some of the jewels which it was supposed to contain were intended for the sender's wife, and it was then found that the parcel contained a piece of gunny cloth and some scraps of paper, instead of five gold ornaments and four sovereigns. The Police prosecuted the sender who was sentenced to a long term of imprisonment.

In another case the addressee of a parcel insured for Rs 1,000 found that it contained rubbish, which the sender afterwards acknowledged having despatched as a practical joke. The case was referred to the Legal Remembrancer, Punjab, and on his advice no action was taken against the sender.

There was a series of cases in which insured parcels posted in Bombay and alleged by the senders to contain gold were found, after delivery to the addressees, to contain lead or stones. In every instance the parcel was delivered in good condition with seals intact, and as the Post Office was free from all responsibility the claims of the senders were not admitted. There is no reason to believe that a system of fraud was attempted by the senders, who belong to respectable firms. It is possible that the persons whom they employed to pack the parcels in tin cases substituted worthless materials for the gold before the parcels were sealed and taken to the Post Office. In one instance a broker employed by the sender confessed to having perpetrated the theft and was punished for the offence.

(2) Value-payable post.

value-payable
ness.

20. The total number of value-payable articles of all kinds sent through the post was 8,815,915 as compared with 7,984,292 in the previous year, and the total amount declared for recovery rose from 9½ to nearly 11 crores of rupees. There was an increase of 10·42 per cent. in the number of articles and of 14·26 per cent. in the amount specified for recovery. The number of value-payable articles posted in Calcutta rose from 2,251,074 to 2,441,087, and the Department realised for the tradesmen of that city a total sum of Rs 2,93,95,610, or nearly 2 million pounds sterling. The number of value-payable articles posted in the city of Bombay increased from 1,180,138 to 1,219,345 and the amount paid to the senders was Rs 1,54,13,515, or a little over a million pounds sterling.

The increase extended to all classes of value-payable articles. The average value of a value-payable article posted was Rs 12-7-4 as compared with Rs 12-0-7 in 1911-12.

The number of value-payable articles despatched from India to Ceylon was 116,446 of the aggregate value of Rs10,80,672 as compared with 101,225 articles valued at Rs9,90,256 in 1911-12.

Section IV.—Money orders.

21. Appendix V (a) shows the entire money order transactions, including value-payable money orders, year by year for the past ten years, separate figures being given for inland and for foreign money orders. The total number of money orders issued during 1912-13 was 29,618,584 as compared with 27,243,409 in the previous year, and the total amount remitted exceeded 52½ crores as compared with 48¾ crores in 1911-12. Foreign money orders constitute, as usual, a very small percentage (3·36) of the entire transactions.

22. Appendix V (b) shows the issues and payments of inland money orders by postal circles and compares the results of the year with those of the previous year. More than 28½ million inland money orders, ordinary and telegraphic, of the aggregate amount of nearly 47½ crores of rupees were issued, on which commission amounting to 55 lakhs of rupees was realised. There was an increase over the transactions of the previous year of 8·75 per cent. in the number of inland money orders issued, of 7·00 per cent. in their amount, and of 6·82 per cent. in the commission realised. The average amount of an inland money order was Rs16-8-10 as compared with Rs16-13-2 in 1911-12.

23. Appendix V (b) also gives separate figures for telegraphic money orders. There was an increase both in the number and in the amount of such orders issued, as well as in the postal commission realised which amounted to Rs4,39,692 as compared with Rs3,91,028 in the preceding year. The average amount of a telegraphic money order was Rs78-12-2 against Rs80-3-8 in 1911-12.

24. The special classes of money orders for the payment of land revenue, rent, and miscellaneous Government dues are included under inland money orders in Appendix V (b). Separate figures for these classes of orders are given in the table below :—

Circle.	REVENUE MONEY ORDERS.				RENT MONEY ORDERS.				OFFICIAL MONEY ORDERS.			
	NUMBER.		VALUE.		NUMBER.		VALUE.		NUMBER.		VALUE.	
	1911-12.	1912-13.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1911-12.	1912-13.
			R	R			R	R			R	R
...	253,125	253,754	18,84,348	18,71,047	56,090	60,684	8,88,591	9,85,278	143,738	143,623	40,16,648	41,58,656
Bengal & Assam	118,790	121,161	11,06,042	11,25,282	25,792	26,883	3,77,372	3,83,291	31,731	31,804	2,61,208	2,62,311
Provinces	323,260	323,519	63,17,021	63,99,024	1,11,690	1,61,235	16,87,367	10,66,273	95,725	104,769	10,84,639	11,59,698
...	28,287	24,379	11,70,585	10,57,614	3,410	3,816	86,461	92,381	...	...	...	...
and North-West	18,733	18,032	16,84,022	16,07,834	...	...	...	...	4,945	4,475	1,76,413	1,54,801
...	6,647	7,479	74,222	85,800	...	...	...	...	5,563	6,058	93,310	89,137
...	5,464	6,442	1,12,242	1,31,101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	340	332	9,437	9,903
Total	754,306	754,766	1,23,40,182	1,21,77,802	226,902	252,618	30,39,792	34,27,203	282,047	291,066	56,41,391	58,34,506

25. Figures relating to the money order exchanges with foreign countries and certain Native States in India will be found in Appendix V (c). This shows (1) the sterling money order exchanges which are in force with the United

Kingdom and its colonies and with foreign countries generally and (2) the rupee money order exchanges which are in force chiefly with countries and places in the Far East and East Africa. These figures call for no special remark.

British
postal orders.

25. The popularity of the British postal order for making small remittances is steadily increasing, and 417,529 orders representing a value of £268,084 were sold as compared with 381,804 of the value of £251,664 in 1911-12. Of the total number sold, more than half were of the values of ten and twenty shillings.

The number of British postal orders paid in India was 133,701, amounting to £91,470. Of these only 18,012 of the value of £8,857 were both issued and paid in this country, thus showing that the public have not yet appreciated the usefulness of this means of remitting small sums of money by the inland post. The net commission realised on the sales was ₹16,537 as compared with ₹14,856 in the previous year.

Section V.—Post Office Savings Bank.

General
results of the
year.

27. Appendix VI shows in detail, according to circles, the Savings Bank transactions of the year as compared with those of 1911-12. There were 1,565,860 active accounts in existence on the 31st March, 1913, a net increase of 66,026, or 4·39 per cent., over the figure for 1911-12. The total amount at the credit of depositors at the close of the year exceeded 20 crores 61 lakhs, which is higher by 1 crore 71 lakhs, or 9·06 per cent., than the balance at the close of the preceding year.

The deposits and withdrawals, exclusive of all transfers, exceeded those for the previous year by over 86 lakhs and 1 crore 18 lakhs, respectively, and the interest paid was higher by 5½ lakhs.

Investment
in Govern-
ment securi-
ties.

28. The number of Government promissory notes purchased through the Post Office was 3,461 of the nominal value of ₹23,07,200 as compared with 2,600 of the nominal value of ₹17,55,300 in the previous year. The number sold was 807 of the nominal value of ₹5,62,700 against 795 of the nominal value of ₹5,27,400 in 1911-12. The nominal value of the Government promissory notes held in the custody of the Accountant-General, Post Office and Telegraphs, at the close of the year on account of depositors in the Post Office Savings Bank was ₹89,39,700 as compared with ₹77,57,300 on the 31st March, 1912. 946 investment certificates for fractional amounts of Government promissory notes of the nominal value of ₹3,43,279 were purchased as compared with 868 such certificates of the nominal value of ₹3,02,388 purchased in the previous year. The number sold was 716 of the nominal value of ₹2,38,430 as compared with 754 of the nominal value of ₹1,85,934 in 1911-12.

Financial
effect of the
Post Office
Savings
Bank.

29. An estimate of the financial results of the working of the Savings Bank is given below as directed in the Finance and Commerce Department's Resolution No. 2428, dated the 13th May, 1902 :—

Receipts.	Amount.	Expenditure.	Amount.
	₹		₹
Interest at 3½ per cent. per annum on the balance of the deposits ...	68,83,648	Interest actually paid to depositors	56,20,480
		Estimated cost of managing the Bank	4,90,000
Total ...	68,83,648	Total ...	61,10,480

Section VI.—Miscellaneous.

30. The statement below shows the transactions of the Post Office Guarantee Fund, the balance of which increased from Rs10,91,301 to Rs11,09,373.

RECEIPTS.			CHARGES.		
	Government securities (nominal value).	Cash.		Government securities (nominal value).	Cash.
	R	R		R	R
Balance of 1911-12 ...	7,67,300	324,001(a)	Refund of excess realisations.	...	...
Interest given by Government on Rs 3,00,000 at 4 per cent. from April, 1912, to March, 1913.	...	12,000	Sums decreed against the Fund.	...	16,118
Interest on Government securities in 3½ per cent. loans.	...	27,028	Refund to subscribers on account of returnable subscriptions.	...	380
Recoveries against awards made in previous years.	...	825	Rewards for information in Post Office robbery cases.	...	2,574
Recoveries of special advances.	...	7	Compensation to postal servants for loss of private property.	...	231
Recoveries of travelling expenses for medical examination for Post Office Life Insurance.	...	36	Compassionate gratuities.	...	2,872
Government promissory notes purchased during the year.	15,000	...	Travelling expenses for medical examination for Post Office Life Insurance.	...	249
			Cost of purchase of Government promissory notes.	...	14,400
			Balance on 31st March, 1913.	7,82,300(b)	3,27,073
Total ...	7,82,300	3,63,897	Total ...	7,82,300	3,63,897

(a) Differs from the closing balance shown in the Annual Report for 1911-12 by Rs251 owing to that amount having been charged to the Fund after the publication of the Report.

(b) The market value on 31st March, 1913, was Rs7,46,119.

31. The number of complaints recorded as having been made by the public was 58,522 against 56,203 in 1911-12, being an increase of 4·13 per cent. as compared with an increase of 5·43 per cent. in the sale of postage stamps. Of the total number of complaints received, 21,979, or 37·56 per cent., were found to be justified, while no less than 25,373 or 43·56 per cent., proved to be groundless. In the remaining cases, either no definite conclusion could be arrived at or the investigation had not been completed by the end of the year.

32. The number of cases in which servants of the Post Office were held to be guilty of offences punishable by law, as well as the number punished in these cases, are shown in Appendix VII, of which a summary is given below:—

	1911-12.		1912-13.	
	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.
Convictions in Courts of Law ...	299	267	289	260
Cases punished departmentally...	204	201	183	165
Total ...	503	468	472	425

There were 66 cases of misappropriation of office cash, 172 money order frauds, 12 savings bank frauds, and 146 cases of theft from mails and post offices. Most of the remaining offences were committed in respect of letters, parcels, or other postal articles entrusted to the Post Office for conveyance. Among the offenders convicted or departmentally punished were 28 departmental postmasters and 31 clerks, 69 extraneous agents in charge of post offices, 196 postmen and village postmen, 19 runners and 27 officials of the Railway Mail Service. The defalcations and losses amounted to Rs41,070-8-8 as compared with Rs58,073-15-8 in the previous year. Of this sum Rs26,558-7-6 was recovered from the offenders or their sureties, Rs2,302-1-0 was decreed against the Post Office Guarantee Fund, Rs54-3-0 was written off as irrecoverable, and Rs12,155-13-2 had still to be adjusted when the year closed.

Offences by
other persons.

33. The offences against the Post Office that were committed by persons not belonging to the Department included seventeen cases of money order fraud, involving a sum of Rs3,925-12-0 and six cases of fraudulent withdrawal from the Savings Bank representing a total sum of Rs974-5-2. There were also one hundred and fifteen cases of theft of Government money from mails and post offices besides the cases of highway robbery which are dealt with separately. The total amount stolen was Rs32,934-7-2 of which Rs5,175-0-3 was recovered; a sum of Rs2,903-12-5 was written off as finally lost; and Rs24,849-10-6 remained unadjusted at the close of the year. The bulk of the loss was due to a series of burglaries in the United Provinces. Five head post offices were broken into and cash to the amount of Rs19,494-15-9, insured articles of the value of Rs2,237 and British postal orders of the value of Rs3,863-0-6 were carried off. It is believed that the burglaries were committed by a gang of professional thieves from Baluchistan. The Police have not traced the offenders nor recovered any of the valuables stolen, notwithstanding the offer of a large reward.

The following case shows the advantage of vesting the Postmaster-General with the power to withhold the payment of money recovered on a value-payable article when he is fully satisfied that the article was sent with the intention of defrauding the addressee. A person calling himself the agent of "The Backerganj fine rice Co., Ltd." sold two lottery tickets to two persons residing in different places in the Jessore district. His accomplice, who posed as Secretary of the bogus Company, telegraphed to the ticket-holders that they had each won a prize of a thousand maunds of rice in the lottery. The telegrams were followed by two value-payable Railway Receipt Notes, on each of which Rs500 was marked for recovery, advising the despatch by rail to each of the ticket-holders of the rice won by him. The addressees took delivery of the value-payable Railway Receipt Notes on payment of the money specified for recovery, but when they went to the Railway stations to take delivery of the goods they discovered that no goods had arrived and that a fraud had been committed on them. They complained immediately to the Post Office and payment of the money orders was stopped. Information was given to the Magistrate of Barisal and an enquiry was instituted which disclosed the fact that the Company was non-existent. The swindlers could not, however, be traced.

Highway robberies of the mails.

34. There were 19 cases of highway robbery of mails as compared with 28 in the previous year. Of these, 12 occurred in British territory and 7 in Native States.

Of the robberies that occurred in British territory, there was one in each of the Provinces of Bengal, Bombay, Burma, Bihar and Orissa, the Punjab, and the United Provinces; four in Madras; and two in Baluchistan.

Two cases were attended with loss of life. A runner carrying mails from Morvi to Bagathla in the Morvi Native State was murdered and the whole mail was carried off, but the Police succeeded in tracing the robbers and recovering most of the stolen property. Two men were prosecuted and one of them was sentenced to death, the other being acquitted.

On the 31st August, 1912, a mail contractor and his servant while conveying mails on a mule near the Lawari Pass on the Malakand frontier were both killed by outlaws from across the border. The whole mail consisting of three packet bags and 19 parcels was plundered. The Political levies succeeded in recovering the packet bags and some of the parcels, but failed to trace the offenders.

Particulars with regard to two other cases may also be noted. On the 8th August, 1912, a large gang of robbers attacked the jhutka conveying mails from Tirumayam to Kanadukathan in the Pudukota Native State. The mail guard was overpowered and wounded, but managed to escape and conveyed the news to Tirumayam. The sub-postmasters of Tirumayam and Kanadukathan and the Magistrate and Police of Tirumayam proceeded to the scene, and, with the assistance of the villagers, pursued the robbers who were obliged to abandon most of their booty. The greater part of the plundered mails was thus recovered, including insured parcels to the value of over ₹14,000. The State Police have not concluded their enquiries.

On the 17th September, 1912, the runner carrying mails on the Nepal-Raxaul line was attacked in Nepal territory by robbers who wounded him and carried off a portion of the mail. The remainder of the mail was recovered and forwarded to Nepal, and was found to contain, among other articles, two letters which had been insured for the aggregate sum of ₹3,800. When the insured letters were delivered nothing of value was found in them. The sender was suspected of having planned the robbery with the object of claiming compensation for the loss of the contents of the insured letters, and was prosecuted together with two accomplices in Nepal. The Nepal Durbar sentenced the sender to imprisonment for life and his accomplices to rigorous imprisonment for twelve years each.

In nine of the cases of robbery of the mails Government suffered a loss of ₹3,198-4-6. Of this sum, ₹111-12-6 represents cash and ₹3,086-8-0 the amount of compensation which had to be paid for the loss of registered and insured articles. The entire mail was recovered in four cases, and part of the mail in ten cases. In the remaining five cases the whole mail was lost. The offenders were prosecuted in eight cases, in four of which convictions were obtained.

35. There were several mishaps during the year resulting in the death of Post Office officials. Casualties.

A postman was drowned while crossing a stream in flood, and a village postman lost his life owing to the capsizing of a boat. Another postman was killed by lightning.

A runner was carried off by a tiger on the Ranchi-Daltonganj line, another died from snake bite in the Ratnagiri District, and two lost their lives in an avalanche on the Sikkim-Tibet line.

On the 21st October, 1912, a mail sorter accidentally fell between the platform and footboard of the mail van at the Sealdah Railway Station while the train was in motion, and succumbed to the injuries that he received.

Twelve post offices were destroyed by fire and one collapsed owing to heavy rains, but the value of the property lost was inconsiderable.

Post Office
staff.

36. Appendix VIII, an abstract of which is given in the margin,* shows the

	1911-12.	1912-13.
Chief Officers of Direction, Account Officers, Heads of Circles, and Superintendent, Press and Workshop, Aligarh	34	34
Superintendents, Probationary Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents, and Inspectors ...	672	678
Postmasters, including Deputy, Assistant, Sub and Branch Postmasters ...	6,730	6,759
Extraneous Agents, such as Schoolmasters and Station Masters ...	12,269	12,279
Clerks ...	15,018	15,134
Postmen and other servants ...	26,887	27,392
Village Postmen ...	8,219	8,190
Road establishment ...	19,364	18,687
Signallers and other servants employed wholly for telegraph work in combined offices ...	3,562	3,717
Total ...	92,755	92,870

entire staff of the Department, the numbers in the different classes being shown separately for each postal circle. On the 31st March, 1913, the total numerical strength was 92,870 as compared with 92,755 at the close of 1911-12. This figure includes 282 pensioned soldiers of the Native Army, of whom 63 were non-commissioned officers and 219 sepoys. The

number of women employed was 86, of whom 74 were either Europeans or Eurasians and 2 were Burmans.

The total number of servants of the Department dismissed was 471 against 540 in the previous year. Of this number 226 were postmen or village postmen and 28 belonged to the road establishment,

The total number of Burmans employed was 649 as compared with 497 in the previous year, and efforts are being made to increase this number as far as possible.

Use of private
presses.

37. The charges incurred on account of printing work done by private presses amounted to R13,503 as compared with R10,628 in the year 1911-12.

Section VII.—Non-postal Branches of the Post Office.

Postal—Tele-
graph offices.

38. During the year 163 combined post and telegraph offices were opened and 16 were closed. There was, therefore, a net increase of 147 in the total number of such offices against an increase of 136 during 1911-12. Of the 163 new combined offices, 156 were opened at places which had previously been without a Government telegraph office and 126 at places where there had previously been neither a Government nor a Railway telegraph office. The total number of combined offices open on the 31st March, 1913, was 2,860 as compared with 2,713 on the 31st March, 1912. The number of postal servants who qualified as signallers was 286 and the total number of signallers was 4,443 as compared with 4,307 at the close of 1911-12. There were 1,135 boys employed as messengers in these offices, the number at the close of the preceding year being 1,149.

39. In Appendix IX will be found the traffic statistics of combined offices. Traffic statistics of combined offices. which show that there was an increase over the previous year's figures of 738,742, or 9.62 per cent., in the number of messages sent, of 561,021, or 8.51 per cent., in the number received, and of Rs. 14,242, or 9.84 per cent., in the revenue realised on sent messages. The revenue from telegrams booked at combined offices was Rs. 46,23,789 against Rs. 42,09,547 during the preceding year, while the total number of telegrams sent, excluding free messages, was 8,415,817 and the number received 7,152,269.

40. In addition to the telegrams sent and received by the 2,860 combined Telegraph receiving offices. offices, there were 62,496 telegrams booked at receiving offices for despatch by post to telegraph offices as compared with 58,279 in the previous year. The revenue realised on these telegrams was Rs. 35,654 as compared with Rs. 34,545 in 1911-12.

The number of telegrams received at post offices in the Persian Gulf on account of the Indo-European Telegraph Department was 260 against 318 in the year 1911-12, the fees realised amounting to Rs. 2,905 as compared with Rs. 3,087 in the previous year.

41. The Post Office continued to act as agent for the receipt of salt revenue Receipt of salt revenue at post offices. at certain selected offices in the Punjab and North-West Frontier, United Provinces, Bengal and Central Circles. There was an appreciable increase in this class of work as shown by the following figures:—

			1911-12.	1912-13.
Post offices authorised to receive salt revenue	...	No.	301	308
Indents received	...	No.	2,114	2,245
Quantity of salt indented for	...	Mds.	5,90,70	6,34,697
Value of salt indented for	...	Rs.	6,71,808	7,32,319
Postal commission realised	...	Rs.	1,302	1,411

42. The Post Office obtained 10,694 lbs. of quinine for sale to the public Sale of quinine at post offices. as compared with 9,562 lbs. in the preceding year.

43. Appendix X shows the operations of the scheme of Life Insurance, Post Office Insurance Fund. Endowment Assurance, and Monthly Allowances as compared with those of the previous year, and Appendix XI shows the financial results of the administration of the Post Office Insurance Fund up to the end of 1912-13. The number of new policies issued was 1,920 of the aggregate value of Rs. 26,85,000 against 2,496 issued in the previous year for a total sum of Rs. 30,48,877. Of these 1,920 policies, 379 of the aggregate value of Rs. 5,89,800 were Life Insurance policies while 1,541 for Rs. 29,95,200 were Endowment Assurance policies, against 440 Life Insurance policies for Rs. 6,78,237 and 2,056 Endowment Assurance policies for Rs. 23,70,640 issued in the previous year. The falling-off, which is more marked under Endowment Assurance policies, is apparently due to the fact that the scope of the General Provident Fund was extended during the year with the result that a number of Government servants joined that Fund instead of the Post Office Insurance Fund.

The total sum realised on account of premia amounted to Rs. 12,97,673 as compared with Rs. 12,22,937 for the previous year. Claims to the extent of Rs. 5,99,666 were discharged as compared with Rs. 5,41,297 in 1911-12; while eighty-two Life Insurance policies representing a gross sum of Rs. 1,00,300, two hundred and ninety-seven Endowment Assurance policies representing Rs. 3,36,696 and one monthly allowance contract for Rs. 6 lapsed, were surrendered or cancelled.

Of the 1,920 persons to whom policies were issued during the year, 1,843 were pure Asiatics by race. Three women employed under Government were insured so that there are now twenty-five female policy holders in all.

Three new contracts for monthly allowances were entered into during the year, the total amount of the monthly allowances secured being R 40.

Two Life Annuities were purchased from the Post Office under Article 807 of the Civil Service Regulations.

The general results of the past two years are summarised below :—

Life Insurance and Endowment Assurance.				Up to the 31st March, 1912.	Up to the 31st March, 1913.
Number of lives insured	...	...	...	27,159	29,079
				R	R
Amount received in premia	...	...	...	1,05,83,637	1,18,81,310
Amount of insurance	...	...	...	3,68,38,576	3 95,23,576
Amount of claims met	...	...	...	39,51,180	45,50,846

The number of active policies and contracts in existence at the close of the year, and the aggregate amounts of insurance and allowances represented by them are detailed in the following statement :—

				On the 31st March, 1912.	On the 31st March, 1913.
Number of active policies in existence	...	...	...	*22,076	23,288
(a) held by Post Office servants	...	...	...	*9,537	9,865
(b) held by servants of other Departments	...	...	...	12,539	13,423
Aggregate amount of insurance	...	...	...	R*3,03,28,480	R3,21,25,539
Number of monthly allowance contracts in existence	...	...	...	97	92
				R a. p.	R a. p.
Amount of allowances contracted for	...	...	...	989 5 6	978 11 4

* Revised figure.

Payment of military pensioners.

44. The number of pensioners of the Native Army who had their pensions paid through the agency of the Post Office in the Punjab and North-West Frontier was 38,282 as compared with 38,310 in 1911-12, and the amount disbursed on this account was R28,77,664-13-4 against R27,51,321-11-4 in the previous year. The commission credited to the Post Office as remuneration for this special service was R21,582-7-9.

Section VIII.—Financial Results.

Financial results of working the posts in Kashmir.

45. The following figures show the financial results of the amalgamation of the posts in the Kashmir and Jammu State with the Imperial Post Office.

The total revenue was R 2,27,402 as compared with R 2,22,140 in 1911-12 and R 2,07,182 in 1910-11, while the expenditure amounted to R 2,37,041

against Rs. 2,46,718 in 1911-12 and Rs. 2,41,441 in 1910-11, the actual deficit for the year being Rs. 9,639.

46. The total receipts and charges of the year as shown in the Post Office Accounts and given in Appendix XII are as under:—

Receipts.		Charges.	
1911-12.	1912-13.	1911-12.	1912-13.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
3,20,40,516	3,39,17,726	2,92,31,101	2,95,80,116

According to these figures, the charges for 1912-13 exceeded the charges for 1911-12 by Rs. 3,49,015, the receipts for 1912-13 exceeded the receipts for 1911-12 by Rs. 18,77,210, while the receipts for 1912-13 exceeded the charges for the same year by Rs. 43,37,610 as compared with Rs. 28,09,415 representing the surplus receipts for 1911-12.

47. Appendix XII shows also under a distinct head (II) certain charges which appear in the Finance and Revenue Accounts but not in the Post Office Accounts. These

*Stores from England ...	Rs. 360
Payments under postal arrangements with the Lords of the Treasury ...	8,18,820
Total ...	8,19,180

charges are reproduced in the margin* and if their total be added to

those given in the table in the preceding paragraph, the total charges of the year amount to Rs. 3,03,99,296. It will thus be seen that there was a surplus of Rs. 35,18,430 on the year's transactions as shown in the Finance and Revenue Accounts. In order, however, to arrive at the true financial

	Details.	Total.
Add to charges—	Rs.	Rs.
Railway free service estimated ...	23,545	...
Rent of Government buildings ...	7,00,491	...
Gratuities ...	8,206	...
Leave allowances paid out of India ...	67,842	...
Pensions (being the average of five years capitalised at 10·105 years' purchase) ...	14,15,018	22,15,102
Deduct—		
Share of marine subsidies which should strictly have been borne by the Military, Political and other Departments ...	4,94,624	...
Estimated cost of managing the Post Office Savings Bank ...	4,90,000	...
Net expenditure on account of unremunerative establishments formerly paid from District Post funds ...	1,34,806	11,19,430
Net amount to be added ...	...	10,95,672

administration, it is necessary to increase the charges by a further sum of Rs. 10,95,672 representing the net balance of the items shown in the margin, and to add to the receipts the sum of Rs. 3,80,160 representing the estimated total value of the services rendered by the Department to a large number of Native States in carrying their official correspondence

free of charge, in accordance with the arrangements under which their postal systems have been amalgamated with the Indian Post Office.

After these authorised adjustments have been made, the net result is a surplus of ₹28,02,918 as compared with ₹14,97,650 for 1911-12.

It will be observed that the result noted above has been arrived at without taking any credit for the loss on the large number of unremunerative post offices and road lines that are maintained solely or mainly in the interests of the Military or Political authorities.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL STEAMER SERVICES.

By the British India Steam Navigation Company.

- (1) Direct communication three times a week between Calcutta and Rangoon.
- (2) Weekly communication between Chittagong, Akyab, Kyaukpyu, Sandoway (during fair season only) and Rangoon.
- (3) Weekly communication (during fair season only) between Chittagong, Akyab and Rangoon.
- (4) Weekly direct communication between Madras and Rangoon.
- (5) Weekly communication between Rangoon, Tavoy and Mergui.
- (6) Fortnightly communication between Moulmein, Yeh, Tavoy, Mergui, Victoria Point and Penang.
- (7) Fortnightly communication between Rangoon, Tavoy, Palaw, Mergui, Kamaw, Bokpyin, Karathuri, Victoria Point and Maliwun.
- (8) Weekly direct communication between Bombay and Karachi.
- (9) Weekly communication between Bombay and Karachi *via* the Coast ports.
- (10) Weekly communication between Karachi and Bushrah *via* the principal Persian Gulf ports.
- (11) Fortnightly communication between Karachi and Bushrah *via* the Persian Gulf ports.
- (12) Fortnightly communication between Karachi and Bushire *via* the Persian Gulf ports.
- (13) Daily communication between Tuticorin and Colombo.
- (14) Weekly service from Negapatam to the Straits.
- (15) Direct weekly communication between Rangoon and Penang.
- (16) Fortnightly communication between Bombay, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban with calls on the outward voyage every four weeks at the Seychelles, Lamu, Mozambique and Dar-es-Salaam.
- (17) Additional services between any of the ports served by the above-mentioned lines and between any of the ports on the Coromandel Coast and Rangoon.

Under contract with the Post Office from 1st February, 1913, on an annual subsidy of R 10,70,000.

By the Asiatic Steam Navigation Company.

- (18) Six-weekly communication between Calcutta and Port Blair, with extensions to Madras and Rangoon.

The consideration is not in the form of a subsidy, but of guaranteed rates for the transport of Government stores the contract is for five years from 1st July, 1909.

By the Irrawaddy Flotilla Company, Limited.

- (19) Communication three times a week between Rangoon and Bassein.
- (20) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Bassein and Myaungmya.

Under contract with the Burma Government for a period of five years from 1st November, 1908. The annual subsidy is R 1,41,000, of which R 41,236 is paid by the Post Office.

By the Irrawaddy Flotilla Company, Limited—contd.

- (21) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Prome and Thayetmyo and Minbu.
- (22) Communication twice a week between Thayetmyo and Pakokku.
- (23) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Magwe and Sale.
- (24) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Sale and Pakokku.
- (25) Daily communication (Fridays excepted) between Myingyan and Pakokku.
- (26) Weekly communication between Pakokku and Kindat.
- (27) Weekly communication (provided the depth of the water permits) between Kindat and Homalin.
- (28) Communication six times a week between Katha and Bhamo.
- (29) Weekly communication between Moulmein and Kaya-in.
- (30) Daily communication between Rangoon, Pyapon, Maubin and Yandoon.
- (31) Communication three times a week between Moulmein and Shwegun.
- (32) Communication three times a week between Moulmein and Kyondo.
- (33) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Moulmein and Natmaw.
- (34) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Moulmein and Kado.
- (35) Daily communication between Rangoon and Kyauktam.
- (36) Daily communication between Wakema and Myaungmya.
- (37) Daily communication between Myaungmya and Moulmeingyun.
- (38) Daily communication between Wakema and Moulmeingyun.
- (39) Daily communication between Wakema and Kyonmangne.
- Under contract with the Burma Government for a period of five years from 1st November, 1908. The annual subsidy is £ 1,41,000, of which £ 41,236 is paid by the Post Office.
- Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until twelve months' notice is given by either party. The annual subsidy is £ 18,000, of which £ 4,666 is paid by the Post Office.
- Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party. The subsidy, which is £ 100 per mensem, is paid by the Burma Government.
- Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party. The annual subsidy is £ 4,800, of which Rs. 960 is paid by the Post Office.
- Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party. The annual subsidy is £ 3,000, of which £ 000 is paid by the Post Office.
- Under contract with the Burma Government to continue in force until six months' notice is given by either party, the subsidy, which is paid by the Burma Government, being £ 260 per mensem.
- Under contract with the Post Office to continue in force until two months' notice is given by either party. The annual subsidy is £ 1,500, of which £ 1,200 is paid by the Burma Government.
- Under contract with the Post Office to continue in force until two months' notice is given by either party, the monthly subsidy being £ 280.

By the Arracan Company, Limited.

- (40) Communication three times a week between Akyab and Buthidaung.
- (41) Communication twice a week between Akyab and Paletwa.
- (42) Communication once a week between Akyab and Kyauktaw.
- (43) Communication once a week between Akyab and Myaungbwe.
- (44) Weekly communication between Akyab and Sakanmaw via Myebon and Kyaukpyu.
- Under contract with the Burma Government for five years from 1st April, 1910. The subsidy, which is £ 83,000 a year, is paid by the Burma Government.

By the Arracan Company, Limited—contd.

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| (45) Weekly communication between Sandoway and Kyaukpyu. | } | Under contract with the Burma Government for five years from 1st April, 1910. The subsidy, which is ₹ 83,000 a year, is paid by the Burma Government. |
| (46) Weekly communication (during fair season only) between Sandoway and Gwa. | | |
| (47) Weekly communication between Akyab and Kyaukpyu. | | |
| (48) Weekly communication between Kyaukpyu and Cheduba, Kyaukpyu and Ramree, Sandoway and Singaing, Sandoway, Taungup and Kyaukpyu. | } | Under contract with the Burma Government for five years from 1st April, 1910. The subsidy, which is ₹ 22,200 a year, is paid by the Burma Government. |

By the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company.

- | | | |
|--|---|--|
| (49) Weekly communication on the river Tigris between Busrah and Bagdad. | } | Under contract for ten years from the 1st May, 1904, with His Majesty's Secretary of State for India. Subsidy ₹. 24,000 per annum: steamers to run in connection with line No. (10). |
|--|---|--|

By the British India Steam Navigation Company and the Indo-China Steam Navigation Company.

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| (50) Communication at irregular intervals between Calcutta and the Straits Settlements and Hong Kong. | } | The consideration is not in the form of a money subsidy but of a guarantee of certain concessions. |
|---|---|--|

By the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| (51) Fortnightly communication between Calcutta and Colombo, touching occasionally at Madras. | } | Non-contract lines maintained by the company in connection with the China and Australian mail services. Under Article 20 of the contract between the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company and His Majesty's Postmaster-General relating to the conveyance of the East India, China, and Australia mails, mails sent by these non-contract steamers are conveyed without payment other than the subsidy specified in that contract. |
| (52) Fortnightly communication between Bombay and Colombo. | | |

By other Agencies.

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| (53) By the Bombay Steam Navigation Company—Daily communication between Bombay and Goa. | } | Under contract with the Post Office from 1st October, 1912, to 31st May, 1913. The monthly subsidy paid by the Post Office is ₹ 3,000, towards which the Government of Portuguese India contributes ₹ 200. |
| (54) By Messrs. Cowasjee, Dinshaw and Brothers.—Weekly communication between Aden, Berbera and Zeyla. | } | Under contract with the Government of the Somaliland Protectorate for 12 months from 1st October, 1912, to 30th September, 1913. The monthly subsidy is ₹ 1,050, of which a sum of ₹ 300 is at the sole charge of the Protectorate Government, and the balance, <i>viz.</i> , ₹ 750, is paid in equal shares by the Protectorate Government and the Indian Post Office. |
| (55) By the Retriever Flotilla Company.—Communication four times a week between Chittagong and Cox's Bazar. | } | Under contract with the Post Office from 1st July, 1910, to 31st December, 1913. Subsidy ₹ 6,600 a year. |

Statement showing according to circles (1) the number of post offices, letter-boxes and village postmen and (2) the distances over which mails were conveyed by railway, mail carts, runners, and steamers.

NAMES OF CIRCLES.	DISTANCE OVER WHICH MAILS WERE CONVEYED BY									
	POST OFFICES, LETTER-BOXES AND VILLAGE POSTMEN.					RAILWAY.				
	EXISTING ON THE 31ST MARCH, 1912.		EXISTING ON THE 31ST MARCH, 1913.		Village postmen.	MAIL CARTS, HORSES, CAMELS, ETC.		RUNNERS AND BOATS.		TOTAL.
	Post Offices.	Letter-boxes.	Post Offices.	Letter-boxes.		1911-12.	1912-13.	1911-12.	1912-13.	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.
Bengal	2,649	8,426	382	8,550	385	116	119	13,484	13,299	15,015
Bombay	2,962	9,472	1,330	9,428	1,324	1,487	1,567	14,112	14,543	22,401
Madras	3,558	8,519	1,554	8,615	1,539	1,397	1,478	18,139	17,694	21,250
United Provinces	2,230	6,845	1,909	6,788	1,820	932	1,160	9,443	8,793	9,953
Punjab and North-West Frontier	3,218	6,045	1,565	6,099	1,584	4,216	4,409	12,042	12,009	16,418
Eastern Bengal and Assam	2,042	4,511	423	4,636	412	111	181	10,789	10,788	11,807
Burma	413	2,005	514	2,084	327	678	826	2,089	1,950	12,614
Central	1,729	2,002	742	2,031	719	1,391	1,401	12,100	12,152	13,491
Railway Mail Service . . . . .	...	295	...	293	...	...	...	...	...	30,193
TOTAL	18,801	48,122	8,219	48,524	8,190	10,328	11,122	92,198	91,238	154,493
Increase (+) or decrease (-)	...	...	...	-12	-29	...	+811	...	-980	+548

* Revised figure.

Number of post offices and letter-boxes (including the letter-boxes at post offices) in relation to area and population and number of postal articles (excluding money orders) in relation to population.

NAMES OF CIRCLES.	Area in square miles.	CENSUS OF 1911.			ONE POST OFFICE SERVES—			ONE LETTER-BOX SERVES—			NUMBER OF POSTAL ARTICLES PER HEAD OF	
		Population.	Literature population.	Square miles.	Population.	Literature population.	Square miles.	Population.	Literature population.	Total number of postal articles (excluding money orders).	Population.	Literature population.
Bengal	154,359	57,294,350	3,440,157	54	21,410	1,236	14	5,085	305	172,174,834	3,01	50'05
Bombay	203,125	29,117,115	2,069,198	68	9,800	707	16	2,345	169	121,315,598	7'26	100'66
Madras	182,111	69,920,175	4,515,546	52	19,900	1,289	15	5,737	370	178,802,558	2'56	39'61
United Provinces	61,886	48,014,280	1,659,107	72	21,402	743	18	5,261	183	111,200,003	2'32	67'02
Punjab and North-West Frontier	295,160	31,975,747	1,123,052	92	9,986	351	32	3,414	120	141,944,532	4'44	126'39
Eastern Bengal and Assam	106,540	34,594,362	2,022,220	52	16,950	991	16	5,106	302	86,075,154	2'49	42'56
Burma	236,738	12,141,676	2,670,878	57	28,041	6,168	94	4,824	1,061	41,696,188	3'43	15'61
Central	282,614	36,422,117	1,030,424	103	21,005	596	75	9,688	272	63,083,673	1'73	61'22
TOTAL	1,622,533	319,479,622	18,560,582	86	17,004	988	24	4,746	276	1,006,342,540	3'15	54'32

† Excluding figures of the Indian post offices at Bagdad, Basrah, and places in the Persian Gulf.

Appendix II.

Statement showing according to circles (1) the estimated* number of unregistered articles of the letter mail given out for delivery and (2) the actual number of registered articles of the letter mail and parcels posted.

Classes of articles.	Bengal.	Bombay.	Madras.	United Provinces.	Panjab and North-West Frontier.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Burma.	Central.	Railway Mail Service.	Total.	
										1912-13.	1911-12.
<i>Articles of the letter mail—</i>											
Paid unregistered letters ...	69,058,893	83,432,792	77,779,083	40,412,495	50,485,705	30,550,356	26,024,705	24,006,092	699,549	408,190,056	372,323,612
Unpaid letters ...	8,557,272	2,353,033	3,373,494	6,559,363	3,357,670	4,223,205	4,279,035	2,406,680	26	36,043,619	35,799,583
Registered letters and packets {	2,157,754	1,780,935	2,904,522	1,566,586	2,061,477	912,753	682,381	878,078	103,386	13,254,242	14,415,849
	Value-payable ...	502,532	348,450	215,358	215,358	170,453	76,277	43,581	.....	1,616,777	1,471,827
Insured letters ...	467,447	163,093	724,655	191,569	182,727	207,975	43,400	75,671	.....	2,059,287	1,887,662
Postcards ...	68,359,001	105,675,964	73,160,314	48,606,156	68,327,752	39,497,510	3,103,647	28,853,739	322,191	435,786,864	424,691,054
Registered newspapers ...	10,395,855	10,347,923	8,540,770	5,609,945	8,194,733	5,750,340	2,716,617	3,061,400	319,751	54,956,826	52,612,161
Ordinary unregistered packets ...	9,756,880	10,657,713	10,358,430	6,344,195	7,477,624	4,277,122	4,256,813	3,009,842	210,452	56,287,771	51,392,914
Total ...	162,167,040	215,730,673	176,986,679	109,937,883	140,147,064	85,556,687	41,182,165	62,785,471	1,704,355	1,003,194,882	854,794,662
<i>Articles of the parcel mail—</i>											
Ordinary registered parcels ...	855,785	549,155	423,432	321,231	587,285	177,156	252,193	164,252	.....	3,065,581	2,892,785
Insured parcels ...	115,583	174,394	103,906	49,451	81,879	27,285	42,677	46,510	.....	647,189	569,240
Value-payable registered parcels ...	537,785	256,555	201,262	173,171	129,155	19,296	168,791	14,680	.....	1,508,397	1,259,425
Ordinary unregistered parcels ...	112,056	178,577	164,555	89,876	60,274	41,168	6,813	27,695	.....	681,045	622,577
Value-payable unregistered parcels and packets	1,677,893	1,163,794	912,534	607,431	931,744	258,082	93,592	43,054	.....	5,895,741	5,153,040
Total ...	3,066,824	2,325,525	1,773,859	1,269,115	1,777,468	524,477	504,023	298,202	.....	11,598,563	10,998,068
GRAND TOTAL	172,174,864	218,056,198	178,760,538	111,200,003	141,924,532	86,075,154	41,686,183	63,083,573	1,704,355	1,014,788,445	965,792,730
Deduct—Number of articles deposited as dead ...	371,632	269,770	283,101	514,748	357,664	114,940	76,939	61,110	.....	2,281,484	2,464,689
Total number delivered ...	171,803,232	217,786,428	178,477,437	110,685,255	141,566,868	85,960,214	41,609,244	62,922,563	1,704,355	1,012,506,961	963,328,041

* Computed from the actual figures of 14 days of the year.

Appendix III.

Statement showing the number of articles dealt with by the Dead Letter Offices.

Names of Dead Letter Offices.	RECEIVED FOR DISPOSAL.*					Total for 1912-13.	Total for 1911-12.
	Unregistered letters and postcards.	Registered newspapers.	Unregistered packets.	Registered letters, post-cards, and packets.	Parcels.		
Bombay	1,352,077	31,568	86,176	30,020	13,529	1,513,770	1,617,624
Calcutta	1,606,112	132,955	264,034	25,142	33,066	2,061,309	1,766,022
Dacca	622,458	1,525	9,372	7,986	4,145	645,516	677,907
Shore	1,122,848	26,225	36,523	9,598	6,793	1,201,987	1,522,492
Lucknow	1,293,703	15,099	27,864	14,296	8,252	1,359,214	1,463,165
Madras	1,029,732	23,921	111,197	69,784	30,561	1,265,195	1,365,603
Nagpur	460,973	3,020	5,702	4,821	1,731	467,247	510,638
Rangoon.	732,717	8,127	16,347	8,368	5,371	770,930	536,156
TOTAL (a)	8,220,650	242,840	557,215	170,015	103,448	9,294,168	9,459,627
(1) Issued for delivery to addressees	3,192,554	63,599	158,755	14,568	17,232	3,446,608	3,409,808
Percentage on total at (a)	38.83	26.19	28.49	8.57	16.66	37.08	36.05
(2) Issued for delivery to senders	3,184,392	164,655	331,570	142,332	81,064	3,803,833	3,976,135
Percentage on total at (a)	38.74	67.80	59.51	83.70	78.38	42.01	41.97
(3) Total of (1) and (2)	6,376,946	228,254	490,325	156,900	98,296	7,350,341	7,379,943
Percentage on total at (a)	77.57	93.99	88.00	92.17	95.04	79.09	78.02
(4) Actually delivered to addressees or senders	6,047,008	227,968	489,547	151,734	96,417	7,012,674	6,994,038
Percentage on (3)	94.83	99.87	99.84	96.83	98.07	95.41	94.78
(5) Returned as undeliverable	329,738	286	778	4,066	1,859	337,667	385,005
Percentage of (5) on (3)	5.17	.13	.16	3.7	1.93	4.59	5.22
(6) Deposited originally as dead	1,843,904	14,586	66,890	13,315	5,132	1,943,827	2,079,684
Percentage of (6) on (a)	22.43	6.01	12.00	7.83	4.96	20.91	21.98
(7) Total deposited as dead	2,173,642	14,872	67,668	17,381	7,031	2,281,494	2,464,689
Percentage of (7) on (a)	26.44	6.12	12.14	10.22	6.80	24.55	26.05

Appendix V (a).

Statement showing the money order business in the last ten years.

YEAR.	INLAND ORDERS.			FOREIGN INCLUDING NATIVE STATE) ORDERS.			GRAND TOTAL.		
	Number.	Amount.	Percentage of increase in number.	Number.	Amount.	Percentage of increase in number.	Number.	Amount.	Percentage of increase in number.
1903-04	16,470,135	29,43,59,136	7'56	596,478	2,67,74,506	7'16	17,066,593	32,11,33,642	7'55
1904-05	17,657,917	31,04,28,794	7'21	642,611	2,88,05,118	7'73	18,300,528	33,92,33,912	7'23
1905-06	19,622,437	33,14,36,803	11'13	673,981	3,11,97,172	4'88	20,296,418	36,26,33,975	10'91
1906-07	20,923,383	35,25,97,091	6'63	697,430	3,45,80,384	3'48	21,620,813	38,71,77,475	6'52
1907-08	22,109,666	37,97,08,358	5'67	737,016	3,82,49,203	5'68	22,846,682	41,79,57,561	5'67
1908-09	23,132,115	39,19,26,114	4'62	745,522	3,58,68,601	1'15	23,877,637	42,77,94,715	4'51
1909-10	23,888,149	39,96,74,848	3'27	781,012	3,60,53,890	4'76	24,669,161	43,57,28,738	3'31
1910-11	24,781,847	41,85,13,444	3'74	851,781	4,15,04,645	9'06	25,633,628	46,00,18,089	3'91
1911-12	26,322,257	44,29,23,702	6'22	921,152	4,42,15,288	8'14	27,243,409	48,71,38,990	6'28
1912-13	28,622,440	47,39,38,492	8'75	994,114	4,88,76,411	7'92	29,618,584	52,28,14,903	8'72

B.—FOREIGN RUPEE ORDERS.				B.—FOREIGN RUPEE ORDERS.			
	R	a.	R	R	a.	R	a.
British East Africa	250	14,751 14	385	17,278	11,80,252 3	19,727	14,79,820 2
Ceylon	15,941	473,739 9	14,541	243,219	72,49,500 1	270,896	79,01,448 3
Federated Malay States	1,122	42,428 1	1,200	51,661	34,92,170 8	66,110	45,87,878 11
German East Africa	25	1,257 11	34	7,096	11,26,781 14	8,008	12,99,566 0
Hong Kong	1,796	1,59,166 0	2,169	5,938	3,56,509 12	8,641	5,45,197 13
Mauritius	479	34,444 15	401	1,203	57,314 11	1,651	74,055 1
North Borneo	3	63 9	4	307	39,451 6	458	45,557 2
Portuguese Settlements (India)	21,569	8,65,795 5	24,471	6,132	1,19,620 14	7,029	1,41,365 14
Sarawak	5	66 7	8	509	46,420 7	581	32,140 12
Seychelles	47	1,8,8 1	62	648	97,595 11	466	37,692 11
Somaliland (Br. Protectorate)	123	5,499 3	130	1,114	43,152 1	2,091	75,348 3
Straits Settlements	1,241	60,076 6	1,291	42,571	25,67,425 8	47,548	28,80,254 12
Zanzibar (Br. Protectorate)	268	36,030 5	172	6,903	5,23,047 9	7,044	5,63,909 14
Siam	58	4,577 15	82	1,065	58,412 1	1,210	55,515 9
TOTAL (B)	41,400	16,90,431 5	44,959	380,124	1,60,57,687 10	441,158	1,97,19,750 11
							1679
C.—NATIVE STATE RUPEE ORDERS.				C.—NATIVE STATE RUPEE ORDERS.			
	R	a.	R	R	a.	R	a.
Chamba	1,454	34,134 6	1,442	3,736	1,01,561 5	3,904	85,007 11
Gwalior	39,734	9,01,940 2	97,724	99,421	20,32,049 4	105,963	21,70,906 8
Jhird	9,405	2,18,645 12	8,807	11,970	3,10,714 14	14,083	3,94,317 6
Nabha	10,132	3,53,032 13	13,634	9,582	2,55,435 5	13,173	2,91,352 6
Patiala	35,476	9,76,537 5	35,004	51,528	9,15,317 14	55,188	10,20,308 7
TOTAL (C)	104,831	24,85,190 6	98,611	176,237	36,15,978 10	192,311	39,61,892 6
							912
GRAND TOTAL, BEING TOTALS OF (A), (B) AND (C)	273,732	1,04,78,586 6	270,879	647,420	3,37,36,702 5	723,235	3,88,27,949 3
							1171
							1361

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APPENDIX V (c).

Statement showing money order transactions with the United Kingdom, British possessions, and foreign countries and with the Native States of India.

NAMES OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND NATIVE STATES WITH WHICH DIRECT EXCHANGES EXIST.	ORDERS ISSUED BY INDIA.						ORDERS PAID IN INDIA.					
	1911-12.			1912-13.			1911-12.			1912-13.		
	Number.	Amount.	Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (-) in number.	Number.	Amount.	Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (-) in number.	Number.	Amount.	Percentage of increase in number.	Number.	Amount.	Percentage of increase in amount.
	A.—FOREIGN STERLING ORDERS.						A.—FOREIGN STERLING ORDERS.					
		£ s. d.			£ s. d.			£ s. d.			£ s. d.	
United Kingdom	105982	354,495 11 4		108,341	358,975 16 8		42,329	345,475 16 3		43,707	389,879 17 5	
Austria	944	2,410 10 0		827	2,849 8 10		326	1,319 1 9		411	2,289 11 9	
British Guiana	31	99 16 4		25	114 14 3		807	2,662 14 7		805	3,411 14 4	
Nyasaland Protectorate	10	12 2 9		10	48 17 7		584	6,345 18 2		481	5,422 9 6	
Denmark	200	611 1 4		346	942 1 3		95	1,079 19 8		127	1,053 3 8	
Egypt	1,079	5,736 2 6		1,145	5,898 17 6		3,595	64,534 10 3		3,734	66,460 12 0	
France	7,904	16,472 7 10		7,873	4,574 8 4		1,703	7,953 6 6		1,983	10,740 18 8	
Germany	5,447	17,628 18 3		6,077	19,224 14 6		2,810	19,611 8 8		3,420	21,520 2 9	
Italy	1,474	8,054 16 1		1,231	7,373 16 4		3,771	121,295 8 6		4,402	142,451 18 8	
Malta	66	379 5 11		102	357 14 1		158	2,795 5 8		183	3,232 3 2	
New South Wales	576	1,864 4 5		618	2,021 16 10		1,579	11,665 10 6		1,744	13,366 10 6	
New Zealand	173	607 5 10		163	761 15 9		1,076	3,950 11 1		1,356	5,545 14 11	
Norway	95	421 2 1		102	488 15 2		41	169 15 11		69	222 15 9	
Queensland	148	540 8 1		152	404 4 10		603	8,844 0 1		623	5,677 4 5	
South Africa, Union of—Provinces of Cape of Good Hope, Orange Free State, Natal, and Transvaal.	422	2,458 17 5		358	1,806 10 2		21,519	261,077 15 8		22,780	284,249 7 11	
South Australia	106	411 4 11		127	354 0 0		521	2,315 6 6		514	2,301 18 7	
Switzerland	528	2,222 15 5		639	2,658 19 8		284	972 11 3		346	1,284 2 8	
Tasmania	171	454 6 6		193	750 17 9		203	495 0 10		228	585 16 10	
Trinidad	18	193 0 4		18	132 18 4		965	3,912 14 0		834	3,617 17 11	
Victoria	738	2,826 14 5		690	2,763 18 4		1,332	6,723 5 8		1,349	6,744 17 2	
Western Australia	206	1,238 14 6		198	802 14 0		668	4,377 13 3		470	6,321 9 7	

NAMES OF CIRCLES.	NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS.				Number of Sub-Banks.	Interest.				Total.	Withdrawals.				Balance.	Average number of depositors per bank.	Average balance in each bank.		Average balance at credit of each depositor.											
	Number of Head Branches.	Opening balance.		Opened during the year.		Closed during the year.	Balance.	Opening balance.			Deposits.	Interest.	Total.				Withdrawals.			Balance.	Average number of depositors per bank.	Average balance in each bank.								
		No.	No.					No.	No.				No.	No.			No.	No.				No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Bengal	34	1,654	324,577	51,741	36,491	33,474	3,181	320,168	51,741	3,181	2,56,79,063	11	7	15,47,63	13	11	27,50,8,044	10	10	2,71,65,878	2	1	5,39,28,166	8	9	233,87	39,392	38	168,43	
Bombay	30	1,339	308,012	48,300	3,181	320,168	51,741	3,181	2,56,79,063	11	7	15,47,63	13	11	27,50,8,044	10	10	2,71,65,878	2	1	5,39,28,166	8	9	233,87	39,392	38	168,43			
Burma	22	263	67,729	17,378	14,705	70,932	14,705	70,932	14,705	70,932	14,705	70,932	14,705	70,932	14,705	70,932	14,705	70,932	14,705	70,932	14,705	70,932	14,705	70,932	14,705	70,932	14,705	70,932	14,705	70,932
Central	21	885	75,416	16,432	13,036	78,812	13,036	78,812	13,036	78,812	13,036	78,812	13,036	78,812	13,036	78,812	13,036	78,812	13,036	78,812	13,036	78,812	13,036	78,812	13,036	78,812	13,036	78,812	13,036	78,812
Eastern Bengal and Assam	24	1,031	164,210	27,018	2,357	171,871	2,357	171,871	2,357	171,871	2,357	171,871	2,357	171,871	2,357	171,871	2,357	171,871	2,357	171,871	2,357	171,871	2,357	171,871	2,357	171,871	2,357	171,871	2,357	171,871
Madras	38	1,709	211,704	47,405	34,220	214,189	47,405	34,220	214,189	47,405	34,220	214,189	47,405	34,220	214,189	47,405	34,220	214,189	47,405	34,220	214,189	47,405	34,220	214,189	47,405	34,220	214,189	47,405	34,220	214,189
Punjab and N.W. F.	40	862	170,144	42,843	42,085	176,988	42,085	176,988	42,085	176,988	42,085	176,988	42,085	176,988	42,085	176,988	42,085	176,988	42,085	176,988	42,085	176,988	42,085	176,988	42,085	176,988	42,085	176,988	42,085	176,988
United Provinces	46	1,462	179,052	45,334	40,760	184,226	40,760	184,226	40,760	184,226	40,760	184,226	40,760	184,226	40,760	184,226	40,760	184,226	40,760	184,226	40,760	184,226	40,760	184,226	40,760	184,226	40,760	184,226	40,760	184,226
Total for 1912-13	255	9,205	1,500,834	301,067	238,041	1,566,860	238,041	1,566,860	238,041	1,566,860	238,041	1,566,860	238,041	1,566,860	238,041	1,566,860	238,041	1,566,860	238,041	1,566,860	238,041	1,566,860	238,041	1,566,860	238,041	1,566,860	238,041	1,566,860	238,041	1,566,860
Total for 1911-12	260	9,242	1,430,451	287,803	217,410	1,500,834	217,410	1,500,834	217,410	1,500,834	217,410	1,500,834	217,410	1,500,834	217,410	1,500,834	217,410	1,500,834	217,410	1,500,834	217,410	1,500,834	217,410	1,500,834	217,410	1,500,834	217,410	1,500,834	217,410	1,500,834
Increase (+) or decrease (-)	-5	-37	+70,383	+16,264	+20,621	+66,026	+20,621	+66,026	+20,621	+66,026	+20,621	+66,026	+20,621	+66,026	+20,621	+66,026	+20,621	+66,026	+20,621	+66,026	+20,621	+66,026	+20,621	+66,026	+20,621	+66,026	+20,621	+66,026	+20,621	+66,026
Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (-).	-1.92	-4.0	+4.92	+5.65	+9.48	+4.39	+9.48	+4.39	+9.48	+4.39	+9.48	+4.39	+9.48	+4.39	+9.48	+4.39	+9.48	+4.39	+9.48	+4.39	+9.48	+4.39	+9.48	+4.39	+9.48	+4.39	+9.48	+4.39	+9.48	+4.39

* This includes Rs. 2,10,34,170-7-5 balance of accounts transferred from one post office to another.

Appendix VII.

Statement showing according to circles the number of cases in which servants of the Post Office were held to be guilty of offences punishable by law and the number punished in these cases.

NAMES OF CIRCLES.	ASCERTAINED CASES AGAINST POST OFFICE SERVANTS.				TOTAL.
	CONVICTIONS IN COURTS OF LAW.		DEPARTMENTAL PUNISHMENTS.		
	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.	
Bengal	24	24	21	23	45
Bombay	43	43	22	22	65
Madras	47	44	33	21	70
United Provinces	18	18	28	28	46
Punjab and North-West Frontier	47	33	18	18	65
Burma	36	36	8	9	34
Eastern Bengal and Assam	39	30	8	8	37
Central	41	31	11	11	52
Railway Mail Service	14	11	44	23	58
Total for 1912-13	289	260	183	165	473
Total for 1911-12	290	267	204	201	503

Notes :—The figures in this Appendix show the cases in which punishment was awarded during the year, as it is only when a case is closed that it can be entered with certainty as having been committed by a Post Office servant. Besides the 472 cases shown above, there were 93 cases in which postal servants were charged with offences but no punishment was imposed owing to the cases not being concluded or to the death or escape of the offenders.

Appendix VIII.

Statement showing the Post Office staff.

DIRECTION.	OFFICE OF ACCOUNTS.			BENGAL.	BOMBAY.	MAHARAS.	UNITED PROVINCES.			PUNJAB AND N.W.F.	BURMA.	CENTRAL.	EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.	RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE.	TOTAL.
	1912.	1913.	1914.				1912.	1913.	1914.						
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Deputy Directors-General of the Post Office	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Assistant Directors-General of the Post Office	4	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Assistant-General, Post Office and Telegraphs	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Deputy Assistant-General, Post Office and Telegraphs	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Assistant Accountants-General, Post Office and Telegraphs	6	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
Postmasters-General, Deputy Postmasters-General and Telegraphs	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Superintendents, Probationary Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents and Inspectors	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Postmasters, including Deputy Assistant, Sub and Branch Postmasters	129	129	129	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	129
Miscellaneous Agents, Schoolmasters, Station Masters, etc.	74	74	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	74
Clerks (English and Vernacular)	121	121	121	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	121
Postmen and other servants . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Village Postmen . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Road Establishment, consisting of Overmen, Runners, Clerks and Booking Agents, Boatmen, Sycas, Coachmen, Bearers and others.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

COMBINED OFFICERS.
Signallers (whole-time) 1,116 1,172
Messengers and other servants 2,446 2,546

	Number of combined offices open on 31st March, 1913.	Total cost incurred by the Post Office in working combined offices during the year and debited to the Telegraph Department.	NUMBER OF MESSAGES.			Revenue realised during the year on sent messages (Inland and Foreign).	REMARKS.
			Sent, Inland and Foreign (excluding "Free").	Received.	Transit.		
		R a. p.				R a. p.	
Total for 1912-13 ...	2,880	14,03,286 0 3	8,415,817	7,152,269	1,705,988	48,23,789 0 0	
Total for 1911-12 ...	2,713	13,31,676 0 5	7,677,075	6,591,248	1,562,774	42,09,547 3 0	
Increase ...	147	71,589 15 10	738,742	561,021	143,192	4,14,241 13 0	
Percentage of increase ...	5'42	5'37	9'62	8'51	9'16	9'84	

Statement showing the operations of the scheme of Life Insurance, Endowment Assurance, and Monthly Allowances.

	LIFE INSURANCE.				ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE.				GRAND TOTAL.				MONTHLY ALLOWANCES.			
	Number of lives insured.	Amount insured.	Amount received in premium (including fines and medical fees).	Amount of claims met including cost of establishment maintained for the insurance.	Number of lives insured.	Amount insured.	Amount received in premium (including fines and medical fees).	Amount of claims met including cost of establishment maintained for the insurance.	Amount insured.	Amount received in premium (including fines and medical fees).	Amount of claims met including cost of establishment maintained for the insurance.	Number of lives insured.	Amount of monthly allowances secured.	Amount of subscriptions received.	R A. P.	Claims for monthly allowances met including cost of establishment maintained for the insurance.
Post Office	129	1,53,650	65,035 9 5	76,952 8 6	614	5,40,273	2,58,638 12 7	1,34,252 14 7	R A. P.	R A. P.	R A. P.	743	...	3,23,674 6 0	2,11,215 7 1	6,63,923
Telegraph Department	24	31,350	27,618 8 8	38,209 2 0	74	1,24,657	72,128 9 3	27,416 11 10	98	1,56,007	99,747 1 11	65,625 13 10	...	...	...	701 4 0
Public Works Department	13	33,100	11,609 7 4	4,092 0 0	58	98,752	63,478 1 4	34,712 2 11	71	1,31,852	75,087 8 8	38,804 2 11	...	112 8 0	112 8 0	342 4 0
Local Fund	10	14,500	2,894 14 4	138 0 0	43	58,350	20,001 2 10	6,219 11 8	53	72,750	22,866 1 2	6,357 11 8	4 0 0	540 9 4	540 9 4	6,946 3 0
Other Civil Departments	180	3,19,200	1,18,447 0 4	29,559 14 4	707	12,11,268	6,18,160 11 1	2,26,650 5 11	887	15,30,168	7,36,607 11 5	2,56,210 4 3	36 0 0	3,123 0 8	3,123 0 8	1,133 5 10
Military Departments	23	38,000	9,176 3 8	4,591 0 0	45	62,000	20,454 0 2	16,861 11 3	68	1,00,000	39,660 3 10	21,452 11 3	...	9 6 0	9 6 0	48 4 0
Total for 1912-13	(a) 379	5,89,800	2,34,761 11	91,58,542 8 10	(b) 1,641	20,96,200	10,62,891 5 3	4,48,123 10 2	1,920	28,85,000	12,97,873 1 0	5,98,688 9 0	(c) 3	40 0 0	3,885 12 0	9,177 8 10
TOTAL FOR 1911-12	440	6,78,237	2,23,329 3 5	1,62,182 14 0	2,056	23,76,640	9,99,607 7 6	3,79,114 5 2	2,496	30,48,877	12,22,336 10 11	5,41,097 3 2	4	43 15 0	4,657 12 4	10,282 5 5
Increase . . . . .	...	...	11,452 8 4	...	...	...	63,283 13 9	67,009 5 0	...	...	74,736 6 1	58,368 15 10	...	...	...	...
Decrease	61	88,437	...	8,640 5 2	515	2,75,440	...	...	576	3,63,877	...	...	3 15 0	822 0 4	822 0 4	1,104 12 7

	Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.		Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.		Asiatic.	Non-Asiatic.
(a) 1912-13	363	16	(b) 1912-13	1,480	61	(c) 1912-13	2	1
1911-12	433	24	1911-12	2,004	52	1911-12	4	0

LIFE INSURANCE.				ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE.				MONTHLY ALLOWANCES.			
Receipts—		R	a. p.	Receipts—		R	a. p.	Receipts—		R	a. p.
Balance on 1st April, 1912	...	...	24,790 1 10	Balance on 1st April, 1912	...	...	60,447 48 3 20	Balance on 1st April, 1912	...	...	91,308 2 8
Premium realised on Life Insurance Policies during 1912-13.	...	234,511 12 0	...	Premium realised on Endowment Assurance Policies during 1912-13.	...	10,61,928 15 3	...	Subscriptions realised during 1912-13	...	369 8 8	...
Fines realised during 1912-13	...	153 15 9	...	Fines realised during 1912-13	...	587 14 0	...	Amount paid in lump for purchase of immediate monthly allowances.	...	3,466 3 4	...
Medical fees realised during 1912-13	...	16 0 0	...	Medical fees realised during 1912-13	...	374 8 0	...	Fines realised during 1912-13	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	234,581 11 9	TOTAL	...	...	10,62,891 5 3	TOTAL	...	...	3,835 12 0
Payments—		R	a. p.	Payments—		R	a. p.	Payments—		R	a. p.
Life Insurance Policies paid	...	1,21,683 14 8	...	Endowment Assurance Policies paid	...	3,48,799 9 11	...	Allowances paid	...	5,062 8 10	...
Surrender values paid	...	22,457 5 6	...	Surrender values paid	...	68,362 1 11	...	Surrender values paid	...	...	...
Medical fees paid	...	2,500 0 0	...	Medical fees paid	...	4,996 0 0	...	Refunds of subscription	...	...	...
Refunds of medical fees	...	4 0 0	...	Refunds of medical fees	...	28 8 0	...	Cost of postal establishment, including printing, etc.	...	115 0 0	...
Refunds	...	498 4 8	...	Refunds	...	1,230 6 4	...		...	...	...
Cost of postal establishment, including printing, etc.	...	6,399 0 0	...	Cost of postal establishment, including printing, etc.	...	22,707 0 0	...		...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	1,53,542 8 10	TOTAL	...	...	4,46,123 10 2	TOTAL	...	...	9,177 5 10
Interest on balance	...	...	88,790 8 9	Interest on balance	...	...	2,23,946 2 8	Interest on balance	...	...	3,031 2 8
Balance on 31st March, 1913	...	...	26,49,129 12 9	Balance on 31st March 1913	...	...	68,55,462 0 11	Balance on 31st March, 1913	...	...	89,054 8 6

* Revised figures.

Appendix

Statement showing the receipts and charges of

RECEIPTS.	Amount.	
	R	R
Postage realised in cash	14,54,324	
DEDUCT—Refund of Postage	853	
		14,53,461
Gross sale of Ordinary Postage and Unified stamps	370,63,033	
DEDUCT—Civil Department share	19,00,800	
Net payments made by India in respect of correspondence and parcels exchanged between it and other countries.	2,25,083	
	21,25,883	
Net Post Office and Telegraph Department share of sale of Ordinary stamps	3,49,37,148	
Gross sale of Service Postage stamps	53,70,977	
Total Post Office and Telegraph Department share of sale of stamps	4,03,08,125	
DEDUCT—Telegraph Department share	1,37,05,581	
Net Post Office share of sale of Postage and Unified stamps . . . . .	...	2,66,02,545
Passenger Service Receipts . . . . .	...	18,716
Receipts on account of Money Orders . . . . .	...	56,56,463
Receipts on account of British Postal Orders . . . . .	...	16,537
Fees and Petty Receipts:—		
Fees for Window Delivery Tickets	27,638	
Contributions from private individuals and Native States	29,697	
Other Petty Receipts	1,23,814	
TOTAL	1,81,169	

Office.

CHARGES.		Amount.	
I.—POSTAL SERVICE.		R	R
L	Salaries	5,68,853	
	Establishment	10,20,348	
	Other charges	8,22,152	
	Grain Compensation Allowance	5,815	
	Other Special Items	2,218	
		24,19,386	
DEDUCT—Proportion of charges debitable to Telegraph Department		10,978	24,08,408
RE OF INT AND DIT.	Salaries	98,739	
	Establishment	6,40,195	
	Other charges	79,817	
	Grain Compensation Allowance	1,696	
	Other Special Items	128	
		8,20,575	
DEDUCT—Cost of Accountant-General's Office debitable to Telegraph Department.		21,200	7,99,375
ENCY AND RICT ICES.	Salaries	13,57,600	
	Establishment	1,33,67,966	
	Other charges	25,37,193	
	Grain Compensation Allowance	2,77,646	
	Other Special Items	78,346	
			1,76,18,751
ANCE OF ILS.	Subsidies	20,10,900	
	Road Establishment and charges	20,06,898	
	Ferry and Boat Establishment and charges	30,830	
	Gratuities to Masters of Ships	2,758	
	Passenger Service Establishment and charges	59,082	
	Special Train Hire	2,22,735	
	Construction of Vans	5,826	
	Other Payments to Railways	21,50,704	
	Grain Compensation Allowance	93,049	
	Other Special Items	12,210	
			65,94,992
ERY AND TING.	Stationery supplied by Superintendents, Government Printing	6,51,020	
	Stationery supplied from Central stores	2,55,833	
	Stationery purchased in the country	1,268	
	Printing at Government (including Jail) Presses	2,72,154	
	Printing at Private Presses	13,503	
	Printing at Departmental Presses. { Establishment	48,479	
	Other charges	43,081	
	Grain Compensation Allowance	311	
	Other Special Items	158	
		12,85,807	
DEDUCT—Recovery from the Telegraph Department		49,494	12,36,313
ANEIOUS	Aligarh Work-shop. { Salaries	8,200	
	Establishment	12,040	
	Other charges	2,330	
	Cost of Postage and Unified stamps	8,18,892	
	Compensation for lost or damaged insured and other articles	15,165	
	Receptacles for foreign mails and cost of repairs	47,129	
	Other miscellaneous charges	18,521	
			9,22,277
TOTAL CHARGES AS PER POST OFFICE ACCOUNTS . . . . .		...	2,95,80,116

Appendix

Statement showing the receipts and charges of.

RECEIPTS.		A m t.	
		Rs	Rs
DEDUCT—Refund of Window Delivery Fees		26	...
Refund of other Petty Receipts		11,139	...
	TOTAL .	11,165	
			1,70,004
TOTAL RECEIPTS AS PER POST OFFICE ACCOUNTS	{ For 1912-13 .	...	3,30,17,726
	{ FOR 1911-12 .	...	3,20,40,516

XII—contd.

the Post Office.

CHARGES.		Amount.	
		R	R
II.—CHARGES NOT SHOWN IN THE POST OFFICE ACCOUNTS BUT DEBITED TO THE POST OFFICE IN THE FINANCE AND REVENUE ACCOUNTS.			
Stores from England		360	
Payments under Postal arrangements with the Lords of the Treasury		8,18,820	
			8,19,180
GRAND TOTAL .	{ For 1912-13 .	...	3,03,99,296
	{ FOR 1911-12 .	...	3,00,54,916

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT. (RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		MEAN MILEAGE WORKED.		TOTAL EARNINGS FOR THE LAST		EARNINGS PER MILE OPEN FOR		TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO		Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	During official year 1912-13.	R	1912.	1913.	10 days of September 1912.	10 days of September 1913.	10 days of September 1912.	10 days of September 1913.	30th September 1912.	30th September 1913.			
State and Guaranteed Railways.													
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	319		2,495	2,571	10,17,666	11,73,000	408	456	1,92,65,508	1,95,74,000	3,08,102	...	...
Bezwada Extension	359		21	21	9,335	10,100	445	493	1,85,443	2,05,000	1,457	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	660		946	946	7,29,608	7,93,000	771	809	1,53,25,993	1,55,91,000	10,65,707	...	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3 1/2" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	430		1,551	1,578	11,59,167	12,65,000	743	802	1,58,29,591	1,63,36,000	5,06,406	...	...
East Indian	78		2,455	2,551	30,02,628	30,45,000	1,223	1,152	5,15,02,453	4,94,17,000	...	20,85,453	...
Great Indian Peninsula (including Indian Midland)	623		2,473	2,537	18,21,917	20,24,000	777	705	3,61,45,632	3,84,01,000	20,55,368	...	18
Agra-Delhi Chord	399		126	126	53,043	60,500	411	480	10,01,018	10,01,000	...	...	13,735
Faran-Kotali	86		40	40	7,211	8,000	180	200	1,00,126	85,400	...	...	...
Bhopal-Ikarsi.	510		57	57	50,233	52,700	585	925	8,00,015	9,06,000	1,05,985	...	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3 1/2" gauge lines)	269		2,585	2,585	8,54,099	8,82,000	330	341	1,81,69,337	1,87,84,000	6,21,663	...	...
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	446		3,812	3,977	25,80,016	19,80,000	677	504	4,70,58,613	4,48,51,000	...	21,77,613	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3 1/2" link)	295		1,591	1,600	5,93,479	6,78,000	374	424	1,25,68,127	1,19,01,000	...	6,97,127	(a) Opened from 21st April 1913.
Cawnpore-Banda (a)	...		...	33	...	1,200	...	37	...	22,200	...	...	...
Hardwar-Dehra	267		32	32	11,652	15,500	364	484	2,19,260	2,47,000	27,740	...	...
Assam-Bengal	155		805	805	1,83,936	2,40,000	229	209	3,37,837	30,93,000	55,163	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	328		1,928	1,828	6,77,735	6,77,000	371	370	1,52,65,856	1,35,73,000	...	16,93,856	...
Burma	280		1,545	1,552	5,44,321	5,74,000	352	370	98,12,943	1,00,34,000	11,01,057	...	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	209		124	124	44,173	48,000	356	367	6,65,049	7,78,000	1,12,051	...	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	153		281	287	48,038	55,700	171	194	11,38,104	11,73,000	34,896	...	...
Mysore (including Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	172		411	411	92,011	96,400	224	235	17,85,928	18,20,000	34,072	...	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	379		1,396	1,451	7,25,979	8,20,000	364	555	1,39,41,714	1,44,53,000	5,11,285	...	...
Travancore Branch	147		108	108	22,867	24,600	148	228	4,23,519	4,45,000	21,481	...	...
Tirhoot	242		774	792	2,24,543	1,99,000	290	251	46,12,916	45,85,000	...	27,916	...
Jorhat (Provincial)	78		30	30	3,103	3,700	104	123	60,968	58,800	...	2,168	...
TOTAL	415	25,497	25,992	25,992	1,44,57,760	1,47,21,500	567	566	26,91,57,513	26,90,65,400	...	92,213	...

	179	114	114	114	25,000	228	427	5,71,777	5,67,000	...	4,777
Bhopal-Ujjain	71	148	148	148	18,500	104	135	2,95,752	2,94,000	...	...
Bina-Gaona-Baran	332	192	192	192	86,500	448	451	1,77,121	1,56,400	...	12,121
Delhi-Umbala-Kalka	104	16	16	16	2,000	142	125	36,715	62,200	25,485	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	...	...	...	...	7,000	...	71	...	96,400	9,400	...
Jalandhar Doab (b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	971	...
Kharpur-Chachran	182	22	22	22	500	32	23	14,629	15,600	...	...
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakkhal	169	34	34	34	15,000	276	190	3,62,345	3,48,000	...	14,345
Nagda-Ujjain	311	334	334	334	6,135	180	191	1,05,227	1,41,000	...	24,227
Nizam's Guaranteed State	172	34	34	34	1,67,000	415	500	27,52,192	30,05,000	2,52,808	...
Petlad-Cambay	348	103	103	103	6,300	184	185	1,57,804	1,48,000	...	9,864
Rajpur-Bhatinda	230	425	425	425	53,922	499	537	10,85,571	9,80,000	...	1,05,571
Southern Punjab	142	155	155	155	1,30,000	323	301	26,83,847	24,38,000	...	244,847
Southern Punjab—"Ludhiana" Extension	47	208	208	208	30,000	185	191	5,81,372	6,21,000	39,678	...
Setlej Valley	176	155	155	155	12,410	60	77	2,39,924	2,85,000	45,076	...
Tapti Valley	333	22	22	22	29,700	179	192	6,73,804	5,83,000	...	90,804
Tarapur	...	...	...	...	6,400	517	291	1,93,540	1,77,000	...	16,540
Ahmedabad-Dholka	70	34	34	34	2,500	67	74	68,056	63,000	...	5,056
Ahmedabad-Parantij (including Brahmakhed Extension)	76	89	89	89	7,100	84	81	1,71,180	1,80,000	8,820	...
Bengal and North-Western	182	1,174	1,240	1,240	2,16,000	219	174	55,73,545	52,86,000	...	2,87,545
Bengal-Doonars	181	153	153	153	53,200	256	348	6,68,842	7,47,000	73,158	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	124	52	52	52	7,500	159	152	1,03,316	1,74,000	10,684	...
Bhavnagar (including Dhrangadra)	150	194	227	227	44,000	174	164	7,63,359	7,51,000	...	10,359
Cooch Behar	163	33	33	33	6,200	183	185	1,18,193	1,25,000	6,507	...
Dibru-Sadiya	239	86	86	86	36,400	495	423	6,21,151	6,77,000	53,849	...
Gaekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	78	184	184	184	17,000	89	92	3,72,112	3,00,000	17,888	...
Gondal-Portbandar (including Jetalsar-Rajkot)	121	194	211	211	37,100	173	176	6,01,314	6,50,000	48,786	...
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley (including Hingoli Branch)	192	442	442	442	94,600	174	214	20,95,085	18,37,000	...	2,59,085
Jaipur	87	73	73	73	7,300	104	100	1,63,900	1,40,000	...	17,939
Jamnagar	...	...	...	...	5,894	109	124	1,17,343	1,46,000	28,657	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	107	910	1,020	1,020	2,23,000	161	216	27,03,757	29,33,000	2,29,243	...
Junagadh	93	100	113	113	15,200	166	135	2,42,903	2,98,000	55,017	...
Kolhapur	210	29	29	29	7,000	20	241	1,40,720	1,62,000	21,280	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhndo (including Khadro Section)	40	100	100	100	6,500	45	65	81,095	69,700	17,505	...
Morvi (including Vankar-Morvi, 2" 6" gauge)	148	53	93	93	12,700	183	137	3,61,451	2,87,000	...	74,451
Mysenigh-Jamalpur-Jaganathganj	142	55	55	55	17,400	139	116	1,55,572	2,20,000	73,425	...
Rohilkund and Kumaon	143	268	268	268	56,096	209	178	10,87,000	10,68,000	...	19,000
Sangli	146	5	5	5	1,000	149	200	16,502	20,300	3,938	...
Shoranur-Cochin	187	65	65	65	13,943	150	251	3,01,829	3,20,000	15,171	...
Tanjore District Board	175	103	103	103	26,400	169	256	4,90,623	5,45,000	54,377	...
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	95	67	67	67	7,300	123	109	1,51,466	1,34,000	...	20,466
Bansi	96	116	116	116	14,400	148	124	4,48,410	4,87,000	37,500	...
Champaner-Shivrajpur	92	20	20	20	2,400	124	105	40,766	45,700	2,934	...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	89	118	118	118	12,000	94	101	2,67,501	2,95,000	27,490	...
Koamba-Zankhwar	14	26	26	26	400	14	15	(c) 10,412	15,500	2,338	...
Nadiad-Kapadvanj (d)	...	...	...	...	2,400	...	86	...	55,100	55,100	...
Rajpipla	62	37	37	37	2,324	63	62	5,43,350	62,100	7,750	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	430	51	51	51	36,856	723	941	5,67,336	6,05,000	37,664	...
Pipar Road-Bhavi (e)	...	...	...	...	700	...	28	...	12,900	12,900	...
Total	163	7,027	7,427	7,427	16,21,100	214	218	3,02,55,314	3,04,79,800	2,24,256	...
GRAND TOTAL	360	32,524	33,419	33,419	1,63,42,700	491	459	29,94,13,127	29,95,45,200	1,32,073	...

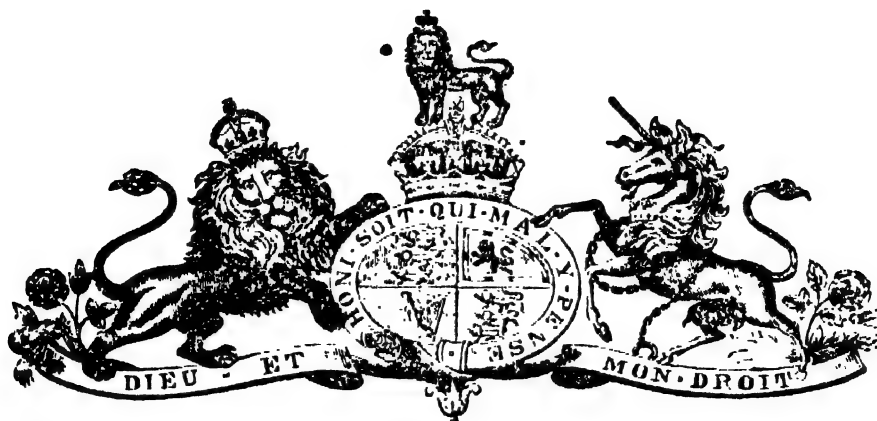
(b) From 1st June 1912.
(c) From 1st June 1912.
(d) From 1st June 1912.
(e) From 1st June 1912.

(f) Earnings reported from March 1913.

Simla the 16th October 1913.

C. F. ANDERSON, Major, R.E.,
Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.

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Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th October, 1913.

No. 56.—Mr. G. R. Ridge, a Superintendent in the Legislative Department, is permitted to retire from the service with effect from the 1st November, 1913.

No. 57.—In consequence of the retirement of Mr. G. R. Ridge, a Superintendent in the Legislative Department, with effect from the 1st November, 1913, Mr. C. H. Pereira is appointed a Superintendent in his place.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 22nd October, 1913.

No. 2242.—Rai Sahib Abinas Chandra Koar, a Superintendent in the Home Department, is placed on special duty with the Royal Commission on the Public Services in India with effect from the 22nd October 1913.

No. 2245.—The following acting arrangements in the grades of Superintendents in the Home Department are sanctioned with effect from the 22nd October 1913:—

Mr. H. C. Marsden to continue to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade;

Mr. Prasanna Kumar Basu to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade, until the return of Mr. J. H. Frost from privilege leave;

Mr. Ramani Mohan Ganguli to continue to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade;

Mr. R. S. D'Arcy to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade, until the return of Mr. J. H. Frost from privilege leave.

The 24th October, 1913.

No. 2284.—Mr. J. B. Wingate has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 3rd September 1913.

JUDICIAL.

The 20th October, 1913.

No. 1801.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 527, sub-section (1), of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the criminal case, All India Banking and Insurance Company, Limited, *versus* Rajani Benode Chakrabatti, Jogesh Chandra Guha, and Mahendra Lal Guha, accused under sections 403, 420, 467 and 477 of the Indian Penal Code, from the Court of the Additional District Magistrate of Lahore in the Punjab to that of the District Magistrate of Chittagong in Bengal.

The 22nd October, 1913.

No. 1811.—In the Home Department Notification No. 982-C., dated the 7th February 1913, appointing Mr. Alexander Kinney to officiate as Administrator General, Bengal, after the words "from the 4th February 1913" add the words "or until further orders".

The 24th October, 1913.

No. 1832.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (XXVI of 1881), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the person for the time being holding the office of City Deputy Collector, Karachi, to be a Notary Public and to exercise his functions as such within that city.

MEDICAL.

The 22nd October, 1913.

No. 887.—The services of Colonel R. Robertson, M.B., I.M.S., are placed permanently at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 30th June 1913.

No. 892.—The services of Colonel R. W. S. Lyons M.D., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the 1st November 1913.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 20th October, 1913.

No. 2564 Est.-A.—Captain H. R. N. Pritchard of the Political Department is posted as Political Officer, Bundi, with effect from the 5th October, 1913.

No. 2571 Est.-A.—Lieutenant E. J. D. Colvin of the Political Department was posted temporarily as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India from the 20th September to the 7th October, 1913, inclusive.

No. 2572-Est.-1.—Rai Bahadur Pandit Nand Lal, I. S. O., Extra Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, held charge of the current duties of the office of Second Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India in addition to his own duties, from the 20th September to the 7th October, 1913, inclusive.

No. 2573-Est.-A.—Major A. B. Drummond of the Political Department is posted as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with effect from the 8th October, 1913.

No. 2576-Est.-A.—Mr. A. N. L. Cater of the Political Department is granted combined leave (privilege leave to the amount due, and the balance furlough) for eighteen months, with effect from the 26th September, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b), Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2579-Est.-A.—Mr. C. W. Waddington, C.I.E., M.V.O., Principal of the Mayo College, Ajmer, is granted furlough for one year and one month, with effect from the 10th October, 1913, under Article 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2580-Est.-A.—Mr S. F. Madden, Assistant Master in the Mayo College, Ajmer is appointed to officiate as Principal of the College, with effect from the 10th October, 1913 and until further orders.

The 21st October, 1913.

No. 2593-Est.-A—Mr. S. E. Pears of the Political Department, is posted, on return from leave, as Political Agent, Khyber, with effect from the 7th October, 1913.

No. 2594-Est.-A.—Major W. J. Keen of the Political Department is posted as Additional Divisional and Sessions Judge, Peshawar, with effect from the 7th October 1913.

The 22nd October, 1913.

No. 2606-Est.-A.—Major T. S. B. Williams, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Civil Surgeon, Dera Ismail Khan, with effect from the 1st September, 1913.

No. 2607-Est.-A.—Major J. Husband, Indian Medical Service, an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Civil Surgeon, Wano Agency, with effect from the 12th September, 1913.

No. 2608-Est.-A.—Major de V. Condon, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, on return from leave is posted as Civil Surgeon, Hazara, with effect from the 26th September, 1913.

No. 1971-G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4, 10, 11, 17 and 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), in the modified form in which the said Act is in force in British Baluchistan, and in supersession of all previous Notifications on the same subject, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the sub-joined rules relating to arms, ammunition and military stores :

Provided that all exemptions, exclusions or withdrawals made, all licenses or duplicates granted or renewed, all fees imposed, levied, remitted or reduced and all powers conferred by or under any Notification hereby superseded, and in force at the commencement of this Notification, shall, so far as they are consistent herewith, be deemed to have been respectively made, granted, renewed, imposed, levied, remitted, reduced or conferred hereunder.

The Rules.

Short-title.

1. These rules may be called the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, all words and expressions which are defined in the General Clauses Act, 1897, shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them thereby, and the Provisions of Sections 9, 10 and 13 to 19 of the said Act shall be deemed to apply as if these rules were an enactment made by the Governor General in Council after the commencement of the said Act.

Interpretation.

Application of the Act.

Exemption, exclusion and withdrawal.

3. (1) Under Section 27 :—

(a) the persons and classes of persons, and

(b) the arms, ammunition and military stores specified or described in the First and Second Schedules are respectively exempted to the extent there indicated from the operation of prohibitions and directions contained in the Act.

(2) The exemptions specified in the First Schedule are conferred subject to the condition that they shall not be deemed to render lawful the import of arms or ammunition through the medium of the Post Office.

4. For the purposes of the definition of "Military Stores" contained in Section 4, all sections of the Act are extended throughout British Baluchistan to all lead, sulphur and saltpetre.

Extension.

Imports.

Restrictions upon import of cannon and certain other articles.

5. (1) A license for the import of :—

- (a) Cannon,
- (b) War-rockets,
- (c) Machinery for the Manufacture of arms and ammunition,

• Form I.

shall not be granted* save under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

- (2) A copy of every license granted in accordance with Sub-rule (1) shall be forthwith sent to the Magistrate of the district to which the articles are consigned.

Restriction upon import of certain rifles.

- 6 (1) A license shall not be granted for the import—

- (a) of rifles of '303 bore or of '450 bore, or parts of or fittings for rifles of such bores, or, save as provided by rule 23, of ammunition which can be fired from such rifles, or
- (b) save by special order, certified under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, of rifles, or parts of or fittings for rifles, of any other bore.
- (c) of any arms or ammunition through the medium of the Post Office.

- (2) Nothing in Sub-rule (1), Clause (b), shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect the power to grant a license for the import of rifles, or parts of or fittings for rifles, which, in the opinion of the authority granting the license, are intended in good faith for sporting purposes.

7. (1) Save as otherwise provided by Rules 5 and 6, a license for the import into British Baluchistan of arms, ammunition or military stores may be granted by the Magistrate of the district to which such arms, ammunition or military stores are consigned.

Import of arms, ammunition and military stores.
Form II.

- (2) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported from a Native State, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent to the Political Agent for such State.

- (3) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported by road, and consigned to a district other than a frontier district, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent to the Magistrate of the district into which they cross the frontier, and such Magistrate may, in his discretion, require the licensee to produce them for his inspection before allowing them to leave the district.

- (4) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported by rail, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent by the authority granting it to the Railway Authorities at the place to which such arms, ammunition or stores are consigned.

8. (1) The Railway Authorities to whom a copy of a license has been sent under Rule 7, Sub-rule (4), shall require the consignee to produce the original license and shall satisfy themselves :—

Scrutiny by Railway Authorities of consignment.

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or stores claimed by him correspond with the description given in such license, and
 - (b) that such license is identical in substance with a copy sent to them.
- (2) Where in any case referred to in Sub-rule (1) —
- (a) the consignee fails to produce the original license, or
 - (b) the arms, ammunition or stores claimed by him do not correspond with the description given in such license, or
 - (c) the license is not identical in substance with the copy sent to the Railway Authorities, such authorities shall not deliver the consignment, and shall forthwith inform the nearest Magistrate.

Production and delivery of import licenses.

9. (1) The consignee of arms, ammunition or military stores imported under a license shall—

- (a) within six days of the articles reaching their destination, deliver the import license to the Magistrate of the district, and
- (b) in any case in which the consignment crosses the frontier by road, produce the import license, within six days of such crossing, before the Magistrate of the district into which the consignment so crosses, or other officer empowered by him in this behalf.

- (2) Every officer before whom a license is produced, or to whom a license is delivered under Sub-rule (1), shall satisfy himself :—

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in the license, and
- (b) that any deficiency is properly accounted for

Export.

10. (1) A license for the export of arms, ammunition or military stores to any place beyond the frontier of British Baluchistan may be granted—
Export of arms, ammunition or military stores to certain Native States.
 Form III.

- (a) under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, or
- (b) by any other officer specially empowered by the Government of India in this behalf.

(2) Where any arms, ammunition or stores exported under a license granted under this rule are exported to a Native State, a copy of such license shall be forthwith sent to the Political Agent for such State, and a copy shall also be sent to the Magistrate of the district out of which they cross the frontier, and such Magistrate may in his discretion require the licensee to produce them for his inspection before allowing them to leave the district.

(3) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are exported by rail, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent by the authority granting it to the Magistrate of the district from which the consignment is to be despatched.

(4) The Magistrate of the district shall forthwith send a copy to the Railway Authorities at the place from which the consignment is to be despatched, and the Railway Authorities shall not receive for despatch any case or package containing arms, ammunition or stores unless accompanied by the original license, and shall satisfy themselves :—

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in such license, and
- (b) that such license is identical in substance with the copy sent to them.

(5) Where in any case referred to in Sub-rule (4)—

- (a) the case or package is not accompanied by the original license, or
- (b) the arms, ammunition or stores contained therein do not correspond with the description given in such license, or
- (c) the license is not identical in substance with the copy sent to them, such authorities shall not receive the consignment for despatch, and shall forthwith inform the nearest Magistrate.

Delivery of export licenses.

11. (1) Where any arms, ammunition or military stores are exported by road :—

- (a) the consignee or
- (b) if the arms, ammunition or stores are in charge of any person travelling with them, such person, shall, within six days of the arrival of the consignment in the district out of which it is to cross the frontier, and before it so crosses, deliver the license to the Magistrate of such district or other officer empowered by him on this behalf.

(2) Every officer to whom a license is delivered under Sub-rule (1) shall satisfy himself—

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in the license, and
- (b) that any deficiency is properly accounted for.

Transport.

12. (1) Save as herein otherwise provided, the transport of any description of arms, ammunition or military stores is prohibited over the whole of British Baluchistan except under a license and to the extent and in the manner permitted by such license.
Prohibition of transport of arms, ammunition or military stores otherwise than under license.

(2) Subject to the provisions of Rule 22 nothing in Sub-rule (1) shall be deemed to apply to :—

- (a) arms, ammunition or stores which are covered by a license for their import or export and are being transported in accordance with such license :—
 - (i) from the place of import to the place of destination in British Baluchistan, or
 - (ii) from the place of despatch in British Baluchistan to the place of export ;
- (b) arms, ammunition or stores transported :—
 - (i) by any person licensed to possess such articles, or exempted from the liability to obtain such a license, in reasonable quantities, for his own use, from the premises of a licensed dealer, or

- (ii) by a licensed dealer in a case or package legibly addressed to such a person as is referred to in Clause (i) in compliance with an order given by such person for the supply of such articles in reasonable quantities for his own use ; or
- (c) arms and ammunition transported in reasonable quantities for his own use by any person lawfully entitled to possess arms or to go armed.

Restriction upon transport of cannon and certain other articles.

13 (1) A license for the transport of :—

Form 1.

- (a) Cannon,
- (b) War-rockets, or
- (c) Machinery for the manufacture of arms and ammunition,

shall not be granted save under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

(2) A copy of every license granted in accordance with Sub-rule (1) shall be forthwith sent to the Magistrate of the district to which the articles are consigned.

14 (1) Save as otherwise provided by rule 13, and subject to the provisions of Rule 22, Sub-rule (2), and Rule 25, Sub-rule (2), a license for the transport of arms, ammunition or military stores may be granted by the Magistrate of the district in which the place from

Form IV.

which they are consigned is situated.

(2) A copy of every license granted under Sub-rule (1) for transport to a place beyond the local limits of the authority of the officer granting it shall be forthwith sent to the Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

(3) A copy of every license granted under Sub-rule (1) by the Magistrate of a district for transport within the limits of such district shall be forthwith sent to the subordinate Magistrate if any, having authority at the place to which the arms, ammunition or stores are consigned.

(4) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are transported by rail, a copy of the license shall be attached to the way-bill or invoice, as the case may be, and telegraphic advice of every such consignment shall be sent by the Railway Authorities from the forwarding to the receiving station ; and the consignment shall not leave the Railway premises until the Railway Police have satisfied themselves that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in the license.

15. (1) The consignee of any arms, ammunition or military stores transported under a license shall deliver the license, within six days of the arrival of the consignment at its destination :—

- (a) where the license has been granted by the Magistrate of a district for transport within the local limits of such district, and there is a subordinate Magistrate having authority at such place, to such subordinate Magistrate, or
- (b) in all other cases, to the Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated, or such other Magistrate as he may appoint for the purpose.

(2) Any officer to whom a license is delivered under Sub-rule (1) shall satisfy himself :—

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or stores do respond with the description given in the license, and
- (b) that any deficiency is properly accounted for,

and any subordinate Magistrate to whom a license is delivered under Clause (a) of Sub-rule (1) shall return it to the Magistrate of the district.

Manufacture and sale.

Manufacture, conversion, sale and keeping for sale of arms, ammunition or military stores.

16. (1) A license—

- (1) Form V.
- (2) Form VI.
- (3) Form VII.
- (4) Form VIII.

(b) to keep and sell

any arms, ammunition or military stores may, save as otherwise provided by Sub-rule (2), be granted by the Magistrate of the district.

(2) Save as provided by Sub-rule (4), a licence—

(a) to manufacture, convert, sell or keep and sell, or

(b) to keep and sell

breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles, shall not be granted save by the Chief Commissioner.

(3) The Chief Commissioner may, by license granted by him under Sub-rule (2), authorise selected dealers to keep and sell a specified amount of ammunition for rifled fire-arms of '303 or '450 bore: Provided that the licensee shall not sell from his stock to any person who does not hold—

(a) a license to possess such ammunition, or

(b) a license for the export of balled ammunition to a Native State granted by a Political Officer under the third proviso to the second paragraph of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3001-I.A., dated the 27th June 1903.

(4) A license* for the sale of rifled firearms, or of balled ammunition for rifled firearms, which the vendor lawfully possesses for his own private use, may be granted by the

*Form IX.

Magistrate of the district.

(5) Every Magistrate and every Police officer not below the rank of Inspector, or, if the Chief Commissioner so directs, of Sub-Inspector, may, within the local limits of his authority :—

(a) enter and inspect any premises in which arms, ammunition or military stores including sulphur, are manufactured, converted, sold, or kept and sold, and

(b) examine the stock and accounts of receipts and sales of arms, ammunition or military stores.

Possession.

Restriction upon possession of cannon and certain other articles.
Form I.

17. (1) A license for the possession of—

(a) Cannon,

(b) War rockets, or

(c) Machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition

shall not be granted save under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

(2) A copy of every license granted in accordance with Sub-rule (1), shall be forthwith sent to the District Magistrate of the place where the articles are to be kept.

Possession of fire-arms, ammunition or military stores
Form X.

18. Save as otherwise provided by Rule 17 and by Rule 22, a license for the possession only of fire-arms, ammunition or military stores may be granted by the Magistrate of the district.

Possession and going armed.

19. (1) Save as otherwise provided in Rule 17 and Rule 22, a license for the possession of arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities, and for going armed for the purposes of sport, protection or display, may, subject to the provisions of Sub-rules (3) and (4) of this rule,

Possession of arms and ammunition and going armed for sport, protection or display.

Form XI.

be granted by the Magistrate of the district :

Provided that no license shall be granted for the possession of rifles of the '303 or '450 bore, or ammunition for the same, or for going armed with such rifles, unless such rifles and ammunition have been lawfully imported into British India.

(2) In places to which Section 15 applies, a license may be granted under Sub-rule (1) to the heir or successor of any person to whom arms have been presented by or under the orders of the Government, in respect of such arms.

(3) A license may be granted under Sub-rule (1) for the possession of reasonable quantities of ball-d ammunition which can be fired from rifles of '303 bore or rifles of '450 bore to any person lawfully in possession for sporting purposes of a rifle of such bore.

(4) On every license of the nature referred to in Sub-rule (3) there shall be entered the amount of ball-d ammunition which the licensee may possess during the period of twelve months next ensuing.

(5) A license granted under Sub-rule (1) shall, on counter-signature by the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, be valid for such divisions or districts within the Province as he may specify.

20. (1) Save as otherwise provided by Rule 22, Sub-rule (2), a license for going armed on a journey in British Baluchistan may be granted—

Form XII.

(a) by the Magistrate of the district, or

(b) in the case of a person residing in any Native State by the Political Agent for such State.

(2) Where a Magistrate of a district receives an application for a license of the nature referred to in Sub-rule (1) from any person who—

(a) is not resident within the local limits of his authority, or

(b) is not personally known to him, he shall before granting the license, ascertain—

(i) when the applicant resides in any Presidency town or Rangoon, from the Commissioner of Police,

(ii) when the applicant resides in any other place in British India or in British Baluchistan or the Baluchistan Agency Territories, from the Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated, or

(iii) when the applicant resides in any Native State, from the Political Agent for such State,

whether there is any objection to the grant of the license, unless, for reasons to be recorded, he considers this precaution to be clearly unnecessary.

Possession and import or transport.

21. (1) A licensed dealer authorised by the Chief Commissioner under Rule 16, Sub-rule (3), to keep and sell a specified amount of ball-d ammunition for rifles of '303 bore or rifles of '450 bore may be permitted by the Magistrate of the district to import or transport such ammunition up to such amount.

(2) Where application is made under Sub-rule (1) for permission to import or transport ball-d ammunition, the dealer shall produce his license, and, if permission is granted, the authority granting it shall endorse on the license the quantity of ball-d ammunition for which, and the date on which, such permission was granted.

Application for and grant of licenses.

22. (1) A license, having effect beyond the local limits of the authority of the officer granting it, shall not be granted for the export or transport of any arms, ammunition or military stores—

(a) to any Native State without the consent of the Political Agent for such State provided that the consent of such Political Agent shall not be necessary in cases where the consignee is a European subject of His Majesty and a Gazetted Civil or Commissioned Military Officer, and the consignment is intended for the personal use only of the consignee;

(b) to any Presidency town or Rangoon, without the consent of the Commissioner of Police; or

(c) to any other place in British India, or to any place in British Baluchistan, or in the Baluchistan Agency Territories, without the consent of the Magistrate of the district.

(2) A license shall not be granted under Rule 7, 14, 18, 19 or 20, in respect of any breech-loading rifle or ball rifle ammunition without the previous sanction of the Chief Commissioner.

(3) The consent or previous sanction referred to in this rule may be obtained either—

(a) by the applicant for the license, or

(b) by the officer to whom application for the grant of such license is made.

(4) Where the consent or previous sanction is sought by the officer to whom application for the grant of the license is made, he shall send a copy of the proposed license to the authority whose consent or previous sanction is required; and, on receipt of the reply of such authority, he shall either grant the license or inform the applicant that his application is refused.

23. (1) Every person who wishes to obtain a license under these rules shall apply in writing to the nearest authority empowered to grant such license, and shall in such application furnish all such particulars as may be necessary to enable such license to be granted.

Particulars to be stated in applications.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of Sub-rule (1), every application for a license for the import, export or transport of any arms, ammunition or military stores shall specify—

(i) the place of destination,

(ii) the route,

(iii) the time likely to be occupied in the journey, and

(iv) the quantity, description, average price and purpose of each kind of arms, ammunition or stores.

(3) Where the grant of the license requires the consent or previous sanction of some other authority specified in Rule 23, the application shall state whether such consent or previous sanction has been obtained, and, if so, shall be supported by evidence thereof.

24. (1) Every license shall be granted or renewed in the appropriate form set forth in the Third Schedule, and, save as therein otherwise expressly provided, the arms, ammunition or military stores specified, and the persons named in the license, shall alone be covered thereby.

Form and language of license.

(2) Every such license shall be written or printed—

(a) where it is granted in a district, and is intended for use beyond the limits of such district, in English, and, if the licensing officer so directs, in the vernacular, or

(b) where it is granted in a district, and is intended for use within the limits of such district, in English, or in the vernacular as the licensing officer may direct.

25. (1) Save as herein otherwise provided, every license under these Rules shall, unless previously forfeited, be in force for such period and expire on such day as, subject to any restrictions or limitations imposed by the appropriate form set out in the Third Schedule, the authority granting it may enter thereon.

Duration and renewal of licenses.

(2) A license for the transport of arms, ammunition or military stores shall not, save for special reasons to be recorded by the authority granting it, be granted for a period longer than twice the time likely to be occupied in the journey to the place of destination by the route indicated on the license.

(3) Every license may, at its expiration, and subject to the same conditions (if any) as to consent or previous sanction, be renewed by the authority who granted it.

26. (1) Every authority empowered to grant or renew a license, or to give his consent or previous sanction to such grant or renewal, may in his discretion—

Discretion and control of authority empowered to grant licenses.

(a) refuse to grant or renew such license, or to give such consent or sanction, or

(b) refer the application for orders to the Government to which he is subordinate.

(2) Every such authority shall exercise all powers and perform all duties conferred or imposed by these Rules, subject to the control of the executive authorities to whom he is subordinate.

Obligation to produce licenses.

27. (1) Any person who—

(a) holds a license granted or renewed under these Rules, or

(b) is acting under colour of such a license shall forthwith produce such license upon the demand of any Magistrate or of any Police officer of a rank not below that of officer in charge of a Police station.

(2) Nothing in Sub-rule (1) shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect the power of any authority empowered to grant or renew a license, to grant or renew it upon any condition not inconsistent with the said Sub-rule with respect to the production of such license.

Fees.

28. (1) Every license granted or renewed under these rules shall, save as herein otherwise expressly provided, be chargeable with the fee (if any) indicated on the appropriate form set forth in the Third Schedule.

(2) The Government of India may, by general or special order, grant exemption from, or reduction of, the fee payable in respect of any license.

(3) The fee payable in respect of the grant or renewal of any license of the nature hereinafter referred to may, by general or special order of the Chief Commissioner, be remitted or reduced—

(a) for the import, transport or possession of sulphur, in reasonable quantities, proved to the satisfaction of the Chief Commissioner to be required in good faith for medicinal, agricultural, manufacturing or industrial purposes other than the manufacture of ammunition;

(b) for the export to a Native State of ammunition required for the use of a public railway or other public work;

(c) to any person for the import under Rule 7 of any arms, ammunition or military stores, in reasonable quantities proved to the satisfaction of the authority granting the license to be required in good faith for the protection of person or property.

(4) The fee payable in respect of the grant or renewal of a license in Form III may be remitted by any Political Officer authorised to grant licenses in Form III, in the case of arms and ammunition exported for the personal use of persons of the classes mentioned in Schedule I.

29. Where a license granted or renewed under these rules is lost or accidentally destroyed, the authority empowered to grant such license may grant a duplicate:—

Fees payable for duplicates.

(a) where the original license was granted without the payment of any fee, free of all fee;

(b) where such original license was granted on the payment of a fee not exceeding one rupee, on payment of a fee of the same amount; or

(c) in any other case, on payment of a fee of one rupee.

30. (1) All fees payable under Rule 28 or under Rule 29 shall be collected by impressed stamps.

Collection and refund of fees.

(2) Ordinarily the applications for licences or renewal of licenses in respect of which a fee is payable shall be written upon an impressed stamp of a value equal to such fee, and in such case the license or duplicate shall be granted or renewed on plain paper, but when the licenses themselves are written or printed on impressed stamps the application may be written on plain paper.

(3) Where a fee of not less than one rupee payable under these Rules has been collected, and the application for the grant or renewal of a license or duplicate is refused, the value of the fee shall be refunded under the orders of the Magistrate of the district upon application for the same being made within two months from the date of such refusal.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

(RULE 3.)

Persons exempted.

The persons or classes of persons specified or described in the 1st column of the subjoined table are exempted in respect of the arms and ammunition described in the 2nd column when carried or possessed (save where otherwise expressly stated) for their own personal use from such prohibitions and directions contained in the Act as are indicated in the 4th column, subject to the provisos and restrictions entered in the 3rd column.

Persons or classes of persons.	Arms and ammunition.	Provisos and restrictions.	Prohibitions and directions.
<p>(1) All persons who in British India are exempted from the prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16 of the Indian Arms Act XI of 1878.</p> <p>All except—</p> <p>(a) Cannon.</p> <p>(b) War rockets.</p> <p>(c) Rifles of 303 or 450 bore other than rifles of such bores lawfully imported into British India, and ammunition which can be fired from the same, and</p> <p>(d) Machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition.</p> <p>(e) Appliances the object of which is the silencing of fire-arms.</p>	In respect of such arms and ammunition as are defined in the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, Schedule I.	<p>The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by any person herein exempted shall not exceed such quantities (if any) as :—</p> <p>(a) the Government of India, or</p> <p>(b) the Chief Commissioner with respect to British Baluchistan may declare to be reasonable for him to carry or possess.</p>	Those contained in sections 13 to 16 as extended by Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 1960, dated the 6th April 1904 to the areas in British Baluchistan therein specified.
(2) The retainers of His Highness the Khan of Kalat.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
(3) The retainers of the Jam of Las Bela.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
(4) The Baluch, Brahui and Pathan Sardars, Khans, and Jagirdars of British Baluchistan and their retainers subject to such orders as the Chief Commissioner may issue regarding the personages to be included in these categories and the number of weapons and retainers in each case.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
(5) Such Government servants, including Levies* and such other persons as the Chief Commissioner may from time to time by general or special order direct.	Such arms as the Chief Commissioner may direct.	Ditto ...	Ditto.

* The Chief Commissioner has directed that levies should be provided with metal badges to facilitate identification by the Police and that a register of all badges so issued should be maintained (Chief Commissioner's No. 1972-73, dated the 7th March 1900).

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

RULE 3.

Arms, ammunition and military stores excluded.

Within the areas specified in the first column of the sub-joined table, the arms, ammunition and military stores described in the second column are exempted from the operation of such prohibitions and directions contained in the Act as are indicated in the third column.

THE TABLE.

Areas.	Arms, Ammunition and Military Stores.	Prohibitions and directions.
British Baluchistan ...	(a) Spears of all kinds and hunting knives, ...	All.
	(b) Uniform swords and dirks manufactured in Europe of recognised Military or official patterns when possessed by, or intended to be supplied to, persons entitled to wear them as part of their uniforms.	All.
	(c) Swords imported for presentation as Army or Volunteer prizes.	All.
	(d) Ornamental arms of an obsolete pattern possessing only antiquarian value provided they are virtually useless for offensive and defensive purposes.	All.
	(e) Toy cannon weighing less than 56 lbs. and having— (1) a calibre of less than one inch, (2) a length of bore of less than 24 inches, and (3) the interior of the bore unrifled.	All.
	(f) Gun wads and wire cartridges ...	Those contained in Section 6.
	(g) Lead required <i>bona fide</i> for industrial and manufacturing purposes (other than the manufacture of bullets and bird shot) up to any quantity.	Ditto.
	(h) Leaden bullets and bird shot in quantity not exceeding such limits as the Chief Commissioner may fix.	Ditto.
	(i) Saltpetre	Ditto.
	(j) Sulphur in quantities not exceeding such limits as the Chief Commissioner may fix.	Ditto.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

FORM NO. 1.

[Rules 5, 12 and 17.]

License for the Import transport possession of cannon, war-rockets or machinery for the manufacture of arms and ammunition.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any).	Number of packages.	Description with specification of calibre of cannon or other articles.	Number of articles.	COLUMNS TO BE FILLED UP IN CASES OF IMPORT OR TRANSPORT.			Period for which the license is valid.	Use to which the articles are to be put.
				Place of despatch and route	Place of destination.	Name, description and residence of consignee.		
							From the _____ to the _____	

Dated the

Date on which, in cases

(Signature)

of _____ 9 .

of import or transport,

a copy is sent to the

Magistrate of the

(Seal)

_____ district.

Secretary to
the Government
of India, Foreign
Department.

The _____ of _____ 19 .

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and of the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. In cases of import or transport—

(a) hulk shall not be broken before the articles reach the place of destination, and

(b) the articles shall be delivered only to a person lawfully entitled to receive them.

3. In cases of import or of transport, an account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon.

4. In cases of transport by rail each package shall be marked with the word "Cannon," or as the case may be, in such a manner as to be readily recognizable by the Railway Authorities.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. II.

[Rule 7.]

Fee—Five rupees in stamps.

License for the import of arms, ammunition or military stores.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any).	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch and route.	Purpose for which required.	Place of destination.	Name, description and residence of consignee.	Period for which the license is valid.
		Description.	Number.	Description.	Weight in seers or number.					
										From the _____ to the _____

(Signature)

Dated the _____

(Seal)

of _____ 19 .

Magistrate of the _____ District.

Date on which a copy is sent to

Political Agent for the _____ State [R 7 (2)]
 the Magistrate of the _____ District [R 7 (3)]
 Station Master at the _____ Station [R 7 (4)]

The _____ 19 .*Conditions.*

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and of the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7, and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.

3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon, and, where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms," "Ammunition" or "Military Stores," as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the Railway Authorities.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. III.

[Rule 10]

Fee—Five rupees in stamps, unless remitted or reduced under rule 28.

License for the export of arms, ammunition or military stores to any place beyond the frontier of British Baluchistan, or to any place in a Native State.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any)	Number of packages	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch and route.	Purpose for which required	Place of destination.	Name and residence of consignee.	Period for which the license is valid.
		Description.	Number	Description.	Weight in seers or number					
										From the to the

(Signature)

(Seal)

Dated the Date on which the consent of
of 19 . the Political Agent for the State
Magistrate of the District
is obtained (R 24 (1)).

The Date on which a copy is sent to the
of 19 . Political Agent for the State [R 10 (2)]
the Magistrate of the District [R 10 (2)]
the Magistrate of the District [R 10 (3)]
the Station Master at the Station [R 10 (4)]

The 19 .

●

Conditions

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and of the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7, and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.

3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon, and where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms," "Ammunition" or "Military Stores," as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the Railway Authorities.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM No. IV.

[Rule 14.]

Fee—Ten rupees in stamps.

License for the transport of arms, ammunition or military stores.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any) authorised for the purpose of this consignment.	Licensor's place of business, if any.	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch route and mode of transit.	Place of destination.	Name, description and residence of consignee.	Period for which the license is valid.
			Description.	Number.	Description.	Weight in seers or number				
										From the ----- to the— -----

(Signature)

(Seal)

Magistrate of the _____ District

The _____

of _____ 19 .

Date on which the consent of
the Commissioner of Police
Magistrate of the _____ District
is obtained [R 24 (1).]

The _____

of _____ 19 .

Date on which copy is sent to
the Commissioner of Police [R 14 (2) (a)]
Magistrate of the _____ District [R 14 (2) (b)]
Magistrate at _____ [R 14 (3)]

The _____ 19 .

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7, and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.

3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon, and, where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms", "Ammunition" or "Military Stores", as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the Railway Authorities.

4. The articles shall be delivered only to a person lawfully entitled to receive them.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. V.

[Rule 16 (1) (a).]

Fee—Twenty rupees in stamps.

License to manufacture, convert, sell, or keep and sell, arms, ammunition or military stores (other than breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles).

Serial No. of license.	Name, descrip- tion and residence of licensee.	Place of business, factory or shop.	DESCRIPTION OF ARMS.		DESCRIPTION OF AMMU- NITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Date on which the license expires.
			To be manufactured or converted.	To be sold or kept for sale.	To be manufactured.	To be sold or kept for sale.	
							The 31st December 19 .

(Signature)

The _____ 19 .

(Seal)

Magistrate of the _____ District.

Form for renewal of license.

Date and year of renewal.	Date on which the renewed license expires.	Signature of Magistrate of the _____ District.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. The licensee shall maintain registers of all arms manufactured or converted, of all ammunition and military stores manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales, in such form as the Chief Commissioner may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate or any Police officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Chief Commissioner so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix, on a conspicuous part of his place of business, factory or shop, a signboard on which shall be painted in large letters in English and in the Vernacular of the District his name and the words "Licensed to manufacture (or "Licensed to deal in) arms, ammunition and military stores" as the case may be.

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business, factory or shop a copy of section 28 either in English or in the Vernacular of the District.

5. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license in Form No. XI or XII—

(a) the name, description, and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold,

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall not sell ammunition to any person licensed to possess or carry arms in excess of the maximum which may be fixed by the Chief Commissioner for such person, and which is endorsed on his license.

7. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores elsewhere than at the place of business, factory or shop specified in column 3.

8. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to a Native officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of the Indian Army unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

9. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores, or, unless he is specially authorised in this behalf by the Chief Commissioner, keep or sell revolvers manufactured out of India or magazine pistols.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arms" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government, and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

10. (1) He shall not, save as herein otherwise provided, sell arms, ammunition or military stores to or for the use of any person without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the District in which such person resides.

(2) Nothing in this condition shall be deemed to apply to sales to or for the use of—

(a) Any person who is exempted under any of the articles 1-5, 9, 13-14 or 18 (d) of the Table appended to the First Schedule of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, from certain prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16,

(b) any person licensed to possess or carry arms,

(c) any person whose name is included in any list compiled by the Magistrate of the District for this purpose and who declares that he purchases for his own use.

11. Save where the Chief Commissioner directs the omission of this condition, the licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest Police Station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the license.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE.—*contd.*

FORM NO. VI.

[Rule 16 (1) (b).]

Fee—Ten rupees in stamps.

License to keep and sell arms, ammunition or military stores (other than breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles).

Serial No. of license.	Name, description and residence of licensee.	Place of business or shop.	DESCRIPTION OF		Date on which the license expires.
			Arms.	Ammunition or Military stores.	
					The 31st December 19 .

(Signature)

(Seal)

The _____ 19 .

Magistrate of the _____ District.

Form for renewal of the license.

Date and year of renewal.	Date on which the renewed license expires.	Signature of Magistrate.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. The licensee shall maintain registers of all arms, ammunition and military stores in stock, and of all sales, in such form as the Chief Commissioner may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate, or any Police officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Chief Commissioner so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business or shop a signboard on which shall be painted in large letters in English and in the Vernacular of the District his name and the words "Licensed to deal in arms, ammunition and military stores."

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business or shop a copy of section 28 in English or in the Vernacular of the District.

5. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license in Form No. XI or XII—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold,

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall not sell ammunition to any person licensed to possess or carry arms in excess of the maximum which may be fixed by the Chief Commissioner for such person and which is endorsed on his license.

7. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores elsewhere than at the place of business or shop specified in column 3.

8. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to a Native officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of the Indian Army, unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

9. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores, or unless he is specially authorised in this behalf by the Chief Commissioner, keep or sell revolvers manufactured out of India or magazine pistols.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arms" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

10. (1) He shall not, save as herein otherwise provided, sell arms, ammunition or military stores to or for the use, of any person without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the District in which such person resides.

(2) Nothing in this condition shall be deemed to apply to sales to or for the use of—

(a) Any person who is exempted under any of the articles 1-5, 9, 13-14 or 18 (d) of the Table appended to the First Schedule of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, from certain prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16.

(b) any person licensed to possess or carry arms,

(c) any person whose name is included in any list compiled by the Magistrate of the District for this purpose and who declares that he purchases for his own use.

11. Save where the Chief Commissioner directs the omission of this condition, the licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest Police Station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the license.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. VII.

[Rule 16 (2) (a).]

Fee—Where the licensee holds a license in Form No. V.—Free of all charge.

In all other cases—Twenty rupees in stamps.

License to manufacture, convert, sell, or keep and sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles,

Serial No. of license.	Name, description and residence of licensee.	Place of business, factory or shop.	Description of arms.		Description of ammunition or military stores.		Date on which the license expires.
			To be manufactured or converted.	To be sold or kept for sale.	To be manufactured.	To be sold or kept for sale.	
							The 31st December 19 .

(Signature)

(Seal)

The _____ 19 .

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

Form for renewal of the license.

Date and year of renewal.	Date on which the renewed license expires.	Signature of Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878. (XI of 1878) as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. The licensee shall maintain registers of all arms, ammunition and military stores in stock, and of all sales, in such form as the Chief Commissioner may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate, or any Police Officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Chief Commissioner so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business, factory or shop, a signboard, on which shall be painted, in large letters in English and in the Vernacular of the district his name and the words "licensed to deal in breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition and military stores for rifles."

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business, factory or shop a copy of section 28 either in English or in the Vernacular of the District.

5. He shall, at the time of purchase, endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license in Form No. XI or XII—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold, and

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall not sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles, elsewhere than at the place of business, factory or shop specified in column 3.

7. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arms" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

8. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to a Native officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of the Indian Army, unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

9. He shall not sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles to, or for the use of, any person without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the District in which such person resides.

10. Save where the Chief Commissioner directs the omission of this condition, the licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest Police Station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the license.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. VIII.

[Rule 16 (2) (b).]

Fee—Where the licensee already holds a license in Form No. VI.—Free of all charge.

In all other cases—Ten rupees in stamps.

License to keep and sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles.

Serial Number of license.	Name, description and residence of licensee.	Place of business or shop.	DESCRIPTION OF		Date on which the license expires.
			Arms.	Ammunition or military stores.	
					The 31st December 19 .

(Signature)

(Seal)

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

The _____ 19 .

Form for the renewal of the license.

Date and year of renewal.	Date on which the renewed license expires.	Signature of Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878) as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules 1913.

2. The licensee shall maintain registers of all arms, ammunition or military stores in stock, and of all sales, in such form as the Chief Commissioner may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate, or any Police Officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Chief Commissioner so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business or shop a signboard, on which shall be painted in large letters, in English and in the Vernacular of the District his name and the words "Licensed to deal in breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition and military stores for rifles".

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business or shop a copy of section 28 in English or in the Vernacular of the District.

5. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license in any of the Form No. XI or XII—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold, and

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores elsewhere than at the place of business or shop specified in column 3.

7. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arms" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

8. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to a Native officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of the Indian Army, unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

9. He shall not sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles to, or for the use of, any person without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the District in which such person resides.

10. Save where the Chief Commissioner directs the omission of this condition, the licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest Police Station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the license.

FORM NO. IX.

[Rule 16 (4).]

Free of all charge.

License to sell rifled fire-arms or ball ammunition for rifled fire-arms which the vendor lawfully possesses for his own private use.

Serial No. of license.	Description of rifled fire-arms or ammunition.	Name, parentage and residence of person desiring to sell rifled fire-arms or ammunition.	Name, parentage and residence of person to whom sale is to be made.	Price agreed upon.	Date on which license expires.

(Signature)

(Seal)

The _____ 19 .

Magistrate of the _____ District.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. X.

[Rule 18.]

Free of all charge.

License for the possession of fire-arms, ammunition or military stores.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agents, if any.	Number and description of fire-arms.	AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES		Place (with description) where articles are to be kept.	Period for which the license is valid.
		Description.	Quantity.		

(Signature)

(Seal)

The _____ 19 .

Magistrate of the _____ District.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. It covers only the fire-arms, ammunition and stores specified in columns 2, 3 and 4 so long as they are kept in the place described in column 5, but does not authorise the licensee—

- (a) to go armed, or
- (b) to keep Government arms and ammunition.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

- (a) "Government arms" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government ; and
- (b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. XI.

[Rule 19.]

Fee—When granted under sub-rule (3)—Free of all fee.

In any other case, four annas in stamps for each weapon. License for the possession of arms and ammunition and for going armed for the purpose of ^{sport} ^{protection} ^{display}

1	2	3		4				5	6
Serial No. of license.	Name, description and residence of licensee and agent, if any.	Arms or ammunition that licensee is entitled to possess.		RETAINERS (IF ANY) COVERED BY THIS LICENSE.				District or place within which the license is valid.	Date on which the license expires.
		Description.	Quantity.	Name of retainer.	Name of retainer's father.	Address of retainer.	Arms or ammunition that the retainer is entitled to possess.		
							Description. Quantity.		

(Signature)

(Seal)

Magistrate of the _____ District.

The _____ 19 .

Form for renewal of the license.

Date and year of renewal.	Date on which the renewed license expires.	Signature of the Magistrate of the _____ District.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. It covers only the persons named, and the arms and ammunition described therein, and such retainers (if any) as may be entered in column 4.

3. Save where it is countersigned in the manner provided by rule 19, sub-rule (5), it extends only to the district or place specified therein.

4. The licensee or any retainer acting under this license shall not go armed with any arms covered thereby otherwise than in good faith for the purpose of ^{sport} ~~protection,~~ and, _{display} save where he is specially authorised in this behalf by the Magistrate of the district, he shall not take any such arms into a railway carriage or to a fair, religious procession, or other public assemblage.

5. The licensee at the time of purchasing any new arms or ammunition shall cause the following particulars to be endorsed upon his license under the vendor's signature, namely :—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles purchased, and

(c) the date of purchase.

6. He shall not purchase ammunition in excess of the maximum which may from time to time be fixed by the Chief Commissioner.

7. Save where the Chief Commissioner directs the omission of this condition, he shall forthwith give information at the nearest Police Station of the loss or theft of any arms covered by the license.

8. He shall not possess Government arms or ammunition.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arms" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government, and

(b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

9. Where the license is granted for the purpose of sport, the licensee, or any retainer acting under the license, shall observe such close season as may be prescribed by the Chief Commissioner in respect of the game-birds and animals hereinafter set forth below.

Specification of game-birds

and animals.

Close season,

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. XII.

[Rule 20.]

Fees (a)—When granted under rule 20 (1) (a)—Four annas in stamps, for each weapon.

(2) When granted under rule 20 (1) (b)—Free of all charge.
License for going armed on a journey in or through any province.

1	2		3				4	5	6	
Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any).	ARMS OR AMMUNITION THAT LICENSEE IS ENTITLED TO CARRY.		RETAINERS IF ANY COVERED BY THE LICENSE.				Place of departure, route and place of destination.	Period which the journey is likely to occupy.	Period for which the license is valid.	
	Description.	Quantity.	Name of retainer.	Name of retainer's father.	Address of retainer.	ARMS OR AMMUNITION THAT RETAINER IS ENTITLED TO CARRY.				
						Description.				Quantity.
									From the — to the —	

(Signature)

(Seal)

Magistrate of the _____ District.
Political Agent for the _____ State.

The _____ 19 .

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. It covers only the persons named and the arms and ammunition described therein, and such retainers (if any) as may be entered in column 3.

3. The licensee or any retainer acting under this license shall not, unless specially empowered in this behalf by the authority granting the license, go armed in a railway carriage or to a fair, religious procession, or other public assemblage.

4. The licensee shall at the time of purchasing any new arms or ammunition cause the following particulars to be endorsed upon his license under the vendor's signature, namely—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles purchased, and

(c) the date of purchase.

5. The licensee shall not go armed with Government arms or ammunition.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arm" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government, and

(b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

No. 1972-G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870 (VII of 1870), and in supersession of all previous Notifications on the same subject, the Governor-General in Council is pleased—

- (a) to remit all fees payable under Schedule II to the said Act upon applications relating to licenses or duplicates granted or renewed under the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913, other than licenses or duplicates, of the nature hereinafter referred to in sub-head (b); and
- (b) to reduce to one anna all fees, exceeding one anna, payable under the said schedule upon applications relating to licenses or duplicates granted or renewed under the said rules in respect of which—
 - (i) no fee is payable under the said rules, or
 - (ii) the fee payable under the said rules has been collected in full.

The 23rd October, 1913.

No. 2620-Est.-A.—Mr. B. J. Gould of the Political Department is appointed to officiate as Political Officer in Sikkim, with effect from the 13th October, 1913, and until further orders.

No. 2625-Est.-B.—Captain F. H. Bridges, 2nd-5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force), is appointed Assistant Inspecting Officer Kashmir Imperial Service Infantry, and Commandant, Gilgit Corps of Scouts, with effect from the 1st October, 1913.

J. B. WOOD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PAY, ALLOWANCES AND FINANCE OFFICERS.

No. 1186-F.E.

Simla, the 6th October, 1913.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Finance Department.

The Government of India have decided to substitute the following for the first sentence of Rule IX of the Rules for the examination of candidates in India for admission to the General List of the Indian Finance Department as promulgated by the Resolution in this Department No. 281-F.E., dated the 17th January 1911 :—

“ The age of a candidate on the first day of the month in which the examination is held must not be less than twenty-two and not more than twenty-five years.”

The minimum age-limit thus laid down will not apply to the examination to be held in 1913.

Ordered that the Resolution be forwarded to the Departments of the Government of India; to the several Local Governments and Administrations with the request that it may be communicated to Directors of Public Instruction and all heads of Colleges and Schools in their respective provinces; to the Comptroller and Auditor General; and to all Accountants General and Comptrollers.

Ordered also that the Resolution be published in the Gazette of India.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 20th October, 1913.

No 1332-P.E.—The following promotions in the Indian Finance Department, *vice* the Honourable Mr. W. H. Michael, I.C.S., are notified with effect from the 1st October 1913:—

- Mr. A. M. Brigstocke, I.C.S., is confirmed in Class I of Accountants General.
- Mr. S. K. Levett Yeats, C.I.E., to be substantive *pro tempore* in Class I of Accountants General.
- Mr. M. A. N. A. Hydari (on deputation) and Mr. K. L. Datta are confirmed in Class II of Accountants General.
- Mr. W. Alder, I.C.S., is confirmed in Class III of Accountants General and is promoted to Class II substantive *pro tempore*.
- Mr. C. D'A. Crofton, I.C.S., to be substantive *pro tempore* in Class III of Accountants General.
- M. J. F. Graham, I.C.S., is confirmed in Class I of the General List.
- Mr. W. T. M. Wright, I.C.S., to be substantive *pro tempore* in Class I of the General List.
- Mr. E. Burdon, I.C.S., is confirmed in Class II of the General List.
- Mr. N. Walker, I.C.S., to be substantive *pro tempore* in Class II of the General List.

The 21st October, 1913.

No. 1338-F.E.—Mr. A. G. Hein, Chief Accountant, Office of the Accountant General, Punjab, has been granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 10th October 1913.

Lala Gobind Ram, an Accountant, 1st grade, in the Office of the Accountant General, Punjab, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, Class II, in that office with effect from the same date and during the absence on leave of Mr. Hein.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PUBLIC DEBT.

The 21st October, 1913.

No 2026-A.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 7, sub-section (1), of the Indian Securities Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the sub-section shall apply to the office of the Archdeacon of Lahore.

PENSIONS.

The 23rd October, 1913.

No. 1434-A.—Mr. T. Smith, Assistant Controller, Military Accounts Department, is permitted to retire from the service with effect from the 1st October 1913.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

MINT.

The 24th October, 1913.

No. 1102-F.—The following statements showing the position of the Gold Standard Reserve are published for general information:—

I.—Statement of receipts, charges and balance of the Reserve on the 31st March 1913.

			Dr.		Cr.
			£		£
Opening balance	...	...	21,543,171	Loss resulting from the valuation of the securities held on 31st March 1913 at current market price	...
Net profit on coinage	...	...	920,994	Closing balance	...
Interest on investments including discount on Treasury Bills	...	...	147,502		5,007
Total	...	...	22,611,667	Total	22,611,667

II.—Statement showing the form in which the balance of the Reserve was held on the 31st March 1913 :—

1. As a book credit	...	...	...	...	...	£
2. Rupee in India equivalent to	...	...	...	...	...	35,327
3. Gold set aside in the Bank of England	...	...	...	...	...	4,000,000
4. Cash placed by the Secretary of State for India in Council at short notice	...	...	...	...	...	1,620,000
5. Securities—						1,005,664

				Nominal value.
				£
British Government 2½ per cent Consolidated stock	...	...	...	4,665,770
3 per cent Local Loans stock	...	...	...	200,000
2½ per cent Guaranteed stock, Irish Land	...	...	...	438,720
3 per cent Transvaal Government Guaranteed stock	...	...	...	1,092,023
2½ per cent Exchequer Bonds (1913-15)	...	...	...	50,000
3 per cent Exchequer Bonds (1915)	...	...	...	2,885,600
3 per cent Exchequer Bonds (1916)	...	...	...	4,000,000
Canada Government 3½ per cent Bonds	...	...	...	161,000
Corporation of London 3½ per cent Debentures	...	...	...	100,000
Corporation of London 3½ per cent Debentures	...	...	...	45,000
Union of South Africa Bills	...	...	...	600,000
New Zealand 3½ per cent Debentures	...	...	...	246,400
New South Wales 4 per cent Bonds	...	...	...	4,000
New South Wales 3½ per cent Inscribed stock	...	...	...	113,000
New South Wales Treasury Bills	...	...	...	250,000
Queensland 4 per cent Bonds	...	...	...	95,000
Queensland 4 per cent Inscribed stock	...	...	...	55,000
Southern Nigeria 4 per cent Bonds	...	...	...	100,000
British Treasury Bills	...	...	...	2,400,000
				Market
				17,501,513 price 15,945,669*
				Total ... 22,606,660

* This represents the value of the securities at the minimum market price on the 1st April 1913.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FORESTS.

Simla, the 21st October, 1913.

No. 1019-F.-162-7.—Mr. R. E. Marsden, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Burma, at present Forest Sylviculturist at the Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, is appointed Instructor at the Forest College with effect from the 1st September 1913, in addition to his own duties and until further orders.

The 23rd October, 1913.

No. 1025-F.-295-4.—Consequent on the grant of privilege leave for one month to Mr. H. H. Forteath, Conservator of Forests, sub. *pro tem.* III (acting II) grade, in charge of the Northern Circle, Central Provinces, Mr. S. L. Kenny, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Central Provinces, is appointed to officiate, until further orders, as Conservator of Forests, III grade, Northern Circle, Central Provinces, with effect from the afternoon of the 20th October 1913, the date on which he relieved Mr. Forteath.

CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.

The 24th October, 1913.

No. 2664-124-7.—Mr. E. S. Farbrother, M.R.C.V.S., has been appointed to the Indian Civil Veterinary Department, with effect from the forenoon of the 10th October 1913 and is posted to Bombay for training.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.**SANITARY.**

Simla, the 22nd October, 1913.

No. 1653.—Captain J. Taylor, I.M.S., is appointed to hold charge of the office of Assistant Director, Bombay Bacteriological Laboratory, in addition to his own duties, during the absence on leave of Captain W. D. H. Stevenson, I.M.S., or until further orders.

No. 1659.—Captain P. M. Rennie, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to officiate as Health Officer and Civil Surgeon of the Notified Area, Delhi, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge and until the return from leave of Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Ogilvie, I.M.S.

No. 1663.—The services of Major A. C. MacGilchrist, I.M.S., are placed temporarily for special duty under the orders of the Director General, Indian Medical Service.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 24th October 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.**CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.**

No. 871.—On return from leave, the services of Major F. S. Walker, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.**SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.*****Bengal Establishment.***

No. 872.—No. 998, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Rameshwar-dayal, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Bengal, who was permitted by Army Department Notification No. 631, dated the 19th July 1907, to resign the service, is re-admitted into the Indian Subordinate Medical Department; with effect from the 29th August 1913.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.**CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.**

No. 873.—Major W. M. Fenning, Indian Army, is granted combined leave out of India for one year, the first two months and fourteen days being privilege leave, and the remainder leave on private affairs; with effect from the 10th February 1914, or date of availing.

No. 874.—Captain J. V. M. Biscoe, Indian Army, is granted combined leave out of India for one year, two months and thirteen days being privilege leave, and the remainder furlough under the military leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army ; with effect from the 16th October 1913, or subsequent date of availing.

(Pension service—14th year commenced 24th July 1913).

No. 875.—Major R. J. T. Stewart, Indian Army, is granted combined leave out of India for one year, the first month and nine days being privilege leave, and the remainder furlough under the military leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army ; with effect from the 18th October 1913, or subsequent date of availing.

(Pension service—23rd year commenced 17th June 1913).

FIELD OPERATIONS.

ABOR.

No. 876.—In the despatch of Major-General H. Bower, C.B., published in Army Department Notification No. 480, dated the 23rd May 1912, the following correction should be made in paragraph 43, mentioning the names of officers and others of the 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles, whose good work in the operations against the Abors was noticeable.

The name of Subadar Tekbahadur Gurung should have been mentioned after that of Subadar-Major Dalman Ale, I.O.M., and that of No. 3184, Rifleman (Lance-Naick) Sarabjit Gurung after that of No. 2912, Havildar Siri Lal Thapa.

ORGANISATION.

ARMY RESERVES.

No. 877.—Alfred Ernest Joyce to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated the 24th October 1913.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 878.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Ernest Berkeley Charles Boddam, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force),—19th October 1913.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Guy Francis Seymour Allen, 32nd Lancers,—7th March 1912.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(Late) Bombay List.

No. 879.—Sub-Conductor Charles Wilman Leedam to be Conductor and Staff-Sergeant Thomas Morris, Amalgamated List, to be Sub-Conductor on the Amalgamated List,

vice Benjamin Thomas Harding, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 10th October 1913.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 880.—The following promotions are made :—

27th Light Cavalry.

Ressaidar Niyaz Ali Beg to be Risaldar and Jemadar Yakub Khan to be Ressaidar, *vice* Muhammad Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 30th August 1913.

40th Pathans.

Jemadar Gul Zaman to be Subadar and Havildar Mal Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Sarbuland, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st June 1913.

89th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Jasmal Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Shiu-Jatan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st July 1913.

103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

Havildar-Major Shaikh Bandu to be Jemadar, *vice* Shaikh Kadir, deceased ; with effect from the 2nd October 1913.

106th Hazara Pioneers.

Colour-Havildar Muhammad Hasan to be Jemadar, *vice* Muhammad Akbar, I.O.M., transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 12th April 1913.

127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Havildar Muhammad to be Jemadar, *vice* Kaim Din, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 21st June 1913.

Naick Muhammad Gul to be Jemadar, *vice* Sultan Ali, promoted ; with effect from the 1st September 1913.

Havildar Imandar to be Jemadar, to fill an existing vacancy ; with effect from the 1st October 1913.

REWARDS.

No. 881.—With the approval of the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of the undermentioned warrant officer, in recognition of the good services rendered by him while serving with the Abor Expeditionary Force, 1911-12:—

The promotion will be supernumerary and will have effect from the 15th November 1912.

To be Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval.

Conductor William Davies, Indian Telegraph Department.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

No. 882.—4th Class Assistant Surgeon Charles Edward Clarke is discharged from the service under the provision of paragraph 1, Appendix II, Army Regulations, India, Volume VI ; with effect from the 1st November 1913.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 883.—The undermentioned warrant officer of the Supply and Transport Corps, (late) Bombay List, has been transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 10th October 1913:—

Conductor Benjamin Thomas Harding.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 884.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the dates specified:—

Brevet Colonel George Augustus Williams,—10th September 1913.

Brevet Colonel Arthur Philip Desborough Harris,—22nd October 1913.

Lieutenant-Colonel Ernest Montague Jackson, 88th Carnatic Infantry,—26th October 1913.

Major Alexander Edward McBarnet, M.V.O., D.S.O., 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force),—11th October 1913.

No. 885.—Lieutenant-Colonel Leonard John Mathias is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 22nd October 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Madras Volunteer Guards.

No. 886.—Charles Eustace Berry to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 20th September 1913.

1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles.

No. 887.—Sir Louis William Dane, G.C.I.B., C.S.I., resigns his appointment as Honorary Colonel of the Corps. Dated the 1st June 1913.

The Hon'ble Sir Michael Francis O'Dwyer, K.C.S.I., Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, to be Honorary Colonel of the Corps, *vice* Sir Louis William Dane, G.C.I.B., C.S.I., resigned. Dated the 1st June 1913.

Agra Volunteer Rifles.

No. 888.—John Walter Hose, C.S.I., to be Commandant, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice* P. M. Ball, V.D., deceased. Dated the 20th October 1913.

Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles.

No. 889.—Lieutenant Cyril Walter Lloyd—Jones resigns his commission. Dated the 25th September 1913.

Second Lieutenant Harold Russell Macpherson to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 25th September 1913.

Poona Volunteer Rifles.

No. 890.—Second Lieutenant Norman Leopold Inkson to be Lieutenant, *vice* T. J. Brewin, promoted. Dated the 1st August 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 24th October 1913.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 1st and 21st October 1913.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
Patrick McCarroll*	Sub-Conductor.	Indian Telegraph Department.	20th May 1913.	Intestate.	Rs. A. P. 327 3 9	Claims should be submitted to the Administrator General of Bombay.

* *Widow.*—Mrs. Annie McCarroll.

Address.—Bruce Road, Quetta.

Children --(1) Francis Frederick Augustine McCarroll. (Aged 10 years).

(2) Bernard Leo McCarroll. (Aged 7 years).

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 24th October 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 81.—Khan Sahib B. S. Wadia, Officiating Assistant Constructor, Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Bombay, is confirmed in that appointment, *vice* Mr. W. C. King, retired; with effect from the 19th February 1913.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 82.—The following promotion is made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 7th October 1913:—

To be Engineer.

Assistant Engineer Walter Will.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 83.—Khan Sahib B. S. Wadia, Assistant Constructor, Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Bombay, is permitted to retire from the service; with effect from the 27th September 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st October, 1913.

No. 283.—Mr. A. M. Freeman, Traffic Inspector, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that Railway, with effect from the 11th September 1913 and until further orders.

No. 239.—Mr. C. Pratt, Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 1, Calcutta, is granted furlough for two months under Article 308 (b), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 27th September 1913.

No. 290.—With reference to Notification No. 289, dated 21st October 1913, Mr. J. H. Heap, Officiating Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 2, is appointed to hold charge as Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 1, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 27th September 1913 and until further orders.

No. 291.—Mr. G. E. Lillie, Deputy Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway, is granted combined leave for six months (privilege leave due and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period) under Articles 233, 260 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 30th October 1913 or subsequent date of relief.

The 22nd October, 1913.

No. 292.—Mr. C. L. Taylor, Deputy Traffic Manager, North Western Railway, temporarily employed on the Eastern Bengal Railway, is permanently transferred to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

No. 293.—Mr. E. L. Manley, Assistant Engineer, Eastern Bengal Railway, is transferred to the Sara-Serajunga Railway (Construction).

No. 294.—Captain G. F. F. Osborne, R.E., Executive Engineer, State Railways, is, on return from leave, appointed to officiate as Deputy Agent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, until further orders.

No. 295.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 294, dated the 22nd October 1913, Major A. Gardiner, R.E., Deputy Agent, is, on relief of his duties by Captain Osborne, temporarily transferred from the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway to the North Western Railway in the capacity of Senior Deputy Agent.

No. 296.—With reference to Railway Board's Notifications No. 225, dated the 11th August 1913, and No. 295, dated the 22nd October 1913, Mr. F. A. Hadow, Officiating Senior Deputy Agent, North Western Railway, will revert to his substantive appointment of Deputy Agent of that Railway, with effect from the date on which Major Gardiner joins.

No. 297.—With reference to Railway Board's Notifications No. 226, dated the 11th August 1913, and No. 296, dated the 22nd October 1913, Mr. E. B. Beatson, Officiating Deputy Agent, North Western Railway, reverts to his substantive appointment of Executive Engineer on that Railway.

No. 298.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 291, dated 21st October 1913, Mr. J. Coates, Superintendent, Kalka-Simla Railway, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway, until further orders.

No. 299.—With reference to Notification No. 298, dated 22nd October 1913, Mr. A. J. Sleigh, Executive Engineer, State Railways, is, on return from leave, appointed Superintendent, Kalka-Simla Railway.

The 23rd October, 1913.

No. 300.—The undermentioned gentlemen who have been appointed Assistant Engineers by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India are posted as follows :—

Mr. Frederick James Willson	...	} to the Eastern Bengal Railway.
Mr. Hugh Macandrew Baikie	...	
Mr. Gerald Rion Lillingston Malet	...	
Mr. William Alexander Anderson	...	} to the North Western Railway.
Mr. Joseph William Bennet	...	

No. 301.—Mr. H. St. G. Gilmore, District Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, in Class II, Grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Traffic Manager of that Railway, with effect from the 17th October 1913 and until further orders.

Mr. Gilmore will officiate during the privilege leave portion of Mr. O'Connor's leave and thereafter hold temporary rank.

No. 302.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 301, dated the 23rd October 1913, Mr. L. E. Vining, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, in Class III, Grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent, with effect from the 13th October 1913 and until further orders.

Mr. Vining will officiate in Class II during the privilege leave portion of Mr. O'Connor's leave and thereafter hold temporary rank in Class II, Grade 5.

No. 303.—Mr. V. Janson, Executive Engineer, is, on return from leave, appointed Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 6, Bombay.

No. 304.—With reference to Notification No. 303, dated the 23rd October 1913, Mr. J. H. Lovell, Executive Engineer and Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 6, is transferred to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 305.—Mr. H. R. Walton, Executive Engineer, State Railways, is, on return from leave, appointed to officiate as Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Eastern Bengal Railway, with the officiating rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, until further orders.

Notification No. 250, dated the 2nd September 1913, is hereby cancelled.

No. 306.—With reference to Notification No. 305, dated the 23rd October 1913, Mr. B. Stapleton, Officiating Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Eastern Bengal Railway, on relief by Mr. Walton, reverts to his substantive rank of Executive Engineer.

No. 307.—Mr. Gilbert Isdall Harvey-Kelly has been appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent, in Class III, Grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, and is posted to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 308.—Mr. William Gilbert Lyon Gilbert has been appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India as a Probationary Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, Grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, and is posted to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 309.—Mr. Reginald Philip Jones has been appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India as a Probationary Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, Grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, and is posted to the North Western Railway.

No. 310.—Rai Bahadur Rala Ram, I.S.O., Officiating Engineer-in-Chief, Eastern Bengal Railway, is confirmed in that appointment.

No. 311.—Captain L. M. Kent, R.E., Executive Engineer, North Western Railway, is transferred to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 312.—Mr. P. H. Maffin, Assistant Engineer, North Western Railway, is transferred to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 313.—Mr. P. F. W. Bush, Assistant Electrical Engineer, Lower Ganges Bridge, is appointed Electrical Engineer, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, in Class II, Grade 5, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

Mr. Bush will continue to be employed temporarily on the Lower Ganges Bridge until further orders.

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 23rd October, 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 18th October 1913 is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SINDH	Northern	Bombay City	6	5
		Breach District . . . . .	...	...
		Rewa Kantha Agency	1	1
		Bulsar Port	1	1
		Surat Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Rander Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	13	9
		Surat Agency	2	2
		Dhiwadi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Bandra „ . . . . .	...	...
		Malad „ . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein „ . . . . .	...	...
		Thana „	1	1
		Vesava „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kurla „ . . . . .	...	...
		Andheri „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan „	5	3
		Thana District . . . . .	...	...
	Central	Ahmednagar District . . . . .	...	1
		West Khandesh „	3	2
		East Khandesh „ . . . . .	...	...
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	187	167
		Poona District	67	39
		Satara District	315	230
		Sholapur Town . . . . .	...	1*
		Sholapur District	3*	2*
	Southern	Panvel Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	7	3
		Amboli Port . . . . .	...	...
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Belgaum „	121	67
		Dharwar „	227	151
		Habli Town	36	36
		Bijapur District	333	185
		Kanara „	1*	1*

*Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	13	14
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Aden Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	20	16
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	203	155
		TOTAL	1,565	1,192
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Madras Town . . . . .	...	...
		North Arcot District	3 (b)	4 (c)
		Bellary Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	11	11
		Mangalore Town and Port	6	6
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore District	55 (b)	34
		Chittoor District . . . . .	...	...
		The Nilgiris	3	...
		Trichinopoly Town	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Kurnool District . . . . .	...	...
BENGAL	...	Madura . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	82	50
	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Presidency	24 Parganahs . . . . .	...	...
		Calcutta . . . . .	...	...

(a) One imported. (b) Two imported. (c) Three imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.	
BENGAL	Dacca	Dacca Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Pubna District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		...	...
	BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town
			Patna District	3	3
Gaya Town			3	3	
Gaya District			7	7	
Shahabad District			9	8	
Tirhut		Saran District	17	11	
		Muzaffarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Darbhanga " . . . . .	...	...
Bhagalpur		Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	9	5	
	Furness " . . . . .	...	...
	Bhagalpur Town	2	1		
	Bhagalpur District	2	1		
Chota-Nagpur	Hazaribagh " . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL .		52	30		
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Saharanpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District . . . . .	...	...
		Meerut District . . . . .	...	...
		Bulandshahr District	4	3	

The following corrections should be made in the return for the weeks ending 4th and 11th October 1913 :-

4th October - Purnea district read 1 case 1 death for nil.
 { Patna Town " no death for 1.
 " district " 9 " " 8.
 11th " { Gaya " " 1 " " nil.
 { Muzaffarnagar district read 4 cases 3 deaths for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague cases.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Agra	Muttra District . . . . .	...	...
	Rohil- khand	Bijnor District . . . . .	...	...
		Budaun „ . . . . .	...	...
		Moradabad „	1	1
		Shahjahanpur „ . . . . .	...	...
	Allahabad	Furruckhabad District	1	1
		Etawah „ . . . . .	...	...
		Cawnpore „ . . . . .	...	...
		Fatehpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad „	6	6
	Jhansi	Jalaun District . . . . .	...	...
		Randa „	2	2
	Benares	Benares District . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur City . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur „	3	3
		Ghazipur „	11	12
		Ballia „	78	50
	Gorakh- pur	Gorakhpur District	42	27
		Basti „ . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh „	37	27
	Kumaun	Naini Tal „ . . . . .	...	...

In the return for the week ending 11th October 1913 against the Ghazipur district read 5 cases for 4 cases.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Lucknow	Lucknow City . . . . .	...	...
		Lucknow District	5	5
		Unao "	6	3
		Rae Bareilly " . . . . .	...	...
		Sitapur " . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi "	1	1
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad District	3	3
		Gonda " . . . . .	...	...
		Bahraich " . . . . .	...	...
		Sultanpur " . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh " . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki " . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		260	153
PUNJAB	Ambala	Hissar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurgaon "	7	4
		Rohtak "	17	2
		Karnal " . . . . .	...	...
		Ambala " . . . . .	...	...
	Jullundur	Kangra District	3	...
		Hoshiarpur "	2	2
		Jullundur "	3	3

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City	1	...
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur .. . . .	...	...
		Sialkot .. . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala	16	10
	Rawalpindi	Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhelum .. . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi	46	30
		Attock .. . . .	...	1
	Multan	Jhang	2	...
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	3	3
	Total.		109	55
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	13	11
		Insein District . . . . .	...	...
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy .. . . .	...	...
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome	5	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	2	2
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Honzada District	3	3
		Myaungmya	2	...
		Manbin	1	...
	Tenasserim	Amherst District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	1	1

In the return for the week ending 11th October 1913 against Rangoon Town read 5 cases 5 deaths for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Meiktila	Meiktila District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	27	17
CENTRAL PRO- VINCES	Nagpur	Bhandara District . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	...	...
COORG	...	Coorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	...	...
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	36	29
		Bangalore City	1	...
		Bangalore District	12	9
		Mysore City	1	1
		Mysore District	43	25
		Hasan „	9	7
		Kadur „	27	15
		Kolar „	15	10
		Kolar Gold Fields	2	1
		Tumkur District . . . . .	...	...
		Shimoga „	37	14
		Chitaldroog . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	183	111
HYDER- ABAD STATE	...	Raichur District	56	48
		Bidar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani „ . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs	1	...
		Bir District . . . . .	...	...
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	57 (a)	48 (a)

(a) From the 6th to the 12th October 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Bhopal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahora . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh „ . . . . .	...	...
		Boawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abn Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State	1	1
		Alwar State	7	5
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
			TOTAL	8	6
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	{	Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Hazara District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
GRAND TOTAL			2,274	1,677

In the return for the week ending 11th October 1913 against Bhopal State read 12 cases 10 deaths for nil.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 23rd October 1913, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. During the greater part of the week weather was dry everywhere, except in Burma where alone rainfall was of daily occurrence. Assam and north Bengal had rain on the 16th and showers were reported occasionally from the south of the Peninsula. A feeble disturbance on the northwest frontier caused a few light falls of rain in east Baluchistan and the hills of the North-West Frontier Province.

2. *Burma.*—Rainfall was fairly general on the 17th, 19th and 20th.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—There was nearly general rain on the 16th in north Bengal and Assam, but during the rest of the week weather was dry, except for a few falls in Assam.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—No rain fell.

Northwest India.—Kalat, Quetta, Drosh and Parachinar had light rain.

The Peninsula.—Occasional falls of rain were reported from south Madras.

3. The chief daily amounts of rain were as follows:—

October 16th. Victoria Point 1·45", Sibsagar 2·50", Tezpur 3·78", Gauhati 1·30" and Cherrapunji 8·37".

„ 17th. Rangoon 1·23", Kyaukpyu 1·91", Akyab 1·70", Yamethin 1·21", Myitkyina 5·41" and Cherrapunji 4·00".

„ 18th. Minbu 1·08" and Lashio 2·26".

„ 19th. Maymyo 4·18".

„ 20th. Mandalay 1·08" and Maymyo 1·95".

„ 21st. Moulmein 1·88" and Mergui 1·06".

„ 22nd. Mergui 1·09", Tavoy 0·97" and Negapatam 2·06".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Upper Burma and Assam. It differed from the normal by less than 20 per cent in Lower Burma and Baluchistan, and was 20 per cent or more in defect in all the remaining divisions, with the exception of the following where the absence of rainfall is a normal feature at this time of year: the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, Sind and Rajputana West.

The seasonal rainfall up to date is 20 per cent or more in excess in Bengal, Bihar, the Punjab Southwest, Sind and Gujarat; and is 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Central India East, Hyderabad South and the Madras Deccan. It is within 20 per cent of the normal in the rest of the country.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 23RD OCTOBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 2ND MAY 1913 TO 23RD OCTOBER 1913.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1'1	2'1	-1'0	78'5	93'4	-14'9	-16	-15
Lower Burma	1'8	1'9	-0'1	143'8	136'5	+7'3	+5	+5
Upper Burma	1'4	0'9	+0'5	40'6	38'3	+2'3	+6	+5
Assam	1'7	0'7	+1'0	77'1	75'3	+1'8	+2	+1
Bengal	0'2	0'8	-0'6	87'5	67'7	+19'8	+29	+30
Orissa	0	0'9	-0'9	63'4	56'3	+7'1	+13	+14
Chota Nagpur	0	0'5	-0'5	57'4	48'5	+8'9	+18	+20
Bihar	0	0'5	-0'5	63'4	49'3	+14'1	+29	+30
United Provinces, East	0	0'4	-0'4	31'1	39'0	-7'9	-20	-19
United Provinces, West	0	0'1	-0'1	20'2	38'5	-18'3	-48	-47
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	21'3	21'2	+0'1	0	0
Punjab, Southwest	0	0	0	11'1	7'8	+3'3	+42	+42
Kashmir	0	0'1	-0'1	4'8	8'5	-3'7	-44	-43
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	3'8	5'7	-1'9	-33	-33
Baluchistan	0'1	0'1	0	0'0	1'2	-0'6	-50	-55
Sind	0	0	0	11'5	4'8	+6'7	+140	+140
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	5'9	11'3	-5'4	-48	-48
Rajputana, East	0	0'1	-0'1	17'5	22'5	-5'0	-22	-22
Gujarat	0	0'1	-0'1	31'2	23'2	+8'0	+34	+35
Central India, West	0	0'1	-0'1	32'5	29'7	+2'8	+9	+10
Central India, East	0	0'3	-0'3	22'6	41'0	-18'4	-45	-44
Berar	0	0'5	-0'5	31'4	30'0	+0'8	+3	+4
Central Provinces, West	0	0'4	-0'4	36'4	44'7	-8'3	-19	-18
Central Provinces, East	0	0'4	-0'4	42'0	47'0	-5'0	-11	-10
Konkan	0	1'0	-1'0	86'0	94'9	-8'9	-9	-8
Bombay Deccan	0	0'7	-0'7	23'0	26'0	-3'0	-12	-9
Hyderabad, North	0	0'8	-0'8	31'0	31'9	-0'9	-3	0
Hyderabad, South	0	0'6	-0'6	21'4	28'4	-7'0	-25	-23
Mysore	0	0'6	-0'6	20'5	24'4	-3'9	-16	-13
Malabar	0'1	2'6	-2'5	86'4	90'4	-4'0	-4	-2
Madras, Southeast	0'4	2'4	-2'0	15'1	18'7	-3'6	-19	-10
Madras Deccan	0	0'8	-0'8	17'3	21'5	-4'2	-20	-15
Madras Coast, North	0	2'1	-2'1	30'9	28'3	+2'6	+9	+18

GILBERT T. WALKER,

Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMIA;

Dated 23rd October 1913.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
18th October 1913.

Burma.—During the week the rainfall was moderate in Lower Burma and unevenly distributed in the dry zone. Cultivation of winter rice and harvesting of cotton and groundnut are proceeding normally. Cattle are healthy. The price of unhusked rice is a little above normal and is rising.

Assam.—During the week heavy to moderate rain fell in all districts which benefited winter rice and the cultivation of mustard except in Kamrup. Harvesting of jute and autumn rice continues in a few places. Ploughing for mustard and the sowing of pulses are in progress. The prospects of tea are generally good. The average price of rice has fallen slightly. Cattle disease is reported from three districts. Fodder is insufficient in Sylhet and Kamrup.

Bengal.—During the week general rain fell throughout the Province doing immense good to the winter rice crop and facilitating ploughing operations for spring crops. The sowing of spring crops has also begun in places. The prospects of winter rice and other standing crops are promising except in parts of the flood affected areas. The condition of agricultural stock is fair. Cattle disease is reported from six districts. Want of fodder is felt in two districts. The average price of common rice has fallen slightly as compared with that of the previous week. A small amount was given in gratuitous relief in some of the flood affected districts of the Burdwan division. Agriculturists' loans were paid during the week in Midnapur only.

Bihar and Orissa.—During the week rain was general throughout the Province. The fall was mostly moderate and very beneficial to the standing paddy crop and for the sowing of spring crops. The harvesting of autumn crops is nearing completion. The sowing of spring crops has commenced. The standing crops are doing very well. Prospects in the flood affected areas are improving but some damage has been done to spring crops in parts of Cuttack by floods caused by the recent rainfall. Slight floods are also reported from parts of Balasore, but no damage appears to have been done by them. The price of common rice has fallen as compared with that of the previous week. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in parts of Patna. Cattle disease is reported from ten districts. Agricultural prospects in the Feudatory States of Orissa are good.

United Provinces.—No rain fell during the week except showers in the Central Submontane, South Oudh, Lower Doab, the south-eastern and eastern districts and in the Benares State. More rain is urgently needed throughout the Provinces. Standing crops are suffering from drought in most parts of the Provinces. Harvesting of autumn crops, picking of cotton and preparation of land for spring crops continue. Sowing of spring crops has commenced in some places with the aid of irrigation. Cattle disease is spreading slightly. Scarcity of fodder is increasing and in Bundelkhand water is also running short. Prices have risen further.

Punjab.—During the week the weather was practically dry. Conditions are reported to be unfavourable in the Ambala division where autumn crops are withering in unirrigated tracts and the outturn is expected to be below the average. Sowings of spring crops are seriously restricted and the necessity for rain is badly felt. Irrigated crops are doing well in parts of the division. Elsewhere standing crops are generally average to good. Picking of cotton and harvesting of other autumn crops continue and the outturn is average to good. Ploughings for and sowings of spring crops are normal. Cattle are generally healthy throughout the Province. The prices of wheat and other grains are close to the normal.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. The weather was temperate and at times cloudy. The condition of standing crops is generally average except in the Swabi tahsil of the Peshawar district. Sowing of spring crops is in progress. Irrigation from the Foharpur Canal continues. Cattle are in good condition. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Prices of food grains are high but are stationary in Peshawar. The price of maize is falling.

Jammu.—Rainfall *nil*. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 12 to 20 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Kishtwar tahsil. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—No rain fell during the week. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in progress. Cattle disease is reported in the Baramula district. Crops are in fair condition. Prices are normal.

Rajputana.—No rain fell during the week. The weather was generally clear and the days hot. Rain is much needed. Crop prospects are unfavourable in the Eastern

States and Central Rajputana including Ajmer-Merwara. Fodder also will soon be insufficient in these areas. Damage by locusts is reported in parts of Marwar and Jaisalmer. Cattle are generally doing well. Water is generally sufficient. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress and spring sowings have commenced in some places. Prices are high and rising in a few places. Cattle emigration continues in Ajmer-Merwara, Jaipur, Kishengarh, Bharatpur and Karauli.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week. The weather is seasonable. More rain is wanted in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and the Rampura Bhanpura district and the Alampur pergana of Indore. Land is being prepared for spring crops in Indore, Bhopal, Baghelkhand, Malwa and Bhopawar. Operations have been stopped in parts of Gwalior and Bundelkhand for want of rain. Standing crops are bad in parts of Gwalior, Indore, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand and are good elsewhere. Crops have been damaged for want of rain in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Gwalior and Baghelkhand. The condition of cattle in the northern division of Gwalior is deteriorating. The fodder supply is bad in parts of Gwalior, indifferent in Baghelkhand and scarce in Bundelkhand. Prices are rising in the Gwalior division of Gwalior, Bhopal and in parts of Bundelkhand. They are above normal in Baghelkhand, fluctuating in parts of Indore and steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The weather continues to be hot and occasionally cloudy. Except for a sprinkling of rain in the interior of Betul and the districts of Chittisgarh, the week passed rainless. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops were in progress. The autumn crops on poor soil, particularly in the Jubbulpore division, have deteriorated owing to the prolonged drought. The damage to rice and *Kodon* in the Jubbulpore, Damoh and Seoni districts is apparently considerable. Where rain fell in the previous week, prospects have improved but more rain is necessary for the successful germinating of spring crops. Fodder and water are generally sufficient except in parts of the Vindhyan districts. Cattle are doing well. Variations in prices of food grains are insignificant but generally exhibit a tendency to rise.

Feudatory States.—During the week nine States received rain ranging from 18 cents in Sakti to four inches in Bastar. This has improved the condition of standing crops but more rain would be welcome everywhere. Rice in Udaipur and gram in Jashpur rose by two and four seers per rupee respectively.

Bombay.—Good rain fell during the week in parts of the Konkan, the Deccan, the Karnatak, Kathiawar, Savantvadi and Kolhapur. The rainfall was beneficial but more rain is still needed in parts of the Deccan and Belgaum. Standing crops have been damaged slightly by locusts, rats and insects in parts of Sind, by rats in Kaira, Palanpur and Rewa Kantha, by insects in parts of Broach, the Deccan, Bijapur and Kolhapur, and by heavy rain in Kanara. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops continue. The fodder supply is generally sufficient. Agricultural stock is good and sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona. Drinking and irrigation water is adequate. Prices are high but are fluctuating. The public health is generally good. Grain stocks are sufficient.

Hyderabad.—The rainfall during the week was general and moderate and beneficial to autumn crops. Mahbubnagar, Gulbarga and Karimnagar received good showers. The average for the Dominions was 1 inch 32 cents. Autumn crops are generally fair to good but have been damaged by locusts in parts of the Gulbarga, Raichur and Nalgonda districts. Early rice is being irrigated and the crop is fair, but is suffering in parts of the Karimnagar district and in a few isolated parts. Lands are being prepared for spring crops and sowings are progressing briskly. Fodder scarcity prevails in one taluka, water scarcity in five and cattle disease in five. The price of grains remains constant. White *juar* is selling at 10 seers per rupee in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is 8 seers in Mahbubnagar and Karimnagar and the lowest 25 seers in Adilabad.

Mysore.—The rainfall was good in Kadur and Shimoga and light to fair elsewhere. The price of *ragi* has risen slightly in Bangalore and has fallen in Kadur. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition, but more rain is needed in parts of Hassan. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—The rainfall was general throughout the Province. Rice is in good condition. Picking of cardamom continues. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—During the week the rainfall was very heavy in Ganjam, the Vizagapatam littoral, Malabar and South Canara, heavy in the Vizagapatam Agency, Sandur and Cochin, light in South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and the South and fair to good elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of dry crops and paddy over small areas is proceeding with outturn fair to normal. Sowing of dry crops and paddy is proceeding normally for the most part. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of water is insufficient for irrigation in some places. Fodder is generally sufficient. Pasture is scanty in some places. Prices are stationary.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 8993-9015-22.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

MERCHANT SHIPPING.

Simla, the 24th October 1913.

RESOLUTION.

READ :—

Notification in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 1354, dated the 14th March 1869.

Notification in the Home Department, No. 1902-(Sanitary), dated the 14th October 1910.

Schedule A to Notification, No. 94-E, dated the 18th March 1886.

As a result of the enquiries set on foot after the loss of the 'Titanic' the Board of Trade made a comprehensive revision of the scale of boats and life-saving appliances to be provided on board ships in the United Kingdom and appointed Committees of experts to deal with collateral questions arising in the same connection.

Meanwhile the maritime Local Governments have been consulted as to the necessity for revising the rules which govern vessels in British India, particularly those under the Native Passenger Ships Act, 1837, the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895, and the Indian Emigration Act, 1908, which are read in the notifications detailed above. The replies show that, while revision is undoubtedly necessary, there is great divergence of opinion as to the extent to which it is required and the lines on which it should proceed.

The subject is one of considerable difficulty and complexity involving a number of technical and other questions which need careful scrutiny. The Government of India have therefore decided to appoint a Committee representative of official and non-official interests which will enquire generally into the sufficiency of the existing rules and report its views to Government. The Committee will consist of the following President and Members :—

PRESIDENT.

Mr. C. G. Todhunter, I.C.S., Collector, Madras Presidency.

MEMBERS.

The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Kt, Bombay.

Commander C. J. C. Kendall, D.S.O., R.I.M., Port Officer, Calcutta.

Mr. W. H. Ogston, Partner, Messrs. Killick, Nixon & Co., Bombay.

Captain P. deSt. Croix, Marine Department, British India Steam Navigation Company, Calcutta.

The Committee will meet at Bombay on the 10th November next and will subsequently visit such principal ports and make such enquiries as may be necessary. It will submit its report to the Government of India on the 1st March 1914. The report will be accompanied by drafts of the rules which it recommends for adoption.

The Government of India trust that Local Governments and Administrations will afford the Committee all the assistance which it may require, and will comply with any requests for information and advice which it may address to them.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations, to the Home, Finance and Education Departments and to the President and Members of the Committee.

Ordered also, that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* for general information.

(Sd.) J. F. GRUNING,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

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**Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.**

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT. (RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		MEAN MILEAGE WORKED.		TOTAL EARNINGS FOR THE FIRST		EARNINGS PER MILE OPEN FOR		TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO		Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	During official year 1912-13.	1912.	1913.	11 days of October 1912.	11 days of October 1913.	11 days of October 1912.	11 days of October 1913.	11th October 1912.	11th October 1913.				
State and Guaranteed Railways.													
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	319	2,495	2,614	11,71,228	11,65,000	470	416	2,043,006	2,073,000	2,92,000	(a) Opened from 21st April 1913.
Beswada Extension	356	21	21	11,706	6,100	557	433	1,37,149	5,15,000	17,811	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	660	946	946	9,02,106	8,60,000	951	99	1,62,27,399	1,72,51,000	10,23,600	...	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3 1/2" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	430	1,561	1,578	12,59,591	13,57,000	827	860	1,70,591.85	1,76,000	6,03,815	...	...
East Indian	791	2,455	2,551	32,94,570	31,7,000	1,341	1,241	5,47,070.12	5,55,000	20,10,000	...	...
Great Indian Peninsula (including Indian Midland)	625	2,472	2,537	19,47,558	18,94,000	738	77	3,82,033.10	4,12,000	20,000	...	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	339	126	126	58,227	60,100	43	47	10,39,215	10,200	3,07,000	...	...
Baran-Kotah	86	40	40	5,030	6,000	140	150	1,35,702	5,000	10,462	...	...
Bhopal-Itarsi.	586	57	57	43,096	44,100	757	774	8,43,111	9,40,000	56,000	...	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3 1/2" gauge lines)	269	2,585	2,585	9,47,432	9,91,000	367	383	1,91,077.69	1,97,000	6,67,231	...	...
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	446	3,812	3,927	28,12,805	23,00,000	738	536	4,98,711.418	4,71,000	26,90,418	...	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3 1/2" link)	295	1,589	1,600	6,06,725	5,98,000	382	374	1,32,04,852	1,24,000	7,05,832	...	...
Cawnpore-Banda (a)	...	33	33	...	1,300	...	40	...	23,500	...	...	...
Hardwar-Dehra	267	32	32	9,771	15,400	305	575	2,29,031	2,66,000	36,560	...	...
Assam-Bengal	158	805	805	2,17,413	2,30,000	270	256	33,55,230	33,23,000	67,750	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	328	1,828	1,828	7,88,479	7,58,000	431	415	1,60,55,335	1,43,000	17,24,335	...	...
Burma	280	1,545	1,552	5,41,716	7,03,000	351	453	1,03,74,659	1,10,000	12,12,111	...	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	209	124	124	43,119	23,200	348	187	7,08,168	8,10,000	92,812	...	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	153	281	287	45,475	46,800	162	163	11,83,572	12,20,000	30,421	...	...
Mysore (including Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	172	411	411	1,17,665	1,12,000	281	273	19,03,593	19,32,000	28,407	...	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	379	1,396	1,451	7,86,967	8,12,000	564	550	1,47,28,681	1,52,65,000	5,36,319	...	...
Travancore Branch	147	108	108	23,447	24,800	217	230	4,40,966	4,70,000	23,034	...	...
Thiruvoot	242	774	792	2,60,520	2,18,000	337	274	48,73,436	48,15,000	58,436	...	...
Orissa (Provincial)	78	30	30	3,559	3,000	119	100	64,527	61,800	...	2,727	...	
TOTAL	415	25,494	26,035	1,59,01,100	1,54,04,800	624	592	28,50,58,713	28,45,07,600	...	...	5,51,113

(a) Opened from 21st April 1913.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, Simla.



The Gazette of India

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 18th October 1913.

On and after the 29th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. After the 22nd November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher Delhi and Calcutta respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 1 February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that the Department will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without hardship or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 25th October 1913.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The last issue of the Notices of the Patent Office appeared in the "Gazette of India," Part II, dated the 11th October 1913.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

October 16th.

1223. D. W. Player. *Improvements in or relating to the taking and projecting of moving pictures.*
1224. F. K. Woodroffe & H. C. Hodgson. *Improvements in centrifugal liquid pumps.*
1225. T. R. Greenhorne. *Improved process for removing scale from boilers and the like.*
1226. A. Hurst. *Improvement in shirt or semmit.*
1227. A. W. Bruce. *Improvements in and relating to steam superheaters.*
1228. R. C. Holmes. *Improvements in processes of extracting water and moisture from hydrocarbon oils.*
1229. Dr. R. Wallbaum. *Improved process of manufacturing asphalt.*
1230. I. Shanker, Kishanlal & Bankeylal. *A lock.*
1231. F. S. Dorton. *Secure lock-stopper and self-destroying double-headed recess bottle.*
1232. V. Newton. *Smooth bore bullet.*
1233. F. Orth. *Arch construction for furnaces.*
1234. J. F. Saldanha. *System of raising water by air pressure.*
1235. G. J. B. V. Chetwynd. *Improvements in or relating to the manufacture of steel.*
1236. F. J. Karten & J. H. Mixer. *Valve seats.*
1237. J. Repetto. *Improvements in refrigerators.*
1238. R. P. Pictet. *Improvements in and relating to the manufacture of hydrogen and hydrogen mixtures.*
1239. R. P. Pictet. *Process and apparatus for the separation of gaseous mixtures into their constituents.*
1240. R. P. Link. *Improved refreshment fountain or like liquid measuring and delivering machine.*
1241. A. S. Goldie. *Improvements in and connected with furnaces and the like.*
1242. W. B. White. *Improvements in loom dobblies.*

October 17th.

1243. W. Powell. *Improvements in or relating to the seasoning or hardening of timber.*
1244. M. A. Kawle. *Improvements in incandescant petroleum lamps.*
1245. A. D. Wiseman. *Tongueless buckle for hobble straps and other leather goods.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

740. J. Charanji Lal. *Hinged wooden sole boots and shoes.*
 756. E. L. Joseph & Ozonair, Ltd. *Improved drying apparatus for rubber and the like.*
 990. Shah Din. *Sugarcane mill.*
 1087. B. N. Banerjee. *Screw cane.*
 1093. Hamidulla. *A lock.*
 1157. G. Durrant. *Apparatus for guiding cloth into stentering machines, mangles or the like.*
 1158. A. R. de Vains & J. F. T. Peterson. *Improvements in processes and apparatus for bleaching ligno-cellulose and pecto-cellulose.*
 1159. L. Greenberg & G. Olson. *An improved air circulating device.*
 1164. The Thomas Transmission Ltd. *Improvements in and connected with the suspension of rail car bodies and the like.*
 1165. H. A. Stenning. *Improvements in and relating to controlling devices suitable for the cylinders of locomotives.*
 1166. J. Levick, Junior. *Improvements in luggage racks.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

768. A. J. Schnler. *Improvements in or relating to a process for dubbing enamel.*
 846. Hukam Chand. *Chain pump.*
 1065. Saxby & Farmer, Ltd., and Saxby & Farmer (India), Ltd. *Improvements in block instruments for single line railways.*
 1089. D. F. Fraser. *An improved boiler circulator.*
 1125. H. Von Kramer. *Improvements in means for the regulation or control of railway and like traffic.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 332. Ashford. | 979. Harvey. |
| 699. House. | 980. Green. |
| 743. Bates and Corbin. | 981. Barbedienne. |
| 805. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate, Ltd. | 985. Irving. |
| 862. Sykes. | 986. Clare. |
| 871. Begg. | 987. Ulysse. |
| 910. Edman. | 989. Earle and Druitt. |
| 918. Bischoff. | 991. Conrad. |
| 934. Deighton. | 992. Barker and Birmingham Metal & Munitions Co., Ltd. |
| 954. Wildeblood. | 995. Kielland & Thode. |
| 975. The Universal Automatic Shuttle Changer Ltd. and Carr. | 997. Fennell. |
| 976. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate, Ltd. | 998. Thomas Transmission Ltd. |
| 978. American Machine and Foundry Co. | 999. D'Cunha. |
| | 1000. Jackson. |
| | 1002. Schutze. |

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

- 132 of 1903. Hoffman. (To 7 November 1914.)
 119 of 1905. Sulman & others. (To 13 November 1914.)
 224 of 1905. Societe General de Soie Artificielle parle procede Viscose. (To 4 December 1914.)
 325 of 1905. Holden. (To 14 February 1915.)
 177 of 1906. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. (To 5 November 1914.)
 316 of 1906. J. & H. Hadden & Co. and Hadden. (To 23 October 1914.)
 319 of 1906. Clifford Batten. (To 30 October 1914.)

- 390 of 1906. Tice. (To 31 October 1914.)
 394 of 1906. Tice. (To 31 October 1914.)
 526 of 1906. Branning. (To 29 November 1914.)
 423 of 1907. Cumberland. (To 22 November 1914.)
 305 of 1908. Pundt. (To 11 November 1914.)
 343 of 1908. United Kingdom Self-adjusting Anti-Friction Metallic Packing Syndicate & Others. (To 14 October 1914.)
 16 of 1909. Windsor. (To 4 March 1914.)
 186 of 1909. Owen. (To 17 November 1914.)
 201 of 1909. Kjellberg. (To 17 November 1914.)
 246 of 1909. Brown Boveri & Cie. (To 14 December 1914.)
 340 of 1909. Rosenberg. (To 10 September 1914.)
 142 of 1909. Societe Anonyme pour l'Exploitation des Procédes, Westinghouse Leblanc. (To 19 March 1915.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1905.

580 (Reid).

1907.

440. (Steele). 531 (Lash). 579 (Firman). 580 (Firman). 581 (Firman).
 591 (Mills Equipment Co.)

1908.

226 (Michaud & Delasson). 227 (Crouch). 379 (Coal Treating Co.). 472 (Porteous & Thompson). 500 (Beaurain).

1909.

103 (Pearson). 187 (Ashworth). 233 (Ogden & Stuart). 259 (Martin). 261 (Crocker). 262 (Composite Fuel Syndicate). 269 (Jackson). 280 (Geyer).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

438 of 1906. V. K. Davda. *Improvements in lamp chimneys of mica.*

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.

October 13th to 18th.

Class 13. Nos. 803, 804, 807 & 808. The Calico Printers' Association Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. August 18.

Class 13. Nos. 861-62. The Calico Printers' Association Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. September 25.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs nor their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. Applications for patents in countries other than India should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur to the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject in commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD .	R. C. Technical Institute.	DELHI .	Office of the Chief Commissioner.
ALLAHABAD .	Public Library.	HYDERABAD .	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
BANGALORE .	Indian Institute of Science.	JALPAIGURI .	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BOMBAY .	Record Office.	KARACHI .	Office of City Deputy Collector.
" .	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.	LAHORE .	Punjab Public Library.
" .	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.	LONDON .	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
CALCUTTA .	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.	MADRAS .	Record Office, Egmore.
" .	Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.	" .	College of Engineering.
" .	Civil Engineering College, Silpur.	MYSORE .	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE .	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR .	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHINSURAH .	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA .	College of Engineering.
CHITTAGONG .	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON .	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
DAOGA .	Office of the District Board, Dacca.	ROORKEE .	Thomason College.
		SOLAPUR .	Office of the Collector.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore.

8. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

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(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 11 of 1911	0 10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 11 of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each 0 2
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(h) Patent Office Journal, 1912	1 0
(i) Specifications of Inventions	each 0 8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them. The following collections are available for sale :—

- (1) Collection for 1902-03, price Rs 3 a copy.
- (2) " " 1903-04, " " 3 "
- (3) " " 1904-05, " " 3 "
- (4) " " 1908-09, " " 3 "
- (5) " " 1909-10, " " 3-8 "
- (6) " " 1910-11, " " 3-8 "
- (7) " " 1911-12, " " 2-8 "

N.B.—Nos. (1), (3), (4), (5) and (6) contain papers in all the different standards of examination held in Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali ; No. (5) contains the High Proficiency Urdu papers also ; No. (2) contains all the papers except those for the High Proficiency examinations in Hindi, Arabic and Persian and the Degree of Honour in Arabic and Sanskrit ; and No. (7) all except those for the Interpretership and Degree of Honour in Persian, Preliminary, High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Arabic, Degree of Honour in Hindi, Degree of Honour in Bengali and High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Sanskrit.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price Rs 3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu ; price Rs 2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian ; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzat-u-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard examination in Arabic ; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu ; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price Rs. per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit ; price Rs 2-8.

"Akhlāq-i-Jalali" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; price Rs 5-12 per copy.

The following list of Munshis who are qualified to teach Urdu under India Army Order No. 162 of 1907, is published for the information of all those students of this language, who are desirous of obtaining competent teachers :

ALLAHABAD.

1. M. Jawala Prasad, I. Kasauli Hills. The Royal Scots Regiment, Sudder Bazar, Allahabad.
2. M. S. C. Bagchi Government Observatory, Allahabad.

AMBALA.

1. M. Mohd. Miyan Khan Sudder Bazar, Ambala.
2. M. Mohd. Akbar Khan The Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
3. M. Jawala Prasad, II. B. I. Bazar, Ambala.

AMRITSAR.

1. M. Mohd. Ishaq Khazana Gate, Amritsar.

AZAMGARH.

1. M. Ram Charan Lal Offg. Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools, Azamgarh.

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya 17, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.
2. M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A. 8, Maulavi Imdad Ali's Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Hossain Mirza 1, Syed Ismail Lane, Calcutta.
4. M. Mohd. Israil Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
5. M. Syed Nawab Ali 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
6. M. Wahidun Nabi Khan 88/1, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.
7. M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid 152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
8. M. Daliluddin Ahmed 28/1, Kimber Street (Karaya), Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Wajid 89, Jhowtolla Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Syed Mohammad 12, Waliullah Lane, Wellesley Square, Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE.

1. M. Rahim Shah R. A. Munshi, Campbellpore.

DALHOUSIE.

1. M. Abdur Rahim Regimental Munshi, 1st Lancashire Fusiliers, Balun Bazar, Dalhousie.

DELHI.

1. M. Mithan Lal C/o Late M. Chunni Lal Sahib, Government Pensioner, Muhalla Churi Walan, Delhi.

DINAPORE.

1. M. Syed Hadi Hussain Orderly Bazar, Dinapore.

JHELM.

1. M. Thakur Das Pahwa Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JULLUNDER.

1. M. Har Bhagat Singh Bains Talhan, Jullunder Cantonment.

KASAUJI.

1. M. Anand Sarup C/o Munshi Kashi Nath, Dagshai Hills, or Depot, Kasauli.

LAHORE CANTT.

1. M. J. Kishori Lal R. A. Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
2. M. Shan Lal Bhargava Dangar Street, Sudder Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW.

1. M. Abdul Alim Near the Police Post, Husaingunge, Lucknow.
2. M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan Near Royal Hotel, Lucknow.

MULTAN.

1. M. S. Karim Bakhsh Sadar Bazar, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS.

1. M. M. C. Saihgal 2nd Bn., King's Regiment, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.

1. M. Faqir Ulla St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

NOWSHERA.

1. M. Muhammad Din Pay Havildar and Head Clerk, 23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (F. F.).

PESHAWAR.

1. M. Bodh Raj Royal Sussex Regiment (or Sudder Bazar), Peshawar.
2. M. Ahmed Din 81, Cantonments, Peshawar.
3. M. Abdur Rahim Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
4. M. Abdul Karim Dabgari Gate, Peshawar City.

RAWALPINDI.

1. M. Ghulam Muhiuddin R. A. Brigade Munshi, Rawalpindi.
2. M. Ghulam Rasul Sudder Bazar, Rawalpindi.
3. M. Fazal Ahmed Persian House, Rawalpindi.

ROORKEE CITY.

1. M. Fazl-i Haq Mahalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SUBATHU.

1. M. Gulzar Lal South Lancashire Regiment, Subathu.

In addition to the above, the following, who were examined in Urdu previous to the institution of the examination mentioned in the above India Army Order, are also, in the opinion of the Board of Examiners, qualified to teach :

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Arif 12, Harinbari Lane, Calcutta.
2. Maulavi Syed Abu Zafar 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S. 14, Kuraya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
4. M. Badru-z Zaman 29, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
5. M. Abdul Badi 5, Ramsanker Roy's Lane, Calcutta.
6. M. A. M. F. Wahhab Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
7. M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat 89, Jhowtollah Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
8. M. Akmal Ali Akmal 9, Dr. Karam Hossain's Lane, Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Karim Nashter 1, Jhowtollah Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Mohd. Yusuf Khan 15, Kuraya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.

N.B.—It is requested that Munshis who have passed this examination and whose names do not appear above, should communicate their present addresses to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta, so that their names may be published also.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE AND CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bond fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Sulphate of Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased both in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ -grain tablet forms by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the principal druggists in Calcutta. These drugs are for sale for *cash* only. On no account drugs are sent per *V. P. Post*. These drugs may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur.

The rates for these drugs from 15th November 1912 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	<i>R</i> 11 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	<i>R</i> 10 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 "

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	<i>R</i> 5 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	6 "

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Cinchona Febrifuge is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Claimants who have attained their majority.

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Deputy Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing:—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	{ Caroline Brooks (daughter). { Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	{ John Brandon (son).* { Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	{ Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). { Joseph Carroll (son). { Agnes Carroll (daughter).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	John Cosser (son).
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son).
Doyle, I., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery;	James Doyle (son).
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia, <i>alias</i> Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, J., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	{ James Flynn (son). { William Flynn (son). { Joseph Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	{ Perquira Grimstone (daughter). { Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry, Veteran Company	{ Jeremiah Mitchell Foster Hawkins (son). { George Hawkins (son).
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	{ Edward Healey (son). { Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S., Begler, D. Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery.	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	{ Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). { Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). { Reith McManus (daughter). { Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	{ Eleanor Scully (daughter). { John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Colour-Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	{ John Sheepard (son). { Ellen Sheepard (daughter).
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	{ John Wallace (son). { Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son)

* Claim received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

G. R. O'DOWD,

for Deputy Controller of Military Accounts

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,

SECUNDERABAD DIVISION, BOLARUM;

1st OCTOBER 1918.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 8th TO 15th OCTOBER 1913.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

NAME OF MINT.	COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.											COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.		SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.			
	RECEIPTS.		COINAGE.		BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.					COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.		SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.					
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native State.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and un- current coins.	TOTAL.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar Closing balance of paid over.	Receipt of Bullion for sub- sidary coinage. paid over.	Sub- sidary coin coined and coinage.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	..	23	7	30	..	...	...	...	...
Bombay*	15	2	...	17	2	...	2	2	15	26	2	45	..	...	...	...	...

* Exclusive of 42 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;

Calcutta, the 22nd October 1913.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Receipts in the North-West Frontier Province for August 1913 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1913-14.

REVENUE AND RECEIPTS.	BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR 1913-14.			RECEIPTS FROM 1st APRIL 1913 TO 31st AUGUST 1913		
	Imperial.	Special.	TOTAL.	Receipts in August 1913.	Imperial.	Special.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Land Revenue	22,13,000	22,13,000	2,20,775	...	9,83,029
II.—Opium	50,000	50,000	3,902	...	19,048
IV.—Stamps	5,73,000	5,73,000	49,318	...	2,65,472
V.—Excise	3,50,000	3,50,000	25,868	...	1,42,554
VI.—Provincial Rates	3,000	3,000	...	...	738
VII.—Customs
VIII.—Assessed Taxes	6,000	1,42,000	1,48,000	21,086	1,824	43,040
IX.—Forest	2,11,000	2,11,000	8,297	...	68,641
X.—Registration	42,000	42,000	3,279	...	18,937
XI.—Tribute from Native States
XII.—Interest	21,000	...	21,000	...	12,400	...
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	1,11,000	1,11,000	2,386	...	12,490
XVIB.—Ditto —Jails	11,939	11,939	11,939	...	63,036
XVII.—Police	25,000	25,000	2,323	...	13,394
XIX.—Education	23,000	23,000	2,266	...	10,216
XX.—Medical	321
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	6,000	6,000	31	...	38
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc.	18,000	18,000	273	...	359
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing	17,000	17,000	758	...	4,757
XXV.—Miscellaneous	1,06,000	1,06,000	2,180	...	8,980
XXIX.—Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts	3,75,000	3,75,000	7,50,000	5,078	...	31,263
XXX.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation	1,17,024	1,14,330	1,41,381
XXXI.—Civil Works	1,42,000	1,42,000	9,800	...	49,854
TOTAL REVENUE AND RECEIPTS				4,92,612	1,58,644	20,24,828
				53,41,678	...	2,99,11,618
Total Opening Cash Balance				58,31,280	...	3,19,36,446
				(b) 23,40,253	...	(a) 14,73,080
GRAND TOTAL				81,74,563	...	3,34,09,526

(a) On 1st April 1913. (b) On 1st August 1913.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I, THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB, HAVE SIGNED THIS 20th October 1913.

W. ALDER,
Accountant General, Punjab.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Expenditure in the North-West Frontier Province for August 1913 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1913-14.

EXPENDITURE.	BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR 1913-14.			DISBURSEMENT FROM 1ST APRIL 1912 TO 31ST AUGUST 1913.		
	Imperial.	Special.	TOTAL.	Disbursement in August 1913.	Imperial.	Special.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks	12,000	12,000	24,000	970	3,742	3,742
2.—Assignments and Compensations	9,000	9,000	18,000	236	4,349	4,349
3.—Land Revenue	4,06,000	2,68,000	6,74,000	39,616	1,52,388	1,13,722
4.—Stamps	12,000	11,000	23,000	1,564	3,836	3,835
5.—Excise	9,000	10,000	19,000	1,983	2,325	2,325
6.—Assessed Taxes	1,000	...	1,000	62	154	154
7.—Forest	63,000	63,000	1,26,000	8,648	18,955	18,955
8.—Registration	6,000	5,000	11,000	1,033	2,409	2,410
9.—Interest on Ordinary Debt . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.—Interest on other obligations	2,38,000	1,02,000	3,40,000	27,001	88,474	35,110
11.—General Administration	4,35,000	1,98,000	6,33,000	50,062	1,61,571	81,595
12.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	80,000	81,000	1,61,000	19,921	45,842	45,843
13.—Ditto —Jails	8,72,000	8,71,000	17,43,000	1,32,059	3,56,687	3,56,687
14.—Police	1,76,000	1,75,000	3,51,000	58,465	60,847	60,848
15.—Education	43,000	...	43,000	3,900	18,301	18,301
16.—Medical	17,3,000	1,59,000	3,32,000	10,527	48,817	42,175
17.—Political	17,02,000	16,47,000	32,49,000	2,46,989	6,42,090	5,91,258
18.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	46,000	46,000	92,000	6,368	14,017	14,018
19.—Territorial and Political Pensions	62,000	...	62,000	3,711	27,690	...
20.—Civil, Furlough and Absentee Allowances . . . . .	...	1,19,000	2,38,000	...	34,267	34,268
21.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	54,000	55,000	1,09,000	10,293	19,096	19,095
22.—Stationery and Printing	12,000	11,000	23,000	3,530	9,654	9,064
23.—Miscellaneous . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...
24.—Famine Relief . . . . .	...	2,13,000	8,85,000	...	42,940	42,939
25.—Reduction or Avoidance of Debt	6,72,000	31,000	61,000	20,868	2,477	2,476
26.—Major Works—Working Expenses	30,000	16,21,000	32,48,000	491	2,49,443	2,49,443
27.—Minor Works and Navigation	10,27,000	...	...	1,91,845	...	...
28.—Civil Works . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...
29.—Debt Accounts	68,59,000	56,14,000	1,24,73,000	8,40,544	20,09,781	17,33,312
30.—TOTAL EXPENDITURE . . . . .	...	...	...	49,84,809	...	...
31.—Total Balance on 31st August 1913 . . . . .	...	...	...	58,34,553	...	...
32.—GRAND TOTAL . . . . .	...	...	...	23,39,910	...	...
33.—GRAND TOTAL . . . . .	...	...	...	81,74,563	...	...

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB,
LAKHNAO;
The 20th October 1913.

W. ALDER,
Accountant General, Punjab.

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE CORONATION DURBAR AND OF THE VISIT OF THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING- EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS TO INDIA, 1911-12.

To meet the repeated demands of the public, the Government of India have decided to publish a complete and authoritative account of the proceedings connected with the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India and with the Coronation Durbar of December 1911.

This book will be compiled from the official records, and will contain lists of all persons taking part in the celebrations and ceremonies. There will also be numerous illustrations, portraits, maps, plans, etc.

It will be published in two editions, a popular one in a cloth binding at a cost not exceeding Rs. 7-8, and a very limited edition *de luxe*, which will contain a list of the subscribers, at a cost of about Rs. 250.

A translation of the popular edition will be made in Urdu and possibly in other languages also, if the demand is sufficient.

It is expected that the work will be ready for publication in about six months' time; names are still being registered for the various editions, and application should be made to the Superintendent, Official History of the Durbar, Foreign Department, Simla.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal —

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

(a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

(b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

NOTICE.

Sealed Tenders for the supply of meat (Beef and Mutton, best grass fed) at all the Cantonment stations in the 8th (Lucknow) Division from 1st April 1914 to 31st March 1915, will be received by the Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies, 8th (Lucknow) Division, up to 12 noon on the 15th November 1913.

2. Further particulars, forms of tenders and schedules can be obtained on application in writing to the above officer up to 4th November 1913 on payment of rupee one for each set of forms. No tenders will be received except on forms issued from this office.

H. M. M. BROOKE, Major,
Deputy Assistant Director of Supplies,
8th (Lucknow) Division.

LUCKNOW
The 14th October 1913.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 21st October 1918.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities . .	2,57,97,020	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,88,00,000	0	0	Other authorized Investments	1,24,86,108	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	93,89,835	7	0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities .	4,06,37,548	13	2
Public Deposits at Branches	2,18,17,164	9	4	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities .	5,82,82,269	5	7
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	17,54,64,782	9	7	Bills discounted and purchased	4,01,80,599	11	10
Bank Post Bills, etc. . . .	12,50,131	3	6	Balances with other Banks .	30,50,513	10	4
Sundries	22,87,727	8	8	Bullion	24,52,194	15	5
				Dead Stock	11,905	9	3
				Stamps	3,57,145	2	6
				Sundries			
					Rs.	A.	P.
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	18,32,35,305	4	1
				*2,02,87,583	11	10	
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	6,57,24,335	2	0
				+4,54,36,751	6	2	
RUPREES	24,89,59,640	6	1	RUPREES	24,89,59,640	6	1

* Includes Sovs. & † Sovs. ; value Rs. 10,31,910 0 0

†	Do.	do.	do.	„	7,56,780	0	0
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Rs. 17,88,690 0 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL ;
Calcutta, 23rd October 1913.

C. W. W. CARBERY,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.

Percentage 31.27.

CURRENCY NOTES.

The following Currency Notes of the Calcutta Circle are stated to have been destroyed, and payment of their value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to their is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :—

NOTES WHOLLY DESTROYED.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
W. D. of 18-14 2	OB 11 99551 . .	Rs. 100 . . .	Shaik Kiamuddi, Village Kumergaon, Bhagyakul Post Office, District Dacca.
	YA 94 91159 . .	Rs. 50 . . .	
	YA 94 91160 . .	Rs. 50 . . .	

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
18th October 1913.

P. G. JACOB,
Assistant Comptroller-General,
In charge Paper Currency.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.				DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.			
					Day.	Month.	Year.		Day.	Month.	Year.	
523—1913	Rangopal Hiralal, Hansraj Chunilal, Madanlal Ramkuvar, Ramvalab Rangopal, Ramvalas Rangopal, Ramnivas Rangopal, and Gangabux Balnakund.	Hindu	.....	All carrying on business in partnership as merchants, shroffs, and contractors in Bombay, Cawnpore, Agra, Lucknow, Calcutta and Sambar and several other places in the names, styles and firms of Hiralal Chunilal, Hansraj Shrikissen and Seth Hansraj.	26th	August	1913	1st	October	October	1913	
524—1913	Joseph Abdon Pink	Eurasian	Esoof Building, near Crawford Market.	Telegraphist	1st	October	"	"	"	"	"	"
525—1913	Keshowji Natha Patadia	Hindu	Bhendi Bazar (Kadwani's chawl).	Lately carrying on business as Tailor in the name of Keshowji Natha and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
526—1913	Thomas Wilfred Thurley	Anglo-Indian	Mazagon, Victoria Road, 3rd Cross lane.	Municipal Pensioner	2nd	"	"	2nd	"	"	"	"
527—1913	Abba Luxumon Parday	Hindu	Parel Poyee Bawdi	Moulder in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	3rd	"	"	3rd	"	"	"	"
528—1913	Panachand Sunderji Sha	"	No. 55, Frere Road, Fort	Lately speculator in cotton and jotta, etc., and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
529—1913	Esmail Haji Abba Halai Memon	Mahomedan	New Kazi Molla, Null Basar.	Dealer in timber	4th	"	"	4th	"	"	"	"
530—1913	Tukaram Harichandra Rarte	Hindu	Luxumon Dharu's Cart, Agar Basar, Lower Mahim.	Carpenter in the Century Mills	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
531—1913	Phikha Phava Surti	Hindu	No. 408, Lower Parel	Engine driver in the employ of Messrs. Price Wills and Reeves & Company.	6th	October	1913	6th	October	1913
532—1913	Gajanan Seeram Naik	"	Mirza Street	Clerk in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway.	"	"	"	"	"	"
533—1913	Pestonji Jamsetji Patel alias Mistri.	Parsee	Wadia's chawl, Chandaanwadi	Landed Proprietor	"	"	"	"	"	"
534—1913	Wasudeo Krishna Kolatkar	Hindu	Angrav's wadi, Girgaum Back Road.	Lately compositor in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company's Press and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
535—1913	Marooti Dbondoo Bhise	"	Dadar	Jobber in the Bombay Woollen Mills	7th	"	"	7th	"	"
536—1913	Palkrishna Babaji Kothare	"	Dadar	Clerk in the service of Messrs. Phifson & Co.	"	"	"	"	"	"
537—1913	Nemidas Velji Sha	"	Mint Road (Patel's house).	Lately broker in Government Loan Notes and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
538—1913	Kaderbhai Sadakbbhai Kaggi and Rahimbhai Sadakbbhai Kaggi.	Mahomedan	Bhendi Bazar (Musjid house).	Carrying on business in partnership as cap merchants under the name of Kadarbhai Rahimbhai.	"	"	"	"	"	"
539—1913	Raymond Henriques	East Indian	No. 1, Omerkhadi New Road.	Clerk in the Bombay Municipality	"	"	"	"	"	"
540—1913	Kassam Chhippar Shaik	Mahomedan	Dadar	Lately dealer in firewood and now unemployed.	8th	"	"	8th	"	"
542—1913	Vithal Bhikaji Goensao	Hindu	Mathar Pakhady	Sorter in the employ of Messrs. Killick Nixon & Co., Ltd.	10th	"	"	10th	"	"

543—1913	Kheraj Hansraj Sha and Oobhaya Mona Sha.	Hindu	Jacob Circle	Lately dealers in husk, cotton seed, etc., in partnership with Kheraj Narpat deceased, in the name of Kheraj Hansraj & Co., and now servants in the employ of Ruttonay Dharsay & Co.	"	"	11th	"
544—1913	Tilloomal Khoobchand Mooltani and Shamdas Khoobchand Mooltani.	"	No. 166, Thakurdwar Road	Trading in partnership as dealers in piece goods, etc., in the name of Tilloomal Khoobchand and Brothers.	"	"	"	"
545—1913	Nathalal Vithal Sha and Jugjiwan Vithal Sha.	"	Chukla Street	Lately petty dealers in cups in partnership under the name of Nathalal Vithal and now unemployed.	11th	"	"	"
546—1913	Asanand Dharamdas	"	.....	Partnership firm until lately carrying on business as commission agents at Barbhaj Molla, Bombay, Karachi and other places.	"	"	"	"
547—1913	Abdula Mahomed Avazi	Mahomedan	Sitarum Building	Lately commission agent and horse races speculator and now unemployed.	13th	"	13th	"
548—1913	Fiazudin Munshi Afzuladin Munshi and Behmankhan alias Mahomedkhan Jaithkhan.	"	Teli Molla, New Nagpada	Formerly dealers in partnership in old furniture and now 1st Debtor turned in the employ of Messrs. Richardson and Crudas and the 2nd Debtor unemployed.	"	"	"	"
549—1913	Goculdas Naran Thacker	Hindu	Kumbhartukda	Salesman in the employ of Matobai, widow of Raghovji Visam.	14th	"	14th	"
550—1913	Thakoredas Narotamdas Patel	"	37. Cathedral Street	Lately commission agent and Railway Contractor with Nawabzadah Nassurlaha Khan and Mr. Samuel Barwal in the name of the Western India General Agency and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' Petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

H

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, FORT, BOMBAY,
Dated this 16th day of October 1913.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the person hereunder mentioned Insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said Insolvents in the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said Insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee.

Number of Petition.	Date of Presentation by the creditors.	Name, address and description of Insolvent.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Public Examination of the Insolvent.
122 of 1913	4th June 1913	T. Ramasawmy Chetty, unemployed, residing at Nos. 38 and 39, Wall Tax Road, George Town, Madras.	10th June 1913	14th November 1913.
179 of 1913	15th August 1913.	T. Gungum Saib and T. Abdul Haziz Saib, broker and gumastah, respectively, residing at No. 9, Mahamed Ibrahim Saib Street, Pudupet, Madras.	15th August 1913	14th November 1913.
181 of 1913	15th August 1913	T. Ahmed Hussain Saib, T. Abdul Mazeeth Saib and T. Batcha Saib, till lately merchants but now unemployed residing at No. 8, Mahamed Ibrahim Saib Street, Pudupet, Madras.	15th August 1913	14th November 1913.
201 of 1913	12th September 1913.	Ernest Alfred Rae, Engineer in the employ of the Indian Seignart Beam Company, Limited, residing at San Thome High Road, Madras.	12th September 1913	14th November 1913.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, MADRAS; }
13th October 1913.

IN THE COURT OF BABU MIHAN SINGH BEDI, JUDGE, INSOLVENCY ESTATES COURT, DELHI.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

SUIT No. 42 OF 1913.

Dated 15th October 1913.

In the matter of insolvency Ramji Dass, son of Phandi Missar, caste Brahmin of Mohalla Billimaran, Delhi.

It is hereby notified under Section 12 of Act 3 of 1907 that an application filed by said Ramji Dass to be adjudicated an insolvent has been admitted in this Court and will be heard on 4th November 1913.

SUIT No. 46 OF 1913.

Dated 15th October 1913.

In the matter of insolvency Shimbhu Nath, son of Harna Mall, Proprietor of the firm Jia Ram Harna Mall of Sadar Bazar, Delhi.

It is hereby notified under Section 12 of Act 3 of 1907 that an application filed by said Shimbhu Nath to be adjudicated an insolvent has been admitted in this Court and will be heard on 7th November 1913.

MIHAN SINGH,
Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.**In Insolvency.**

No. 417 of 1911.

Fort Bombay, the 17th October 1913.

Re Flora Sykes, wife of Sassoon Elias Sykes, Jewish, inhabitant of Bombay, lately a milliner and now unemployed, residing at No. 64, Ripon Road, an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the order of adjudication made herein on the 4th day of October 1911 against the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day annulled.

Dated this 15th day of October 1913.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE No. 132 of 1913.

Rangoon, the 8th day of October 1913.

In the matter of Kader Buksh, Carpenter of No. 76, 106th Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Kader Buksh, Carpenter of No. 76, 106th Street, Rangoon, on the 8th day of October 1913 an order of adjudication of Insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Kader Buksh.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 20th October 1913.

No. 691.—Mr. H. C. Stotesbury, Extra Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for one month and 24 days combined with furlough for six months under Articles 233, 260 and 338 of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from the 15th October 1913 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

The 21st October 1913.

No. 692.—Captain L. C. Thuillier, I.A., Deputy Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough for 1 year and 9 months under Articles 233, 260 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from the 1st November 1913 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

The 22nd October 1913.

No. 693.—Mr. F. P. Walsh, Extra Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with leave on medical certificate for 3 months under Articles 233, 260 and 336 of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from the 4th October 1913 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

The 23rd October 1913.

No. 694.—Mr. A. V. Dickson, probationer in the Provincial Service, is granted leave on medical certificate from 31st July to 31st August 1913 both days inclusive under Article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations.

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Colonel, R.E.,
Offg. Surveyor General of India.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 14th October 1913.

No. 156.—4th Class Assistant Surgeon J. J. Cahill, I.S.M.D., is granted 62 days' privilege leave, with effect from the 29th May 1913. This office Notification No. 97, dated the 18th June 1913, is hereby cancelled.

No. 157.—Senior Assistant Surgeon and Lieutenant P. H. Rodrigues, I.S.M.D., is appointed to the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Bombay, with effect from the 4th September 1913.

No. 158.—The services of the undermentioned Assistant Surgeons of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, for temporary employment in the Railway Department, with effect from the 7th September 1913.

3rd Class E. S. Feegrade.

4th Class H. C. Pownes.

No. 159.—3rd Class Assistant Surgeon J. P. Pereira, I.S.M.D., is appointed temporarily to the Medical Store Depôt, Madras, with effect from the 24th September 1913.

The 16th October 1913.

No. 160.—The six months' combined leave granted to No. 1032, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Mitthu Lal, I.S.M.D., in this office Notification No. 66, dated the 1st May 1913, is extended by three months on Medical Certificate and his services are on expiry thereof, replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India.

No. 161.—The services of 3rd class Assistant Surgeon F. T. Deatker, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Punjab for Railway employment, with effect from the 30th July 1913.

No. 162.—The services of Assistant Surgeon W. T. Kidby, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, for Railway employment, with effect from the 27th September 1913.

No. 163.—No. 1307, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Bhupendra Nath Lahiri, I.S.M.D., is placed on special duty in connection with the Dysentery enquiry, with effect from the 25th July 1913.

No. 164.—2nd Class Assistant Surgeon J. R. Foy, I.S.M.D., is granted two months privilege leave, with effect from the 1st September 1913.

No. 165.—2nd Class Assistant Surgeon P. N. Sandways, I.S.M.D., has been granted one month's privilege leave, with effect from the 19th September 1913.

The 17th October 1913.

No. 166.—No. 1083, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Abdul Majid, I.S.M.D., is granted 3 months' privilege leave, with effect from the 26th September 1913.

The 20th October 1913.

No. 167.—The services of No. 1163, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Abdul Karim I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India with effect from the 29th July 1913.

The 20th October 1913.

No. 168.—No. 1374, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Sundar Singh, I.S.M.D., is attached temporarily to the Medical Store Depôt, Lahore Cantonment, with effect from the 11th August 1913.

The 21st October 1913.

No. 169.—The services of No. 1,192, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Muhammad Din, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Chief Medical Officer, North-West Frontier Province for Civil employment, with effect from the 28th August 1913.

B. G. SETON, Bt.-Col., I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service,

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Bangalore, the 13th October 1913.

No. 59.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore that land is required for a public purpose, namely, for widening streets.

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Civil and Military Station is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	Boundaries.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
A. Street, Cleveland Town, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	Admini-trator-General, Madras, for the property of late Loganatha Moodliar.	Dwelling House No. 12, Cole's Road (part).	2,782 square feet.	House No. 13 of A. Street.	A. Street.	Cole's Road.	Part of No. 12, Cole's Road.	As per plan in the Collector's Office.
	Venkataswamy Raju.	Dwelling House No. 13.1 (part).	974 square feet.	House No. 14, A. Street.	A. Street and House No. 13/2.	House No. 12 of Cole's Road.	Part of House No. 13/1.	
	Hanumanthu.	Dwelling House No. 13/2 (full).	160 square feet.	House No. 14, A. Street.	A. Street.	House No. 13/1.	House No. 13/1.	

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
A. Street, Cleveland Town, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	Govindappah.	Dwelling House No. 14 (part).	559 square feet.	House No. 15 of A. Street.	A. Street.	House Nos. 13/1 and 13/2.	Part of No. 14.	As per plan in the Collector's Office.
	Bayannah and Mallappah, minors, by their G. F., Doddamuniappah-Tavaray kiray, Bangalore Taluk.	Dwelling House No. 15 (part).	638 square feet.	House No. 17 of A. Street.	A. Street.	House No. 14.	Part of House No. 15.	
	(1) Pillammah alias Chowdammah. (2) Mortgagee, Raja Narayan Chetty.	Dwelling House No. 17 (part).	1,150 square feet.	Central Street.	A. Street.	House No. 15, A. Street.	Part of House No. 17.	
	(1) Mulliah. (2) Chowdappah Medivalam, Bangalore Taluk.	Dwelling House No. 14, Central Street (part).	618 square feet.	House No. 16, A. Street.	A. Street.	Central Street.	Part of House No. 14 of Central Street.	

A. Street, Cleveland Town, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.								
Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
(1) Appayappah. (2) Négammah (wife).	Chinnasawmappa.	Dwelling House No. 19 (part).	1,344 square feet.	House No. 20 of A. Street.	A. Street.	House No. 18.	Part of House No. 19.	
(1) Chinnasawmappah. (2) Karapu Chetty. (3) Chowdappah.	Karpu Chetty.	Dwelling House No. 18 (part).	1,311 square feet.	House No. 19 of A. Street.	A. Street.	House No. 17.	Part of House No. 18.	
		Dwelling House No. 17 (part).	733 square feet.	House No. 18 of A. Street.	A. Street.	House No. 16.	Part of House No. 17.	
		Dwelling House No. 16, A. Street (part).	480 square feet.	House No. 17 of A. Street.	A. Street.	House No. 14 of Central Street.	Part of House No. 16 of A. Street.	

As per plan in the Collector's Office.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
C. and E. Street, Cleveland Town Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	Katirappah.	Dwelling House No. 1 (full).	921 square feet.		E. street.	House No. 2, E. Street.	House No. 17 of C. Street.	
	Appannah.	Dwelling House No. 13 (full).	1,145 square feet.		A. Street.	House No. 21.	Temple land and flower garden.	
A. Street, Cleveland Town, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	Munisawmy, son of Karagappah.	Dwelling House No. 21 (full).	639 square feet.	House No. 13 of A. Street.	A. Street.	House No. 20.	Totappa's vacant land.	
	(1) Nagammah, wife of Munisawmappa-Rochihally. (2) Somannah of Parargeevannally (mortgagee).	Dwelling House No. 20 (full).	1,704 square feet.	House No. 21 of A. Street and Totappa's vacant land.	A. Street.	House No. 19.	House No. 28 of E. Street.	

As per plan in the Collector's Office.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
C. and E. Streets, Cleveland Town, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	Radrappa, son of Nanjappa.	Dwelling House No. 2 (full).	930 square feet.	House No. 1 of C. Street.	House No. 16 of B. Street.	Central Street.	C. Street.	As per plan in the Collector's Office.
	Baramannah.	Dwelling House No. 1 (full).	1,603 square feet.	Municipal land.	House No. 17 of B. Street.	House No. 2 of C. Street.	C. Street.	
	Tirumalappa, mortgagee, Narainsawmy (buyer seller).	Dwelling House No. 3 (full).	468 square feet.	House No. 2, E. Street.	E. Street.	E. Street.	House No. 17 of C. Street.	
	Ragulamandi Seetaramiah.	Dwelling House No. 2 (full).	845 square feet.	House No. 1 of E. Street.	E. Street.	E. Street and House No. 3 of E. Street.	House No. 17 of C. Street.	

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
C. Street, Cleveland Town, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	Karibasappa							
	T. Padmanabha Naidu, B.A., Pleader, Arni T. Gobindarajulu Naidu. T. Mohanari Naidu.	(1) Nanjemdappah. (2) Nanjemdappah. (3) Mortgage, Mercantile Bank.						
		Dwelling House No. 4/1 (full).						
		Dwelling House No. 3 (full).	874 square feet.	House No 2 of C. Street.	Oompathi Row's House.	House No. 4/1 of C. Street.	C. Street.	
		Dwelling House No. 2 (full).	1,410 square feet.	Vacant ground of Doddakappannah.	Rudrappa's vacant ground.	House No 3 of C. Street.	C. Street.	
	Doddakappannah.	Vacant ground (full).	960 square feet.	Central Street.	Rudrappa's vacant land.	House No. 2 of C. Street.	C. Street.	

As per plan in the Collector's Office.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
C. Street, Cleveland Town, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	Chicka Karibasappah.	Dwelling House No. 4/2 (full).	1,404 square feet.	House No. 4/1 of C. Street.	Rudrappah's House.	House No. 5 of C. Street.	C. Street.	As per plan in the Collector's Office.
	Gungappa—Minor by guardian G. M. Yellam- mah. (2) Mortgagee Mercantile Bank.	Dwelling House No. 5 (full).	794 square feet.	House No. 4/2 of C. Street.	Rudrappah's house.	Cole's Road.	C. Street.	

The 14th October 1913.

No. 60.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (XV of 1872, as modified by Act II of 1891), and which have been delegated to him by the Governor General in Council under section 86 of the Act by Foreign Department Notification No. 3747-I. B., dated the 1st October 1897, the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore is pleased to grant a license to the Reverend Samuel Francis of the South India United Church to solemnise marriages within the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

The powers hereby conferred are to be exercised only so far as regards Christian subjects of His Majesty.

No. 61.—Whereas by the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2252-I., dated the 7th August 1883, the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, was, with certain modifications, declared to apply to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, so far as regards marriages between persons, one of whom is a Native Christian subject of Mysore, and neither of whom is a Christian British subject.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Act the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore is pleased to grant a license to the Reverend Samuel Francis of the South India United Church, to solemnise marriages within the territories included in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore between Native Christians, one of whom is a Native Christian subject of Mysore, and neither of whom is a Christian subject of His Majesty.

COORG AND MYSORE RIFLES.

TRANSFER.

Bangalore, the 16th October 1913.

No. 63.—Captain William Crawford, V.D., is transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 4th September 1913.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,

First Assistant Resident.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 17th October 1913.

No. 3063-D.—48-13.—Major H. deV. Harvest assumed charge of the office of the Cantonment Magistrate, Nowgong, from Captain C. S. Stooks, on the forenoon of the 18th September 1913.

No. 3070-D.—48-13.—The 5 weeks' privilege leave granted to Major H. deV. Harvest, Cantonment Magistrate, Nowgong, with effect from 11th August 1913, in Central India Agency Notification No. 2508-D.—48-13, dated the 30th August 1913, is hereby extended by three days.

By order, etc.,

A. B. DRUMMOND, Major,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
AJMER-MERWARA.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Mount Abu, the 15th October 1913.

No. 1570.—With reference to his Notification No. 2177, dated the 16th June 1911, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana is pleased to appoint Mr. Shiv Charan Das to be a Railway Magistrate of the 1st Class with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of the duties of the post and during such time as he continues to hold the appointment.

No. 1573.—Mr. Shiv Charan Das, Bar-at-Law, Public Prosecutor, Ajmer-Merwara, is appointed to be Railway Magistrate, *s. p. l.*, with effect from the 16th October 1913, or the date of assuming charge, *vice* Sahibzada Abdul Wahid Khan, transferred to the Ajmer-Merwara Commission.

The 18th October 1913.

No 1596-4.—In accordance with the provisions of section 25 of the Ajmer Municipalities Regulation (V of 1886) the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to notify the appointment of Babu Hari Lal, Kamdar of the Junia estate, as a nominated member of the Kekri Municipal Committee for a period of three years with effect from the 1st September 1913.

By order,

A. D. BANNERMAN, Lieut.-Col.,

First Assistant to the Honourable the
Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL OF FORESTS.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 16th October 1913.

No. 1056-265-7.—Dr. A. D. Blascheck, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Punjab, at present on deputation as Instructor at the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, is granted special leave on urgent private affairs for 1 month and 21 days, with effect from the forenoon of the 13th October 1913.

G. S. HART,

Inspector General of Forests.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 20th October 1913.

No. 7730-Home.—The following return of deaths registered in the Province of Delhi during the half month ending 30th September 1913, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Name of Towns and Rural Circles in the District.	Deaths registered in previous half month.	Total in present half month.	Death registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age.		REMARKS.
			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.		Total.
P. S. Alipur	44	60	...	...	...	28	2	26	...	...	4	2	13	9	22
Nangloi	34	25	...	...	...	12	...	3	...	...	...	...	6	5	11
Najafgarh	54	52	...	...	...	32	1	15	2	...	2	...	9	5	14
Subzimundi	6	6	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	4	5
Paharganj	13	9	...	...	...	7	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
Mehrauli	47	45	...	...	...	27	...	15	...	...	3	...	5	7	12
Total of the District	198	197	...	..	...	121	3	61	2	...	10	2	35	31	66

No. 7746-Home.—The services of M. Abdus Samad Munsif, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India for re-employment in the Punjab, with effect from the afternoon of the 4th July 1913.

The 21st October 1913.

No. 7778-Education.—Under the provisions of section 8 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1891 (Act I of 1891), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that, with respect to the Notified Area of Delhi, section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 (Act I of 1871) shall be read as if it had reference to cattle generally instead of to pigs only and as if the words "fifty rupees" were substituted for the words "ten rupees".

No. 7798-C. & I.—The following return of wholesale and retail prices current at the headquarters of the Province of Delhi are published for information :—

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the headquarters of the Delhi Province at the close of the half month ending 30th September 1913.

Items.	Amount per Rupee.		REMARKS.
	Srs.	Chts.	
Wheat, white	10	0	
Barley	13	8	
Rice { Best sort	3	0	
{ Common sort	5	12	
Jowár (Andropogon sorghum)	15	0	
Bájra (Pennisetum typhoideum)	12	8	
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana) . . . . .	...	...	} Not available.
Kangni (Setaria Italica) . . . . .	...	...
Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)	13	0	
Maize	12	8	
Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dál)	10	0	
Firewood	55	0	
Salt, Sambhar { Wholesale . . . . .	...	...
{ Retail	22	0	
Gur	9	0	
Cotton (unginned)	4	4	
Bejhar	13	8	

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food-grains, etc., in the mart at the headquarters of the Province of Delhi, during the fortnight ending 30th September 1913.

Items.	Wholesale price, in Rupees.		REMARKS.
	Rs.	A. P.	
Rice, unhusked	3	5 0	
„ husked	6	11 0	
Wheat	3	12 0	
Barley	2	14 0	
Oats . . . . .	...	
Jowar	2	8 0	
Bajra	3	0 0	
Maize	3	0 0	
Gram	2	15 0	
Arhar Dál	3	12 0	
Linseed	9	0 0	
Rapeseed (Sarshat)	6	0 0	
Poppyseed . . . . .	...	
Til (Jinjili seed)	9	8 0	
Sugar (raw), Gur	4	0 0	
Cotton (cleaned)	25	0 0	
Cotton seed	2	12 0	
Ghi	58	0 0	
Flour (wheat)	4	2 0	
Tobacco leaf (dry)	7	0 0	
Turmeric (unground)	10	0 0	
Salt	1	12 0	
Raw hides (cow)	35	0 0	
Bran	1	14 0	
Grass (dry)	1	2 3	
Bhusa	1	0 0	
Jowar stalks (dry)	1	2 3	
Kerosene oil (per tin, stating the brand) (Victoria)	3	2 9	
Plough bullocks, per pair	150	0 0	
Sheep, per score	80	0 0	
Bejhar	2	14 0	

No. 7804.-C. & I.—Under the authority vested in him by rules 51 (2) and 51 (3) of the rules made by the Punjab Government under section 5 of the Opium Act, 1878, and published with Punjab Government notification No. 232, dated 15th December 1900, as subsequently amended, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to add the following to the conditions already contained in the forms of wholesale and retail licenses for the vend of opium and poppy-heads prescribed in notification No. 140, dated 28th May 1901, and to direct that it shall have effect from the 1st of April 1914:—

“The licensee shall not keep in stock or sell, either mixed with the opium or poppy-heads which he is authorized to sell or separately, any Chloral Hydrate.”

This condition shall be numbered III B in the wholesale license form and IV B in the retail license form.

No. 7805.-C. & I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of section 65 of the Excise Act, 1896 (XII of 1896), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to add the following to the conditions already contained in the forms of licenses for the wholesale and retail vend of intoxicating hemp drugs, viz., forms Nos. IX, X and XI prescribed in notification No. 20, dated 10th February 1898, and to direct that it shall have effect from the 1st April 1914 :—

“ The licensee shall not keep in stock or sell, either mixed with the charas or blang which he is authorized to sell or separately, any Chloral Hydrate ”.

This condition shall be numbered I. A. in form No. IX [wholesale (in bond) license form], V.A. in form No. X [wholesale (general) license form] and XI-A. in form No. XI (retail license form).

No. 7809-Home.—The following returns of births and deaths in large municipal towns and rural areas in the Province of Delhi for the month of September 1913, are published for information :—

Births registered during the month of September 1913.

Names of Towns and Rural Circles of the District.	CHRISTIANS.			HINDUS.			MUHAMMADANS.			OTHER CLASSES.			TOTAL.			REMARKS.
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
Delhi	3	3	6	216	248	464	205	208	413	...	...	...	424	459	883	
Notified Area . . . . .	...	...	...	3	3	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	6	
TOTAL OF TOWNS	3	3	6	219	251	470	205	208	413	...	...	...	427	462	889	
RURAL CIRCLES—																
Alipur . . . . .	...	...	...	107	98	205	20	12	32	...	...	...	127	110	237	
Nangloi . . . . .	...	...	...	66	62	128	5	...	5	...	...	...	71	62	133	
Najafgarh . . . . .	...	...	...	110	103	213	7	10	17	...	...	...	117	113	230	
Sabsimandi . . . . .	...	...	...	2	7	9	3	...	3	...	...	...	5	7	12	
Paharganj . . . . .	...	...	...	16	9	25	2	4	6	...	...	...	18	13	31	
Mehrauli . . . . .	...	...	...	61	53	114	18	15	33	...	...	...	79	68	147	
TOTAL OF RURAL CIRCLES . . . . .	...	...	...	362	332	694	55	41	96	...	...	...	417	373	790	
TOTAL OF TOWNS	3	3	6	219	251	470	205	208	413	...	...	...	427	462	889	
TOTAL OF THE DISTRICT	3	3	6	581	583	1,164	260	249	509	...	...	...	844	835	1,679	

Deaths registered according to age during the month of September 1913.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18														
Names of Towns and Rural Circles.	AGES OF DEATH.																	Classes of Born Dead.													
																		Total of all ages.	Total of all ages including Born Dead.	Born Dead.		Total of all ages including Born Dead.									
																				60 and upwards.	50-60		40-50	30-40	20-30	15-20	10-15	5-10	1-5		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Christians.	Muslims.	Hindus.	Other classes.															
Towns.																															
Delhi	101	112	57	65	6	12	6	11	8	25	17	45	17	27	20	25	15	10	36	20	233	352	325	380	42	28	...	84	42	...	
Notified Area	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Towns	101	113	57	65	6	12	6	11	8	25	17	45	18	27	20	25	15	11	86	20	234	354	326	333	43	28	...	34	42	...	
Rural Circles.																															
Alipor	23	18	7	10	4	3	2	...	...	3	5	2	5	3	1	1	4	1	8	4	59	45	59	45	...	...	...	...	...	...
Naglod	15	11	3	6	3	1	...	...	...	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	1	2	4	2	31	28	31	29	...	1	...	1	...	...
Najafgarh	17	13	8	16	5	6	2	...	6	1	2	3	1	1	3	4	3	4	4	7	51	55	51	55	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subsimundi	2	4	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	8	4	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paharganj	2	1	6	3	1	1	2	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	14	8	14	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mehralli	13	12	10	7	2	1	3	1	2	2	4	2	5	4	...	2	4	5	7	6	50	42	50	42	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Rural Circles	72	59	34	44	15	12	9	3	9	7	13	9	14	10	5	10	14	13	24	19	209	186	203	187	...	1	...	1	...	...
Total of Towns	101	113	57	65	6	12	6	11	8	25	17	45	18	27	20	25	15	11	86	20	234	354	326	332	42	28	...	84	42	...	
Total of Towns and Rural Circles	173	172	91	109	21	24	15	14	17	32	30	54	32	37	25	35	29	24	60	39	493	540	535	569	42	29	...	85	42	...	
TOTAL OF BOTH SERIES.	345	200	200	45	29	49	84	69	60	53	99	1,033	1,104	71	35	1,033	1,104	42

No. 7811-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending Saturday, the 11th October 1913, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	
No.	Name of Municipal Town.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.										Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
	Delhi . .	230,471	118	109	227	52	77	129	...	...	...	99	4	16	...	10	1	21	29	50	55.3	33.6
	Notified Area	...	...	2	2	...	3	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...
	Total .	...	118	111	229	52	80	132	...	...	...	102	4	16	...	10	1	21	30	51	...	...

No. 7816-Home.—Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, is granted privilege leave for 3 months under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations combined with furlough for 9 months under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st November 1913, or the subsequent date from which he may avail himself of it.

The 22nd of October 1913.

No. 7845-Education.—Under the powers conferred by section 70 (2) (b) of the Punjab Municipal Act, III of 1911, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to abolish the octroi levied in the Delhi Municipality under the revised octroi rules on class II animals for slaughter published with his notification No. 5710, dated 25th July 1913.

By order,

G. F. DEMONTMORENCY,
Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

APPOINTMENTS.

Bombay, the 14th October 1913.

No. 36.—Mr. W. J. Kenshett, Foreman of the Yard, Bombay Dockyard, is appointed Assistant Constructor, Bombay Dockyard, *sub. pro tem*, *vice* Khan Sahib B. S. Wadia, retired, with effect from the 27th September 1913.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

The 15th October 1913.

No. 37.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the Leave Rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India, *i.e.*, 10th October 1913:—

Sub-Lieutenant H. W. Thomas, R. I. M. 8 months.

E. W. HUDDLESTON,
for Director, Royal Indian Marine.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

NOTICE.

Notice of removal of the office of the Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 1.

The office of the Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 1, Calcutta, will be removed from 11, Queen's Park, Ballygunge, to the Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Calcutta. All postal communications which cannot reach Ballygunge by the 29th October current should be addressed to

The SENIOR GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF RAILWAYS,
Circle No. 1,
Imperial Secretariat Buildings,
2, Government Place West,
Calcutta

Telegraphic address—"Balsam," Calcutta.

Telephone—39, Central.

N. N. DAS,
Head Clerk,
For Senior Government Inspector.

CALCUTTA,
The 20th October 1913.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 11th October 1913.

No. 50.—In Agent's Notification No. 48, dated 18th September 1913, for "1st October 1910" read "1st October 1913."

The 15th October 1913.

No. 52.—Mr. E. Fraser, Assistant Engineer, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani on the 2nd September 1913.

The 16th October 1913.

No. 53.—Mr. J. F. McMichael, Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, grade 3 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, has been granted, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, extraordinary leave, without pay, from 18th October 1913 to 17th November 1913, in continuation of the combined leave granted in this Office Notification No. 19 of 3rd April 1913.

The 20th October 1913.

No. 54.—Lieut. L. Fraustadt, R.E., Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, grade 2 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, has been granted, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India leave on medical certificate for 2 months 10 days in extension of the 6 months' leave notified in Agent's Notification No. 8 of 1913.

This supersedes Agent's Notification No. 33 of 1913.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel, R.E.,
Agent, N.-W. Railway.

OUDEH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.**NOTIFICATION.**

Lucknow, the 16th October 1913.

No. 19.—Mr. M. S. S. O'Connor, Deputy Traffic Manager, is granted, under Article 288, 260 and 300 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for one year and on month, *viz.*, privilege leave for 3 months and furlough for the remaining period, with effect from the 17th October 1913, or subsequent date of relief.

W. D. WAGHORN, Major, R.E.,
Agent, O. & R. Railway.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**NOTIFICATION.**

Simla, the 16th October 1913.

No. 1732s-*Ap*.—Mr. J. H. Owens, Superintendent of post offices, officiating in the 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 6th October 1913.

Maung Tin Gale, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Burma, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. J. H. Owens, or until further orders.

W. MAXWELL,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 15th October 1913.

No. 1230s-*G*.—Mr. A. P. Manning, Assistant Superintendent, has been granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough out of India for twelve months, with effect from the 3rd October 1913.

W. MAXWELL,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Calcutta, the 24th October 1913.

No. 5760-*T*.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 24th September 1913 to 21st October 1913.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Delhi Paharganj	Punjab	1st October 1913	Opened.
Delhi Raisana	Do.	1st " "	"
Halizal	Bombay Presidency	10th " "	"
Kamarhati	Bengal	16th " "	"
Kharaghoda	Bombay Presidency	23rd September "	"
Kondagaon	Central Provinces	16th " "	"
Nankana Sahib	Punjab	1st October "	"
Rajula	Bombay Presidency	10th " "	"
Sampla	Punjab	1st " "	"
Songir	Bombay Presidency	1st June "	"
Tegra	Bihar and Orissa	27th September "	"

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Railway Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Asaranada	Jodhpur-Bikaner Railway .	1st September 1913	Opened.
Dhaniakhali	Tarakeshwar-Magra Railway .	1st June „	„
Dundi	East Indian Railway . . .	1st October „	„
Galiana	Bhavnagar State Railway	15th September „	„
Hasipur	Jodhpur-Bikaner Railway .	3rd August „	„
Jasdan	Bhavnagar State Railway .	15th September „	„
Khadeen	Jodhpur-Bikaner Railway .	1st „ „	„
Mahalam	North-Western Railway .	11th August „	„
Makhu	Do. do.	11th „ „	„
Mallanwala Khas	Do. do.	11th „ „	„
Parcho-Ji-Veri	Jodhpur-Bikaner Railway .	23rd „ „	„
Sessa	Tezpur-Balipara Railway .	15th September „	„
Tilwara	Jodhpur-Bikaner Railway .	21st August „	„
Umed	Do. do.	1st September „	„

The following alterations in the names of the Government Telegraph Offices are notified :—

“ Madras Ripon Buildings ” instead of “ Madras Corporation Buildings ”.

“ Madhoganj (Partabgarh) ” instead of “ Madhoganj ”.

“ Wildflower Hotel ” instead of “ Mahasu Wildflower Hotel ”.

The following alteration in the name of a Railway Telegraph Office is notified :—

On the Rohilkhand Kumaon Railway.

“ Izatnagar ” instead of “ Shahamatganj ”.

H. CHARLES,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

INDIAN MUSEUM.

ZOOLOGICAL AND ANTHROPOLOGICAL SECTION.

Calcutta, the 24th October 1913.

No. 3079.—Mr. S. W. Kemp, B.A., Senior Assistant Superintendent in Zoological and Anthropological Section of the Indian Museum, has been granted one month's special Abor leave and one and half months' privilege leave, with effect from the 27th instant.

By order,
N. ANNANDALE,
Secretary to the Trustees,
Indian Museum.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 24th October 1918.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 22nd October 1913.

[illegible][illegible]

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA,
8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

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Messrs. P. S. King & Son, 2 and 4, Great Smith Street, Westminster.
Messrs. H. S. King & Co., 65, Cornhill, and 9, Pall Mall, London.
Messrs. Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street, London, S.W.
Messrs. Luzac & Co., 46, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.

Messrs. W. Thacker & Co., 2, Creed Lane, London, E.C.
Mr. B. H. Blackwell, 50 and 51, Broad Street, Oxford.
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Messrs. B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.
The Calcutta School Book and Useful Literature Society, 308, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.
Messrs. Butterworth & Co. (India), Limited, Calcutta.
Messrs. M. C. Sircar and Sons, 75, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
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Messrs. P. R. Rama Iyer & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Thacker & Co., Ltd., Bombay.
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Messrs. Gopal Narayan & Co., Bombay.

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Superintendent, American Baptist Mission Press, Rangoon.
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Mr. N. B. Mathur, Superintendent, Nazir Kanun Hind Press, Allahabad.
Messrs. A. Chand & Co., Punjab.
Babu S. C. Talukdar, Proprietor, Students and Company, Cooch Behar.
Messrs. A. M. & J. Ferguson, Ceylon.
Manager, Educational Book Depôts, Nagpur and Jubbulpore.
Manager of the Imperial Book Depôt, 63, Chandney Chank Street, Delhi.
Manager, *East Coast News*, Visagapatam.
Manager, "The Agra Medical Hall and Co-operative Association, Limited" (Successors to A. John & Co., Agra).
Mr. T. K. Seetharam Aiyar, Kumbakonam.
Superintendent, Basel Mission Book and Tract Depository, Mangalore.
Messrs. P. Varadachary & Co., Madras.
Mr. H. Liddell, Printer, etc., 7, South Road, Allahabad.
Messrs. D. C. Anand & Sons, Peshawar.
Mr. Ram Dayal Agarwala, 184, Katra Allahabad.*

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LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

LEGISLATIVE-DEPARTMENT.

List No. 1 of 1913, dated 30th June 1913, of Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. (1a.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Scientific Memoirs New series, No. 60. Studies on the Mouth Parts and Sucking Apparatus of the Blood Sucking Diptera, No. 4. The Comparative Anatomy of the Proboscis in the blood Sucking Muscidae. Super Royal. 8vo. Board. Rs. 1-2s. or 1s. 9d. (5a.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

The Indian Forest Records, Vol. V, Part III, Report on the investigation of Savannah Grasses as Material for Production of Paper Pulp. By W. Raitt, F.C.S. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (2a.)

Classified List of Forest Officers of the Imperial and Provincial Services in India and Burma on 1st July 1913. Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

The Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part II, Economy Series.—On the Economic Value of Shorea Robusta (Sal) by R. S. Pearson, F. L. S. Super Royal. 4 to. Board. Rs. 1-12s. or 3s. (5a.)

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Seaborne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the Month of August 1913. No. 5 of 1913-14. Royal. 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2a.)

Accounts of the External Land Trade of British India for the month of July 1913 No. 4 of 1913-14. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8s. or 9d. (2a.)

COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Civil Estimates, 1913-14, Vols. I and II. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (15a.) each.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for October 1913. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-12 or 3s. 6d. (6a.)

Infantry Training, 1911, in Urdu Parts I to III. Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 14s. or 1s. 3d. (2a.)

Training Manual, Signalling, 1907. (Jismen May 1911 tak Tamam Tarmimen Shamil hain).

Hindustan ke Khas Zamimi Samet. Demy. 16mo. Paper cover. 12s. or 1s. 1d. (2a.)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Administration of Civil Justice in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (2a.)

LIST OF BOOKS PUBLISHED FROM APRIL TO SEPTEMBER 1913.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Act 6 of 1912, in Urdu and Hindi. 1s. 3p. (1a.)

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Indian Criminal Law (Act VIII of 1913). In Hindi and Urdu. 3p. (1a.) each.

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. V (S to Z), Edition 1913. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 8 or 12s. (12a.)

A Collection of Statutes relating to India, Vol. I (up to end of 1857), Edition 1913. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 8 or 12s. (11a.)

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Special Report of the Delhi Town Planning Committee on the Possibility of Building the Imperial Capital on the North Site. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1-4 or 1s. 11d. (3a.)

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HOME DEPARTMENT.

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India, January to March 1913. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 23, corrected to 1st January 1913. Royal 8vo. Board. 11s. or 1s. (3a.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India:—

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The Proceedings of the Second All-India Sanitary Conference held at Madras, November 11th to 16th 1912, Volume IV (Engineering). Foolscap. Board. Rs. 3 or 3s. (4s.)

Census of India, 1911, Volume II. The Andaman and Nicobar Islands. Part I, Report. Part II, Tables. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 4 or 6s. (5s.)

Census of India, 1911, Volume XVII. Central India Agency. Report and Tables. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 3-8 or 5s. 3d. (7s.)

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Annual Report of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India for 1911. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (5s.)

The Proceedings of the Second All-India Sanitary Conference held at Madras, November 11th to 16th, 1912, Volume II—Hygiene. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2 or 3s. (3s.) Volume III—Research. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2 or 3s. (7s.)

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Fauna of British India, Diptera Nematocera (excluding Chironomidae Culicidae) by E. Brunetti. Super-Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 17-8 or 26s. 3d. (8s.)

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DIRECTOR GENERAL OF COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Annual Statement of the Seaborne Trade and Navigation of British India with the British Empire and Foreign Countries in the year ending March 31st, 1912, and the four preceding years, to which are appended the accounts of the Trade of Aden and of the French and Portuguese Possessions in India, Vol. II. Forty-sixth issue. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (9s.)

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- (2) Majors of the Regular Army in Tactical Fitness for Command, Part I.
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Monthly Weather Review, November 1912 to April 1913. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1 per month.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VI. By G. C. Simpson, D.Sc. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. 8a.

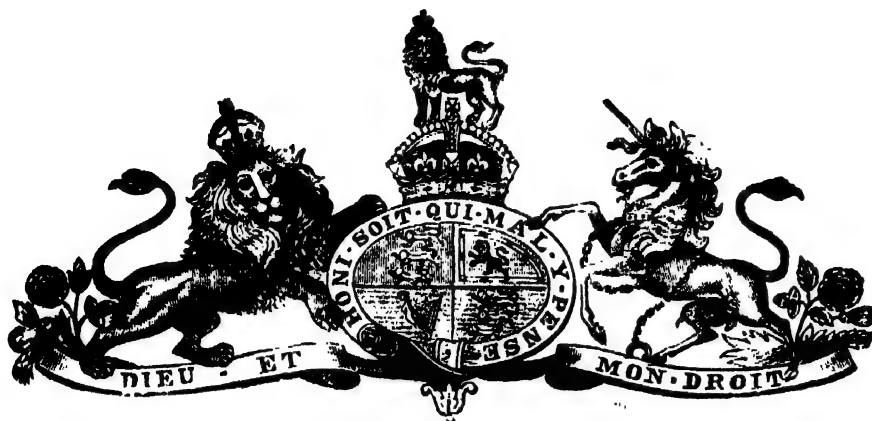
Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VII. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S., and Rai Bahadur Hem Raj. Quarto. Paper cover. 8a.

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Monthly Weather Review, May 1913 (1st issue). Price Re. 1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. B040479 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1842-43 for Rs. 100 (one hundred only) originally standing in the name of Purbhudas Harukhchand and last endorsed to Narhar Ganesli-Mogre the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—NARHAR GANESHI MOGRE,
Residence—C/o LYON LORD & Co., Ltd.,
Telephone Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

STOLEN.

The upper half of the Government Promissory Note No. 016528 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1879 for Rs. 1,000 originally standing in the name of Kedar Nath Mukherjee the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of the duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—KEDAR NATH MUKHERJEE.
Address—Deputy Inspector of Schools, Burdwan.

LOST.

The lower half of the Government Promissory Note No. 102359 of the three and half per cent loan of 1842-43 for Rs500 (five hundred only) originally standing in the name of Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Sarogini Dabi the proprietress by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

SHRIMOTI SAROGINI DABI,

C/o Babu M. C. Chatterji,

Retired E. A. C.,

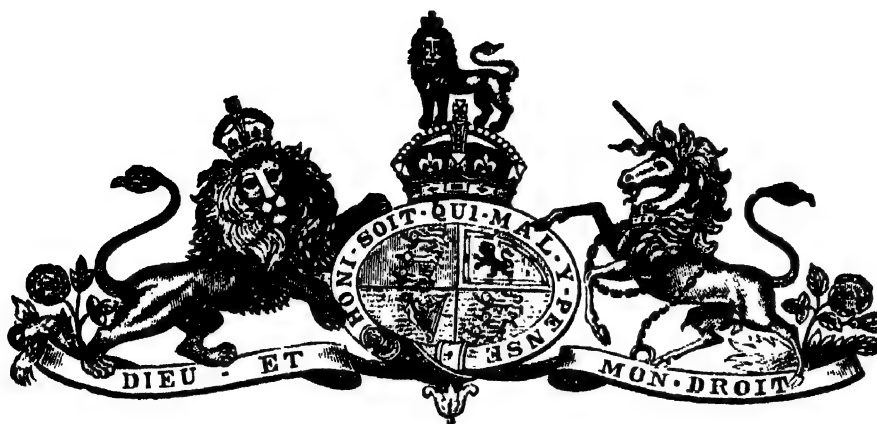
Mucadamganj, Jabalpur, Central Provinces.

Estate A. M. Cruttwell, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Alexander Micklem Cruttwell of Kotalguri, Bindukuri, Assam, who died on 6th April 1913 at Kingussie, Inverness N. B. Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to James Edmund Vallance, of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 13th November next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

J. E. VALLANCE.

Calcutta, 1st October 1913.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 43. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1913.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1913 OF :

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE
GRAM

ARHAR DAL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPISEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gur*)
SALT

TOBACCO
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA (WHITE)
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEBOSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
Burma*															
<i>Tenasserim—</i>															
Merguit . . .	...	...	...	62.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	25.91	46.88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . .	...	...	35.75	57.14	55.65	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>															
Rangoon . . .	...	...	37.87	56.14	49.61	49.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . .	...	...	41.29	54.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	...	...	39.75	58.72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>															
Hensada . . .	...	...	38.79	57.14	76.19	67.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . .	...	...	38.32	51.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>															
Mandalay . . .	...	...	35.75	50.79	41.83	51.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	40	58.72	...	...	...	...	...	...	22.38	22.08	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>															
Akyab . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam*															
<i>Burma—</i>															
Balaganj (Sylhet)	35	22.5	55	41.87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>															
Goalpara . . .	31.87	18.12	58.75	31.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . .	26.25	15.62	50.62	36.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Chittagong . . .	25	27.5	45 53.75 to 62.5	52.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	...	...	...	45	48.75	32.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>															
Calcutta . . .	...	...	61.25	50	45	32.5	...	...	32.5	27.5	35	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Bardwan . . .	...	...	55	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . .	...	...	50	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Pabna . . .	33.75	23.12	56.25	41.25	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . .	30	20	72.5	45	45	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa*															
<i>Bihar, north—</i>															
Bhagalpur . . .	...	...	55	45	42.5	35.62	...	...	30	26.25	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . .	...	...	66.56	44.37	36.25	33.28	...	...	26.56	25	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>															
Patna . . .	...	...	41.25	36.25	28.12	30.78	...	...	18.75	22.19	24.37	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>															
Cuttack . . .	...	...	44.79	38.07	38.07	35.52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provin- ces*															
<i>(a) AGRA—</i>															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Benares . . .	25.31	25.31	55.1	49.48	37.03	33.8	42.81	39.32	24.53	26.51	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Cawnpore . . .	33.12	25	52.5	42.19	41.25	32.06	50	36.35	33.12	25	30	21.61	27.5	25	...
Jhansi . . .	...	...	54.37	52.5	34.09	34.06	...	...	26.72	24.37	27.19	24.53	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Meerut . . .	28.59	...	59.22	53.28	34.64	31.41	39.06	38.12	27.5	26.56	...	...	...	...	...
Agra . . .	57.24	47.08	59.22	50	43.28	31.98	46.41	38.59	35.52	26.67	32.00	27.0	34.79	28.54	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>															
Shahjahanpur . . .	30.94	26.56	80	...	38.75	30.16	40	35	26.56	25	...	...	...	22.81	...
<i>(b) OUDH—</i>															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Lucknow . . .	...	...	44.23	47.03	39.06	32.6	45.73	40	25.78	23.54	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Fyzabad . . .	26.73	24.37	49.37	47.66	35	32.5	...	...	25.78	24.06	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

† Not reported yet

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RICE	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DÁL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
...	Burma—
...	61.54	61.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tenasserim—
...	40.78	40.78	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mergul
...	38.16	34.97	45.71	48.12	52.08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	51.61	51.61	51.61	51.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Moulmein and
...	46.38	40.51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amherst
...	39.02	49.61	55.17	52.46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	Bangoon
...	Manbja
...	Bassein
...	Pegu (inland)—
...	Henzada
...	Toungoo
...	17.11	21.26	34.41	33.16	51.61	51.61	59.81	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	25	31.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	44.44	44.44	57.14	57.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pakokku
...	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Assam—
...	Burma—
...	Balaganj (Sylhet)
...	57.5	62.5	Brahmaputra—
...	57.5	63.75	Goalpara
...	Gauhati
...	53.5	50	...	...	...	...	65	100	65	75	Bengal—
...	52.5	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	65	Eastern—
...	Chittagong
...	85	...	85	82.5	47.5	40	35	30	...	...	52.5	75	62.5	60	Dacca
...	82.5	82.5	45	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	57.5 to 65	62.5	Deltaic—
...	67.5 and 78.75	67.5 and 78.75	Calcutta
...	52.5	...	...	...	...	...	51.25	75	62.5	70	Western—
...	45	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	60	Bardwan
...	Midnapur
...	Northern—
...	Pabna
...	Rangpur
...	Bihar and Orissa—
...	28.12	20	31.25	26.25	45	39.37	32.5	22.5	...	...	55	73.12	46.25 and 56.87	47.5 and 55.62	Bihar, north—
...	28.59	20	30.73	25	44.37	33.28	30.73	22.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhagalpur
20	24.37	21.00	24.37	22.19	33.5	33.28	25	20	...	...	54.37	72.5	53.75	70	Muzaffarpur
...	38.07	38.07	50.78	43.59	35.94	30.31	...	...	...	...	75	60.94	Bihar, south—
...	Patna
...	Orissa—
...	Cuttack
...	United Provinces—
...	23.7	...	27.5	25.62	48.12	33.59	...	...	...	...	56.41	...	53.02	57.97	(a) AGRA—
...	32.5	15.68	33.75	31.93	42.5	31.98	37.5	31.35	25	17.4	52.5	69.53	60	55.16	Eastern—
...	28.13	23.44	...	...	...	...	28.59	...	...	...	...	...	Benares
...	38.59	...	29.53	28.91	36.25	30.78	50	25	...	...	57.24	57.19	55.16	...	Central—
...	33.33	...	34.06	21.04	43.23	34.79	50	44.43	25.78	22.31	57.24	80	59.22	61.56	Cawnpore
...	...	18.12	35	22.19	40	28.59	...	...	...	...	50	65	57.34	60	Jhansi
...	20	20	28.59	31.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	61.51	61.51	61.51	Western—
...	22.5	19.37	28.12	20	...	34.74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Meerut
...	Agra
...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	(b) OUDH—
...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SEAMUM (Til or jinfil)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNERIC		GRASS	
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912
Burma—														
<i>Tenasserim—</i>														
Mergui*	...	...	...	581.82	...	...	...	20.58	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	581.82	581.82	...	...	20.51	20.51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	457.14	457.14	...	...	16.89	17.98	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>														
Rangoon	...	...	581.82	583.33	...	...	18.29	18.55	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	581.82	581.82	...	...	22.86	22.86	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	492.81	492.81	...	...	22.86	22.86	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>														
Henzada	...	...	583.33	492.81	...	...	22.86	21.84	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.81	24.81	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>														
Mandalay	...	...	583.33	583.33	...	...	22.61	24.81	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	711.11	711.11	...	...	22.54	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>														
Akyab	...	...	583.33	583.33	...	...	29.63	30.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—														
<i>Burma—</i>														
Balaganj (Sylhet)	...	...	600	520	62.5	60	20	19.06	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>														
Goalpara	...	...	500	480	70	60	20.62	21.25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	...	...	540	510	72.5	80	27.5	27.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Chittagong	...	...	550	490	60	65	16.25	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	600	480	82.5	70	22.5	21.25	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>														
Calcutta	67.5	75	530	480	55	50	16.87	18.75	63.75	67.5	...	...	22.5	13.75
<i>Western—</i>														
Bardwan	...	...	525	470	{ 60 to 65 }	65	18.75	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	...	...	{ 550 to 600 }	{ 500 to 550 }	65	77.5	20	20	{ 120 and 130 }	120	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>														
Pabna	...	...	555	510	47.5	45	21.25	22.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	560	540	82.5	60	22.5	22.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—														
<i>Bihar, north—</i>														
Bhagalpur	80	80	525	490	57.5	50	19.60	21.09	...	100	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	...	583.12	457.5	50	36.25	20.94	22.19	206.56	160	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>														
Patna	66.25	65	480	410	40	42.5	20	20.62	20	20	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>														
Cuttack	75	60.94	609.87	476.15	60.88	47.6	17.5	16.25	92.34	69.9	...	...	5	5
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Benares	66.67	81.41	510.26	488.91	47.34	43.12	24.53	22.24	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Cawnpore	80	100	510	492.29	40	50	17.5	17.76	140	72.5	{ 90 and 97.5 }	100	...	...
Jhansi	69.53	72.97	492.19	426.56	50	50	20	19.69	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>														
Meerut	80	...	556.87	512.19	40	47.03	17.66	16.87	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	100	...	492.29	474.06	57.13	57.13	17.76	17.4	105	90	125	127.5	11.41	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>														
Shahjahanpur	62.5	66.72	490	495	65	61.56	20	20	180	...	{ 80 and 90 }	{ 120 and 130 }	...	...
(b) OUDH—														
<i>Southern—</i>														
Lucknow	...	...	485	477.5	...	...	20	20.94	...	...	90	120	8.12	8.12
<i>Northern—</i>														
Fyzabad	...	...	525	470	33.12	35	20.62	20.94	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOWB, BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
...	22.46	...	...	...	...	...	...	Burma—
...	11.9	...	...	...	...	2	...	Tenasserim—
...	2	...	Mergui
...	Tavoy
...	Moulmein and Amherst
...	32.09	...	...	...	...	...	1.81	1.75	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	14.29	...	...	...	...	1.87	1.75	Rangoon
...	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	Pegu (inland)—
...	2	1.94	Henzada
...	Toungoo
...	28.83	32.49	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	2	2	Mandalay
...	Pakokku
...	2.25	2.25	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Assam—
...	1.94	1.94	Surma—
...	2.69	2.25	Balaganj (Sylhet)
...	Brahmaputra—
...	2.03	2.06	Goalpara
...	Gauhati
...	Bengal—
...	1.8	1.8	Eastern—
...	2.25	2.06	Chittagong
...	Dacca
15	10	...	...	...	...	22.5	23.75	...	...	...	...	2.02	2.02	Deltaic—
...	Calcutta
10	5.62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.94	2.05	Western—
5.62	5.62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.12	2.06	Bardwan
...	2.12	2.06	Midnapur
...	2.12	2.06	Northern—
...	2.37	2.19	Pabna
...	Rangpur
...	21.56	...	...	...	...	...	1.95	2.11	Bihar and Orissa—
...</											

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer . . .	26-07	26-07	...	...	39-11	38-12	...	...	30-78	30-05	28-59	30-78	31-98	33-83	...
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozpur . . .	...	...	53-28	52-5	30-78	30	36-25	33-75	25	25-62	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Lahore . . .	25	28-59	50	50	35-62	32-5	39-06	37-34	24-37	25-78	27-5	23-19	30-78	29-69	...
South-eastern—															
Delhi . . .	33-12	30	66-87	68-75	37-5	31-25	41-87	37-5	28-75	25	25	24-37	30	27-5	...
Submontane—															
Amritsar . . .	27-5	27-66	53-28	53-28	31-25	28-75	33-01	33-28	...	...	22-19	21-09	...	...	...
Northern—															
Bawalpindi . . .	...	...	56-25	56-25	34-69	33-75	38-75	36-25	22-5	23-75	18-75	23-75	27-31	33-13	...
Western—															
Lyallpur . . .	...	...	52-5	50	31-25	31-25	35	34-37	23-75	22-5	...	...	...	...	...
Multan . . .	28-28	26-25	46-72	45-94	32-5	32-81	36-25	37-81	...	26-87	...	22-19	26-87	34-37	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar . . .	...	...	62-76	58-7	36-15	34-22	40-99	39-74	23-59	21-56	19-22	19-22	31-51	34-01	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . .	...	...	...	...	35-57	33-75	...	...	...	...	...	...	26-67	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi . . .	...	...	52-81	60	37-5	41-25	...	...	29-37	...	...	30-31	28-44	47-81	...
Shikarpur . . .	...	23-75	65-94	55	33-75	35-31	...	...	27-19	30	...	...	23-75	...	...
Quetta . . .	...	...	...	...	37-5 to 40	40 to 41-87	62-5	65	28-91	29-69	28-91	37-5	...	...	...
Bombay—															
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar . . .	...	...	...	...	39-53	49-43	...	...	...	...	28-59	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . .	...	...	53-33	...	48-38	...	...	...	...	...	29-53	35-31	30-62	...	...
Poona . . .	...	...	62-76	64-37	45-31	49-32	...	...	...	36-64	...	41-07	38-18	52-76	...
Khandesh and N.-E.															
Deccan—															
Ahmadnagar . . .	...	...	...	63-65	43-12	42-08	...	...	...	...	35-16	42-45	34-32	43-85	...
Dhulia . . .	...	...	59-95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29-01	...	28-44	...	...
Gujarat—															
Surat . . .	...	...	...	...	39-63	...	...	...	...	...	32-45	46-15	...	43-23	...
Ahmadabad . . .	...	...	56-25	48-75	38-75	38-75	...	...	27-5	32-5	30	33-75	35	36-25	...
Central Provinces *—															
Western—															
Nagpur . . .	...	...	42-25	42-25	35-25	35-25	44-5	50	...	...	30-37	28-25	...	...	...
Central—															
Jubbulpore . . .	...	...	41-5	38-12	34-75	36-37	42-12	44-5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—															
Raipur . . .	...	...	39	38	34-5	33-5	43	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berar—															
Akola . . .	...	...	45-25	41-75	38	39-75	...	...	...	...	29	26	...	...	...
Amrakh . . .	...	...	44-75	44-75	35-75	35-75	...	...	...	...	26-25	25	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32-9	39-2	36-5	39	...
Salem . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32-2
Central—															
Bellary . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	31-3	...	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	39-7	39-7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24-9	34-2	...	44-3	...
Karnul . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29-3
East Coast, south—															
Madras . . .	34-5	33-8	56-3	53-6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore . . .	35-2	35-2	66-8	58-9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32-4
Southern—															
Madura . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39-1	42-5	40-2	48-6	...
Mysore—															
Mysore . . .	26-5	22	66	72	60	60	51-98	51-98	...	...	26	28	...	...	26
Bangalore . . .	32	28	70	64	60	60	67-76	67-76	...	...	39	...	...	...	30

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAGI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DÁL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
...	38.59	30.05	30.78	27.4	...	...	30.78	...	...	...	94.06	100	...	...	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	...	...	28.59	24.06	40	40	...	...	33.28	27.5	66.72	70	...	...	Punjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	25.62	26.58	27.5	26.56	50	30.25	85	30.78	30.78	25.78	60	69.06	61.25	57.19	Central— Lahore
...	30	24.37	29.37	21.25	37.5	35	...	...	27.5	23.44	90	100	60	60	South-eastern— Delhi
...	...	...	28.12	26.25	...	...	...	...	28.12	27.5	52.5	...	63.12	...	Submontane— Amritsar
...	27.62	23.12	25.02	27.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	61.87	...	52.5	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	...	25	26.25 27.81	26.25	...	...	...	...	27.5 28.75	25	...	...	...	...	Western— Lyallpur Multan
...	32.29	29.22	26.09 26.93	28.54 26.87	33.18	37.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshawar Dera Ismael Khan
...	...	...	34.69 31.87	29.01 29.37	...	...	...	...	31.56 32.5	27.97 27.03	...	...	...	...	Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi Shikarpur
...	32.5	31.87	...	...	57.5	61.25	52.5	41.87	...	...	...	...	...	...	Quetta
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar Sholapur Poona
...	...	...	32.20	...	48.40	...	...	...	...	27.19	48.91	...	...	...	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar Dhulia
...	...	...	31.25 30.1	32.45 32.4	...	...	...	...	...	29.17	...	...	...	...	Gujarat— Surat Ahmadabad
...	...	...	30	30	47.5	42.5	...	...	25	30	...	...	...	...	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	...	...	29.5	32.02	44.87	36.75	...	...	22.5	25	...	...	...	...	Central— Jubbulpore
...	...	...	26.62	26.62	44.5	35.37	36.67	40	26.62	23.5	50	69.62	...	...	Eastern— Raipur
...	...	...	29	29	50	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Berar— Akola Amravati
...	...	...	32 26.25	34.25 31.25	44 41.5	30.5 34.12	...	...	22 20.62	27.25 25	...	...	...	...	Madras— South, central— Coimbatore Salem
...	...	...	49.4	55.8	...	...	...	...	36.8	35.2	...	...	...	...	Central— Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
...	...	...	36.9	46.2	35.8	...	...	...	21.1	23.1	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	...	...	...	...	35.7	27.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south— Madras Tanjore Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	...	34	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern— Madura
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore— Mysore Bangalore

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER—*concluded*

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNERIE		GRASS	
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer	88.91	94.06	492.34	582.03	50	65.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	13.28	11.4
Punjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur	80	...	533.28	530	53.28	52.5	16.72	16.25	80	55	114.23	120	...	5.6
Central—														
Lahore	80	80	556.25	533.12	48.12	61.56	14.84	14.84	75	66.25	100	133.28	11.25	10
South-eastern—														
Delhi	95	80	580	530	40	50	17.5	17.5	70	80	100	130	11.41	8.7
Submontane—														
Amritsar	85	70	532.5	490	44.37	55.16	14.37	14.37	...	40	70	115	...	...
Northern—														
Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	...	530	440	40	43.75	13.75	13.75	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western—														
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	515	490	40	43.12	15	15	80	80	...	...	10	...
Multan . . . . .	...	76.25	530	505	44.06	44.22	15.62	15.78	...	...	105	136.87	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar . . . . .	...	...	474.06	457.13	49.22	65.31	15.1	15.57	127.97	...	...	...	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi . . . . .	...	...	520	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	...	530	...	...	...	...	44.37	45	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	{ 530 to 580 }	{ 500 to 550 }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	75	69.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	547.34	522.81	75	75	...	...	252.66	192.97	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E.														
Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	529.17	479.17	60.83	70.83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat . . . . .	...	...	540.52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad . . . . .	...	...	470	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur . . . . .	...	95.75	600	600	...	...	23.37	23.37	83.37	100	120	120	...	...
Central—														
Jubbulpore	76.25	80	490	450	...	...	22.25	22.25	123.12	100	106.62	123.12	...	...
Eastern—														
Raipur . . . . .	...	...	490	465	...	...	20	26.5	170	160	82	...	...	...
Berar—														
Akola . . . . .	...	...	630	410	...	...	19	19	114	100	...	...	...	...
Amratoti	83.37	83.37	500	500	...	...	20	20	124.5	173.87	...	...	...	...
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore	80.8	90.5	548.9	487.8	49.6	43.5	22.1	21.9	...	...	60	86.4	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	445.2	445.2	...	...	...	...	182.1	205.5	85.7	114.7	...	...
Central—														
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	730.2	571.5	47.7	67.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah . . . . .	...	...	592.1	427.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	49.5	77.8	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150	116.6	65.8	74.1	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	566.6	806.6	...	...	15.7	15.7	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	79.1	74.1	559.6	493.8	49	56.1	12.8	12.7	131.7	131.7	47.8	82.8	...	...
Tanjore														
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	600	466.6	...	...	13.1	13.1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura	87	87	675.7	675.7	...	...	...	...	106.8	106.8	...	...	...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	80	76	685.68	565.73	68.54	68.34	...	...	205.68*	205.68*	120	120	3.65	3.6
Bangalore	84	72	751.27	582.81	51.41	61.27	...	...	240*	240*	134.27	171.41	5.88	5.8

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 108 per 10 maunds

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BEAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOWG BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
6.77	6.67	12.84	8.02	...	...	57.19	...	110	100	85	85	2.91	2.91	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	6.72	7.97	...	...	90	90	150	150	2.5	2.41	Punjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	10	10	25.62	27.5	150	140	170	170	2.58	2.41	Central— Lahore
...	...	11.41	13.12	10	8.75	18.75	20	80	80	150	150	2.17	2.17	South-eastern— Delhi
...	7.19	7.97	20.47	23.12	100	100	...	...	2.66	2.5	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	18.75	...	10	12.5	...	28.75	90	90	120	120	2.37	2.25	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	6.25	5.62	22.5	25	100	100	140	140	2.62	2.5	Western— Lyallpur
...	20.31	...	...	...	...	...	2.62	2.52	Multan
N.W. Frontier Province—														
...	6.35	5.57	16.61	16.46	{ 60 to 100	{ 60 to 100	{ 60 to 200	{ 60 to 200	2.8	2.66	Peshawar
...	3.06	2.62	Dera Ismael Khan
Sind and Baluchistan—														
...	5	10	...	18.75	...	...	...	...	2.16	2.03	Karachi
...	{ 100 to 200	{ 100 to 200	...	...	2.45	2.34	Shikarpur
...	5.62	5.47	22.5	30	...	...	...	...	2.39	2.37	Quetta
Bombay—														
...	90	...	...	...	2.41	...	Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar
...	2.37	2.2	Sholapur
...	2.34	2.12	Poona
...	28.19	...	...	...	...	...	2.06	2.03	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar
...	2.36	2.2	Dhulia
...	2.5	2.27	Gujarat— Surat
...	22.5	23.75	...	...	...	...	2.37	2.25	Ahmadabad
Central Provinces—														
...	50	50	100	100	1.87	1.87	Western— Nagpur
...	26.62	30	60	60	70	70	1.87	1.75	Central— Jubbulpore
...	2.25	2.25	Eastern— Raipur
...	92	88	53	58	2	1.87	Berar— Akola
...	33.37	60	60	80	75	2.25	2.25	Amraoti
Madras—														
...	...	3.2	4	...	...	90.4*	115.2*	...	...	60	60	2.44	2.19	South, Central— Coimbatore
7.8	7.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	80†	80†	...	...	2.22	2.11	Salem
...	...	6.8	6.8	...	...	...	...	100†	100†	140	140	2.25	2.25	Central— Bellary
...	2.25	2	Cuddapah
...	2.62	2.33	Karnul
3.6	3.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.78	1.72	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	26.9	24.3	123.76†	98.76†	...	...	1.79	1.76	East Coast, south— Madras
...	14.3	14.3	135†	130†	...	...	2.06	1.82	Tanjore
...	35.3	32.3	...	...	...	...	2.44	2.39	Trichinopoly
15	15	...	...	...	...	20.4	20.4	...	...	40	...	2	2	Southern— Madura
3.65	5.16	4.43	4.43	...	...	36.72	36.72	80	80	100	100	2.62	2.37	Mysore— Mysore
5.88	5.88	...	4.27	...	...	33.8	33.8	160	160	{ 120 to 150	{ 120 to 150	2.5	2	Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,

Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

J. F. GRUNING,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

Calcutta, October 22, 1913

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1913

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (An tropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vios half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vios half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vios half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vios half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vios half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vios half-month				
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui* . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 12	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	...	...	10 13	10 13	15 6	15 6	...	...	...	...
Monlmein and Amherst . . .	6 13	6 13	...	...	9 5	9 2	10 7	9 5	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltic)—												
Pegu . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	11 3	11 10	...	...	...	...
Rangoon . . .	7 12	7 12	...	...	9 1	9 1	10 —	9 15	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . .	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 11	9 11	10 6	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi . . .	...	...	...	...	8 10	8 10	10 9	11 7	...	...	...	...
Henzada . . .	5 2	5 2	...	...	8 1	8 1	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Frome . . .	...	...	...	...	9 2	8 12	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Tonngoe . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . .	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	9 6	9 6	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay . . .	8 14	9 3	...	...	8 9	8 5	10 13	10 6	...	...	...	...
Bhamo . . .	...	...	...	...	7 10	7 10	8 15	8 15	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	17 11	17 14	...	...
Meiktila . . .	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 10	9 10	9 8	20 3	20 6	...	...
Arakan—												
Fandoway . . .	3 4	3 4	...	...	10 10	10 10	12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...
Kyankpyu . . .	5 —	5 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . .	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
Burma—												
Sylhet . . .	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Cachar . . .	7 12	7 12	...	...	6 6	6 6	8 4	8 —	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Kháai and Jaintia Hills . . .	6 —	6 —	...	...	3 8	3 8	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Gáro Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	3 —	3 —	7 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur . . .	7 —	8 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	18 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Náge Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	10 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	1 —	4 —	5 8	5 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpara . . .	10 —	10 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Kámróp . . .	7 —	8 —	...	...	5 4	5 —	7 12	7 7	...	...	...	...
Daríang . . .	5 —	5 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . .	...	...	...	...	5 8	6 —	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Sihágar . . .	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Lákhimpur . . .	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 5	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Tippera . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 6	6 2	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	8 8	8 8	{ 12 — 12 — to to 13 — 13 — }		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltic—												
Khulna . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . .	8 12	8 12	11 12	11 12	...	...	5 12	5 8	11 12	11 12	...	...
Hooghly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh) . . .	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	7 4	6 14	...	...	...	...
Jessore . . .	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR KUNAGA (<i>Cicer arielinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...	17 12	14 —	Burma—
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	17 12	17 12	Tenasserim—
...	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 14	6 14	18 9	18 9	Mergui
...	9 13	9 13	...	...	7 —	6 15	14 —	14 —	Tavoy
...	7 12	7 12	...	...	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 8	Moulmein and
...	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Amherst
...	13 2	13 2	...	...	10 1	10 1	14 —	14 —	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	17 —	17 —	Pegu
...	10 8	11 7	...	...	8 3	8 3	14 4	14 4	Rangoon
...	9 7	9 7	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Maubin
...	8 4	8 4	18 4	18 4	5 13	5 13	14 —	14 —	Bassac
...	11 2	11 2	21 6	21 6	7 5	7 5	16 —	16 —	Pegu (inland)—
...	14 4	14 4	...	...	5 9	5 9	11 6	11 6	Tharawadi
...	13 5	13 4	24 6	24 5	8 14	8 14	17 12	17 12	Henzada
...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	9 2	9 8	Prome
...	5 —	5 —	15 —	15 —	Toungoo
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 8	12 8	Thayetmyo
...	9 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	17 12	Upper Burma—
...	8 —	8 8	...	...	8 —	7 12	17 —	17 —	Mandalay
...	7 7	7 7	9 8	9 8	5 10	5 10	10 —	10 —	Bhamo
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Pakokku
...	5 —	5 —	20 —	20 —	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Meiktila
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	10 —	10 —	Arakan—
...	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Sandoway
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	16 —	Kyaukpada
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	7 14	16 —	16 —	Akyab
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Assam—
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Surma—
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	Sylhet
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	Cachar
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	23 —	23 —	Hill tracts—
...	9 8	10 —	...	...	...	...	18 —	20 —	Khasi and Jaintia
...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Hill
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 12	16 —	17 —	Garo Hills
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Manipur
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Naga Hills
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Lushai Hills
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Brahmaputra—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Gompara
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Kamrup
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Darrang
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Nowgong
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Sibsagar
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Lakhimpur
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Bengal—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Kolkata—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Chittagong
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Nonkali
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Backerganj
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Maimensingh
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Tippera
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Dacca
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Deltic—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Khulna
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	24 Parganas
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Howrah
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Calcutta
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Hooghly
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Jessore
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Faridpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month
Bengal—continued												
Western—												
Bankura	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	8 12	7 8	...	...	...	...
Burdwan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 6	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	8 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	9 12	9 12	12 —	13 8	...	...	6 6	6 9	...	...	...	...
Malda	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 8	...	...	...	...
Bogra . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	5 7	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	9 —	10 10	...	...	...	...	7 3	6 9	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	6 4	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—												
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	6 6	6 4	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	9 7	8 12	13 1	12 8	...	...	7 2	7 4	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	9 14	10 4	15 6	15 6	...	...	6 9	6 8	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Saran	11 —	11 —	16 —	15 —	...	...	7 8	6 12	...	...	...	...
Champaran	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Fanthal Parganas	8 8	8 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	9 12	10 —	16 —	16 8	...	...	6 4	6 6	...	...	...	...
Gaya	10 —	10 8	12 8	12 8	...	...	8 —	7 4	14 —	14 —	...	...
Tatna	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	17 —	17 —	...	...
Shahabad	10 —	10 8	...	13 —	...	...	9 2	8 11	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Manbhum	10 —	10 —	11 —	10 —	...	...	8 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Ranchi	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Palamau	10 11	10 11	13 8	13 8	...	...	9 —	8 7	...	...	...	...
Hazaribagh	9 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 8	7 4	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	9 13	9 13	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	10 8	9 13	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 11	...	...	...	...
Balasore	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 12	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	10 8	10 12	...	...	...	...	9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(a) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	8 12	9 12	14 8	15 8	5 4	5 4	7 8	7 12	15 3	16 8	18 4	12 12
Benares	10 5	11 2	15 11	16 4	6 2	6 2	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Ghazipur	10 10	10 10	15 11	16 5	5 4	5 4	7 10	7 10	16 15	16 5	12 14	12 14
Jaunpur	10 9	...	16 —	...	4 5	...	7 12	...	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	9 —	9 8	15 —	15 8	5 8	5 8	6 14	7 —	16 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Central—												
Banda	11 —	11 12	13 12	16 —	4 8	4 8	7 8	7 8	15 —	17 12	14 8	14 —
Fatehpur	9 2	10 12	12 —	15 8	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Hamirpur	9 4	10 12	10 12	14 4	5 4	5 4	6 12	7 —	11 8	17 —	11 8	15 4
Jalaun	8 12	11 8	11 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Cawnpore	9 8	10 12	11 12	15 8	...	...	7 8	7 12	13 —	16 8	13 8	16 —
Jhansi	11 4	12 1	14 12	16 5	4 13	5 4	7 2	7 —	14 6	16 4	14 —	15 1
Etawah	8 12	11 4	11 8	15 4	3 —	3 —	7 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Farrukhabad	9 2	11 1	11 8	15 10	3 12	3 14	6 12	6 13	13 12	15 4	11 15	15 4
Mainpuri	8 8	11 8	10 8	15 8	5 —	4 8	8 —	8 8	12 —	14 —	10 8	15 —
Etah	9 8	11 12	11 8	15 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Western—												
Mecrut	11 8	11 12	14 8	16 8	3 —	3 4	6 12	7 4	14 —	17 —	...	...
Agra* . . . . .	...	10 —	...	14 8	...	3 —	...	7 —	...	15 —	...	14 —
Muttra* . . . . .	...	11 4	...	15 8	...	5 —	...	7 —	...	16 —	...	14 —
Aligarh* . . . . .	...	12 4	...	17 —	...	3 8	...	5 —	...	14 —	...	14 —
Bulandshahr	10 8	12 8	13 8	18 —	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —
Submontane, east—												
Ballia	11 1	10 11	15 15	16 4	5 3	5 3	7 2	7 2	...	16 13	18 —	18 —
Asansol	11 12	12 —	16 8	18 —	5 4	5 4	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur* . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Basti	12 8	12 4	17 —	17 —	5 —	5 —	9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MAHUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, OHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	11 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	8 8	20 —	20 —	Bengal—continued
...	12 8	13 14	...	...	8 —	8 12	20 —	21 —	<i>Western—</i>
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	Bankura
...	Burdwan
...	Birbhum
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	20 —	20 —	Midnapur
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Murshidabad
...	7 8	7 7	18 2	18 2	<i>Northern—</i>
...	8 4	8 4	16 —	16 —	Pabna
...	13 8	14 4	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Rajshahi
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	7 2	7 14	19 8	19 8	Malda
...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Bogra
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 8	Jalpaiguri
...	10 13	10 13	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Dinajpur
...	8 —	9 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Rangpur
8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 —	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	<i>Hills—</i>
...	Darjeeling
...	Bihar and Orissa—
...	<i>Bihar, north—</i>
...	12 —	12 —	14 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Purnea
16 8	15 6	...	...	12 10	12 10	13 12	13 12	8 14	8 14	19 —	18 —	Bhagalpur
...	13 3	13 3	14 5	14 3	9 14	10 4	17 9	17 9	Darbhanga
...	13 —	13 —	14 —	13 —	9 —	9 —	19 —	19 —	Muzaffarpur
15 —	...	6 —	4 —	14 —	13 8	15 —	12 —	10 8	10 —	20 —	19 8	Saran
...	13 —	14 —	14 —	13 —	10 —	10 —	18 —	17 8	Champaran
...	<i>Bihar, south—</i>
...	11 —	11 —	16 —	27 8	8 —	8 —	16 —	17 —	Santhal Parganas
...	14 12	15 4	17 —	17 —	8 10	8 12	18 14	18 14	Monghyr
18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	13 8	13 8	13 —	13 —	10 —	10 —	17 8	17 8	Gaya
...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	17 —	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	Patna
...	14 —	15 —	14 —	12 —	10 —	10 —	20 —	19 8	Shahabad
...	<i>Chota Nagpur—</i>
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Singbhum
...	11 8	11 8	16 —	20 —	8 8	9 —	16 —	18 —	Manbhum
20 —	20 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	6 — to 6 8	6 12	16 —	16 —	Ranchi
...	12 15	14 10	20 4	20 4	10 2	10 2	18 9	19 2	Palamau
18 —	15 —	...	...	12 —	12 8	16 —	14 —	8 —	8 8	18 —	18 —	Hazaribagh
...	10 8	9 13	...	...	8 8	8 8	26 —	26 —	<i>Orissa—</i>
...	Puri
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 14	7 14	22 13	22 13	Cuttack
...	10 —	10 — and 12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Balasore
...	11 8	11 4	...	...	7 4	7 8	16 —	16 —	Sambalpur
...	United Provinces—
...	(a) AGRA—
...	...	15 8	12 12	13 12	13 4	16 8	16 8	5 9	8 12	16 8	17 —	<i>Eastern—</i>
...	...	15 11	15 11	13 9	14 11	16 4	...	8 11	8 15	16 9	16 14	Mirzapur
...	...	22 3	12 3	15 —	15 11	15 15	...	10 5	10 5	17 4	17 4	Benares
...	12 6	...	16 14	...	9 5	...	17 7	...	Ghazipur
...	15 2	15 12	...	...	8 14	9 —	19 —	19 —	Jaunpur
...	Allahabad
...	12 12	16 8	...	...	9 8	10 —	18 —	18 —	<i>Central—</i>
...	11 —	14 4	...	...	9 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	Banda
...	11 —	14 12	...	...	9 —	10 —	17 —	17 —	Fatehpur
...	Hamirpur
...	11 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	...	...	Jalaun
...	...	16 —	16 —	11 12	14 4	12 8	19 —	9 8	10 —	22 —	22 —	Cawnpore
...	14 —	15 15	14 14	...	8 1	8 6	20 —	20 —	Jhansi
...	11 8	15 4	...	...	13 8	16 4	19 8	19 8	Etawah
...	10 7	13 11	11 15	15 10	9 2	9 12	20 2	20 —	Farrukhabad
...	11 —	15 —	13 —	20 —	10 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Mainpuri
...	11 4	13 8	12 —	17 —	9 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Etah
...	<i>Western—</i>
...	13 4	15 —	14 —	16 —	10 8	11 —	22 8	23 —	Meerut
...	15 —	...	15 —	...	10 —	...	21 —	Agra
...	16 8	...	...	...	11 —	...	21 8	Muttra
...	...	8 —	...	...	15 —	...	17 —	...	10 —	...	22 —	Aligarh
...	<i>Bulandshahr</i>
...	12 4	15 —	13 —	18 —	10 —	11 —	20 —	20 8	<i>Submontane, east—</i>
...	14 4	14 5	16 4	16 4	10 11	10 11	16 4	16 4	Ballia
...	13 8	14 —	...	...	9 8	10 —	17 —	17 —	Asamgarh
...	Gorakhpur
...	15 —	15 —	16 —	16 —	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	Basti

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CHUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
United Provinces— continued												
<i>(a) AGRA—continued</i>												
<i>Submontane, west—</i>												
Shahjahanpur	10 8	12 —	15 —	17 8	3 —	3 —	7 —	9 —	12 —	17 —	14 —	18 —
Budaun	10 —	11 11	14 12	16 10	3 12	3 14	6 4	6 14	14 —	14 14	14 —	14 14
Pilibit	9 8	11 12	13 —	17 4	4 8	5 —	6 —	6 8	12 —	—	—	—
Bareilly	10 8	11 9	15 8	18 12	4 —	4 —	7 2	7 4	—	—	—	—
Moradabad	9 6	10 6	13 14	16 14	3 3	3 3	7 14	7 14	—	—	—	—
Bijnor	10 2	11 4	14 1	17 8	3 8	3 8	6 —	7 8	—	—	—	—
Muzaffarnagar	11 4	12 6	15 6	17 1	3 —	3 —	7 2	7 2	16 8	16 8	11 —	11 —
Saharanpur*	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dehra-Dun	10 10	11 —	16 4	16 6	3 —	3 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 —
<i>Hills—</i>												
Naini Tal	7 —	9 —	12 —	12 —	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 8	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —
Almora	10 —	10 8	14 —	14 —	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	—	—	—	—
Garhwal*	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>(b) OUDH—</i>												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Partabgarh	11 —	12 —	15 —	18 —	5 —	6 —	8 —	8 8	17 —	—	—	—
Sultanpur	12 —	12 4	16 4	18 8	5 —	5 —	9 4	9 8	—	—	—	—
Rae-Bareilly	10 10	11 8	15 —	16 8	4 —	4 —	8 5	9 8	16 —	18 —	16 —	18 —
Unao	9 2	11 11	12 8	15 12	5 8	5 8	8 4	8 4	13 —	16 —	13 —	15 —
Lucknow	10 4	11 4	15 —	16 8	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	—	17 8	—
Hardoi	10 —	12 8	14 —	18 —	3 —	3 —	7 —	8 —	—	—	12 8	—
<i>Northern—</i>												
Fyzabad	11 2	11 8	15 6	16 8	—	—	7 14	8 —	—	—	—	—
Barabanki	10 8	11 8	13 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 8	16 —	20 —	14 —	16 —
Gonda	10 14	11 4	14 8	15 8	4 12	4 12	7 4	7 4	15 —	15 —	16 —	16 —
Bahraich	11 8	12 8	17 —	19 —	5 8	5 8	7 8	8 —	17 —	19 —	14 8	15 8
Sitapur	11 —	12 —	15 —	18 8	4 —	4 —	7 —	8 —	15 —	16 —	14 8	18 —
Kheri	10 12	12 —	15 8	18 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	16 —	16 —
Rajputana—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mewar (Udaipur)	11 11	11 5	18 5	18 5	5 14	5 14	6 9	6 9	16 2	15 6	11 —	10 10
Ajmer	10 4	10 4	13 —	13 1	6 —	5 8	7 —	7 —	14 —	13 8	12 8	12 8
Kishangarh	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 8	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	13 8	13 8	11 8	11 8
Tonk	10 3	10 4	14 11	14 10	4 12	4 8	5 12	5 10	16 4	16 14	14 8	15 12
Jaipur*	—	11 12	—	15 7	—	5 —	—	6 12	—	15 2	—	14 1
Karanli	10 —	11 4	12 13	14 6	5 10	5 —	6 14	6 4	—	—	11 4	13 12
Dholpur	10 14	11 7	14 15	16 8	4 12	4 12	5 —	5 —	14 13	16 8	14 11	16 6
Bharatpur	11 3	11 10	14 15	15 8	4 14	4 14	5 8	5 2	14 10	14 10	12 10	12 10
Alwar	10 15	11 11	13 11	14 9	5 4	5 4	6 12	6 12	14 11	16 4	12 14	14 —
Deoli	10 6	11 10	15 12	15 13	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 8	12 —	12 —
Nasirabad	10 —	10 —	—	—	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	13 8	13 8	12 —	12 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Bikaner	9 8	10 —	13 —	13 8	4 8	5 —	6 8	7 —	12 —	12 8	10 —	10 —
Jaisalmer	9 —	9 —	—	—	5 1	5 1	5 10	5 10	11 13	11 13	11 13	11 13
Jodhpur	{ 9 8 and 10 1 }	{ 9 10 and 10 3 }	13 —	18 —	5 3	6 3	6 8	6 8	12 13	13 8	{ 11 4 and 12 8 }	{ 11 8 and 13 — }
Central India—												
Indore	12 4	12 8	16 —	15 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 8	18 8	18 —
Nimach	11 12	11 12	—	—	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	16 —	16 —	13 —	12 —
Gwalior	10 8	11 —	—	—	4 8	4 8	5 8	5 12	—	—	—	—
Punjab—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Hissar	10 —	11 —	15 —	16 —	—	—	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	12 —	13 —
Ferozpur	12 8	12 8	15 —	16 —	—	—	7 4	7 4	—	—	—	—
<i>Central—</i>												
Lahore	10 12	11 12	16 —	15 8	—	—	7 12	8 —	14 —	15 —	12 8	12 8
Gujranwala	11 6	12 6	17 8	18 8	—	—	7 —	7 —	—	—	—	—
Gujrat	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	—	—	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Jhelam	11 4	11 8	18 —	18 —	—	—	8 —	7 8	20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —

* Not reported yet

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ABHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
United Provinces— continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
...	11 —	14 —	...	...	10 8	10 —	19 —	19 —	Shahjahanpur
...	...	10 —	10 —	13 2	14 4	14 —	15 14	9 8	9 14	20 —	20 —	Budaun
...	11 —	15 8	12 —	...	9 8	10 8	20 —	20 —	Pilibit
...	12 12	14 11	13 —	16 8	11 4	11 —	21 —	21 —	Bareilly
...	12 12	13 14	12 12	...	9 10	11 2	20 10	20 10	Moradabad
...	12 6	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	19 —	19 —	Bijnor
...	13 3	15 6	15 6	...	7 2	7 2	20 14	20 14	Muzaffarnagar
15 —	15 —	...	...	13 8	14 —	16 8	18 —	10 8	10 —	16 —	16 —	Saharanpur
...	Dehra-Dun
12 —	12 —	...	...	11 —	10 8	12 —	12 —	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	Hills—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 —	12 —	Naini Tal
...	Almora
...	Garhwál
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
...	14 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Partabgarh
19 8	24 —	16 —	20 —	14 4	17 8	...	...	10 4	10 4	22 —	22 —	Sultanpur
...	15 4	16 8	14 —	16 —	10 8	11 —	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareilly
...	...	19 —	21 —	12 8	15 2	13 —	...	9 8	9 12	20 —	20 —	Unao
...	13 8	16 —	20 —	...	10 —	10 8	19 —	19 —	Lucknow
...	12 8	17 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	19 —	19 —	Hardoi
Northern—												
...	...	13 8	13 8	13 12	15 8	18 4	...	9 6	9 12	19 —	19 —	Fyzabad
...	...	12 —	16 —	12 8	15 8	14 —	20 —	10 —	10 —	19 —	19 —	Barabanki
12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —	13 12	14 4	16 8	16 8	9 12	9 12	18 —	18 —	Gonda
...	...	11 8	10 —	15 —	17 —	17 —	15 —	11 —	11 8	18 —	18 —	Bahraich
10 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	14 —	17 8	15 —	16 8	10 8	11 —	20 —	20 —	Sitapur
24 —	18 —	12 —	11 —	13 8	15 —	16 —	18 —	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	Kheri
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
...	...	12 1	10 10	12 5	12 7	19 1	17 15	8 1	8 1	18 5	17 15	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	14 —	14 —	13 12	10 8	10 8	24 —	24 —	Ajmer
...	13 —	13 —	12 8	12 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Kishangarh
...	15 12	...	...	12 13	12 6	14 8	...	...	...	21 6	20 4	Tonk
...	6 9	...	13 10 and 15 6	...	14 10	...	16 11	...	24 5	Jaipur
...	13 2	16 4	...	...	12 8	14 6	21 4	21 4	Karauli
...	...	10 12	11 —	15 4	17 12	...	...	10 3	11 3	21 15	21 8	Dholpur
...	...	9 —	9 —	14 19	14 10	15 5	16 4	10 6	10 12	22 —	22 —	Bharatpur
...	...	9 11	9 12	11 8	16 9	13 7	14 8	17 10	18 6	25 4	25 4	Alwar
...	13 11	13 15	15 8	15 8	8 —	8 —	22 14	22 14	Deoli
...	13 8	13 8	...	...	8 —	8 8	25 —	25 —	Nasirabad
Western—												
...	11 12	15 4	...	...	7 8	8 —	22 —	22 —	Bikaner
...	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...	22 — and 24 —	22 — and 24 —	Jaisalmer
...	14 5	13 12	...	...	7 —	8 12	16 5	16 5	Jodhpur
Central India—												
...	15 —	16 4	18 8	13 8	8 12	8 8	20 —	20 —	Indore
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 4	8 —	22 —	22 —	Nimach
...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	Gwalior
Punjab—												
Southern—												
...	14 8	17 —	...	...	...	...	24 —	23 —	Hissar
...	16 8	13 —	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Ferozpur
Central—												
...	...	10 8	10 8	14 4	15 8	15 —	15 —	7 8	8 —	24 —	24 —	Lahore
...	15 12	16 12	15 8	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujranwala
...	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujrat
...	15 —	16 4	15 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	28 —	28 —	Jhelam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CHUMBU (Pennisetum typhoidesum)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Punjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	10 —	11 —	14 —	15 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	15 —	16 —	13 8	14 8
Delhi	10 —	10 8	13 8	15 —	3 —	3 —	5 12	5 12	15 —	18 —	12 8	15 —
Rohtak	10 12	12 —	14 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	14 —	16 —	13 —	15 —
Karnal	11 12	11 12	15 8	17 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Submontane—												
Amhala	11 12	12 8	16 8	17 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 —	23 —	11 12	11 12
Ludhiana	11 8	12 —	15 —	16 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 —	17 —	11 —	11 8
Jullundur	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	17 —	19 —	12 —	12 —
Hoshiarpur	12 12	13 —	17 —	18 —	...	...	6 —	6 8	17 —	18 —	10 —	10 8
Gurdaspur	14 —	14 —	16 8	16 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	...	...
Amritsar	12 8	13 —	16 8	17 8	...	...	7 4	7 4	17 —	20 —	11 8	12 —
Sialkot	12 —	11 12	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	...	12 —
Hills—												
Simla	9 13	10 —	15 12	16 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	11 —	11 —
Kangra	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Rawalpindi	11 8	11 4	17 —	16 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	20 —	21 —	14 —	15 —
Attock	10 12	11 —	15 8	16 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	13 8	13 8	12 —	12 —
Western—												
Shahpur	14 12	14 12	18 —	17 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	16 —	16 —	16 —	14 —
Jhang	13 —	13 —	16 8	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	21 —	19 —	11 —	11 —
Lyallpur	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 8	7 6	...	19 —	...	...
Multan	12 —	11 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	19 8	19 8	14 8	18 8
Montgomery	11 13	11 13	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	10 —	10 —
Muzaffargarh	12 —	12 —	14 8	14 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 8	...	...
Dera Ghazi Khan	11 10	11 10	13 8	13 8	...	...	9 8	8 12	18 —	13 12	13 8	13 —
N.-W. F. Province—												
Hazara	9 4	9 4	14 6	14 10	3 9	3 9	6 —	6 —	...	...	9 13	9 13
Peshawar	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	5 3	5 3	6 3	6 8	20 —	20 —	12 —	11 —
Kohat	10 14	10 11	14 6	14 6	4 13	4 13	7 12	7 12	12 12	11 7	12 2	11 7
Bannu	13 4	13 2	20 —	18 12	4 6	4 6	8 2	7 13	12 8	12 8	13 12	10 15
Dera Ismael Khan	11 4	10 15	15 —	15 —	3 12	3 12	5 12	5 12	18 12	16 8	15 —	13 2
Tochi	14 8	14 8	23 4	23 4	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Kurram	12 —	12 8	20 —	20 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Wano	9 6	9 8	10 11	10 9	3 4	3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	9 8	9 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	13 —	13 —
Hyderabad	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	13 —	12 8
Thar and Parkar (Mirpur Khas)	10 8	10 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	14 —	14 —	13 8	13 —
Shikarpur	11 8	11 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	12 —	11 —	14 —	14 —
Upper Sind Frontier	11 4	11 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	14 —	16 —	16 —
Quetta	{ 10 — to 10 11	{ 9 14 to 10 8	{ 13 —	{ 12 13	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	12 12	12 13	10 11	10 5
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	6 13	6 13	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 6	7 14	10 9	10 2	8 12	9 4
Ratnagiri	6 12	6 12	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 13	7 13	8 7	8 7	9 15	9 15
Alibag	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 5	6 5	7 3	7 3	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	7 13	7 13	...	...	5 2	5 2	7 13	7 13	9 13	9 13	10 10	10 10
Thanna	8 12	8 12	...	...	5 6	5 6	6 9	6 9	10 8	10 3	10 12	10 12
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	9 13	9 13	...	...	7 6	6 14	7 13	7 6	12 5	10 15	10 10	9 12
Belgaum	8 11	8 15	...	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	11 7	11 7	12 7	12 7
Satara	7 12	7 12	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 6	6 6	12 11	12 11	11 6	11 6
Sholapur	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 10	6 10	7 —	7 8	11 15	13 12	11 9	12 —
Bijapur	8 7	8 7	...	...	5 6	5 6	7 1	7 1	11 6	11 6	11 5	11 5
Poona	8 2	8 2	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 6	6 6	10 13	10 13	10 8	10 8
Khandesh and N.-E.												
Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	10 5	...	...	5 14	6 4	6 10	6 10	11 —	11 —	10 8	11 3
Nasik	10 9	10 9	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 11	6 11	...	...	10 15	10 15
Dhulia	10 4	9 5	...	...	6 2	6 2	6 6	6 6	12 8	12 1	12 15	12 —
Jalgaon	9 9	9 7	...	...	5 13	5 11	6 8	6 7	12 9	12 6	11 4	11 2
Gujarat—												
Surat	9 8	9 8	...	...	5 6	5 6	8 3	8 3	11 9	11 6	10 10	10 8
Broach	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 4	7 8	7 8	12 12	12 12	11 —	11 —
Kaira	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	12 8	12 8	11 —	11 —
Baroda	9 —	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	11 8	10 —	10 —	10 —
Ahmadabad	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 8	12 8	12 8	11 —	11 8
Godhra	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	12 —	12 —
Dasa	10 12	10 12	...	...	4 12	4 12	5 4	5 4	14 —	13 4	13 8	13 8
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	13 —	12 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	15 —	13 4	18 —	11 6
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	11 8	12 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	7 10	12 13	12 13	...	...
Hoshangabad	12 —	12 11	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	...	...	...	...
Betul	13 6	13 6	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara	13 6	13 6	...	...	6 2	6 2	9 5	9 5	12 11	12 11	...	...
Nagpur	10 14	11 7	...	...	5 3	5 3	9 2	9 2	12 11	12 11	...	...
Wardha	10 8	10 —	...	...	5 7	5 2	9 4	9 1	12 11	12 —	...	...

MARUA OR MAOI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, OHENNA, OHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	13 12	16 4	11 —	13 —	10 —	10 8	20 —	20 —	Punjab—continued
...	13 —	15 —	12 8	18 —	10 —	11 —	22 —	22 —	South-eastern—
...	14 4	17 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Gurgaon
...	15 —	16 4	...	...	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Delhi
19 8	19 8	15 12	15 12	14 12	16 4	21 —	25 —	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Rohtak
...	...	8 —	8 —	13 12	16 —	16 —	17 —	8 8	8 8	25 8	25 8	Karnal
...	...	10 —	10 —	14 8	16 4	18 —	19 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Sahmuntana—
...	14 —	15 —	16 8	16 —	...	...	23 —	23 —	Amhala
...	...	8 —	8 —	14 8	14 8	14 —	14 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ludhiana
...	...	14 —	14 —	14 —	15 4	...	16 8	9 12	9 12	26 8	26 8	Jullundur
...	14 8	14 8	...	...	...	...	25 —	21 —	Hoshiarpur
...	11 4	12 8	16 1	15 —	6 4	6 —	17 —	17 —	Gurdaspur
...	11 8	11 —	...	...	10 —	7 —	17 —	16 —	Amritsar
...	...	13 —	13 —	15 —	15 —	15 —	15 8	7 —	7 —	27 —	27 —	Sialkot
...	15 —	15 —	13 8	13 8	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Hills—
...	16 —	16 —	14 —	12 —	9 —	9 —	23 —	23 —	Simla
17 —	17 —	17 —	17 —	14 12	15 —	19 —	18 8	...	...	21 —	21 —	Kangra
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	...	24 —	24 —	Northern—
...	...	10 8	10 8	13 12	14 4	11 12	14 —	...	...	24 8	24 8	Rawalpindi
...	15 4	15 4	12 —	12 —	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Attock
...	14 4	14 4	12 —	12 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Western—
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	5 —	...	22 8	22 8	Shahpur
...	11 8	11 4	11 8	11 —	...	...	19 —	19 —	Jhang
...	...	13 —	11 —	14 —	14 —	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —	26 —	26 —	Lyallpur
...	14 6	14 6	11 7	11 7	...	...	28 1	23 1	Multan
...	15 15	15 5	15 10	15 10	...	...	30 —	31 4	Montgomery
...	14 11	14 11	12 8	...	...	...	27 8	27 8	Muzaffargarh
...	15 12	15 12	...	...	20 —	20 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	9 —	9 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	19 —	19 —	N.W. F. Province—
...	12 8	12 8	14 —	14 —	...	...	18 —	18 —	Hazara
...	Peshawar
...	12 —	12 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	25 —	25 —	Kohat
...	11 4	11 8	...	...	...	...	21 —	21 —	Banna
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	22 —	22 —	Tochi
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	16 —	16 —	Kurram
...	11 3	11 8	11 7	11 7	6 7	6 7	16 —	16 —	Malskand
...	10 7	10							

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1913—concluded.

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces—												
<i>continued</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	11 1	11 1	...	...	4 13	4 13	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Saugor	11 —	13 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 12	7 —	...	...	...	...
Damoh	11 15	12 13	...	...	5 6	6 2	6 2	7 2	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore	11 —	12 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla	11 11	12 3	...	...	6 1	6 6	8 2	8 11	...	...	...	...
Seoni	12 —	12 —	...	...	6 6	6 6	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Balaghat	10 3	10 3	...	...	5 7	5 6	8 7	8 7	...	...	...	...
Bhandara	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 4	6 4	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Chanda	9 14	9 14	...	...	4 13	4 13	9 1	9 1	12 14	12 14	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilaspur	9 14	10 11	...	...	6 7	8 —	8 —	10 11	...	...	...	...
Raipur	11 4	11 8	...	...	6 12	7 4	9 12	10 —	...	...	...	...
Drug	11 8	12 —	...	...	9 2	9 6	10 —	10 4	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	9 10	9 1	...	...	4 12	4 12	6 12	6 12	15 2	13 12	...	...
Akola	10 5	10 5	...	...	5 6	5 6	8 —	8 —	13 1	13 1	...	...
Amraoti	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	14 —	13 —	...	...
Yezmal	9 11	9 11	...	...	4 6	4 6	8 11	8 11	16 —	16 —	...	...
Hyderabad—												
Secunderabad	7 —	7 4	9 6	11 10	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 1	11 7	11 2	9 11	10 7
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 7	7 12	...	...	...	...
South, Central—												
Coimbatore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	12 3	12 3	10 15	10 15
Nilgiris . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	...	...	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 6	5 6	10 3	10 3	8 9	8 9
Central—												
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 4	13 4	...	...
Anantapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	13 —	13 —	...	...
Cuddapah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	12 9	12 7	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 12	12 12	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	6 10	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 7	...	...	16 12	14 14
Gedavari . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 9	7 9	13 12	13 12	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 7	10 13	10 13	...	...
Guntur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	12 9	12 9	12 —	12 —
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	9 1	12 8	12 8	11 —	11 —
East Coast, south—												
Madras . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 15	6 15	...	...	...	...
Chingleput . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 9	6 9	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	6 10	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	8 15	8 15
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 13	6 13	...	...	10 15	10 15
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	11 —	11 —	11 10	11 10
Southern—												
Tinnevely . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 1	13 5	13 4	11 10	11 10
Madura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	7 4	11 12	11 —	10 15	9 9
Mysore—												
Mysore	6 8	6 8	5 8	5 8	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Bangalore	6 8	6 8	5 12	5 12	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	10 —	...	...	...
Coorg—												
Coorg	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	6 4	8 8	7 12	...	...	...	...
Adm	7 2	7 —	...	...	4 3	4 —	4 15	4 10	8 14	9 5	8 11	8 15

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee.]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ANBAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS.
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
Central Provinces —continued												Central—
...	...	...	...	16 —	18 —	...	...	10 5	10 5	16 —	16 —	
...	...	...	...	14 8	17 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 7	18 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	14 11	19 3	...	...	7 2	7 2	1 —	16 —	Saugor
...	...	...	...	14 8	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	16 8	Damoh
...	...	...	...	16 6	16 6	...	...	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 2	7 2	16 —	16 —	Mandla
...	...	...	...	13 1	13 1	...	...	6 5	6 5	15 12	15 12	Seoni
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	6 4	6 4	16 13	16 13	Balaghāt
...	...	...	...	11 14	11 14	...	...	8 11	8 11	18 —	18 —	Bhandāra
												Chānda
...	...	...	...	9 14	11 11	...	...	7 2	8 —	12 13	12 13	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	13 12	13 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	17 —	17 —	
...	...	...	...	11 12	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	17 —	17 —	Bilāspur
												Raipur
												Drug
...	...	...	...	11 3	11 3	...	...	8 12	8 12	16 —	16 —	Berar—
...	...	...	...	12 1	12 1	...	...	8 1	8 1	16 —	16 —	
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	...	9 4	9 4	17 2	17 2	Baldāna
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	9 2	9 2	16 —	16 —	Akola
												Amrōti
												Yeotmal
12 2	12 12	...	...	10 14	10 12	...	...	11 3	11 10	14 —	14 —	Hyderabad—
												Secunderabad
												Madras—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 4	19 —	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 3	18 11	Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Malabar
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	S. Canara
12 3	12 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	South, central—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 6	16 6	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coimbatore
13 9	13 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 9	17 7	Nilgiris
13 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 15	19 15	Salem
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 12	21 3	Central—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 10	16 5	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bellary
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Anantapur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Karnul
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 —	20 9	East Coast, north—
13 10	14 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	
12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ganjam
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Vizagapatam
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Godavari
12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	East Coast, central—
10 13	10 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 6	26 6	
13 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28 13	28 13	Kistna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Guntur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nellore
11 10	11 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 11	27 7	East Coast, south—
10 10	10 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	
13 5	12 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 2	23 2	Madras
11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 13	23 13	Chingleput
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	N. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	S. Arcot
12 15	12 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22 2	23 7	Tanjore
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22 1	22 1	Trichinopoly
13 11	13 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 7	26 —	Southern—
11 13	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 13	23 13	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tinnevely
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madura
15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 8	16 8	Mysore—
13 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	18 —	18 —	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangalore
16 —	17 —	...	...	11 —	14 8	...	...	6 —	6 8	16 —	16 —	Coorg—
...	...	...	...	10 3	10 3	...	...	8 5	8 5	32 —	32 —	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Aden

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,

Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

J. P. GRUING

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TARIFF VALUATION OF SUGAR.

The following statement shows in respect of each of the descriptions of sugar distinguished in the Tariff Schedule IV (excepting molasses and all other kinds of sugar), *firstly*, the total imports into India in the month of September, 1913, and the average value per cwt. as calculated on the returns received from the Customs Houses; and, *secondly*, a running total showing the total imports into India in the whole twelve months October, 1912 to September, 1913, and the average net value per cwt. in each description. It is published in conformity with the procedure laid down in Customs Circular No. V of 1911, in order to enable merchants to compute the probable rate of duty for the year 1914:—

Description of sugar.	IMPORTED DURING THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1913.		IMPORTED SINCE 1st OCTOBER 1912	
	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.
	Cwt.	R a.	Cwt.	R a.
Sugar, crystallised, beet	5	8 8	1,513,460	9 12
„ and soft, refined in China . . .	281	15 12	22,370	11 8
„ „ „ from Java, 23 Dutch Standard and above.	1,010,333	9 0	6,061,784	9 8
„ „ „ from Java, 16 to 23 Dutch Standard.	964,127	8 0	3,658,094	8 12
„ „ „ from Java, 15 Dutch Standard and under.	31,001	7 12	134,533	8 4
„ „ „ from Mauritius equal to 16 Dutch Standard and over.	78,744	9 4	2,624,175	9 8

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,

Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

J. F. GRUNING,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

CALCUTTA ;

The 21st October 1913

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

**REPORT UPON THE OPERATIONS OF THE CURRENCY DEPARTMENT
DURING THE YEAR 1912-13.**

From—M. F. GAUNTLETT, Esq., Comptroller-General and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department:

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to submit my report on the operations of the Currency Department, the movement of funds and on the resource operations of Government during the year 1912-13.

The main features of general interest of the report are the following :— Main features of general interest.

the large increase in the cash balances in the Government treasuries during the year was not produced by withdrawing funds from circulation in India (paragraph 13) :

the demands for rupees in financing the jute trade were very heavy, and Government were obliged to undertake new coinage of rupees by purchasing silver worth £7,000,000 (paragraphs 6 and 18) :

the absorption of currency of all kinds in the year amounted to 24½ crores against an average of 21¼ crores in the preceding three years (paragraph 21) :

the absorption of gold increased in every province save Madras, the total for all India being 15½ crores, out of a total absorption of all forms of currency of 24½ crores (paragraphs 25 and 37) :

the analysis of this absorption by circles, trade seasons and denominations of currency, and the inferences drawn therefrom, in paragraph 26 contain several matters of interest :

the use of gold as currency is extending, specially in Northern India and Bombay (paragraph 41), and in those parts at least gold has to some extent replaced in the circulation rupees (paragraph 44) and small notes (paragraph 59). The part which gold plays in the circulation is discussed in some detail in paragraph 41:

the rate of development in active note circulation was well maintained in 1912-13 (paragraph 51) and there was a steady increase in the circulation of small value notes used for everyday transactions (paragraph 53). But the growth of the circulation of small notes seems to have received a check owing to the more extended use of gold as currency (paragraph 59). The use of notes for remittance purposes is increasing (paragraphs 56 and 57).

I would invite special attention to the statements and remarks in paragraph 26, which, I venture to think, indicate more clearly than has hitherto been attempted, the correlation of the various forms of currency in the internal financial operations of the country.

I—BALANCE OF FOREIGN TRADE AND THE FINANCING THEREOF.

2. The following table shows the balance of foreign trade and the manner in which that balance was financed in the year under report and in each of the previous seven years :— Balance of Foreign Trade how financed.

(Excluding Government transactions.)	In Lakhs of Rupees.							
	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
GROSS Exports of Merchandise	1,61,71	1,76,57	1,77,36	1,53,03	1,87,88	2,09,88	2,27,84	2,45,90
„ Imports „	1,03,08	1,08,31	1,29,90	1,21,27	1,17,06	1,39,35	1,38,57	1,61,02
Net Exports of Merchandise	58,63	68,26	47,46	31,76	70,82	80,53	89,27	84,88
<i>Imports of Funds and Treasure.</i>								
(1) Council Bills	47,70	50,47	23,46	8,02	41,73	39,43	40,17	38,83
(2) Gold (Sovereigns) (Net)	+4,33	+7,13	+9,65	+1,30	+13,82	+12,24	+27,34	+26,43
(3) Government Securities (Do.)	+38	5	+1,26	+80	—78	+2,43	+1,06	+53
(4) Gold bullion (Do.)	+5,12	+7,36	+7,70	+3,41	+7,86	+11,74	+10,42	+11,15
(5) Silver bullion and coin (Do.)	+5,02	+6,69	+10,03	+11,96	+9,37	+8,61	+5,29	+6,57
	62,55	71,90	52,10	25,49	72,00	74,45	84,28	83,51

Monthly details of the above transactions and also of the balances of the Presidency Banks in Calcutta and Bombay during the year under report are given in the following statement.

(In lakhs of rupees.)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		(8)	(9)	(10)
	Net Exports of merchandise.	Council Bills paid.	Net Imports of gold.	Net Imports of silver.	Total (3) to (5).	PROGRESSIVE TOTALS OF		Bengal Bank balances.	Bombay Bank balances.	Total (8) + (9).
						Exports Column 2.	Imports Column 6.			
								(a)6,61	(a)4,77	11,38
April . .	7,36	2,83	2,99	38	6,20	7,36	6,20	6,68	4,67	11,35
May . .	9,51	2,61	3,53	92	7,06	16,87	13,26	6,35	3,95	10,30
June . .	10,13	1,99	4,31	35	6,65	27,00	19,91	8,58	5,15	13,73
July . .	9,20	2,13	1,76	57	4,46	36,20	24,37	11,24	5,07	16,31
August . .	5,57	2,00	3,35	1,30	6,65	41,77	31,02	9,44	5,02	14,46
September . .	3,80	2,52	2,44	—22	4,74	45,57	35,76	7,56	5,08	12,64
October . .	5,80	3,07	2,02	22	5,31	51,37	41,07	6,98	4,45	11,43
November . .	4,47	2,89	1,61	70	5,19	55,84	46,26	5,87	3,94	9,81
December . .	5,21	5,80	3,77	43	10,00	61,05	56,26	6,79	3,35	10,14
January . .	5,73	5,02	6,04	64	11,70	66,78	67,96	5,96	3,17	9,13
February . .	10,60	5,50	3,07	44	9,01	77,38	76,97	6,21	3,04	9,25
March . .	7,50	2,47	2,70	84	6,01	84,88	82,98	6,11	3,56	9,67
TOTAL . .	84,68	38,83	37,58	6,57	82,98	...	...	...	...	...

(a) Opening Balances at commencement of year.

Although there are considerable variations in the monthly details, the progressive totals for the year show that, while the bank balances remained high, the value of the exports was allowed to exceed the imports, but that, as soon as the busy season lowered those balances, the progressive value of the imports rapidly caught up that of the exports. The reduction of the balance of the Bank of Bombay by 1½ crores during the year was mainly due to a temporary lock up of funds in cotton at the close.

of Mer- 3. Exports are steadily increasing. In 1912-13 there was a total increase of 18,06 lakhs over 1911-12 to which the following important variations mainly contributed:—

Increases.

	Lakhs.
Gunny bags and gunny cloth	6,80
Jute, raw	4,49
Wheat and wheat flour	4,63
Rice	3,51
Barley	3,31
Cotton, twist and yarn	2,33
Raw hides and skins	2,32
Tea	1,24
Ground nuts	86
	29,49

Decreases.

	Lakhs.
Linseed	4,94
Gram and pulse	1,90
Opium	1,87
Raw cotton	1,66
Sugar	1,52
	11,89

Net important increase 17,60

Under jute and jute manufactures the year proved the most prosperous on record. In spite of the fact that the production of jute in the year was considerably in excess of the average of recent years, the demands for both the raw article and the manufactured goods were so great that a much higher level of price was maintained and the value of the exports beat all past records.

The increase under wheat and wheat flour occurred mainly in the United Provinces and the Punjab and partly in the Central Provinces. The exports from India appear to have been stimulated to some extent by a contraction of shipments from Russia due to the Balkan War.

Of the increase of 3,51 lakhs under rice, Burma contributed 2,53 lakhs and Bengal 69. Prices were unusually high in Burma in the early months of the year owing to shortage of crops in the Further East and the total exports from all India amounted to 2,763,000 tons against 2,624,000 tons in 1911-12 and 2,328,000 tons, the average of the previous three years.

The improvement in the exports of cotton twist and yarn was almost entirely in Bombay and raw hides and skins showed an increase chiefly in Bengal.

The increase in the groundnut trade took place in Madras.

The trade in linseed was abnormal in 1911-12 and in 1912-13 it returned to its usual level. The exports of pulse, millets and cereals were also unprecedentedly high in 1911-12. The exports of raw cotton from Bombay suffered a decline, owing to the failure of the monsoon of 1911 in the Guzarat districts coupled with the existence of large supplies of American cotton. The shortage at Bombay amounted to 4,03 lakhs in value, but this was partly counterbalanced by an improvement of 1,83 in the exports from Karachi.

4. Here the total increase amounted to 22,45 lakhs. The important increases occurred under the following heads:—

	Lakhs.
Cotton yarn and piece-goods	11,39
Sugar	2,37
Railway plant and rolling stock	1,97
Metals and manufactures of metal	1,42
Silk goods	1,07
Machinery	1,30
Building and Engineering Materials, Dyeing and Tanning Substances, Glass and Glassware, Instruments and Liquors	1,12
Coal, coke and fuel	65
Cutlery and hardware, etc.	60
Provisions	41
	<hr/> 22,30 lakhs

The large expansion in the imports of cotton yarn and piece-goods, railway plant and rolling stock, silk goods, machinery and provisions indicates the growth in the material prosperity of the country and in its industrial activity.

Although the increase in the value of the total exports of the year amounted to 18.06 crores the improvement in imports was still higher, 22.45 crores, and in the result the net exports were less by (22.45—18.06 or) 4.39 crores. This is the first time in four years that there has not been a progressive improvement in the net exports, and the deterioration is due solely to the transactions of the month of March when the net exports fell by 5.44 crores as compared with March 1912. Corresponding to the reduction in net exports, the imports of funds in India to finance the foreign trade were somewhat smaller both under Council bills and sovereigns.

5. The figures given in the first table in paragraph 2 show an increase, in 1912-13, in the imports of gold bullion of 73 lakhs and of silver bullion of 1,28 lakhs over the corresponding figures of 1911-12. It should be noted that these figures take into account, in the case of gold, coined gold other than sovereigns and also the exports of metallic gold from the Mysore mines. In the case of silver the figures comprise not only the imports of bar silver from the United Kingdom and other countries for the arts and industries, but also the imports and exports of Government of India rupees and the exports of British dollars coined at the Bombay Mint for circulation in Hongkong.

The production of the Mysore mines varies little from year to year, but in 1912-13 the net imports of coined gold other than sovereigns amounted to 23 lakhs against 35 lakhs in 1911-12, and the net import of gold bullion in 1912-13 was, therefore (73+35-23), 85 lakhs more than in 1911-12. The difference is not very large, but, as the first table in paragraph 2 shows, the figures for the three years 1910-11 to 1912-13 are unusually high, and, as the gold bullion is used mainly for the arts and manufactures, they indicate a steady continuance of the favourable material conditions of the country.

Price and consumption of Silver bullion.

6. In the case of silver, the ruling prices affect the demand to some extent, and during 1912-13 the price was at a higher level owing to heavy purchases on Government account for currency purposes and to the anticipation of such purchases. The price of bar silver in London, at the beginning of April 1912, stood in the neighbourhood of 27*d.*, the opening quotation being 26½*d.*. On the 26th April the price was quoted at 28*d.* This level was practically maintained till the middle of August when, on the 16th of the month, the quotation was 29*d.* The highest reached in August was 29½*d.* and at the end of the month the quotation was at 29½*d.* September recorded a slight rise, the closing rate of the month being 29½*d.* The highest reached in October was 29½*d.* on the 8th, but thereafter it declined till 29*d.* was reached at the close of the month. Towards the end of November the price reached 29½*d.* and in December it fluctuated between 29½*d.* and 28½*d.* January closed with 28½*d.* and February saw a rise to 28½*d.* only with a tendency to decline in the price towards the end of the month to about 27*d.* The lowest reached in March was 26½*d.*, the closing rate for the month being 26½*d.* against 26½*d.* quoted on 1st April 1912. The highest rate reached in the year was thus 29½*d.* and the lowest 26½*d.* in March 1913. The range of variation within a little over 3*d.* compares fairly well with the similar variations in 1905-06 and 1906-07, the last period during which heavy purchases of silver were made on Government account for coinage into rupees. In 1905-06 the highest rate quoted was 30½*d.* and lowest 25½*d.*, while in 1906-07 the highest was 33½*d.* and the lowest 29½*d.*

In spite of the higher level of prices during the greater portion of the year, purchase of £7,000,000 worth silver was made on Government account during the year at an average price of 28½*d.* This result was due to special precautions taken to enter into contracts for purchases over two months before actual delivery and also to postponement of shipments to India as far as possible. The first instalment purchased in England was on the 5th March 1912 for delivery in May and June, and the first shipment to India took place on the 9th August 1912. The value of imports of silver retained in the country for other than coinage purposes is worked out as follows for the two years :—

		1911-12.	1912-13.
		Lakhs	Lakhs.
Gross imports on private account		11.93	9.91
<i>Deduct</i> —Amount used for dollar coinage	5.00		1.45
Government rupees imported on private account	31	5.34	2.08
	Net	6.59	7.83
Gross exports on private account		6.64	3.33
<i>Deduct</i> —Dollars exported	5.00		1.45
Government rupees exported on private account	1.52	6.52	3.31
		12	2
	Retained in the country	6.47	7.81

The above shows that in 1912-13 the amount of silver retained for home consumption exceeded the corresponding actuals of 1911-12 by about 1.34 lakhs. The figure for 1911-12 was unusually low, and the increase in 1912-13 would probably have been much higher but for the higher level of the price of silver maintained during the year.

Import of Sovereigns.

7. The imports of sovereigns in 1912-13 maintained the same high level as in the preceding year. One special feature of the year was the steady growth

of imports of sovereigns into India from Egypt. Including bullion and coin the total net imports of gold to India have been as follows for the last three years :—

(In lakhs of rupees.)

	United Kingdom.	Egypt.	Australia.	Other places.	TOTAL.
1910-11	12,79	6,65	2,85	1,69	23,98
1911-12	14,08	8,18	12,52	2,98	37,76
1912-13	11,53	11,95	10,77	3,33	37,58

The figures of gold bullion included in the above amounts do not show any important variations in the three years, and practically the whole of the differences appears under sovereigns. It will be seen that the supplies from Egypt show a steady increase year by year. No doubt, as in the case of gold shipments from Australia, it is found cheaper and more convenient to bring the gold direct to India instead of first shipping it to London and then obtaining bills or transfers on India at about 16*d.* the rupee.

Another noticeable feature in the imports of the three years is the increase in the net imports of sovereigns from the Straits Settlements to India. In the year 1910-11 the Straits received from India over 42 lakhs. In 1911-12 there was a net export of about 40 lakhs from the Straits to India, and in 1912-13 the exports rose to 1,23 lakhs. The trade in merchandise between India and the Straits Settlements has been as follows in the three years :—

	1910-11. Lakhs.	1911-12. Lakhs.	1912-13. Lakhs.
Exports from India	7,61	8,60	9,01
Imports to India	3,10	2,98	3,09
Net export	4,51	5,62	5,92

8. The figures of imports of gold dealt with in the preceding paragraph relate to imports on private account. During the year 1912-13 remittances on Government account from India to England of gold of the value of £2,382,613½ were made as follows :—

	£
In October 1912 from Bombay	1,875,700½
In November 1912 from Calcutta	53,887½
In March 1913 from Bombay	453,025½
	2,382,613½

These remittances were not directly connected with the immediate requirements of the Secretary of State for Home expenditure. They consisted of light weight sovereigns which could not be reissued to the public in India and the remittances were made because the face value of such sovereigns could be realised only in England.

Under the Coinage Law in England sovereigns and half sovereigns remain current so long as they are not of less weight than that, for the time being, prescribed as the least current weight, *viz.*, 122.5 grains for sovereigns and 61.125 grains for half sovereigns. But, following the practice in England, sovereigns and half sovereigns, even though below the prescribed least current weights, are received at Government treasuries at their face value when they have not been reduced more than 3 grains below standard weight, *i.e.*, are not less in weight than grains 120.27447 and 58.63723 respectively. The remittances in question consisted of light weight coins of this class and were sent to England for recovery of their nominal value from the Bank of England. The sovereigns used in India as currency have not been sufficiently long in circulation to justify a loss by wear and tear of so much as 3 grains in one coin, and the light weight coins sent to England were not withdrawn from circulation in India but were found in the consignments imported from abroad by the Exchange Banks and presented at the currency offices. When such sovereigns are so tendered they are carefully shroffed at the mints and current weight sovereigns only are issued from the currency offices—

the light weight coins being set apart at the mints for remittance to England at a convenient opportunity.

Withdrawal of
light weight
Sovereigns.

9. The face value of the sovereigns so set apart in each of the last three years has been as follows :—

	Calcutta. £	Bombay. £	Total. £
1910-11 . . .	3,958	343,942	347,900
1911-12 . . .	41,790	512,964	554,754
1912-13 . . .	23,203	964,838	988,041
	<u>68,951</u>	<u>1,821,744</u>	<u>1,890,695</u>

By far the largest proportion of the sovereigns is received in Bombay, and the following were the percentages of the light weight coins to the total receipts in each year (in thousands of £) :—

	Total Sovereigns tendered.	Total light weight.	Percentage.
1910-11 . . .	6,972	344	4.9
1911-12 . . .	13,317	513	3.8
1912-13 . . .	15,891	965	6.1

The increase in the percentage of light weight sovereigns in 1912-13 is believed to be due to larger imports from Egypt where a gold currency has been in existence longer than in any other Eastern country and where, it is believed, sovereigns are sweated so as to reduce them within the limit at which the Bank of England will give face value in exchange. The percentages of the light weight sovereigns have been calculated since 1st April 1910 for each tender by every Exchange Bank at Bombay and they vary within very wide limits. For instance, in the case of one important bank, whose averages on the total year's tenders closely agree with those worked out above for the whole of the Government receipts, the averages on individual tenders varied as follows :—

	Minimum.	Maximum.
1910-11 . . .	Nil	12.98
1911-12 . . .	Nil	15.43
1912-13 . . .	Nil	22.70

The examination at the Bank of England of the light-weight sovereigns sent from India has shown that our automatic machines work unduly severely in rejecting light-weight coins. This is being rectified but it does not explain the steady growth in the percentage from year to year.

As shown above, £1,890,695 sovereigns were set apart for remittance to England in the three years ending 1912-13 and this, with about £579,000 in stock on 1st April 1910, made the total available for remittance about £2,469,600 up to March 1913. The actual amount remitted was £2,382,613. The net amount actually realised in England was £2,380,525, of which £1,600,000 were placed in the Currency Reserve and the balance £780,525 taken in aid of the Home Treasury balances.

Annul Bill draw-
ings.

10. The total drawings of the Secretary of State in the year amounted to £25,759,700 (=38.50 lakhs) against £27,058,500 (=40.38 lakhs) in the year 1911-12, the reduction in the demands accompanying a similar reduction in the balance of India's export trade in the year.

The following figures compare the monthly variations in the two years :—

	(In lakhs of rupees.)	
	1911-12.	1912-13.
April . . .	4.13	2.72
May . . .	4.48	2.83
June . . .	2.44	2.09
July . . .	2.13	2.82
August . . .	2.51	2.01
September . . .	2.28	2.22
October . . .	2.39	3.53
November . . .	2.33	3.20
December . . .	1.88	4.81
January . . .	7.13	5.37
February . . .	5.02	4.41
March . . .	3.66	2.49
	<u>40.38</u>	<u>38.50</u>

The above comparison shows that the demands were low in the last three months of 1912-13, as compared with the corresponding figures of 1911-12. This was not due to any falling off in the gross export trade, nor to larger imports of treasure, but to an unprecedented development in the import trade during that period as indicated in paragraph 12 below.

The year opened with regular sales in April of 60 lakhs each week, of which less than half was allotted to Bombay, less than a third to Calcutta and less than a quarter to Madras. The 60 lakhs rate continued with occasional special sales till the third week of May, when the rate was reduced to 50 lakhs in the fourth sale of May. The 50 lakhs rate continued steady for eighteen weeks up to the last week of September—considerably more than half the total sales being appropriated by Calcutta to meet the requirements of the jute trade. The jute demands were abnormal and the rate of sale never went down below 50 lakhs a week in the year. On 25th September, the allotment was raised to 60 lakhs and, under the pressure for jute, 80 lakhs had to be allotted on 30th October. This high rate of regular sales continued up to the beginning of December, and on the second Wednesday of that month the sale had to be increased to 1,00 lakhs to finance the cotton and rice trades. As usual, the demands were very brisk about Christmas, and the regular sales were for 1,20 lakhs on the third Wednesday of December and 1,30 lakhs on the 4th Wednesday. The rate of 1,30 lakhs with intermediate special sales proved too high and in the first two sales of January 1,20 lakhs were allotted each day. After this 1,00 lakhs were fixed for the regular sales which rate continued up to the last week of February, for which 80 lakhs were announced, but in the sale of 5th March the full amount of 80 lakhs could not be allotted, as the rate of exchange offered by the Banks was unexpectedly low and only 61.40 lakhs were allotted at the minimum rate fixed by the Secretary of State. Simultaneously the allotment for the 12th March was reduced to 60 lakhs, but again there was a failure to sell more than 51½ lakhs at the minimum rate. Consequently the regular sales for the last two weeks for March were at 50 lakhs each, an unusually low rate for the closing month of the year. The highest amount drawn in any month was 5,37 lakhs in January and the lowest, 2,01 lakhs in August.

11. The total sales of Council Bills for the year were effected at an average of about 16 $\frac{1}{16}$ d. per rupee. The special feature of the year was that the rate of exchange did not go down below 16d. at any time during the slack season of the year. In 1909-10 a rate below 16d. continued for the first six months of the year. In 1910-11 it lasted from the middle of May to the middle of August. In 1911-12 the fall appeared only for two weeks in June, while in 1912-13 it never fell below 16d. during the first nine months of the year. But contrary to past experience the rate went down in the busy season about the middle of March, and, as already stated, there was a failure to sell the full amount of the regular allotment of Council Bills on two Wednesdays in March 1913, and the Secretary of State was obliged to fix 15 $\frac{3}{4}$ d. as the minimum for the sales of the last two weeks of March. At this time the rates of discount of the Banks of Bengal and Bombay were 7 and 8 per cent. respectively and the combination of so low a rate of exchange with 7 and 8 per cent. Bank rate is considered very abnormal.

12. The fall in the demands for Council Bills and in the rate of exchange in March is no doubt unusual and the main explanation must be sought in the conditions of trade at the time. To some extent, no doubt, the Exchange Banks were obliged to restrict transfers of their home balances to India at a time when the bank rate in England was specially high as the result of the Balkan War, but, as regards the combination of a high bank rate in India with a low demand for remittances from England, it may be mentioned that the Presidency Banks in India are not allowed to deal in foreign exchanges as they have no direct access to the London market, and, broadly speaking, the main function of the Presidency Banks is to finance the internal trade of the country, while the Exchange Banks finance the foreign trade at the seaport towns. A slackness in the demand for foreign funds is not therefore wholly inconsistent with active employment of local capital in India. In considering this subject the

following figures of the Indian foreign trade in merchandise in the last three months of the year may be interesting :—

		(In lakhs of rupees.)		
		Imports.	Exports.	Net exports.
1910-11.				
January	.	11,89	20,56	8,67
February	.	10,27	19,24	8,97
March	.	12,73	21,73	9,00
Total		34,89	61,53	26,64
1911-12.				
January	.	11,39	19,24	4,85
February	.	10,72	23,15	12,43
March	.	11,02	23,96	12,94
Total		33,13	66,35	30,22
1912-13.				
January	.	16,80	22,53	5,73
February	.	13,01	23,61	10,60
March	.	11,06	21,56	7,50
Total		40,87	67,70	23,83

The above table shows that while in each of the three months the value of the imports has shown steady improvement over previous corresponding actuals, in the case of the exports there was a substantial improvement in January, but in February the value of the trade was about the same as in February 1912, while in March there was a heavy decline of about $2\frac{1}{2}$ crores. Comparing the totals for 1912-13 with those for 1911-12 the exports increased by 1.35 crores only while the increase of imports amounted to no less than 7.74 crores. Thus the net exports were 6.39 crores less, and of this diminution 5.44 crores occurred in March. In that month there was an increase in the import trade of about 3 crores under yarns and textile fabrics and other articles classed as "wholly or mainly manufactured," while under exports rice, flour and opium were less by about $\frac{1}{2}$ a crore each and barley, gram and other grains and pulse taken together by over a crore. This combination of a falling off in exports and increase in imports at the same time is no doubt the chief explanation of the unusual feature of the sterling exchange in March 1913. The high bank rate in India at that period was partly due to the lock-up of funds in cotton in Bombay referred to in paragraph 2 above.

II—TREASURY BALANCES AND PAYMENT OF COUNCIL BILLS.

Treasury Balances.

13. Statement I gives the usual details of the cash balances in the Government treasuries on the first of each month. The year opened with a balance on 1st April of 18,42 lakhs, which is the balance just sufficient to meet the normal requirements of the Indian treasuries, till the rupee loan of the year is raised in July. The balances increased considerably from month to month, and the closing balance on 31st March 1913 exceeded the normal opening balance on 1st April 1912 by the large amount of $10\frac{1}{2}$ crores. This increase in the Treasury balances in India has been the subject of much adverse criticism, and the Government has been accused of increasing the stringency in the money market in India by taking off the market, and thereby swelling the Reserve Treasury balances, funds which were not required for immediate expenditure. It is necessary to explain, in the first place, that the large increase in the cash balances in India in the year 1912-13 is explained entirely by a transfer from the Home Treasury balances of Government in England to the Reserve Treasury balances in India, through the operations for purchase and adjustment of silver for new coinage. The increase of $10\frac{1}{2}$ crores in the Indian balances corresponds exactly to the price paid for silver (£7,000,000) purchased in England for coinage in the Indian mints. The price of the silver purchased for coinage was paid in England from the Home Treasury balances, and consequently the proceeds of the coinage in India should be credited in the treasury accounts to the extent of the price

paid. The exact procedure followed was this. On receipt of intimation from the Secretary of State of the shipment of any consignment of silver or in some cases, on the delivery of the silver in the mints in India, the price of the silver was paid in India from the currency reserve to the reserve treasury and the silver treated as part of the currency reserve. On the coinage of the silver into rupees, the amount already paid from the currency reserve was replaced and the difference representing the profits on coinage made over to the Gold Standard Reserve.

Under the procedure described above, the result of the purchase of silver in England out of funds supplied from the Home Treasury balances, was to reduce those balances by a corresponding increase in the Indian balances, and the increase was obtained by a transfer from the currency reserve to the reserve treasury and not by the withdrawal of funds from circulation in India. The following amounts were transferred from the currency reserve to the reserve treasury in this way in the several months of the year :—

		(In thousands of rupees.)	
		In the month.	Up to end of month.
August	. . . . .	2,17,50	2,17,50
September	. . . . .	1,87,66	4,05,16
October	. . . . .	1,81,49	5,86,65
November	. . . . .	2,39,98	8,26,63
December	. . . . .	82,49	9,09,12
January	. . . . .	1,50,00	10,59,12

If the above special credits in the cash balances in India are deducted from the figures of differences in the balances for the two years as given in Statement I, they would stand as follows :—

		(Increase + Decrease—)
End of April	. . . . .	— 2,20,01
„ May	. . . . .	— 42,15
„ June	. . . . .	+ 77,83
„ July	. . . . .	+ 1,91,97
„ August	. . . . .	+ 3,19,73
„ September	. . . . .	+ 4,36,05
„ October	. . . . .	+ 42,08
„ November	. . . . .	+ 31,12
„ December	. . . . .	— 1,70,82
„ January	. . . . .	— 1,03,23
„ February	. . . . .	— 37,52
„ March	. . . . .	— 6,63

14. The above indicates that in the busy trade season from December to March, there was no withdrawal of currency from circulation in India to swell the reserve treasury balances. Nor was the increase in the reserve treasury balances accompanied by any decrease in the Government balances

with the Presidency Banks, which compare as follows month by month with the balances in 1911-12.

1911-12.

(In lakhs of rupees.)

	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.
Head Offices . . .	1,85	1,59	1,70	1,63	1,65	1,62	1,86	1,74	1,58	1,65	1,45	2,01
Branches	2,27	2,50	2,32	2,46	2,53	2,56	2,47	2,75	2,82	2,15	2,24	2,28
TOTAL	4,12	4,09	4,02	4,09	4,18	4,18	4,33	4,49	4,40	3,80	3,69	4,29

1912-13.

Head Offices . . .	1,80	1,77	2,13	3,18	2,03	2,00	1,95	1,88	1,80	1,95	2,03	2,38
Branches	2,20	2,33	2,20	2,28	2,24	2,22	2,16	2,35	2,46	2,72	2,90	3,27
TOTAL	4,00	4,10	4,33	5,46	4,27	4,22	4,11	4,23	4,26	4,67	4,93	5,65
Increase in 1912-13 .	- 12	+ 1	+ 31	+ 1,37	+ 9	+ 4	- 22	- 26	- 14	+ 87	+ 1,24	+ 1,36

Thus, during the busy season of the year 1912-13 there were substantial increases in the balances with the Presidency Banks.

Surplus Balances
in India not lent
out to Trade.

15. This does not answer the question why the surplus balances in the reserve treasuries in India could not have been lent out in India, as they would have been lent out in England had they remained there. The answer to this question is that there were no applications for such loans, probably because the existing rules as regards such loans do not encourage applications.

Council Bill
Payments.

16. Paragraph 10 of this report deals with the drawings of the Secretary of State in London, but the figures entered in the tables in paragraph 2 represent amounts paid in India. The drawings in London and the payments in India in any month do not agree, as the bills issued in London cannot be presented for payment in India till more than a fortnight after their issue, and, therefore, some bills remain unpaid at the end of the month in which they are drawn, and the amount thus outstanding varies from month to month. The sum of 38,83 lakhs paid on account of Council Bills in the year was met wholly from treasury balances against 37,19 lakhs so met in the preceding year, and the payments were distributed as follows among the three Presidency towns :

(In lakhs of Rupees.)

	1911-12.	1912-13.
Calcutta	16,24	20,07
Bombay	15,30	12,82
Madras	5,65	5,94
TOTAL	37,19	38,83

Supplies from
Provinces to meet
Council Bill
payments.

17. Council Bills are paid at the three Presidency towns only. But the funds required for the payments are supplied from all the provinces in India, and it is the duty of the Comptroller General to bring to the Presidency towns all available surplus funds. The following table shows the local receipts in each province from various sources, the net total funds available in the

year and the amounts actually transferred by the Comptroller General from province to province in conducting his resource operations—

	IN LAKHS OF RUPEES.										
	India.	Central Provinces.	Burma.	Assam.	Bengal.	Bihar and Orissa.	United Provinces.	Punjab and North-West Frontier.	Madras	Bombay.	TOTAL.
Net local Revenue receipt.	-2,92	89	2,37	36	2,18	1,50	5,42	3,36	5,85	1,91	20,92
Opium Revenue .	...	...	...	...	4,98	...	...	...	...	2,21	7,19
Salt and Customs .	1,08	...	2,06	...	4,22	...	...	...	1,70	5,76	14,82
New Rupee Loan .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,00	3,00
Transfer from Home Treasury on account of purchase of silver.	3,80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,79	10,59
Total . .	1,96	89	4,43	36	11,38	1,50	5,42	3,36	7,55	19,87	56,52
Opium Expenditure .	...	...	...	...	...	...	-89	...	...	...	-89
Capital, Interest and Imperial Department transactions.	-3,16	10	2,75	53	95	-78	-3,86	-6,44	61	4,15	-5,15
Miscellaneous Debt Deposit transactions.	3,53	63	18	-8	1,30	69	52	60	-14	-8,36	-1,13
Total Net funds available.	2,33	1,62	7,36	81	13,63	1,41	1,19	-2,43	8,02	15,46	49,35
Amounts actually transferred by Comptroller General.	22,06	-1,04	-6,59	-1,17	-14,16	-77	-1,28	2,66	8	21	...
Council Bills paid .	-20,07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	-5,94	-12,82	-38,83
Cash balance Increase	4,32	58	77	-36	-53	64	-9	18	2,16	2,85	10,52

III.—CURRENCY RESERVES AND THE FINANCING OF INTERNAL TRADE.

18. Statement II shows the distribution of the Currency Reserve of coin month by month throughout the year. The opening balance of gold for the year stood at the high figure of 23·33 crores, but the rupee balance was 15·40 crores only. This balance was unduly low in view of the various trade requirements and the high volume of the note circulation, and frequent and costly movements of rupees were required. As a result, the resource work was done under considerable pressure throughout the year.

The net issues of rupees during the busy season in each circle are shown in the statement in paragraph 26 below. Those net issues amounted to 32·42 crores and were exclusive of the amounts met from local revenue collections. While heavy demands for trade occur in some provinces surplus revenue accumulates in others and to economise the coin balances, and to reduce to a minimum the coinage of new rupees, the surplus is withdrawn to trade centres as quickly as possible. To meet the 32½ crores issued from the currency offices at different seasons the surpluses available were as follows:—

		Lakhs.
April to June	Calcutta	3,65
April to November	Rangoon	2,20
June to September	Cawnpore	1,75
July to September	Lahore	1,50
May to October	Bombay and Karachi	4,60
June to November	Madras	1,25
November to March	Calcutta	4,25
December to February	Cawnpore	1,00
February to March	Lahore	1,00

21,20

Thus against about 32½ crores to be supplied from the currency reserves about 21½ crores were available by surplus collections in India leaving a deficiency of about 11½ crores. This deficiency had to be met by coinage of new rupees and the net amount added to the Currency Reserve during the year by such coinage was just about 12½ crores. The balance remained in the Currency Reserve where the balances increased during the year from 15,40 to 16,45 lakhs.

Main currency coin
remittances.

19. *Hot weather: April to June*.—In the three months April to June 1912 about 5 crores in silver were required for the spring crops in Northern India and about 1½ crores for cotton and groundnut in Madras, and coin remittances in aid were required from other circles to the extent of 1½ crores in Cawnpore, 1¼ crores in Lahore and 1,60 lakhs in Madras. Gold is used largely for financing the trade in Northern India, and a remittance of over 4 crores was also sent in sovereigns from Bombay for this purpose, made up of 3,33 lakhs to the Lahore Circle and 75 lakhs to Cawnpore.

On the whole, the withdrawals from circulation in Calcutta, Bombay and Rangoon proved just sufficient to meet the demands, and the balance of rupees in the Reserve on 30th June was 15,41 lakhs against 15,40 on 1st April.

The issue of gold in the quarter exceeded 5 crores, but the imports far exceeded the issues and there was an increase in the stock in the three months from 23,33 to 26,08 lakhs.

Rains: July to October.—With an opening balance in rupees of 15,41 lakhs on 1st July the abnormal demand for the Bengal jute crop of 12,70 lakhs had to be met from July to October and every available rupee was withdrawn to Calcutta at considerable expense. The remittances brought to Calcutta during this season were—

Rangoon, Akyab and Moulmein	2,15	lakhs.
Cawnpore and its Agencies	1,02	„
Lahore and its Agencies	1,56	„
Bombay and its Agencies in the Central Provinces	4,75	„
Madras	20	„

Even these heavy remittances did not supply the demands in full and Government were obliged to undertake new coinage in September. The amount received by new coinage in the two months September and October was 2½ crores. Even with this, it was necessary to draw upon the opening balance to the extent of over 3 crores and the rupee balance in the Currency Reserve on 31st October came down from 15,41 to 12,37 lakhs—a very low balance for this season of the year.

Gold is not taken for financing the internal trade in jute and the accession of gold in the Currency Reserve by import during the jute season was about 6¼ crores. Against this 2,81 lakhs were sent to England in October and about two crores issued to the public in Northern India and Bombay, so that the stock of gold increased from 26,08 to 27,46 lakhs. During this period a remittance in gold of 75 lakhs was made from Bombay to Cawnpore.

Cold weather: November to March.—With the close of the jute season in October begins the season for cotton, seeds and wheat in Northern and Southern India, which is followed by the end of December by the rice trade in Burma. The last five months of the year from November to March is thus a period of active trade over a large area and the demands for accommodation are very heavy. In November and December the revenue collections are comparatively small and consequently there is a heavy drain on the currency reserve of rupees. But from January to March the drain is accompanied by large revenue receipts so that the net reduction of the currency reserve of rupees is not great.

Every circle of currency had been denuded of its available rupees to meet the demands of the jute trade, and it was therefore necessary to make considerable

remittances to the trade centres from the proceeds of new coinage which continued to the end of March. The requirements at Bombay were supplied wholly from the coinage at the Bombay mint and the following remittances were made in the last five months of the year from Calcutta and Bombay mainly out of the new silver coinage :—

From Calcutta to Rangoon	3,70 lakhs
„ „ to Cawnpore	1,00 „
„ Bombay to Rangoon	1,50 „
„ „ to Lahore	1,25 „
„ „ to Cawnpore	25 „

The amount received by new coinage was about $4\frac{1}{2}$ crores in November and December and $5\frac{1}{2}$ crores from January to March. In spite of the addition of $4\frac{1}{2}$ crores by new coinage the balance of rupees in the Currency Reserve went down from 12,37 lakhs at the end of October to 11,80 at the end of December. In the second period from January to March the large revenue collections caused a surplus, and there was a net addition to the Reserve of (16,45—11,80) 4,65 lakhs in the last three months.

The issues of gold in November and December were heavy, and in spite of the usual imports the stock decreased, but in January the imports were unusually heavy, and in the last three months the imports exceeded the issues ; thus in spite of a remittance from Bombay to England of 68 lakhs the stock was raised by over $2\frac{1}{2}$ crores. In the five months from November to March the receipts by import were $11\frac{1}{4}$ crores, the issues to the public about 8 crores and the remittance to England 76 lakhs—the increase in stock being just a little below two crores.

The important remittances in gold during the period were 1,65 lakhs from Bombay to Cawnpore, 1,80 lakhs from Bombay to Lahore, 1,50 lakhs from Bombay to Madras and 45 lakhs from Bombay to Karachi.

The year closed with a stock in the currency reserve in India of 16.45 crores in silver, 29.38 crores in gold, being increases during the year of 1.05 crores in rupees and 6.05 crores in gold.

20. In the foregoing paragraphs it has been shown that to finance the foreign trade of the country in 1912-13 funds were imported by means of Council Bills to the extent of 38.83 crores and sovereigns to the value of 26.43 crores. Council Bills are paid directly from treasury balances at the three Presidency towns, and the treasury balances were sufficiently high in the year to admit of all the payments being met without any special assistance from the Currency or the Gold Standard Reserve. But it is necessary to concentrate the surplus treasury balances at Presidency towns to meet the payment, and the extent of the inter-provincial movements of funds necessary to secure this object has been exhibited in the table in paragraph 17. Council Bills are paid in the first place either by means of book credit or in currency notes, and thus pass immediately into the banks' stores of value. In the same way, imported sovereigns mostly find their way into the currency offices and currency notes issued in exchange are lodged with the banks as store of value. The stores of value at the Presidency towns are remitted to the districts in payment for articles of export, and silver or gold, according to requirements, is taken in exchange for the notes. The payments made for articles of exports partly come back into banking centres in payments for foreign imports and partly into Government treasuries on account of revenue. The effect of these various exchanges of currency on the currency reserve of gold and silver is reviewed above in paragraph 18, and the review shows that the demand for rupees exceeded the receipts by about $11\frac{1}{4}$ crores, and it was necessary to supply this excess by resorting to new coinage. As regards gold the demands were heavy, but the imports from abroad were heavier still, and out of about $21\frac{1}{2}$ crores received into the currency offices about $15\frac{1}{2}$ crores were absorbed leaving about 6 crores as an increase in the stock in India.

General summary
of the financing of
foreign trade.

IV.—TOTAL ABSORPTION OF CURRENCY.

Increase in total of
currency.

21. It is now necessary to examine the total increase in the circulation as a whole as the result of the trade of the year. In the three years from 1909-10 to 1911-12 the average annual addition to the currency was 21·72 crores. For 1912-13 the total came to 24·52 crores made up as follows:—

	(In lakhs of rupees.)	
New rupees coined and paid to Currency Reserve	12,27	
<i>Deduct</i> —Amount obtained from silver held in Currency Reserve on 31st March 1912	8	
Payment of gold from Treasury to Gold Standard Reserve	1,80	1,88
		<hr/>
		10,89
Net imports of sovereigns received at the Currency Office	21,57	
Deposit into the Currency Chest in England against equivalent issues in India	2,40	23,97
		<hr/>
		34,36
<i>Deduct</i> —Increase in treasury balance in India	9,84	
		<hr/>
		24,52

The comparison of the total increase in the circulation with the trade balance is as follows for the last four years:—

	Balance of trade.	Increase in currency circulation.
1909-10	70,82	21,16
1910-11	80,53	18,69
1911-12	89,27	30,31
1912-13	84,88	24,52

New rupees coined.

22. As already stated, £7,000,000 worth of silver was purchased in the year for coinage into rupees. The average price paid was 28½d. per ounce British standard $\frac{3}{16}$ th fine. The outturn at the Indian mints in tolas Indian standard $\frac{1}{11}$ th fine was 15·85 crores of which 4·90 crores were paid to the Gold Standard Reserve and the remainder 10·95 crores to the treasury and currency. Of the 4·90 crores paid to the Gold Standard Reserve 1·80 crores were transferred to the currency reserve, in exchange for gold thus making the total addition to rupees on account of new coinage 10·95 + 1·80 = 12·75 crores. The withdrawal of uncurrent rupees in the mints amounted to 3·40 crores, of which only 2·92 crores were re-coined into rupees and the net addition to the rupee currency was therefore (12·75 + 2·92 - 3·40) 12·27 crores.

The sum of 3·40 crores on account of uncurrent rupees withdrawn from circulation during the year, included Rs1,05·12 lakhs tendered by a Native State at the Calcutta mint. This tender of uncurrent rupees came out of hoards, and the State instead of taking the whole outturn in rupees took only 25 lakhs in rupees and the remainder as follows:—

	Lakhs.
Sovereigns	50
Rupees 10,000 notes	7
„ 1,000 „	13·74
„ 500 „	9·32
Universal notes	·06
	<hr/>
	80·12

Thus, about 80 lakhs in hoards were replaced partly by gold and partly by currency notes on account of the Native State.

Tender of imported
sovereigns at the
Currency Office.

23. According to the table in paragraph 2 the net imports of sovereigns on private account in the year under report amounted to 26·43 crores. Of this amount about 25·15 crores net were tendered into the currency offices in exchange for notes or transfers, and about 1·28 crores absorbed direct without

passing through the Government treasuries or currency offices. From 25.15 crores received by Government about 3.58 crores were remitted to England as already explained in paragraph 8, and of the amount so remitted 2.40 crores were again taken into the currency chest in the Bank of England. Thus (21.57+2.40) 23.97 crores were taken as an effective addition to the currency circulation in India.

24. Gold of the value of about 1,28 lakhs not tendered to Government is believed to be either shield sovereigns or yellow sovereigns marked on the reverse with a large AUSTRALIA for which a premium is offered in the bazar. Doubts have been expressed whether such large amounts of shield sovereigns are really procurable. The subject is not of much practical importance, because even if the major portion of the imports not tendered to Government does not represent shield sovereigns specially used for jewellery there is nothing improbable in the assumption that a portion of the imports in current weight sovereigns were directly passed from the Banks for use either as currency or as ornaments. The subject of the proportion of shield sovereigns in light weight coins has, however, been specially examined. There is no doubt that the large imports by the Exchange Banks contain a few shield sovereigns, for many such have found their way into the mints. In February 1912 a lakh of light weight sovereigns packed for remittance to England were specially shroffed in the Bombay mint and 839 shield and 112 yellow coloured Australian sovereigns were found in the consignment. Between March and June 1912, 20,851 shield sovereigns found in a stock of light weight sovereigns of about £1,600,000 were actually separated at the Bombay mint. These two examinations show a percentage of nearly 1.3. The shields are in such request in the bazar that the Exchange Banks are prepared to pay Government par value for light weight coin and also the expenses of shroffing. I am also informed by a well-known bullion merchant in Bombay that Bombay imported £80,000 in shield sovereigns in the year 1912-13. This, I understand, was a special consignment apart from amounts found in large remittances for tender at the currency offices. On the whole, it is not unlikely that shield sovereigns formed a substantial proportion of those not tendered to Government.

25. The net addition to currency being worked out as above at 24.52 crores, it now remains to distribute this total circulation under the different denominations of currency. This is done in the following table:—

(In lakhs of rupees.)

	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	Total.
(1) Silver—					
New rupee coinage (excluding coinage for the G. S. R.).	...	...	...	12,27	12,27
Increase (–) or decrease (+) in the Currency Reserve of rupees and bullion.	+1,84	+3,22	+10,66	–1,05	+14,67
Transfer from or to the G. S. R.	+12,08	+90	...	...	+12,98
TOTAL SILVER	+13,92	+4,12	+10,66	+11,22	+39,92
(2) Gold—					
Net imports of sovereigns (through Currency).	+10,67	+10,88	+25,42	+21,57	+68,54
Increase (–) or decrease (+) in Currency Reserve of sovereigns in India.	–9,26	+2	–14,05	–6,04	–29,33
TOTAL GOLD	+1,41	+10,90	+11,37	+15,53	+39,21
(3) Increase in the circulation of currency notes.	+8,92	+58	+6,37	+7,61	+23,48
(4) Increase (–) or decrease (+) in Treasury balance.	–3,09	–1,91	+1,91	–9,84	–12,93
GRAND TOTAL CURRENCY DEMANDS	+21,16	+13,69	+30,31	+24,52	+89,68

Distributing the increase or decrease in treasury balances among the different denominations of currency the total absorption of each denomination is worked out as follows:—

(In lakhs of rupees).

	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
Gold	1,16	10,78	11,40	15,37
Silver (rupees and half-rupees)	13,22	3,31	11,54	10,49
Currency notes	7,28	—83	7,56	6
Bank and other balances	—50	40	—19	—1,40
	21,16	13,69	30,31	24,52

These figures show that there was a steady increase in the absorption of gold in the country. The issues of rupees were less than those of 1911-12 in spite of the abnormal demands for jute.

Absorption of each class of currency by seasons in each circle.

26. A clear indication of the part played by each form of currency in the monetary transactions of the country is afforded by the following statements which show first the absorption of each during the busy seasons in each circle, and secondly the absorption or return of each during successive busy and slack seasons.

I-A.—BUSY SEASONS.

(In lakhs of rupees.)

		Rupees.	Sovereigns.	Currency Notes.
<i>Spring crops—Northern India.</i>				
Cawnpore Circle	April and May	3,40	45	—23
Lahore „	April to June	2,50	2,67	—65
<i>Cotton—groundnut, etc., Madras.</i>				
Madras Circle	April and May	1,30	40	—66
„ „	December to March	20	72	47
<i>Jute trade—Bengal.</i>				
Calcutta Circle	July to October	12,70	49	—85
<i>Cotton, wheat and seeds in Bombay and Karachi.</i>				
Bombay and Karachi Circles	November to March	4,50	2,25	—1,67
<i>Rice trade, Rangoon.</i>				
Rangoon Circle	December to March	1,10	50	1,81
<i>Winter crops in Northern India.</i>				
Cawnpore Circle	October and November	82	1,00	—28
„ „	March	70	20	—3
Lahore Circle	October to December	1,90	2,40	—22
		32,42	11,08	—2,31

I-B.—SLACK SEASONS.

April to June	Calcutta	—3,65	49	39
April to November	Rangoon	—2,20	66	—74
June to September	Cawnpore	—1,75	40	66
July to September	Lahore	—1,50	—10	19
May to October	Bombay and Karachi	—4,60	40	8
June to November	Madras	—1,25	1,15	60
November to March	Calcutta	—4,25	1,00	1,41
December to February	Cawnpore	—1,00	45	—32
February to March	Lahore	—1,00	...	17
		—21,20	4,45	2,44
	Net	11,22	15,53	13

II.—SUCCESSIVE SEASONS.

Circles.	Seasons.		Rupees.	Notes.	Sover-eigns.	Total.	Monthly average issue of sover-eigns.
Calcutta	Slack	April to June .	—3,65	39	49	—2,77	16
	Busy	July to October .	12,70	—85	49	12,34	12
	Slack	November to March .	—4,25	1,41	1,00	—1,84	20
	TOTAL.		4,80	95	1,98	7,73	...
Bombay and Karachi.	Slack	April to October .	—4,60	8	40	—4,12	6
	Busy	November to March .	4,50	—1,67	2,25	5,08	45
	TOTAL		—10	—1,59	2,65	96	...
Madras	Busy	April and May .	1,30	—66	40	1,04	20
	Slack	June to November .	—1,25	60	1,15	50	19
	Busy	December to March .	20	47	72	1,39	18
	TOTAL.		25	41	2,27	2,93	...
Rangoon	Slack	April to November .	—2,20	—74	66	—2,28	8
	Busy	December to March .	4,40	1,81	50	6,71	12
	TOTAL.		2,20	1,07	1,16	4,43	...
Lahore	Busy	April to June .	2,50	—65	2,67	4,52	89
	Slack	July to September .	—1,50	19	—10	—1,41	—3
	Busy	October to December .	1,90	—22	2,40	4,08	80
	Slack	January to March .	—1,00	17	...	—83	...
	TOTAL		1,90	—51	4,97	6,36	...
Cawnpore	Busy	April and May .	3,40	—23	45	3,62	22
	Slack	June to September .	—1,75	66	40	—69	10
	Busy	October and November .	82	—28	1,00	1,54	50
	Slack	December to February .	—1,00	—32	45	—87	15
	Busy	March .	70	—3	20	87	20
	TOTAL.		2,17	—20	2,50	4,47	...
GRAND TOTAL			11,22	• 13	15,53	26,89*	...

* The difference between this figure and (24,52 + 1,40) 25,92 in the preceding paragraph is due to this figure representing currency, while the latter includes also treasury transactions.

The important features of the above statements, and the inferences to be drawn therefrom are:—

(1) The regular ebb and flow of the rupee circulation: absorption in the busy season and return in the slack. This indicates the absolutely free circulation of the rupee throughout India for every purpose.

(2) The regular ebb and flow (save in the Rangoon circle and in one season in each of the Madras and Cawnpore circles) of the note circulation conversely to that of the rupee circulation. The cause of this is explained in detail in paragraph 48 below. Briefly it is that rupees, when wanted for circulation, are obtained from currency offices by the presentation of notes, and, when returned from circulation, are paid back to currency for notes in

which form bank balances are kept. The converse movement in the Rangoon circle, however, indicates a real use of notes in substitution for coin in the financing of the rice trade, and it may be inferred that in other circles notes are not used largely in the purchase of crops.

(3) The regular issue of gold in small quantities in busy and slack seasons alike in most circles.

This seems to represent the normal flow of gold when it is used for the domestic needs of the well-to-do and enlightened portion of the community and not in the financing of any important crop.

(4) The very considerable variations, from this regular outflow of gold, in the Punjab and, to a smaller extent, in the Bombay and Cawnpore circles. In these circles there were issues in the busy season considerably in excess of, and, in the slack season, an issue in Bombay and Cawnpore much below, what may be called the "normal issue for domestic needs," or even, in the Punjab, an actual return. These variations from this "normal issue for domestic needs" undoubtedly indicate the use of gold in the purchase of important crops, and the return to the treasury of a portion of the gold so used.

(5) The total column indicates roughly the prosperity of the various circles, coupled with the habit of withdrawing coin or notes from circulation. Thus the considerable absorption in the Calcutta and Lahore circles was undoubtedly due to the excellence of the crops in those areas, and to a lack of desire, probably greater in the Calcutta than in the Lahore circle, to use to the full the money obtained therefor. The large absorption in the Rangoon and Cawnpore circles followed on good crops in those areas, while the smaller absorption in Bombay was undoubtedly due to the season having been less prosperous there than in other parts of India, coupled probably with a more general use of money for the purchase of household commodities—a higher standard of comfort—or for investment.

Other details worthy of remark are :—

- (i) The overwhelming importance of the jute season as regards the net issue and absorption of rupees—over 40 per cent. of each were in connection with jute.
- (ii) The net issues of gold in busy seasons exceeded those of silver in the Punjab, in the Bombay circle they were nearly a half, and in the Cawnpore circle nearly a third.
- (iii) The total absorption of gold was 40 per cent. in excess of that of silver.

V.—RESOURCE OPERATIONS AND MOVEMENT OF FUNDS.

Movement of currency to finance the internal trade.

27. In the foregoing paragraphs I have reviewed the total addition to currency circulation in India in the year 1912-13 and the distribution of the total among the several denominations of currency over the various trade seasons in each currency circle. It is necessary here to explain the processes and agencies by which this distribution is effected. As previously explained (paragraph 21), the total increase in circulation was made up originally of 23·97 crores of gold and 55 lakhs out of the new coinage of 10·39 crores of rupees which passed into circulation, the remainder having gone to swell treasury balances. Government paid at the Presidency towns 38·83 crores on account of Council Bills out of collections of surplus revenue and other funds in the several Provinces. Thus the Government supplied the trade originally at the Presidency towns with the large amount of 63·98 crores made up of 38·83 Council Bills and 25·15, the value of notes issued in exchange for the gold presented. To assist the trade in transferring funds from the Presidency towns to the interior, Government grant telegraphic transfers to the banks at a nominal charge between head offices of Currency Circles. Universal notes also furnish a means of remitting funds from one circle to another. Supply bills and telegraphic transfers are also granted between treasuries according to Government requirements. Telegraphic transfers are used largely, and as they and supply bills and universal notes

are payable in coin at the option of the payee, almost the whole burden of coin remittances for trade purposes ultimately falls on Government. Coin remittances through private agencies are made largely to centres where there are no currency offices, but in the case of inter-provincial remittances Government practically undertake the whole burden of the movements of coin to currency centres. For instance, in the case of the Bengal jute trade, the remittances to the jute centres at Dacca, Narainganj, Sirajganj and other places in Eastern Bengal are made through private agency, Government supplying the coin at the currency office in Calcutta. In the same way the coin requirements for the North India trades are mostly supplied by Government at Cawnpore and Lahore, it being left to the trade to make its own arrangements to move funds from the currency centres to the interior. These arrangements, however, very frequently take the form of transfers through Government on district treasuries.

The processes and agencies for distribution of funds among trade centres are therefore considered under the following heads :—

1. Transfers of universal currency notes.
2. Inter-provincial transfers through Government.
3. Transfers through Government within Provinces.
4. Government remittances of coin between Provinces.
5. Remittances of coin on private account.

28. The transfer of universal notes from one circle of currency to another through private agency cannot be ascertained even approximately, but the encashment of these notes in a foreign circle gives some idea of the value of notes used for remittance purposes. The magnitude of the encashment in 1912-13 is dealt with in paragraph 56 below. The total encashments in 1912-13 amounted to 17.93 crores against 14.47 crores in 1911-12 and there is no doubt that currency notes are being used to a larger extent for trade remittances. It cannot be the case that all or even most of the notes remitted to a foreign circle are presented for encashment and the figures here given must represent a part only of the business done in the form of currency note remittances. The remittances as represented by encashments in foreign circles were as follows in 1912-13 :—

	Cashed	Remitted.	(In lakhs of rupees.)	
			Net receipt of currency.	Net receipt in 1911-12.
Calcutta	4.23	5.08	—85	1.74
Cawnpore	2.24	2.12	12	—1.29
Lahore	3.98	2.33	1.65	—3.34
Bombay	3.69	4.91	—1.22	3.34
Karachi	68	1.77	—1.09	86
Madras	2.42	1.59	83	—95
Rangoon	69	13	56	—36
	17.93	17.93	...	...

It is worthy of note that according to the above figures the net movement in 1911-12 has been reversed in every case in the year under report. In the former year Calcutta and Bombay obtained funds withdrawn from Northern India, Madras and Rangoon. In 1912-13 Northern India, Madras and Rangoon obtained remittances apparently from Calcutta and Bombay.

29. Statement (No. III) gives the details of the transfers between different centres, the total value of the transfers in 1912-13 having been 47½ crores

Inter-provincial transfers through Government.

against $43\frac{1}{2}$ crores in 1911-12. The net results of the movements according to the statement are :—

Bombay sent away . . .	$24\frac{3}{4}$ crores	against $22\frac{1}{2}$ crores in 1911-12,
Bengal and India sent away . . .	$1\frac{1}{4}$ „ „	$\frac{1}{4}$ crore „
while		
Burma received . . .	$11\frac{1}{2}$ „ „	$10\frac{3}{4}$ crores „
Madras „ . . .	$5\frac{1}{2}$ „ „	$7\frac{3}{4}$ „ „
United Provinces received . . .	4 „ „	$1\frac{3}{4}$ „ „
Punjab „ . . .	4 „ „	1 crore „
Central Provinces „ . . .	1 crore „	$1\frac{3}{4}$ crores „

Thus larger remittances had to be made both in notes (see preceding paragraph) and by transfers to Northern India and Burma, and the supplies came naturally from Bombay where the gold imports and Council Bills were received in large amounts. The gross figures of the remittances are noticed below.

Bombay.—Bombay received for remittance to other provinces $27\frac{1}{2}$ crores while it paid $2\frac{3}{4}$ crores on account of bills and transfers drawn by other provinces. The payments included 1 crore supply bills drawn by the Punjab ($\frac{3}{4}$) and Baluchistan treasuries ($\frac{1}{4}$), 1 crore telegraphic transfers drawn by Calcutta in redistribution of the Exchange Bank balances among Presidency towns, $\frac{1}{2}$ crore transfers drawn on Karachi by Calcutta, and $\frac{1}{4}$ crore drawn by Madras and the United Provinces in the shape of bank transfers and supply bills. As regards the amounts received for remittance, the following are the details :—

Telegraphic transfers granted on Calcutta against imported gold . . .	$7\frac{1}{4}$ crores.
„ „ „ Madras „ . . .	$2\frac{3}{4}$ „
Other telegraphic transfers from Bombay on Calcutta . . .	$2\frac{1}{4}$ „
„ „ „ Cawnpore . . .	$2\frac{1}{4}$ „
„ „ „ Lahore . . .	$2\frac{3}{4}$ „
„ „ „ Madras . . .	$2\frac{3}{4}$ „
„ „ „ Rangoon . . .	$4\frac{1}{2}$ „
„ „ „ Central Provinces . . .	1 crore.
Transfers from Karachi on Lahore . . .	$1\frac{1}{2}$ crores.

Calcutta and Bengal.—Received for remittance 15 crores and paid $13\frac{3}{4}$ crores, making the net amount sent away $1\frac{1}{4}$ crores. As explained in the note under Bombay, there was a net payment on account of Bombay of ($7\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} - 1 - \frac{1}{2}$) $7\frac{3}{4}$ crores so that the net remittance to other provinces from Bengal was about 9 crores made up as follows :—

To Rangoon for the rice trade	$7\frac{1}{4}$ crores.
„ Cawnpore „ wheat „	$1\frac{3}{4}$ „
„ Lahore „ „ „	$1\frac{1}{4}$ „
„ Madras in the cotton and groundnut season	1 crore.
	<hr/>
	$11\frac{1}{2}$ crores.

Deduct—

Returned by Madras in jute season	1 crore.
„ „ „ Burma „	$\frac{3}{4}$ „
Transferred from Cawnpore	$\frac{3}{4}$ „
„ „ „ Lahore	$\frac{3}{4}$ „
	<hr/>
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ crores.

Burma.—The rice trade required a remittance of $12\frac{1}{2}$ crores made up of $7\frac{1}{2}$ crores from Calcutta, $4\frac{1}{2}$ crores from Bombay and about $\frac{1}{2}$ crore from Madras. Rangoon returned in its slack season about a crore only, of which more than three-fourths went to Calcutta and less than a quarter to Madras.

Madras.—The net payment of $5\frac{1}{2}$ crores in Madras was made up of 7 crores paid and $1\frac{1}{2}$ crores received. As has been already explained, the 7 crores paid were made up of $5\frac{1}{2}$ crores from Bombay, 1 crore from Calcutta and about $\frac{1}{4}$ crore from Rangoon. The receipts for remittance were for Calcutta 1 crore and Rangoon $\frac{1}{2}$ crore.

United Provinces.—Here the net payment was 4 crores made up of remittances from Bombay $2\frac{1}{2}$ crores and Calcutta $1\frac{3}{4}$ crores and of a transfer to Calcutta $\frac{1}{8}$ crore.

Punjab.—Here also the supplies made to trade through Government amounted to 4 crores, of which $2\frac{3}{4}$ crores came from Bombay and $1\frac{1}{4}$ crores from Calcutta.

Central Provinces.—The 1 crore paid in these Provinces represented mainly bank transfers of treasury surplus in the Akola and Amraoti districts.

The following arrangements of the figures of remittances indicate the main lines of the movements of the years, the figures for 1911-12 being given for comparison :—

(In lakhs of rupees.)

To		1911-12.	1912-13.	From	1911-12.	1912-13.
Inter-presi- dency.	Calcutta from Bombay	9,34	9,67	Calcutta to Bombay	89	1,63
	Calcutta from Madras	50	1,04	Calcutta to Madras	90	1,06
	Madras from Bombay	7,51	5,59	Madras to Bombay	14	8
	Punjab from Calcutta	59	1,28	Punjab to Calcutta	55	40
Northern India.	Punjab from Bombay	2,01	4,18	Punjab to Bombay	1,17	90
	United Provinces from Calcutta	1,15	1,84	United Provinces to Calcutta	32	42
	United Provinces from Bombay	98	2,59	United Provinces to Bombay	15	9
Bihar and Orissa.	Bihar and Orissa from Calcutta	...	20	Bihar and Orissa to Calcutta	...	54
Assam .	Assam from Calcutta	*388	66	Assam to Calcutta	60	51
C. P. .	Central Provinces from Calcutta	49	10	Central Provinces to Calcutta	3	2
	Central Provinces from Bombay	1,12	94	Central Provinces to Bombay	...	1
Burma.	Rangoon from Calcutta	6,85	7,61	Rangoon to Calcutta	...	82
	Rangoon from Bombay	3,87	4,53	Rangoon to Bombay	...	9
	Rangoon from Madras	14	39	Rangoon to Madras	5	22

* This figure represents remittances to Eastern Bengal and Assam in 1911-12 mainly for the jute trade in Eastern Bengal which remittances are shown this year in Statement IV under India and Bengal.

The outstanding feature in the above comparison is the considerable increase in the amounts drawn to Northern India to finance the wheat trade and the larger requirement for the rice trade in Burma.

30. Statement (IV) shows the internal movements of funds through Government agency. The magnitude of the transactions was greatest in Bombay, Madras and Burma, and for these provinces the aggregate figures compare as follows with 1911-12 :—

(In lakhs of rupees.)

	1911-12.	1912-13.
Bombay	5,39	7,09
Madras	5,47	4,70
Burma	4,36	4,07

In Bombay the differences occurred chiefly under currency transfers between Bombay and Karachi and under transfer through the Presidency Banks in districts. The increase in the currency transfers was due to growth of business at Karachi. As regards Presidency Bank transfers, the Bombay Bank had larger surpluses to spare at its branches in the first quarter of 1912-13 and in the last quarter of 1911-12, and simultaneously there was an increased demand for funds at Government treasuries for loans and advances to cultivators in connection with the failure of rains in 1911. Accordingly transfers were arranged by opposite payment to the Bank at Bombay.

In Madras the falling-off occurs chiefly in the requirements of the cotton trade. The demands for bills and telegraphic transfers on Bellary were about 40 lakhs less than in 1911-12, and the requirements of the Bank of Madras in the Circars (Guntur, Godavari and Kistna) and at Tuticorin dropped by 42 lakhs and 23 lakhs respectively.

The diminution in the transfers in Burma is attributed to stocks of paddy having been held up for better prices.

31. The specie remittances between provinces and circles undertaken by Government in the year amounted to the large sum of 24.40 crores in silver Government remittances of coin between provinces.

and 10.69 crores in gold, being a total of about 35 crores against about 20 crores in the preceding year. The following are the details :—

(In lakhs of rupees.)

	SILVER.		Gold net [received (+) or sent (—)].
	Received.	Sent.	
India and Bengal	10,31	8,54	+ 12
Assam	3	...	+ 2
Central Provinces	1	25	+ 16
Burma	5,21	2,24	...
Bihar and Orissa . . . . .	...	3	+ 3
United Provinces	2,80	1,57	+ 8,14
Punjab	3,44	1,65	+ 5,10
Madras	1,60	31	+ 1,50
Bombay	1,00	9,81	—10,69
			+ 62 }
TOTAL	24,40	24,40	...

The important movements take place as currency remittances, and have already been described in paragraph 19. The main reason of the large increase in the magnitude of the remittances was the low balance of rupees with which the treasuries and currency offices were worked during the year, the result being considerable remittances in opposite directions at different seasons of the year.

Remittances of gold are made almost invariably from Bombay, which receives the bulk of the imports, and require no special remark except that United Provinces and the Punjab took about $8\frac{1}{2}$ crores worth against about 5 crores in 1911-12 and Rangoon had no remittances from India, the demands being supplied partly from balances and partly from direct imports of sovereigns from the Straits Settlements.

Remittances of
silver coin on
private account.

32. To ascertain these remittances, we depend entirely on the returns of railway goods traffic, but experience shows that the figures are not suitable for our purposes. After deducting from the total remittances of silver coin as given in these returns the Government remittances likely to have been included in them, the remittances on private account are obtained as follows :—

	(In lakhs of rupees.)
Bengal	+ 50
Assam	+ 15
Bihar and Orissa	+ 8
United Provinces	— 84
Punjab	— 82
Madras	— 1,28
Bombay	+ 1,23
Central Provinces	+ 98

Movements of
coin for the jute
trade.

33. The most important movement of rupees through private agency takes place in connection with the jute trade in Bengal. Most of the funds required are drawn from the Calcutta currency office in exchange for notes and they are then sent to the trade centres in Eastern Bengal. Hitherto the year 1906-07 has been considered a record year for jute demands, but the year 1912-13 has broken all past records. The following are the figures of net issues of rupees from the Calcutta currency office in the jute season :—

(In lakhs of rupees.)

Year.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	Total.
1906-07	69	3,61	5,06	1,66	1,34	12,36
1907-08	37	2,07	2,95	1,33	21	6,93
1908-09 . . . . .	...	70	1,90	89	22	3,71
1909-10 . . . . .	...	1,20	2,40	66	...	4,35
1910-11 . . . . .	...	79	2,34	1,37	25	4,75
1911-12	54	1,67	3,87	1,93	...	8,33
1912-13	62	4,38	4,09	2,92	...	12,93

In addition to the 12·93 crores supplied from the Calcutta currency office in 1912-13 a sum of about 1½ crores was obtained by means of bills and telegraphic transfers on the district treasuries. The approximate value of the outturn of jute during the year has been calculated at about 50 crores, and of this over 25 per cent. had to be financed by means of funds obtained through Government.

34. We are now in a position to calculate the visible addition to currency in the several provinces by trade remittances through Government and private parties. The following table shows the compiled result :—

Visible addition to currency through trade remittances.

(In lakhs of rupees.)

	India and Bengal.	Assam.	Bihar and Orissa.	Burma.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	Central Provinces.
1. Foreign imports of sovereigns.	+1,12	...	...	+38	...	...	...	+22,47	...
2. Council Bills .	+20,07	...	...	...	...	...	+5,94	+12,82	...
3. Inter-provincial Transfers—									
(a) Net transfer of Currency Notes to (+) or from (—) each circle.	—85	...	...	+56	+12	+1,65	+83	—2,31	...
(b) Remittances through Government.	—97	+16	—35	+11,40	+3,94	+4,13	+5,39	—24,71	+1,01
4. Silver coin remittances on private account.	+50	+15	+8	...	—84	—82	—1,28	+1,23	+98
5. Increase in treasury cash balances (—).	—10,42	—1,47	—1,59	—7,36	—1,14	+3,27	—8,02	—8,54	—1,61
Net visible addition to currency.	+9,45	—1,16	—1,86	+4,98	+2,08	+8,23	+2,86	+96	+38

35. The additions to currency according to the balances in the Government treasuries and the currency and Gold Standard Reserves and the currency note circulation account are as follows :—

Additions to currency according to Government balances.

	India and Bengal.	Assam.	Bihar and Orissa.	Burma.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	Central Provinces.
Currency note Circulation Statement XVI.	+4,96	...	...	+1,07	—20	—51	+2,46	—17	...
Gold Issues Statement VI.	+1,63	+2	+3	+1,22	+2,42	+5,06	+2,36	+2,49	+14
Rupce Issues Statement VII.	+6,59	—4	—83	+1,97	+1,08	+1,60	+9	+42	—39
Increase (—) of currency notes in treasury balances.	—4,04	+11	+5	—16	+15	...	—2,16	—1,45	—5
TOTAL	+9,14	+9	—75	+4,10	+3,45	+6,15	+2,75	+1,29	—30

Allowing for variations due to want of exact correspondence between currency circles and provincial areas and also for necessary differences in the remittances of foreign circle notes, the agreement between the compilations by the two methods is fairly close and the absorption of currency in each province fits in fairly with the movements of trade.

VI.—Gold Circulation.

36. The year 1911-12 was a record year as regards the gross import of sovereigns which amounted to 27·51 crores. In 1912-13 the imports were nearly as high, having been 26·69 crores (Statement V). Of this total import 25·41 crores passed through currency offices and the difference of 1·28 between the figures as obtained from trade statistics and those supplied by currency

Imports of gold.

offices is believed to represent shield sovereigns or other sovereigns of earlier coinage in special favour with the people for use as ornaments. Paragraph 24 gives further particulars regarding the import of such sovereigns.

ption of gold.

• 37. Statement VI gives the figures of absorption of sovereigns in the year distributed among the provinces. The total absorption in 1912-13 (£10,245,000) was more than a third in excess of that in 1911-12 (£7,600,000) there having been an increase in every province. In the Punjab the increase was about 60 per cent., in the United Provinces about 50 per cent., in Bengal and Burma it was also about 50 per cent., while in Bombay it was only about 14 per cent., and in Madras the figures were practically the same in the two years. Of the total of £10,245,000, Punjab took by far the largest amount, namely, £3,372,000, next in order comes Bombay, United Provinces and Madras with £1,658,000, £1,616,000 and £1,571,000, respectively. The absorption in India and Bengal figure, *viz.*, £1,090,000, was large, but deducting from it the special issue to a Native State of 50 lakhs mentioned in paragraph 22 the balance was £756,700 against £677,000 in 1911-12. Burma absorbed £814,000 in 1912-13 against £573,000 in 1911-12.

larity of the sign.

38. In view of the importance of the subject special enquiries as to the exact use of sovereigns issued at Government treasuries and currency offices have been continued in all the provinces and the subject is receiving close attention from the Account and Currency officers concerned. Extracts from, or summaries of, the reports by these officers are reproduced below and acknowledgments are due to Mr. Brigstocke, whose report from Bombay, following on his equally thorough report from Lahore last year, indicates his great interest in this branch of economic enquiry.

India and Bengal.—A comparison of the issues over the counter of the Calcutta currency office of £100 or over with those of the previous year gives the following result:—

Purpose for which taken.	In hundreds of £	
	1911-12.	1912-13.
Payments	187,1	326,8
Banking	73,1	53,8
Rice	1,1	2,7
Seeds	2,6	6,0
Shellac	6	10,9
Jute	1,5	9,8
Nut	1	...
Wheat	1	...
Coal . . . . .	...	1
Hides . . . . .	...	8
Sugar . . . . .	...	4
Cotton . . . . .	...	10,4
TOTAL	266,5	421,7

The whole of the treasuries in Bengal absorbed less than £59,000. It is stated that what gold is absorbed is used chiefly for melting and to a certain extent for hoarding purposes. Some is taken out of the country by pilgrims going to Mecca.

The absorption in Assam, Bihar and Orissa and the Central Provinces is still very small.

Central Provinces.—The large increase in the net total issues during the year under report was ascribed by all district officers to the rapidly increasing popularity of the sovereign throughout the province. In several districts it had the effect of partly reducing the demand for currency notes, the reason ascribed in one district (Akola) being that foreign merchants, who arrive during the harvest season, find it more convenient to return with their cash in sovereigns in preference to currency notes, for the encashment of which discount has sometimes to be paid. Gold was not used for financing crops in these Provinces, practically all payments being made in silver. The majority of the district officers expressed the opinion that sovereigns are not used for ornaments, nor hoarded to any appreciable extent.

Assam.—Two-thirds of the increase of absorption in the year under report was in Shillong.

Bihar and Orissa.—While the issues remained almost stationary as compared with the previous year, the receipts nearly doubled. One use of gold, which is brought to notice, is for making presents on marriage or other similar occasions as, *e.g.*, when sending "Tilak," *i.e.*, advance payment to bridegrooms.

In the other provinces the absorption was much larger and merits more detailed consideration. The remarks in the local currency reports are quoted, therefore, practically in full.

Burma.

Absorption of gold.—The following figures show the absorption of gold in Rangoon and in the districts separately for each quarter of 1912-13:—

		Rangoon.	Districts.
		£	£
First	quarter	153,226	61,837
Second	"	86,970	62,606
Third	"	75,997	60,980½
Fourth	"	202,821	109,952½

The absorption of the year under report shows an increase of £241,840 or 42 per cent. over the previous year's absorption, and was at its highest during the last quarter of the year, *i.e.*, during the rice season, which may possibly be due to gold having been used to a small extent for the purchase of paddy.

Gold as currency.—The issues of gold at the Rangoon currency office during the first three quarters of the year were mostly to Chetties, and more than half the issues of gold from the currency office were in sums of £50 and under.

It is reported that the greater portion of the gold issued in the districts is melted down and converted into ornaments and jewellery, and is not likely to return to circulation, but against this opinion may be set the fact that a sum of £18,536½ in gold was received by the district treasuries outside Rangoon during the year. It is true that this is only 7·04 per cent. of the issues at these treasuries, but it seems to show that gold is to a small extent finding its way into circulation.

United Provinces.

Popularity of the sovereign.—With a view to obtain as much first hand detailed information as possible in regard to the actual circulation of gold, a circular was addressed to all treasury officers enquiring as to the exact nature of the receipts and payments of which gold formed a part. Their replies constitute a large mass of evidence which is almost unanimous in declaring that the popularity of the sovereign as currency is on the increase. The Treasury Officer, Bulandshahr, reports that the extraordinary increase in his district is mainly due to the fact that owing to the discount on the *Mahajani Hundi* being high in Calcutta and Bombay last year, the traders generally took payment of their dues in sovereigns instead of in *Hundi*; and the coins so received were subsequently handed over mostly to the agricultural class in purchasing cotton, grain, etc., who in their turn paid them into the treasury in payment of Government dues.

The Agent, Bank of Bengal, Cawnpore, ascribes the large issues and receipts of gold to greater prosperity of the people and the consequent freer currency of gold and says that it is questionable whether this free currency will remain in evidence during seasons of bad harvests. The Treasury Officer, Etah, says that the people in general like to keep the money in gold instead of in notes, and that on account of its portability, the export merchants made payment in gold which was in turn paid to Government.

Gold as currency.—Much of the gold coin issued necessarily comes back to the treasuries and the fact that over 15 lakhs worth sovereigns were received back and remitted by the sub-treasuries against 3½ lakhs of the previous year tends to show that the circulation of the sovereign is spreading from head-quarters to tahsils, and that the agricultural population also are gradually coming to look upon the use of sovereign as currency with favour, since the receipts in the sub-treasuries are payments by the people and indicate the composition of the currency they handle.

The circulation of gold does not appear to have penetrated yet to any appreciable extent to the villages, as payment for crops are still for the most part demanded in silver. This is proved by the fact that Messrs. Ralli Brothers and other European firms, who practically have the monopoly of the export trade, prefer silver to gold and make all their purchases in silver.* The general conclusion to be drawn appears to be that gold is passing more and more into circulation in these provinces, though not to the same extent as in the Punjab.

Use to which Sovereigns are put.—The popularity of the sovereign is ascribed to be due to its portability and the readiness with which it can be exchanged. In the bazars discount is generally charged for every note that is cashed, but not for a sovereign on account of its intrinsic value. This is not unlikely so far as notes of denominations higher than ten are concerned, but the large increase in the circulation of Rs. 5 and Rs. 10 notes at the same time show that such replacement, if it has taken place as regards small value notes also, is not on a considerable scale. Traders now prefer to keep their reserve in gold. It seems probable that gold is replacing both silver and notes for purposes of hoarding. There is no evidence that a large quantity of sovereigns goes into the melting pot in these provinces.

The Punjab.†

Lahore.—The issues of sovereigns to the public may be analysed as follows:—

	(In thousands of £.)
On account of wheat trade	974
On account of cotton trade	504
For other trade purposes	65
Issues to Banks.	
Punjab National Bank	396
Bank of Bengal, Lahore	310
People's Bank	170
Punjab Banking Company	21
Other Banks	299
National Bank of India	11
Private persons and firms	681
TOTAL	1,888
	1,543
	3,431

The net issues in gold from the Currency and the Treasury during the year amounted to £3,019,000 and £432,000 respectively giving a total of £3,451,000. Out of this £3,451,000, £1,217,000 were issued in payment of currency telegraphic transfers including £95,000 paid from the Delhi Currency Chest.

The replies received by me to references made to the leading firms, banks, etc., in the Province and to the Chambers of Commerce at Delhi and Karachi confirm the view that the circulation of gold is daily increasing, especially in the Punjab.

The Punjab Chambers of Commerce stated that the Committee had no doubt that the use of gold was daily becoming more popular with the natives of India and circulated freely in the bazar.

* It is possible that cause and effect have been mixed up here, for in the Punjab and in Bombay the experience has been that large buyers of crops can pay in gold, but that the European firms usually prefer to handle silver.

† This province is much the most important in respect of gold circulation, but this report is comparatively brief because the corresponding report last year was very elaborate.

The Karachi Chamber of Commerce replied that in the experience of the Committee of this Chamber, the circulation of sovereigns was still increasing and the coins were becoming more popular, especially in the Punjab.

The principal European export firms in the Province do not use gold for the reasons stated in last year's report, *viz.*, the risk incurred in the transport of gold by rail whereas the Indian firms prefer gold.

Madras.

Gold coins were issued during 1911-12 and 1912-13 from the Currency Office to the extent of £968,034 and £925,359 respectively. The issues in amounts of £100 and over fell from £861,000 to £794,260, while those in smaller amounts rose from £107,034 to £131,094. The falling off in the former is more than accounted for by a falling off in the requirements of the Bank of Madras for its branches on the West Coast. The requirements of these branches to meet trade demands during the busy season, are met almost wholly by remittances of sovereigns from Madras, indicating that the demand for gold in these parts is still active, and the decrease in the remittances from Madras as compared with the previous year is believed not to have resulted from any decrease in the demand for sovereigns but from a decrease in the total trade requirements of the year. At the end of the busy season a considerable quantity of the sovereigns comes back to the branches of the Bank, showing that gold is circulating in these parts to a considerable extent as currency though the large amounts remitted year after year may undoubtedly be taken as evidence of the fact that large quantities are either being hoarded as coin or are being melted or otherwise used for the manufacture of ornaments. The most important reason for a large circulation of gold as currency in these parts, is undoubtedly the fact that currency notes do not circulate here to any appreciable extent and sovereigns are circulating in place of currency notes. An important reason for hoarding is probably the special law of inheritance in force in these parts, under which all immoveable property and investments in Government promissory notes and other securities devolve on the sisters' children while investments in gold can be bequeathed to one's own children.*

The total amount of gold coins issued by the Bank in the year was as follows:—

	£
Remittances to West Coast branches for trade purposes	305,000
Remittance to Bangalore for the use of the Mysore Government	20,000
Issued to the public at Madras	138,970
Total	<u>463,970</u>

As regards other parts of the Presidency, it appears to be clear that considerable quantities are imported into the interior to finance trade, and these pass from hand to hand for the time being until they reach the substantial cultivator, landholder, or other citizen who hoards or melts them and thus they never come back into circulation.

Bombay.

The issues of gold during 1912-13 from the currency offices at Bombay and Karachi in Issues to what may be called the wholesale transactions in gold were £2,757,000 against £1,967,000 in 1911-12 and £1,453,000 in 1910-11. This steady increase in the "Issues to the public" shows that gold coins are growing in popularity and are being used for remittance and other purposes more freely. Here again we have an increase of 91 per cent. over the figures of 1910-11 and of over 40 per cent. on the figures for 1911-12. Taken by itself this increase does not necessarily imply that sovereigns are being more freely used as currency. To ascertain how far these coins go to form the ordinary circulating medium of the country we shall have to examine the receipts from the public both at the currency offices and at district treasuries. Of the £3,110,400 issued from the currency office in 1912-13 (including £353,100 issued for export by sea) £2,759,500 were issued at Bombay and only £350,900 at Karachi. The total issues to the public from the Karachi currency office in 1911-12 had amounted to £153,600 and compare as follows with those in 1912-13:—

	1911-12. £	1912-13. £
For trade remittances (including remittances to the Punjab for the purchase of wheat)	75,500	233,100
For pearls	8,200	12,300
For banking	1,000	6,000
For private use . . . . .	...	3,600
In small sums	67,900	95,900
	<u>153,600</u>	<u>350,900</u>

* A curious instance of the tendency to evade the operation of a customary law which has become unsuited to modern conditions

Of the £2,759,500 issued from the Bombay office in 1912-13, £1,925,900 were issued in sums of £1,000 and over. Details of these issues are recorded in the currency office books and are given below in thousands of pounds :—

For remittance to Agra for the purchase of wheat	15
For remittance to cotton-growing districts	315
For the purchase of cotton	626
For export to Hongkong and Shanghai	6
For export to the Persian Gulf for the purchase of pearls	388
For melting	66
For payment to staff (especially Great Indian Peninsula Railway)	419
For banking and exchange business	141
Total	1,926

The balance of £833,600 issued at Bombay was issued in small sums—for remittance purposes (£671,000), for melting (£11,400) and for local use, etc. (£151,200).

The total amount issued for remittance purposes from the Bombay currency office was £1,971,000 as shown below, against £1,243,000 and £1,152,000 issued in 1911-12 and 1910-11 :—

	In thousands of pounds.		
	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
For remittance to the Central Provinces and Berar	123	351	313
For remittance to Khandesh and Gujarat	681	499	801
For remittance to the Southern Mahratta Country	13	89	62
For remittance to other places within and outside India	335	304	795
TOTAL	1,152	1,243	1,971

It will be seen that the issues for remittances to the Central Provinces and Berar, and the Southern Mahratta Country were larger in 1911-12 than in 1912-13, while the issues in 1911-12 for remittances to Khandesh and Gujarat were considerably smaller than those in 1910-11 or 1912-13. The variation in the case of the Central Provinces and Berar was due to the bumper cotton crop of that province in 1911-12. The large falling off in the issues to Gujarat was the result of the unfavourable monsoon of 1911, which reduced the outturn of the Gujarat crop to a very large extent. The variation in the case of the Southern Mahratta Country was due to the lateness of the cotton season of 1913 and to a reduction of the cotton crop of 1912 owing to excessive rainfall in some places in 1911. The cotton season in the Southern Mahratta Country begins in February or March and continues till July. Hence the unfavourable season of 1911-12 affected the issues in 1912-13.

among Apart from that afforded by statistics there is, however, also a considerable volume of direct evidence on record in favour of the view that, as in the Punjab and North-West Frontier Province, so also in the Bombay Presidency and Sind and in the adjacent parts of Berar there is a marked and growing inclination among the cultivating class to receive payment in gold. The number of firms in Bombay who finance the cotton trade is large, but several of them were written to with the object of ascertaining what was actually done with the gold taken from the Bombay currency office. I quote the following from some of the replies received :—
 “ For our own purchases of cotton up-country we always pay cash in silver currency, we however receive consignments of cotton from up-country for sale here on commission and are often asked by the up-country merchants to remit in gold.” “ In the majority of our purchases of cotton the gold is paid to the cultivators and also to middlemen that buy direct from the farmers; so ultimately gold goes to farmers Demand from farmers and bankers of farmers who are, the middlemen grows rapidly in preference to silver The farmers are more inclined to sell to payers of gold.” “ The cultivators readily accept and prefer gold coins as the cost of cotton.”

ctions. To obtain a clearer idea of the extent to which gold coin circulates as money in this Presidency it is necessary to examine what may be called the retail transactions with the public at treasuries. Statement of receipts and issues of sovereigns at the treasuries in this Presidency during the last three years, show a net receipt from the public of £76,589 in 1910-11, a net issue to the public of £19,647 in 1911-12 and a net receipt of £36,386½ in 1912-13. The gross receipts increased from £778,536 in 1910-11 to £1,337,163½ in 1911-12, and £1,890,501 in 1912-13, while the issues also increased from £701,947 in 1910-11 to £1,356,810 in 1911-12 and to £1,854,114½ in 1912-13. The total turnover increased from £1,480 millions in 1910-11 to £2,694 in 1911-12 and to £3,744 millions in 1912-13. In 1911-12 there was an increase of 71·8 per cent. in the receipts from the public and of 93·3 per cent. in the issues to the public. The percentages of increase in 1912-13 were 41·4 and 86·6 respectively.

It will be useful also to examine the figures of the more important treasuries. The following table compares the transactions in 1912-13 at some of the treasuries in this Presidency with those in 1910-11 and 1911-12. The figures are given in thousands of pounds, and I have selected those treasuries only at which the receipts or issues have exceeded £20,000 in 1912-13—

	1910-11.			1911-12.			1912-13.		
	Receipts.	Issue.	Net Issue.	Receipts.	Issue.	Net Issue.	Receipts.	Issue.	Net Issue.
Ahmedabad	7	10	+ 3	15	21	+ 6	25	46	+ 21
Ahmednagar	10	12	+ 2	14	32	+ 18	10	45	+ 35
Belgaum	15	12	- 3	44	38	- 6	42	34	- 8
Bombay	359	298	- 61	751	599	- 152	1,001	707	- 294
Broach	2	3	+ 1	5	5	...	40	131	+ 91
Dharwar	5	11	+ 6	32	33	+ 1	34	38	+ 4
Hyderabad, Sind	3	31	+ 28	14	46	+ 32	37	65	+ 28
Karachi	23	32	+ 9	25	25	...	88	46	- 42
East Khandesh	124	21	- 103	128	118	- 10	158	130	- 28
West Khandesh	65	12	- 53	34	59	+ 25	72	60	- 12
Larkhana	2	6	+ 4	17	13	- 4	56	30	- 26
Nasik	35	32	- 3	38	43	+ 5	37	49	+ 12
Poona	16	43	+ 27	43	62	+ 19	45	78	+ 33
Sukkur	13	62	+ 49	17	96	+ 79	26	157	+ 131
Surat	8	4	- 4	15	14	- 1	23	21	- 2
Kathiawar (Rajkot)	4	7	+ 3	6	12	+ 6	19	39	+ 20
TOTAL	691	596	- 95	1,198	1,216	+ 18	1,713	1,676	- 37

The general increase in the figures for 1911-12, as compared with those for 1910-11, is most marked, while there has also been a considerable increase in the figures for 1912-13. The increase in the total turnover is also noticeable, it having risen from under £1·3 millions in 1910-11 to nearly £3·4 millions in 1912-13, or by over 160 per cent. Omitting the figures for the Bank of Bombay the increase has been from £630,000 to £1,681,000, or by nearly 170 per cent. On the whole there has been a progressive increase, both in receipts and issues, in the case of nearly all the treasuries.

The most noticeable point in connection with the circulation of gold in the districts is the very large increase in the issues of gold at the Broach Treasury in 1912-13 compared with the issues of the previous years. This was due to an endeavour made by banks and traders to pay the cotton-growers in gold coin to avoid the heavy expense of taking silver coin from the Presidency town.

Through the courtesy of the Comptroller, Central Provinces, I have been furnished with Receipts in Berar some instructive figures regarding receipts in gold at the Berar treasuries in payment of Government dues. A certain amount of gold has found its way there from Bombay in connection with the cotton crop, and it is interesting to see whether there is any tendency to an increase in the receipts at the treasuries. The figures are as follows for the first five months of the three calendar years :—

	£
1911	7,753
1912	29,287
1913	73,310

These statistics relating to four treasuries only in Berar, are sufficiently eloquent testimony to the fact that all the gold issued from the Government currency offices does not disappear for ever into hoards.

A reference was made to the district and treasury officers in March last with a view to District evidence obtaining first-hand information of the circulation of sovereigns in their districts. The following extracts have been taken from their replies and serve to give a general idea of the growing popularity of sovereigns and of their increased circulation in the districts :—

Bombay.—The Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bombay, Bombay observes as follows :—

“ A very large proportion of the receipts and issues of sovereigns at this office are connected with transactions on Government account with the Bank.

The following are the figures relating to such transactions for the year 1912-13 :—

Receipts.										£
Great Indian Peninsula Railway	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	487,016
Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	111,897
Customs and Stamp Office	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	118,469½
Sundry	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7,286
Total										699,668½

Issues.										£
Great Indian Peninsula Railway	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	211,868
Bombay, Baroda & Central India Railway	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2,680
Customs	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3,422
Naval and Military	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	86,909
Sundry	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	39,022
TOTAL										343,411

"In addition, the Bank received on its own account £300,945 and issued £368,259½, so that the total receipts were 1,000,613½ and the total issues £706,670½. Practically, the whole of the issues on Bank account were made to firms who forwarded the sovereigns up-country for the purpose of buying produce, principally cotton. The sovereigns so issued were partly given in payment of cheques, etc., drawn on the Bank and partly in exchange for currency notes.

"The receipts were spread over a very large number of our constituents and the sovereigns were almost entirely tendered to us in the ordinary course of business, viz., for credit of accounts or in payment of bills, etc. Sovereigns are very rarely tendered to us to be exchanged for currency notes or rupees, and when they are so tendered it is only for trifling amounts.

"The increase in the issue of sovereigns has undoubtedly resulted in a material reduction in the issues of whole rupees, but we can find no indication that the issues of currency notes have been similarly affected."

The Collector of Bombay observes :—

"Sovereigns are paid in ordinary treasury transactions by all classes of persons having to make payments into the treasury. They are now so common that in Bombay at any rate the amount hoarded or used for ornaments is a very small proportion of the number in circulation. They are specially popular among persons having to make a long journey."

Karachi.—The Agent of the Branch Bank at Karachi observes as follows :—

"These coins are becoming increasingly popular and are now circulating more freely among nearly all classes of the community * * * * The classes of persons from whom gold is received are chiefly merchants and the general public, so far as Karachi is concerned, and in the districts, I believe, the Zemindars pay a good proportion of their land revenue in gold and that Government officials of all ranks ask for gold in payment of their bills. The circulation is to a certain extent confined to educated people, but not wholly.

"It is not the general practice of the public to bring to the bank sovereigns for the express purpose of exchanging them for notes unless for some special reason. Sovereigns appear to occupy a place by themselves in the circulation of the country quite equal in importance to notes. Sovereigns are generally received in ordinary business and treasury transactions.

"The use made of the coins is general. They are, in our opinion, mainly used not as ornaments or for the purpose of hoarding but as a circulating medium. A large sale of bar gold in this district by the banks tends to displace sovereigns in the manufacture of ornaments, while the spread of education tends to diminish hoarding; the extension of banking facilities also works in the same direction * * * * The increased demand (in 1912-13) in our opinion is due to the readiness of the public to accept sovereigns when they are freely issued by Government as a circulating medium. I am unable to say whether sovereigns have displaced Rs5 and Rs10 notes in the circulation to any extent, but it is very probable that they have."

The Currency Officer, Karachi, observes as follows :

"Since the public began taking gold in large quantities there has been a falling off in the issues of silver coin as may be seen from the statement below :—

Year.	ISSUES TO THE PUBLIC.		
	Gold.		Silver.
	£	Value in Rupees.	Rs
1910-11	79,150	11,87,250	1,01,63,045
1911-12	153,637	23,04,555	79,03,845
1912-13	350,881	52,63,215	95,16,500

"As the export trade of Karachi has increased each year, I think I might safely say that the issues of rupees would have been considerably greater each year but for the fact that the public generally found gold more suitable for their requirements than silver. During 1912-13 Messrs. Ralli Brothers were practically the only people who asked for silver coin in large sums, their reason for preferring silver to gold being the greater risk attending the transport and storage of the latter in isolated places in the mofussil."

Ahmedabad.—"Gold coins are generally received into the treasury in payment of Government dues from persons such as land-holders, mill agents, excise and opium farmers and salt traders, and they are generally issued in payment of salaries to officials and for payment of money orders and savings bank transactions to post offices and to a small extent in exchange for silver or currency notes to the public.

"The use of gold coin in preparing ornaments is rare, that is only when the quality of gold required is hard. The general use of the coin is its circulation as money or for remittance or as ready cash on journeys.

"The excess (of receipts and issues) during the year 1912-13 is due to the fact that wider circulation of the coin is beginning in preference to silver and currency notes, generally of higher denominations."

Ahmednagar.—"Gold coins are generally received into the treasury from the post office, village officers in their remittances, opium and liquor shop-keepers, toll contractors, etc. They are generally issued to the public works department in ordinary treasury transactions to other Government officials in payment of their pay, to cash allowance holders* in payment of their emoluments and allowances. They are also issued to the public who find it convenient to take these coins with them to distant places, when going on pilgrimages or for making purchases. They are not received in exchange for silver or currency notes, but sometimes issued to the public in exchange for silver.

"They are not hoarded or used as ornaments. They mainly circulate as money or are used for remittance purposes. It is generally assumed that a gold coin when broken does not fetch exactly its face value of Rs15. It is therefore not a profitable transaction to hoard these coins or to use them as ornaments instead of pure gold, the value of which does not suffer by its being so used.

"It is probable that gold coins are to a small extent taking the place of whole rupees and notes of small values."

Belgaum.—"The European managers of the Gokak and Saundatti mills in this district, who purchased cotton in large quantities, paid the value thereof mostly in gold, so that even a day labourer who was paid his wages in cotton got the price of it in gold.

"Gold is scarcely hoarded. It is the currency notes that are very often used for hoarding money. Gold is mostly used for circulation as money or for remittance purposes as stated above.

"There is no special reason for the increase of the figures of the year under report over those of the preceding two years, except that as years advance people more and more get to the use of gold coins."

Broach.—"The gold coins are received into the sub-treasuries from the village officers, who receive them from Khatedars such as Patidars, Bohras, etc. These Khatedars receive coins from the cotton-buying merchants to whom they sell their cotton. Sovereigns are also received from excise licensees, etc., in payment of Government dues. At the Bank they are issued to cotton merchants and others connected with the cotton trade and at sub-divisional sub-treasuries to merchants and pleaders, who receive them in exchange for silver as they are light to carry. All classes of people seem willing enough to receive the coin. Sovereigns are not generally received in exchange for silver or currency notes.

"Sovereigns are not hoarded or used as ornaments, but they circulate as money and are used for remittance purposes"

The reason for the large increase in the year 1912-13 is that sovereigns have never before been available in such quantities for free issue. During the present cotton season sovereigns worth Rs35,85,000 have been brought here by Government and by the Bank of Bombay at Broach for issue to the public.

"Sovereigns have this year displaced silver. As regards the currency notes of the denominations of Rs5 and Rs10, the sub-divisional authorities report that sovereigns are displacing them, as they are easily portable and have their attraction as metal. The Agent to the Bank of Bombay states that these notes have never been much used in this district as a means of financing the movement of the cotton crops."

Hyderabad (Sind).—"Sovereigns are generally received from Zamindars in payment of Government dues and paid to contractors and Government servants.

* Receivers of annual cash compensations from Government for resumed lands, etc.

"Sovereigns are very seldom received and issued in exchange for silver and currency notes Sovereigns mainly circulate as money. They are to a small extent used for hoarding and ornament purposes, but they are very seldom used for remittance purposes.

"The Agent of the branch Bank reports that 'the bulk of the sovereigns received at this Branch, except those remitted from Karachi for Government purpose, comes from various public offices such as Post Office, Railway and Treasury Office. Large amounts have also been received from sub-treasuries, particularly so within the last two years, when land revenue collections were due, which would tend to show that the circulation of the coin in the district is on the increase.'

"The uses to which the coins are put are varied. Zamindars take a large number of them for hoarding purposes or to displace rupees which they may have already hoarded.

"Among the well-to-do class a small percentage of the coins are melted down and turned into ornaments.

"The circulation of sovereigns has had very little effect on the issues of notes of Rs 5 and Rs 10 denominations, but it certainly has reduced the issue of whole rupees to a fair extent."

Dharwar.—"Sovereigns are ordinarily received at the treasury in postal and sub-treasury remittances and at sub-treasuries generally from villagers in payment of Government dues. In Hubli they are also received from mill-owners and merchants in exchange for silver and notes.

"The coin is, of late, coming more and more into free circulation. There is a decided increase (in 1912-13) both under receipts and issues, in the treasury as well as in the sub-divisional sub-treasuries, except at Hubli and Gadag. The fall at Hubli and Gadag during the year 1912-13 is due to the lateness of the current cotton season and the shortness of the crop last year."

East Khandesh.—The Agent of the Branch Bank at Jalgaon reports as follows:—

"Sovereigns circulate very freely in this district as money and are readily accepted by all classes. They are also used by cotton dealers for remittance purposes to outlying centres where they are accepted freely. I do not think that gold coins are extensively used in this district for either hoarding or the making of ornaments.

"I estimate that in an ordinary good cotton season about Rs 7 lakhs is now imported into this district in sovereigns for the purpose of financing the crop. Sovereigns have largely displaced the whole rupee, and this applies not only in regard to receipts but also to payments. Messrs. Ralli Brothers is the only firm in this district who do not use sovereigns for remittance purposes."

West Khandesh.—"Gold coins are generally received from the cultivators who have to pay the land revenue, etc., and they are issued to anyone who has to receive payment from Government. Sovereigns are hoarded in very rare cases for the present in this district or used as ornaments. In the year 1912-13 the receipts and issues of gold are more than that of the two previous years. The cause can be assigned to the free circulation.

"The circulation of the gold coin has resulted in a material reduction in the net issue of the whole rupees, which is not considered now by the public as a very favourable medium owing to the bulk and weight."

Larkana.—"Gold coins are generally received in payment of Government dues on instalment days. Zamindars deal in grain with merchants and are generally paid by them in sovereigns, which merchants obtain from the big firms and Karachi and other places.

"Sovereigns are now-a-days hoarded to some extent in place of or in addition to notes and silver, and they are freely circulated as money and used for remittance purposes. They are also mixed with market gold in making ornaments but to a smaller extent than before. The public preference for gold is becoming more decided."

Nasik.—Almost the whole quantity of gold coin received in the treasury ultimately comes from the landholders in payment of land revenue. The Mamlatdars all report that gold is rarely hoarded. Sovereigns are never used as ornaments owing to their impure gold except in very rare cases."

Poona.—The Agent of the Branch Bank states as follows:—

"The class of people from whom gold coin is generally received at the bank are merchants. It is issued principally to pensioners, contractors, and private individuals. There are no indications that the circulation of gold has affected the rupee circulation, and the circulation of small notes has increased largely along with the increasing circulation of gold."

Sukkur.—"Sovereigns are not hoarded and rarely used as ornaments. They circulate freely in the market and are used by merchants for remitting purposes while making purchases of wheat, etc. The large increase in the receipts and issues of sovereigns in 1912-13 as compared with the two previous years is entirely due to the increasing popularity of the

is a belief that sovereigns are often melted down to make gold ornaments but there is no strong reason to urge that they are hoarded up Gold coins mostly circulate as money and are not used for remittance purposes generally."

Rajkot.—"Gold coins at this treasury are mostly paid to and received from, those connected with Native States; to a less extent they are issued to contractors and a still smaller proportion are used in payment of salaries of Government officials and office staff generally. We have no definite information of either hoarding of gold coin or its conversion into ornaments in this district. It appears to be coming into favour very gradually as a medium of circulation among merchants and others and its bulk as compared with silver is making it increasingly popular for remittance purposes. This has been specially noticeable in the last two months."

At other treasuries the receipts and issues of gold are less important, but the testimony of the officers consulted is much to the same effect. Thus Bijapur states that "gold coins are neither hoarded generally nor used as ornaments, but they circulate as money to a small extent and are used mainly for remittance purposes." Kaira reports that "the tendency of the people now is to the circulation of gold coins as they can be easily taken from one place to another." From Kapara comes the statement that "the major part of issues of sovereigns is slowly and gradually absorbed in preparing ornaments though it cannot be said that they are not at all in circulation. In Haliyal sovereigns are somewhat freely circulated, the fact is due to the existence of large forest contracts and extensive dealings in forest produce." On the other hand, Kolaba reports that "sovereigns are not generally hoarded, they are not even used as ornaments. They generally circulate as money or are used for remittance purposes . . . The large increase in the receipts and payments in the current year is due principally to the fact that traders of corn bring in sovereigns for payment of the price of corn and people use them as a medium of ordinary currency." Mirpurkhas states that "the coins are undoubtedly gaining in popularity. The circulation of gold has resulted in a material reduction in the net issue of whole rupees and currency notes of the denomination of Rs. 5 and Rs. 10." Ratnagiri reports that sovereigns "are mainly in circulation as money. Their use as ornaments is very rare. People in this district are dead against using sovereigns for preparing gold ornaments, their reason being that sovereigns are not made of pure gold but of gold and copper alloy Gold sovereigns are not at all hoarded in this district." From Satara comes the unusual statement that "sovereigns are never accepted by agriculturists and other low class people," but it is added that "the use of sovereigns is increasing day by day for the convenience of the trade." The Agent of the Branch Bank at Sholapur observes that "sovereigns do not appear to be either hoarded or made into ornaments to any considerable extent but to be used as money for ordinary payments and for remittance purposes. People here invest their money in mills, railways and other securities and place deposits with banks, but there is no evidence that money is hoarded, indeed, the keenness of the people here to obtain interest on their money precludes the idea of hoarding. Sovereigns circulate freely in Sholapur city and they pass freely even in the villages in the district." Thana does not think "that over 5 per cent. are used as ornaments or over 15 per cent. for hoarding. The others or about 80 per cent. of the issues circulate as money." The Baroda Treasury reports "that during the past 11 years the receipts and issues have greatly increased. The reason for this increase is due to the free circulation of these coins among the public who have learnt to take more advantage of them day by day."

The above extracts are sufficient to prove the growing popularity of the sovereign and its increasing circulation as currency even in places far removed from the Presidency town. Further evidence to the same effect is available in the railway and post office figures which are given below. The figures for the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway are for stations within the Presidency only; the others are for the whole railway.

Receipts from the public at stations on the —	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
	£	£	£
Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway	32,383½	69,301½	90,961½
Great Indian Peninsula Railway	162,066	352,081	476,346
Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway	16,779½	32,429½	42,543½
North-Western Railway	134,094	248,880	451,809
TOTAL	345,273	702,692	1,064,460

The progressive increase in these figures is most marked and clearly shows that the public continue to make a greater use of sovereigns in their ordinary transactions.

The following table compares the receipts and issues of sovereigns at the several post offices in the Bombay Presidency (including Sind) during the last three years :—

Names of Offices.	RECEIPTS.			ISSUES.		
	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Bombay General Post Office and its Town Sub-Offices.	37,663	81,070½	106,428	22,370½	45,741	63,127½
Karachi Post Office and its Town Sub-Offices.	3,241	8,626	15,628½	2,137½	4,714	7,602
All other offices in the Presidency	84,595½	159,795	215,444½	47,872½	93,071½	160,599½
TOTAL	125,499½	249,491½	337,501	72,380½	143,526½	231,329

These figures, which especially on the receipt side give some idea of the nature of the money in circulation and in the hands of the people, indicate a steady and continuous growth, the increase in the issues no doubt indicating larger payments of money orders in gold.

Receipts of
sovereigns in
Treasuries, Post
Offices and Railways.

39. Statement No. VI A gives the usual details of receipts of sovereigns in Treasuries, Post Offices and Railways. These figures indicate the extent to which the sovereign is entering into the daily transactions of the public as currency. The transactions in 1912-13 were very much larger than those in 1911-12. The total Treasury receipts increased by £2,376,000 or 42 per cent., the Post Office receipts by £598,000 or 44 per cent. and the Railway receipts by £588,000 or 48 per cent. Of the increase of £2,376,000 under Treasuries United Provinces records the largest £1,018,000, Punjab comes next with £646,000 and Bombay third £301,000. Except in the case of Madras the figures for 1912-13 are the highest on record.

Uses of sovereigns
other than as
currency.

40. Sovereigns are no doubt used to some extent for hoarding or to be melted and turned into ornaments. It is not possible to obtain any definite information as to the extent of these practices except that in 1912-13, there was a substitution of 50 lakhs worth of gold for silver in the store of value held by a Native State (paragraph 22). All the information available on the subject is already given in the extracts from local reports quoted in paragraph 38. From Bombay the Accountant-General reports as follows :—

"There is little that is new to be said on the evergreen subject of hoarding. Statistics are necessarily of comparatively small use here. It is obvious that some of the gold absorbed goes into new hoards, as the wealth of the people increases, and some of it displaces silver in old hoards. That this gold will never re-appear is, however, a quite mistaken conclusion to arrive at. Silver has always come out of hoards when necessity has driven it, and there seems no *prima facie* reason to think that its action will be different in the case of gold. At the same time it is certain that, especially on this side of India, where the rise and growth of *Swadeshi* Banks, financing corporations and industrial concerns has been phenomenal of recent years, there is much less tendency to hoard and a greater inclination to invest money productively than used to be the case. The extension of the co-operative movement must have the same effect in agricultural tracts. The only danger is lest the failure of some of these mushroom companies should cause a set back and incline people to tighten their purse strings."

"As regards melting, it may be observed that the price of English bar gold in Bombay generally fluctuates between Rs. 24 and Rs. 24-1-0 *per tola*, and the value of the pure gold contained in sovereigns comes to Rs. 23-14-3 *per tola*. If, however, we take into account the cost of melting and purifying the gold contained in sovereigns it is doubtful if the use of sovereigns in the manufacture of ornaments could be more *economical* than that of pure gold. Nevertheless, it is a fact that sovereigns are to some extent melted by the people for making ornaments, etc. Direct evidence in this connection is available in the Currency office records. It appears that during the last eleven years sovereigns to the extent of £1,298,500 were taken ostensibly for melting. A great deal of this was taken by one man, and there is some reason to doubt whether some of it was not really exported and not melted. A portion of the amount which was taken for local use no doubt also found its way into the melting pot. In the case of outlying places far removed from trading centres it is possible that the gold required by the people for ornaments, etc., is obtained by melting sovereigns. At such places it may be more profitable to use sovereigns (which can be readily obtained at the local treasury) than bar gold which has to be brought from Bombay. The Treasury Officer, Kanara, for instance, reports that most of the sovereigns issued to the public are evidently melted for preparing ornaments. In Bombay the

Hindus and Mahomedans generally prefer to have their ornaments made of pure gold or of gold of 97 touch, while the majority of Christians and the Parsis use sovereigns in the manufacture of their ornaments. Ornaments made of sovereign gold are said to retain their polish for a longer time and do not lose weight to the same extent as those that are made of fine gold. It is probably because of this that sovereign gold is preferred by the majority of Christians and Parsis. I am also informed that gold stated to be $\frac{97}{100}$ th fine is prepared locally and sold in the market at prices varying from Rs. 23 to Rs. 23-8-0 *per tola* according to the quality of the metal and that sovereigns are some times used in the manufacture of this gold. It is difficult to verify this, but as some of the gold which though stated to be $\frac{97}{100}$ th fine is really of an inferior quality, the use of sovereigns in the manufacture of the metal very possibly brings some small profit to the manufacturer."

41. It is now possible to indicate generally the use which is made of the sovereign in India at the present moment, and the task is made more easy by the fact that all the evidence is in accord with the conclusions to be arrived at by theoretical reasoning. In the first place there is a large mass of population who never enter into any transaction involving a receipt or expenditure of Rs. 15. To that class the sovereign will never penetrate. As regards the other classes, the use made of the sovereign varies considerably in various provinces as has been already indicated. But the following general conclusions seem to be permissible. Take the trading community. They are well aware of the intrinsic value of the sovereign, and, even though they might not be able to get rid of one readily in local trade transactions, they would probably accept a sovereign if offered in the course of business. One can now say more than this. In every town of importance in India, except in a few outlying districts, the sovereign can be used in retail transactions. General conclusion

Then there are the comparatively well-to-do people. The sovereign is entering more and more into their ceremonial life as, *e.g.*, for presents at marriage ceremonies. They are finding that the sovereign is a very convenient and portable form of value, hence its use on journeys and pilgrimages and for remittance purposes, is increasing. Its use in retail transactions has already been discussed. These people know that Government accepts the sovereign readily, so small payments to Government are often made in this medium. There can be no doubt that sovereigns pass into hoards to some extent. Local custom as regards their use for ornaments seems to vary considerably in various parts of India. As was to be expected Government servants, pensioners and other payees have taken the lead in the acceptance of sovereigns.

Finally, we come to the most important portion of the Indian population—the agricultural community. The variations from province to province of the absorption of gold are due very largely to the use of the sovereign by this community. Every large expansion of such absorption has been due to an increased use of gold in the purchase of crops, and has thus been the direct outcome of the initiative of the wholesale purchaser. It is to the latter, more than to any other, class that the extended use of gold is due. And so far experience has shown that an attempt to use gold in such purchases, if persevered with, has always succeeded. There is even a strong volume of evidence that in parts of the Punjab the sovereign is preferred to the rupee, and a purchaser offering gold has an advantage over one offering silver. The use of gold in the purchase of crops is now pre-eminent in the wheat trade in the Punjab, it is large and increasing in the cotton trade of Bombay and the cotton and spring crops in Northern India, and it has obtained a footing in the west of the Madras Presidency. It has at last touched the rice trade in Burma.

In view of the statements in paragraph 26 it is clear that gold has fairly free circulation in parts of the Punjab and, to a smaller extent, in parts of Bombay and the United Provinces. I mean by this that there are many sovereigns which pass through a fair number of hands and are used as a medium of exchange in many transactions before they return to treasuries or pass into hoards. Giving "circulation" the wider meaning, which neglects to take into account the number of exchange transactions performed by each coin during circulation, Statement VI-A indicates a considerable and increasing volume of gold circulation except in Bengal (outside Calcutta), Assam, Bihar and Orissa and Burma.

It must not be thought that every sovereign which is absorbed is hoarded or melted down. A very large sum of money is in actual use in India. Banks have

cash reserves, traders have till money, private persons have their petty cash. There can be no doubt that sovereigns now form some, and an increasing, portion of this daily balance of cash in hand ; and sovereigns so in use certainly must not be regarded as hoarded. Again a certain amount of gold must leave India in the pockets of travellers.

It is not for me to discuss whether a gold currency is necessary for the maintenance of exchange. But the conclusion must be drawn from these figures and accumulated opinions that the sovereign really has entered into the economic life of India. The withdrawal of the sovereign would now be viewed with disfavour by many, to whom currency controversies are unknown, who yet realise that this coin is superior to any other.

VII.—Silver Circulation.

Absorption of silver.

42. Statement VII gives the usual details of the net absorption of rupees and half rupees during the year. The total absorption in 1912-13 for all India compares as follows with the actuals since 1906-07 :—

	In lakhs of rupees (Absorption +, Return—).
1906-07	+ 18,00
1907-08	+ 3,92
1908-09	— 14,88
1909-10	+ 13,22
1910-11	+ 3,34
1911-12	+ 11,54
1912-13	+ 10,49

The absorption amounted to 10½ crores in 1912-13 against 11½ crores in 1911-12. This reduction of a crore is surprising in view of the increased issue for jute in Bengal. It was made up of a smaller absorption of 3¼ crores in Bombay, of about a crore in Burma, ½ a crore in the Central Provinces and ¼ crore in Madras counterbalanced by increases of 2¼ crores in the Punjab and 1½ crores in the United Provinces. For Bengal including Eastern Bengal, Assam and Bihar and Orissa the net absorption of the two years was practically the same.

Explanation of provincial variations.

43. The heavy reduction in Bombay of about 3¼ crores was due chiefly to the failure in some parts of the monsoon of 1911, the result of which was a net withdrawal of rupees in the first half year of 1912-13 of over 3½ crores against about a crore in the corresponding period of 1911-12. The smaller demand in Burma occurred wholly in the rice season and it is explained that currency notes have been used to an increasing extent in the rice trade and it is also suggested that the use of gold has increased. The large increases in Northern India were wholly due to the exceptionally active trade both in the spring and winter. The increase would have been still higher but for the fact that in the last quarter of the year there were heavy withdrawals, in payment of revenue, of some of the amounts issued early in the year. It has been stated above that for Bengal as a whole the net absorption in 1912-13 was practically the same as in 1911-12. This statement requires some qualification : it has been explained in paragraph 22 that about 80 lakhs were exchanged for note and gold at Calcutta on account of uncurrent coin tendered by a Native State—the uncurrent coin has been treated for purposes of Statement VII as withdrawn from India and Bengal and thus the real absorption in Bengal has been understated by about 80 lakhs. But even assuming that the absorption in Bengal in 1912-13 was more by about a crore than that in 1911-12 the result must be considered rather unusual, as the following figures show :—

	In lakhs of Rupees.				
	1906-07.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
Net issues in jute season (para. 33)	12,36	4,35	4,75	8,33	12,93
Total absorption of rupees in India	18,00	13,22	3,34	11,54	11,29
Net absorption in Bengal	10,78	— 83	10	5,59	6,52

While in 1906-07 and 1911-12 the absorption in Bengal was less by between 2 or 3 crores than the total jute issues, in 1912-13 the difference amounted to about 6½ crores. Bengal being a permanently settled province not liable to important fluctuations in revenue receipts, the explanation of this return in 1912-13 of such a large proportion of the issues must be sought in the large increase in the import trade in the last quarter of the year already explained in paragraph 12. Apparently the prosperity of the jute trader induced him to spare more from his savings for imported produce.

44. The question remains whether rupees have been replaced to any appreciable extent by other forms of currency. From the figures in paragraph 26 it seems clear that to some extent currency notes have taken the place of rupees in the rice trade in Burma, and, to a still greater extent, gold of rupees in the Punjab. Replacement of rupees by other form of currency.

The inference has been drawn in that paragraph that gold is now used to some extent in the purchase of crops in Bombay and the United Provinces. To this extent gold must have replaced rupees in those provinces also. It is not yet evident, however, as has been suggested, that gold has replaced rupees in Burma to any extent.

45. The subject of coinage of rupees both from purchased silver and by re-coinage of withdrawn coins has already been dealt with in paragraph 22. Statement VIII gives the usual details of the coinage. Rupee coinage.

46. Statement IX furnishes the usual figures relating to the rupee census. In Statement X a further comparison is given of the figures for certain groups of years to prove the substitution of rupees of new coinage for the older ones. This comparison clearly shows a steady decline in the percentages of older rupees in circulation and, so far as can be judged from these statistics, there is no evidence of replacement of silver in hoards to any large extent by gold in British India. Rupee census.

VIII.—Note Circulation.

47. Statements XI to XX contain the usual statistics regarding currency note circulation. These statistics comprise :— Statistics of Note Circulation.

Statement No. XI.—Gross circulation of currency notes for the whole of India at the end of each month of the year from 1863-64 to 1912-13.

Statement No. XII.—Average gross circulation for each year for the whole of India distributed among the various circles of currency.

Statement No. XIII.—Gross circulation at the end of each month of the year for each circle of currency.

Statement No. XIV.—Gross circulation less balances held in Reserve Treasuries for each month of the year in each circle.

Statement No. XV.—Statement of active circulation for the whole of India for each month of the year after deducting amounts held in Government Treasuries and Head Offices of Presidency Banks.

Statement No. XVI.—Gross circulation of each denomination of note on 31st March 1913 for each circle.

Statement No. XVII.—Growth in circulation of 5 and 10-rupee notes in selected circles.

Statement No. XVIII.—Encashment of Foreign Circle notes in each circle.

Statement No. XIX.—Statistics of Treasury and Bank balances on 31st December 1912.

Statement No. XX.—Classification of Treasuries according to encashment of currency notes.

the gross circula-
tion.

48. The gross circulation at the end of each month of 1912-13 compares as follows with the corresponding figures in 1911-12 :—

		(In lakhs of rupees).		
				Increase in
		1912-13.	1911-12.	1912-13.
April	. . . . .	58,34	54,69	3,65
May	. . . . .	58,89	55,10	3,79
June	. . . . .	64,12	58,22	5,90
July	. . . . .	66,59	60,29	6,30
August	. . . . .	68,16	59,69	8,47
September	. . . . .	68,33	56,32	12,01
October	. . . . .	65,79	56,61	9,18
November	. . . . .	67,27	58,05	9,22
December	. . . . .	65,70	56,18	9,52
January	. . . . .	67,75	54,70	13,05
February	. . . . .	67,54	57,19	10,35
March	. . . . .	68,98	61,36	7,62

Ordinarily the end of the busy season in April and May is the time when the gross note circulation for the whole of India is at its lowest level. At this time the balances with Presidency Banks are brought down in anticipation of the collections in the slack season and funds begin to return from the public to the Government treasury or to the banks. The banks for convenience hold their reserves in the form of notes obtained by tendering coin in exchange. Thus the Currency Reserve of rupees and the note circulation alike increase. In the busy season there is a tendency for the operation to be reversed. Coin is obtained by the tender of notes so that the Reserve and the circulation decrease. This tendency, however, is counterbalanced by two factors, namely, a busy trade season in one Province in India overlaps a slack season in another, and, secondly, the exchange for currency notes of the sovereigns imported in large quantities in the busy season increases the note circulation. In 1912-13 there was yet another disturbing factor in the shape of transfers of Home Treasury balances to India, on account of silver purchased in England and China. These transfers are explained in paragraph 13, and, deducting the amounts of transfers from the large monthly increases of gross circulation, the comparison with 1911-12 stands as follows :—

		(In lakhs of rupees.)		
		Gross increase.	Deduct transfers from Home Treasury.	Net increase.
April	. . . . .	3,65	...	3,65
May	. . . . .	3,79	...	3,79
June	. . . . .	5,90	...	5,90
July	. . . . .	6,30	...	6,30
August	. . . . .	8,47	2,18	6,29
September	. . . . .	12,01	4,05	7,96
October	. . . . .	9,18	5,87	3,31
November	. . . . .	9,22	8,27	95
December	. . . . .	9,52	9,09	43
January	. . . . .	13,05	10,59	2,46
February	. . . . .	10,35	10,59	— 24
March	. . . . .	7,62	10,59	— 2,97

The above shows that, but for the large transfer of funds from England, the gross circulation towards the end of the year 1912-13 would have shown a reduction instead of an increase, chiefly for the reason that the balances of the Presidency Banks were considerably reduced at that time (being nearly 1½ crores less on the 31st March 1913 than on the 31st March 1912, see second table in paragraph 2), in spite of substantial increases in Government deposits with the banks (*vide* table in paragraph 14).

ation
balances.

49. Owing to the large variations in the gross circulation and the large increases in the Reserve Treasury balances, the figures of gross circulation less Reserve Treasury balances given in statement XIV supply a fairer comparison of the gross circulation of notes. This comparison shows that during the

year 1912-13 there was an average increase in the gross circulation so reduced of currency notes for the whole of India of 3.09 crores made up as follows:—

	(In lakhs of Rupees.) Increase + Decrease —	Percentage Increase or Decrease.
Calcutta Circle	+ 3,16	+ 15.7
Cawnpore „	— 31	— 11.4
Lahore „	— 79	— 21.2
Bombay „	— 70	— 5.1
Karachi „	— 26	— 18.0
Madras „	+ 81	+ 13.2
Rangoon „	+ 1,18	+ 28.8
	<u>+ 3,09</u>	

The major portion of the increase in the Calcutta Circle occurred in the circulation of 10-rupee and 100-rupee notes. There was some increase in higher value notes, mainly due to the issues to a Native State noticed in paragraph 22. The reduction in circulation in the Cawnpore Circle was almost entirely under high value notes. In the Lahore Circle every denomination of notes except the 5-rupee value seems to have been adversely affected. In Bombay and Karachi the falling off appeared under high value notes while in Madras and Rangoon the increases were chiefly in the circulation of universal notes. The remarkable increase in the circulation in Rangoon was due mainly to the increased use of notes in connection with the rice trade. The reduction in the circulation of high value notes in Cawnpore, Lahore, Bombay and Karachi appears to have been due entirely to a corresponding reduction in the notes held as stores of value by the Presidency Banks. The highly prosperous trade in Northern India necessarily reduced these stores very low and in Bombay and Karachi the Bank of Bombay had to work with unusually low cash balances during the year. The table in paragraph 28 shows that, in the year 1912-13, Cawnpore and Lahore were supplied with large amounts of universal notes from other circles and these to some extent appear to have replaced home notes. Although the increase in the average gross circulation exceeded 3 crores, the increase between 1st April and 31st March 1912-13 amounted to 13 lakhs only due to a reduction of the Banks' balances as already explained.

50. The average amount of notes held in Reserve and other treasuries during the year under report was about $13\frac{1}{2}$ crores and the Presidency Banks also held, on an average, nearly 7 crores. The active circula- Deducting these from the average gross circulation, the average active circulation during the year was nearly $45\frac{1}{2}$ crores. At the end of April it was nearly $43\frac{1}{2}$ crores; it then began to decrease slightly and the minimum of $42\frac{1}{2}$ crores was reached at the end of May. Afterwards it increased steadily till it attained its maximum of $48\frac{1}{2}$ crores at the end of February. In March there was a slight set-back and the circulation stood at $47\frac{1}{2}$ crores. As usual the aggregate amount of notes in the hands of the public was greater during the winter months than at other times of the year.

51. The growth of the average active circulation in lakhs of rupees is given below:— Its development.

1902-03	+ 2,30
1903-04	+ 2,85
1904-05	+ 1,77
1905-06	+ 2,41
1906-07	+ 3,41
1907-08	+ 50
1908-09	— 1,38
1909-10	+ 4,11
1910-11	+ 1,54
1911-12	+ 3,14
1912-13	+ 3,50

The figures for 1907-08 and 1908-09 are abnormal, as these years were affected by adverse agricultural conditions and by the universal financial crisis. The figures for 1909-10 show a recovery from the effects of the previous two years. But the growth in 1910-11 was comparatively small. The figures for 1911-12 indicate a return to the ordinary rate of development prior to the set-back, and the rate of development has been well maintained in 1912-13.

52. The character of the circulation can be ascertained by a determination of the percentage of each denomination to the total circulation. Two statements are given below from which notes of R10,000 are excluded on account of their high value and their rare use outside Reserve treasuries. In each statement the calculations are based on the figures on the 31st of March; in the second statement the variations have been traced into the different circles and the notes have been grouped, notes for R20 being omitted as they are unimportant and are no longer being printed. Fives and tens have been grouped together; as these are the notes which are chiefly used as local currency. On the other hand 500's and 1,000's have been put together as the bulk of these notes is used either in remittance or as a store of value. The 50's and 100's are shown separately as these notes acquired special importance as universal notes of highest value during the years 1910-11 and 1911-12, respectively.

	R5.	R10.	R20.	R50.	R100.	R500.	R1,000.
1901-02	1.7	23.4	3.6	5.1	32.6	10.7	22.9
1908-10	2.1	27.9	2.0	4.1	34.5	7.5	21.3
1910-11	2.9	29.8	.5	6.3	33.5	6.7	20.3
1911-12	2.8	32.1	.3	4.0	35.1	5.9	19.8
1912-13	2.9	35.3	.2	3.4	35.0	5.4	17.8

	5's and 10's.					50's.		100's.		500's and 1,000's.						
	1901-02.	1908-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1920-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1901-02.	1908-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
Calcutta	36	42	44	46	49	3	2	1	26	26	26	31	27	27	26	24
Cawnpore	9	12	11	13	14	12	6	5	29	37	36	41	46	48	44	45
Lahore	7	20	24	26	27	19	12	10	28	37	38	42	35	28	25	25
Bombay	24	26	27	26	29	9	8	8	21	22	23	42	42	42	44	40
Karachi	23	27	32	37	42	6	8	8	23	15	19	31	42	37	40	31
Madras	11	15	15	14	15	5	4	3	71	74	75	11	9	8	8	7
Rangoon	11	31	41	45	52	1	1	1	55	51	45	16	4	3	3	2
All Circles	26	31	33	35	38	6	4	4	34	35	35	35	29	27	26	23

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ster of
ation.

53. The main features of the above table are the steady increase in the proportion of 5 and 10-rupee notes and the corresponding steady reduction in the proportion of 500 and 1,000-rupee notes in circulation and the almost stationary character of the proportion of the 100-rupee notes.

The large actual increase in the circulation of small notes, and the steady increase of the proportion of such notes to the total circulation, are valuable indications of the growth of the popularity of currency notes, for these notes are used almost entirely in every-day transactions.

As shown by the figures given in paragraph 68, the average duration of circulation is larger for small notes than for the 100-rupee note, for these latter are used to some extent for remittance purposes, and notes so used naturally return from circulation as soon as the purpose is attained. So that the issues of R100 would probably compare more favourably with the issues of small notes than the above figures indicate.

The falling off in the proportion of 500's and 1,000's is not only a falling-off in the percentage but also in the absolute value in circulation. Though the special conditions of trade in 1912-13 caused some temporary reductions in the stores of value with the Presidency Banks, a steady

decrease in these stores represented by high value notes can only be accounted for by the substitution of universal notes for local notes in the moveable portion of the stores. For example, the Bank of Bengal has its balances scattered over all the currency circles in India; in the trade season for any one circle all the local notes of that circle are brought there for financing the trade, but in the slack season funds are collected at the circle for remittance to the head office or to other circles and these remittances can be made in high value local notes only to the extent to which they can be held as part of the minimum working balance at other circles. Under the old system the whole remittance could be made in high value notes as there was no difficulty in passing such notes of foreign circles in payment of Government revenue, but now with the introduction of the universal notes, the remittances to other circles, if actually required for issue there, must be in notes of the lower denominations. The falling off in the proportion of 500's and 1,000's may thus be explained by the partial substitution of smaller notes in the moveable portion of the Banks' balances. This substitution being intended for exchange purposes, the general conclusion that the large increase in the circulation of small notes really represents an increase in the popularity of notes is fully warranted.

54. The 5-rupee notes have continued to grow in popularity in all circles, By denominations. the most noticeable increases being under Bombay, Madras and Calcutta.

There has been a large increase in the circulation of 10-rupee notes in Calcutta, Madras and Rangoon, and a slight increase in Bombay, Karachi and Cawnpore, but there has been a falling-off in Lahore.

There has been a decrease in the circulation of 50-rupee notes in all circles, except Karachi, where the increase has been slight.

As regards the 100-rupee note, Calcutta shows the largest expansion and next to it come Madras and Rangoon.

55. *Calcutta.*—The proportion to the total of the circulation of the 5 and 10-rupee notes has increased 3 per cent. at the expense of 50-rupee notes and notes of high denominations. By circles.

Cawnpore.—Here there has been a similar increase of 1 per cent. under 5 and 10-rupees by reductions under the higher value notes. The reduction is believed to be due partly to the free flow of universal notes, a large increase in the circulation of foreign notes in use reducing the demand for home notes.

Lahore.—The most striking feature in the circulation of notes in this circle was a substantial reduction in the use of 10, 20 and 50-rupee notes without any corresponding increase under 100 rupees. The 10-rupee circulation has practically gone back to that of 1910-11, and it is surmised that the figures of 1911-12 may have been swollen by the abnormal circumstances of the Delhi Durbar. It seems probable that there has been some replacement of currency notes of the denominations of R10 and R50 by gold.

Bombay.—The circulation of 5-rupee notes showed a steady and continuous increase, whereas that of R10 showed only a small increase. The 100-rupee circulation showed an upward tendency. Thus the popularity of the 5-rupee note has been well maintained and the absence of any large growth in the circulation of 10's may probably be not unconnected with the more extended use of sovereigns. The increase in the 100-rupee issues is believed to have been due to larger remittances to trade centres like Cawnpore.

Madras.—Here there was an increase under every denomination except 50's. The largest increases were in the 5 and 10-rupee notes, the circulation whereof during 1912-13 exceeded that during 1911-12 by over 16 per cent. The 100's came next with an increase of 8 per cent. over 1911-12. Thus universal notes have grown steadily in public favour.

Rangoon.—The total value of circulation of notes at the end 1912-13 showed an increase of 21 per cent. over that of 1911-12. The growth took place mainly under the 10-rupee and 100-rupee notes, the value of the increases being 87 lakhs and 14 lakhs, respectively. The results indicate the increasing appreciation of the advantages of a paper currency which is now used to a large extent in the financing of the rice trade.

56. By the currency legislation of February 1910 non-universal notes are encashable only within the circle of issue, except the old sub-circle notes which are encashable also at the head offices of circles, *e.g.*, Cawnpore and Lahore notes at Calcutta, and Karachi notes at Bombay. Encashment of foreign circle notes.

foreign circle notes now represent mainly transfers of funds from one circle to another in universal notes.

The aggregate encashments of foreign circle notes during the year 1912-13 have been 17,93 lakhs (Statement XVIII). The comparison of this figure with the corresponding figures for previous years is shown below :—

	Lakhs.
1907-08	13,79
1908-09	23,14
1909-10	17,06
1910-11	8,12
1911-12	14,47
1912-13	17,93

The figure for 1908-09 was quite exceptional, as an enormous number of Lahore and Cawnpore notes were presented for encashment at Calcutta. The decrease in these figures in 1910-11 was unusual, the encashment of foreign notes having been out of proportion to the increase in circulation of universal notes. The increasing use of the 100-rupee notes for trade remittances seems to be indicated by the comparison of the figures for 1912-13 and for 1911-12.

These remittances along the main routes are analysed below :—

In Lakhs of Rupees.

	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
Sub-circle notes cashed at head offices	6,55	3,40	3,27	2,39
<i>Per contra</i> encashment at sub-circles	2,49	79	1,17	3,10
Transactions between Presidencies	4,69	1,72	4,57	5,94
Bombay and Upper India (Cawnpore and Lahore)	1,42	98	2,88	2,97
Cawnpore and Lahore	52	30	41	38
Lahore and Karachi	58	50	1,02	1,41
Calcutta and Karachi	24	10	24	39
Rangoon and other Circles	23	21	48	83
TOTAL	16,72	8,00	14,04	17,41

Fifty-two lakhs are left unaccounted for on less important lines such as Madras and Karachi, Cawnpore, etc. Under "sub-circle notes cashed at head offices" are included the old sub-circle notes of the Cawnpore and Lahore Circles which are encashable at Calcutta and of the Karachi Circle which are encashable at Bombay. But under this head is also shown the value of universal notes of the above circles cashed at Calcutta or Bombay.

In 1912-13 the remittances from Cawnpore and Lahore to Calcutta were a little over 2 crores; the remittance from Karachi to Bombay was a little over $\frac{1}{4}$ th of a crore. But the remittances in the opposite direction were over 3 crores to Calcutta and Bombay against less than $1\frac{1}{4}$ crores in 1911-12. Transactions between Presidencies also exceeded those of 1911-12 by about $1\frac{1}{2}$ crores. The net results have already been reviewed in paragraph 28.

57. From the record maintained in currency offices of the receipts and issues of notes in bundles of the value of R10,000 and over, an estimate of the value of notes which have been used for remittance purposes is prepared. When notes are issued, the applicants are asked as to the purpose for which they are required, and, if it be stated that they are required for remittances, this is recorded. It may be inferred, however, from the figures that correct information is not given by the public in all cases. During the year under review the total value of the 50 and 100-rupee notes, said to have been required for remittance purposes and issued in bundles of R10,000 and over, have been 2,43 lakhs against an aggregate value of 2,45 lakhs in the previous year. The value of notes of other circles tendered in such bundles in currency offices was, however, 4,64 lakhs against 2,05 lakhs in the previous year, and practically the whole of the receipts were in 100-rupee notes. It is probable that a large portion of the foreign circle notes cashed, as mentioned in the preceding paragraph, was in 100-rupee notes and used for remittance purposes. The inference to be drawn from these various facts is that considerably more than 5 crores of the 100-

is avowedly
in for
ittance.

rupee notes cancelled during the year had been used for inter-circle remittances. The total cancellations of such notes during the year amounted to over 50 crores, so that over 10 per cent. of the 100-rupee notes cancelled had been used for inter-circle remittances.

58. The following statistics show that the transactions in notes in treasuries both under receipts and issues have increased :—

In Thousands of Rupees.

YEAR.	RECEIPTS FROM					ISSUES TO				
	PUBLIC IN PAYMENT OF GOVERNMENT DUES.		Public for silver.	Public in exchange of notes of other values.	TOTAL.	PUBLIC IN PAYMENT OF GOVERNMENT DUES.		Public for silver.	Public in exchange of notes of other values.	TOTAL.
	Home notes.	Foreign notes.				Home notes.	Foreign notes.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1901-02	10,31,69	4,59,88	2,55,00	40,89	17,87,46	7,40,40	72,20	4,99,60	40,89	13,53,09
1902-03	11,13,88	3,89,41	2,81,40	44,24	18,28,93	8,21,92	71,76	5,21,95	44,24	14,59,87
1903-04	12,44,49	3,47,52	3,38,06	52,56	19,82,63	8,92,78	69,66	4,89,33	52,56	15,04,33
1904-05	13,25,82	3,54,69	3,18,48	44,55	20,44,54	9,87,83	90,00	4,79,03	44,55	16,01,41
1905-06	14,69,59	3,66,48	3,33,50	49,81	22,19,38	10,83,70	1,10,20	5,27,95	49,81	17,71,66
1906-07	16,03,30	4,15,02	3,30,61	55,71	24,04,64	11,75,70	1,12,45	5,16,05	55,71	18,59,91
1907-08	16,06,62	2,52,55	2,87,10	61,60	23,07,87	11,50,15	87,85	5,96,25	61,60	18,95,85
1908-09	14,98,39	2,70,46	2,75,52	86,27	21,30,64	12,62,11	81,68	7,26,37	86,27	21,56,43
1909-10	17,78,14	3,05,36	3,85,31	1,01,53	25,70,34	13,83,55	81,39	6,55,07	1,01,53	22,21,54
1910-11	20,14,28	16,80	3,92,35	1,19,01	25,42,44	14,88,26	4,29	5,58,10	1,19,01	21,69,66
1911-12	22,67,68	52	4,00,02	1,21,76	27,89,98	16,24,08	...	5,99,67	1,21,76	23,45,51
1912-13	25,99,32	6	4,31,16	1,67,57	32,01,11	17,41,00	...	5,96,33	1,67,57	25,04,90

Non-universal notes of other circles are no longer receivable in treasuries either in payment of Government dues or as part of the Railway and Postal revenue credited into treasuries. This explains the insignificant figure for 1911-12 and 1912-13 under Foreign notes in the above table.

It would appear from the above table that the issue of notes to the public for silver has not increased to the same extent as the other transactions. This is said to be due partly to the popularity of gold. The use of universal notes for remittance purposes has also affected to some extent the tender of surplus notes at Government deficit treasuries such as Quetta for the purchase of supply Bills.

Statement XX gives the usual information regarding encashment of currency notes at treasuries in the several Provinces.

59. In paragraph 44 the conclusion has been drawn that gold has replaced rupees to a large extent in the Punjab, and to a smaller extent in Bombay and the United Provinces also. The question now arises whether the increased use of gold has affected the note circulation at all. In the Punjab it is certain that the circulation of 5 and 10-rupee notes has been affected. The gross circulation of the 5-rupee note after nearly doubling in the 3 years 1908-09 to 1911-12 increased by 5 per cent. only in 1912-13. The gross circulation of the 10-rupee note in 1910-11 was more than double what it was 3 years before. In the last 2 years it has increased by 1 per cent. only. These figures considered in conjunction with the large increase in the use of sovereigns in the last 2 years are irresistible.

In Bombay the gross circulation of the 10-rupee note after increasing by nearly 30 per cent. in the 2 years 1908-09 to 1910-11 has increased by 6 per cent. only in the last 2 years.

On the whole, it may now be definitely stated that, but for the use of gold as currency, the circulation of the smaller currency notes would have expanded much more rapidly in the Punjab, Bombay, and the United Provinces.

eral conclusion.

60. In paragraph 53 I have already arrived at the general conclusion that the large increase in the circulation of small notes represents an increased popularity for use in every-day transactions. It is probable that the increase in the volume of note circulation would have been greater but for the use of gold as currency, but there will always be a place in the currency for both notes and gold.

IX.—MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS CONNECTED WITH CURRENCY NOTES.

claims on lost notes.

61. The following figures compare the number of half notes and wholly destroyed or mutilated notes in respect of which claims have been admitted during the last two years :—

		1911-12.	1912-13.
Whole notes destroyed	.	27	71
Half notes	{ Lost by post	898	582
	{ Lost otherwise	1,163	856
Mutilated notes	.	516	675

The figures against the head "half notes, lost by post," given above indicate the extent to which the transmission of notes through the post, uninsured or unregistered, acts as a temptation to poor postal employes. Half notes so stolen are often converted into mismatched notes which entail loss on their innocent but ignorant holders. The introduction of compulsory insurance of notes sent by post, in 1911-12, apparently accounts for the decline in the number of losses in the post.

suggested pre-
caution in remitting
half notes.

62. A recent case of a claim for payment of half notes presents certain features which may be of interest to the banking community. A European firm in Calcutta wanted to remit halves of currency notes of 5, 10 and 100-rupee denominations of the aggregate value of Rs. 13,500 by post, registered and insured, and, with this object in view, the half notes were placed in several covers addressed to various collieries and made over to a peon of the firm on 23rd April 1913 to take to the Post Office for despatch. Some of the half notes so despatched at the same time were right halves and some left. The peon, instead of posting the letters, decamped with the half notes. A claim on the other halves of the notes was preferred by the firm at the Calcutta Currency Office, and, after the necessary preliminary investigation, the value of the notes was paid to the firm on the usual bond with sureties. Since then seven mismatched 10-rupee notes have been presented at the Currency Office for encashment, these mismatched notes having been prepared by joining together seven right and seven left halves of notes found in the remittance. A note formed by joining two right halves or two left halves of currency notes would not easily escape detection; and it is clear that these notes were successfully passed into circulation among the ignorant public, only because the consignment of half notes lost included the right halves of some notes and the left halves of others. It would, therefore, be a great help to the public if banks and firms making remittances by half notes made it a working rule not to send right and left halves of currency notes of the same denomination to the Post Office by the same peon at the same time.

abolition of the
"stopped" note
system.

63. To afford facilities to the public in the tracing of lost notes, a system was in force in currency offices of registering the numbers of notes reported as lost or stolen. The working of the system necessitated a record of all transactions in connection with notes presented for exchange, and the maintenance of a list of lost notes, in each office, with which the notes presented were checked. The entire system has been under examination during recent years, and it was found that the procedure was of little use either as a preventive of crime or as a means of detection. It is doubtful whether would-be thieves were thereby deterred from stealing notes, as there were ample facilities for passing notes elsewhere, and a guilty person was rarely, if ever, discovered in a currency office. The value of the "stopped" note system, as a means of enabling the police to trace back possession of a note to a guilty person, thus depended almost entirely on the practice of the public of registering the particulars of the notes passing

through their hands. It was evident, however, that this practice was being steadily abandoned by the public and consequently a charge could rarely be brought home to a guilty person. The Government of India, therefore, came to the conclusion that the benefits secured by the "stopped" note list were not commensurate with the expense and trouble to which the Currency Department was put, and the delay and inconvenience caused to innocent persons in the exchange of notes, and, accordingly, directed the discontinuance of the maintenance of the list in the Finance Department Resolution No. 523-F., dated the 12th November 1912. This order of Government has been given effect to in all the currency offices since the issue of the Resolution.

64. The number of forged notes presented for encashment or received ^{Forgeries.} in the currency offices for examination as to their genuineness or for safe custody aggregated 395 in the year under report against 146 in 1911-12 and 129 in 1910-11, and consisted of 3 of Rs. 5, 338 of Rs. 10, 1 of Rs. 20, 48 of Rs. 100, and 5 of Rs. 1,000 denominations. The new forgeries which came to light during the year are shown below :—

Denomination.	Series.	Where appeared.
Rs. 5 . . .	TB 19 (purporting to be of the Madras Circle) . . .	Madras.
Rs. 10 . . .	YA 71 (of the Calcutta Circle)	} Calcutta.
	UA 91 (" " ")	
	SA 99 (" Bombay ")	
	QC 91 (" Rangoon ")	Bombay.
		Rangoon.
Rs. 100 . . .	QB QC QC QC 11, 63, 69, 71 (of the Rangoon Circle) . . .	Rangoon.
	DA 71 (of the Calcutta Circle)	Calcutta.
Rs. 1,000 . .	QC 4 (" Rangoon ")	Rangoon.

The number of forged notes of the Rs. 10 denomination, received during the year under report, was more than three times as large as the aggregate number of such notes received during the preceding year. The excellent forgeries of the GA/40, TB/35, QC/15, QC/36, YA/47 series, noticed in the last Currency Administration Report, passed into circulation in almost all the currency circles and they were very successful in imposing on the public. The culprits could not be traced in British India, but it is satisfactory to note from the report of the Commissioner of Paper Currency, Rangoon, that the forgers have been arrested at Batavia, where they are being dealt with by the Dutch Police.

Of the new forgeries detected during the year, the TB/19 series of the Rs. 5 denomination is a very poor specimen of a hand-made forgery. The YA/71 series of the Rs. 10 denomination is also a clumsy imitation, apparently lithographed on ordinary paper ; while the SA/99 series of this denomination, found in Bombay, has also been produced by lithography. The QC/91 series of the Rs. 10 denomination, discovered in Burma, was produced by photo-lithographic process on a somewhat stouter paper with no water marks. The forgery of the UA/91 series is a hand-drawn one with bad colouring. Of the 48 forgeries of the Rs. 100 denomination, as many as 44 appeared in Rangoon Circle, of which 39 belonged to the forgery of the QB/96 series, which was noticed in the last report, and the rest were covered by 4 new forgeries which were discovered in that Circle. The most important of these forgeries is the QC/71 series, which has been produced by photo-lithography, or photo-helio-zinc-

ography, and has been declared to be the work of an expert in photo-mechanical process. The forgery of the QB/11 series has been produced by photography on matt bromide paper, the green colouring being done by hand; while the other two forgeries, although produced by photography, were very crude imitations. The only forgery of this denomination, found in Calcutta, was a note of the DA/71 series, the right-half of which was genuine and bore Mr. Barrow's signature, while the left-half was struck from wood-blocks. All the 5 forgeries of the Rs. 1,000 denomination were discovered in Rangoon and appertained to the QC/4 series. This forgery was produced by photo-zincography or a similar process, *i.e.*, a process of flat surface printing. The paper used was good, but slightly thicker than the proper paper. During the year under review there were 5 prosecutions in Burma, but conviction was secured in 3 cases only. One prosecution was undertaken in Calcutta, in which the offender was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for 4 years.

Fraudulent claims.

65. There were seven prosecutions in Calcutta, one in Cawnpore, one in Lahore, three in Bombay, two in Madras, and one in Rangoon in connection with fraudulent claims on half and mismatched notes, and convictions were secured in all except two in Calcutta and two in Bombay. The accused in the Rangoon case was still under trial at the close of the year. During the year under report, six altered notes—one of Rs. 10 altered in material parts and 5 mismatched notes for Rs. 10, each having the number in one half altered so as to correspond with that on the other half—were presented for encashment in Rangoon, but they were impounded and their value credited to Government. A case was tried in Burma in connection with the fraudulent alteration of a note of Rs. 10 to Rs. 50 in which the accused were convicted and sentenced to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment each.

Writing-off of old notes.

66. The value of notes written off to Government under Section 19 of Act II of 1910 amounted, during the year 1912-13, to Rs. 49,830 as compared with Rs. 43,700, Rs. 43,080, and Rs. 44,250 in the preceding three years.

Proportion of transactions to circulation.

67. The following table gives the value of the circulation of the circles and the means of their receipts and issues over the counter during the year with the percentage of the former to the latter during the last three years :—

NAME OF CIRCLE.	IN LAKHS OF RUPEES.		PERCENTAGE ON AMOUNT IN COLUMN 2 ON THAT IN COLUMN 3.		
	Average circulation on last day of month.	Mean value of receipts and issues.	1912-13.	1911-12.	1910-11.
Calcutta	28.43	88.94	32	30	34
Cawnpore	2.41	3.74	64	70	66
Lahore	2.92	8.18	36	46	45
Bombay	17.06	63.12	27	27	29
Karachi	1.18	3.72	32	54	67
Madras	8.34	26.81	31	29	28
Rangoon	5.28	29.78	18	14	12

This statement indicates the comparative duration of circulation of a note in each circle. Much the most rapid circulation is in Rangoon, then Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi and Madras are about equal, and Cawnpore is much the slowest. The only notable variation in the 3 years is the increased rapidity of circulation in Karachi.

Cancellations of notes compared with circulation.

68. The following statement compares the cancellation of the various denominations of currency notes during the year 1912-13 with the gross circulation

of notes at the commencement of the year, and thus indicates the comparative duration of circulation of each denomination of note throughout India :—

	Rs. 5.	Rs. 10.	Rs. 20.	Rs. 50.	Rs. 100.	Rs. 500.	Rs. 1,000.	Rs. 10,000.	Total.
1. Total cancelled	4,497,579	19,049,308	16,659	793,305	5,041,951	201,334	622,369	82,493	30,304,998
2. Gross circulation on 31st March 1912.	2,599,877	15,090,740	65,633	379,255	1,652,209	56,102	92,971	14,320	19,951,107
Percentage of 1 on 2.	173	126	25	209	305	359	669	576	...

Neglecting the Rs. 20 note it may be said that the Rs. 10 note circulates longer than the Rs. 5 note, but that thereafter the duration of circulation varies inversely with the value of the note.

69. Statement XXII gives the details of the receipts and expenditure of the Currency Department for the year under report. The receipts showed an increase of Rs. 1,56,106 over 1911-12 chiefly under interest on securities, interest for a whole year on the additional investment of two crores in 1911-12 having been realised in 1912-13 for the first time. The charges increased by Rs. 1,59,882 owing mainly to a payment in Madras of Rs. 2,27,000 for the cost of the building acquired for the Currency Office. On the other hand, the payments for note forms in 1912-13 were about a lakh lower than in the preceding year. The temporary establishment and telegraph and postage charges were higher owing to the progressive growth of work of the Department.

X.—State of the Coinage.

70. The statement below shows the withdrawal of uncurrent and other coins during the year under report :—

PROVINCE.	IN THOUSANDS OF RUPEES.				
	1835.	1840.	George V 1911.	Shroff marked.	Other uncurrent.
1	2	3	4	5	6
India	1,92	9,63	2,17	...	30,01
Central Provinces	9	2,38	1,62	3	43
Burma	10	96	54	...	3,90
Assam	17	1,05	14	...	4,82
Bengal	37	3,42	1,25	...	12,00
United Provinces	2,17	25,34	68	...	60,76
Punjab and North-West Frontier Province	1,34	15,41	22	1	15,74
Madras	43	7,89	83	...	12,70
Bombay	26	6,42	2,79	...	9,44
Bihar and Orissa	65	7,00	33	...	6,09
TOTAL	7,50	79,53	10,57	4	1,55,89

The total value of withdrawn coins amounted to 2,53½ lakhs of rupees as compared with 2,60 lakhs in 1911-12. These figures do not include the remittance of 1,05 lakhs from a Native State mentioned in paragraph 22. The remittance consisted of 15.46 lakhs of the 1835 coinage, and of 89.37 lakhs of the 1840 coinage. In the total of 2,53½ lakhs are included 18 lakhs, the value of worn small silver withdrawn under the special order of May 1910 and

10½ lakhs of the new George V rupees bearing the date 1911 withdrawn owing to certain defects in the die for the obverse from which these rupees were struck. Column 6 in the above statement includes defective and defaced coin besides the light weight coin, which is separately dealt with in the next table.

1	NUMBER OF COINS REDUCED IN WEIGHT.				
	Over 2 per cent. but not more than 6½ per cent.	Over 6½ per cent. but not more than 25 per cent.	Over 2 per cent. but not more than 12½ per cent.	Over 12½ per cent. but not more than 25 per cent.	Over 25 per cent.
2	3	4	5	6	
Rupees	10,626,425	42,413	...	...	15,402
Half rupees	...	...	500,606	1,957	1,517
Quarter rupees	...	...	...	688,158	976
Eighth rupees	...	...	...	587,289	1,204
TOTAL	10,626,425	42,413	500,606	1,277,404	19,099
12,465,947					

The total receipts of uncurrent coin shown in column 6 of the first table amounted to 1,56 lakhs against 1,03 lakhs in 1911-12. Corresponding to these larger receipts increases are noticed in the number of coins reduced in weight under the various headings in the second table except heading 6. Portions of the increases are also attributed to more careful shroffing.

Receipt of called-in coins at Government treasuries.

71. Under the Indian Coinage Act of 1870 silver coins called in by proclamation though not legal tender were receivable by weight at Re. 1 a tola. Such coins were those called in by Financial Notification No. 2466, dated the 7th December 1877 (*Gazette of India*, dated the 8th December 1877), the most important being the coins known as "Farrukhabad" and "Murshidabad" rupees. The rate of rupee 1 per tola prescribed in 1870 really represented the bullion value of the rupee, but, on the closure of the Mints to free coinage in June 1893, the intrinsic value of the rupee was dissociated from the exchange value and it was no longer necessary to offer the old rate of rupee 1 per tola. Although, therefore, in the Coinage Act of 1906 now in force no provision exists authorising the receipt of called-in coins at the Government treasury, occasional tenders of such coins were still being received at the rate prescribed by law in 1870. This practice was changed in 1912-13, and in February 1913 orders were issued that in future the coins in question should be received—

(a) at 8 annas a tola for any one tender or 500 coins or less ;

(b) at bullion value calculated at the market rate of silver of the day for any larger number.

Receipts in British India of called-in coins are rare, but after the issue of the orders a Native State presented 31 lakhs of Murshidabad coins at the Calcutta Mint and they were received as a special case at the rate of Re. 1 a tola.

Special examination of work at the Mints.

72. The table below shows the result of the special examination at the Mints of remittances from the six Currency Offices :—

AMOUNT EXAMINED.	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Madras.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Rangoon.
	Rs10,00,000	Rs7,96,000	Rs3,52,000	Rs5,00,000	Rs5,00,000	Rs3,00,000
Counterfeits	46	64	21	35	56	8
Lost between 2 % and 6½ %	4,181	5,580	3,142	1,512	3,598	2,967
" 6½ % " 12½ %	49	72	41	49	30	32
" 12½ % " 18¾ %	1	...	3	7	4	...
" 18¾ % " 25 %	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	4,277	5,716	3,210	1,903	3,688	3,007

The following statement compares for the last four years the total percentage of light-weights detected at the Mints in the remittances mentioned above:—

	Percentage detected at the Mint.			
	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
Calcutta	1·139	1·057	·288	·423
Bombay	·482	·632	·922	·710
Madras	·575	·845	·402	·905
Cawnpore	1·518	2·053	1·400	·373
Lahore	·512	2·063	·732	·726
Rangoon	·886	·954	·647	·999

Cawnpore and Bombay have shown considerable improvement. In Lahore the result was practically the same as in the previous year, while Calcutta, Madras, and Rangoon record a deterioration. The results, in Rangoon and Madras, were unfavourable, and the subject, specially in these offices, should receive more attention.

73. The following tabular statement shows the number of counterfeit silver ^{False Coinage.} coins cut and broken in the different provinces during the calendar year 1912:—

PROVINCE.	Rs.	½ Rs.	¼ Rs.	⅓ Rs.
India	35,169	1,297	1,515	1,173
Central Provinces and Berar	3,339	66	39	29
Burma	11,739	174	638	232
Assam	2,219	73	91	17
Bengal	10,394	747	478	262
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	15,400	460	495	535
Punjab and North-West Frontier Province	13,912	612	557	232
Madras	13,679	945	1,043	1,145
Bombay	23,110	545	578	752
Bihar and Orissa	1,090	13	1	4
TOTAL	130,051	4,932	5,435	4,381
YEAR.				
1901	43,193	2,154	2,345	1,928
1902	55,744	2,099	2,598	1,923
1903	52,736	2,221	2,148	1,812
1904	56,385	2,032	1,930	1,853
1905	65,713	2,230	2,283	1,747
1906	68,632	2,438	2,416	1,502
1907	73,686	2,436	2,231	1,593
1908	98,492	3,557	3,417	3,445
1909	108,788	4,313	4,084	3,587
1910	113,011	4,541	4,543	3,782
1911	121,092	5,047	6,621	6,072
1912	130,051	4,932	5,435	4,381

Out of the total number of 130,051, 50,695 were detected in Railway Cash Offices, the most important figures being 8,418 from the North-Western Railway, 7,722 from the Rajputana-Malwa Railway, and 5,375 from the East Indian Railway.

XI.—Small Coin.

Small Silver, Nickel
and Bronze.

74. Statement XXI shows the absorption of these coins in each province during the year 1912-13 as well as in the two previous years. In the total for all India for all denominations of coin except double pice the absorption amounted to Rs. 87,60,000 against Rs. 66,90,000 in 1911-12. Of this increase of Rs. 20,70,000, Rs. 15,97,000 occurred under small silver and Rs. 5,73,000 under bronze coins, while there was a reduction of Rs. 1,00,000 under Nickel. The large increase in the issue of small silver was due to heavy demands at Calcutta. One reason for this growth in the circulation of small silver appears to be the issue of new coin and the withdrawal of worn out coins under the special order of May 1910 adverted to in paragraph 70.

The falling off in the absorption of nickel is made up of a reduction of over 2 lakhs in Bombay, an increase of 2 lakhs in the United Provinces and the Punjab and small reductions in the Central Provinces and Madras. In Bombay the supplies were heavy in 1911-12 for districts affected by famine, and in the United Provinces the replacement of small silver by nickel continues as before.

As regards bronze coins the absorption of half pice remained stationary, but in pie pieces, which circulate chiefly in Madras and Bombay, there has been a substantial improvement in 1912-13. Bombay apparently replaced Rs. 1,25,000 of single pice by nickel coin, and there were some small reductions in the Punjab and Madras and Central Provinces due to the same cause; otherwise there have been satisfactory increases in other Provinces, specially in the United Provinces and Calcutta. The issue of new coin is mentioned as the leading cause of these increases, but the active trade seasons in Bengal and Northern India has also no doubt contributed.

XII.—Gold Standard Reserve.

Gold Standard
Reserve.

75. Statement XXIII gives the details of the Gold Standard Reserve on 31st March 1913. The profit on the new silver coinage of the year amounted to £3,301,025, raising the total held in the Reserve to £22,606,660 after allowing for depreciation in the price of the securities. Taking the market price of the securities on 31st March instead of the cost price as heretofore the total balance amounted to £22,606,660, of which Rs. 6,00,00,000 (£4,000,000) were held in rupees in the Indian Branch of the Reserve, £1,005,664 held by the Secretary of State in gold in the form of cash placed at short notice, £1,620,000 was set aside in the Bank of England in gold, and the balance £15,945,669 represented the market price of investment in sterling securities of the face value of £17,501,513. There was also an amount of £35,327 held as a book credit in India awaiting payment to the Reserve.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

M. F. GAUNTLETT,

*Comptroller-General and Head Commissioner
of Paper Currency.*

STATEMENT I.

Statement showing the Treasury balances on the first day of each month during 1911-12 and 1912-13 and their distribution.

[In Thousands of Rupees.]

	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	March closing balances.
1912-13.													
Reserve Treasuries	5,19,90	4,56,89	6,63,78	9,46,33	10,95,90	13,85,70	14,48,64	11,66,89	12,83,21	10,61,80	10,83,88	9,90,26	12,68,33
Presidency Banks (Head Offices).	2,00,86	1,80,30	1,77,14	2,12,82	3,17,51	2,03,38	2,00,48	1,94,53	1,88,28	1,80,28	1,95,16	2,03,45	2,36,32
District Treasuries	11,21,19	10,56,75	10,14,35	10,41,81	10,44,20	9,78,70	9,64,42	8,89,50	9,42,66	9,57,32	11,94,81	14,06,68	13,87,79
TOTAL	18,41,95	16,93,94	18,55,27	22,00,96	24,57,61	25,67,78	26,13,54	22,50,92	24,14,15	21,99,40	24,73,85	26,00,39	28,94,44
1911-1912.													
Reserve Treasuries	6,58,15	6,26,55	6,83,32	8,18,14	9,61,99	7,84,46	5,68,73	3,91,55	3,49,52	3,21,49	3,10,81	2,86,72	5,19,90
Presidency Banks (Head Offices).	1,65,79	1,84,81	1,58,44	1,69,76	1,63,42	1,65,12	1,62,22	1,86,47	1,74,27	1,58,49	1,64,06	1,44,81	2,00,86
District Treasuries	12,11,10	11,02,59	10,55,76	11,35,23	11,40,23	10,80,97	10,41,38	10,44,17	10,32,61	9,81,12	10,42,49	11,47,26	11,21,19
TOTAL	20,35,04	19,13,95	18,97,52	21,23,13	22,65,64	20,30,55	17,72,33	16,22,19	15,56,40	14,61,10	15,17,96	15,78,79	18,41,95
Difference	-1,93,09	-2,20,01	-42,15	+77,83	+1,91,97	+5,37,23	+8,41,21	+6,28,73	+8,57,75	+7,38,30	+9,55,89	+10,21,60	+10,52,49

STATEMENT II.

Distribution of Currency Reserve during the year 1912-13.

(In Lakhs of Rupees.)

MONTH.	Gross circulation.	COIN AND BULLION RESERVE.						SECURITIES.
		Silver coin in India.	Gold coin and bullion in India.	Silver bullion under coinage.	Gold coin and bullion in England.	Gold coin and bullion in transit between India and England.	Silver bullion in transit between India and England.	
April 1912	58,34	12,16	23,55	8	8,55	...	...	14,00
May „	58,89	12,56	23,70	8	8,55	...	...	14,00
June „	64,12	15,41	26,08	8	8,55	...	...	14,00
July „	66,59	16,74	27,22	8	8,55	...	...	14,00
August „	68,16	14,59	28,77	38	8,55	...	1,87	14,00
September „	68,33	12,73	29,67	1,13	8,55	...	2,25	14,00
October „	65,79	12,37	27,46	2,23	8,55	...	1,18	14,00
November „	67,27	13,69	26,36	2,27	10,95	...	...	14,00
December „	65,70	11,80	26,69	1,51	10,95	...	75	14,00
January 1913	67,75	12,09	28,83	38	10,95	...	1,50	14,00
February „	67,54	12,63	29,09	87	10,95	...	...	14,00
March „	68,98	16,45	29,38	...	9,15	...	...	14,00*

Distribution of Metallic Reserve on the 31st March 1913 by Circles.

CIRCLE.	Silver coin.		Gold coin and bullion.	Silver bullion under coinage.	Gold coin and bullion in England.	Silver bullion in transit between India and England.
	R	a	R	R	R	R
At Calcutta	5,41,86,442	6	2,34,92,753	...	9,15,00,000	...
„ Cawnpore	2,15,53,537	0	1,31,94,195	...	...	...
„ Lahore	1,51,82,983	0	80,23,380	...	...	...
„ Bombay	2,11,25,164	0	22,75,69,140	...	...	...
„ Karachi	23,45,685	0	30,26,685	...	...	...
„ Madras	2,12,25,375	0	90,57,525	...	...	...
„ Rangoon	2,89,08,306	0	93,86,820	...	...	...
TOTAL	16,45,27,496	6	29,37,50,798	...	9,15,00,000	...

54,97,78,294 6 0

* Made up of :—

	Nominal Value.		Cost price.		
	R		R	a.	p.
In rupee securities—					
3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43	8,15,95,000		8,00,00,000	0	0
3 per cent. loan of 1896-97	2,04,86,500		1,99,99,945	10	0
	10,20,81,500		9,99,99,945	10	0
In sterling securities—	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	
2½ per cent. Consols	3,128,438	1 6	2,666,666	18 4	

Statement III.

STATE

Payments by Government on account of Transfers of Funds

PAID BY	1ST QUARTER, ON ACCOUNT OF										2ND QUARTER, ON ACCOUNT OF										3RD ON		
	India and Ben- gal.	Central Provin- ces.	Burma.	Assam.	Bihar and Orissa.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	TOTAL.	India and Ben- gal.	Central Provin- ces.	Burma.	Assam.	Bihar and Orissa.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	TOTAL.	India and Ben- gal.	Central Provin- ces.	Burma.
And Bengal .	...	...	1,00	14,65	35	2,99	5,53	4,85	1,36,00	1,65,37	...	2,00	13,00	11,14	18,00	13,24	18,42	57,40	3,28,90	4,63,90	..	...	67,35
l Provinces .	9,50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41,50	51,00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,00	12,00	...	...	...
. . .	89,25	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,00	18,50	1,17,75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37,50	37,50	20,50	...	...
. . .	16,05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,05	20,41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,41	17,09	...	...
and Orissa .	3,33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,33	8,53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,53	3,84	...	...
l Provinces .	1,11,90	...	...	2	11	...	3,04	...	1,85,12	3,00,19	2,88	...	...	1	30	...	11	...	65	4,04	60,24	...	...
b . . .	39,27	...	...	...	...	47	...	...	2,57,00	2,00,74	22	...	...	...	...	67	...	...	27,01	27,90	53,30	...	..
as . . .	57,11	...	14,80	...	...	...	...	...	2,01,83	2,73,74	...	...	50	...	...	...	2,50	...	30,71	33,71	5,00	...	6,80
ay . . .	52,27	...	...	...	...	49	17,68	...	...	70,44	10,24	...	4,56	...	...	1,72	34,88	7,50	...	58,84	27,69	1,00	4,15
TOTAL .	3,78,68	...	15,90	14,67	46	3,95	26,25	14,85	8,39,95	12,94,61	42,28	2,00	18,90	11,15	19,38	15,63	55,91	64,90	4,36,77	6,66,92	1,87,66	1,00	78,20

MENT III.

ected by the Public between Provinces during the year 1912-13.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

QUARTER, ACCOUNT OF							4TH QUARTER, ON ACCOUNT OF										TOTAL, ON ACCOUNT OF									
Assam.	Bihar and Orissa.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	TOTAL.	India and Ben- gal.	Central Provin- ces.	Burma.	Assam.	Bihar and Orissa.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	TOTAL.	India and Ben- gal.	Central Provin- ces.	Burma.	Assam.	Bihar and Orissa.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	TOTAL.
11,97	16,10	21,35	3,66	37,41	3,26,57	4,84,31	...	10	...	13,12	18,91	4,11	12,19	4,51	1,75,55	2,28,49	...	2,10	82,15	50,88	54,35	41,69	39,80	1,04,17	9,67,02	13,4
...	...	...	...	...	12,00	12,00	1,00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24,00	29,00	10,50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83,50	1,04
...	...	...	...	23,75	1,07,50	2,11,75	6,51,25	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,00	2,30,00	8,80,25	7,61,00	...	...	...	...	...	...	38,75	4,53,50	12,52
...	...	...	...	...	...	17,09	12,01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,01	66,46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
...	...	16	...	...	...	4,00	4,71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,71	20,41	...	...	...	...	16	...	...	...	20
...	33	...	1	...	64,10	1,24,08	9,01	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	9,33	18,56	1,84,08	...	...	3	08	...	3,23	...	2,59,20	4,4
1	...	57	...	...	1,03,00	1,56,88	35,17	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	31,00	66,30	1,27,96	...	...	1	...	1,84	...	...	4,18,01	5,6
...	...	...	...	...	71,65	83,45	43,75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,54,53	2,98,28	1,05,86	...	22,10	...	...	...	2,50	...	5,58,72	6,6
1	...	58	0,84	...	...	43,27	72,54	...	...	...	...	6,85	27,16	...	...	1,06,35	1,02,74	1,00	8,65	1	...	9,44	89,56	7,50	...	2,7
11,99	16,43	22,66	18,51	61,16	7,44,82	11,37,43	9,30,34	10	...	13,12	16,06	10,89	39,42	0,51	28,41	16,50,85	14,88,96	3,10	1,12,00	50,98	55,23	53,13	1,35,09	1,50,42	27,40,95	47,6

STATEMENT IV.

Movement of Funds within the Provinces during the year 1912-13.

(In Lakhs of Rupees.)

	India and Bengal.	Central Provinces.	Burma.	Assam.	Bihar and Orissa.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Madras.	Bombay.	TOTAL
Supplies of funds to Presidency Banks in Districts.	...	...	27	...	...	3	...	2,26	1,14	3,70
Receipts of funds from Presidency Banks in Districts.	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	42	1,56	1,98
Sale of supply bills and transfers to the public.	2,25	9	3,80	7	1	56	36	2,02	4,39	13,55
Transfers to head-quarters by Bank post-bills.	47	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	48
TOTAL.	2,72	9	4,07	7	2	59	36	4,70	7,09	19,71

STATEMENT V.*Gross imports of sovereigns during 1910-11, 1911-12 and 1912-13.**(In thousands of £.)*

	1910-11.		1911-12.		1912-13.	
	Tendered to Government.	Not so tendered.	Tendered to Government.	Not so tendered.	Tendered to Government.	Not so tendered.
April	221	—40	995	16	1,393	—186
May	61	99	845	179	1,450	67
June . . . . .	...	85	210	—34	2,416	105
July	1	63	351	100	795	108
August . . . . .	..	51	325	71	1,255	571
September	7	27	390	57	1,110	—116
October . . . . .	..	109	1,551	109	995	—217
November	1,358	86	1,425	144	535	8
December	624	131	1,405	279	1,889	215
January	2,304	119	3,059	—127	3,264	163
February	1,605	47	3,822	456	1,139	21
March	1,445	137	2,675	39	698	117
TOTAL	7,626	914	17,053	1,289	16,939	856
	8,540		18,342		17,795	

STATEMENT VI.*Absorption of gold coin during 1912-13.**(In thousands of £.)*

	1st quarter.	2nd quarter.	3rd quarter.	4th quarter.	TOTAL.
Opening balance—					
Currency	15,554	17,385	19,782	17,796	15,554
Treasuries	274	117	291	402	274
TOTAL	15,828	17,802	20,073	18,198	15,828
Closing balance—					
Currency	17,385	19,782	17,796	19,583	19,583
Treasuries	417	291	102	380	380
TOTAL	17,802	20,073	18,198	19,963	19,963
Difference (+ net issues—net receipts)	—1,974	—2,271	1,875	—1,765	—4,135
Add—imports	5,259	3,160	3,419	5,101	16,939
Deduct—exports	27	78	1,987	467	2,559
Absorption after passing through Government Treasuries	3,258	811	3,307	2,869	10,245
Add—Imports not tendered to Government but absorbed direct	—14	563	6	301	856
TOTAL ABSORPTION	3,244	1,374	3,313	3,170	11,101

STATEMENT VI—concluded.
Absorption of gold coin in 1911-12 and 1912-13 by Provinces and quarters.

Name of Province.	1912-13.					1911-12.					TOTAL.
	1st quarter.	2nd quarter	3rd quarter.	4th quarter.	TOTAL.	1st quarter.	2nd quarter.	3rd quarter.	4th quarter.	TOTAL.	
India and Bengal	250	101	132	607	1,090	181	187	130	179	677	
Central Provinces	6	73	39	—27	91	18	44	16	—24	54	
Burma	215	149	137	313	814	163	105	84	221	573	
Assam	2	3	4	4	13	2	2	1	4	9	
Bihar and Orissa	4	6	5	5	20	10	10	5	8	33	
United Provinces	414	146	777	279	1,616	214	232	298	309	1,083	
Punjab and North-West Frontier Province	1,722	—21	1,274	307	3,372	575	26	563	891	2,115	
Madras	416	397	264	494	1,571	479	320	333	464	1,596	
Bombay	229	—43	675	797	1,658	284	23	400	753	1,460	
TOTAL	3,258	811	3,307	2,869	10,245	1,956	1,008	1,930	2,805	7,600	

STATEMENT VI-A.

Receipts of sovereigns from the public at Treasuries, Post Offices and Railway Stations.

	India and Bengal.	Central Provinces.	Burma.	Assam.	Bihar and Orissa.	United Provinces.	Punjab and N.W. F. Province.	Madras.	Bombay.	(Treasuries) Total.	Post Offices.	Railways.
1906-07	287	101	153	20	...	624	304	533	816	2,838	553*	468*
1907-08	293	130	135	26	...	674	802	1,145	1,204	4,409	1,358	1,045
1908-09	168	39	31	12	...	502	529	771	696	2,748	1,001	710
1909-10	31	8	2	1	...	102	67	55	679	945	265	134
1910-11	171	63	38	6	...	487	646	636	1,130	3,177	638	597
1911-12	248	162	41	10	...	946	1,472	902	1,845	5,626	1,363	1,222
1912-13	437	298	41	7	38	1,964	2,118	953	2,146	8,002	1,961	1,810

* For the second half year only.

STATEMENT VII.

Absorption of rupees and half-rupees during 1911-12 and 1912-13.

(In Lakhs of Rupees.)

	1912-13.					1911-12.				
	April to June.	July to Sept.	Oct. to Dec.	January to March.	Total April to March.	April to June.	July to Sept.	Oct. to Dec.	January to March.	Total April to March.
Opening Balance—										
Currency	15.40	15.42	12.72	11.80	15.40	26.06	27.27	25.36	21.96	26.06
Treasury	5.28	5.19	4.42	4.35	5.28	6.23	6.16	5.29	4.30	6.23
Gold Standard Reserve	2.90	2.90	3.15	5.62	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90
TOTAL	23.58	23.51	20.29	21.77	23.58	35.19	36.33	33.55	29.16	35.19
Closing Balance—										
Currency	15.42	12.72	11.80	16.45	16.45	27.27	25.36	21.96	15.40	15.40
Treasury	5.19	4.42	4.35	6.01	6.01	6.16	5.29	4.30	5.28	5.28
Gold Standard Reserve	2.90	3.15	5.62	6.00	6.00	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90
TOTAL	23.51	20.29	21.77	28.46	28.46	36.33	33.55	29.16	23.58	23.58
Net difference + or —	+ 7	+ 3.22	- 1.48	- 6.69	- 4.88	- 1.14	+ 2.78	+ 4.39	+ 5.58	+ 11.61
Add—new coins issued	+ 33	+ 1.42	+ 9.42	+ 7.60	+ 18.77	+ 35	+ 2	+ 95	+ 1.26	+ 2.58
Deduct—Remittances to Mints for recoinage	- 68	- 66	- 41	- 1.65	- 3.40	- 51	- 60	- 35	- 1.19	- 2.65
Net Absorption (+) or return from circulation (-)	- 28	+ 3.98	+ 7.53	- 74	+ 10.49	- 1.30	+ 2.20	+ 4.99	+ 5.65	+ 11.54
Net receipts into (+) or payments from (-) treasuries	+ 3.58	+ 4.13	- 4.14	+ 6.95	+ 10.52	+ 88	- 3.51	- 3.11	+ 3.83	- 1.91
Net Currency Note circulation increase (+) decrease (-)	- 91	- 70	+ 1.27	+ 41	+ 7	+ 2.09	+ 93	+ 2.19	+ 2.35	+ 7.56

Distribution of absorption by quarters and Provinces.

(In Lakhs of Rupees.)

CIRCLE OR PROVINCE.	1912-13.					1911-12.				
	April to June.	July to Sept.	Oct. to Dec.	January to March.	TOTAL.	April to June.	July to Sept.	Oct. to Dec.	January to March.	TOTAL.
Bengal and India	-2.84	+ 9.12	+ 3.17	- 2.86	+ 6.59	- 2.56	+ 5.61	+ 1.96	- 1.15	+ 3.86
United Provinces	+ 1.71	- 53	+ 27	- 37	+ 1.08	- 24	- 53	- 31	+ 72	- 36
Punjab and N.-W. Frontier	+ 2.06	- 1.34	+ 1.53	- 65	+ 1.60	+ 41	- 1.42	+ 26	+ 8	- 67
Bombay	- 1.62	- 2.02	+ 2.20	+ 1.66	+ 42	+ 61	- 1.60	+ 2.04	+ 1.95	+ 3.60
Madras	+ 1.32	- 46	- 27	- 50	+ 9	+ 1.43	- 55	- 13	- 38	+ 37
Burma	- 43	- 1.13	+ 40	+ 3.13	+ 1.97	- 77	- 88	+ 26	+ 4.31	+ 2.92
Assam	- 15	+ 17	+ 11	- 17	- 4	- 32	+ 1.62	- 10	+ 53	+ 1.73
Bihar and Orissa	- 31	+ 6	- 6	- 52	- 83	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces and Berar	- 2	+ 11	+ 18	- 66	- 39	+ 14	- 5	+ 41	- 41	+ 9
TOTAL	- 28	+ 3.98	+ 7.53	- 74	+ 10.49	- 1.30	+ 2.20	+ 4.99	+ 5.65	+ 11.54

STATEMENT VIII.

Statement of whole rupees coined and issued from the Indian Mints from 1835.

Calendar years.	Coined in Calcutta.	Coined in Madras.	Coined in Bombay.	Total Coined.
	<i>R</i>	<i>R</i>	<i>R</i>	<i>R</i>
William IV, 1835 . . .	10,90,88,070	11,78,000	5,37,12,502	16,39,78,572
Victoria, 1840, 1st issue . . .	17,99,34,670	2,18,98,181	10,98,38,073	31,16,70,924
" 1840, 2nd . . .	39,85,53,660	5,50,49,201	31,29,58,076	76,65,60,937
" 1862 . . .	26,94,27,222	2,94,81,923	40,80,03,034	70,69,12,179
" 1874 . . .	1,50,13,834	...	2,85,08,566	4,35,22,400
" 1875 . . .	1,16,31,951	...	1,93,59,597	3,09,91,548
" 1876 . . .	1,20,01,264	...	2,89,49,037	4,09,50,301
" 1877 . . .	3,92,51,692	...	9,55,54,320	13,48,06,012
" 1878 . . .	3,26,57,837	...	6,39,27,196	9,65,85,033
" 1879 . . .	1,59,28,325	...	7,27,99,904	8,87,28,229
" 1880 . . .	1,83,99,894	...	5,37,85,624	7,21,85,518
" 1881 . . .	24,35,719	...	31,61,858	55,97,577
" 1882 . . .	1,50,90,289	...	5,63,97,273	7,14,87,567
" 1883 . . .	51,23,372	...	1,80,22,789	2,31,46,161
" 1884 . . .	1,16,41,757	...	3,68,46,570	4,84,88,327
" 1885 . . .	3,41,52,203	...	6,48,78,000	9,90,30,203
" 1886 . . .	1,08,78,075	...	4,11,46,457	5,20,24,532
" 1887 . . .	4,02,00,148	...	4,84,00,000	8,86,00,148
" 1888 . . .	75,68,000	...	6,82,00,000	7,07,68,000
" 1889 . . .	93,68,310	...	6,53,00,000	7,46,68,310
" 1890 . . .	2,47,41,865	...	9,29,00,000	11,76,41,865
" 1891 . . .	1,46,69,903	...	4,95,00,000	6,41,69,903
" 1892 . . .	3,24,55,120	...	7,22,00,000	10,46,55,120
" 1893 . . .	91,40,310	...	6,95,90,000	(a) 7,87,30,310
" 1897 . . .	4,70,184	...	10,54,593	(b) 15,24,777
" 1898 . . .	12,50,976	...	62,68,437	(b) 75,19,413
" 1900 . . .	5,29,02,591	...	6,52,36,908	(d) 11,81,39,499
" 1901 . . .	3,37,22,243	...	7,54,13,718	(e) 10,91,35,961
" 1901 coined in 1902	3,82,94,644	...	5,48,44,740	(f) 9,31,39,384
Edward VII, 1903 ditto . . .	25,000	...	...	25,000
" " 1903 . . .	4,93,78,355	...	5,29,69,151	(g) 10,23,47,506
" " 1904 . . .	5,83,38,617	...	10,19,40,291	(h) 16,02,78,908
" " 1905 . . .	5,12,57,883	...	7,62,02,223	(i) 12,74,60,106
" " 1906 . . .	10,47,97,164	...	15,89,53,269	(j) 26,37,50,433
" " 1907 . . .	8,13,38,000	...	17,09,11,816	(k) 25,22,49,816
" " 1908 . . .	2,02,17,728	...	1,07,14,770	3,09,32,498
" " 1909 . . .	1,27,58,580	...	95,38,746	(l) 2,22,97,326
" " 1910 . . .	85,00,000	...	91,88,673	1,76,88,673
" " 1910 coined in 1911.	41,27,013	...	16,96,273	58,23,286
George V 1911 . . .	42,99,924	...	51,43,125	94,43,049
" " 1912 . . .	4,51,22,132	...	7,90,67,074	(m) 12,41,89,206
" " 1913 . . .	3,88,00,000	...	3,62,85,623	(c) 7,50,85,623
TOTAL . . .	1,92,49,54,524	10,76,07,305	2,84,43,68,311	4,87,69,30,140

(a) Includes Rs 90,000 coined for the Bikaner State.

(b) On account of Kashmir and Bhopal re-coining.

(c) Up to 31st March 1913.

(d) Includes Rs 2,00,02,414 coined for Native States.

(e) " Rs 1,90,43,904 coined for Native States.

(f) " Rs 2,98,86,014 coined for Native States.

(g) " Rs 11,66,461 coined for Native States.

(h) " Rs 5,94,221 coined for Native States.

(i) " Rs 3,28,000 coined for Native States.

(j) " Rs 3,90,310 coined for Native States and Rs 167 lakhs (Calcutta 32 lakhs and Bombay 135 lakhs) coined from Gold Standard Reserve Silver.

(k) " Rs 94,766 coined for Native States and Rs 433 lakhs (Calcutta 168 lakhs and Bombay Rs 265 lakhs) coined from Gold Standard Reserve Silver.

(l) " Rs 1,01,469 coined for Native States.

(m) " Rs 16,66,260 coined for Native States.

STATEMENT IX.

Rupee Census.

	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
William IV. 1835	5	4	4	3	3	25	2	19	19	15	15	17	12	11	08	07
1840, 1st issue	46	45	45	41	21	15	95	8	75	5	43	45	32	32	26	19
1840, 2nd issue	130	131	126	118	82	43	28	213	16	12	104	99	73	61	50	39
1862	210	2095	202	190	1985	2015	1835	172	157	1435	1354	1372	1350	1353	1309	1218
1874	8	85	9	76	75	75	75	75	65	55	56	50	53	54	61	52
1875	12	125	12	103	115	115	109	99	95	85	77	84	80	79	79	74
1876	14	15	15	136	14	14	13	125	11	10	96	101	100	98	96	89
1877	48	47	45	42	44	45	409	385	35	32	295	309	305	309	304	278
1878	31	315	30	29	295	30	285	255	24	22	204	213	212	212	211	191
1879	29	28	28	25	255	26	25	224	20	195	180	187	182	182	182	168
1880	27	27	27	24	245	25	225	208	195	18	166	168	169	167	168	155
1881	4	37	4	3	3	3	35	28	25	25	23	24	24	20	22	22
1882	30	30	30	273	28	28	25	24	22	20	184	187	187	185	178	167
1883	106	11	11	10	10	10	95	9	8	75	70	72	69	67	67	68
1884	21	22	22	192	20	195	185	175	16	145	133	138	138	136	134	125
1885	42	42	41	37	385	38	355	325	295	28	251	261	259	260	260	236
1886	24	215	235	215	215	22	201	188	175	16	146	151	150	149	152	135
1887	44	43	43	39	40	40	365	34	31	28	259	264	258	260	256	234
1888	32	325	32	29	30	295	27	25	235	21	198	203	198	198	197	184
1889	38	37	37	333	335	335	301	285	26	235	216	223	225	223	218	202
1890	65	63	64	56	57	565	504	48	43	385	353	360	370	365	360	334
1891	34	33	34	30	30	30	275	26	235	21	199	200	202	200	200	187
1892	54	555	56	49	50	50	45	42	385	335	313	321	323	322	320	292
1893	41	432	43	38	375	38	34	32	285	26	237	243	242	237	237	224
1897	01	01	1	17	15	15	18	15	17	15	18	16	17	13	16	14
1898	03	05	35	4	45	4	5	4	44	35	38	42	34	34	45	40
1900 . . . . .	...	...	12	68	70	705	563	585	525	47	434	432	430	430	421	384
1901 . . . . .	...	...	...	305	64	975	94	903	81	785	684	689	674	668	657	607
1903 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	75	66	583	48	42	391	384	358	359	360	346
1904 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	84	80	68	648	603	582	579	558	521
1905 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	78	66	600	574	541	532	514	474
1906 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	116	1056	992	1035	1020	1002	940
1907 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	892	822	856	866	938	917
1908 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	64	120	148	155	152	175
1909 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	55	90	96	95
1910 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	75	109	94
1911 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	03	13
George V. 1911 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...
1912 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	463
1913 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	222
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Comparison of Rupee Census figures for certain groups of years.

[illegible]

Value of Currency Notes in circulat

	1863-64.	1864-65.	1865-66.	1866-67.	1867-68.	1868-69.	1869-70.	1870-71.	1871-72.	1872-73.	1873-74.	1874-75.	1875-76.	1876-77.	1877-78.	1878-79.	1879-80.	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.
April	5,13	5,68	7,48	7,02	7,84	8,92	9,80	9,65	10,13	13,34	11,01	9,27	10,75	10,75	11,13	13,30	11,27	12,89	12,86	14,20	13,35	12,34	13,02	13,02
May	5,01	6,04	7,46	7,87	8,19	10,04	10,38	8,68	10,49	13,49	11,21	9,96	11,06	10,70	11,55	13,09	11,17	13,10	13,01	14,67	13,09	13,24	13,54	13,54
June	5,09	5,99	8,34	8,60	8,53	10,04	10,80	8,70	10,83	13,51	11,83	10,15	11,29	11,59	12,67	13,87	11,82	13,64	13,72	14,91	13,01	13,83	14,86	14,86
July	5,11	6,31	8,58	8,67	8,72	10,06	10,53	9,12	10,72	13,47	11,95	10,73	11,18	11,54	12,85	14,07	12,24	13,91	14,04	15,29	13,54	14,56	14,50	14,50
August	5,16	6,37	8,69	8,48	9,39	10,13	10,21	9,45	11,29	13,22	12,05	10,87	11,19	11,91	12,15	14,27	12,74	13,75	14,22	15,29	13,79	14,97	14,36	14,36
September	5,26	6,48	8,87	9,28	9,53	10,41	10,18	10,07	11,32	13,35	12,09	10,60	11,77	11,75	12,39	14,06	13,33	13,47	13,55	15,28	14,40	15,01	15,55	15,55
October	5,63	7,09	7,84	10,16	9,96	10,61	10,76	10,19	11,31	13,00	12,06	10,88	12,04	11,45	13,19	13,70	13,58	13,55	13,39	15,82	14,49	15,61	15,71	15,71
November	5,16	7,13	7,83	10,10	10,21	10,41	11,33	10,27	11,09	13,30	11,73	11,02	11,69	11,93	14,74	13,46	13,75	14,50	13,07	16,25	14,47	15,76	15,64	15,64
December	5,11	7,48	7,40	9,96	10,32	10,30	11,31	10,35	10,87	12,68	10,91	11,08	11,22	11,97	15,05	12,69	13,80	14,38	13,15	16,16	13,39	15,08	15,20	15,20
January	5,15	7,39	6,91	8,68	10,11	10,20	11,42	10,76	13,08	12,16	9,98	11,10	11,77	12,44	15,64	12,15	14,23	14,12	13,39	15,37	12,11	14,97	15,41	15,41
February	5,08	7,40	6,87	8,87	9,56	10,68	10,83	10,07	12,69	11,52	9,69	11,13	11,28	12,07	14,07	12,20	13,23	12,25	13,74	14,42	12,26	14,53	14,56	14,56
March	5,35	7,43	6,90	8,09	9,07	9,96	10,47	10,44	13,17	11,14	9,25	11,24	11,00	11,62	13,57	11,42	12,36	13,40	13,91	14,51	12,76	14,58	14,17	13,86
Average	5,19	6,73	7,76	8,81	9,29	10,15	10,67	9,81	11,42	12,86	11,15	10,67	11,35	11,61	13,25	13,19	12,80	13,66	13,50	15,18	13,39	14,54	14,71	14,71
Reserve Treasury balances held in Notes Average	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	1,44	2,35	1,36	1,49	79	79
Metallic Reserve Average Gold	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ Silver.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,72	7,49	9,18	7,40	8,45	8,72	8,72
Currency invest- ment on 31st March	2,49	3,57	3,98	3,25	3,25	3,91	3,60	3,23	5,91	5,69	5,69	5,69	5,69	6,00	5,69	6,00	6,00	6,00	6,00	6,00	6,00	6,00	5,99	5,99

MENT XI.

on the last day of each month.

(In Lakhs of Rupees.)

1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-00.	1900-01.	1901-02.	1902-03.	1903-04.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
14.02	16.54	15.82	17.42	25.71	23.96	24.22	30.64	30.76	25.92	23.91	24.28	23.02	27.90	28.59	31.25	33.94	36.11	39.78	43.76	46.22	46.26	43.65	51.84	54.69	58.34
13.90	17.03	15.77	17.65	26.18	25.28	24.99	31.13	30.17	26.89	22.86	23.25	28.25	23.65	29.08	31.5	35.13	37.26	40.19	42.89	46.07	44.81	46.77	54.30	55.10	58.89
14.08	17.69	16.24	17.94	26.81	26.77	26.49	31.40	30.86	27.78	23.39	24.92	29.14	30.41	31.82	33.59	36.57	40.65	41.36	45.56	48.05	45.15	49.29	56.95	58.22	64.12
15.48	18.05	16.49	19.18	27.04	28.46	27.05	31.20	32.43	29.59	24.76	23.24	29.27	30.78	31.69	35.20	37.57	42.52	41.58	47.30	50.32	48.10	51.53	59.10	60.29	66.59
15.66	17.69	16.15	20.50	26.93	29.07	28.30	31.57	31.54	28.23	24.60	23.32	23.76	28.44	30.89	35.58	37.7	41.35	43.79	45.70	51.77	44.61	51.74	58.06	59.69	66.16
16.78	16.94	16.14	22.97	26.21	28.97	28.98	31.23	30.37	26.89	24.74	25.64	27.63	28.31	30.55	34.65	36.61	39.96	42.73	44.40	52.74	43.84	50.82	56.10	56.32	63.33
17.78	16.74	16.63	25.66	25.99	2	28.59	31.81	29.98	25.08	24.59	25.84	27.67	28.30	31.86	34.36	37.00	39.45	41.58	45.22	50.65	44.25	50.50	53.35	56.61	65.79
18.61	15.50	16.67	26.54	25.88	28.83	29.62	32.35	28.39	24.53	24.65	25.79	27.33	28.35	30.60	34.26	36.98	39.80	39.6	44.13	47.43	43.55	46.53	52.10	58.05	67.27
17.69	15.15	15.47	27.04	24.85	26.05	30.13	31.54	27.82	25.26	23.79	25.20	26.26	28.06	28.07	33.74	34.43	38.79	39.77	45.61	43.27	42.07	48.25	49.67	56.18	65.70
7.08	15.28	16.29	27.66	22.62	26.61	30.52	29.50	27.12	24.27	24.32	25.67	27.18	29.37	27.93	32.13	35.47	37.62	40.49	44.65	41.82	42.21	51.84	51.12	54.70	67.75
6.45	14.83	16.37	26.42	22.90	25.86	30.20	30.35	25.99	23.58	24.53	26.24	27.27	28.10	27.68	32.85	37.29	37.73	42.63	45.49	42.66	43.86	50.57	53.52	57.19	67.54
6.42	15.74	15.77	25.69	24.08	26.49	30.41	30.70	25.94	23.75	24.76	28.20	28.74	29.87	31.66	35.72	38.21	39.18	44.66	46.95	46.89	45.49	54.41	54.99	61.36	68.98
6.16	16.43	16.15	22.89	25.44	27.10	28.29	31.11	29.28	25.98	24.24	25.63	27.96	28.88	30.03	33.71	36.41	39.20	41.52	45.14	47.32	44.52	49.66	54.35	57.37	65.62
6.2	1.15	1.01	1.74	2.14	2.27	6.08	7.16	3.42	1.85	1.49	2.11	2.47	2.34	4.16	4.13	3.65	3.8	3.57	3.66	4.82	3.76	2.64	5.80	5.53	10.71
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	6.54	12.19	7.62	10.24	15.11	16.67	16.31	12.69	13.40	4.09	4.75	12.34	20.33	36.63
0.19	10.49	10.17	16.64	18.33	19.10	20.29	23.11	21.28	17.91	14.22	14.93	11.42	6.68	12.42	13.50	11.30	12.53	13.87	20.45	21.93	28.43	32.91	30.01	23.01	14.99
9	5.98	6.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	12.00	11.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	14.00	14.00
1	21	21	21	24	29	27	28	29	22	24	28	20	29	24	27	27	5	27	33	25	26	27	18	22	22

STATEMENT XII.

Statement of the value of Government Currency Notes in circulation throughout India during 1912-13 and previous years.

	CALCUTTA.	CHAWNPORN.	LAHORE.	BOMBAY.	KARACHI.	MADRAS.	CALCUTTA.	BANGALORE.	TOTAL.
	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.
Average of 1862-63 to 1866-67	2,69,33,972	20,98,127(a)	20,77,591(a)	3,04,52,274	9,61,243(b)	60,14,446	3,45,821(a)	.....	6,64,98,118
" 1867-68 to 1871-72	3,77,08,263	35,08,005	30,29,804	4,73,69,633	21,04,702	81,01,317	8,40,554	.....	10,26,57,337
" 1872-73 to 1876-77	4,85,28,273	66,17,652	55,48,411	3,86,91,351	19,17,039	1,18,90,593	21,58,532	.....	11,53,47,901
" 1877-78 to 1881-82	6,36,26,938	58,39,749	68,53,453	3,75,04,227	28,35,309	1,43,99,405	17,54,136	.....	13,28,13,297
" 1882-83 to 1886-87	6,32,94,733	73,46,597	78,90,464	4,44,29,612	37,85,266	1,41,73,405	18,42,570	.....	14,40,39,336
" 1887-88 to 1891-92	7,55,28,706	93,32,570	1,03,35,142	6,61,13,610	49,21,086	2,17,27,645	15,86,244	.....	19,41,41,387
" 1892-93 to 1896-97	11,66,66,705	1,24,39,476	1,63,58,145	9,14,38,035	74,74,756	3,11,76,919	15,70,975	.....	28,35,28,538
" 1897-98 to 1901-02	11,66,12,090	1,35,30,579	2,02,93,085	7,52,18,545	72,85,468	3,04,66,242	15,24,750	.....	27,34,98,293
" 1902-03 to 1906-07	16,37,64,515	2,04,82,663	2,83,93,678	10,84,39,796	1,03,25,794	4,22,65,899	18,28,615	.....	39,20,11,783
" 1907-08	20,48,62,234	2,33,19,520	2,87,27,955	12,15,72,293	1,10,05,953	5,38,56,329	18,72,110	.....	47,32,31,711
" 1908-09	17,51,67,105	2,71,64,965	3,16,37,238	10,30,84,961	1,43,29,178	5,54,51,187	20,51,506	.....	44,51,58,573
" 1909-10	20,22,68,056	2,44,71,908	3,45,92,665	13,33,64,532	1,69,06,518	5,49,50,126(A)	.....	.....	49,65,91,425
" 1910-11	22,54,02,897	2,64,28,615	3,52,60,254	14,70,78,981	1,42,31,188	6,32,54,283	.....	.....	51,84,62,303
" 1911-12	23,36,30,312	2,71,18,916	3,70,94,630	15,08,82,702	1,44,38,777	6,94,44,448	.....	.....	57,36,49,326
" 1912-13	28,42,62,019	2,40,57,845	2,91,66,391	17,06,56,935	1,18,43,344	8,34,41,967	.....	.....	65,62,08,013
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in 1912-13 as compared with 1911-12	+ 5,06,31,707	- 30,61,571	- 79,28,239	+ 1,97,74,233	- 25,95,433	+ 1,39,97,539	.....	+ 1,17,40,450	+ 8,25,58,686
Percentage on average circulation 1911-12	+ 21.671	- 11.259	- 21.373	+ 13.105	- 17.975	+ 20.156	.....	+ 28.607	.....

(A) Includes Calcutta Circle the average of which for 10 months was 23,68,246.

(a) Average for 3 years.

(b) " " 2

(c) " " 4

STATEMENT XIII.

Currency Notes in circulation in India. (In Thousands of Rupees.)

LAST DAY OF	Calcutta.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Calicut.	Rangoon.	TOTAL.
1907.									
January	20,71,30	1,73,73	3,02,79	10,37,81	96,94	5,30,69	19,26	2,32,71	44,65,23
February	20,63,46	1,81,36	3,02,54	10,53,93	1,00,58	5,44,52	12,13	2,90,02	45,48,54
March	21,88,82	1,63,94	3,13,75	10,84,27	1,04,09	5,56,89	12,09	2,71,34	46,95,19
April	21,04,70	1,58,41	3,08,66	11,25,83	98,46	5,39,65	11,64	2,74,33	46,21,68
May	21,85,93	1,60,57	2,78,79	11,04,84	98,03	4,93,73	15,28	2,69,49	46,06,61
June	21,53,80	1,65,04	2,81,87	13,12,31	1,02,06	5,03,74	14,80	2,71,64	48,05,26
July	21,55,96	2,00,47	3,07,47	14,38,08	98,13	5,21,85	18,43	2,91,80	50,82,19
August	21,84,26	2,37,93	2,93,42	14,74,49	94,50	5,48,23	21,79	3,22,21	51,76,83
September	20,90,51	2,82,78	2,73,77	16,44,60	95,11	5,32,18	23,52	3,31,87	52,74,34
October	21,37,75	2,59,62	2,70,81	14,47,26	95,34	5,34,71	23,50	2,96,23	50,65,22
November	20,83,19	2,75,66	2,76,49	12,40,15	1,03,63	4,98,52	22,63	2,42,66	47,42,93
December	18,95,08	2,81,54	2,63,51	10,21,87	1,15,50	5,17,15	21,92	2,20,41	43,26,98
1908.									
January	17,52,02	2,44,11	2,76,10	9,41,81	1,20,60	5,52,95	20,21	2,73,85	41,81,65
February	17,40,09	2,66,56	2,93,76	9,01,33	1,39,08	5,97,71	18,09	3,09,00	42,65,62
March	21,10,18	2,64,93	3,22,70	9,36,11	1,60,28	6,32,34	12,89	2,59,07	46,88,50
April	19,20,59	2,57,67	3,58,71	10,29,39	1,41,56	6,38,38	13,78	2,66,24	46,26,32
May	17,09,70	2,93,58	3,27,55	10,86,06	1,51,50	6,21,30	13,66	2,77,77	44,81,12
June	17,43,51	2,97,82	3,47,03	10,19,76	1,29,34	6,46,07	15,96	3,15,60	45,16,09
July	19,58,38	3,48,23	3,92,96	10,52,29	1,45,26	5,61,30	18,52	3,32,93	48,09,87
August	17,42,98	3,58,98	3,33,30	9,80,00	1,62,57	5,10,74	28,27	3,43,79	44,60,63
September	16,39,65	2,78,88	2,80,64	10,77,75	1,86,90	5,15,51	30,16	3,74,62	43,84,11
October	15,86,74	2,72,73	2,92,04	10,94,18	2,10,13	5,52,37	28,05	3,89,25	44,25,49
November	16,11,74	2,57,35	2,79,30	10,26,88	2,13,98	5,49,84	29,64	3,85,79	43,54,52
December	16,31,43	2,25,02	2,81,54	9,89,47	2,08,75	5,37,20	21,05	3,12,55	42,07,01
1909.									
January	16,96,55	2,17,44	2,88,69	9,85,18	2,11,82	5,30,86	20,09	2,69,94	42,20,57
February	17,72,18	2,28,48	3,06,27	10,26,23	2,10,16	5,18,15	13,67	3,08,37	43,85,51
March	20,06,60	2,23,62	3,06,44	10,03,01	2,27,53	4,72,42	13,33	2,95,84	45,48,79
April	17,67,63	2,38,35	3,29,27	10,04,38	2,17,21	5,24,73*	...	2,81,42	43,64,99
May	21,33,40	2,06,43	3,02,56	10,62,81	1,94,67	5,26,69*	...	2,50,66	46,77,22
June	22,48,02	2,29,56	3,30,65	11,34,44	1,64,61	5,63,99*	...	2,58,21	49,29,48
July	22,14,63	2,38,68	3,38,71	13,72,81	1,49,09	5,66,93*	...	2,72,61	51,53,46
August	21,32,36	2,62,62	3,47,35	14,58,79	1,53,36	5,34,78*	...	2,84,28	51,73,54
September	16,98,44	2,86,94	3,51,54	15,41,38	1,83,87	5,17,52*	...	3,02,51	50,82,20
October	18,57,33	2,70,98	3,48,87	15,28,36	2,00,61	5,35,08*	...	3,08,67	50,49,85
November	18,56,41	2,42,89	3,37,87	11,99,56	1,77,51	5,38,08*	...	3,00,71	46,53,03
December	19,52,56	2,41,40	3,59,09	13,23,32	1,51,14	5,47,53*	...	2,49,99	48,25,06

*Include notes of Calicut circle which was a separate circle up to 18th February 1910.

STATEMENT XIII.—concl'd.

Currency Notes in circulation in India. (In Thousands of Rupees)—concl'd.

LAST DAY OF	Calcutta.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Calicut.	Rangoon.	TOTAL.
1910.									
January	18,95,43	2,46,79	3,73,18	16,66,96	1,39,45	5,64,54*	...	2,98,12	51,84,47
February	20,04,56	2,47,29	3,83,24	13,07,56	1,43,30	5,68,42*	...	4,02,46	50,56,83
March	23,11,40	2,24,75	3,94,79	14,01,38	1,54,20	6,05,69	...	3,58,63	54,40,84
April	22,04,48	2,39,18	3,80,13	13,69,43	1,43,98	6,34,04	...	3,17,20	52,84,44
May	24,55,12	2,26,64	3,76,94	13,56,20	1,37,61	5,88,75	...	2,88,34	54,29,60
June	24,82,75	2,47,67	3,67,23	15,44,12	1,19,00	6,62,75	...	2,71,70	56,95,22
July	26,18,99	2,79,02	3,49,80	16,01,56	1,20,36	6,61,19	...	2,85,53	59,16,45
August	24,84,07	2,76,03	3,62,76	16,54,00	1,19,45	6,31,32	...	2,78,02	58,05,71
September	22,01,76	2,71,47	3,65,68	17,16,37	1,36,72	6,24,49	...	2,90,12	56,09,61
October	20,17,16	3,06,75	3,45,61	16,06,99	1,43,74	6,17,09	...	2,97,77	53,31
November	21,35,06	2,79,19	3,37,29	15,07,47	1,47,03	5,48,66	...	2,54,74	52,01
December	19,36,89	2,75,12	3,33,12	13,61,18	1,60,96	5,18,60	...	3,11,14	49,61
1911.									
January	19,63,80	2,63,33	3,29,91	13,59,83	1,62,08	6,50,06	...	3,82,40	51,11
February	21,85,69	2,55,37	3,37,41	12,77,82	1,53,25	7,06,09	...	4,35,99	53,51
March	23,63,58	2,51,60	3,55,35	12,94,51	1,63,56	6,67,18	...	4,03,28	54,91
April	23,00,60	2,30,41	3,75,18	13,50,90	1,69,83	6,71,02	...	3,70,64	54,61
May	24,10,25	2,31,38	3,46,05	13,79,73	1,59,32	6,25,08	...	3,57,81	55,01
June	24,61,47	2,43,69	3,76,05	15,72,97	1,38,37	6,94,58	...	3,31,54	58,21
July	25,16,59	2,69,42	3,95,79	16,83,32	1,30,67	6,84,54	...	3,48,98	60,21
August	22,89,56	2,77,76	3,99,64	18,13,16	1,43,56	6,80,44	...	3,65,10	59,61
September	20,93,73	3,08,60	3,71,30	16,75,29	1,55,59	6,74,33	...	3,52,87	56,31
October	20,77,30	3,21,38	3,72,88	16,72,83	1,55,85	7,11,97	...	3,48,39	56,61
November	23,82,28	3,00,63	4,00,94	15,65,48	1,56,07	6,72,73	...	3,26,45	58,01
December	22,99,68	2,87,02	3,82,65	13,59,24	1,46,39	6,81,41	...	4,61,27	56,11
1912.									
January	22,07,74	2,77,97	3,40,06	12,47,00	1,36,98	6,94,02	...	5,76,19	54,61
February	23,40,17	2,62,77	3,47,01	13,27,63	1,22,31	7,45,13	...	5,73,39	57,11
March	26,56,27	2,43,25	3,13,80	14,68,38	1,27,70	7,97,74	...	5,09,11	61,31
April	25,52,70	2,27,96	3,09,63	13,84,37	1,25,49	7,59,81	...	4,73,57	58,31
May	26,62,69	2,07,86	2,74,17	13,75,27	1,09,18	7,18,58	...	4,91,26	58,89,01
June	29,20,56	2,20,31	2,82,47	15,58,97	1,17,02	8,13,95	...	4,98,99	64,12,27
July	30,82,70	2,37,42	2,82,03	16,67,25	1,01,24	7,87,48	...	5,01,14	66,59,26
August	28,08,59	2,72,92	3,15,03	20,16,38	1,28,70	7,49,90	...	5,24,46	68,15,98
September	25,99,77	2,85,95	2,97,61	22,47,44	1,20,56	7,59,87	...	5,21,57	68,32,77
October	26,51,64	2,78,38	2,91,40	20,04,79	1,14,00	7,88,92	...	4,49,84	65,78,97
November	28,88,18	2,57,96	2,70,77	19,94,05	1,04,00	7,81,52	...	4,30,05	67,26,53
December	29,00,18	2,24,79	2,76,75	16,66,56	1,13,22	8,62,91	...	5,25,75	65,70,16
1913.									
January	29,81,78	2,24,92	2,84,62	16,35,82	1,24,85	9,03,24	...	6,20,77	67,7,05
February	29,10,21	2,26,05	3,22,50	14,86,66	1,33,38	9,92,65	...	6,80,16	67,53,61
March	31,52,49	2,23,28	2,92,97	14,39,29	1,29,55	10,44,17	...	6,16,03	68,97,78

Includes notes of Calicut which was a separate circle up to 18th February 1910.

STATEMENT XIV.

Net Circulation.

(i. e., gross circulation less the balances held in Reserve Treasuries in notes.)

LAST DAY OF		CALCUTTA.			CANNPORE.			LAHORE.			BOMBAY.			KARACHI.			MADRAS.			RANGOON.			TOTAL.					
		1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.			
April	18,72	19,35	22,46	2,33	2,30	2,28	3,80	3,75	3,10	13,26	11,82	13,09	1,44	1,70	1,25	5,55	5,89	6,95	3,17	3,71	4,74	48,63	48,42	53,77
May	19,06	19,11	22,16	2,27	2,31	2,08	3,77	3,46	2,74	13,35	12,78	12,81	1,37	1,59	1,09	5,74	5,44	6,46	2,88	3,58	4,91	48,44	48,27	52,25
June	19,56	19,23	22,61	2,47	2,44	2,20	3,67	3,76	2,82	13,29	13,90	14,09	1,19	1,38	1,17	5,65	5,94	6,78	2,72	3,34	4,99	48,55	50,04	54,66
July	20,33	19,64	23,70	2,79	2,69	2,38	3,50	3,96	2,82	13,50	14,07	13,88	1,20	1,31	1,01	5,50	5,52	6,84	2,86	3,49	5,01	49,68	50,68	55,64
August	19,27	18,75	21,43	2,76	2,78	2,73	3,63	4,00	3,15	14,22	15,66	14,00	1,19	1,43	1,29	5,70	5,58	6,47	2,78	3,65	5,24	49,55	51,55	54,31
September	17,01	18,34	20,24	2,71	3,09	2,86	3,65	3,71	2,98	15,45	14,70	14,84	1,37	1,55	1,20	5,82	5,71	6,50	2,90	3,53	5,22	48,91	50,63	53,84
October	16,84	19,25	22,32	3,07	3,21	2,78	3,45	3,73	2,91	15,11	15,16	13,25	1,44	1,56	1,14	5,83	6,30	6,72	2,98	3,45	4,50	48,72	52,69	54,12
November	18,13	21,46	23,68	2,79	3,01	2,53	3,37	4,01	2,71	14,69	14,84	13,11	1,47	1,56	1,04	5,22	6,42	7,06	2,55	3,26	4,30	48,21	54,56	54,48
December	17,39	20,40	24,67	2,75	2,87	2,25	3,23	3,83	2,77	13,06	13,28	11,88	1,61	1,46	1,13	5,61	6,37	7,18	3,11	4,61	5,26	46,76	52,82	55,09
January	17,69	20,71	25,20	2,63	2,78	2,24	3,30	3,40	2,84	12,80	11,54	12,03	1,62	1,27	1,25	5,87	6,13	7,14	3,83	5,76	6,21	47,74	51,59	56,91
February	18,82	21,54	25,67	2,55	2,63	2,26	3,38	3,47	3,23	12,43	12,99	10,97	1,53	1,22	1,33	5,93	6,74	7,33	4,36	5,73	6,80	49,00	54,32	57,64
March	19,21	23,61	24,56	2,52	2,43	2,23	3,55	3,44	2,93	11,06	13,20	11,59	1,63	1,28	1,30	5,81	7,12	7,53	4,03	5,09	6,16	48,41	56,17	56,30
AVERAGE					18,50	20,11	23,27	2,64	2,71	2,40	3,53	3,71	2,92	13,57	13,66	12,96	1,43	1,44	1,18	5,71	6,10	6,91	3,18	4,10	5,28	48,55	51,83	54,92

Staement of Active Note Circulation during 1912-13 and the two previous years.

[In Lakhs of Rupees.]

LAST DAY OF MONTH.			[In Lakhs of Rupees.]																								
			Gross circulation on last day of month.			Amounts held in Reserve Treasuries.			Amounts held in other Treasuries.			Total held in Treasuries.			Balance, being notes in circulation with the public			Notes held by Presidency Banks at Head Offices.			Active circulation among the people.						
			1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.				
April	.	.	.	52.84	54.69	58.34	4.22	6.26	4.57				2.12	2.37	2.61	6.34	8.63	7.18	46.50	46.06	51.16	6.74	5.74	7.63	39.76	40.32	43.53
May	.	.	.	54.30	55.10	58.89	5.66	6.83	6.64				1.85	2.08	2.40	7.71	8.91	9.04	46.59	46.19	49.85	7.51	6.74	7.27	39.08	39.45	42.58
June	.	.	.	56.95	58.22	64.12	8.40	8.18	9.46				1.94	2.27	2.33	10.34	10.45	11.79	46.61	47.77	52.33	10.03	9.33	9.64	36.56	38.44	42.69
July	.	.	.	59.16	60.29	66.59	9.48	9.62	10.96				2.00	2.40	2.07	11.48	12.02	13.03	47.68	48.27	53.56	11.12	9.12	10.79	36.56	38.15	42.77
August	.	.	.	52.06	59.69	68.16	8.50	7.84	13.85				1.88	2.20	2.21	10.38	10.04	16.06	47.68	49.65	52.10	10.82	8.66	7.88	36.86	40.99	44.97
September	.	.	.	56.10	56.32	68.33	7.18	5.68	14.49				1.76	1.94	2.22	8.94	7.62	16.70	47.16	48.70	51.63	9.11	7.64	6.35	38.05	41.06	45.98
October	.	.	.	53.35	56.61	65.79	4.63	3.91	11.67				2.20	2.23	2.00	6.83	6.14	13.67	46.52	50.47	52.12	7.91	8.23	6.59	38.61	42.24	45.53
November	.	.	.	52.10	58.05	67.27	3.88	3.49	12.79				1.92	2.30	2.45	5.80	5.79	15.24	46.30	52.26	52.03	7.15	9.18	5.40	39.15	43.08	46.63
December	.	.	.	49.67	56.18	65.70	2.91	3.36	10.61				1.78	1.93	2.19	4.69	5.29	12.80	44.98	50.89	52.90	5.49	6.27	5.52	39.49	44.03	47.38
January	.	.	.	51.12	54.70	67.75	3.98	3.11	10.84				2.29	2.61	2.98	5.67	5.72	13.82	45.45	48.98	53.93	5.78	4.84	5.63	39.67	44.14	48.31
February	.	.	.	53.52	57.19	67.54	4.51	2.86	9.90				2.42	2.96	3.71	6.93	5.82	13.61	46.59	51.37	53.93	5.64	6.79	5.45	40.95	44.53	48.48
March	.	.	.	54.99	61.36	68.98	6.58	5.19	12.68				2.73	2.93	2.99	9.31	8.12	15.07	45.68	53.24	53.31	5.51	8.63	5	40.17	44.61	47.32
Average	.	.	.	54.36	57.37	65.62	5.80	5.53	10.71				2.07	2.35	2.51	7.87	7.88	13.23	46.48	49.49	52.40	7.73	7.60	7.01	38.75	41.69	45.39

STATEMENT XVI.

Gross circulation of each denomination of note on the 31st March 1913.

	NUMBER OF NOTES FOR RUPEES								TOTAL.	
	5	10	20	50	100	500	1,000	10,000	Pieces.	Value.
Calcutta . . .	347,694	10,970,034	11,888	60,500	577,473	26,517	40,102	8,945	12,042,653	31,52,40,370
Cawnpore . . .	101,785	202,597	3,517	18,292	68,157	5,566	5,749	346	406,009	2,23,27,535
Lahore . . .	408,936	561,812	8,696	54,248	109,548	7,331	3,588	54	1,154,213	2,92,97,420
Bombay . . .	1,306,328	2,134,720	17,256	151,546	227,372	9,634	34,824	4,575	3,886,255	14,39,29,460
Karachi . . .	81,935	333,124	1,976	12,893	16,146	875	2,098	463	399,510	1,29,55,185
Madras . . .	658,447	737,941	4,694	38,366	517,214	4,333	2,665	3,518	1,967,178	10,44,16,725
Rangoon . . .	99,853	3,001,730	1,539	8,492	260,291	91	1,366	319	3,373,681	6,16,02,545
TOTAL .	2,954,978	17,941,968	49,066	344,337	1,776,201	54,347	90,392	18,220	23,229,499	68,97,78,240
Percentage of Increase .	+ 13·6	+ 18·8	- 25·2	- 9·2	+ 7·5	- 3·1	- 2·7	+ 27·2	...	...
Total for 31st March 1912	2,599,877	15,000,740	65,633	379,255	1,652,209	56,102	92,971	14,320	19,951,107	61,36,25,095
Percentage of Increase .	+ 7·2	+ 20·4	- 38·5	- 27·9	+ 17·4	- 3	+ 8·7	+ 10·3	...	...
Total for 31st March 1911	2,425,773	12,528,013	106,731	526,488	1,406,613	56,305	85,464	12,976	17,148,363	54,99,15,81

STATEMENT XVII.

Growth in circulation of 5 and 10-rupee notes in selected circles.

[In Thousands of Pieces.]

Average of gross circulation.											Percentage of increase as compared with preceding year.										Percentage of increase of				
											1903-04.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1907-08 over 1903-04.	1912-13 over 1907-08.			
Average of Rs.																									
Calcutta	88	102	119	137	158	175	241	256	275	330	15.9	16.6	15.1	15.3	10.7	37.7	6.2	7.4	20.0	79	109.				
Lahore	62	88	93	104	143	201	284	317	388	390	41.9	5.6	11.8	37.5	40.5	41.2	11.6	22.4	.5	130	172				
Madras	133	145	149	185	225	268	378	502	544	623	9.0	2.7	24.1	21.6	19.1	41.0	32.8	8.3	15.4	69	179				
Bombay	525	665	723	847	1,29	919	1,079	1,116	1,158	1,238	11.7	8.7	17.1	9.6	-1.0	17.4	3.4	3.7	6.9	56	33				
Average of R10.																									
Calcutta	3,975	4,226	5,163	6,023	6,568	5,568	6,534	7,061	8,064	9,871	8.9	19.3	23.2	-1.7	-9.8	11.3	7.9	14.4	22.4	64	51				
Lahore	177	205	236	253	274	304	437	507	586	574	15.8	15.1	9.3	6.2	10.9	43.7	29.7	3.3	-2.0	55	109				
Madras	292	294	284	320	352	395	432	554	603	706	.7	-3.4	12.7	12.2	10.0	9.3	28.2	9.4	16.5	23	96				
Bombay	1,520	1,310	1,389	1,494	1,563	1,565	1,836	2,014	1,989	2,026	-7	6.0	7.5	4.6	.1	17.3	9.6	-1.2	1.8	18	29				

STATEMENT XVIII.
Encashment of Foreign Circle Notes.

CIRCLE.	CASHED BY								TOTAL.			
	Calcutta.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Rangoon.	Calicut.	1912-13.	1911-12.	1910-11.	1909-10.
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Calcutta . .	...	1,39,20,370	1,52,76,415	1,13,22,090	10,84,015	61,13,525	30,70,545	...	5,07,86,900	2,72,98,275	1,42,83,580	3,51,31,875
Cawnpore . .	1,15,64,200	...	22,50,030	63,65,235	2,38,275	6,73,980	1,33,155	365	2,12,25,190	2,36,07,180	1,69,77,910	2,37,28,975
Lahore . . .	94,28,965	15,30,265	...	73,51,635	35,04,795	11,72,220	2,82,455	...	2,32,70,335	4,50,16,085	3,00,45,375	4,32,58,100
Bombay . . .	1,47,02,660	57,68,000	1,01,90,125	...	18,07,530	1,55,27,200	11,12,210	...	4,91,07,725	1,98,36,735	89,92,615	2,35,16,810
Karachi . . .	28,52,595	7,54,580	1,05,48,585	29,50,365	...	5,03,005	1,12,130	...	1,77,21,260	44,49,095	36,78,740	1,12,44,010
Madras . . .	29,83,805	4,35,780	14,09,475	87,09,985	1,41,525	...	21,86,420	...	1,58,66,940	1,97,34,360	56,63,210	2,00,98,500
Calicut . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,015	1,645	12,22,000
Rangoon . . .	7,90,815	31,085	91,685	2,08,285	22,335	2,15,145	...	...	12,58,850	47,72,055	15,41,345	18,56,925
Total of 1912-13 .	4,23,22,540	2,24,40,080	3,97,66,315	3,69,07,595	67,98,475	2,42,05,025	68,96,915	365	17,93,37,260	...	...	...
„ 1911-12 .	4,47,28,530	1,06,70,225	1,16,57,530	5,31,75,240	1,31,21,365	1,02,11,725	11,50,215	...	...	14,47,14,830	...	...
„ 1910-11 .	3,75,45,305	82,17,535	55,36,975	1,89,69,765	59,90,550	43,62,320	5,41,970	...	...	...	8,11,84,420	...
„ 1909-10 .	7,62,21,270	2,23,87,820	1,02,82,325	4,36,12,790	1,09,96,650	65,39,715	4,08,320	2,08,305	...	...	...	17,06,57,195

STATEMENT XIX.

Statistics of Treasury and other Balances on 31st December 1912.

	DENOMINATIONS OF NOTES.										TOTAL.		PERCENTAGE OF NOTES IN TOTAL TREASURY BALANCE.			PERCENTAGE EXCLUDING RESERVE TREASURY BALANCES.	
	R5.	R10.	R20.	R50.	R100.	R500.	R1,000.	R10,000.	Foreign Notes.	Notes.	Sovereigns.	Rupees.	TOTAL.	December 1912.	December 1911.	December 1912.	December 1911.
Treasuries and Branch Banks.																	
Calcutta Circle . . .	1,79,545	20,80,460	5,020	3,77,500	31,07,100	4,14,500	8,58,000	4,29,00,000	...	4,99,22,135	6,56,572	1,46,54,430	6,54,33,127	76	66	29	30
Cawnpore " . . .	1,63,325	6,20,760	3,240	2,76,050	13,05,300	4,41,000	10,93,000	30,30,000	85,500	60,71,175	17,62,718	89,25,166	1,76,59,039	39	46	...	...
Lahore " . . .	2,13,810	8,42,820	6,560	4,37,350	12,27,400	3,71,500	4,32,000	7,20,000	*71,225	43,58,665	16,72,109	55,33,434	1,15,64,208	37	38	...	...
Bombay " . . .	14,28,410	53,58,550	5,880	7,41,800	17,72,400	3,63,500	30,71,000	3,59,20,000	...	5,16,61,540	8,39,232	98,68,257	6,23,59,079	83	47	28	32
Central Provinces Circle . . .	35,345	76,480	430	1,06,800	8,01,600	66,000	1,18,000	...	...	12,06,645	6,02,580	67,37,970	85,47,195	14	15	...	...
Karachi Circle . . .	54,425	2,79,740	2,620	90,300	1,78,200	70,000	5,40,000	11,60,000	...	23,75,285	3,46,845	11,44,555	38,66,685	61	67	...	...
Madras " . . .	2,41,180	5,60,370	10,440	3,41,500	26,92,200	1,39,500	1,73,000	1,44,30,000	...	1,85,88,490	8,02,725	77,79,450	2,71,70,665	68	46	32	28
Rangoon " . . .	44,890	6,76,460	7,540	25,700	13,93,100	6,000	3,09,000	75,60,000	2,000	1,00,27,630	3,51,195	45,09,962	1,46,83,787	67	72	...	...
TOTAL	24,00,870	1,04,95,640	41,720	24,02,300	1,24,73,300	18,72,000	65,97,000	10,87,20,000	1,08,725	14,51,11,555	70,24,026	5,93,33,224	21,14,88,395	68	53	...	...
Head Offices of Presidency Banks.																	
Bank of Bengal . . .	34,820	9,78,510	100	1,16,850	7,24,800	7,67,500	89,34,000	1,98,80,000	1,79,500	2,66,18,080	3,34,500	31,77,035	3,01,22,615	88	74	...	...
" Bombay . . .	79,715	3,25,380	920	2,17,700	8,57,900	2,53,000	40,38,000	1,47,60,000	83,500	2,05,61,625	3,07,431	1,86,608	2,10,55,685	98	96	...	...
" Madras . . .	65,460	1,74,310	120	72,650	2,79,500	2,41,000	4,30,000	60,50,000	...	80,13,040	39,655	5,42,500	85,85,195	93	78	...	...
TOTAL	1,79,995	14,78,710	1,140	4,06,200	25,62,200	12,61,500	83,97,000	4,06,90,000	2,13,000	5,51,92,745	6,71,567	38,06,143	5,97,70,475	92	87	...	...

* Of this Rs. 225 worth of Bank of England Notes was held by the Branch Bank of Bengal at Simla.

STATEMENT XX.

Classification of Treasuries according to Encashment of Notes.

A	B	C	A	B	C
Treasuries which were able throughout the year to cash notes at all times to the extent of the public demand on them.	Treasuries ordinarily able to cash notes on presentation.	Treasuries at which this accommodation could not usually be given.			
<p>Ajmer. Sambhar. Sehore.</p> <p>Amraoti. Chanda. Nimar. Balaghat. Chhindwara. Saugor. Betul. Damoh. Seoni. Bhandara. Hoshangabad. Wardha. Bilaspur. Narwarpur. Yeotmal. Buldana. Nagpur.</p> <p>Bassein. Maymyo. Promo. Bhamo. Maubin. Pyapon. Henzada. Meiktila. Sagaing. Insein. Mergui. Sandoway. Katha. Minbu. Taunggyi. Kindat. Monywa. Tavoy. Kyauk-phyu. Myaungmya. Thariawaddy. Kyaukse. Myingyan. Thaton. Lashio. Myitkina. Thavetmyo. Maywe. Pakokko. Tounghoo. Mandalay. Pegu. Yamethin.</p> <p>Garro Hills. Naga Hills. Imphal (Manipur). Lushai Hills. Nowgong.</p> <p>Bankura. Hoozly. Moorshedabad. Beerbhum. Howrah. Noakhali. Burdwan. Khulna. Rajshahi. Chittagong. Malda. 24-Pargunnahs. Faridpur. Midnapore.</p> <p>Balasore. Monghyr. Ranchi. Bhagalpore. Mozufferpore. Sambalpur. Chumpanan. Nya Doonka. Saran. Cuttack. Palamow. Shahabad. Durbhanga. Patna. Singhbhum. Gya. Pooree. Hazaribagh. Purneah.</p> <p>Agra. Etawah. Mirzapur. Almora. Farukhabad. Moradabad. Azamgarh. Fatehpur. Muttra. Bahraich. Fyzabad. Naini Tal. Ballia. Gazipur. Partabgarh. Banda. Gonda. Pilibhit. Barabanki. Gorakhpur. Rae Bareilly. Bareilly. Hamirpur. Roorkee. Basti. Hardoi. Saharanpur. Bijnour. Jalaun. Shahjahanpur. Budaun. Jhansi. Sitapur. Bulandshahr. Kheri. Unao. Etah. Malpuri.</p>	<p>India.</p> <p>Nowgong. Quetta. (Bundelkhand).</p> <p>Central Provinces.</p> <p>Akola. Drug. Mandla.</p> <p>Burma.</p> <p>Mogok. Shwebo.</p> <p>Assam.</p> <p>Cachar. Khasi Hills. Goalpara. Sylhet.</p> <p>Bengal.</p> <p>Bakarganj. Jessore. Rungpur. Bogra. Mymensingh. Tipperah. Dinajpur. Nuddea. Jalpaiguri. Pabna.</p> <p>Bihar and Orissa.</p> <p>Manbhoom.</p> <p>United Provinces.</p> <p>Aligarh. Meerut. Benares. Muzaffarnagar. Cawnpore. Sultanpur. Dehra Dun. Jaunpur.</p>	<p>Bushire. Delhi. Muskat. Coorg (Mer- Hyderabad. Nepal. cara). Indore. Port Blair.</p> <p>Jubbulpore. Raipur.</p> <p>.....</p> <p>Darrang. Jorhat (Sibsagar). Lakhimpur. Kamrup.</p> <p>Darjeeling.</p> <p>Carried over</p>	3	2	8
			17	3	2
			38	2	0
			5	4	4
			14	10	1
			19	1	0
			38	8	0
			129	30	15

STATEMENT XX—conold.

Classification of Treasuries according to Encashment of Notes—contd.

A	B	C	A	B
Treasuries which were able throughout the year to cash notes at all times to the extent of the public demand on them.	Treasuries ordinarily able to cash notes on presentation,	Treasuries at which this accommodation could not usually be given,		
	Punjab and N. W. F. Province.	Brought forward	129	30
ock. Jhang. Rawalpindi. nu. Jhelum. Sialkot. a Ghaazi Jhullunder. Unballa. han. a Ismail Kangra. han. ozpur. Karnal. ranwal- Kurram. sh. rat. Mianwali. guon. Mooltan. sar. Montgomery. zara. Muzaffargarh.	Amritsar. Kohat. Peshawar. Gurdaspur. Ludhiana. Rohtak. Hoshiarpur. Lyallpur. Shahpur.		28	9
	Madras.			
ntapur. Kurnool. South Arcot. ary. Madura. Tanjore. ngleput. Malabar. Tinnevely. loor. Nellore. Travancore. daph. North Arcot. Trichinopoly. Rannad. Vizagapatam. Salem.	.....	Ganjam. Guntur. Canara. Godavari. Coimbatore Bangalore. Kistna. Nilgiris.	18	...
	Bombay.			
n. Kaira. Nasik. ednagar. Kanara. Ratnagiri. da. Kolaba. Satara. aum. Larkana. Thana. pur. Mirpurkhas. war. lia.	.....	Cutch (Bhuj.)	16	...

STATEMENT XXI.

Absorption of Small Coins.

[In Thousands of Rupees]

	India.	Central Provinces and Berar.	Burma.	Assam.	Bengal.	Bihar and Orissa.	U. P. of Agra and Oudh.	Punjab and N.-W. Frontier	Madras.	Bombay	TOTAL.
4 RUPEES—											
Opening Balance	1,13	87	3,69	1,40	2,44	1,66	3,91	4,35	4,40	5,13	28,98
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	+ 11,24	+ 47	+ 2,04	+ 2,45	+ 4,16	—1,26	—1,59	—53	+ 84	+ 19	+ 18,10
Closing Balance	9,37	73	1,44	1,56	1,45	1,62	2,74	2,58	3,89	2,99	21,36
Net Local Absorption in 1912-13 . . .	10,00	61	4,29	2,29	5,15	—1,22	—33	1,24	1,86	2,33	25,72
Ditto ditto in 1911-12 . . .	—1,82	69	3,35		6,91		—16	1,09	3,24	1,93	15,23
Ditto ditto in 1910-11 . . .	2,33	40	3,83		5,16		—61	18	—1,10	3,90	14,18
1 RUPEE—											
Opening Balance	4,30	1,27	2,09	91	1,31	1,41	3,70	2,92	4,48	3,24	25,63
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	+ 4,76	— 2	+ 4,39	+ 1,03	+ 2,07	—40	—1,57	+ 1,16	+ 3,81	+ 2,24	+ 17,47
Closing Balance	3,25	1,12	1,73	1,05	1,08	1,85	2,71	2,31	5,59	2,88	23,57
Net Local Absorption in 1912-13 . . .	5,81	13	4,75	89	2,30	—84	—58	1,77	2,70	2,60	19,53
Ditto ditto in 1911-12 . . .	—1,35	9	4,40		2,14		—73	1,77	5,15	2,58	14,05
Ditto ditto in 1910-11 . . .	1,45	—11	4,23		1,76		—1,42	2,07	1,61	4,51	14,10
NICKEL ANNA PIECES—											
Opening Balance	1,46	2,19	85	70	52	47	1,76	1,13	1,49	2,39	12,96
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	+ 1,13	+ 4,05	+ 3	+ 1,42	+ 2,04	+ 95	+ 5,55	+ 2,83	+ 2,52	+ 2,85	+ 24,27
Closing Balance	90	2,29	72	74	53	33	2,62	1,50	2,12	1,72	13,47
Net Local Absorption in 1912-13 . . .	1,69	4,85	16	1,38	2,03	1,09	4,69	2,46	1,89	3,52	23,76
Ditto ditto in 1911-12 . . .	1,61	5,49	14		4,10		2,96	2,24	2,66	5,56	24,76
Ditto ditto in 1910-11 . . .	1,70	3,46	15		3,23		2,33	2,56	1,86	5,07	20,36
DOUBLE PICE—											
Opening Balance	7	7	1	1	...	2	3	2	24	14	61
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	—34	—15	...	—1	...	—3	—12	—11	—50	—45	—1,71
Closing Balance	6	2	1	...	1	1	3	...	19	14	47
Net Local Absorption in 1912-13 . . .	—33	—10	...	...	—1	—2	—12	—9	—45	—45	—1,57
Ditto ditto in 1911-12 . . .	—53	—1	...	...	...	...	—9	—4	—1,05	—24	—1,96
Ditto ditto in 1910-11 . . .	—37	—7	...	...	2	...	—8	—4	—77	—26	—1,57
SINGLE PICE—											
Opening Balance	1,41	5,02	1,32	1,21	65	61	6,44	1,99	2,45	2,56	23,66
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	— 99	+ 5,51	+ 2,15	+ 1,33	+ 3,80	+ 3,05	+ 1,04	—12	+ 1,25	—50	+ 16,72
Closing Balance	2,80	6,44	1,37	1,00	90	56	3,44	1,19	2,66	3,31	23,67
Net Local Absorption in 1912-13 . . .	—2,38	4,09	2,10	1,54	3,55	3,10	4,04	68	1,04	—1,25	16,51
Ditto ditto in 1911-12 . . .	—4,97	4,35	1,68		6,91		1,81	79	1,24	—70	11,11
Ditto ditto in 1910-11 . . .	—4,60	3,98	1,27		5,27		2,47	1,20	2	—24	9,37
HALF PICE—											
Opening Balance	6	2	...	1	7	8	10	8	...	4	46
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	64	+ 1	...	+ 2	+ 9	—7	...	+ 8	...	+ 8	+ 85
Closing Balance	6	1	...	2	6	3	9	5	...	6	38
Net Local Absorption in 1912-13 . . .	64	2	...	1	10	—2	1	11	...	6	93
Ditto ditto in 1911-12 . . .	70	1	...		11		—1	9	...	4	94
Ditto ditto in 1910-11 . . .	48	4	...		10		2	9	...	3	76
PIE PIECES—											
Opening Balance	3	2	1	1	1	1	11	2	18	17	57
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	+ 28	...	+ 1	+ 1	...	+ 3	+ 5	+ 4	+ 47	+ 31	+ 1,20
Closing Balance	7	1	1	1	1	3	10	2	23	13	62
Net Local Absorption in 1912-13 . . .	24	1	1	1	...	1	6	4	42	35	115
Ditto ditto in 1911-12 . . .	19	...	1		2		4	2	39	14	81
Ditto ditto in 1910-11 . . .	8	1	2		2		6	4	35	17	75

STATEMENT XXII.

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency for the year 1912-13.

	Calcutta.	Cawnpore	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Rangoon.	TOTAL.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
RECEIPTS.								
Interest realized on Government Securities	20,54,059	1,69,699	2,21,059	11,22,764	82,652	6,12,231	3,51,101	46,43,555
SUNDRY CASH RECEIPTS.								
Miscellaneous	1,503	536	365	601	186	8,129	...	11,330
Value of unclaimed Currency Notes	14,848	3,015	3,057	660	635	703	790	23,758
Value of old Currency Notes no longer in circulation	29,710	2,430	5,030	8,470	460	3,730	...	49,590
TOTAL RECEIPTS DURING 1912-13	21,30,120	1,75,680	2,29,511	11,32,515	83,933	6,24,793	3,51,891	47,28,493
TOTAL RECEIPTS DURING 1911-12	19,17,247	2,14,492	3,18,293	11,41,032	1,10,992	5,74,709	2,95,622	45,72,367
DISBURSEMENTS.								
Salaries (including Exchange Compensation Allowance)	38,606	6,600	3,316	15,925	4,026	...	...	68,473
Establishment	1,45,489	19,592	29,105	95,001	12,592	33,598	78,812	4,14,489
Compensation for dearness of provision and other special allowances	326	...	...	1,013	177	3,055	116	4,687
Temporary establishment	17,845	5,573	...	7,466	844	12,718	26,654	71,100
Charges for remittance . . . . .	...	...	...	1,364	232	54	...	1,640
Stationary	6,004	29	...	1,014	160	1,137	...	8,944
Printing charges	2,912	...	603	3,919	...	728	...	8,162
Service postage and telegram charges	2,415	1,900	1,887	2,988	1,410	1,903	766	18,209
House, lighting, police and water rates	8,213	...	58	1,916	1,375	541	...	12,103
Cost of Note forms, including freight	6,05,087	82,954	79,106	1,52,569	21,392	1,91,230	3,92,637	15,25,025
Pensions and gratuities	19,297	1,391	2,846	15,987	558	7,288	...	47,367
Cost of repairs, etc., to Currency buildings	16,818	...	500	3,036	...	2,27,146	...	2,47,502
Cost of chests, bags and locks	53	...	420	5,518	...	...	1,687	7,678
Contingencies	13,890	4,505	3,356	5,930	2,963	4,035	5,353	40,033
Travelling allowances	4,724	827	...	4,296	1,073	569	2,208	13,697
Dead stock, cost of office furniture	758	230	...	704	704	1,166	490	4,053
Refund of value of old Currency Notes	230	...	...	150	...	...	...	360
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS DURING 1912-13	8,82,667	1,32,601	1,21,137	3,18,246	47,496	4,85,470	5,08,773	24,87,990
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS DURING 1911-12	7,44,514	50,850	1,06,166	4,39,719	54,069	4,03,546	4,79,252	23,98,108
PROFIT DURING 1912-13	12,47,453	52,079	1,08,374	8,13,669	36,437	1,39,323	-1,56,883	22,40,503

STATEMENT XXIII.

Details of the balance of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 31st March 1913.

In England—		£
Market price on 31st March 1913 of Sterling Securities of the Nominal value of £17,501,513 (as per details below)	15,945,669	
Cash placed by the Secretary of State in Council at short notice	1,005,664	
Deposit of Gold at the Bank of England	1,620,000	
In India—		
Coined rupees (at R15=£1)	4,000,000	
Held as a book credit awaiting payment	85,827	
TOTAL	22,606,660	

Details of investments :—

	Face value.
	£
British Government 2½ per cent. Consolidated Stock	4,665,770
Local Loans 3 per cent. Stock	200,000
Guaranteed 2½ per cent. Stock (Irish Land)	438,720
Transvaal Government 3 per cent. Guaranteed Stock	1,092,023
British Treasury Bills	2,400,000
Exchequer Bonds (2½ per cent.)	50,000
Exchequer Bonds (3 per cent.)	6,885,600
Canada 3½ per cent. Bonds	161,000
Corporation of London 3½ per cent. Debentures	100,000
Do. do. 3½ do. do.	45,000
New South Wales, 4 per cent. Bonds	4,000
Do. 3½ do. Inscribed Stock	113,000
Do. Bills	250,000
New Zealand 3½ per cent. Debentures	246,400
Queensland 4 do. Bonds	95,000
Do. 4 do. Inscribed Stock	55,000
Southern Nigeria 4 per cent. Bonds	100,000
Union of South Africa Bills	600,000
TOTAL	17,501,518

STATEMENT XXIV.

Statistics of Work in Currency Offices.

	Calcutta.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Rangoon.	Total, 1912-13.	Total, 1911-12.	Total, 1910-11.
Receipts of home notes over the counter (value in lakhs of rupees)	90,27	4,32	8,23	61,11	3,27	27,97	29,67	2,24,84	1,95,46	1,80,28
Issues do.	87,62	3,16	8,13	65,13	4,16	25,64	29,89	2,23,73	2,07,38	1,81,88
Receipts of coin over the counter (value in lakhs of rupees) —										
Gold	1,74	47	62	4,51	30	9	39	8,12	19,33	10,43
Silver	13,45	67	1,60	11,51	37	1,35	2,51	31,79	25,60	23,57
Issues of coin over the counter (value in lakhs of rupees) —										
Gold	2,00	2,37	3,32	6,73	60	2,16	88	18,06	11,95	10,85
Silver	20,92	2,07	1,33	10,15	95	3,20	2,28	40,90	35,48	29,73
Encashment of home notes over the counter (average number for each working day)	45,026	2,658	8,785	31,322	2,329	19,676	21,447	131,243	115,251	100,258
Issues do. do.	51,635	2,741	8,859	32,193	2,492	20,465	27,224	145,609	126,308	108,693
Cancellations do. do.	40,157	2,439	7,518	18,110	2,095	16,979	21,545	108,843	103,353	86,067
Issues of home notes (in thousands of pieces)	14,794	773	2,507	8,598	665	5,894	7,364	40,600	35,296	31,870
Cancellations do. do.	11,445	693	2,128	4,763	559	4,890	5,828	30,306	28,457	24,880



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 18th October 1913.

On and after the 29th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. After the 22nd November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Rates of subscription.	Per annum.
Subscription for <i>Gazette</i> and Supplement	R. a. p.
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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 1st November 1913.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

October 20th.

- 1246. L. Sunderland. *Improvements in joining or bonding the junctions of metallic sheathing or armouring of electric conductors.*
- 1247. J. D. Gil. *Improvements in multi-colour printing processes and apparatus therefor.*
- 1248. W. C. Christie. *A device for fastening gaiters or leggings.*
- 1249. W. R. Degenhardt. *Improvements in apparatus for generating or producing gas.*
- 1250. P. Baxter. *Improved means for converting petroleum or heavy hydro-carbon oils into gaseous fuel for internal combustion engines.*
- 1251. M. U. Schoop. *Improved process of and apparatus for applying coatings or deposits to surfaces.*
- 1252. Chemische Fabrik Griesheim-Elektron. *Process for producing ice-colours on cotton yarn, cops, cross-reels and loose cotton.*
- 1253. Norsk Hydro-Elektrisk Kvaestofaktieselskab. *Process for concentrating dilute nitric acid.*
- 1254. W. Webster. *Improvements in means for distributing water in a diffused state.*

October 21st.

- 1255. Nobel's Explosives Co., Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to explosives.*
- 1256. G. O. Bowman & G. F. Hamnett. *Improvements in railway signalling apparatus.*

October 22nd.

- 1257. The Holt Manufacturing Co. *Traction engine.*
- 1258. Mrs. L. M. Gilbert King. *An agricultural levelling or grading implement.*

October 23rd.

- 1259. S. N. Chaudhry. *Oil engine cooler.*

October 24th.

- 1260. G. E. Moore & W. Powell. *An improved tea sifting machine.*

October 25th.

- 1261. C. H. Brooke. *Improvements in or relating to roofs, floors and the like.*
- 1262. G. T. Platts & Co., Ltd. and A. R. Stuart. *An improved key with wedge for securing railway rails in their supporting chairs.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

- 568. Vibrocel Co., Ltd. *Improvements relating to the construction of sea walls, piers, pontoons, floating stages, foundations and other structures.*
- 679. Minerals Separation, Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to ore concentration.*
- 726. C. Dressler. *Improvements in or relating to ovens, suitable for use in the manufacture of tiles, pottery and analogous ware and for other purposes.*
- 802. G. Cassady, C. F. Mendham and R. A. Barber. *Improvements relating to mechanism for the conversion of reciprocating into rotary motion.*

936. Gulam Hussain Nabi Bukhsh. *Grooved cricket bat.*
 1046. Baker Sewing Machines Trust, Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to sewing machines.*
 1071. No Ice Refrigerator Co. *Refrigerator.*
 1121. L. W. Campbell. *Improvements in electrical heating units and resistance coils and method of manufacturing same.*
 1143. G. Perfert. *Improvement in Sugarcane Machines.*
 1148. Prein-Gewebe Aktien-Gesellschaft & E. Prein. *Apparatus for the weaving of fabrics in which the filaments all lie close to the yarn.*
 1160. Van Nostrand Rotary Plow Co. *Improvements in tillage machines.*
 1171. B. W. Evans. *Improvements in and relating to drag coke ovens.*
 1172. Tyre & Co., Ltd. *Improvements in apparatus for controlling the traffic on single line railways.*
 1173. Sisk Universal Concrete Railroad Tie Co., Inc. *Railway tie and spike.*
 1177. J. Ashford. *Gates or valves for use with syphons or tubes or in similar situations.*
 1178. J. Ashford. *Improvements in and relating to filter points and strainers for tube wells.*
 1182. P. de Brunn. *Improvements in and relating to the manufacture of zeolites.*
 1183. P. de Brunn. *Improvements relating to the manufacture of base exchanging bodies.*
 1184. E. A. Lauste. *Improvements in and relating to recording and reproducing devices and the like.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

530. R. J. Dennett and A. P. Houghton. *Improvements in apparatus for operating signals and the like.*
 652. R. P. van Calcar, J. Ellerman and H. J. Martijn. *A process and device for drying and sterilizing air.*
 928. J. Doms. *Improvements in or relating to twin bricks and the manufacture thereof.*
 1084. General Electric Co. *Improvements in incandescent electric lamps.*
 1106. Sri Krishna Joshi. *Heated oil illuminator.*
 1111. The British Sulphur Co., Ltd. *Process of desulphurizing ore.*
 1112. The British Sulphur Co., Ltd. *Improvement in the art of desulphurizing ores.*
 1113. The British Sulphur Co., Ltd. *Improvements in furnaces for decomposing pyrites and other metallic sulphides.*
 1116. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. *Improvements in and relating to tanning.*
 1118. E. Claviez. *Improvements relating to the spinning of paper strips.*
 1120. Cotton Gin Patents Corporation. *Improvements in cotton gins.*
 1123. E. A. Jones. *Improvements in and relating to route indicators.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 373. Loewe. | 1008. Nethersole. |
| 463. Raymond, Beere, and Rough. | 1010. Dekker. |
| 678. Biddlecombe. | 1011. Feulpin. |
| 704. Fortescue. | 1012. Thomas Transmission, Ltd. |
| 797. Hurley. | 1016. Schmitt and Webster. |
| 820. Shepperd. | 1019. Dugdale Rawcliffe and Wilkinson. |
| 957. Shepherd. | 1020. Pintsch's Electric Manufacturing Co., Ltd. |
| 972. Heysmand. | 1023. Godrej. |
| 974. Nizamud Din. | 1024. Torkington. |
| 982. Globe Tobacco Machines Corporation. | 1025. Audibert. |
| 1003. Whittaker & Co., Ltd., and Whittaker. | 1026. Litaker. |
| 1004. Brent Co. Inc. | 1027. Hall. |
| 1005. Wolfe-Wante. | 1028. Cobb. |
| 1006. Laing. | 1029. Headman. |
| 1007. National Wireless Telephone and Telegraph Co. | 1032. Cassard. |

PATENTS SEALED.

181. High.	950. Tarrant and Sykes.
224. Pearse.	951. Davidson.
449. Beale.	956. Schwabacher.
592. Hughes.	959. Porter and Rider.
639. Hughes-Mahone.	962. Bullo.
654. Lejsek.	965. Bromet, Thorman and Wood.
806. Klahn.	966. Tatarek, Blum, Kretz, Szapary and Von Dory.
847. Blondel and Chopin.	967. Boyd, and Fairbairn Lawson Coombe Barbour, Ltd.
878. Caldwell.	968. Summer.
882. Amir Uddin & Rahim Uddin.	969. Rothe.
916. Guerrero.	971. Jasoomanina.
929. Good and Rebesi, Ltd.	973. The Firm of Dr. Bayer és Társa.
937. Burn.	
949. Day.	

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

136 of 1904. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co. (To 11 November 1914.)
219 of 1907. Sulman. (To 22 November 1914.)
421 of 1907. Humphrey & Cerasoli. (To 30 October 1914.)
425 of 1907. Sheehan. (To 25 October 1914.)
475 of 1907. Nobentt. (To 21 November 1914.)
480 of 1907. LeBas & Garratt. (To 23 November 1914.)
169 of 1908. Linotype & Machinery, Ltd. (To 3 December 1914.)
186 of 1908. Fraser, &c. (To 21 November 1914.)
95 of 1909. Pollen & ors. (To 16 December 1914.)
285 of 1909. Eisenwerk (vormals Nagel & Kaemp) Akt. Ges. (To 17 January 1915.)
338 of 1909. Gayley. (To 3 January 1915.)
658 of 1909. Gayley. (To 27 January 1915.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.**1902.**

221 (Kennicott).

1907.

257 (Chater & Grabham).

1908.

145 (Thompson).

178 (Toyoda).

1909.

282 (Vassel & Junke).

APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT UNDER SECTION 17.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the following application to amend may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition :

No. 810 of 1913. Hayes (Universal) Printing Machinery, Limited, of Works Road, Letchworth, in the county of Hertford, England, seek leave to amend the specification of their application for a patent numbered as above. The proposed amendments, as shown in the printed specification, are as follows :—

On page 1, line 1, by omitting the words " an " and " process of and."

On page 3, line 3, by substituting the word " Such " for the words " The invention consists in " and by substituting the words " is by " for the word " of ".

On page 3, line 9, by omitting the words "The invention" and by substituting the word "by" for the words "consists in a process of".

On page 3, line 17, by omitting the word "also."

On page 4, line 1, by substituting the words "We have found that by our" for the words "By the".

On page 4, line 4, by inserting the word "contact" after "light."

On page 4, line 5, by inserting "By our arrangement one toucher (or at the most two touchers) is sufficient to provide the whole of the colour that is necessary for each design cylinder, and this arrangement makes for simplicity in the construction of the machine and ready accessibility to the printing cylinders, while at the same time enabling the necessary contact between the various parts to be readily arrived at without shock or jar to the printing surface" after "constructed".

On page 7, by cancelling claims 1, 2 and 8 and by replacing claims 3 and 4 by the following claims:—

1. Apparatus for printing lithographically comprising an impression cylinder, one or more design cylinders, each having an unbroken continuous lithographic surface and colour apparatus for each design cylinder arranged in such a manner that the lines of contact between the impression cylinder, design cylinder and toucher are horizontal or approximately so, and means for setting these various parts in motion, before they are put into contact with one another, substantially as described.

2. Apparatus for printing lithographically as claimed in Claim 1 in which only one or two touchers is or are employed, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

And by renumbering the remaining claims and the references thereto accordingly.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

15 of 1904. Small & Parkes, Ltd. and G. W. Parkes. *Improvements in and relating to driving belts or the like.*

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.

October 20th to 25th.

Class 5. No. 863. Will Frank Cox, 8, Moulvie's Lane, Calcutta. October 2nd, 1913.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake, (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs nor their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. Applications for patents in countries other than India should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in cash and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur to the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject in

commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.	DELHI	Office of the Chief Commissioner.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.	HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.	JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BOMBAY	Record Office.	KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.	LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.	LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.	MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.	"	College of Engineering.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHINSTRAN	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA	College of Engineering.
CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.	ROOKEE	Thomason College.
		SOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore.

8. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

	Price
	R a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0 10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each 0 2
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0 2
(d) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter Index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904)	2 0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each 1 0
(g) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly)	each 0 8
(h) Patent Office Journal, 1912	1 0
(i) Specifications of Inventions	each 0 5

H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs.

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE CORONATION DURBAR AND OF THE VISIT OF THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING-EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS TO INDIA, 1911-12.

To meet the repeated demands of the public, the Government of India have decided to publish a complete and authoritative account of the proceedings connected with the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India and with the Coronation Durbar of December 1911.

This book will be compiled from the official records, and will contain lists of all persons taking part in the celebrations and ceremonies. There will also be numerous illustrations, portraits, maps, plans, etc.

It will be published in two editions, a popular one in a cloth binding at a cost not exceeding Rs. 7-8, and a very limited edition *de luxe*, which will contain a list of the subscribers, at a cost of about Rs. 250.

A translation of the popular edition will be made in Urdu and possibly in other languages also, if the demand is sufficient.

It is expected that the work will be ready for publication in about six months' time; names are still being registered for the various editions, and application should be made to the Superintendent, Official History of the Durbar, Foreign Department, Simla.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them. The following collections are available for sale :—

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|------|---------|
| (1) | Collection for 1902-03, | price | Rs 3 | a copy. |
| (2) | " " 1903-04, | " " | 3 | " |
| (3) | " " 1904-05, | " " | 3 | " |
| (4) | " " 1905-06, | " " | 3 | " |
| (5) | " " 1906-07, | " " | 3-8 | " |
| (6) | " " 1907-08, | " " | 3-8 | " |
| (7) | " " 1908-09, | " " | 2-8 | " |

N.B.—Nos. (1), (3), (4), (5) and (6) contain papers in all the different standards of examination held in Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali; No. (5) contains the High Proficiency Urdu papers also; No. (2) contains all the papers except those for the High Proficiency examinations in Hindi, Arabic and Persian and the Degree of Honour in Arabic and Sanskrit; and No. (7) all except those for the Interpretership and Degree of Honour in Persian, Preliminary, High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Arabic, Degree of Honour in Hindi, Degree of Honour in Bengali and High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Sanskrit.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzat-ul-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

"Akhlāq-i-Jalali" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 5-12 per copy.

The following list of Munshis who are qualified to teach Urdu under India Army Order No. 162 of 1907, is published for the information of all those students of this language, who are desirous of obtaining competent teachers :

ALLAHABAD.

- | | | |
|----|----------------------|---|
| 1. | M. Jawala Prasad, I. | Kasauli Hills. The Royal Scots Regiment, Sudder Bazar, Allahabad. |
| 2. | M. S. C. Bagchi | Government Observatory, Allahabad. |

AMBALA.

- | | | |
|----|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. | M. Mohd. Miyan Khan | Sudder Bazar, Ambala. |
| 2. | M. Mohd. Akbar Khan | The Oriental Lodge, Ambala. |
| 3. | M. Jawala Prasad, II. | B. I. Bazar, Ambala. |

AMRITSAR.

- | | | |
|----|----------------|-------------------------|
| 1. | M. Mohd. Ishaq | Khazana Gate, Amritsar. |
|----|----------------|-------------------------|

AZAMGARH.

- | | | |
|----|-------------------|--|
| 1. | M. Ram Charan Lal | Offg. Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools, Azamgarh. |
|----|-------------------|--|

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya 17, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.
2. M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A. 8, Maulavi Imdad Ali's Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Hossain Mirza 1, Syed Ismail Lane, Calcutta.
4. M. Mohd. Israil Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
5. M. Syed Nawab Ali 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
6. M. Wahidun Nabi Khan 88/1, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.
7. M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid 152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
8. M. Daliluddin Ahmed 28/1, Kimber Street (Karaya), Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Wajid 89, Jhowtolla Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Syed Mohammad 12, Waliullah Lane, Wellesley Square, Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE.

1. M. Rahim Shah R. A. Munshi, Campbellpore.

DALHOUSIE.

1. M. Abdur Rahim Regimental Munshi, 1st Lancashire Fusiliers, Balun Bazar, Dalhousie.

DELHI.

1. M. Mithan Lal C/o Late M. Chunni Lal Sahib, Government Pensioner, Muhalla Churi Walan, Delhi.

DINAPORE.

1. M. Syed Hadi Husain Orderly Bazar, Dinapore.

JHELUM.

1. M. Thakur Das Pahwa Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JULLUNDER.

1. M. Har Bhagat Singh Bains Talhan, Jullunder Cantonment.

KASAUJI.

1. M. Anand Sarup C/o Munshi Kashi Nath, Dagshai Hills, or Depôt, Kasauli.

LAHORE CANTT.

1. M. J. Kishori Lal R. A. Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
2. M. Sham Lal Bhargava Dangar Street, Sudder Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW.

1. M. Abdul Alim Near the Police Post, Husaingunge, Lucknow.
2. M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan Near Royal Hotel, Lucknow.

MULTAN.

1. M. S. Karim Bakhsh Sadar Bazar, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS.

1. M. M. C. Saighal 2nd Bn., King's Regiment, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.

1. M. Faqir Ulla St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

NOWSHERA.

1. M. Muhammad Din Pay Havildar and Head Clerk, 23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (F. F.).

PESHAWAR.

1. M. Bodh Raj Royal Sussex Regiment (or Sudder Bazar), Peshawar.
2. M. Ahmed Din 81, Cantonments, Peshawar.
3. M. Abdur Rahim Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
4. M. Abdul Karim Dabguri Gate, Peshawar City.

RAWALPINDI.

1. M. Ghulam Muhiuddin R. A. Brigade Munshi, Rawalpindi.
2. M. Ghulam Rasul Sudder Bazar, Rawalpindi.
3. M. Fazal Ahmed Persian House, Rawalpindi.

ROORKEE CITY.

1. M. Fazl-i Haq Mahalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SUBATHU.

1. M. Gulzar Lal South Lancashire Regiment, Subathu.

In addition to the above, the following, who were examined in Urdu previous to the institution of the examination mentioned in the above India Army Order, are also, in the opinion of the Board of Examiners, qualified to teach :

CALCUTTA.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. M. Mohd. Arif | 12. Harinbari Lane, Calcutta. |
| 2. Maulavi Syed Abu Zafar | 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta. |
| 3. M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S. | 14, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta. |
| 4. M. Badru-z Zaman | 29, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta. |
| 5. M. Abdul Badi | 5, Ramsanker Roy's Lane, Calcutta. |
| 6. M. A. M. F. Wahhab | Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta. |
| 7. M. Habibur Nabi Khan Saulat | 89, Jhowtollah Road, Balligunge, Calcutta. |
| 8. M. Akmal Ali Akmal | 9, Dr. Karam Hossain's Lane, Calcutta. |
| 9. M. Abdul Karim Nashter | 1, Jhowtollah Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta. |
| 10. M. Mohd. Yusuf Khan | 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta. |

N.B.—It is requested that Munshis who have passed this examination and whose names do not appear above, should communicate their present addresses to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta, so that their names may be published also.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE AND CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Sulphate of Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased both in powder and 3½-grain tablet forms by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the principal druggists in Calcutta. These drugs are for sale for *cash* only. On no account drugs are sent per *V. P. Post*. These drugs may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur.

The rates for these drugs from 15th November 1912 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 11 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 10 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	12 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 5 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	6 „

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Cinchona Febrifuge is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

E. ATKINSON, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,

4. The authority empowered to grant a license shall be the District Magistrate.
5. Every applicant for a license shall furnish the particulars set forth in Form I in the schedule.
6. On receipt of an application in accordance with the provisions of Rule 5, the District Magistrate may, if he thinks fit, grant a license in Form II in the schedule.
7. Any license may be cancelled by the District Magistrate—
 - (a) if he is satisfied that such license was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation.
 - (b) if the license-holder contravenes the provisions of the Act or these rules or any condition contained in the license.
8. Subject to the provisions of the Act and of Rule 7, a license shall be valid for a period of one year.
9. On the expiration of a license, the same may, from time to time, be renewed for any period not exceeding one year by the District Magistrate who shall signify the fact of the renewal by an endorsement on the original license.
10. When any license is cancelled under rule 7, the licensee shall deliver over the same to the District Magistrate.
11. Any order made by the District Magistrate under these rules shall be subject to revision by the Resident in Mysore.
12. The carrying of any explosives, arms or ammunition, or wireless telegraphic apparatus on any airship is prohibited.
13. The carrying of any carrier-birds or photographic apparatus on any airship is prohibited provided that the Resident may, subject to such conditions and restrictions as he may impose, grant permission to be recorded in writing to the licensee of an airship to carry carrier-birds or photographic apparatus thereon.
14. Every licensee shall produce his license and produce or account for the airship covered by such license when called upon to do so by any Magistrate, or any Police officer above the rank of Head Constable, or if no Magistrate, or Police officer of such rank is present, any commissioned officer of His Majesty's Royal Navy, Royal Indian Marine or land forces in India.
15. Any Magistrate or officer empowered under Rule 14 may—
 - (i) enter, inspect and examine any place or carriage in which an airship is possessed or used under a license, or in which he has reason to believe that an airship has been or is possessed or used in contravention of the provisions of the Act, or of these rules;
 - (ii) search for airships therein;
 - (iii) seize, detain and remove any airship which he has reason to believe is possessed or used in contravention of the Act or these rules, and
 - (iv) search any airship for explosives, arms, ammunition, carrier-birds, photographic or wireless telegraphic apparatus, and seize, detain and remove such things found therein in contravention of the Act or these rules.
16. Any licensee contravening Rule 10 or 14 shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one month or with fine which may extend to Rs. 200, or with both.

The Schedule.

FORM I.

(See Rule 5.)

1. Name, occupation and residence of applicant.
2. Description of airship*.
3. Maker of airship.
4. Description of engines.†
5. Whence airship has been obtained.
6. Place at which airship will be kept.
7. (a) Whether applicant has previously been granted a license or not, and
(b) if previously granted a license, the date and details of the license and whether cancelled for breach of condition or for any other cause.

* The description of the airship shall include the following particulars—

- (1) for dirigibles.—
 - (a) Type, rigid, semi-rigid or non-rigid.
 - (b) Cubic capacity of envelope.
 - (c) Over all length.

- (d) Diameter.
- (e) Material of which envelope is made and name of maker.
- (f) Total carrying capacity in weight.
- (g) Total carrying capacity in number of passengers.
- (2) For aeroplanes.—
 - (a) Type, monoplane or bi-plane.
 - (b) Whether tractor or propeller driven.
 - (c) Total span (port to starboard.)
 - (d) Total length (fore and aft.)
 - (e) Height.
 - (f) Total carrying capacity in weight.
 - (g) Total carrying capacity in live load including pilot.
 - (h) Disposal of seating accommodation, *i. e.*, side by side or tandem.
 - (i) Position of driving seat in relation to passengers, *i. e.*, in front or behind or right or left.
 - (j) Whether fitted with dual control.

† The description of engines shall include a statement of the number and size of the cylinders and the horse power developed.

FORM II.

Form of license to possess and use an airship (see rule 6.)

No. of 191 .

License to possess and use on airship granted in accordance with Rule 3 of the Bangalore Indian Airship Rules, 1913.

(Name)

of

(Address)

is hereby licensed to possess and use an airship*

This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Airships Act, 1911, as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore and of the Bangalore Airship Rules, 1913, and to the following conditions, namely:—

- (1) The licensee shall notify either personally or by registered letter the authority by whom this license is granted of any change in the place where such airship is kept provided that such change is for a period exceeding fifteen days.
- (2) The licensee shall notify either personally or by registered letter the said authority of the destruction, loss, export, transfer or intended transfer of the said airship, and in case of transfer of the name and address of the transferee or intending transferee.
- (3) The licensee shall return the license to the authority granting it when the airship is destroyed, exported, transferred, sold or lost beyond recovery.

Signatur

Commissioner of Police.

or District Magistrate.

or Assistant Resident.

Dated

19 .

* Here give particulars in accordance with the application.

Bangalore, the 18th October 1913.

No. 64.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore that land is required for a public purpose, namely, for town extension.

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act, I of 1894, as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Civil and Military Station is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	Boundaries.				REMARKS.
				North	East.	South.	West.	
Doddigunta Kayamgutta Village, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	Bailiff Narasimannah.	Ryotwari land, Survey No. 7, dry and garden.	Dry 37 guntas } Garden 23 " } Karab 1 " } 1 21.	Railway line.	Wheeler Road.	Sweepers' huts (Municipal land).	Christian cemetery, Survey No. 9.	As per plan in the Collector's Office.
	Kayamguttadar Messrs A. Narainswamy Mudr & Co.	Uncultivated waste, Survey No. 9, dry.	6 guntas.	Railway line.	Survey No. 7.	Survey No. 8 (Christian cemetery).	Survey No. 10 (Municipal land).	
	Anniiah.	Ryotwari land, Survey No. 14, garden.	Garden 27 guntas. Karab 1 gunta. 28 guntas.	Land, Survey No. 13.	Sweepers' huts (Municipal land).	Survey Nos. 15 and 16.	Nalla.	

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
Doddigunta Kayamgutta Village, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	(1) Narasappah. (2) Kalappah. (3) Mortgage Chinnappah.	Shanbogue Inam for the time being enjoyed by the Kayamguttadar A. Narainsawmy Moodr & Co.	Uttaradi Mutt and Raghavendra swamy Mutt.	Arokeyappa and his six brothers, sons of late Savarayee.	Ryotwari land, Survey No. 16, garden.	1 acre and 26 guntas.	Survey No. 14. Survey No. 15. Survey No. 17 and Wheeler Road. Nalla.	

As per plan in the Collector's Office.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
Doddigunta Kayamgutta Village, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.	B. R. Rangannah.	Ryotwari land, Survey No. 12, garden.	25 guntas.	Survey No. 11 (Municipal land).	Nalla.	Nalla.	Hindu Cemetery Road.	As per plan in the Collector's Office.
	Hajee Mohamad Hussain Sait, son of Habeeb Sait.	Ryotwari land, Survey No. 21, dry.	2 acres 19 guntas.	Nalla.	Nalla.	Survey Nos. 20 and 22.	Hindu Cemetery Road.	

No. 65.—Captain Robert McCombe resigns his Commission. Dated 6th October 1913.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,

First Assistant Resident.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

NOTICE.

Notice of removal of the office of the Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 2.

The office of the Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 2, will be removed from 105, Clive Street, to the Imperial Secretariat Building, Calcutta. On and from 27th October 1913 all postal communications should be addressed to

The SENIOR GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR OF RAILWAYS,

Circle No. 2,

Imperial Secretariat Building,

2, Government Place West,

Calcutta.

Telegraphic address—"Balustar," Calcutta.

Telephone—38, Central.

A. BROUGH, CAPT. R.E.,

for Senior Government Inspector of Railways,

Circle No. 2.

CALCUTTA,

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 17th October 1913.

No. 29.—Mr. W. C. K. Berrie, Executive Engineer, is granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, one month's furlough in extension of the combined leave previously granted him, *vide* this Office Notification No. 35, dated 9th December 1912.

No. 30.—Mr. F. E. Cole, Signal Engineer, is granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, 14 days' furlough in extension of the combined leave previously granted him, *vide* this office Notification No. 10, dated 13th March 1912.

The 21st October 1913.

No. 31.—Mr. H. D. Creedy, Assistant Engineer, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Persian held on the 1st October 1913.

No. 32.—Mr. J. A. Tomlinson, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani, held on the 1st October 1913.

No. 33.—Mr. D. H. Hammonds, Assistant Engineer, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani, held on the 1st October 1913.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,
Agent, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

ODDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lucknow, the 25th October 1913.

No. 20.—Mr. N. D. Calder, District Traffic Superintendent, Class II, Grade 5 of the Senior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, an extension of 4 months and 18 days furlough, in continuation of six months' combined leave previously granted, *vide* this Office Notification No. 5, dated 11th March 1913.

The 27th October 1913.

No. 21.—Mr. G. C. Laughton, Assistant Engineer, passed the professional examination prescribed in Public Works Department Code, Volume I, paragraphs 167 to 169 on the 18th October 1913.

W. D. WAGHORN, Major, R.E.,
Agent, O. & R. Railway.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 27th October 1913.

No. 695.—Captain E. C. Baker, R. E., Officiating Deputy Superintendent is confirmed Deputy Superintendent with effect from the 23rd September 1913, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. Gordon, I. A., retired.

The 30th October 1913.

No. 696.—The following probationers of the Provincial Service are confirmed in the department with effect from the 1st November 1913:—

Mr. Narendra Nath Chuckerbutty.
„ Allan Francis Murphy.
„ Dharendra Nath Banerjee.

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Colonel, R.E.,
Offg. Surveyor General of India.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Mount Abu, the 22nd October 1913.

No. 1639.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act V of 1898) the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Munshi Mithan Lal, General Manager, Court of Wards, Ajmer, to be an Honorary Magistrate and to invest him with the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd class to be exercised within the limits of Ajmer-Merwara.

No. 1640.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Ajmer Courts Regulation, 1 of 1877, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Munshi Mithan Lal, General Manager, Court of Wards, Ajmer, to be a Subordinate Judge of the 2nd class in the district of Ajmer-Merwara.

By order,

A. D. BANNERMAN, Lieut.-Col.,

First Assistant to the Hon'ble the
Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 7th (Queen's Own) Hussars,
dated at Bangalore, this 26th day of October 1913.

Number, Rank and Name—7434, Private, Eric Stanley Boddington. Age—26 years 10 months. Height—5 feet 6½ inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, hazel. Trade—Engineer's Assistant. Date of enlistment—26th June 1911.	Place of enlistment—Green Lane, Tottenham, London. Parish and County in which born—Penzance, Cornwall. Date of desertion or absence—20th October 1913. Place of desertion or absence—Bangalore, India. Marks—Small mole back of neck, scar under side right heel. Under 3 years' service.
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W. PAGET-TOMLINSON, *Capt. and Adjt.*,

For Commanding 7th (Queen's Own) Hussars.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the M. Sc. Examination in Physiology :—

CLASS II.

Basu, Norendramohan, II University Student.

CLASS III.

Niyogi, Satyendraprasad, II University Student.

SENATE HOUSE :

The 27th October 1913.

P. BRÜHL,

Offg. Registrar.

REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

Dated Quetta, the 21st October 1913.

No. 3805.—It is notified for general information that the persons named in the sub-joined table have passed the Naib Tahsildars examination held at Quetta on the 31st July and 1st and 2nd August 1913 in the subjects noted in column 5.

S. No.	Name of Candidate.	Fathers Name.	Designation.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5
<i>Candidates who appeared and failed in the Naib Tahsildars examination during 1910.</i>				
1	L. Bhanjan Lal	J. Tola Ram	N. T. Kohlu	Passed in Mathematics and completes the examination.
<i>Candidates who appeared and failed in the Naib Tahsildar's examination during 1911.</i>				
2	M. Muhammad Shirin.	M. Wazir Muhammad.	N. T. Hindubagh	Passed in Tahsil Accounts and completes the examination.
3	M. Mir Khan Gishkori.	M. Ghulam Ali	...	Passed in Civil Law and completes the examination.
4	M. Abdul Ghani of Zhob.	M. Nur Ahmad Khan.	Vernacular Record Keeper, Zhob.	Passed in Land Revenue Act, failed in Mathematics.
<i>Candidates who appeared and failed in the Naib Tahsildar's examination during 1912.</i>				
5	M. Mahbub Ali Shah.	S. Shah Hussain	N. T. Shahrih	Passed in Land Revenue Act and Civil Law; failed in Tahsil Accounts, Mathematics and Criminal Law.
6	M. Mir Ahmad Shah.	S. Mir Alam Shah.	N. T. Sinjawi	Passed in Tahsil Accounts and Civil Law and completes the examination.
7	M. Abid Shah	S. Karam Bakhsh	N. T. Fort Sandeman.	Passed in Land Revenue Act and Frontier Crimes Regulation; failed in Mathematics.
8	M. Murtaza Khan	M. Maula Dad Khan.	N. T. Shahrih	Passed in Land Revenue Act and Civil Law; failed in Mathematics and Criminal Law.
9	M. Muhammad Ishaq.	S. Ahmad Khan	...	Passed in Civil Law; Criminal Law and Frontier Crimes Regulations. Held to have passed in Tahsil accounts and completed the examination subject to his satisfying the Political Agent of his district of his knowledge of this subject within six months of his appointment as Naib Tahsildar.
10	S. Nur Ahmad Khan.	S. Shar Ahmad Khan.	Clerk, Revenue Commissioner's Office.	Passed in Land Revenue Act and Frontier Crimes Regulations. Held to have passed in Tahsil accounts and completed the examination, subject to the same condition as against No. 9.
11	M. Man Mohan Singh.	B. Murari Singh	Clerk, Political Agent, Kalat's Office.	Passed in Civil Law and Frontier Crimes Regulations; failed in Tahsil accounts, Mathematics and Criminal Law.
12	M. Ramjawaya Mal.	L. Mul Raj	Sadar Kanungo, Quetta.	Passed in Mathematics, Criminal Law, and Frontier Crimes Regulations and completes the examination.
13	M. Mir Alam Jan.	Q. Sher Muhammad Khan.	Sub-Inspector, Police.	Passed in Mathematics and Criminal Law; failed in Land Revenue Act, Tahsil accounts and Civil Law.
<i>Candidates who appeared first in the Naib Tahsildar's examination of 1913.</i>				
14	M. Mahmud Khan.	M. Abdulla Khan	N. T. Bori	Passed in all the subjects and completes the examination.
15	M. Abdul Rahman.	Sher Muhammad Khan.	Field Kanungo, Hindubagh.	Ditto ditto.
16	M. Tulshi Dass	Malik Beli Ram	Field Kanungo, Fort Sandeman.	Passed in Tahsil accounts, Civil Law and Frontier Crimes Regulations; failed in Land Revenue Act, Mathematics and Criminal Law.
17	M. Furdil Khan	M. Johandad Khan.	Field Kanungo, Sibi.	Passed in all the subjects and completes the examination.

C. ARCHER,

Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 23rd October 1913.

No. 7888-C. and I.—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current at the head-quarters of the Province of Delhi are published for information.

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food-grains, etc., in the mart at the head-quarters of the Province of Delhi, during the fortnight ending 15th October 1913.

Items.	Wholesale price in Rupees.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	
Rice, unhusked	3 8 0	
„ husked	6 11 0	
Wheat	3 12 0	
Barley	2 15 0	
Oats . . . . .	...
Jowar	2 10 6	
Eajra	3 3 0	
Maize	3 0 0	
Gram	2 15 0	
Arhar Dāl	3 12 0	
Linseed	9 0 0	
Rapeseed (Sarshaf)	6 0 0	
Poppyseed . . . . .	...
Til (Jinjili seed)	9 8 0	
Sugar (raw), Gur	4 0 0	
Cotton (cleaned)	25 0 0	
Cotton seed	2 8 0	
Ghi	58 0 0	
Flour (wheat)	4 3 0	
Tobacco leaf (dry)	7 0 0	
Turmeric (unground)	10 0 0	
Salt, Sambhar	1 12 0	
Raw hides (cow)	35 0 0	
Bran	2 0 0	
Grass (dry)	1 2 3	
Bhrsa	1 0 0	
Jowar stalks (dry)	1 2 3	
Kerosene oil (per tin, stating the brand) (Victoria)	2 2 9	
Plough bullocks, per pair	150 0 0	
Sheep, per score	80 0 0	
Bejhar	2 15 0	

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the head-quarters of the Delhi Province at the close of the half month ending 15th October 1913.

Items.	Amount per Rupee.	REMARKS.
	Srs. Chs.	
Wheat, white	10 0	
Barley	13 0	
Rice { Best sort	3 0	
{ Common sort	5 12	
Jowár (Andropogon sorghum)	14 0	
Bájra (Pennisetum typhoideum)	12 0	
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana) . . . . .	...	} Not available.
Kangni (Setaria Italica) . . . . .	...
Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)	13 0	
Maize	12 8	
Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dál)	10 0	
Firewood	55 0	
Salt, Sambhar { Wholesale	23 0	
{ Retail	22 0	
Gur	9 0	
Cotton (unginned)	4 4	
Bejhar	13 0	

No. 7896-Education.—The following schedule of revised rates for wheel tax proposed to be levied in the Notified Area of Delhi, having been approved by the Chief Commissioner, Delhi Province, is notified for general information under section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act III of 1911.

The revised rates shall come into force on and from the 1st February, 1914.

SCHEDULE.

Class of vehicleg.	Existing rate of tax per wheel per mensem.	Proposed rate of tax per wheel per mensem.	REMARKS.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Carts and thelas drawn by bullocks, etc.—			
All tyres $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches and more	0 4 0	0 4 0	If there is any wheel less than 2 feet 6 inches, an additional rate of 0-3-0 per mensem per cart shall be imposed.
" " less than $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches and 2 inches or more than 2 inches	0 4 0	0 6 0	
" " less than 2 inches	0 4 0	1 0 0	
Hand drawn vehicles—			
All tyres $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches and more	0 2 0	0 2 0	If there is any wheel less than 2 feet 6 inches an additional rate of 0-3-0 per mensem per cart shall be imposed.
" " less than $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches and 2 inches or more than 2 inches	0 2 0	0 3 0	
" " less than 2 inches	0 2 0	0 8 0	
All other vehicles except Hackney carriages	0 4 0	0 4 0	
Hackney carriages	0 2 0	0 2 0	

No. 7911-Education. In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3(1) of the Ancient Monuments' Preservation Act, VII of 1904, the Chief Commissioner proposes to declare that the undermentioned monuments are protected within the meaning of the Act.

Monuments.	Locality.
1. Nicholson Statue and its platform, and the surrounding gardens, paths and enclosure wall.	Outside the Kashmiri gate, Delhi.
2. Mutiny memorial with its surrounding garden.	On the ridge, Delhi.
3. Hindu Rao's House now used as the station hospital	Do. do.
4. Old Baoli immediately to the west of No. 3	Do. do.
5. The remaining gateways of the old Magazine with their adjoining buildings.	Near the Post Office, Delhi.
6. Kotla Firoz Shah, Firozabad, with the remaining walls, bastions and gateways, and gardens, the old mosque, and well and all the other ruined buildings it contains.	Two furlongs east of the Jail and some 3 furlongs due south of the south-east corner of Shahjahanabad, Delhi.

Monuments.	Locality.
7. Purana Qila (Indrapat) or Delhi (Sher Shahi). with all its walls, arcades, gateways, and bastions and gardens, the mosque of Sher Shah (Kila Kohna Masjid), the Sher Mandal and entrances to Subterranean passages.	Two miles south of the Delhi gate of Shahjahanabad, Delhi.
8. Lal Darwaza, the northern gate of the outer walls of the Delhi of Sher Shah.	Three furlongs due south of the Delhi Gate of Shahjahanabad immediately to the east of the Jail, Delhi.
9. Uggar Sain's Baoli	In Madhoganj near the Jantar Mantar observatory, Delhi.
10. The tomb of Safdar Jang (Mirza Muqim Mansur Ali Khan) with all its enclosure walls, gateways, and gardens and the mosque on the east side of the gardens.	Three and a half miles due south of the south wall of Shahjahanabad and one mile five furlongs due west of Nizam-uddin Railway Station, Delhi.
11. Site of battery (south-east corner of the gardens) with the following inscriptions :— " Left attack, Lieutenant W. Greathhead, R. E., directing Engineer, No. III battery, armament six 18 pounders, Major Willam Smith R. A. Commanding. To breach curtain of water bastion."	Qudsia Garden, Delhi.
12. Site of Battery (north-west corner of the gardens) with the following inscription :— " Left attack, Lieutenant W. H. Greathhead, Bengal Engineers, Directing Engineer, No. IV battery, armament 10 mortars, Captain and Brevet Major H. Tombs, Bengal Artillery, Commanding. To breach Kashmir gate and Kashmiri water bastions."	Ditto. ditto.
13. The Mosque	Ditto, ditto.
14. The old entrance gateway of the garden	Ditto. ditto.

Any objection to the above proposal received in writing within one month from the date of posting by the Deputy Commissioner will be taken into consideration by the Chief Commissioner.

No. 7921-Education. --The Chief Commissioner is pleased to extend the provisions of section 142 of the Punjab Municipal Act, III of 1911, to the Delhi Municipality.

No. 7931-Home. --The following return of deaths registered in the province of Delhi during the half month ending 15th October 1913, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
Name of Towns and Rural Circles in the District.	Deaths registered in previous half month.	Total in present half month.	Death registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age.			REMARKS.
			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
P. S. Alipur	60	40	...	...	...	24	1	12	...	...	3	1	5	6	11
Nangloi	25	34	...	1	...	22	...	11	...	...	...	...	4	10	14
Najafgarh	52	55	...	...	...	25	1	24	1	...	4	...	12	6	18
Subsimundi	6	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paharganj	9	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mehrauli	45	38	...	...	...	26	...	12	...	...	...	...	9	3	12
Total of the District	197	173	...	1	...	103	2	59	1	...	7	1	30	25	55	

The 25th October 1913.

No. 7985-Education.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of Act III of 1911, the Punjab Municipal Act, it is hereby notified that the following person has been appointed, under section 12 of the said Act, a member of the Municipal Committee in the Delhi district :—

Mr. F. C. Waller

Vice Lala Radha Kishen, resigned.

No. 7988-Education.—Under the provisions of section 242 (1) (a) of Act III of 1911, the Punjab Municipal Act, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint the following person a member of the Committee of the Notified Area, Delhi :— Mr. F. C. Waller, *vice* Mr. A. W. Philip, resigned.

No. 7998-Home.—Lala Daswandhi Ram, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Land Acquisition Officer, Delhi, has been granted one and a half month's privilege leave, with effect from the afternoon of the 16th October 1913.

No. 8006-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned municipal towns in the province of Delhi for the week ending Saturday, the 18th October, 1913, is published for information. :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.										Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of Births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of Deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
	Delhi . . .	230,471	114	108	222	71	80	151	...	...	...	102	5	26	..	18	10	25	21	46	54	38.3
	Notified Area.	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total . . .	...	115	109	224	71	80	151	...	...	...	102	5	26	...	18	10	25	21	46	...	...

No. 8012-Education.—In anticipation of his services being placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner the Reverend H. G. England, Chaplain of Rawalpindi, is appointed second chaplain at Delhi, with effect from the 20th October 1913, or the subsequent date on which he may assume charge of his duties.

The 27th of October 1913.

No. 8037-Education.—The following draft of proposed rules for the employment and payment by the district board and municipal committee of compounders for duty in hospitals and dispensaries in the province of Delhi is hereby published, under the provisions of section 60 (1) of Act XX of 1883 (The Punjab District Boards Act) and section 200 of Act III of 1911 (The Punjab Municipal Act) for the purpose of giving information to persons interested therein, and will be taken into consideration after the expiration of six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification. The Chief Commissioner is prepared to receive and consider any objection or any suggestion which may be made by any person with respect to the draft if forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, before the expiry of the period above named :—

DRAFT.

- I. A probationer on appointment to a dispensary shall receive pay at the rate of Rs. 8 per mensem, and shall continue to draw the same rate of pay during the first year of service. He must be not less than 16 and not more than 25 years of age when appointed, and able to read and write Urdu fluently.
- II. After one year's service in the grade of probationer (provided he shall have given satisfaction by his conduct and acquirements) the probationer shall be entitled to be promoted, with the sanction of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, to the class of 4th grade compounder and to a salary of Rs. 11 per mensem. If while serving in the 4th grade he can pass such an examination

in English as may be prescribed for that grade, he shall draw one rupee extra per mensem from the date of passing.

III. After four years' approved service in the 4th grade a compounder shall be entitled, with the sanction of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, to promotion to the 3rd grade and to a salary of Rs. 15 per mensem; provided that, in the event of his passing such examination in English as may be prescribed for the 3rd grade during his service as 3rd grade compounder, he shall be entitled to pay at the rate of Rs. 17 per mensem.

[N. B.—A compounder who has passed the English Examination prescribed for the 4th grade (Rule II) and is entitled to the extra Re. 1 per mensem for having so passed shall draw Rs. 16 per mensem on first promotion to the 3rd grade.]

IV. No compounder shall be entitled to promotion beyond the 3rd grade, nor to an increase of pay beyond Rs. 15 per mensem, until he shall have passed the examination in English referred to in Rule III.

NOTE.—A compounder who has been employed for not less than five years previous to October 1888, and who owing to age is unable to pass the examination referred to in Rule III may, on the special recommendation of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, be promoted by the Chief Commissioner.

V. On the completion of five years' approved service in the 3rd grade a compounder who has passed the examination above specified shall be entitled to promotion with the sanction of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, to the 2nd grade, and to a salary of Rs. 20 per mensem.

VI. On the completion of five years' approved service in the 2nd grade, a compounder shall be entitled to promotion, with the sanction of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, to the 1st grade and to a salary of Rs. 25 per mensem.

VII. To facilitate the grant of leave, an extra compounder shall be attached to each district.

NOTE.—The above rates of pay shall apply in future to compounders employed in Government hospitals and dispensaries.

No. 8047-Education.—I. Dhanpat Rai, Varma, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Delhi, assumed charge of his duties as Plague Medical Officer, Delhi, on the forenoon of the 20th October 1913.

The 28th October 1913.

No. 8085 Education.—Whereas the Municipal Committee of Delhi has applied to the Local Government, under the provision of Section 58 of Act III of 1911, and whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, that the land is required by Government for a public purpose, namely, for erection of a vegetable market, it is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

The declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act I of 1894, and under Section 7 of the said Act, the Deputy Commissioner of Delhi is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the ownership of the said land.

SPECIFICATION.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauza.	Area in square yards.	Boundaries.	Place where the plan may be inspected.
Delhi	Delhi	Delhi	786 square yards	<p><i>North.</i></p> <p>Public street</p> <p><i>South.</i></p> <p>Masjid Qazi Sahib Wali and house of Haji Ali Jan.</p> <p><i>West.</i></p> <p>House of Haji Ali Jan and street.</p> <p><i>East.</i></p> <p>Public street situated in Kucha Chelan, Delhi, Ward No. II.</p>	Office of Deputy Commissioner, Delhi.

No. 8112.—The following Schedule of the Revised Octroi Rates proposed to be levied in the Notified Area of Delhi in the Delhi Province having been approved by the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Delhi, is published for general information, under Section 62 (9) of the Punjab Municipal Act III of 1911.

The revised rates shall come into force on and from 1st January 1914.

OCTROI SCHEDULE.

NOTIFIED AREA, DELHI.

1	2	3	4	5	6
ARTICLES. SCHEDULE.	RATE OF OCTROI.			Tariff value assumed for purposes of calculating maximum rate permissible.	Maximum rate permissible under Government of India Resolution, Home Department No. 206-212, dated 9th December 1904.
	By maundage.	Advalorem.	By tale.		
CLASS I—ARTICLES OF FOOD AND DRINK.					
1. Refined Sugar, i.e., all crystallized of every country, i.e., khand sugarcandy, bura, kand, including sugar raw.	Rs. A. P. 1 8 0	...	...	Rs. A. P. 16 0 0 per md.	Rs. A. P. 9 6 0 per cent.*
2. Unrefined sugar, including "gurh," shakar, shira, rab and mizan khand.	0 8 0	...	...	5 4 4 "	9 8 0 " .*
3. Ghi	1 8 0	...	...	50 0 0 "	3 12 0 " *
4. Other articles of food and drink—					
(a) All fruits	...	9 pies per rupee	...	Various rates	4 11 0 "
(b) All vegetables and edible roots	...		...
(c) All sorts of country sweets which are wholly or partly made or coated with sugar brought for sale.	0 9 0	...	...	18 0 0	3 2 0 "
(d) Betel nut (of all sorts)	0 1 0	...	...	10 0 0	10 0 0 " *
(e) Betel leaf	1 8 0	...	...	32 0 0	4 11 0 "
(f) Dried fruits of every country with dry singhara except those imported direct or indirect from Europe or America.	0 1 0	...	...	18 3 0	4 11 0 "
CLASS II—ARTICLES USED FOR FUEL, LIGHTING AND WARMING.					
1. Vegetable and country oil of all kinds	0 8 0	...	...	16 0 0 per md.	3 2 0 "
2. All sorts of oil seeds except rapeseed (sarshaf)	0 2 6	...	...	5 0 0 "	3 2 0 "
3. Wax and tallow candles	...	6 pies per rupee	...	Various rates	3 2 0 "
4. Chandeliers, globes, lamps and chimneys	...	do.	...	do.	3 2 0 "
5. Potash, ritha and soda	0 1 0	...	...	10 0 0 per md.	3 2 0 "
6. Sajji	0 0 5	...	...	2 8 0 "	3 2 0 "
CLASS III—ARTICLES USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS.					
1. All wood for building purposes and wood that can be used for buildings purposes.	...	9 pies per rupee	...	Various rates	4 11 0 "
2. Bamboos and balls that can be used in buildings	...		...
3. Red and white stone, black stone, marble and tolis of khara stone.	...		...
4. (a) Large bricks, i.e., gumma	...	...	As. 6 per 1,000	12 0 0 per 1,000	4 11 0 "
(b) " " gutka	...	...	" 4 "	8 0 0 "	4 11 0 "
(c) Small " lakhori	...	...	" 1 "	4 0 0 "	4 11 0 "
5. (a) Chalk including kharia matti, multani, peori, geru, hiramzi, ramraj and silkhari, etc.	0 0 6	...	...	0 10 8 per md.	4 11 0 "
(b) All lime stone and lime made of stone except kankar.	0 1 3	...	...	1 11 0 "	4 11 0 "
CLASS IV—DRUGS, SPICES AND PERFUMES.					
1. Drugs—					
(a) All European medicines and mixtures except cinchona and quinine.	...	9 pies per rupee	...	Various rates	4 11 0 "
(b) All Indian medicines with Sang Surma	0 1 0	...	...	10 0 0 per md.	4 11 0 "
2. Spices:—					
1. All spices and all other articles of groceries	0 1 0	...	...	10 0 0 "	4 11 0 "
CLASS V—TOBACCO.					
(a) All sorts of foreign tobacco including cigars, cheroots, etc.	...	6 pies per rupee	...	Various rates	3 2 0 "
(b) Tobacco, 1st quality, i.e. (amanat khani and surti).	2 0 0	...	...	16 0 0 per md.	1 8 "
(c) Tobacco, 1st quality, i.e., (Poorbi) used for eating, smoking or as snuff, including all sorts of tobacco used for smoking (prepared and unprepared).	1 0 0	...	...	13 0 0 "	7 11 0 "
(d) Tobacco, 3rd quality, i.e., (kanni)	0 2 0	...	...	4 0 0 "	3 2 0 "
CLASS VI—FINER GOODS AND TEXTILE FABRICS.					
1. Kinari, gota, gold and silver lace, real and imitation, and wiro and thread of all kinds.	...	6 pies per rupee	...	Various rates	3 2 0 "
CLASS VII—METALS AND ARTICLES MADE OF METAL.					
1. Metal and articles made wholly or principally thereof, including bicycles, sewing machines, etc. etc., except gold and silver coins, ornaments, jewellery, and such machinery as does not pay Customs duty.	...	do.	...	do.	3 2 0 "

N. B.—All other articles of groceries except those made of metals and are taxed under separate head are liable to pay Octroi tax at 1 anna per maund.

NOTE—The rates marked * were specially sanctioned for the Delhi Municipal Committee by Government of India's No. 3, dated 6th January 1908.

By order, etc.,

G. F. DEMONTMORENCY,
Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

CORRIGENDA.

Corrigenda to Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 7462, dated the 30th September 1913, reviewing the report of the Delhi Municipality for the year 1912-13.

Paragraph 4. In line 3, for "ability" read "utility".

Paragraph 6. In line 2, for "dabar" read "darbar". In line 6 for "put" read "part".

Paragraph 8. In line 6 from the bottom for "latter" read "better".

The 28th October 1913.

In the notification of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, No. 6086-Education, dated 11th August 1913, after the words "the revised rates shall come into force on and from the 1st January 1914" add "except in so far as they relate to Kirana (dried fruits class I.4-f) in regard to which the new rate shall come into force from 1st November 1913".

G. F. de MONTMORENCY,

Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner Delhi.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st October 1913.

No. 1761s-*Ap.*—Lala Sukhdial Das, Superintendent, R.M.S., 3rd grade, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 1st October 1913.

Babu Pramatha Nath Banerji, clerk, office of the Inspector-General, R.M.S. and Sorting, Northern Circle, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, R.M.S., 5th grade, with effect from the 12th October 1913 and until further orders, *vice* Lala Sukhdial Das, on privilege leave.

The 22nd October 1913.

No. 1770s-*Ap.*—The following promotions and appointments in the grades of Deputy Postmaster-General are made :—

- (1) With effect from the 17th August 1913 :—
 Mr. C. C. Sheridan, C.I.E., to be confirmed in the 1st grade ;
 Mr. H. L. Duncan to be confirmed in the 2nd grade ;
 Khan Bahadur Muhammad Kazim to be confirmed in the 3rd grade.
- (2) With effect from the 16th October 1913, *vice* Mr. W. J. O'Grady, Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, Bengal, retired :—
 Mr. W. A. Roussac to be promoted to the 2nd grade ;
 Mr. C. A. Stowell, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, to be Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, Bengal. He will continue to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, and Inspector-General, R.M.S. and Sorting, Southern Circle, until further orders, in the arrangements, *vice* Mr. P. J. Gorman, appointed to act as Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, Burma.
- (3) With effect from the 21st October 1913, *vice* Mr. A. H. Sparling, Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, and Inspector-General, R. M. S. and Sorting, Eastern Circle, retired :—
 Mr. M. J. Stephen, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, to be Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, and Inspector-General, R.M.S. and Sorting, Eastern Circle. He will continue to act in the 2nd grade until further orders, *vice* Khan Bahadur Muhammad Kazim, on privilege leave.

No. 1773s-*Ap.*—Mr. M. J. Stephen, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, and officiating Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, is appointed to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, and Inspector-General, R. M. S. and Sorting, Eastern Circle, with effect from the 10th October 1913 and until further orders.

Mr A. B. Thompson, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, and officiating Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, is appointed to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, and Inspector-General, R.M.S. and Sorting, Northern Circle, with effect from the 16th October 1913 and until further orders.

Mr. S. C. W. Rose, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is appointed to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, Bombay, with effect from the 13th October 1913 and until further orders.

The 23rd October 1913.

No. 1778s-*Ap.*—Babu Mahendra Nath Lahiri, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for fifteen days with effect from the 27th October 1913.

No. 1783s-*Ap.*—Babu Surendra Nath Das, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 23rd September 1913.

Babu Dina Nath Gossain, clerk, office of the Postmaster General, Eastern Bengal and Assam, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Babu Surendra Nath Das, or until further orders.

The 24th October 1913.

No. 1791s-*Ap.*—Mr. S. C. Sinclair, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 8th November 1913 or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1795s-*Ap.*—Mr. Syed Azharul Haq, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted a further extension of privilege leave for 1 month and 12 days with effect from the 1st October 1913.

No. 1809s-*Ap.*—Babu Man Mohan Lal, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, United Provinces, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, from the 1st September 1913 to the 16th October 1913 inclusive, in the arrangement *vice* Mr. H. C. Roussac, on combined leave.

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th October 1913.

No. 1260s-*G.*—The following reversion in the Upper Subordinate establishments (General Branch) of the Telegraph Department is sanctioned with effect from the 27th September 1913.

Name.	From	To
Mr. M. C. Johnson	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, offg.	Telegraph Master.

Calcutta, the 30th October 1913.

5812-*T.*—Mr. C. J. Smith, Deputy Superintendent (Traffic), 2nd class, pay Rs. 250-325, is granted privilege leave for forty-two days with effect from the 15th September 1913.

Mr. J. W. Ritchie, Telegraph Master, pay Rs. 220-250, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, during the absence of Mr. C. J. Smith or until further orders.

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Agra, the 19th October 1913.

No. 188.—Mr. Isharat Husain, Officiating Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, *vice* Mr. C. R. Hunter, Superintendent, on leave, will continue to officiate as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, *vice* Mr. A. G. O. Howard, Superintendent, on leave, or until further orders.

No. 190.—Mr. C. A. M. Beatson, Superintendent of the Ghazipur Circle, Lower Division, Internal Branch, is granted furlough for six months in extension of the period sanctioned by the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 3735-42, dated the 17th May 1913.

The 20th October 1913.

No. 191.—Mr. E. St. C. L. Chopin, Superintendent of the Sambhar Weighment Circle, Sambhar Lake Division, is granted leave on medical certificate for three months from the 8th September 1913.

No. 192.—Mr. W. O. Davey, Officiating Superintendent, 4th grade, *vice* Mr. C. R. Hunter, Superintendent, on leave, will continue to officiate as such during the absence, on leave, of Mr. E. St. C. L. Chopin, Superintendent, or until further orders.

No. 193.—Mr. Ojagar Singh, Inspector, 1st grade, of the Luni Circle, Pachbadra Division, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, from the 16th September 1913, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. E. St. C. L. Chopin, Superintendent, or until further orders.

J. F. CONNOLLY,

Officiating Commissioner,

Northern India Salt Revenue.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 28th October 1913.

No. 1704-G.—Mr. H. S. Cumber, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade (temporary), Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 1st October 1913.

No. 1705-G.—The following officiating appointments of Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, are made, *vice* Mr. H. S. Cumber, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade (temporary), granted privilege leave :—

I. From the 1st to the 12th October 1913.

Mr. W. S. Browne to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

II. From the 13th October 1913.

Mr. E. D. Ewing to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

No. 1706-G.—The following reversion of an Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified :—

From the 3rd October 1913, the date of Captain P. Ashfield's return from privilege leave.

Mr. W. H. Johnston, Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to his own grade.

No. 1707-G.—Major H. G. W. Chandler, I. A., Military Accountant, 2nd class, Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for one day in extension of the privilege leave notified in Finance Department (Military Finance) Gazette Notification No. 1150-Accts, dated the 29th August 1913.

No. 1708-G.—The following reversion of an Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified :—

From the 3rd October 1913, the date of Major H. G. W. Chandler's return from privilege leave.

Mr. H. A. Windsor, Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to his own grade.

No. 1709-G.—The following reversion of an Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified :—

From the 8th October 1913, consequent on Captain H. F. Shairp's return from privilege leave.

Mr. W. Davies, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to his own grade.

No. 1710-G.—Captain J. F. Allen, I. A., Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for 30 days, from the 8th November 1913, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

B. W. MARLOW, COLONEL,

Military Accountant General.

THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 25th October 1913.

No. 3852-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of British Baluchistan proposes to make the following amendments in conditions 1 and 3 endorsed on License Form F mentioned in rule 9, Chapter IV, Part II of the Petroleum Rules published in his Notification No. 2308, dated the 29th April 1909;—

Condition 1.—Add the following words at the beginning of the condition:—

“When not carried in a receptacle forming part of a motor vehicle.”

Condition 3.—Delete the words—

“not forming part of a motor vehicle.”

This draft is published under the provisions of section 24 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 2nd December 1913.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft amendments before the date fixed as aforesaid will receive consideration.

By order,

T. W. HAIG, Lt.-Col.,

Secretary.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL
AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 23rd October 1913.

No. 5964.—It is notified for information that the following persons have been granted Certificates of Approval, bearing this date, by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan under Part I of the Rules for the grant, by Local Governments of Licenses to prospect for minerals and of Mining leases in British India, published with Government of India Resolution No. 7552—7581—121 of the 15th September 1913.

(i) Herbert Minck, Esq., Marjorie Villa, Lahore.

J. C. RIMINGTON, LT.-COL., R.E.,

Secretary to the Hon'ble the Agent to the
Governor-General in Baluchistan, P. W. D.

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Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 10, by Rai Sarat Chandra Das Bahadur at Re. 1.

Samaraicca Kaha. Fasc. 5, by Dr. H. Jacobi at As. 10.

Saduktikaranamrita. Fasc. 1, by Ramavatara Sarma at As. 10.

Smriti Prokas. Fasc. 1, by M. M. Sadasiva Misra at As. 10.

Amar Tika Kamadhenuh. by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at Re. 1.

**LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1913.**

Monthly Weather Review, November 1912 to April 1913. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto Paper cover. Re. 1 per month.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VI. By G. C. Simpson, D.Sc. (Illustrated by 2 plates) Quarto. Paper cover. 8a.

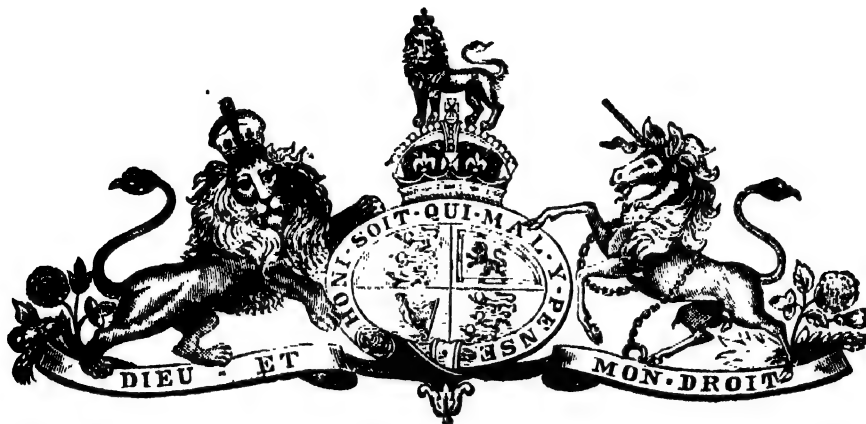
Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VII. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S., and Rai Bahadur Hem Raj. Quarto. Paper cover. 8a.

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXII, Part I. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1-8.

**LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.**

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXII, Part II. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1-8.

***Monthly Weather Reveiw, May 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates).** Quarto. Paper cover Price Re. 1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1913.

 Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. B040479 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1842-43 for ₹100 (one hundred only) originally standing in the name of Purbhudas Harukhchand and last endorsed to Narhar Ganesh-Mogre the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—NARHAR GANESH MOGRE,
Residence—C/o LYON LORD & Co., Ltd.,
Telephone Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

STOLEN.

The upper half of the Government Promissory Note No. 016528 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1879 for ₹1,000 originally standing in the name of Kedar Nath Mukherjee the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of the duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

LOST.

The lower half of the Government Promissory Note No. 102359 of the three and half per cent. loan of 1842-43 for Rs500 (five hundred only) originally standing in the name of Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Sarogini Dabi the proprietress by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

SHRIMOTI SAROGINI DABI,

C/o Babu M. C. Chatterji,

Retired E. A. C.,

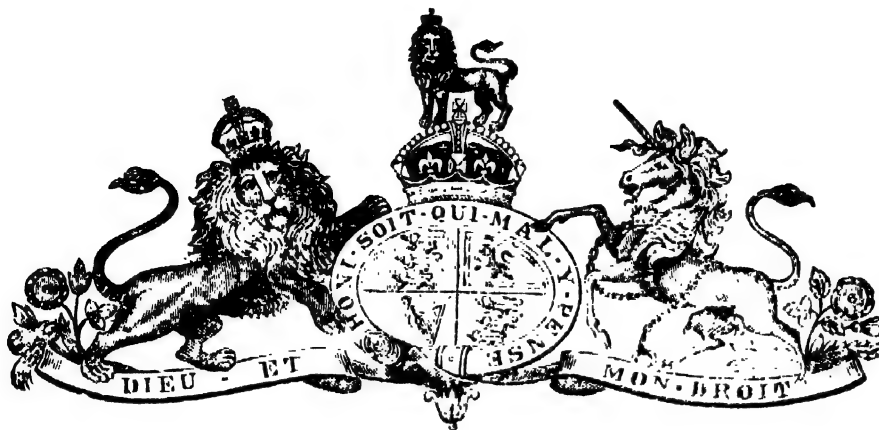
Mucadamganj, Jabalpur, Central Provinces.

Estate A. M. Cruttwell, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Alexander Micklem Cruttwell of Kotalguri, Bindukuri, Assam, who died on 6th April 1913 at Kingussie, Inverness N. B. Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to James Edmund Vallance, of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 13th November next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

J. E. VALLANCE.

Calcutta, 1st October 1913.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 44. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1913.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Majesty the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

IMPORTS (in hundredweights) of **COTTON** (raw), **WHEAT**, **RICE** (including paddy), **GRAM** and **PULSE**, **LINSEED**, **RAPE** and **MUSTARD SEED**, **JUTE**, and **TEA**, into certain ports in August 1913, and from 1st April to 31st August 1913 and in the corresponding period of 1912

Whence exported		COTTON, RAW										Whence exported	
		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL			
		1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913		
Imports in August													
By Rail and River—		943	405	...	...	...	...	...	...	943	405	By Rail and River—	
Assam		1,991	8,913	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,991	8,913	Assam	
Bengal		452	911	...	...	...	...	...	...	452	911	Bengal	
Bihar and Orissa		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bihar and Orissa	
U. P. of Agra and Oudh		3,853	367	3,349	4,293	...	...	...	...	6,702	4,660	U. P. of Agra and Oudh	
Panjab		85	...	55	...	495	142	...	...	635	142	Panjab	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan		...	...	...	...	42	462	...	...	42	462	Sind and Br. Baluchistan	
Raj. and C. India		...	323	10,894	10,170	...	...	...	...	10,894	10,493	Raj. and C. India	
Bombay		1	265	8,415	29,876	...	...	918	348	9,334	30,489	Bombay	
Central Provinces and Berar		2,251	5,943	1,315	6,008	...	...	...	...	3,566	11,951	Central Provinces and Berar	
Nizam's Territory		...	...	10,043	4,895	...	...	16,972	2,738	27,015	7,633	Nizam's Territory	
Madras		...	1	3,284	547	...	...	144,780	75,139	148,078	75,687	Madras	
Mysore		28	...	...	...	...	...	599	1,054	627	1,054	Mysore	
TOTAL		9,104	17,128	37,355	55,789	537	604	163,278	79,279	210,274	152,800	TOTAL	
By Sea—		3,708	2,459	238	...	...	...	2	...	3,948	2,459	By Sea—	
Bengal		1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	Bengal	
Bihar and Orissa		1,114	5,286	...	...	...	5	350	2,100	1,464	7,391	Bihar and Orissa	
Bombay		...	...	539	1,320	...	...	...	...	539	1,320	Bombay	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan		701	2,864	15,871	12,405	...	...	45	...	16,617	15,269	Sind and Br. Baluchistan	
Madras		461	2,169	271	...	...	...	...	...	732	2,169	Madras	
Burma		...	...	50,904	34,273	...	...	...	...	50,904	34,273	Burma	
Non-Br. Ports in India		400	...	14,177	6,349	...	...	175	1,280	14,752	7,609	Non-Br. Ports in India	
Foreign countries		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Foreign countries	
TOTAL		6,335	12,778	82,000	54,347	...	5	572	3,360	86,957	70,490	TOTAL	
TOTAL IMPORTS		15,439	29,906	119,355	110,136	537	609	163,850	82,639	299,231	223,290	TOTAL IMPORTS	
Imports to end of August													
By Rail and River—		7,807	8,487	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,807	8,487	By Rail and River—	
Assam		91,458	77,176	676	...	...	...	...	...	92,134	77,176	Assam	
Bengal		11,498	9,175	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,498	9,175	Bengal	
Bihar and Orissa		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bihar and Orissa	
U. P. of Agra and Oudh		15,773	7,010	33,056	21,779	232	3	...	...	49,061	28,792	U. P. of Agra and Oudh	
Panjab		140	5,470	38,677	12,598	133,053	109,099	...	...	171,870	127,167	Panjab	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan		...	...	...	...	153,099	163,478	...	...	153,099	163,478	Sind and Br. Baluchistan	
Raj. and C. India		78	1,861	259,711	229,443	65	...	...	...	300,534	231,304	Raj. and C. India	
Bombay		803	934	216,644	1,303,187	...	...	5,718	11,322	223,165	1,315,443	Bombay	
Cent. Provs. and Berar		26,723	48,414	563,892	614,248	...	...	...	...	590,615	662,662	Cent. Provs. and Berar	
Nizam's Territory		68	466	263,214	141,166	...	...	106,886	18,217	370,168	159,849	Nizam's Territory	
Madras		1,055	607	42,377	32,760	...	...	1,003,319	691,364	1,046,751	724,731	Madras	
Mysore		28	...	1,239	915	...	...	18,800	12,896	20,067	13,813	Mysore	
TOTAL		156,141	159,600	1,419,486	2,356,096	286,449	272,580	1,184,723	733,801	2,996,799	3,522,077	TOTAL	
By Sea—		28,716	20,377	7,361	2,006	...	...	2	...	36,079	22,383	By Sea—	
Bengal		1	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	65	Bengal	
Bihar and Orissa		6,276	12,131	732	2,438	253	367	13,606	25,014	20,867	39,950	Bihar and Orissa	
Bombay		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan		...	1,057	88,597	56,833	...	...	...	...	88,597	57,390	Sind and Br. Baluchistan	
Madras		24,842	16,591	88,547	85,984	...	...	45	3	113,434	102,578	Madras	
Burma		35,777	37,006	2,147	10,791	...	...	...	10	37,924	47,507	Burma	
Non-Br. Ports in India		...	...	531,374	763,057	37	...	...	...	531,411	763,057	Non-Br. Ports in India	
Foreign countries		10,868	4	409,608	37,034	...	...	10,291	2,150	430,767	39,188	Foreign countries	
TOTAL		106,480	87,231	1,128,366	957,643	290	367	23,944	27,177	1,259,080	1,072,418	TOTAL	
TOTAL IMPORTS		262,621	246,831	2,547,852	3,313,739	286,739	272,947	1,158,667	760,978	4,255,879	4,594,495	TOTAL IMPORTS	

R.—Provinces named in the first and last columns include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" includes the ports of Madras, French Ports with its suburb Villianur and Karikal, exclusive of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Nagapatnam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Visagapatnam, Cuddalore, Cochin, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, and Badagara.

Whence exported	WHEAT								RICE (INCLUD			
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		Calcutta		Karachi	
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913
Imports in August												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
Assam	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	40,757	4	...	...
Bengal	11,256	2,189	...	...	...	...	11,261	2,189	906,977	342,969	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	147,793	13,562	3	...	...	...	147,796	13,562	194,106	75,793	...	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	517,936	377,903	151,412	20,172	606,318	15,166	1,275,066	415,241	4,001	1,154	...	...
Panjab	287	2,772	28,916	...	1,402,332	663,039	1,431,535	665,811	138	526	2,980	4,157
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	3,020	74,232	3,020	74,232	...	...	205,066	125,738
Raj. and C. India	3,511	20,390	163,560	194,184	...	291	167,071	215,165	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	209	2,689	6,451	...	...	2,689	6,660	...	...	...	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	236	65,119	294,201	477,916	...	...	294,427	513,075	8,274	10,314	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	4,886	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	680,410	482,094	640,790	699,023	2,011,670	752,528	3,332,870	1,935,845	1,151,281	435,046	208,046	129,895
<i>By Sea—</i>												
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	202	...	5	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,640	9,595	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	2	34	2	34	3	...	76	84
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	103	...	...	...	103	...	...	...	220	1,736
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	503,148	...	22
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	193	4,612	...	...	193	4,612	...	...	...	...
Foreign countries	...	...	4	46	...	11	4	57	2	9	...	58
TOTAL	...	...	300	4,658	2	45	302	4,703	8,852	512,752	301	1,895
TOTAL IMPORTS	680,410	482,094	641,090	703,681	2,011,672	752,573	3,333,172	1,938,548	1,163,133	948,398	208,347	131,790
Imports to end of August												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
Assam	251	...	...	...	...	...	251	...	76,208	4,050	...	...
Bengal	70,811	23,211	...	3	...	...	70,816	23,211	5,256,215	2,306,054	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	634,039	132,750	3	...	...	...	631,042	132,750	1,162,853	460,323	...	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	3,299,879	2,568,313	920,051	421,539	3,324,049	3,094,237	8,143,959	6,084,149	7,394	2,873	2	383
Panjab	287	2,772	99,036	25,166	14,162,717	12,712,315	14,262,040	12,770,283	994	1,330	13,597	42,916
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	48,528	473,551	48,828	473,551	1	...	456,301	684,802
Raj. and C. India	19,047	84,811	928,692	2,332,434	10,82	10,912	958,487	2,327,277	...	...	18	...
Bombay	...	212	85,731	222,702	...	...	85,634	223,074	...	1	...	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	120,463	484,779	1,677,763	1,983,307	...	1,548	1,796,226	2,469,634	14,217	28,131	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	8,418	162	...	...	8,418	162	...	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	393	10,405	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	2,606	...	2,606	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	4,144,757	3,296,878	3,719,722	4,855,553	18,149,028	16,321,693	26,013,507	24,501,124	65,1185	2,813,167	469,918	728,101
<i>By Sea—</i>												
Bengal	...	...	48	112	...	...	48	112	202	1,568	112	22
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52,561	100,556	...	...
Bombay	...	...	1	4,451	341	59	342	4,513	3	...	1,422	1,578
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	12,047	...	...	...	12,047	...	...	...	12,191	18,614
Madras	...	...	...	766	...	...	...	766	...	...	4	3
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1,414,085	...	458
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	2,314	321,654	...	20,443	2,314	342,127	...	...	...	...
Foreign countries	127	...	48,671	47	339	11	49,137	58	266	1,803	...	58
TOTAL	127	...	63,081	327,663	650	20,513	63,888	347,576	53,037	1,518,012	18,720	20,788
TOTAL IMPORTS	4,144,884	3,296,878	3,782,803	5,212,616	18,149,708	16,342,206	26,077,395	24,851,700	6,571,222	4,331,179	483,647	748,884

* One maund of paddy

ING PADDY)*				GRAM AND PULSE								Whence exported
Madras ports		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		
1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
Imports in August												By Rail and River— Assam Bengal Bihar and Orissa U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. and C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore Kashmir TOTAL
...	...	40,757	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
29,914	1,596	936,891	344,565	79,420	96,035	...	...	...	...	79,420	96,035
16,073	879	210,179	76,072	154,497	109,868	...	...	...	...	154,497	109,868
...	...	4,001	1,154	246,460	242,234	99,315	35,960	8,785	8,531	345,560	286,725	
...	...	3,118	4,683	2,784	759	38,561	48	41,143	107,650	82,488	108,457	
...	...	205,066	125,738	...	14	...	...	1,746	5,701	1,746	5,715
...	...	...	...	5,264	1,100	21,850	26,189	1,029	1,596	28,143	28,885
60	65	60	65	...	1	7,829	33,162	...	...	7,829	33,163
5,485	138	13,759	10,452	2,270	59,639	52,720	81,831	...	...	54,990	141,470
127	458	127	458	...	...	223	186	...	...	223	186
204,594	307,548	204,922	312,434	564	2,815	311	32	...	...	875	2,847
2,550	12	2,550	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	
259,103	310,696	1,621,430	876,237	491,259	512,466	211,809	177,408	52,703	122,478	755,771	813,352	
TOTAL												By Sea— Bengal Bihar and Orissa Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries TOTAL
204,625	10,685	204,832	10,685	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,483	1,166	14,123	10,761	10	...	...	...	...	...	10	...
8,232	129	3,311	213	16	2	6	57	561	590	603	649	
10,033	75,000	10,253	76,745	...	...	5,005	899	31	...	5,039	899
459	...	459	...	1,800	508	...	...	...	...	1,800	508
15,071	230,695	15,076	733,775	...	45	95	275	...	...	95	320
...	...	...	...	...	...	17	1,096	15	...	32	1,096
41	620	43	682	14	19	1,358	1,100	1,190	...	2,562	1,119	
238,944	318,214	248,097	832,861	1,810	684	6,481	3,427	1,820	590	10,141	4,651	
498,047	628,910	1,869,527	1,709,098	493,099	513,100	218,290	180,835	51,523	124,068	765,912	818,003	
TOTAL IMPORTS												By Rail and River— Assam Bengal Bihar and Orissa U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. and C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore Kashmir TOTAL
Imports to end of August												
...	...	76,208	4,050	517	201	...	...	...	...	517	201
112,439	33,140	5,368,654	2,339,194	446,659	682,567	...	...	...	...	446,659	682,567
225,497	103,742	1,388,350	564,065	1,129,151	554,727	30	...	...	...	1,129,181	554,727
...	...	7,306	3,256	1,928,702	1,415,235	510,795	242,308	56,083	43,967	2,495,583	1,701,510	
6	3	14,597	44,219	13,512	1,572	327,387	142,087	885,109	819,080	1,226,008	962,739	
...	...	456,32	684,802	...	14	...	...	98,956	85,956	98,956	85,970
...	...	18	...	42,806	14,287	93,179	105,163	17,883	40,299	153,868	159,749	
147	137	147	138	2	3	48,000	145,581	...	...	48,002	145,584
12,215	8,509	26,432	36,640	73,265	152,031	400,338	340,205	...	...	473,603	492,236
1,149	1,447	1,149	1,447	...	306	3,065	384	...	...	3,065	690
1,073,819	1,565,723	1,074,212	1,576,128	20,468	17,675	5,094	76	...	...	25,562	17,751
7,717	1,103	7,717	1,103	...	...	...	267	...	...	...	267
...	105	...	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,482,989	1,713,000	8,421,092	5,255,177	3,655,082	2,888,618	1,387,831	976,071	1,058,031	989,302	6,100,944	4,803,991	
TOTAL												By Sea— Bengal Bihar and Orissa Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries TOTAL
1,200,905	190,927	1,201,219	192,517	...	...	10	...	...	...	10	...
16,204	8,792	68,765	109,348	10	...	...	...	...	...	10	...
15,862	18,870	17,367	20,448	19	2	2,191	5,432	2,882	2,751	5,092	8,185	
32,808	174,279	45,084	192,893	...	...	16,136	5,719	74	79	16,210	5,798
17,213	30,118	17,217	39,121	7,441	6,911	187	10	...	...	7,628	6,921
572,923	2,267,437	572,928	3,681,980	240	6,815	3,939	2,812	...	...	4,179	9,627
6	...	6	...	...	...	488	6,374	258	118	746	6,492
150	903	416	2,824	174	817	24,624	1,980	4,790	68	29,588	2,815	
1,856,156	2,691,386	1,922,922	4,230,131	7,884	14,545	47,575	22,277	8,004	3,016	68,468	39,838	
3,289,145	4,405,395	10,344,014	9,485,308	3,662,966	2,853,163	1,435,406	998,348	1,066,035	992,318	6,164,407	4,843,629	
TOTAL IMPORTS												

taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice

Whence exported	LINSEED						RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED					
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913
Imports in August												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
Assam	110	1,590	...	...	110	1,590	154	12,306	...	...	154	12,306
Bengal	9,712	94,980	...	...	9,712	94,980	1,578	1,915	87	...	1,665	1,915
Bihar and Orissa	81,972	204,565	2	171	81,974	204,739	13,263	62,118	834	...	14,097	62,118
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	111,860	180,724	76,155	109,209	188,015	289,933	150,736	144,682	55,354	36,461	206,090	181,143
Punjab	...	...	1,122	...	1,122	...	14,892	1,449	821	...	15,713	1,449
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	...	5,662	79,095	76,620	79,095	82,282	22,744	12,328	9,074	9,393	31,818	21,661
Bombay	...	...	292	20,647	292	20,647	...	...	993	20,974	993	20,974
Cent. Provs. and Berar	461	18,479	42,946	140,359	43,407	158,838	863	393	834	1,841	1,697	2,234
Nizam's Territory	...	...	2,548	46,997	2,548	46,997	...	...	679	24	679	24
Madras	...	...	15	866	15	866	1,000	...	...	...	1,000	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	204,115	506,000	202,175	394,782	406,290	900,782	205,230	235,191	68,676	68,633	273,906	303,824
<i>By Sea—</i>												
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	392	...	...	...	392	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	590	474	590	474	...	...	...	200	...	200
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,530	...	...	...	1,530	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	640	28,556	640	28,556	...	...	34	68	34	68
Foreign countries	...	35	2,607	111	2,607	116	...	...	...	34	...	34
TOTAL	392	35	3,837	29,141	4,229	29,176	1,580	...	34	302	1,564	302
TOTAL IMPORTS	204,507	506,035	206,012	423,923	410,519	929,958	206,760	235,191	68,710	68,935	275,470	304,126
Imports to end of August												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
Assam	7,137	2,211	...	...	7,137	2,211	8,858	74,515	...	...	8,858	74,515
Bengal	324,536	419,593	...	...	324,536	419,593	9,571	10,632	3,300	...	9,970	10,632
Bihar and Orissa	1,071,891	1,468,362	85	3,32	1,071,976	1,468,694	50,942	256,324	1,119	22	52,061	256,346
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	1,201,133	1,028,678	690,031	668,654	1,891,164	1,697,332	1,085,641	1,340,362	786,115	383,406	1,871,756	1,713,768
Punjab	2,157	...	12,676	289	14,833	289	193,064	20,697	17,709	5,927	210,773	26,621
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	20,212	105,155	836,621	1,353,902	856,833	1,459,057	192,498	85,091	81,681	139,461	274,182	221,552
Bombay	...	...	46,332	81,451	46,332	81,454	...	8	22,046	164,306	22,046	164,314
Cent. Provs. and Berar	43,562	129,363	723,969	721,701	767,531	851,084	7,750	5,095	17,229	24,106	24,979	29,201
Nizam's Territory	...	...	306,771	534,308	306,771	534,308	...	...	1,537	358	1,537	358
Madras	...	...	1,172	8,051	1,172	8,051	7,520	2,735	...	...	7,520	2,735
Mysore	...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	2,670,628	3,153,382	2,617,670	3,368,691	5,288,298	6,522,073	1,555,844	1,795,459	927,838	717,586	2,483,682	2,513,045
<i>By Sea—</i>												
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	532	...	...	...	532	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	69	...	69	...	...	...	9	...	9
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	590	474	590	474	...	...	5,130	7,691	5,130	7,691
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,583	...	...	...	11,583	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,291	...	...	...	1,291
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	21,849	97,889	21,849	97,889	143	...	1,099	1,959	1,212	1,959
Foreign countries	40	36	3,501	1,254	3,541	1,290	...	2	...	34	...	36
TOTAL	572	36	25,940	99,686	26,512	99,722	11,726	1,293	6,238	9,698	17,964	10,986
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,671,200	3,153,418	2,643,610	3,468,377	5,314,810	6,621,795	1,567,570	1,796,752	934,076	727,279	2,501,646	2,524,031

JUNE						JULY						Whence exported
Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		
1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
Imports in August												By Rail and River— Assam Bengal Bihar and Orissa U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. and C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore
57,295	51,942	...	...	57,295	51,942	207,317	170,693	116,984	103,477	324,301	274,170
2,927,825	2,507,355	211,046	179,336	3,138,371	2,686,691	72,029	194,540	583	895	72,612	105,435	
20,141	93,739	...	...	20,141	93,739	405	347	...	...	405	347
317	...	...	...	317	...	1	503	...	...	1	503
...	...	...	...	...	...	15	93	...	...	15	93
...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1
...	
3,005,078	2,653,036	211,046	179,336	3,216,124	2,832,372	279,769	276,177	117,567	104,372	397,335	360,549	TOTAL
...	...	2	...	2	...	2,096	2,320	2,096	2,320	By Sea— Bengal Bihar and Orissa Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries
...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57	...	...	...	57
3	...	...	...	3	...	...	6	...	...	...	6
...	
...	80	80	28	46	28	46	TOTAL
3	80	2	...	5	80	2,124	2,430	2,124	2,430	TOTAL IMPORTS
3,005,081	2,653,116	211,048	179,336	3,216,129	2,832,452	281,893	278,607	117,567	104,372	399,460	382,979	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of August												By Rail and River— Assam Bengal Bihar and Orissa U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. and C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore
94,821	85,272	...	...	94,821	85,272	486,170	381,897	245,152	198,908	731,322	580,805
4,328,238	4,257,759	238,476	193,049	4,566,714	4,450,808	228,002	263,755	766	933	228,768	264,688	
319,857	217,300	...	...	319,857	217,300	1,021	1,445	...	...	1,021	1,445
1,436	...	...	...	1,436	...	601	1,919	...	...	601	1,919
...	...	...	...	...	...	221	424	...	...	221	424
...	
744	...	...	...	744	...	1	2	...	...	1	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	31	3	...	...	31	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	4	8	...	...	4	8
4,745,090	4,560,331	238,476	193,049	4,983,572	4,753,380	716,051	649,455	245,918	199,841	961,969	849,296	TOTAL
648	...	5	28	653	28	3,083	2,889	9	...	3,092	2,889	By Sea— Bengal Bihar and Orissa Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries
9,261	20,220	...	...	9,261	20,220	...	1	...	...	62	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	62	6	...	...	...	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	...	...	43	82
3	...	...	...	3	...	1	74	...	...	1	74
...	
232	8,760	232	8,760	85	192	85	192	TOTAL
10,144	23,980	5	28	10,149	29,008	3,274	3,244	9	...	3,288	3,244	TOTAL IMPORTS
4,755,240	4,589,311	238,481	193,077	4,993,721	4,782,388	719,325	652,699	245,927	199,841	965,252	852,540	TOTAL IMPORTS

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

44. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 31st October, 1913.

No. 4498-M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General will hold *révé* at Government House, Calcutta, at 9-30 P. M. on Wednesday, the 24th November 1913.

The following rules are published for general information :—

I.—The undermentioned are eligible for presentation at His Excellency's *Levé*, whether European or Indian :—

(a) All gentlemen who have been presented at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court.

(989)

- (b) All Ruling Chiefs.
- (c) All Commissioned Officers in the Civil, Naval, Military (British and Indian), Marine and Volunteer Services.
- (d) All Gazetted Officers of the first class in Government employ.
- (e) All gentlemen who have received titles of honour from His Majesty the King-Emperor, or His Excellency the Viceroy.

II.—Gentlemen, whether European or Indian, who desire to attend the Levée and are eligible to do so by previous presentation at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court are requested to make their applications to the **Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor**, stating at which Court they have been presented, on or before the 15th December. Applications reaching the Military Secretary after this date cannot be considered. Gentlemen who have not been presented at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court but who desire to attend the Levée, will be presented by gentlemen who have had the honour of presentation at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court, and will submit their applications through them.

NOTE.—*No applications can be received direct by the Military Secretary to the Governor from gentlemen who wish to be presented. Their names must be forwarded by the gentlemen who wish to make the presentation.*

III.—Gentlemen who propose, and are entitled to present others, should apply to the Military Secretary to the Governor for a form of presentation which, after the necessary particulars have been entered, will be returned to the Military Secretary's Office *not later than the 13th December*, for submission to His Excellency the Governor when, if approved, tickets of admission will be issued to the presentor.

IV.—Gentlemen who present others must themselves attend the Levée.

V.—In the case of all Government officials, or gentlemen engaged in business, the presentor should ordinarily be the head of the Department or Firm.

VI.—Applications for presentation, submitted on behalf of non-official gentlemen, whether European or Indian, will be referred to the Local Authorities by the Military Secretary to the Governor. Only those who are declared eligible on account of their social status will be permitted to attend.

VII.—Admission to Government House will be by ticket only and gentlemen receiving cards will show them first to the police at the gates and secondly will hand them to the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy in the Levée Room.

Gentlemen who enjoy the privilege of the private entrées need not apply for cards but will notify their intention of being present and will bring with them their own cards on which their names should be very clearly hand printed.

VIII.—Dress :—

- (a) Civil and Military Officers—Levée dress (helmets will not be taken to the Levée).
- (b) Clergymen being University graduates and other gentlemen entitled to wear robes or gowns on account of Judicial or Academical office or status and not entitled to wear uniform, will appear in such robes or gowns.

- (c) Gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform, or robes or gowns, will appear in evening dress.
- (d) Indian gentlemen who do not appear in the dress prescribed above will wear Choga, Aba or Jubba and Chapkan, Chilta, Saya or Kaba with trousers and their distinctive national head dress, or the ceremonial dress approved for the class by the Local Government.
- (e) In the case of Bengali gentlemen the head dress should be a Pugree generally known as Shamla or Mouratta, and not a brimless cap.
- (f) In the case of Burmese gentlemen the head dress should be a white fillet, the hair being dressed in a top knot.
- (g) Indian gentlemen who do not appear in the dress prescribed in (a), (b) or (c) should not remove their head dress when they pass His Excellency.

At the Viceregal Court only patent leather boots or shoes of an English pattern are allowed to be worn, except in the case of Indian Military Officers, who wear the particular style of boot or shoe which forms part of their uniform.

NOTE.—Gentlemen who had intended to be present but have found themselves unable to do so, should submit an explanatory letter to the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor before, or as soon as possible after, the Levée.

By Command,

F. A. MAXWELL, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 27th October, 1913.

No. 2309.—The services of Munshi Abdus Samad, Munsif, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 5th July 1913.

JAILS.

The 28th October, 1913.

No. 200.—Captain F. H. Salisbury, M.B., I.M.S., officiating Superintendent, Central Jail, Dacca, is granted privilege leave for three months and special leave for the same period in continuation, with effect from the 20th October 1913.

No. 202.—The services of Captain G. Holroyd, M.B., I.M.S., are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for employment in the Jail Department.

JUDICIAL.

The 22nd October, 1913.

No. 1821.—In modification of entry (13) of Schedule I to the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the exemption from the operation of the prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13,

14, 15 and 16 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), thereby made in favour of European or East Indian subjects of His Majesty the King-Emperor shall cease to extend to T. C. Ormiston Chant of the firm of Marsland, Price and Company, Engineers, Bombay.

The 28th October, 1913.

No. 1891.—His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has permitted the Hon'ble Justice Sir Richard Harington, Bart., Barrister-at-Law, to resign the office of Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, with effect from the 15th November 1913.

MEDICAL.

The 30th October, 1913.

No. 943.—The services of Major R. B. B. Foster, M.B., I.M.S., are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

The 31st October, 1913.

No. 948.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel H. W. Pilgrim, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 10th October 1913.

POLICE.

The 27th October, 1913.

No. 1198.—The services of Lieutenant T. A. Digby, 30th Punjabis, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Assam for employment with the Assam Military Police, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties.

PORT BLAIR.

The 27th October, 1913.

No. 295.—Mr. G. W. Gayer, District Superintendent of Police, Central Provinces, is placed on special duty under the Government of India in the Home Department, with effect from the forenoon of the 20th October 1913.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 27th October, 1913.

No. 2642-Est.-B.—Major G. B. M. Sarel, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse), is appointed Inspecting Officer, Kathiawar States Imperial Service Cavalry, with effect from the 16th October, 1913.

No. 2646-Est.-A.—Mr. A. L. P. Tucker, C.I.E., a Resident of the 2nd class, is appointed to be a substantive Resident of the 1st class and Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with effect from the 17th May, 1913.

(Notification No. 1267-Est.-A., dated the 27th May, 1913 is hereby cancelled.)

The 28th October, 1913.

No. 2661-Est.-A.—Major F. D. S. Fayrer, Indian Medical Service, an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for one year, with effect from the 25th September, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2662-Est.-A.—Major J. H. Hugo, D.S.O., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is posted on return from leave, as Agency Surgeon, Baghelkhand, with effect from the 25th September, 1913.

No. 3467-I.B.—In exercise of the powers specified in column 1 of the Schedule hereto annexed, the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the notifications mentioned opposite thereto in column 2 of the said Schedule:—

Schedule.

Powers.	No. and date of notifications.
Section 3, Sub-sections (2) and (3), of the Sind-Pishin Railway Act, 1887 (XI of 1887).	No. 911-E., dated the 2nd May, 1890.
Section 46, clause (4), of the Prisons Act, 1894 (IX of 1894).	No. 629-G., dated the 12th March, 1909.
Section 9, clause (a), of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899).	No. 108-I. B., dated the 14th January, 1910.
Section 57, Sub-section (1), clause (c), of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899).	No. 266-E. A., dated the 25th January, 1900.
Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899)	No. 3623-F., dated the 30th November, 1906.
Section 4, Sub-section (1), of the Baluchistan Agency Civil Justice Law, 1896 (IX of 1896).	No. 1439-F., dated the 8th May, 1906.

No. 2000-G.—Corrigendum.—In Foreign Department Notification No. 1585-G., dated the 26th August, 1913, granting Civil Judicial powers to Major Haworth, His Britannic Majesty's Consul for Arabistan, for "Berkelly" read "Berkeley."

The 30th October, 1913.

No. 3476-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4, sub-section (1), of the British Baluchistan Civil Justice Regulation, 1896, as in force in the Baluchistan Agency Territories by virtue of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 1603-L.B., dated the 28th July, 1911, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that for entry No. 20 in the table annexed to the Foreign Department notification No. 3072-F.B., dated the 16th October, 1903, the following entry shall be substituted:—

20. The office of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway.	The Court of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway.
--	---

No. 3477-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Cantonment Magistrate of Quetta shall have power to try original suits of value not exceeding ten thousand rupees within the local limits of the Quetta Cantonment.

The notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 1602-I.B., dated the 28th July, 1911, is hereby cancelled.

No. 2686-Est.-A.—Lieutenant W. M. Marshall, 37th Dogras is appointed to be Special Service Assistant in Gilgit with effect from the 8th October, 1913.

No. 2695-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. Manners-Smith, V.C., C.V.O., C.I.E., a Resident of the 2nd class, on return from leave, is posted as Resident in Nepal with effect from the 21st October, 1913.

No. 2696-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel H. I. Showers, C.S.I., C.I.E., of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months, with effect from the 21st October, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b), Civil Service Regulations.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 27th October, 1913.

No. 1121-F.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

September 1913.

Lakhs of Rupees.

	SEPTEMBER.		TO END OF SEPTEMBER.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	Budget, 1913-1914.	Actuals, 1912-1913.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	1,10	1,04	12,08	11,55	34,35	34,47
Opium	19	91	1,30	5,24	2,17	7,61
Salt	35	33	2,37	2,30	5,11	4,99
Stamps	67	61	4,05	3,90	7,83	7,41
Excise	1,06	96	6,46	5,92	12,08	12,38
Provincial Rates	5	8	30	40	4	84
Customs	96	84	5,28	5,00	10,29	10,79
Assessed Taxes	25	25	1,34	1,12	2,48	2,45
Forests	22	21	1,13	1,12	3,04	3,10
Registration	5	5	41	39	74	72
Tribute from Native States	1	2	22	21	93	93
Other Civil Revenue	27	24	1,86	1,78	4,72	4,49
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	5,18	5,54	36,80	38,93	84,38	90,18
Major Irrigation Revenue	5	4	2,12	2,02	3,91	3,66
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue	2	4	24	26	70	65
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works)	5,25	5,62	39,16	41,21	88,99	94,49
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	—8	—9	—2,58	—2,56	—4,79	—4,74
Opium	—6	—11	—70	—81	—1,70	—90
Famine Relief (Civil) ... ..	...	—1	—2	—9	—6	—23
Other Civil Expenditure	—3,33	—3,00	—20,76	—19,86	—48,06	—42,48
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	—3,47	—3,21	—24,06	—23,34	—55,51	—48,35
Major Irrigation Working Expenses	—12	—16	—78	—82	—1,74	—1,54
Buildings and Roads Expenditure	—44	—48	—2,58	—2,47	—8,01	—6,22
Famine Relief (Public Works)	—1	...	—1	—6	—1	—6
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure	—12	—13	—85	—76	—1,31	—1,02
Irrigation Capital Expenditure	—10	—9	—82	—80	—2,07	—1,72
Delhi Capital Expenditure	—2	...	—19	—1	—1,99	—16
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works)	—4,28	—4,07	—29,29	—28,26	—70,64	—59,07
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments.						
The figures comprise Revenue Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.						
Post Office (Net)	+22	+27	+94	+1,63	+3,04	+2,85
Telegraph (Net)	—10	—8	—53	—55	—1,08	—1,09
Marine (Net)	—4	—4	—22	—22	—20	—43
Military Works (Net)	—9	—9	—48	—45	—1,20	—1,15
Military Receipts	+5	+7	+44	+45	+1,23	+1,11
Military Issues	—1,66	—1,57	—10,10	—9,80	—20,75	—20,99
Railway Receipts.						
East Indian Railway	+69	+59	+4,21	+4,26	+57,90	+57,53
Other Railways	+3,63	+3,57	+24,36	+24,09		
TOTAL	+4,32	+4,16	+28,57	+28,35	+57,90	+57,53
Railway Issues.						
East Indian Railway	—36	—36	—2,34	—2,41	—37,34	—36,36
Other Railways	—2,34	—2,57	—16,09	—14,94		
TOTAL	—2,70	—2,93	—18,43	—17,35	—37,34	—36,36
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS ... ..	...	—21	+19	+2,06	+1,50	+1,47
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net : + Receipts more, — Receipts less than payments) ... ..	...	...	+3,00	+3,00	+2,87	+2,87
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	+2	+1	+6	—21	...	+1,23
Currency Transfers for Gold in England ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. for Silver in transit ... ..	...	+1,88	...	+4,05	...	+10,59
Deposits of District Funds ... ..	...	—2	+54	+47	+10	+45
Loans by Government	—4	—3	+13	—40	—16	—11
Exchange on Remittance Accounts ... ..	...	+1	...	+4	...	+14
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs 15 per £	—4,51	—2,52	—14,81	—14,12	—32,47	—38,97
Other Debt Heads	—33	—21	—1,20	—12	—68	—2,57
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	—4,86	—88	—12,28	—7,29	—30,34	—26,37
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	—3,89	+46	—2,22	+7,72	—10,49	+10,52
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	30,61	25,68	28,94	18,42	29,31	18,42
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	26,72	26,14	26,72	26,14	18,82	28,94

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

MINT.

The 31st October, 1913.

No. 1138-F.—The following statements showing the position of the Gold Standard Reserve are published for general information :—

I.—Statement of receipts, charges and balance of the Reserve on the 30th June 1913 :—

	Dr.		Cr.
	£		£
Opening balance	22,606,660	Charge for custody of Gold at the Bank of England	39
Net Profit on coinage	2,198		
Interest on investments including discount on Treasury Bills	109,928		
Gain on sale of £1,099,378 British Government 2½ per cent consolidated stock less loss on the redemption of £50,000 Corporation of London 3½ per cent Debentures at maturity	5,154	Closing balance	22,723,901
			<hr/> 22,723,940
	<hr/> 22,723,940		

II.—Statement showing the form in which the balance of the reserve was held on the 30th June 1913 :—

	£
1. As a book credit	37,525*
2. Rupees in India equivalent to	4,000,000
3. Gold set aside in the Bank of England	1,730,000
4. Cash placed by the Secretary of State for India in Council at short notice	1,015,290
5. Securities :—	

	£
British Government 2½ per cent consolidated stock	3,165,392
3 per cent Local Loans stock	200,000
2½ per cent Guaranteed stock, Irish Land	438,720
3 per cent Transvaal Government Guaranteed stock (1923-53)	1,002,023
2½ per cent Exchequer Bonds (1913-15)	32,500
3 per cent " " (1915)	2,885,600
3 per cent " " (1916)	4,000,000
Canada Government 3½ per cent Bonds	161,000
Corporation of London 3½ per cent Debentures	50,000
" " " 3½ per cent "	45,000
Union of South Africa Bills	600,000
New Zealand 3½ per cent Debentures	271,400
New South Wales 4 per cent Bonds	31,000
" " " 3½ per cent Inscribed stock	113,000
Queensland 4 per cent Bonds	145,000
" " 4 per cent Inscribed stock	55,000
Southern Nigeria 4 per cent Bonds	350,000
New South Wales Treasury (4 per cent) Bonds	750,000
South Australia Bills	75,000
British Treasury Bills	2,400,000
	<hr/> Market
	17,264,635 price 15,941,086†
	<hr/> Total... 22,723,901

* Of this amount £37,500 has since been paid in gold to the Gold Standard Reserve.

† This represents the value at the minimum market price on the 1st April 1913 of securities held on that date and the cost price of securities purchased since that date.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.
LOANS AND ADVANCES.

The 30th October, 1913.

No. 2050-A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 5 and 7 of the Local Authorities Loan Act, (XI of 1879), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following rule shall be added to the Rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department, No. 6566-A., dated the 24th October 1907.

“ Rule 17. Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing rules, it shall be permissible for the Local Authority, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, to raise a loan by means of debentures repayable at the option of the said Local Authority, and to such a loan the provisions of rule 5 or rule 14 shall not apply.”

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 30th October, 1913.

No. 1459-E.—Conductor E. H. Chapman, India Miscellaneous List, 3rd grade Superintendent, Military Finance, has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the 18th September 1913.

No. 1460-E.—Mr. G. M. Turner, officiating 3rd grade Superintendent, Financial Adviser, Military Finance, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 18th September 1913.

The 31st October, 1913.

No. 1376-F. E.—Mr. K. C Biswas, Assistant Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs (Postal Branch), Calcutta, has been granted privilege leave for 16 days, with effect from the 16th October 1913.

Mr. J. D. Caccia, a Superintendent in the office of the Deputy Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs (Postal Branch), Calcutta, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office, with effect from the same date and during the absence on leave of Mr. Biswas.

No. 1377-F. E.—Mr. Brijlal Nehru has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, United Provinces, with effect from the 10th October 1913.

No. 1378-F. E.—Mr. C. O. Slacke, Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for 3 months and, in continuation, furlough for 1 year and 9 months, with effect from the 16th October 1913.

No. 1379-F. E.—Mr. J. C. Connell, Accountant, 1st grade, office of the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Services, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 6th October 1913, and until further orders.

No. 1383-F. E.—Mr. A. H. Francis has been posted to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, with effect from the 13th October 1913.

No. 1384-F. E.—Mr. H. N. Heseltine has been placed on special duty, with effect from the 3rd October 1913.

No. 1385-F. E.—Mr. N. Walker, I.C.S., has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Bombay, with effect from 10th October 1913.

J. B. BRUNYATE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 30th October, 1913.

No. 44.—The undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed Assistant Engineers by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India and are posted as follows :—

Mr. C. R. S. Richardson	...	...	...	Madras.
Mr. F. Howe	...	...	...	Madras.
Mr. J. L. Grant	...	...	...	Bombay.
Mr. C. W. Lacey	...	...	...	United Provinces, Irrigation Branch.
Mr. R. A. Bradshaw-Smith	...	...	...	Ditto.
Mr. Surendra Singh Bhagat	...	...	...	United Provinces, Buildings and Roads Branch.
Mr. A. Eastmond	...	...	...	United Provinces, Buildings and Roads Branch.
Mr. E. C. Abbott-Young	...	...	...	United Provinces, Buildings and Roads Branch.
Mr. Mohd. Fakhar-ud-Din	...	...	...	Punjab, Irrigation Branch.
Mr. Brij Mohan Lal	...	...	...	Ditto.
Mr. J. P. Gunn	...	...	...	Ditto.
Mr. W. R. Boyes	...	...	...	Ditto.
Mr. F. F. Haigh	...	...	...	Ditto.
Mr. A. E. Knox	...	...	...	Punjab, Buildings and Roads Branch.
Mr. G. T. Pound	...	...	...	Ditto.
Mr. A. M. S. Burn	...	...	...	Burma.
Mr. J. R. L. Shee	...	...	...	Burma.
Mr. L. G. Constable	...	...	...	Central Provinces.

No. 45.—The services of Mr. H. M. Griffiths, Executive Engineer, Punjab, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, with effect from the date he reports himself for duty at Delhi.

No. 46.—Babu Harinath Das, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as a Superintendent, 3rd grade, with effect from the 13th October 1913, and until further orders.

R. P. RUSSELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

METEOROLOGY.

Simla, the 31st October, 1913.

No. 2721-32-4.—Mr. C. W. B. Normand, M.A., B.Sc., is appointed to be Imperial Meteorologist in the Imperial Meteorological Department, with effect from the 23rd October 1913.

FORESTS.

The 30th October, 1913.

No. 1035—F.-106-9.—On return from combined leave Mr. L. Mercer, Conservator of Forests, 1st grade, resumed charge of the office of the President, Forest Research Institute and College, with effect from the afternoon of the 13th October 1913, the date on which he

relieved Mr. R. S. Hole, Officiating Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade. From the same date Mr. Hole reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Conservator of Forests and Forest Botanist at the Forest Research Institute and College, relieving Mr. R. N. Parker, Deputy Conservator of Forests, whose services were replaced at the disposal of the Punjab Government.

No. 1039—F-156-20.—Mr. R. S. Underhill is appointed, temporarily, Forest Engineer and is attached to the Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, with effect from the afternoon of the 25th August 1913, and until further orders.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 1st November, 1913.

No. 9116-2.—The Notification of the Government of India in this Department No. 8453-2, dated the 11th October 1913, sanctioning the grant of privilege leave for three months to Mr. F. D. Lalkaka, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is hereby cancelled.

No. 9120-2.—Mr. F. D. Lalkaka, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is transferred from Madras to Bombay, with effect from the date on which he is relieved by Mr. G. N. Bower.

No. 9157-2.—Mr. A. H. P. Wolferstan, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is reverted from Class I, officiating, to Class II, substantive, with effect from the 4th October 1913.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

The 1st November, 1913.

No. 9268-107.—Mr. G. P. Roy, Director of Telegraphs, 4th class, officiating, is appointed to be Director of Telegraphs, 4th class, temporary, with effect from the 27th September 1913.

J. F. GRUNING,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 31st October, 1913.

No. 582.—In supersession of the orders conveyed in the Department of Education notification no. 8, dated the 13th January 1911, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following note shall be substituted for Note III to the Finance Department resolution no. 2202, dated the 15th August 1876, published as Appendix A to the ecclesiastical rules with the Department of Education notification no. 212, dated the 10th May 1913:—

"*Note III.*—When a first class church receives an allowance of less than Rs. 47 a month under the military rule referred to in Note II, it is entitled also to allowance from civil funds equal to the difference between the maximum permissible (namely, Rs. 47) and the amount paid under military rules."

SANITARY.

The 30th October, 1913.

No. 1704.—Captain Cragg, M.D., I.M.S., is appointed to act as Director, Central Research Institute, Kasauli, during the absence, on deputation, of Major W. F. Harvey, I.M.S., or until further orders.

I. C. PORTER

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 31st October 1913.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 891.—The following extract is published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated the 7th October 1913, page 6986.

* * * * *

*India Office,**October 7, 1913.*

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned officer to the Indian Army :—

To be Lieutenant.

Lieutenant Leonard Maurant Handley, by exchange from Princess Charlotte of Wales's (Royal Berkshire Regiment). Dated 8th October 1913, but to rank from 5th January 1913.

* * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 892.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

Richard Ernest Lloyd, M.B.,—29th July 1913.

No. 893.—With reference to the notifications quoted in the margin, the promotion to

Army Department Notification No. 282, dated the 7th April 1911.

Army Department Notification No. 822, dated the 29th September 1911.

the present rank of Major Ewan Cameron MacLeod, published in Department of Military Supply Notification No. 18, dated the 27th April 1906, is antedated from the 23rd January 1906 to the 29th July 1905.

No. 894.—With reference to the notifications quoted in the margin, the promotion to

Army Department Notification No. 282, dated the 7th April 1911.

Army Department Notification No. 822, dated the 29th September 1911.

the present rank of Major Corrie Hudson, D.S.O., F.R.C.S.E., published in Army Department Notification No. 85, dated the 3rd February 1911, is antedated from the 28th January 1911 to the 28th July 1910.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

*Bengal Establishment.*No. 895.—2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon (Supernumerary Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar) Saiyid Ali Naki (E), *Khan Sahib*, *seconded*, is absorbed in the rank of Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar and is *seconded*,

2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar, Saiyid Turáb Ali (E) to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar, and

No. 703. 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kapur Chand (E) to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar ;

vice 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar, Ahmadullah Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, superannuated ; with effect from the 15th October 1913.

(E) Passed in English.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 896.—The following direct appointment is made :—

*23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).*Balwant Singh to be Jemadar, on probation, *vice* Jemadar Phula Singh Woordie-Major ; with effect from the 1st July 1913.

No. 897.—The following promotions are made :—

16th Cavalry.

Kot-Dafadar Ajaib Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Pal Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 16th September 1913.

47th Sikhs.

Jemadar Bakhshi Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Mota Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Naravan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 16th September 1913.

83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.

Jemadar Abdul Wahab to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Abdul Majid to be Jemadar, *vice* Abdus Samad, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 18th August 1913.

2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Havildar Tirthe Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Puran Bahadur Gurung, deceased ; with effect from the 21st May 1913.

Havildar Jitbahadur Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Rup Sing Bisht, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st October 1913.

ARMY REMOUNT DEPARTMENT.

No. 898.—The following promotion is made :—

Risaldar Ganpat Rao Umre to be Risaldar-Major, *vice* Malik Gulsher Khan, *Khan Bahadur*, deceased ; with effect from the 5th October 1913.

REWARDS.

No. 899.—With the approval of the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of the undermentioned warrant officer.

The promotion will be supernumerary and will have effect from the 21st September 1913.

To be Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval.

Conductor Edwin Morris Bray, Supply and Transport Corps, (late) Bombay List.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 900.—The undermentioned warrant officer of the Ordnance Department, Northern Army, has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 14th September 1913 :—

Conductor Ernest Joseph Reeks.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 901.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Lieutenant-Colonel Philip James Gordon, Supernumerary List,—23rd September 1913.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Maxwell Carpendale, 8th Cavalry,—2nd November 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.**APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.***United Provinces Horse.**and (Northern) Regiment.*

No. 902.—Captain William John Dwyer Burkitt to be Major, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 24th September 1913.

Lieutenant Francis Edward Bull to be Captain, *vice* P. U. Allen, transferred to the 1st (Southern) Regiment, United Provinces Horse. Dated the 31st May 1913.

Lieutenant Herbert George Billson to be Captain, *vice* W. J. D. Burkitt, promoted. Dated the 24th September 1913.

Lieutenant David Landale Johnston to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 24th September 1913.

1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles.

No. 903.—Lieutenant Albert Blackwood to be Captain, *vice* J. G. H. T. Walker, deceased. Dated the 15th February 1913.

Albert Williams to be Lieutenant, *vice* A. H. Parker, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 1st May 1913.

Mussoorie Volunteer Rifles.

No. 904.—Lieutenant Edwin Clinton James Bond to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st October 1913.

Second Lieutenant Cecil Henry Tresham to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st October 1913.

Harold Anthony Dubois to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st October 1913.

Lucknow Volunteer Rifles.

No. 905.—Francis Howard McLoughlin to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 16th September 1913.

Nilgiri Volunteer Rifles.

No. 906.—Cecil Robert Hill to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* N. Hornsby, promoted. Dated the 1st January 1913.

Arthur Peploe Marsden to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st April 1913.

1st Battalion, North Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 907.—Lieutenant Harold Spence Sales resigns his commission. Dated the 10th September 1913.

Coorg and Mysore Rifles.

No. 908.—Second Lieutenant Edward Cavendish Kent to be Captain, *vice* W. Crawford, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 4th September 1913.

Malabar Volunteer Rifles.

No. 909.—Second Lieutenant John Erskine Pitcairn resigns his commission. Dated the 27th September 1913.

Poona Volunteer Rifles.

No. 910.—Captain Charles John Veale, Supernumerary List, resigns his commission. Dated the 25th September 1913.

Albert Frederic Lucas Brayne to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* N. L. Inkson, promoted. Dated the 22nd September 1913.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

*Simla, the 31st October 1913.**Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 22nd and 28th October 1913.*

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
John Wallis Pickthall.*	Captain.	3rd Brahmins.	24th November 1912.	Intestate.	Rs. A. P. 1,001-6-6	30th December 1913.

* *Next-of-kin.—Father.*—Mr. Wallis Marmaduke Pickthall.
Address.—Rookville, Dartmouth, Devon, England.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 31st October 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 84.—With reference to Marine Department Notification No. 25, dated the 20th March 1913, as amended by Notification No. 70, dated the 29th August 1913, it is further notified that Mr. H. R. Grinnol, Chief Accountant, Bombay Dockyard, was placed on deputation at Calcutta from the 12th to 15th May 1913, both days inclusive, which period will count as a break in his leave.

No. 85.—The following appointment is made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 14th August 1913 :—

To be Assistant Engineer.

Wilfrid John Liffon.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 29th October, 1913.

No. 314.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 96, dated the 2nd April 1913, Major H. F. E. Freeland, R.E., on special duty on the North Western Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Traffic Manager, with effect from the 10th October 1913.

No. 315.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 181, dated the 3rd July 1913, Mr. A. T. Stowell, Officiating Deputy Traffic Manager, North Western Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of District Traffic Superintendent in class II, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 10th October 1913.

No. 316.—In continuation of Notification No. 8, dated 8th January 1913, it is hereby notified that the Railway Board have sanctioned the Bhairab Bazar-Ne rokna-Mymensingh Railway Survey being further extended to Siju, a distance of 21 miles.

The 31st October, 1913.

No. 317.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that the Railway Board have sanctioned the following surveys being carried out by the Agency of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway for lines of railway on the 2' 6" gauge :—

- (a) From Yeotmal to Wun, a distance of about 66 miles,
- (b) From Darwa to Pusad, a distance of about 32 miles, and
- (c) From a point near Takli to Edlabad, a distance of about 30 miles.

These surveys will be known as the Yeotmal-Wun, Darwa-Pusad and the Takli-Edlabad Railway Surveys, respectively.

T. RYAN,
Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 30th October, 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 25th October 1913 is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	11	6
		Rewa Kantha Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	1
		Surat Town and Port	1	1
		Surat District . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Agency	3	3
		Bhiwadi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Malad "	1	1
		Da-sein " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana " . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan "	5	2
		Thana District	1*	1*
	Central	Ahmednagar District	5	2
		West Khandesh "	3	2
		East Khandesh "	41 (c)	27 (c)
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	116	125
		Poona District	31	27
		Satara District	438	320
		Sholapur Town	1*	1*
		Sholapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel Port . . . . .	...	...
	Southern	Kelaba District	3	3
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Belgaum "	202	114
		Dharwar "	290	159
		Hubli Town	27	58
		Bijapur District	314	252
		Kanara " . . . . .	...	...

*Imported. (c) Figures for two weeks.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	2	...
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Daroda State	7	8
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	218	150
		TOTAL	1,750	1,213
	...	Madras Town . . . . .	...	...
		North Arcot District	22 (a)	20 (a)
		Bellary Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	9	7
		Mangalore Town and Port	2	2
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore District	95 (c)	59 (b)
		Chittoor District . . . . .	...	...
		The Nilgiris	5	2
		Trichinopoly Town . . . . .	...	...
		Kurnool District . . . . .	...	...
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Salom	4	2
		Madura . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	187	92
	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Presidency	24 Parganahs . . . . .	...	...
		Calcutta . . . . .	...	...
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...

(a) One imported. (b) Four imported. (c) Six imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Dacca	Dacca Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Pabna District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		...	...
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	4	3
		Gaya Town	1	1
		Gaya District	1	2
		Shahabad District	6	6
	Tirhut	Saran District	4	2
		Muzaffarpur District	1	1
		Darbhanga " . . . . .	...	...
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District . . . . .	...	...
		Purnea " . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur Town	1	1
		Bhagalpur District	1	1
	Chota-Nagpur	Hazaribagh " . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		19	17
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Saharanpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	3	1
		Meerut District	2	2
		Pulandshahr District	1	1

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Agra	Muttra District . . . . .	...	...
		Etah "	1	1
	Rohilkhand	Bijnor District . . . . .	...	...
		Budaun " . . . . .	...	...
		Moradabad "	8	1
		Shahjahanpur " . . . . .	...	...
	Allahabad	Farrukhabad District	8	8
		Etawah " . . . . .	...	...
		Cawnpore " . . . . .	...	...
		Fatehpur "	9	6
		Allahabad "	3	2
	Jhansi	Jalaun District . . . . .	...	...
		Banda " . . . . .	...	...
	Benares	Benares District . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur City . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur "	11	11
		Ghazipur "	6	5
		Ballia "	90	74
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	80	39
		Basti "	1	8
		Azamgarh "	27	80
	Kumaun	Naini Tal " . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Lucknow	Lucknow City . . . . .	...	...
		Lucknow District . . . . .	...	...
		Unao "	18	16
		Rae Bareilly "	3	2
		Sitapur " . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi " . . . . .	...	...
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	1	1
		Fyzabad District	7	7
		Gonda "	5	1
		Bahraich " . . . . .	...	...
		Sultanpur " . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh " . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki "	2	2
	TOTAL .		276	208
PUNJAB	Ambala	Hissar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurgaon "	18	13
		Rohtak "	7	6
		Karnal " . . . . .	...	...
		Ambala "	1	2
	Jullundur	Kangra District . . . . .	...	...
		Hoshiarpur "	1	1
		Jullundur "	1	1

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Sialkot „	1	1
		Gujranwala „ . . . . .	...	4
	Rawalpindi	Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhelum „ . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi „	50	82
		Attock „	1	1
	Multan	Jhang „ . . . . .	...	1
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State . . . . .	...	...
	Total .		80	62
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	9	10
		Insein District . . . . .	...	...
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy „	8	3
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome „	2	1
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Henzada District	8	3
		Myaungmya „ . . . . .	...	...
		Maubin „	1	1
	Tenas-serim	Amherst District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...

In the return for the week ending 18th October 1913 against Rangoon Town read 8 cases 6 deaths for 13 cases & 11 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Meiktila	Meiktila District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	18	18
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Bhandara District . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
	Berar	Yotmal Town	1	1
		TOTAL .	1	1
GOORG	...	Goorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	...	...
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	47	35
		Bangalore City	8	1
		Bangalore District	11	21
		Mysore City	1	1
		Mysore District	45	27
		Hassan „	11	5
		Kadur „	22	11
		Kolar „	10	7
		Kolar Gold Fields	2	1
		Tumkur District . . . . .	...	...
		Shimoga „	21	18
		Chitaldroog . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	178	127
		Raichur District	75	62
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Bidar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani „ . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs . . . . .	...	...
		Bir District	2	1
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	77 (a)	63 (a)

(a) From the 13th to the 19th October 1913.

2032 SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, NOVEMBER 1, 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Bhopal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
		Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah State . . . . .	...	...
		Jai-pur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jai-pur State	53	39
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh „ . . . . .	...	...
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Boawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	1	1
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	54	40
		Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Hazara District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	2,690	1,841
N.W. F. PROVINCE	...	Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Hazara District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...

In the returns for the weeks ending 4th and 11th October 1913, respectively, against Bhopal State read 12 cases 10 deaths and 7 cases 5 deaths.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 30th October 1913, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Rainfall continued throughout the week in Burma and southeast Madras, and reappeared on the 28th in Assam and the extreme southeast of Bengal. Disturbed conditions travelling eastwards from the northwest frontier gave some precipitation along the western and central Himalayas, the largest amounts occurring in the neighbourhood of Mussooree.

2. *Burma*.—Rainfall was only local, except on the 28th when nearly every station in Upper Burma had rain.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—The only rainfall that occurred was on the 28th and 29th in Assam and on the Chittagong coast.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—The disturbance from the northwest gave local rain from the 26th to the 28th in the Himalayas and sub-montane districts.

Northwest India.—Light precipitation occurred in Kashmir, the hills of the North-West Frontier Province and of the Punjab, and also at Ambala and Lahore.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was of daily occurrence in the south, and was nearly general in southeast Madras on the 24th, 25th and 29th.

3. The chief daily amounts of rain were as follows:—

October 23rd. Table Island 1·93", Madras 1·10", Negapatam 1·35", Pamban 3·18"
Tinnevely 1·19" and Trivandrum 1·45".

„ 24th. Toungoo 1·85", Pamban 5·03", Negapatam 5·26", Cuddalore 1·37"
and Madras 2·69".

„ 25th. Negapatam 4·25", Cuddalore 2·39" and Madras 1·07".

„ 26th. Madras 5·08", Cuddalore 2·10", Pamban 1·34", Negapatam 1·48",
Tinnevely 4·40", Trivandrum 2·04" and Kodaikanal 0·94".

„ 27th. Victoria Point 2·02", Dehra Dun 1·18", Mussooree 1·25", Nellore
1·23" and Pamban 2·24".

„ 28th. Victoria Point 2·82", Maymyo 1·62", Myitkyina 1·04", Cox's Bazar
0·90" and Mussooree 1·13".

„ 29th. Port Blair 1·97", Table Island 1·60", Negapatam 1·25", Cuddalore
1·80", Madras 2·74" and Nellore 1·02".

4. The week's rainfall was within 20 per cent of the normal in the Bay Islands and Upper Burma, and was 20 per cent or more in excess in the United Provinces West, Kashmir and Madras Southeast. The absence of rain is a normal feature at this time of year in the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind and Rajputana; but in all the remaining divisions rainfall was 20 per cent or more in defect.

The seasonal rainfall up to date is 20 per cent or more in excess in Bengal, Bihar, the Punjab Southwest, Sind and Gujarat. It is 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Central India East, Hyderabad South and the Madras Deccan, and differed by less than 20 per cent from the normal in the rest of the country.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 30TH OCTOBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 2ND MAY 1913 TO 30TH OCTOBER 1913.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	2'3	2'2	+0'1	80'8	95'6	-14'8	-15	-16
Lower Burma	0'9	1'3	-0'4	144'7	137'8	+6'9	+5	+5
Upper Burma	0'9	1'1	-0'2	41'5	39'4	+2'1	+5	+6
Assam	0'4	0'5	-0'1	77'5	75'8	+1'7	+2	+2
Bengal	0'1	0'8	-0'7	87'6	68'5	+19'1	+28	+29
Orissa	0	0'7	-0'7	63'4	57'0	+6'4	+11	+13
Chota Nagpur	0	0'4	-0'4	57'4	48'9	+8'5	+17	+18
Bihar	0	0'2	-0'2	63'4	49'5	+13'9	+28	+29
United Provinces, East	0'1	0'2	-0'1	31'2	39'2	-8'0	-20	-20
United Provinces, West	0'2	0'1	+0'1	20'4	38'6	-18'2	-47	-48
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	21'3	21'2	+0'1	0	0
Punjab, Southwest	0	0	0	11'1	7'8	+3'3	+42	+42
Kashmir	0'2	0'1	+0'1	5'0	8'6	-3'6	-42	-44
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	3'8	5'7	-1'9	-33	-33
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0'6	1'2	-0'6	-50	-50
Sind	0	0	0	11'5	4'8	+6'7	+140	+140
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	5'9	11'3	-5'4	-48	-48
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	17'5	22'5	-5'0	-22	-22
Gujarat	0	0'2	-0'2	31'2	23'4	+7'8	+33	+34
Central India, West	0	0'1	-0'1	32'5	29'8	+2'7	+9	+9
Central India, East	0	0'2	-0'2	22'6	41'2	-18'6	-45	-45
Berar	0	0'3	-0'3	31'4	30'9	+0'5	+2	+3
Central Provinces, West	0	0'3	-0'3	36'4	45'0	-8'6	-19	-19
Central Provinces, East	0	0'3	-0'3	42'0	47'3	-5'3	-11	-11
Konkan	0	0'6	-0'6	86'0	95'5	-9'5	-10	-9
Bombay Deccan	0	0'5	-0'5	23'0	26'5	-3'5	-13	-12
Hyderabad, North	0	0'4	-0'4	31'0	32'3	-1'3	-4	-3
Hyderabad, South	0	0'6	-0'6	21'4	29'0	-7'6	-26	-25
Mysore	0'1	0'9	-0'8	20'6	25'3	-4'7	-19	-16
Malabar	1'3	2'2	-0'9	87'7	92'6	-4'9	-5	-4
Madras, Southeast	6'7	2'5	+4'2	21'8	21'2	+0'6	+3	-19
Madras Deccan	0'1	0'8	-0'7	17'4	22'3	-4'9	-22	-20
Madras Coast, North	0'5	1'8	-1'3	31'4	30'1	+1'3	+4	+9

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
25th October 1913.

Burma.—During the week the rainfall was moderate in Lower Burma and over a great portion of the dry zone. Agricultural operations are progressing normally. The prospects of the winter rice, cotton and ground nut crops are generally good. Agricultural stock is healthy. The price of unhusked rice is a little above normal but tends to fall.

Assam.—During the week the weather was seasonable and almost rainless except in the Lungleh, Barpeta and North Lakhimpur sub-divisions. Harvesting of jute and autumn rice is practically finished. Ploughing for mustard and the sowing of pulses are in progress. Harvesting of broadcast winter rice has commenced in Nowgong and pressing of sugarcane in Lakhimpur. The prospects of tea are generally good, and those of transplanted winter rice very fair everywhere. The average price of common rice is stationary. Cattle disease is reported from five districts. Fodder is insufficient in Sylhet and Kamrup.

Bengal.—No rainfall has been reported throughout the Province during the week except from Darjeeling and Kurseong. The weather was favourable for agricultural operations. Cultivation of lands for spring crops is in progress. Sowings have also begun in places. Winter rice and other standing crops are doing well and their prospects are good excepting in parts of the flood affected areas. The condition of agricultural stock is fair. Cattle disease is reported from nine districts. Want of fodder is felt in two districts only. The average price of common rice has fallen by 1·22 per cent as compared with that of the previous week. Agricultural loans and gratuitous relief were given on a moderate scale to those persons in the Burdwan division who have suffered from the recent floods.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week. Sowing of spring crops is going on. Harvesting of early winter rice has commenced in some districts. The prospects of standing crops are good. The situation in the flood affected areas has improved. The average price of common rice is almost stationary as compared with that of the previous week. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in parts of Patna. Cattle disease is reported from seven districts (reports from five districts have not been received). The prospects of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa are good.

United Provinces.—The week was rainless. More rain is urgently needed over almost the whole of the Provinces. Standing crops are suffering from drought in all but the upper Doab and the Central Submontane, and South eastern districts. Harvestings of autumn crops, and picking of cotton are nearing completion. Sowing of spring crops is going on wherever irrigation is available and the preparation of the land continues. Cattle disease is still reported from one-third of the Provinces. Scarcity of fodder is increasing and water is running short in Bundelkhand and parts of the Aligarh and Muttra districts. Prices are rising.

Punjab.—No rain of importance fell during the week. It is urgently wanted in the Ambala division where standing autumn crops in the unirrigated tracts are withering for want of rain and the outturn of crops reaped is poor. Elsewhere the condition of the standing crops and the yield of crops being harvested are generally average to good. Ploughings for and sowings of spring crops continue and are normal except in the Ambala division where they are seriously restricted in unirrigated lands for want of moisture. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally close to normal.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless and the weather temperate. The condition of the standing crops is generally average except in the unirrigated areas of the Swabi tahsil of the Peshawar district. Sowings of spring crops are proceeding. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress and the outturn is expected to be normal. Irrigation from the Paharpur Canal has been stopped. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. The prices of food grains are high and tending to rise in Peshawar but the price of wheat is falling.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 12 to 21 seers per rupee. The condition of the standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of a mild type prevails in one tahsil. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—Slight rain fell in the Province during the week. Standing crops are in fair condition. Harvesting of autumn and sowings of spring crops are in progress. Cattle disease is reported in some villages of the Anantnag and Baramula districts. Prices are normal.

Rajputana.—During the week 73½ cents of rain fell in Merwara. Slight rain also fell in Ajmer. The weather was generally clear and cool. Rain is urgently needed for the sowing of spring crops. The outturn of the autumn harvest is unfavourable in the Eastern States and Central Rajputana including Ajmer-Merwara. Fodder also will soon be insufficient in these areas. Cattle are generally doing well. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are high and rising. Cattle emigration continues in Ajmer-Merwara, Jaipur, Kishengarh, Bharatpur and Karauli.

Central India.—During the week slight rain fell in the Rampura Bhanpura district of Indore, the Rewa State of Baghelkhand and the Barwani State of Bhopawar; elsewhere no rain was received. The weather was abnormally hot. More rain is wanted in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and the Rampura Bhanpura district and the Alampur pergana of Indore. Spring sowings are in progress except in parts of Gwalior and Bundelkhand where operations are stopped for want of rain. Standing crops are bad in the northern districts of Gwalior and in Bundelkhand and indifferent in Baghelkhand. The crops have been damaged for want of rain in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. The condition of cattle is bad in parts of Gwalior and Bundelkhand. The supply of fodder is bad in parts of Gwalior, indifferent in Baghelkhand and scarce in Bundelkhand, and the Alampur pergana of Indore. Prices are rising in Gwalior, Bhopal and parts of Bundelkhand, are above normal in Baghelkhand, fluctuating in parts of Indore and steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—During the week no rain worth mentioning was received. The days were hot and the nights and mornings cool. Reaping of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in full swing. Germination of spring crops is defective in many places, and rain is urgently required everywhere. Autumn crops, especially on light soils, have been damaged all over the Provinces and the outturn of different crops on the whole is expected to be considerably below normal. The supply of fodder and water is generally adequate except in Betul and the Vindhyan districts. Agricultural stock is in good condition. The price of gram and *juar* fell in Chhindwara by $2\frac{1}{2}$ and *juar* in Yeotmal by 2 seers per rupee. Gram rose by 2 seers in Wardha. Elsewhere the prices of staple food grains remained stationary or fluctuated slightly.

Feudatory States.—Sirguja and Jashpur received 20 and 56 cents of rain respectively. More rain is required for the successful germination of spring crops. A fair outturn of the autumn crops is anticipated on the whole. The price of rice in Sarangarh and Jashpur fell by 2 seers and that of gram in Jashpur by 4 seers per rupee. Rice in Udaipur rose by 2 seers per rupee.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of Kathiawar and Kolhapur. Standing crops are in good condition except for slight damage by locusts and rats in parts of Sind, by rats in Kaira, Palanpur and Rewa Kantha and by insects in parts of Broach, Ahmednagar, Bijapur and Kolhapur. The harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops continue. The supply of fodder is generally sufficient. Agricultural stock is in good condition and sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona. Water for drinking and irrigation is adequate. Prices are high but fluctuating. The public health is generally good. Stocks of grain are sufficient.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week. The general prospects are fair. Autumn crops are being harvested but suffered somewhat through want of rain and by insects in parts of the Gulbarga, Raichur, Mahbubnagar and Karimnagar districts. Early rice is being irrigated and the crop is fair except in the above districts and in a few isolated parts. The sowings of spring crops are progressing generally and germination is satisfactory except in isolated parts. Scarcity of fodder prevails in three, water scarcity in six and cattle disease in three talukas. Prices of grains are almost stationary. White *juar* sells for ten seers per rupee in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is 8 seers per rupee in Mahbubnagar and Karimnagar and the lowest 20 in Adilabad.

Mysore.—No rain fell throughout the State during the week. The price of *ragi* has fallen slightly in Hassan and Chittaldurg. The markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition, but want of rain is felt in the greater part of the State. The prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—No rain fell during the week. Rice is in good condition. Picking of cardamom continues. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—During the week the rainfall was heavy in Madras, fair to good in Chingleput, South Arcot, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and South Travancore and light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of dry crops and paddy over small areas is proceeding with outturn fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally for the most part. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of water is insufficient for irrigation in some places. Fodder is generally sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Nepal.—*Report for the quarter ending 15th October 1913.*—The rainfall for the period was 19.86 inches against 23.95 inches for the corresponding period of last year. The deficiency has caused a good deal of damage to the rice crop on high lying lands round about the Nepal valley which depend entirely upon rainfall for irrigation.

July and August 1913.—Pears, apples, and pepper were gathered in the Nepal valley. The outturn has been good. Rice was sown in the Terai and in Nepal.

September 1913.—Chillies, Indian corn and early rice were harvested in the hills and in the Nepal valley. The outturn was satisfactory. Potatoes and early winter vegetables were sown.

October 1913.—Millets and autumn rice were being harvested in the hills and valleys and the sowing of garlic and onions is in progress. Lands are being prepared for the sowing of wheat, barley and peas. The market is well stocked and the price of food grains is normal. The health of live stock is reported to be good.

No. 2719.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

(CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.)

Simla, the 31st October 1913.

The following Memorandum and Order issued by the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, London, are published for general information.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS, 1894 TO 1911.

Horses (Importation and Transit) Order of 1913.

This Order revokes the existing Orders dealing with the Importation and Transit of horses, asses, and mules, and re-enacts those Orders with the following amendment :—

Importation—Chapter I.

Horses, asses and mules brought to Great Britain from abroad are required by the new Order to be accompanied by a veterinary certificate of freedom from symptoms of glanders (including farcy), epizootic lymphangitis, ulcerative lymphangitis, dourine, horse-pox, sarcoptic mange, psoroptic mange, influenza, ringworm, or strangles, instead of, as at present, from symptoms of glanders (including farcy) only.

The existing special provisions as to landing at Leith and Newcastle-upon-Tyne are continued.

The provisions of Chapter I of the Horses (Importation and Transit) Order of 1912, which, in effect, required horses, asses, or mules brought from abroad to be either accompanied by a Licence of the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries or to be examined at a place of detention at the port of landing, but which had, for various reasons been postponed from time to time and have not come into operation, are entirely withdrawn.

The new Order will come into force on the 1st October, 1913.

A. W. ANSTRUTHER,

Assistant Secretary.

Board of Agriculture and Fisheries,

4, Whitehall Place, London, S.W.,

26th September, 1913.

(8924.)

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.

(DATED 25TH SEPTEMBER 1913.)

HORSES (IMPORTATION AND TRANSIT) ORDER OF 1913.

The Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in them under the Diseases of Animals Act, 1894 to 1911, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

CHAPTER I.—IMPORTATION.

Regulation of Importation of Horses, Asses and Mules.

1. No horse, ass, or mule, brought to Great Britain from any other country, except Ireland the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man, shall, subject to the provisions of the next following Article, be landed in Great Britain unless it is accompanied by a certificate of a veterinary surgeon to the effect that he examined the animal immediately before it was embarked, or whilst it was on board the vessel, as the case may be, and that he found that the animal did not show symptoms of glanders (including farcy), epizootic lymphangitis, ulcerative lymphangitis, dourine, horse pox, sarcoptic mange, psoroptic mange, influenza, ringworm, or strangles.

Special Provisions as to Landing at Leith and Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

2. (1) Horses, asses or mules brought to Great Britain from Iceland or the Faroe Islands may be landed in the burgh of Leith, at the Albert Dock, or the Imperial Dock, or the Edinburgh Dock, or at the wharf belonging to the Corporation of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, situate between St. Lawrence-road and the River Tyne in the City of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, with the permission in writing of an Officer of Customs and Excise, under and in accordance with the following conditions, namely:—

(i) A horse, ass or mule so landed in the burgh of Leith shall be moved forthwith by the owner or person in charge thereof to the shed known as the Black Shed and situate between the south side of the Imperial Dock and the Albert Dock Basin.

(ii) A horse, ass or mule so landed in the City of Newcastle-upon-Tyne shall be moved forthwith by the owner or person in charge thereof to the sheds in the occupation of the Corporation of the said city situate between St. Lawrence-road and the River Tyne.

(iii) Every animal when moved to the said shed shall be there detained by the owner or person in charge thereof until an Inspector of the Local Authority is furnished with a certificate by a veterinary surgeon stating that the horse, ass or mule has been examined by him and does not show symptoms of glanders (including farcy), epizootic lymphangitis, ulcerative lymphangitis, dourine, horse-pox, sarcoptic mange, psoroptic mange, influenza, ringworm or strangles, and the Inspector authorises the removal of the animal from the shed.

(iv) During movement to the shed, horses, asses and mules shall be kept separate from all horses, asses or mules not landed under this provision.

(2.) If any horse, ass or mule in the shed is diseased or suspected within the meaning of any Order of the Board, the Local Authority of the District shall proceed in accordance with the provisions of that Order, except that any horse, ass or mule which is not diseased or suspected may be moved with the written permission of an Inspector of the Local Authority of the District to a vessel in the

Leith Docks or Harbour, or in the River Tyne, as the case may be, for exportation; and also except that no compensation shall be payable in respect of any horse, ass or mule slaughtered by the Local Authority.

CHAPTER II.—CARRIAGE BY WATER.

Carriage by Water of Unfit Horses, &c.

3. No horse, ass or mule shall be permitted by the owner thereof, or his agent, or any person in charge thereof, to be embarked in a vessel for carriage thereon from any port in Great Britain if, owing to infirmity, illness, injury, fatigue or any other cause, it cannot be carried without unnecessary suffering during the intended passage.

Notification by Inspectors of Unfitness of Horses, &c., for Conveyance.

4. Where an Inspector of the Board or of a Local Authority is of opinion that a horse, ass or mule intended to be carried on a vessel from any port in Great Britain cannot, owing to infirmity, illness, injury, fatigue, or any other cause, be so carried without unnecessary suffering, he may serve a Notice to that effect on the person in charge of the animal and also, when practicable, on the master of the vessel, and until such Notice is withdrawn by an Inspector it shall be unlawful to carry the animal on a vessel, and if the animal is carried in contravention of this Article, the person in charge thereof, and the master of the vessel, where the Notice has been served on the master, shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

Provisions as to Vessels carrying Horses, &c.

5. The provisions of this Article shall apply to all vessels on which horses, asses or mules are carried to or from any port in Great Britain.

(Fittings of Vessels.)

(i.) Each horse, ass or mule shall be carried in a separate box or stall, except that brood mares, ponies, asses, mules and unbroken horses, and horses in charge of special attendants, may be carried in pens. Boxes, stalls and pens shall be of sufficient size, and shall be so constructed as to be of a substantial character, and of sufficient strength to withstand the action of the weather and to resist the weight of any animal that may be thrown against them. A moveable box shall be so secured as to prevent its displacement by the motion of the vessel.

(ii.) The floor of each box, stall or pen shall, in order to prevent slipping, be fitted with suitable battens, and be strewn with a proper quantity of sand or other suitable substance.

(iii.) The vessel shall be provided with sufficient and suitable means for slinging the animals carried.

(iv.) The fittings or other parts of a vessel, box, stall or pen likely to cause injury or unnecessary suffering to horses, asses or mules shall be properly and securely fenced off or padded, as the case may require.

(v.) Horses, asses and mules while on a vessel shall be protected against injury or unnecessary suffering from undue exposure to the weather.

(Ventilation.)

(vi.) All parts of the vessel in or on which horses, asses or mules are carried shall be sufficiently and suitably ventilated. All such parts if below deck shall, in addition to any ventilation obtained by means of the hatchways, be provided with sufficient and suitable ventilators for the removal of foul air and for the admission of a proper supply of fresh air to all the animals carried.

(Light.)

(vii.) All parts of the vessel over which the horses, asses or mules pass, or in which they are carried, shall be properly lighted, and arrangements shall be made for the provision at all times of adequate light for the proper tending of the animals.

(Passage-Ways)

(viii.) Every part of the vessel where horses, asses or mules are carried shall be provided with one or more passage-ways leading from the hatchway or entrance to such part of the vessel and giving frontal access to each box or stall containing a horse, ass or mule. Each passage-way shall be of a minimum width of one foot and six inches, and be kept free of obstruction.

(Food and Water.)

(ix.) Horses, asses and mules carried on a vessel for a voyage which on an average takes more than six hours shall be provided while on board with a sufficient amount of suitable food and water, and proper accommodation shall be provided on board for the stowage of the food so that the same shall not be unduly exposed to the weather at sea.

(x.) The provisions of the preceding paragraph (ix.) shall not apply to a vessel on which horses, asses, or mules are carried from Ireland to a port in Great Britain, or from Great Britain to a port in Ireland, but in any such case the following provisions shall apply :—

(a) Horses, asses, and mules shall be provided while on board with a sufficient amount of food and water on the request, made before the sailing of the vessel, of the consignor or any person in charge thereof, or if the master of the vessel considers such food and water should be provided in order to protect the animals from unnecessary suffering. The cost of providing the food shall in each case be recoverable from the consignor of the animals.

(b) Proper accommodation shall be provided on board for the stowage of food carried thereon for the purpose of this provision so that the same shall not be unduly exposed to weather.

(Securing of Horses, etc.)

(xi.) All horses, asses or mules while being carried in a box or stall shall as far as practicable be securely tied by the head.

(Attendance.)

(xii.) A vessel on which horses, asses or mules are carried shall carry a sufficient number of qualified attendants to tend the animals properly.

(Returns as to Casualties.)

(xiii.) The owner or charterer of a vessel on which horses, asses or mules are carried shall keep a record of all such animals which have died or have been killed or seriously injured while on such vessel, and shall at the end of every month make a return to the Board showing whether any, and, if so, how many, animals have so died or been killed or injured on the vessel.

(Saving for Ferry Boats, etc.)

(xiv.) The foregoing provisions of this Article shall not extend to the carriage of horses, asses or mules on a vessel across an arm of the sea or over any ferry, or on a river, canal, or other inland water, but the fittings of the vessel shall be such as to protect as far as practicable the animals so carried from injury and unnecessary suffering, and as far practicable provision shall be made in order to prevent slipping by strewing the deck with sand or other suitable substance.

(Approaches, Gangways, and other Apparatus.)

(xv.) Approaches, gangways, passage-ways, cages, and other apparatus used for the loading or unloading or movement of horses, asses or mules on or from a vessel, shall be so constructed that injury or unnecessary suffering shall not be caused to the animals.

(Overcrowding.)

(xvi.) A vessel shall not be overcrowded in any part or pen so as to cause injury or unnecessary suffering to the horses, asses or mules thereon.

(Injured Horses, &c.)

(xvii.) If any horse, ass or mule on a vessel has a limb broken or is otherwise seriously injured so as to be incapable of being disembarked without cruelty, the master of the vessel may, and shall if so required by the Diseases of Animals Act, 1910, forthwith cause that animal to be slaughtered. The person in charge of the animal shall forthwith report the injury to the master of the vessel.

(Approved Killing Instruments.)

(xviii.) Every vessel on which a horse, ass or mule is carried shall carry a proper killing instrument, to be approved by the Board for that purpose, and it shall be the duty of the owner and master of every such vessel to see that the vessel is provided with such an instrument, and the master, if so required by an Inspector of the Board or of the Local Authority, shall produce the instrument for his inspection.

Water at Shipping and Unshipping Places.

6. At every place where horses, asses or mules are put on board of or landed from vessels, provision shall be made, to the satisfaction of the Board, for a supply of water for the animals; and water shall be supplied there gratuitously to any animal on request of any person having charge of the animal.

Provision to be made at Unshipping Places.

7. At every place where horses, asses or mules are landed from vessels, provision shall be made, to the satisfaction of the Board, for the speedy and convenient landing of the animals, and for a supply of food for them; and food shall be supplied there by the occupier of the landing place to any horse, ass or mule on request of any person having charge of the animal, at such price as the Board approve.

CHAPTER III.—CARRIAGE BY RAILWAY.

Carriage by Railway of Unfit Horses, etc.

8. No horse, ass or mule shall be permitted by the owner thereof, or his agent, or any person in charge thereof, to be carried by railway if, owing to infirmity, illness, injury, fatigue, or any other cause, it cannot be carried without unnecessary suffering during the intended transit by railway.

Notification by Inspectors of Unfitness of Horses, etc., for Conveyance.

9. Where an Inspector of the Board or of a Local Authority is of opinion that a horse, ass or mule intended to be carried by railway cannot, owing to infirmity, illness, injury, fatigue, or any other cause, be so carried without unnecessary suffering, he may serve a Notice to that effect on the person in charge of the animal and also, when practicable, on an officer of the railway company, and until such Notice is withdrawn by an Inspector it shall be unlawful to carry the animal by railway, and if the animal is carried in contravention of this Article,

the person in charge thereof, and the railway company, where the Notice has been served on an officer of the company, shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

Construction of Trucks, etc., used for Carriage of Horses, etc.

10.—(1.) No horse, ass or mule shall be carried by railway in a truck or other vehicle which is not in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

(2) Every truck or other vehicle shall be provided at each end with spring buffers, and the floor thereof, in order to prevent slipping, shall be fitted with battens or other proper footholds, or be strewn with a proper quantity of litter or sand or other proper substance.

(3) The battens in a truck or other vehicle (other than a horse-box) shall be placed across the vehicle, except between the doorways, where they shall be placed lengthways.

(4.) Every truck or other vehicle (other than a horse-box) shall be so constructed as to admit of ventilation and inspection at the floor level.

(5) Every truck or other vehicle shall be so constructed that the interior thereof shall be free from any boltheads, angles or other projections likely to cause suffering to animals carried therein.

(6) Every falling loading door and every gangway, passage-way, loading or unloading board, shall be fitted with longitudinal battens or other proper footholds.

(7) Every truck for carrying horses, asses or mules, built after the first day of March, nineteen hundred and four, shall be fitted with a roof, and with falling loading doors of a pattern approved by the Board, and all internal projections shall be rounded.

(8) Every truck or other vehicle shall be so constructed as to permit of its being cleansed and disinfected in manner prescribed by this Order.

Overcrowding.

11. A railway company shall not allow any railway truck or other railway vehicle used for carrying horses, asses or mules on the railway, or any compartment thereof, to be overcrowded so as to cause injury or unnecessary suffering to the animals therein.

CHAPTER IV.—CLEANSING AND DISINFECTION.

Vessels.

12.—(1.) A vessel used for carrying horses, asses or mules by sea, or on a canal, river or inland navigation, shall after the landing of such animals therefrom at any port in Great Britain, and before the taking on board of any other such animal or other cargo, be cleansed and disinfected as follows :—

(i) All parts of the vessel with which any such animal or its droppings have come in contact shall be scraped and swept, and then be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water, and then have applied to them a coating of limewash, or be otherwise disinfected in the manner hereinafter prescribed; provided that the application of lime-wash shall not be compulsory as regards such parts of the vessel as are used for passengers or the crew.

(ii) All fittings, pens, hurdles, or utensils used for or about the animals shall, if not permanently removed from the vessel, be scraped, and then be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water, and then have applied to them a coating of lime-wash, or be otherwise disinfected in the manner hereinafter prescribed.

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the vessel shall not be landed unless and until they have been well mixed with quicklime.

(3.) In the case of a ferry-boat or other vessel which makes short and frequent passages across a river or an arm of the sea or other water it shall be sufficient if the ferry-boat or vessel be cleansed and disinfected once in every period of twelve hours within which it is so used.

Fodder and Litter.

13. All partly consumed or broken fodder that has been supplied to, and all litter that has been used for or about, horses, asses or mules carried by sea, or on a canal, river or inland navigation, shall, if and when landed from the vessel, be forthwith well mixed with quicklime and be effectually removed from contact with horses, asses or mules.

Moveable Gangways and other Apparatus.

14.—(1.) A moveable gangway, passageway, cage, or other apparatus used for the loading or unloading of horses, asses or mules on or from a vessel, or otherwise used in connection with the transit of such animals by sea, or on a canal, river or inland navigation, or used for the loading or unloading of such animals on or from a railway truck or other railway vehicle, or otherwise used in connection with the transit of such animals on a railway, shall as soon as practicable after being so used be cleansed as follows :—

The apparatus shall be scraped and swept, so as effectually to remove therefrom all dung, litter, and other matter, and then be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water.

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the apparatus, and all dung, litter, and other matter removed therefrom shall forthwith be well mixed with quicklime, and be effectually removed from contact with horses, asses or mules.

Trucks, &c.

15.—(1.) A railway truck, if used for horses asses or mules on a railway, shall, on every occasion after a horse, ass or mule is taken out of it, and before any other horse, ass or mule, or any fodder or litter, or anything intended to be used for or about horses, asses or mules is placed in it, be cleansed and disinfected as follows :—

(i) The floor of the truck, and all other parts thereof with which any such animal or its droppings have come in contact shall be scraped and swept, and the scrapings and sweepings, and all dung, sawdust, litter, and other matter shall be effectually removed therefrom : then

(ii) The same parts of the truck shall be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water ; and then have applied to them a coating of lime-wash, or be otherwise disinfected in the manner hereinafter prescribed.

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the truck, and all dung, sawdust, litter, and other matter removed therefrom shall forthwith be well mixed with quicklime, and be effectually removed from contact with horses, asses or mules.

Horse-Boxes, Guards' Vans, &c.

16.—(1.) A horse-box or other railway vehicle (not being a railway truck) if used for horses, asses or mules on a railway shall, on every occasion after the animal is taken out of it, and before any other horse, ass or mule is placed in it, be cleansed and disinfected as follows :—

(i) The floor of the vehicle, and all other parts thereof with which the droppings of the animal have come in contact, shall be scraped and

swept, and the scrapings and sweepings, and all dung, sawdust, fodder, litter, and other matter shall be effectually removed therefrom : and

(ii.) The sides of the vehicle, and all other parts thereof with which the head or any discharge from the mouth or nostrils of the animal has come in contact, and any halter or headstall used for the animal, shall be thoroughly washed with water by means of a sponge, brush or other instrument, and then as far as practicable be disinfected in the manner hereinafter prescribed ; and

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the vehicle, and all dung, sawdust, fodder, litter, and other matter removed therefrom shall forthwith be well mixed with quicklime, and be effectually removed from contact with horses, asses or mules.

Disinfection Prescribed in Specified Cases.

17. The prescribed manner of disinfection to be adopted in the case of any place or thing or part of a place or thing required to be disinfected under this Order is as follows :—

The place or thing, or the part thereof, required to be disinfected shall be thoroughly coated or washed with—

- (a) a one per cent. (minimum) solution of chloride of lime containing not less than thirty per cent. of available chlorine ; or
- (b) a four per cent. (minimum) solution of carbolic acid (containing not less than ninety-five per cent. of actual carbolic acid), followed by a thorough sprinkling with lime-wash ; or
- (c) a disinfectant equal in disinfective efficiency to the above-mentioned solution of carbolic acid, followed by a thorough sprinkling with lime wash.

CHAPTER V.—GENERAL.

Digging up of Carcasses.

18. It shall not be lawful for any person, except with the licence of the Board or permission in writing of an Inspector of the Board, to dig up, or cause to be dug up, the carcass of any horse, ass or mule that has been buried.

Expenses of burial of Carcasses of Horses, etc., washed ashore.

19. Section 46 of the Diseases of Animals Act, 1894, which relates to expenses of burial of certain carcasses washed ashore shall apply to any carcass of a horse, ass or mule washed ashore.

Local Authority to enforce Order.

20. The provisions of this Order, except where it is otherwise provided, shall be executed and enforced by the Local Authority of each District in Great Britain.

Extension of certain Sections of Diseases of Animals Act, 1894.

21. *Horses, asses and mules shall be animals for the purposes of the following sections of the Act of 1894 (namely) :

Section forty-three (*Police*) ;

Section forty-four (*General Administrative Provisions*) ;

Section fifty-six (*Proceedings under Customs Acts for unlawful landing or shipping*) ;

and also for the purposes of all other sections of the said Act containing provisions relative to or consequent on the provisions of those sections and this Order, including such sections as relate to offences and legal proceedings.

Crown not bound by the Order.

22. This Order does not bind the Crown:

Offences.

23.—(1.) If any horse, ass, or mule is landed in contravention of this Order, the owner thereof, and the owner and the lessee and the occupier of the place of landing where such animal is landed, and also the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel from which the same is landed, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

(2.) If any horse, ass or mule is carried on a vessel which does not conform to the provisions of this Order as to vessels carrying horses, asses or mules, or if any such provision, or any provision as to cleansing and disinfection of vessels or any apparatus used in connection with the transit of such animals by sea, is not complied with on a vessel on which horses, asses or mules are carried the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

(3.) If any horse, ass or mule is carried by railway in a vehicle which is not constructed in accordance with the provisions of this Order, or if any provision as to cleansing and disinfection of railway vehicles used for horses, asses or mules, or any apparatus used in connection with the transit of such animals on a railway, is not complied with, the railway company carrying the animal or owning or using the vehicle or apparatus shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

Interpretation.

24. In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires :—

" The Board " means the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries :

" Port " includes place :

" Person " includes a body corporate :

" Fodder " means hay or other substance commonly used for food of horses, asses or mules :

" Litter " means straw or other substance commonly used for bedding or otherwise for or about horses, asses or mules :

" The Act of 1894 " means the Diseases of Animals Act, 1894 :

" Master " includes a person having the charge or command of a vessel :

Other terms have the same meaning as in the Act of 1894.

Commencement.

25. This Order shall come into operation on the first day of October, nineteen hundred and thirteen.

Revocation.

26. The orders described in the Schedule hereto are hereby revoked to the extent therein specified.

Short Title.

27. This Order may be cited as the HORSES (IMPORTATION AND TRANSIT) ORDER OF 1913.

In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries have hereunto set their Official Seal this twenty-fifth day of September, nineteen hundred and thirteen.



A. W. Anstruther,
Assistant Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Orders Revoked.

No.	Date.	Subject or Short Title.	Extent of Revocation.
7322	1907. 23 August	The Glanders or Farcy Order of 1907 ...	Articles 2 and 23 (1.) only (<i>Regulation of Importation of Horses, Asses and Mules</i>).
7511	1908. 24 June	Landing at Newcastle-upon-Tyne of horses, asses, or mules brought from Iceland or the Faroe Islands.	The whole Order.
7696	1909. 12 May.	Landing at Leith of horses, asses or mules brought from Iceland or the Faroe Islands,	The whole Order.
8313	1912. 22 April.	Horses (Importation and Transit) Order of 1912.	The whole Order.
8906	1913. 25 August	Amendment of Article 13 (ix) of Order No. 8313.	The whole Order.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

**RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)**

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		MEAN MILEAGE WORKED.		TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK ENDING		EARNINGS PER MILE OPEN FOR WEEK.		TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO		REMARKS.	
	R	1912-13.	1912.	1913.	18th October 1912.	18th October 1913.	1912.	1913.	18th October 1912.	18th October 1913.	Increase.	Decrease.
State and Guaranteed Railways.												
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	319	2,495	614	7,564,775	6,090,000	307	267	2,143,310,000	2,254,890	...	...
Bezawada Extension	356	21	21	7,093	7,100	318	378	2,07,000	2,758	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	600	946	946	6,22,603	5,70,000	653	603	1,78,31,000	9,70,958	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India (lines)	430	1,551	1,578	8,30,019	8,79,000	532	557	1,78,35,000	9,15,796	...	...
East Indian	703	2,455	2,551	20,36,562	19,47,000	879	761	5,68,33,591	5,45,35,000	...	23,58,594	
Great Indian Peninsula (including Indian Midland)	626	2,472	2,537	12,06,805	13,41,000	535	528	3,95,90,115	4,11,27,000	...	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	370	126	126	37,621	40,000	291	318	10,96,566	11,22,000	...	25,434	
Baran-Kotal	86	40	40	3,104	3,500	73	87	1,08,026	98,800	...	10,126	
Bhopal-Itarsi	556	57	57	2,753	31,200	504	547	8,71,564	9,71,000	...	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3 1/2" gauge lines)	269	2,585	2,555	5,94,704	6,03,000	230	233	1,97,02,473	2,09,57,000	...	6,54,527	
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	446	3,512	3,927	19,00,851	14,50,000	499	369	5,17,72,560	4,83,54,000	...	34,18,269	
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3 1/2" link)	295	1,589	1,600	4,01,565	4,06,000	253	254	1,36,00,417	1,29,05,000	...	7,01,417	(a) Opened from 1st April 1913.
Cawnpore-Banda (a)	...	33	33	...	1,000	...	31	...	24,600	...	...	...
Hardwar-Dehra	267	32	32	5,007	14,600	156	456	2,34,035	2,80,000	...	45,962	
Assam-Bengal	158	805	805	1,08,354	1,50,000	172	194	33,93,634	35,05,000	...	1,11,396	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	328	1,928	1,828	5,18,000	5,10,000	283	284	1,65,72,315	1,45,50,000	...	17,23,335	
Baroda	250	1,545	1,552	3,70,134	4,21,000	240	271	1,07,45,203	1,20,56,000	...	13,12,707	
Jaipur-Hyderabad (British Section)	209	124	124	27,440	16,400	21	132	7,35,608	8,17,000	...	81,192	
Lucknow-Bareilly	153	281	287	30,553	33,000	109	115	12,14,132	12,83,000	...	68,868	
Mysore (including Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	172	411	411	75,193	70,800	183	172	19,78,786	20,13,000	...	34,214	
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	379	1,396	1,451	4,92,726	5,18,000	253	378	1,52,21,407	1,58,13,000	...	5,91,593	
Travancore Branch	147	108	108	14,842	16,700	137	155	4,61,508	4,87,000	...	25,192	
Tirhoot	242	774	792	1,55,446	1,44,000	201	182	50,28,882	49,59,000	...	69,882	
Jerhat (Provincial)	78	30	30	2,089	4,800	70	160	66,616	66,600	...	...	16
Total	215	25,404	26,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	...	...	...

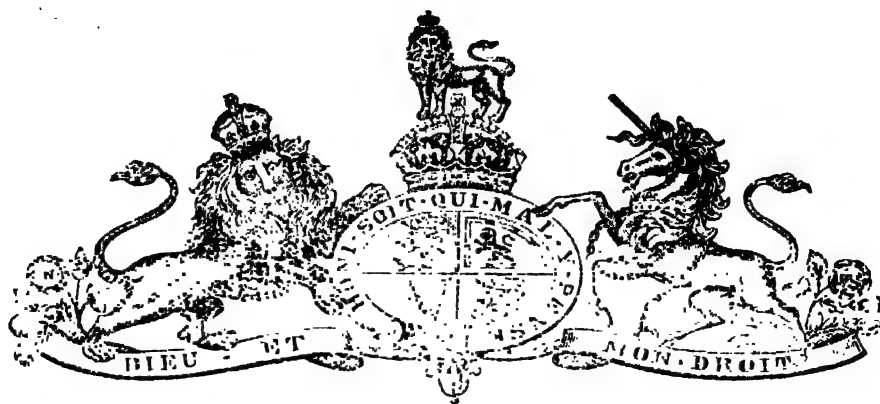
Name of the Railway	Length in miles	Gross Receipts	Net Receipts	Working Expenses	Depreciation	Total Expenditure	Profit	Dividend	Reserve	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Total Equity	Date of Opening
Bombay & Central	122	56	114	114	7,785	11,000	139	196	2,88,604	3,64,000	75,096	...	(b) Opened from 1st January 1913.
Bombay & Central	114	114	114	114	17,544	20,200	154	177	6,17,414	5,95,000	22,414	...	
Bombay & Central	148	148	148	148	9,213	11,000	62	74	2,90,287	3,14,000	23,713	...	
Bombay & Central	192	192	192	192	73,016	59,100	380	508	17,53,346	17,26,000	27,346	...	
Bombay & Central	16	16	16	16	1,894	2,000	118	125	40,958	65,000	24,342	...	
Bombay & Central	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay & Central	59	59	59	59	...	6,000	...	61	...	1,10,000	1,10,000	...	
Bombay & Central	22	22	22	22	510	500	23	23	15,714	17,500	1,786	...	
Bombay & Central	79	79	79	79	11,017	11,000	139	139	3,91,475	3,71,000	20,475	...	
Bombay & Central	34	34	34	34	4,382	4,400	128	129	1,76,495	1,53,000	24,495	...	
Bombay & Central	334	334	334	334	1,07,139	1,02,000	321	305	30,25,866	32,84,000	2,58,134	...	
Bombay & Central	108	108	108	108	4,487	4,500	132	132	1,69,402	1,61,000	8,402	...	
Bombay & Central	425	425	425	425	90,915	89,000	339	315	11,72,013	10,50,000	1,22,013	...	
Bombay & Central	142	142	142	142	20,144	20,000	214	209	29,12,330	27,98,000	1,14,330	...	
Bombay & Central	155	155	155	155	8,215	10,000	130	120	6,31,808	7,27,000	95,192	...	
Bombay & Central	176	176	176	176	20,559	21,000	132	135	7,26,070	6,36,000	90,070	...	
Bombay & Central	22	22	22	22	7,012	4,700	318	214	2,11,521	1,91,000	20,521	...	
Bombay & Central	70	34	34	34	1,566	1,900	53	56	72,700	67,700	5,000	...	
Bombay & Central	76	89	89	89	5,257	5,400	59	61	1,84,698	1,94,000	9,302	...	
Bombay & Central	182	1,174	1,210	1,210	1,63,864	1,62,000	140	130	60,11,852	56,87,000	3,24,852	...	
Bombay & Central	181	153	153	153	31,204	40,000	204	261	7,57,950	8,44,000	86,040	...	
Bombay & Central	124	52	52	52	5,488	5,800	106	112	1,77,158	1,88,000	10,842	...	
Bombay & Central	150	194	227	227	21,313	24,300	110	107	8,18,018	8,90,000	71,982	...	
Bombay & Central	163	33	33	33	6,542	5,000	118	152	1,35,203	1,36,000	797	...	
Bombay & Central	299	86	86	86	26,075	20,100	303	303	6,91,916	7,42,000	50,084	...	
Bombay & Central	78	184	184	184	13,112	13,100	71	71	4,55,880	4,24,000	31,880	...	
Bombay & Central	121	194	211	211	18,331	25,300	94	120	6,50,009	7,23,000	72,991	...	
Bombay & Central	192	442	442	442	52,004	60,700	118	158	22,27,067	19,96,000	2,31,067	...	
Bombay & Central	87	73	73	73	5,383	5,300	74	73	1,77,781	1,59,000	18,781	...	
Bombay & Central	90	54	54	54	3,737	4,500	69	83	1,27,072	1,59,000	31,928	...	
Bombay & Central	107	910	1,023	1,023	1,01,122	73,500	111	71	29,60,784	31,20,000	1,59,216	...	
Bombay & Central	93	100	113	113	8,392	10,300	84	01	2,64,364	3,10,000	45,636	...	
Bombay & Central	210	29	29	29	4,101	4,900	148	169	1,51,059	1,71,000	19,941	...	
Bombay & Central	40	105	105	105	2,976	3,300	30	36	89,448	1,09,000	19,552	...	
Bombay & Central	148	93	93	93	10,879	11,900	116	128	3,89,007	2,96,000	93,007	...	
Bombay & Central	132	55	55	55	8,104	11,400	145	207	1,76,350	2,56,000	79,644	...	
Bombay & Central	143	268	268	268	42,001	35,100	160	131	11,91,197	11,38,000	53,197	...	
Bombay & Central	146	5	5	5	760	500	152	100	18,254	20,900	2,646	...	
Bombay & Central	187	65	65	65	11,013	12,300	169	160	3,33,344	3,51,000	17,656	...	
Bombay & Central	175	103	103	103	15,319	17,300	149	168	5,30,133	5,88,000	57,867	...	
Bombay & Central	95	67	67	67	5,373	5,300	80	79	1,68,290	1,47,000	21,290	...	
Bombay & Central	96	116	116	116	11,491	15,200	99	131	4,77,958	5,29,000	51,042	...	
Bombay & Central	92	20	20	20	1,708	1,600	85	83	45,158	47,700	2,542	...	
Bombay & Central	89	118	118	118	7,798	7,800	66	66	2,87,553	3,15,000	27,447	...	
Bombay & Central	14	26	26	26	301	300	12	12	(c) 11,236	13,600	2,364	...	
Bombay & Central	...	...	...	...	...	1,700	...	61	...	59,400	59,400	...	
Bombay & Central	62	37	37	37	1,344	1,300	36	35	57,806	65,400	7,594	...	
Bombay & Central	430	51	51	51	30,567	25,000	599	490	6,45,370	6,78,000	32,630	...	
Bombay & Central	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	20	...	14,200	14,200	...	
Bombay & Central	163	7,027	7,427	7,427	10,37,950	10,38,300	148	140	3,29,27,426	3,33,24,700	3,97,274	...	
Bombay & Central	360	32,521	33,462	33,462	1,19,94,159	1,09,59,400	350	325	32,83,42,338	32,72,44,700	10,97,638	...	
GRAND TOTAL													

(c) From 1st June 1912.
(d) Opened from 5th March 1913.
(e) Earnings reported from March 1913.

Simla, the 30th October 1913.

C. F. ANDERSON, Major, R.E.,
Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 4th November, 1913.

No. 2440.—With reference to the Home Department notification no. 975, dated the 15th May 1913, it is hereby notified that the Hon'ble Sir Harvey Adamson, K.C.S.I., returned from leave and resumed charge of the office of Lieutenant-Governor of Burma on the afternoon of the 1st November 1913.

MEDICAL.

The 4th November, 1913.

No. 957.—The services of Captain O. A. R. Berkeley-Hill, M.B., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

The 6th November, 1913.

No. 963.—The services of Major W. G. Richards, M.B., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

(1003)

PORT BLAIR.

The 5th November, 1913.

No. 309.—Mr. C. Parkinson, Probationary Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Port Blair, is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent in the Settlement so long as he holds his present office or until further orders.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 1st November, 1913.

No. 2713-*Est.-A.*—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel B. E. M. Gurdon, C.I.E., D.S.O., of the Political Department are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab with effect from the date of his return from leave.

No. 2717-*Est.-A.*—Major H. A. K. Gough of the Political Department, on return from leave, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana, with effect from the 25th October, 1913.

The 3rd November, 1913.

No. 3510-*I.B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply to Berar the enactments specified in the first schedule hereto annexed, in so far as the same may be applicable and subject to any amendments to which the enactments are for the time being subject in the Central Provinces.

Provided, first, that, in the enactments as so applied references to the "Local Government" shall be read as referring to the "Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces"; references to the "Chief Controlling Revenue Authority" or the "Chief Revenue Authority" as referring to the "Chief Controlling Revenue Authority or the Chief Revenue Authority of the Central Provinces"; references to a "High Court" as referring to the "Court of the Judicial Commissioner of the Central Provinces"; references to the official Gazette as referring to the *Central Provinces Gazette* and, except where the context otherwise requires, references to British India or the territories subject to a Local Government as referring to Berar.

Provided, secondly, that the further modifications and restrictions set forth in the said schedule shall be made in the said enactments as so applied.

Provided, thirdly, that for the purpose of facilitating the application of the said enactments any Court in Berar may construe the provisions thereof with such alterations not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt them to the matter before the Court:

2. The notifications of the Government of India, specified in the second schedule hereto annexed are superseded to the extent noted against each.

Provided that all civil and criminal proceedings pending at the date of this notification shall be carried on as if this notification had not been issued, but that, save as aforesaid, all proceedings commenced, officers appointed or authorised, jurisdictions or powers conferred or confirmed, notifications published, rules or bye-laws made, orders passed and things done under any of the enactments specified in the notifications hereby superseded in Berar shall be, as far as may be, deemed to have been, respectively, commenced, appointed or authorised, conferred or confirmed, published, made, passed and done, under the corresponding enactments specified in this notification.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

*Enactments applied.**Further modifications and restrictions.*

1. The Succession (Property Protection) Act, 1841 (XIX of 1841).
2. The Indian Copyright Act, 1847 (XX of 1847).
3. The Public Accountants' Default Act, 1850 (XII of 1850).
4. The Judicial Officers' Protection Act, 1850 (XVIII of 1850).
5. The Caste Disabilities Removal Act, 1850 (XXI of 1850).

- (1) *For* the word "perjury" wherever it occurs, the words "giving false evidence in a judicial proceeding," shall be substituted.
6. The Public Servants (Inquiries) Act, 1850 (XXXVII of 1850). (2) In section 8, *for* the words "given to Civil and Criminal Courts by Act XXX of 1841" the words "for the time being possessed by Civil and Criminal Courts," shall be substituted.
7. The Hindu Widows' Re-marriage Act, 1856 (XV of 1856).
8. The Workman's Breach of Contract Act, 1859 (XIII of 1859).
9. The Employers and Workmen (Disputes) Act, 1860 (IX of 1860). Section 9 shall be omitted.
10. The Societies Registration Act, 1860 (XXI of 1860).
- (1) In section 17, *after* the words "British India" the words "or in Berar" shall be inserted.
- (2) In section 42, *after* the words "British India" the words "or to Berar" shall be inserted.
- (3) In section 75, clause (a) *after* the words "British India," the words "or in Berar" shall be inserted, and in clause (b) *after* the word "territories" the words "other than Berar" shall be inserted.
- (4) In sections 121-A, 124-A and 130 (Explanation), the words "British India" shall be read as referring to "British India and Berar."
- (5) In section 153-A, the words "Her Majesty's subjects" shall be construed as including "persons living in Berar."
11. The Indian Penal Code, 1860 (XLV of 1860).
12. The Police Act, 1861 (V of 1861).
13. The Stage-Carriages Act, 1861 (XVI of 1861). In section 5, *after* the words "in the English," the words "and in the Marathi," shall be inserted.
14. The Religious Endowments Act, 1863 (XX of 1863).
15. The Foreigner's Act, 1864 (III of 1864). Sections 5 to 25 shall be omitted.
16. The Carriers' Act, 1865 (III of 1865).
- (1) The amendments made by Acts V of 1902 and VIII of 1903, shall not be applicable.
- (2) In section 3 in the definition of High Court the word "therein" shall be omitted.
- (3) In sections 180, 210, 212, 213, 214, 223, 225, 242 and 260 the words "the Province" shall be taken to mean "Berar", and in section 223 *for* the words from "within which" to "such Court" the words "it shall be lawful for the Court which granted the probate or letters of administration" shall be substituted.
17. The Indian Succession Act, 1865 (X of 1865).
18. The Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1865 (XV of 1865).

19. The Parsi Intestate Succession Act, 1865 (XXI of 1865).

20. The Native Converts' Marriage Dissolution Act, 1866 (XXI of 1866).

21. The Public Gambling Act, 1867 (III of 1867).

22. The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867 (XXV of 1867).

23. The Indian Divorce Act, (IV of 1869).

Nothing in the Act as applied shall be deemed to apply to British subjects.

24. The Court-fees Act, 1870 (VII of 1870).

(1) In section 20, clause i, the words "and Revenue" shall be omitted.

(2) Section 23 shall be omitted.

25. The Cattle-trespass Act, 1871 (I of 1871).

26. The Pensions Act, 1871 (XXIII of 1871).

27. The Indian Evidence Act, 1872 (I of 1872).

In sections 57, 74, 78 and 79, the words "British India" shall be read as referring to "British India and Berar."

28. The Indian Contract Act, 1872 (IX of 1872).

29. The Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (XV of 1872).

Nothing in the Act as applied shall be deemed to apply to British subjects.

30. The Government Savings Banks Act, 1873 (V of 1873).

31. The Indian Oaths Act, 1873 (X of 1873).

32. The Indian Majority Act, 1875 (IX of 1875).

In section 2, clause (b), for the words "Her Majesty's subjects in India," the words "persons living in Berar," shall be substituted.

33. The Dramatic Performances Act, 1876 (XIX of 1876).

34. The Specific Relief Act, 1877 (I of 1877).

35. The Opium Act, 1878 (I of 1878).

36. The Indian Treasure-trove Act, 1878 (VI of 1878).

37. The Indian Forest Act, 1878 (VII of 1878).

This Act shall apply to all lands declared or constituted to be "State Forests" under the Berar Forest Law, 1886, or the Berar Forest Law, 1886, as amended by the Berar Forest Law Amendment Law, 1891, as if such lands were Reserved Forests, constituted under the said Act (VII of 1878).

38. The Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878).

Only sections 19 and 167, and Article 8 of the schedule appended to section 167, shall be applicable.

39. The Northern India Ferries Act, 1878
(XVII of 1878).

All references to "District Council" and "Local Board" shall be read as referring to "District Board" and "Taluk Board," respectively.

40. The Destruction of Records Act, 1879
(III of 1879).

In section 5, the words "and sanctioned by the Governor-General in Council" shall be omitted.

41. The Local Authorities' Loan Act, 1879 (XI of 1879).

42. The Legal Practitioner's Act, 1879
(XVIII of 1879).

43. The Vaccination Act, 1880 (XIII of 1880).

44. The Probate and Administration Act, 1881 (V of 1881).

- (1) The amendments made by Act VIII of 1903, shall not be applicable.
- (2) The definition of "Province" in section 3, the proviso to section 59, and sections 60, 65, 99, 154 and 155 shall be omitted.
- (3) In section 2, *for* the second proviso, the following shall be substituted, namely :—
"Provided also, that no Court shall receive applications for probate or letters of administration, until the Local Government has, by a notification in the official Gazette, authorised it to do so."
- (4) In sections 5, 26, 28, 29, 30, 39, 41, 59 and 82, the words "the Province" as referred to shall be taken to mean "Berar," and in section 39 the words "within which," "is situate" and "such Court" shall be omitted.

45. The District Delegates Act, 1881 (VI of 1881).

46. The Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881
(XXVI of 1881).

47. The Transfer of Property Act, 1882
(IV of 1882).

- (1) In section 3, in the definition of "registered," after the words "registered in," the words "Berar or in" shall be inserted.
- (2) In section 52, the words "British India" shall be read as referring to British India and Berar.

48. The Indian Companies Act, 1882 (VI of 1882).

In section 172, *after* the words "British India," where it first occurs the words "or Berar," shall be inserted.

49. The Indian Salt Act, 1882 (XII of 1882).

- (1) In section 1, paragraph 1, *before* the words "and it shall" the words "it extends to the whole of Berar" shall be added; and paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 of the said section shall be omitted.
- (2) In section 7, clause (a), *for* the words "manufactured in or imported by land into any part of British India," the words "manufactured in Berar or imported into Berar from any place other than British India," shall be substituted.
- (3) In section 27, paragraph 2, the word "other" *before* the word "part" shall be omitted, and the words "British India," shall be read without modification.

50. The Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883 (XIX of 1883).

51. The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884).

In section 5, sub-section (1), *for* the first thirty-six words the following shall be substituted, namely:—
"The Local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, may."

52. The Agriculturists' Loans Act, 1884 (XII of 1884).

Sections 2, 3 and 6 shall be omitted.

53. The Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885).

54. The Indian Income-tax Act, 1886 (II of 1886).

(1) For section 47, the following shall be substituted, *vis*:—

"47 (1) When a company or firm has several places of business in Berar the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces may declare which of them shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the principal place of business.

(2) When a person has several places of residence in Berar, the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces may declare which of these places shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be his residence."

(2) In section 3, sub section 5, the words from "and includes" to the end shall be omitted.

(3) Article 2 of Part I of the second schedule shall be omitted.

55. The Indian Tramways Act, 1886 (XI of 1886).

56. The Suits Valuation Act, 1887 (VII of 1887).

57. The Police Act, 1888 (III of 1888).

58. The Measures of Length Act, 1889 (II of 1889).

59. The Indian Merchandise Marks Act, 1889 (IV of 1889).

Sections 10, 11 and 13 shall be omitted.

For section 17, the following shall be substituted, *vis* :—

60. The Succession Certificate Act, 1889 (VII of 1889).

" 17. Where a certificate in the form of the second schedule to this Act has been granted under the Succession Certificate Act, 1889, by a Court having jurisdiction in British India, or where a certificate in the form, as nearly as circumstances admit, of the said schedule has been granted to a resident within a Foreign State by the British representative accredited to the State, or where a certificate so granted has been extended in such form by such Court or by such representative, the certificate shall have the same effect in Berar as a certificate granted or extended under this Act."

61. The Indian Official Secrets Act, 1889 (XV of 1889).

62. The Revenue Recovery Act, 1890 (I of 1890).

Subject to the provision that an arrear of land revenue accruing in any part of British India, or a sum recoverable as such an arrear and payable to a Collector or other public officer or to a local authority in any part of British India may be recovered under the Act as applied.

63. The Guardian and Wards Act, 1890 (VIII of 1890).

64. The Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890).

65. The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890 (XI of 1890).

66. The Bankers' Books Evidence Act, 1891 (XVIII of 1891).

In section 2, sub-section (1), *after* the words "British India" the words "or Berar" shall be inserted.

67. The Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (I of 1894).

68. The Prisons Act, 1894 (IX of 1894).

69. The Cotton Duties Act, 1896 (II of 1896).

70. The Excise Act, 1896 (XII of 1896).
- (1) For section 2, sub section (1), the following shall be substituted, namely :—
- "2 (1) The Berar Excise Law, 1897, and the Berar Hemp Drugs Law, 1897, are hereby repealed."
- (2) For section (3), sub-section (1), clause (e), the following shall be substituted, namely :—
- "(e) 'Import' includes removal from a Province in British India, or from a Native State, into Berar."
- (3) After section 11, the following shall be inserted, namely :—
- "11-A. (1) The Chief Commissioner may, by notification in the official Gazette, prohibit, within any local area, the tapping of any tree for *tari* or the drawing of *tari* from any tree, except under a license granted by the Collector or by a person authorized by the Collector to grant such licenses and in accordance with the conditions (if any) contained therein.
- (2) Within any such local area as aforesaid a tax at such rates as the Chief Commissioner may fix shall be levied on each tree from which *tari* is drawn, and such tax shall be payable by such persons and in such instalments and for such periods as the Chief Commissioner may direct.
- (4) After section 45, sub-section (1), clause (d), the following shall be inserted, namely :—
- "or (e) in contravention of a notification under section 11-A taps any tree for *tari* or draws *tari* from any tree."
71. The Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897).
72. The Reformatory Schools Act, 1897 (VIII of 1897).
- In section 15, sub-section (1), for the words "one Province" and "any other Province," respectively, the words "British India" and "Berar" shall be substituted.
73. The Provident Funds Act, 1897 (IX of 1897).
74. The General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897).
- In section 3 (45), in the definition of "registered" after the words "registered in," the words "Berar or in" shall be inserted.
75. The Indian Short Titles Act, 1897 (XIV of 1897).
76. The Lepers Act, 1898 (III of 1898).

77. The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898).

(1) Sections 22 to 25 shall be omitted.

(2) In section 503, sub-section (1), *after* the words "such attendance and" the words "if such witness resides in any area to which this Code applies or in British India" shall be inserted.

(3) Nothing in the Code as applied shall be deemed to apply to proceedings against European British subjects or persons charged jointly with European British subjects.

78. The Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898).

79. The Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899).

In section 57, sub-section (1), clause (d), *after* the words "Central Provinces," the words "or Berar" shall be inserted.

80. The Government Buildings Act, 1899 (IV of 1899).

81. The Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899).

Section 1, sub-section (3), shall be omitted.

82. The Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899 (XIII of 1899).

83. The Prisoner's Act, 1900 (III of 1900)

(1) In sections 29 and 30, the words "British India" shall be read without any modification, and references to the words "the Province" in both the sections shall be construed as meaning "Central Provinces and Berar."

(2) In section 29, sub-section (1), the word "other" before the word "prison" shall be omitted.

84. The Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901)

(1) In section 4, sub-section (1), *for* the word "shall," the word "may" shall be substituted.

(2) For section 20, sub-section (1), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, make rules regulating the duties and powers of the Chief Inspector of Mines in respect of the inspection of mines under this Act, and providing for appeals from the orders of the Chief Inspector of Mines. Such rules shall be republished, as soon as may be, in the local official Gazette.

(3) To sub-section (2) of the same section the following shall be prefixed, namely:—

"(2) The Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, may, for the whole or any part of Berar, by notification in the local official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes and objects of this Act in respect of all mines or groups or classes of mines."

84. The Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901)—(*concl'd*)

(1) For clause (a) of the same subsection, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" (a) regulate the duties and powers of Inspectors of Mines in respect of the inspection of mines under this Act and provide for appeals from the orders of Inspectors of Mines."

(1) In section 2, sub-section (1), *after* the word "inhabitants" the words "or is such as to require special arrangements in order to meet its sanitary needs" shall be inserted.

(2) In section 2, sub-section (2), and in section 3, *for* the word " mukad-dam" the words "working patel" shall be substituted.

(3) In section 3—

(i) *after* the words "by election" the words "or nomination" shall be inserted;

(ii) the following shall be added as a proviso to the section, namely :—

" Provided that there shall not be more than one nominated member at any one time."

(4) In section 5—

(i) *for* clause (b), the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" (b) the levy of license fees on brokers, commission agents, weighmen or measurers, practising their calling within the local area."

(ii) in clause (d) the words "not exceeding three rupees and four annas per annum in each case" shall be omitted.

(iii) *for* clause (e) the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" (e) the levy of fees on the registration of cattle sold in the local area."

(5) In section 7, sub-section (2), clause (c), the word "and" at the end of the clause shall be omitted, and the following clauses shall be added, *vis* :—

" (c) make provision for licensing brokers, commission agents, weighmen or measurers, practising their calling within the local area, fixing the fees leviable by them, and the conditions on which the licenses are to be granted and may be revoked; and

85. The Central Provinces Village Sanitation Act, 1902 (XI of 1902).

85. The Central Provinces Village Sanitation Act, 1902 (XI of 1902)—(contd.)

(f) make provision for the appointment of persons to register cattle sales, and fix the fees leviable by them."

(6) For section 9 the following shall be substituted, viz:—

"9. Where a panchayat has licensed

Penalty for unlicensed persons or unauthorised persons to practise as brokers, commission agents, weighmen or measurers, under clause (e) or has appointed persons to register cattle sales under clause (f) of section 7, any person who has not been so licensed or appointed, and who practises as a broker or commission agent, or charges any fees for measuring or weighing goods or for registering cattle sales, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees, and where the breach is a continuing breach, with further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach is proved to have been persisted in."

(7) In section 11, for the words "District Council or Local Board having authority under the Central Provinces Local Self-Government Act, 1883," the words "District Board or Taluq Board having authority under the Berar Rural Boards Law, 1885," shall be substituted.

(8) For section 12 the following shall be substituted, viz:—

"12 While the provisions of this Act

Power to make orders in are in respect of District Board, force in Taluq Board or Panchayat. any local area, the Local Government may either suspend the authority of the District Board or Taluq Board under section 13 of the Berar Rural Boards Law, 1885, in respect of any or all of the matters made over to the management of the Panchayat or may direct that the Panchayat shall work in subordination to the District Board or Taluq Board.

Where the authority of the Board is maintained under this section, the Board may, subject to the approval of the Commissioner, apportion the sums raised under section 5, between the Panchayat and the Board, provided that in

85. The Central Provinces Village Sanitation Act, 1902 (XI of 1902)—(*concl'd.*)

no case shall the sums raised under clause (a) of the section be expended otherwise than for local purposes."

(9) Section 13 shall be omitted.

86 The Indian Extradition Act, 1903 (XV of 1903).

(1) Chapters IV and V shall be omitted.

(2) In sections 17 and 21, *after* the words "British India," the words "or Berar" shall be inserted.

87. The Poisons Act, 1904 (I of 1904).

88. The Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904).

89. The Indian Coinage Act, 1906 (III of 1906).

90. The Central Provinces Boiler Inspection Act, 1907 (II of 1907).

91. The Provincial Insolvency Act, 1907 (III of 1907).

(1) In section 7 and in Order L *for* the words and figures "Provincial Small Causes Act, 1887" and *for* the words and figures "Provincial Small Causes Act, IX of 1887" respectively, the words and figures "Berar Small Cause Courts Law, 1905," shall be substituted.

(2) In section 2, sub-section (5), section 10, and rule 49, sub-rules (4) and (5) of Order XXI in the First Schedule the words "British India" shall be read as referring to British India and Berar.

(3) In the proviso to section 29, after the word "Summonses" the words "are situate in British India or" shall be inserted.

(4) For section 43 the following shall be substituted:—

92. The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908).

"43. Any decree passed by a Civil Court in British India or by any Court established or continued by the authority of the Governor General in Council may, if it cannot be executed within the jurisdiction of the Court by which it was passed, be executed in the manner herein provided within the jurisdiction of any Court in Berar.

(5) In section 45 *after* the words "any Court" the words "situate in British India or" shall be inserted.

(6) In section 78, *for* clause (b) the following shall be substituted:—

"(b) Courts situate in British India or in any part of the British Empire other than British India."

(7) To rule 25 of Order V in the First Schedule the following shall be added:—

“Provided that, if the defendant resides in British India, the summons may be sent for service to a Court (not being a High Court) having jurisdiction at the place where he resides, and if the Court returns the summons with an endorsement signed by the Judge or other officer of the Court that the summons has been served on the defendant in manner hereinbefore directed, such endorsement shall be deemed to be evidence of service.”

(8) The provisions of rule 48 of Order XXI in the First Schedule shall apply only to those cases in which the salary or allowances are payable in Berar.

(9) Rules 8, 9 and 13 of Order XVIII shall be omitted and for rules 5, 14 and 15 of the same Order, the following shall be substituted, *viz* :—

93. The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908)—*concl'd.*

“5. A note of the essential points of the evidence of each witness shall be made at the time and in the course of oral examination by the Judge in his own language, or in English if he is sufficiently acquainted with that language, and such notes shall be filed with, and form part of, the record of the case.”

“14. If the Judge be prevented from making a note as above required, he shall record the reason of his inability to do so, and shall cause such note to be made in writing from his dictation in open Court and shall sign the same, and such note shall form part of the record.”

“15. When the Judge making a note of the evidence, or causing one to be made as above required, dies or is removed from the Court before the conclusion of the suit, his successor may, if he thinks fit, deal with such note as if he himself had made it or caused it to be made.”

93. The Explosive Substances Act, 1908 (VI of 1908).

94. The Newspapers (Incitements to Offences) Act, 1908 (VII of 1908).

95. The Indian Limitation Act, 1908 (IX of 1908).

(1) In section 13, the words “British India” shall be read as referring to “British India and Berar.”

95. The Indian Limitation Act, 1908 (IX of 1908)—*concl'd.*
- (2) In the third division of the first schedule *for* Article No 161, the following shall be substituted, namely:—
- "161. For a review of judgment by a Court of Small Causes, or by a Court invested with the jurisdiction of a Court of Small Causes when exercising that jurisdiction." Ditto { The date of the decree or order."
- (3) Berar shall be added to the territories mentioned in the second schedule.
96. The Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908).
97. The Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908).
- (1) In section 32, the words "British India" shall be read without modification.
- (2) In section 33, sub section (1), clause (a), *after* the words "executing the power of attorney resides," and in clause (c) of the said sub-section, *after* the words "does not reside," the words "in Berar or" shall be inserted.
98. The Whipping Act, 1909 (IV of 1909).
99. The Indian Press Act, 1910 (I of 1910).
- In section 4, sub-section (1), the words "British India" shall be read as referring to "British India and Berar."
- Only the following sections shall apply as hereby modified:—
- "15. A universal currency note for the time being of British India and any other currency note of British India, which the Governor General in Council may from time to time direct, shall be a legal tender for the amount expressed in the note in payment or on account of—
- (a) any revenue or other claim to the amount of five rupees or upwards due to Government, and
- (b) any sum of five rupees or upwards due by Government or by any body corporate or person.
26. No person shall draw, accept, make, or issue any bill of exchange, hundi, promissory note or engagement for the payment of money payable to bearer on demand, or borrow, owe or take up any sum or sums of money on the bills, hundis or notes payable to bearer on demand, of any such person:
100. The Indian Paper Currency Act, 1910 (II of 1910).

100. The Indian Paper Currency Act, 1910 (II of 1910)—*concl'd.*

Provided that cheques or drafts, payable to bearer on demand or otherwise, may be drawn on bankers shroffs or agents by their customers or constituents, in respect of deposits of money in the hands of those bankers, shroffs or agents and held by them at the credit and disposal of the persons drawing such cheques or drafts.

27 (1) Any person contravening the provisions of section 26 shall, on conviction by a Magistrate of the first class, be punishable with a fine equal to the amount of the bill, hundi, note or engagement in respect whereof the offence is committed.

(2) Every prosecution under this section shall be instituted by a person empowered in this behalf by the Governor General in Council."

101. The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (II of 1911).

The words "British India" shall be read as referring to "British India and Berar."

102. The Criminal Tribes Act, 1911 (III of 1911).

In section 19 the words "British India" shall be read without modification.

103. The Factories Act, 1911 (XII of 1911).

(1) Section 1, sub-section (3), and section 4, sub-section (2), shall be omitted.

104. The Indian Airships Act, 1911 (XVII of 1911).

(2) In section 5 *after* the words "any rule made" the words "or notification issued" shall be inserted; and the reference to the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, shall be read as referring to the Code of Criminal Procedure as applied to Berar.

105. The Co-operative Societies Act, 1912 (II of 1912).

In section 35, sub-section 1, sections 98 and 99, the words "British India" shall be read without modification.

106. The Indian Lunacy Act, 1912 (IV of 1912).

In section 35, sub-section 2, *after* the words "British India" the words "or Berar" shall be inserted.

107. The Provident Insurance Societies Act, 1912 (V of 1912).

In section 85 *for* the words "in any province" and "in any other province", respectively, the words "in Berar" and "outside Berar" shall be substituted.

108. The Indian Life Insurance Companies Act, 1912 (VI of 1912).

109. The Wild Birds and Animals Protection Act, 1912 (VIII of 1912).

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Number and date of notification.			Extent to which cancelled.
Foreign Department No. 212-J., dated 24th October 1873	...	...	The whole.
" " " 40-R., dated 11th May 1877	...	...	"
" " " 77-J., dated 27th June 1877	...	...	"
" " " 225-I. J., dated 15th August 1879	...	...	"
" " " 220-I. J., dated 4th November 1881	...	...	"
" " " 1381-I., dated 28th May 1883	...	...	"
" " " 207-I., dated 16th January 1884	...	...	"
" " " 3566-I., dated 22nd September 1884	...	...	"
" " " 4129-I., dated 22nd December 1885	...	...	"
" " " 3143-J., dated 2nd September 1886	...	...	"
" " " 4742-I., dated 4th November 1887	...	...	"
" " " 2156-I., dated 1st June 1888	...	...	"
" " " 4586-I., dated 21st November 1888	...	...	"
" " " 1415-I. B., dated 30th April 1890	...	...	So much as applied the Revenue Recovery Act, 1890 (I of 1890) to Berar.
" " " 3268-I., dated 1st October 1890	...	...	The whole.
" " " 3530-I., dated 24th October 1890	...	...	"
" " " 3661-I., dated 31st October 1890	...	...	"
" " " 1332-I., dated 23rd March 1891	...	...	So much as applied the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890) to Berar.
" " " 2545-I., dated 18th June 1891	...	...	The whole.
" " " 3913-I., dated 23rd September 1891	...	...	"
" " " 4043-I., dated 2nd October 1891	...	...	"
" " " 1071-I., dated 10th March 1892	...	...	"
" " " 1331-I., dated 20th April 1893	...	...	"
" " " 1204-I., dated 12th April 1894	...	...	"
" " " 2156-I., dated 27th June 1894	...	...	"
" " " 476-I., dated 3rd February 1896	...	...	"
" " " 2656-I. B., dated 21st August 1896	...	...	"
" " " 443-I. A., dated 4th February 1897	...	...	So much as applied the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897) to Berar.
" " " 1811-I. B., dated 1st July 1893	...	...	The whole.
" " " 2779-I. B., dated 17th October 1893	...	...	"
" " " 861-I. B., dated 7th April 1899	...	...	"
" " " 1629-I. B., dated 16th June 1899	...	...	"
" " " 3034-I. B., dated 13th July 1900	...	...	"
" " " 4951-I. A., dated 8th November 1900	...	...	"
" " " 4974-I. A., dated 10th November 1900	...	...	"
" " " 1208-I. B., dated 25th March 1902	...	...	"
" " " 2580-I. B., dated 27th June 1902	...	...	"
" " " 3453-I. B., dated 15th August 1902	...	...	"
" " " 3867-I. B., dated 21st August 1903	...	...	"
Home Department No. 24, dated 3rd February 1904	...	...	The whole.
" " " 1818, dated 20th October 1904	...	...	"

Number and date of notification.				Extent to which c
Home Department No. 1876, dated 28th October 1904	...	...	...	The whole.
" " " 34, dated 19th January 1905	...	...	...	"
" " " 753, dated 17th March 1905	...	...	...	"
Home Department No. 4494-Exc., dated 9th August 1905	...	...	...	"
Home Department No. 96, dated 22nd January 1906	...	...	...	"
" " " 76, dated 15th May 1906	...	...	...	"
Department of Revenue and Agriculture No. 734-199-3, dated 16th May 1906	...	...	...	"
Home Department No. 329-Exc., dated 15th January 1907	...	...	...	"
Home Department No. 1138, dated 16th May 1907	...	...	...	"
" " " 1285, dated 5th June 1907	...	...	...	"
" " " 1055, dated 19th July 1907	...	...	...	"
Sign Department No. 323-I. B., dated 21st January 1908	...	...	...	"
" " " 732-I. B., dated 17th February 1908	...	...	...	"
" " " 915-I. B., dated 28th February 1908	...	...	...	"
" " " 2230-I. B., dated 2nd June 1908	...	...	...	"
" " " 2926-I. B., dated 16th July 1908	...	...	...	"
" " " 2928-I. B., dated 16th July 1908	...	...	...	"
" " " 3170-I. B., dated 4th August 1908	...	...	...	"
" " " 3470-I. B., dated 28th August 1908	...	...	...	"
" " " 949-I. B., dated 26th March 1909	...	...	...	"
" " " 962-I. B., dated 14th May 1909	...	...	...	"
" " " 1158-I. B., dated 15th June 1909	...	...	...	"
" " " 1640-I. B., dated 18th August 1909	...	...	...	"
" " " 2108-I. B., dated 25th October 1909	...	...	...	"
" " " 2146-I. B., dated 28th October 1909	...	...	...	"
" " " 89-I. B., dated 13th January 1910	...	...	...	"
" " " 364-I. B., dated 21st February 1910	...	...	...	"
" " " 752-I. B., dated 22nd April 1910	...	...	...	"
" " " 1001-I. B., dated 27th May 1910	...	...	...	"
" " " 1300-I. B., dated 5th July 1910	...	...	...	"
" " " 1455-I. B., dated 22nd July 1910	...	...	...	"
" " " 1590-I. B., dated 10th August 1910	...	...	...	"
" " " 1665-I. B., dated 19th August 1910	...	...	...	"
" " " 2100-I. B., dated 28th October 1910	...	...	...	"
" " " 2054-I. B., dated 22nd September 1911	...	...	...	"
" " " 2197-I. B., dated 13th October 1911	...	...	...	"
" " " 2444-I. B., dated 8th November 1911	...	...	...	"
" " " 643-I. B., dated 13th March 1912	...	...	...	"
" " " 1417-I. B., dated 12th June 1913	...	...	...	"
" " " 1594-I. B., dated 3rd July 1913	...	...	...	"

The 4th November, 1913.

No. 2727-Est.-A.—Captain J. Anderson, I.M.S., an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is posted as Civil Surgeon, Miranshah, with effect from the 6th October, 1913.

No. 2728-Est.-A.—Captain H. Crossle, I.M.S., an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is granted privilege leave for two months and two days combined with special leave for three months and twenty-eight days, under Articles 233 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 6th October, 1913.

No. 2734-Est.-B.—Captain A. G. Shea, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force), is appointed Assistant Commandant, Gilgit Corps of Scouts, with effect from the 6th October, 1913.

No. 2741-Est.-B.—The services of the Hon'ble Mr. A. L. P. Tucker, C.I.E., Agent to the Governor General in Central India, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his duties.

The 5th November, 1913.

No. 3527-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 36 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886 (VI of 1886), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the guidance of the Registrars of Births and Deaths in the Mysore State :—

1. In these rules, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context :—

- (1) "The Act" means the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886, as amended by the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration (Amendment) Act, 1911.
- (2) "Schedule" means a schedule to these rules.
- (3) "Registrar-General" and "Registrar" mean, respectively, a Registrar-General of Births, Deaths and Marriages and a Registrar of Births and Deaths appointed under the Act : and
- (4) "Sign" used with reference to a person who is unable to write his name, includes mark and thumb impression.

2. Notices of births and deaths shall be in the forms set forth in Schedule A and Schedule B, respectively.

3. Every such notice shall be signed by the person giving it, and shall specify the capacity in which the person claims to be authorised to give it and if such person does not attend personally before the Registrar, shall be attested by one of the following classes of persons :—

- (1) A Magistrate including an Honorary Magistrate ;
- (2) A Government servant whose emoluments are not less than Rs. 100 per mensem ;
- (3) A Government pensioner whose pension is not less than Rs. 50 per mensem ;
- (4) A member of a District Board, Taluk Board or Union ;
- (5) A Municipal Councillor ;
- (6) Any person authorised to solemnize a marriage under the Christian Marriage Laws locally in force ;
- (7) A Medical Officer in Government, Local Fund or Municipal employ or a private medical practitioner holding a University diploma :

Provided that the Registrar may either accept the evidence of two respectable private residents of the locality or, in cases where the informant belongs to one of the following classes, may dispense altogether with evidence of identity :—

- (1) A Gazetted Government officer ;
- (2) A medical officer in Government, Local Fund or Municipal employ or a private medical practitioner holding a University diploma ;
- (3) Any person authorised to solemnize a marriage under the Christian Marriage Laws locally in force ;
- (4) Any person known to the Registrar personally.

The notice shall be filed separately and preserved permanently by the Registrar.

Explanation.—The classes of persons referred to in this rule include persons occupying positions therein specified either in British India or in Native States or administered areas under the political control of the Government of India.

4. Every such notice shall ordinarily be presented to the Registrar for the local area in which the birth or death occurred within three months of the date of the birth or death to which it refers, as the case may be :

Provided that the Registrar may, of his own authority, for any reason which he considers sufficient and which shall be recorded in the column of remarks in the Register of Births or Deaths, accept notice of a birth or death at any time after its occurrence.

5. Registers of births and deaths shall be kept in the forms set forth in Schedule C and Schedule D, respectively.

6. When a Registrar refuses to register a birth or death, he shall record the reasons for his decision in a register maintained in the form given in Schedule E.

7. If at the time of registration of a birth, the child has not been named, the informant or the parent of the child may forward subsequently to the Registrar, in duplicate, a statement giving the name, signed by the minister or other person responsible for the naming of the child.

The Registrar shall attach one copy of the statement to the entry of the birth in the register maintained by him and forward the second copy to the Registrar-General to be filed with the copy of the entry maintained in his office.

8. When a birth or death has occurred during a journey or when the person giving notice of a birth or death was compelled by duty or urgent necessity or unavoidable accident to leave the local area in which such birth or death occurred so soon after its occurrence that he was unable to give the prescribed notice to the Registrar for that local area, any Registrar may receive notice of such birth or death and register the same as if it were a birth or death which had occurred within the local area for which he has been appointed.

The provisions of rule 4, as to the time within which notice of a birth or death must be given shall apply to every notice of a birth or death given under the circumstances described in this rule.

9. In every case of a birth or death admitted to registration under rule 8, the Registrar to whom the notice of the birth or death is given shall record in his register the reason why the notice was not given to the Registrar of the local area within which the birth or death occurred, and shall within one week from the date of the registration of the birth or death forward to the Registrar-General and to the Registrar of the local area within which the birth or death occurred, a copy of the entry in the register relating to the birth or death.

Every Registrar shall paste into a book kept by him for the purpose all copies of entries received by him under this rule, and the book containing the copies shall be, at all reasonable times, open to inspection by any person desiring to inspect it.

10. The Registrar for any local area including a port may register any birth or death which has occurred on the high seas on board any ship arriving at such port:

Provided that notice of the birth or death is given to such Registrar within sixty days after the arrival of the ship.

In the notice of such birth or death, and in the entry thereof in the register, there shall be specified, in lieu of the name of the place at which, the name of the ship on which the event occurred, and the name of the Commander of the ship and the approximate latitude and longitude of the ship's position at the time of the birth or death.

11. Every certificate of registration of a birth or death given by a Registrar under section 23 of the Act shall be in the form set forth in Schedule F.

12. At the foot of every copy of an entry given under section 25 of the Act, there shall be written a certificate, dated and subscribed by the Registrar that the copy is a true copy of the entry.

13. Every Registrar shall keep in the form set forth in Schedule G, a register of all certificates of registration and copies of entries given by him.

14. The copies of entries of births and deaths which Registrars are required by section 24 of the Act to send to the Registrar-General, shall be certified in the form set forth in Schedule H, and shall be sent at intervals of three months, on or as nearly as possible after the 1st January, April, July and October in each year.

Should no entries be made in a register during the preceding three months, a certificate to this effect shall be sent to the Registrar-General.

15. A Registrar may, of his own motion, correct in manner prescribed in section 28 of the Act, any error in form made in an entry of a birth or death in a register of births or register of deaths kept by him under the Act.

SCHEDULE C.**REGISTER OF BIRTHS.***(Rule 5.)*

1. Serial number.
2. Date of birth.
3. Place of birth.
4. Name, if any.
5. Sex.
6. Name, race, religion and occupation of father.
7. Name, race and religion of mother.
8. Name or signature, description and residence of person giving notice.
9. Signature, designation and residence of mother and person acknowledging himself to be father [column only to be used in the case referred to in section 19, proviso (b), and section 22, sub-section (3)].
10. Reason why notice was not given to Registrar within whose local area birth occurred (column only to be used in the case of a birth registered under rule 8).
11. Name, occupation and residence of witnesses who attest the notice (column to be used only when the person giving the notice does not appear personally before the Registrar).
12. Date of registration.
13. Signature of Registrar.
14. Rectification of error in entry.
15. Remarks.

SCHEDULE D.**REGISTER OF DEATHS.***(Rule 5)*

1. Serial number.
2. Date of death.
3. Place of death.
4. Name, sex, race, religion and occupation of deceased.
5. Names, race, religion and occupation of parents of deceased.
6. When deceased was a married woman or a widow, name, race, religion and occupation of her husband or late husband.
7. Age of deceased.
8. Cause of death.
9. Name or signature, occupation and residence of person giving notice.
10. Reason why notice was not given to Registrar within whose local area death occurred (column only to be used in the case of a death registered under rule 8).
11. Name, occupation and residence of witnesses who attest the notice (column to be used only when the person giving notice does not appear personally before the Registrar).
12. Date of registration.
13. Signature of Registrar.
14. Rectification of error in entry.
15. Remarks.

SCHEDULE E.

REGISTER OF REFUSAL.

(Rule 6.)

1. Name, race, religion, occupation and residence of applicant.
2. Particulars of birth or death refused to be registered.
3. Reasons for refusal.

SCHEDULE F.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF BIRTH OR DEATH.

(Rule 11.)

Certified that I have this day registered the birth (or death) to which the entry in the Register of births (or deaths) of which a true copy is above written, relates.

Dated the _____ of _____

A. B.

Registrar of Births and Deaths for (local area or class).

SCHEDULE G.

REGISTER OF CERTIFICATES OF REGISTRATION OR COPIES OF ENTRIES GRANTED.

(Rule 13.)

1. Serial number.
2. Name and residence of person applying for certificate or copy.
3. Date of application.
4. Nature of certificate or copy granted.
5. Date of grant of certificate or copy.
6. Fee paid.
7. Initials of Registrar.
8. Remarks.

SCHEDULE H.

CERTIFICATE OF TRUTH OF COPIES OF ENTRIES SENT TO REGISTRAR-GENERAL.

(Rule 14.)

Certified that the above, which contains entries from No. _____ regarding _____ to
 No _____ regarding _____ is a true copy of all the entries in the Register of
 Births (or Register of Deaths, as the case may be) kept by me for the three months ending
 the _____ day of _____ 19____

Dated the _____ of _____

Signature.

Registrar of Births and Deaths for (local area or class)

SCHEDULE I.

FEES LEVIABLE UNDER SECTIONS 23 AND 25 OF THE ACT.

(Rule 17.)

	RS.	A.	P.
(i) Under section 23 for a certificate of registration of birth or death	1	0	0
(ii) Under section 25 for search in a register of births or deaths —			
(a) for the first year	1	0	0
(b) for every additional year, four annas up to a maximum for one search of	5	0	0
(iii) Under section 25 for each copy of an entry given by a Registrar	1	0	0

SCHEDULE J.

REGISTER OF FEES.

(Rule 18.)

1. Serial number.
2. Date of receipt.
3. From whom received.
4. On what account received.
5. Section of Act under which chargeable.
6. Amount of fee.
7. Signature of Registrar.
8. Signature of treasury official and date of receipt in treasury.
9. Remarks.

No. 3531-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 30 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad and in continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 361-I.B., dated the 7th February, 1912, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the notification No. 2261-I. B., dated the 29th October, 1911, excluding certain parts of the Cantonment of Secunderabad from the operation of the said Act, namely :—

To the statement appended to the notification, the following shall be added :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
20	Triangular plot between the Railway Audit offices, Chief Engineer's bungalow compound and the road leading from Chikalgedem to the Railway offices.	1 acre 32 7/8 poles.	Hard muram.	Open waste land.	Audit and Pay Master's offices.	The road to the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway General offices.	The Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway Chief Engineer's bungalow compound.	The road to the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway General offices.
21	North of the Railway line to	2668'04 square	Hard muram.	Open waste	Minister's road.	Railway embankment.	Chhatar buildings.	Open land.

The 6th November, 1913.

No. 2759-Est.-B.—The services of Captain A. Marjoribanks, 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force), are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, for employment with the Frontier Militia with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 2763-Est.-B.—Captain G. S. F. Routh, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force), is appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry, Imperial Service Troops, with effect from the 26th October, 1913.

No. 2767-Est.-A.—Mr. H. D. G. Law of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for three months combined with special leave for three months, with effect from the 31st October, 1913, under Articles 233 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2768-Est.-A.—Captain G. D. Ogilvie of the Political Department, on return from leave, is posted as Second Assistant to the Resident at Hyderabad, with effect from the 3rd November, 1913.

J. B. WOOD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS.

Non-Judicial.

Simla, the 6th November, 1913.

No. 1169-F.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be added after clause (j) of rule 8 of the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department No. 3632 Exc., dated the 29th June 1906, as subsequently amended :—

“(k) the Deputy Tahsildar at Tuticorin in respect of any instrument for which the value of the labels required does not exceed one rupee.”

APPOINTMENTS.

The 6th November, 1913.

No. 1503-4.—Mr. W. G. Wells, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is temporarily promoted to Deputy Examiner, 1st grade (Supernumerary), with effect from the 23rd October 1913, *vice* Mr. R. W. Dover, seconded.

No. 1504-A.—Mr. H. D. Gracias, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, Military Accounts Department, is temporarily promoted to Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade (Supernumerary), with effect from the 23rd October 1913, *vice* Mr. W. G. Wells promoted.

No. 1505-A.—Mr. E. Sterling, Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is temporarily appointed to be a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, with effect from the 23rd October 1913, *vice* Mr. H. D. Gracias promoted.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 7th November, 1913.

No. 1417-F. E.—Mr. J. R. Gunjekar, Assistant Accountant General and Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Madras, has been granted privilege leave for 20 days with effect from the 24th October 1913.

No. 1418-F. E.—Mr. J. M. Hartlev has been posted as Government Examiner of Accounts, East Indian Railway, with effect from the 25th October 1913.

No. 1419-F. E.—Mr. P. T. R. Kellner has been posted as Examiner of Accounts, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, with effect from the 3rd October 1913.

No. 1420-F. E.—Rao Bahadur K. Balarama Ayyar, Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, has been granted privilege leave for three months and in continuation furlough for one year and three months with effect from the 22nd October 1913.

Mr. C. S. B. Sinclair has been posted as Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the same date.

No. 1421.—Mr. T. K. Rajagopalan has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs (Telegraph Branch), with effect from the 21st October 1913.

Mr. Trailokya Nath Dey, an Accountant in the office of the Deputy Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, class II, in that office, with effect from the same date and until further orders.

No. 1422.—Mr. C. F. Cowie has been posted as Deputy Comptroller, India Treasuries, with effect from the 6th October 1913.

No. 1423-F. E.—The services of Mr. C. C. Swetenham, Deputy Accountant General, Bombay, were placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, for employment on the Public Works Establishment Committee from the 13th to 15th October 1913.

Mr. R. V. Rege, an Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Bombay, was appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, class II, in that office for the same period.

No. 1424-F. E.—Mr. N. Vilaya Raghavan is appointed Additional Assistant Secretary in the Finance Department with effect from the 1st November 1913, until further orders.

No. 1425-F. E.—Major A. L. C. McCormick, R.E., is posted as Mint Master, Bombay, with effect from the 31st October 1913.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 5th November, 1913.

No. 47.—The services of Major S. D'A. Crookshank, C.I.E., M.V.O., R.E., Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, United Provinces, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, with effect from the 20th October 1913.

2. With effect from the same date Major Crookshank is promoted to the rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, temporary.

R. P. RUSSELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FORESTS.

Simla, the 3rd November, 1913.

No. 1046-F.-106-10.—With reference to the notification of this Department No. 685-F.-106-7, dated 17th July 1913, and No. 788-F.-200-4, dated 15th August 1913, Mr. H. Carter, Conservator of Forests, II grade, s. p. t., officiating in the 1st grade, ceased to officiate in the latter grade from the afternoon of the 13th October 1913, the date on which Mr. L. Mercer, Conservator of Forests, I grade, returned from leave and resumed charge of the office of the President, Forest Research Institute and College.

No. 1048-F.-273-3.—With reference to this Department's notifications No. 640-F.-140-4, dated 9th July 1913, No. 767-F.-232-2, dated 13th August 1913, No. 872-F.-273-1, dated 5th September 1913, and No. 887-F.-273-2, dated 10th September 1913, Mr. G. R. Long, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Burma, Officiating Conservator of Forests, III grade, is appointed to be Conservator of Forests, III grade, *prov. sub.*, with effect from 24th July 1913, *vice* Mr. A. M. F. Caccia, Conservator of Forests, III grade, on deputation as Director of Indian Forest Studies, Oxford. From the same date Mr. Long officiates as Conservator of Forests, II grade. The portions of this Department's notifications No. 872-F.-273-1, dated 5th September 1913, and No. 887-F.-273-2, dated 10th September 1913, relating to Mr. Long are hereby cancelled.

No. 1050-F.-273-4.—With reference to this Department's notifications No. 1020-171-7-F., dated 26th October 1911, No. 788-F.-205-4, dated 15th August 1913, No. 872-F.-273-1, dated 5th September 1913, and No. 887-F.-273-2, dated 10th September 1913, Mr. P. H. Clutterbuck, Deputy Conservator of Forests, United Provinces, Officiating Conservator of Forests, III grade, is appointed to be Conservator of Forests, III grade, *prov. sub.*, with effect from 5th August 1913, *vice* Mr. W. H. Lovegrove, Conservator of Forests, III grade, on deputation as Conservator of Forests, Kashmir State. From the same date Mr. Clutterbuck officiates as Conservator of Forests, II grade. The portions of this Department's notifications No. 872-F.-273-1, dated 5th September 1913, and No. 887-F.-273-2, dated 10th September 1913, relating to Mr. Clutterbuck are hereby cancelled.

The 5th November, 1913.

No. 1062-F.-213-8.—On return from privilege leave Mr. J. L. Baker, Deputy Conservator of Forests, resumed charge of the office of Deputy Conservator of Forests, Andamans Division, with effect from the 18th October 1913, the date on which he relieved Mr. B. P. Kelly, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Andamans, of the charge of that post.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EMIGRATION.

No. 9446-9461-3.

Simla, the 7th November, 1913.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

Intimation has been received from His Majesty's Secretary of State for India that the Government of Canada anticipate a very congested labour market in British Columbia and propose to prohibit until 31st March 1914 the landing therein of any immigrant of the artisan or general or unskilled labour class, subject to the proviso that the immigration authorities may admit any immigrant if satisfied that his admission will not add to the congestion of the labour market.

The Governor General in Council accordingly requests all Local Governments and Administrations to make the above intimation as widely known as possible, particularly in places from which emigration to Canada is believed to be most common. Intending emigrants should also be warned at the ports of embarkation of the risks they run in proceeding to that country.

The Government of Madras.
The Government of Bombay.
The Government of Bengal.
The Government of Bihar and Orissa.
The Government of the United Provinces.
The Government of the Punjab.
The Government of Burma.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Assam.
The Chief Commissioner of Coorg.
The Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province.
The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan.
The Chief Commissioner of Delhi.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the above Resolution be forwarded for information and guidance to the Local Governments and Administrations noted in the margin and to the Home and Foreign Departments, for information.

Ordered also that a copy be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

POST OFFICE ESTABLISHMENT.

The 8th November, 1913.

No. 9462-126.—Mr. C. D. Rae, Deputy Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs. 500—20—500, is appointed to officiate as Presidency Postmaster, Calcutta, with effect from the 16th October 1913 and until further orders.

No 9465-128.—Mr. J. Hogan, Superintendent of Post Offices, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, in the United Provinces Circle, with effect from the 10th October 1913 and until further orders.

No 9468-129.—Mr. J. B. M. Gorman, Superintendent of Post Offices, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, in the Bengal Circle, with effect from the 16th October 1913 and until further orders.

No. 9471-140.—The following officiating appointments in the Post Office of India are made for the periods noted against each :—

Mr. G. R. Clarke, I.C.S., Postmaster-General, 1st grade, and Deputy Director-General of the Post Office, to act in the special 1st grade from the 30th October 1913 and until further orders.

Mr. H. C. Sheridan, Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, to act in the 1st grade from the date on which he assumes charge of the Madras Circle and until further orders.

Mr. M. P. C. Byrne, Deputy Postmaster-General, officiating in the 1st grade, to hold charge of the current duties of the office of the Postmaster-General, Madras Circle, in addition to his own, from the 30th October 1913 and until relieved by Mr. H. C. Sheridan.

No. 9280 117.—The following officiating appointments are made with effect from the dates noted against each :—

Mr. H. A. Sams, I.C.S., Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, in charge of the Burma Circle, to act as Postmaster-General, 1st grade, and to hold charge of the Bombay Circle, from the 6th October 1913, until further orders.

Mr. P. J. Gorman, Deputy Postmaster-General, 1st grade, and Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Southern Circle, to act as Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, and to hold charge of the Burma Circle, from the 21st September 1913, until further orders.

Mr. P. Anantha Krishnama Charlu, Superintendent of Post Offices, 2nd grade, and Personal Assistant to the Postmaster-General, Madras Circle, to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, in that Circle, from the 6th September 1913, until further orders.

No. 9234-115.—Mr. G. W. Schöneman, Assistant Director-General of the Post Office of India in the grade of Rs. 1,200—40—1,400, and officiating Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, and Deputy Director-General of the Post Office of India, is appointed Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, provisionally, with effect from the 17th August 1913.

No 9370-12.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 1st January 1914, the following amendment shall be made in the rules issued with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, namely :—

In rule 15 for the words " eighty tolas " the words " two hundred tolas " shall be substituted.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 7th November 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 911.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. L. Cowie, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

No. 912.—On return from leave, the services of Major C. J. Cumberlege, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Commissioner in Sind, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

No. 913.—The services of Captain O. H. C. Molony, 94th Russell's Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 914.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated the 14th October 1913, pages 7155 and 7156.

* * * * *

War Office,
14th October, 1913.

* * * * *

UNATTACHED LIST FOR INDIAN ARMY.

Maurice C. Day. Dated 5th September 1911, with precedence next below L. Banks, and to count for retired pay from 20th February 1913.

Henry Greene.
George Van B. Gillan.
Francis J. W. Firth.
Robert M. Bruce.
David F. Bickmore.

} Dated 19th January 1912, with precedence
next below C. G. Borrowman.

* * * * *

India Office,
October 14, 1913.

* * * * *

QUEEN ALEXANDRA'S MILITARY NURSING SERVICE FOR INDIA.

The undermentioned ladies have been appointed Nursing Sisters :—

Miss Flora Muriel Orchard. } Dated 8th August 1913.
Miss Nora Beresford. }
Miss Margaret Florence Jackson. Dated 28th August 1913.

* * * * *

"London Gazette," dated the 17th October 1913, pages 7252 and 7253.

* * * * *

India Office,
October 17, 1913.

The KING has approved of the following appointment :—

Honorary Major-General Charles Brenton Bagden, Indian Army, retired, to be Colonel of the 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

* * * * *

The KING has approved of the transfer of the undermentioned Officers of the Indian Army to the Unemployed Supernumerary List :—

Brevet Colonel Henry Wallace Edgcome Georges. Dated 1st September 1913.
Brevet Colonel Richard Kinlock Teversham, D.S.O. Dated 6th September 1913.
Brevet Colonel Frederick Hawkins. Dated 18th September 1913.
Lieutenant-Colonel George Willoughby Smith Fryer. Dated 16th September 1913.

* * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 915.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

William Hugh Wooldridge, Commandant, 126th Baluchistan Infantry.—20th July

Captain to be Major.

Bertram Harold Bignell, 9th Gurkha Rifles,—2nd November 1913.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 916.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Colonel.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Crimmin, D.C., C.B., C.I.E., *vice* Colonel C. F. Willis, C.B., M.D., V.H.S., retired ; with effect from the 1st October 1913.

Colonel Crimmin's tenure of appointment will reckon from the 27th October 1913.

Captain to be Major.

Hugh Barkley Steen, M.D.,—29th July 1913.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

No. 917.—Staff-Sergeant Frank William Ellison, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor, to complete the establishment ; with effect from the 4th July 1913.

No. 918.—Staff-Sergeant Martin Woodward, Overseer, 1st Grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor, to complete the establishment ; with effect from the 5th July 1913.

No. 919.—Staff-Sergeant William Herbert Tripp, 3rd Assistant Master, Thomason Civil Engineering College, Rurki, to be Sub-Conductor (Supernumerary), and

Staff-Sergeant Herbert Cuerden, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor,

to complete the establishment ; with effect from the 16th July 1913.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 920.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the honorary rank of Captain is conferred, on retirement, on Subadar-Major Yar Muhammad, *Sardar Bahadur*, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry ; with effect from the 15th September 1913.

No. 921.—The following promotions are made :—

3rd Sappers and Miners.

Jemadar Malla Singh to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Bir Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Maroti Bhonsle, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st September 1913.

Havildar Gangacharan Dikshit to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Babaji Sivaji, transferred to the 107th Pioneers ; with effect from the 7th September 1913.

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Jemadar Sardar Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Bhagwanbaksh Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Meghraj Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 2nd November 1913.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Jemadar Ram Lal Dube to be Subadar and Havildar Sheodharshan Tiwari to be Jemadar, *vice* Bharat Sukul, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 15th October 1913.

11th Rajputs.

Havildar-Major Mahatam Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Maharaj Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st October 1913.

30th Punjabis.

Subadar Kesar Singh, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Muhammad Khan to be Subadar and Havildar Hussain Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Hakim Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st October 1913.

35th Sikhs.

Jemadar Hazara Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Harditt Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Prem Singh (II), transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 16th July 1913.

88th Carnatic Infantry.

Subadar Saiyid Abdul Kadir, on transfer from the 61st King George's Own Pioneers, to be Subadar-Major, *vice* Muhammad Salar, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st September 1913.

Jemadar Ranganayakulu, on transfer from the 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, to be Subadar, *vice* Abdul Ghaffar Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st January 1913.

Jemadar Abdul Ghafur, on transfer from the 81st Pioneers, to be Subadar, *vice* Tandavarayan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st July 1913.

Havildar-Major Maduranayakam, on transfer from the 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, to be Jemadar, *vice* Abdur Rahman, dismissed; with effect from the 10th May 1913.

Havildar Muhammad Asadullah Saiyid, on transfer from the 61st King George's Own Pioneers, to be Jemadar, *vice* Virasami, dismissed; with effect from the 14th July 1913.

98th Infantry.

Jemadar Hindpal Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Danbahadur Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 21st October 1913.

112th Infantry.

Subadar Malkhan Singh to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Suk-Deo Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Shiucharan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jal Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 9th October 1913.

127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Jemadar Gulab Khan to be Subadar, *vice* Shah Pasand, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th October 1913.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 922.—The undermentioned warrant officer of the Ordnance Department, Northern Army, has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 11th October 1913 :—

Conductor William Baker.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 923.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Brevet Colonel Clarence Yule Crommelin,—22nd October 1913.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Reginald Phillipps, Unemployed Supernumerary List,—28th September 1913.

Lieutenant-Colonel Harland FitzLydden Farrant, Unemployed Supernumerary List,—1st October 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Bihar Light Horse.

No. 924.—Captain Henry Wynne Apperly, V.D., to be Major, *vice* T. R. Filgate, C.I.E., V.D., promoted. Dated the 4th September 1912.

Lieutenant Archibald Campbell Elliot to be Captain, *vice* H. W. Apperly, V.D., promoted. Dated the 4th September 1912.

Madras Artillery Volunteers. "The Duke's Own."

No. 925.—Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Henry Elliot, M.D., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Medical Officer, resigns his commission. Dated the 14th September 1913.

*Calcutta Port Defence Volunteer Corps.**(Naval Divisions).*

No. 926.—Lieutenant Thomas Maxwell to be Commander, *vice* W. R. C. Jewell, v.D., deceased. Dated the 28th July 1913.

Bernard Anson Westbrook to be Sub-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 27th September 1913.

Bangalore Rifle Volunteers.

No. 927.—Arthur James Baldwin to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 15th October 1913.

Allahabad Volunteer Rifles.

No. 928.—Robert Howard Niblett to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st September 1913.

William Edward Weldon to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st October 1913.

Mussoorie Volunteer Rifles.

No. 929.—Paymaster and Honorary Captain Gerald Eustace Milne to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 13th October 1913.

Bengal and North-Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 930.—James Rennie Izat to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st April 1913.

North Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 931.—Sir Louis William Dane, G.C.I.E., C.S.I., resigns his appointment as Honorary Colonel of the Corps. Dated the 1st June 1913.

The Hon'ble Sir Michael Francis O'Dwyer, K.C.S.I., Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, to be Honorary Colonel of the Corps, *vice* Sir Louis William Dane, G.C.I.E., C.S.I., resigned. Dated the 1st June 1913.

Malabar Volunteer Rifles.

No. 932.—Lieutenant Albert George Bradley, Supernumerary List, to be Captain, *vice* W. Chamier, v.D., promoted. Dated the 1st October 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 7th November 1913.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Warrant Officer on the date specified, was received in the Army Department between the 1st October and 4th November 1913:—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
Supply and Transport Corps's Amalgamated List.	Sub-Conductor John Fox.	28th October 1913.	Karachi.	..	..

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 7th November 1913.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 86.—Lieutenant J. C. Bird, Royal Indian Marine, has been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave for six months on medical certificate.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 3rd November, 1913.

No. 318.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the agency of the Assam-Bengal Railway Administration for a line of railway on the metre gauge from Sylhet to Therriah Ghat, a distance of about 22 miles.

This survey will be known as the Sylhet-Therriah Ghat Railway Survey.

The 5th November, 1913.

No. 319.—Mr. Douglas Sellers and Mr. Joshua Thomas have been appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India as Assistant Coal Superintendents.

The 6th November, 1913.

No. 320.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the agency of the Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway Company for a line of railway on the metre gauge from Kasganj junction station to Agra *via* Etah, a distance of about 60 miles.

This survey will be known as the Kasganj-Agra Railway Survey.

No. 321.—It is hereby notified for general information that His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the construction by the South Indian Railway Company, on behalf of the Travancore Durbar, of a line of railway on the metre gauge from Quilon to Trivandrum, a length of 39.15 miles.

The railway will be known as the Quilon-Trivandrum Extension of the Tinnevely-Quilon (Travancore) Railway.

No. 322.—In continuation of Notification No. 55, dated the 17th February 1913, it is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a survey being carried out by the Agency of the Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway Administration for a line of railway on the metre gauge from Dhaurahra on the proposed Jharekapur Kauriala Ghat Railway to Saraian on the Burwhal-Sitapur Branch of the Bengal and North Western Railway, a distance of about 50 miles.

This survey will be known as the Dhaurahra-Saraian Railway Survey.

No. 323.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 222, dated the 6th November 1912, Mr. J. H. Murray, Officiating Traffic Manager, Eastern Bengal Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Traffic Manager, in class I of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 28th October 1913.

The 7th November, 1913.

No. 324.—Mr. H. H. Spalding, District Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class II, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Locomotive Superintendent of that Railway in class I, with effect from the 14th October 1913 and until further orders.

No. 325.—The promotion of Mr. L. W. Van Someren, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, from class III, grade 2, to class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, notified in Railway Board's Notification No. 168, dated the 20th June 1913, is antedated to the 3rd October 1912.

No. 326.—In the schedule annexed to the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department No. 227, dated the 24th August 1911, as amended by Notification No. 26, dated the 16th January 1913, specifying the taxes payable in aid of the funds of certain Local Authorities by the Administration of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, for the entry "water rate" against "Agra do." read "Conservancy tax and water rate."

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED PROVINCES.

NOTIFICATION.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Dated Allahabad, the 23rd October 1913.

No. 1718—III-462.—The agreement printed below which has been entered into by the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service (a Society registered under Act XXI of 1860) in accordance with the provisions of Part VII of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, is hereby published for general information under section 42 of the said Act.

By order, etc.,

(Sd.) R. BURN,

Chief Secretary to Government, United Provinces.

AN AGREEMENT entered into this the 19th day of September 1913 between the Secretary of State for India in Council (hereinafter called the Secretary of State) on the one part of and the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service (a Society registered under Act XXI of 1860) on the other part.

Whereas the aforesaid Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service has made an application to the Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh to acquire under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act (1 of 1894) land and premises in Benares Town for the purposes of such Mission amounting to 8.22 acres of land required for extending the building of the Ramkrishna Mission or thereabouts as detailed and described under Schedule annexed hereto and for the sake of greater clearness delineated or shown on the plan hereto annexed and thereon with its boundaries coloured in red.*

And whereas the aforesaid Local Government is satisfied that the said Ramkrishna Mission is a Company within the meaning of section 3 (o) of the Land Acquisition Act 1 of 1894, *vide* Government Order No. 326—III-462, dated 10th February 1913, to the Commissioner, Benares Division.

And whereas the said Local Government after making and holding such enquiry as is prescribed and required by law is satisfied that the acquisition of the aforesaid land required by the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service is needed for the construction of some work and that such work is likely to prove useful to the public.

And whereas under section 41 of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act of 1894 the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service is required to enter into an agreement with the Secretary of State for India in Council regarding matters laid down under the aforesaid section 41 of the said Act.

It is hereby agreed and declared as follows :—

- (1) That the aforesaid Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service will pay to the Local Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh or to such person or persons whom the Local Government may appoint in this behalf all such sum or sums of money as shall be awarded under the provisions of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act of 1894 as compensation to any person or persons who may be found on enquiry held under the provisions of the said Act to be interested in the land hereinbefore mentioned as required by the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service.
- (2) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service will defray and pay to the Local Government from its fund the charges of and incidental to and the cost of the acquisition of the aforesaid land under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894.
- (3) That upon the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service having made up the payments mentioned in the foregoing paragraphs Nos. 1 and 2 of this agreement the Local Government will forthwith in consideration of the repayment of the compensation money and cost of acquisition aforesaid

convey and grant to the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service all that aforesaid piece of land containing by admeasurement 8.22 acres situate in Benares Town and described and shown in the schedule and plan annexed hereunto free from all encumbrances and occupancy rights and together with all rights, easements and appurtenances thereto in fact or by reputation belonging or now and heretofore enjoyed therewith to hold the premises unto and to the use of the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service.

- (4) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service will perpetually hold and enjoy the aforesaid land and premises and use the said land and premises for the purposes hereby agreed upon.
- (5) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service will use the aforesaid land and premises for the purposes of building separate wards for infectious diseases for extending the male and female wards with the object of avoiding inconvenience to the public who have oftentimes to be refused admission on account of want of accommodation and for providing something like a refuge for the homeless and helpless people of Benares who are either decrepit with age or are suffering from disease and who have no house of their own to live in. And for providing quarters for medical men and the workers of the Mission who attend upon the sick and the poor and the homeless and for other charitable works.
- (6) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service will immediately on being put in proprietary possession of the land aforementioned begin the construction of the contagious ward mentioned above which shall be completed within the time required by the nature of the works.
- (7) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service will on being put in possession of the aforesaid land and premises begin the extension of buildings already existing.
- (8) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service shall have plenary powers and discretion to demolish, add, to extend, alter or repair any buildings which may be now in existence or may be erected in future upon the aforesaid land and to erect and construct in future any new buildings and to cut down or plant trees, shrubs and hedges and to lay out gardens or lawns and to dig wells and make other excavations and fill up ditches or wells and lay water pipes and drainage and to build or pull down huts and farm houses and do all other things upon the aforesaid land at any time for the purposes mentioned in paragraph 5 of this agreement.
- (9) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service will allow the public to have the full right and liberty to utilise the aforesaid Mission known as the Ramkrishna Mission subject to the observance of such rules and regulations on the part of the public as are or shall be for the time being fixed and framed by the said Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service or such person or persons as the Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service shall appoint on their behalf or by any higher authority to whom the said Ramkrishna Mission, Benares Centre Home of Service is or may be hereafter by law subject.

In witness whereof the parties hereto have hereto set their hands the day and year first above written.

Witnesses.

(Sd.) TULSI RAM GHOSE,

(Sd.) NITYANANDA BOSF,
57, Ramkanto Bose Street, Calcutta.

(Sd.) R. BURN,
Chief Secretary to Government,
United Provinces.

Witnesses.

(Sd.) W. J. D. BURKITT, I.C.S.

(Sd.) W. E. M. CAMPBELL, I.C.S.

(Sd.) BRAHMANANDA,

*President to the Governing Body
of the Ramkrishna Mission.*

(Sd.) SARADANANDA,

*Secretary to the Governing Body of the
Ramkrishna Mission.*

(Sd.) MAHIMANANDA,

*A member of the Governing Body
of the Ramkrishna Mission.*

SCHEDULE A.

Details of land to be acquired.

District of Benares.	Pargana Dehat Amanat.	Mouza Ramapura.
Boundary—		
North ...	... Public Road.	
South ...	... Public Road.	
East ...	... Home of Service, Busti and Fields.	
West ...	... Public Road, Burial ground and garden.	
Zamindar—Hon'ble Babu Moti Chand Sahib—area of land 5'82 acres.		
Kastkar.		Settlement No.
(1) Beni Madho Singh	...	(a) 206
		(b) 1240
		(c) 244
		(d) 207
		(e) 239
(2) Suraj and Budha	...	232
(3) Balbhadra Dass	...	233-2
(4) Dhaman Kujra	...	(a) 230
		(b) 231
		(c) 233
		(d) 242
		(e) 237
		(f) 243-1
(5) Khas Garahi	...	229
Total area		5'82 acres.
Zamindar—Babu Balbhadra Das Sahib—area of land 1'51 acres.		
		Settlement No.
(1) Khas	...	(a) 234
		(b) 235-1
		(c) 236
(2) Dhaman Kujra	...	(a) 243-2
		(b) 238
Total area		1'51 acres.
Jeonanda and Nityananda—area of land '83 acres.		
Khas 241 (excepting the Dharamsala)	...	...
Total area		'83 acres.
Mohan Dass—245 (Municipal No. D-57-126)		
Gajadhar Singh—204 (in part)	...	...
Total area		'04 acres.
Zamindar Hon'ble Babu Moti Chand Sahib		
" Babu Balbhadra Das Sahib	...	...
" Jeonada and Nityananda	...	...
" Mohan Das	...	...
" Gajadhar Singh	...	...
Total area		8'22 acres.

The above plots are situate on the Luxa Road to the North and Public Road bordering Reoree Talao to the South and Kamaksha Road to the West; and are within the jurisdiction of Dasaswamedha Thana and Benares City Sub-Registry Office.

(Sd.) R. BURN,
Chief Secretary to Government,
United Provinces.

(Sd.) BRAHMANANDA.
(Sd.) SARADANANDA.
(Sd.) MAHIMANANDA.

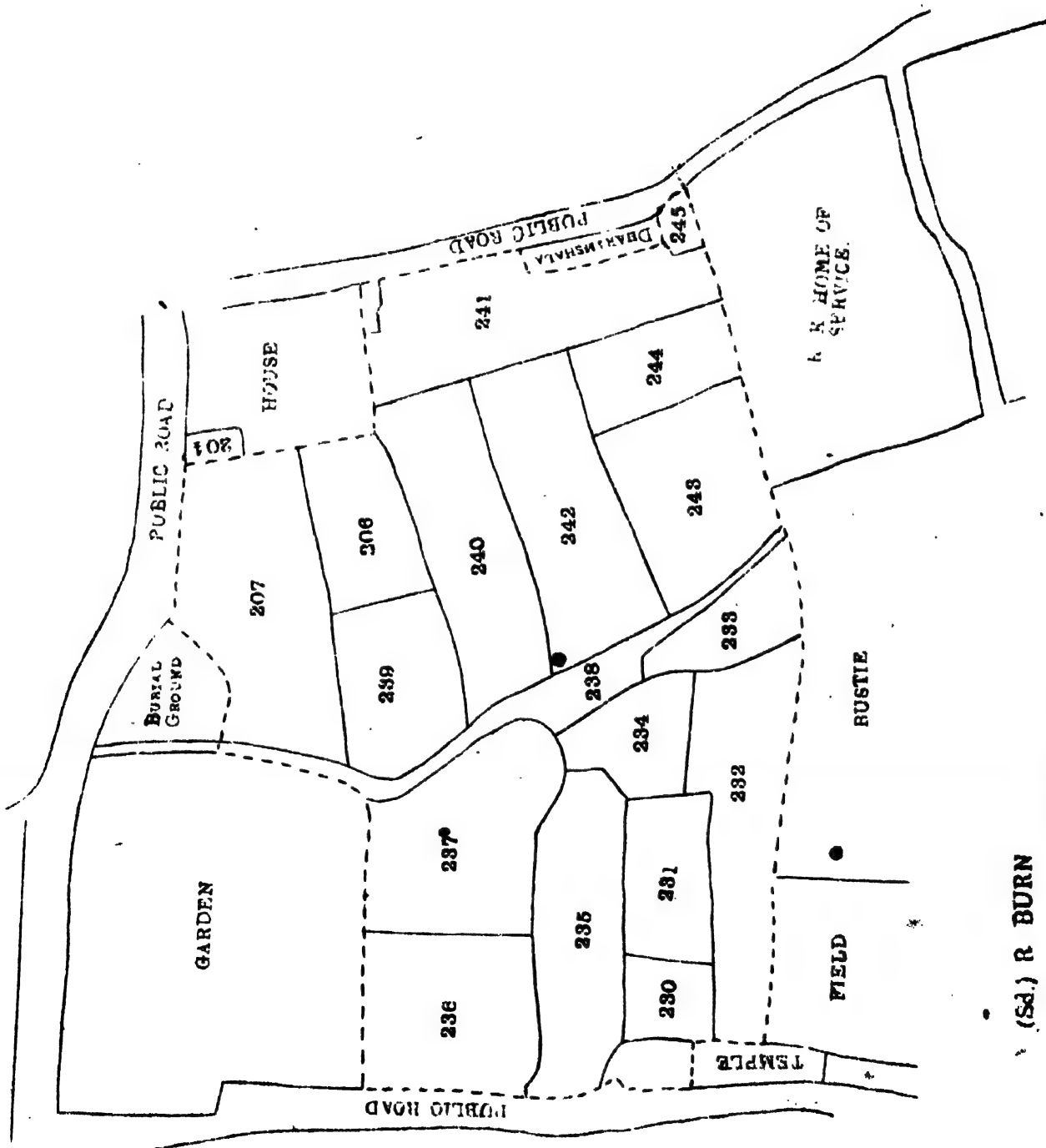
PLAN OF LAND TO BE ACQUIRED

BY

RAMKRISHNA MISSION

HOME OF SERVICE,
LUXA, BENARES CITY.

SCALE 3/4" = 1 MILE.



(Sd.) R BURN
Chief Secy. to Govt. U P.

(Sd.) BRAHMANAN
(Sd.) SARADANAN
(Sd.) MAHIMANAN

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 6th November, 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 1st November 1913 is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	9	10
		Rewa Kanthia Agency	1	...
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	1	1
		Surat Agency	1	1
		Bhiwadi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Mulad " . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana " . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan " . . . . .	...	1
		Thana District . . . . .	...	...
	Central	Ahmednagar District	2	2
		West Khandesh "	4	2
		East Khandesh "	20	11
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	159	146
		Poona District	27	20
		Satara District	172	153
		Sholapur Town	2*	...
		Sholapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	10	5
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
	Southern	Bolgaum "	124	97
		Dharwar "	354	217
		Hubli Town	50	45
		Bijapur District	351	264
		Kanara " . . . . .	...	...

*Imported.

In the return for the week ending 25th October 1913, against the Surat district read 5 cases 3 deaths for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.	
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	6	8	
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Baroda State	11	8	
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	263	193	
		TOTAL	1,567	1,181	
	MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Madras Town
			North Arcot District	25 (a)	23 (a)
			Bellary Town
			Bellary Cantonment
			Bellary District	10 (a)	4
			Mangalore Town and Port	7	5
			South Canara District
			Coimbatore Town
			Coimbatore District	162 (c)	117 (b)
			Chittoor District	1 (a)	1 (a)
			The Nilgiris „	3 (a)	1 (a)
			Trichinopoly Town
			Kurnool District
			Salem „	6	3
			Malabar „	1 (a)	1 (a)
Madura „ . . . . .			...	...
TOTAL			215	155	
BENGAL	Bardwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Presidency	24-Parganahs . . . . .	...	...
		Calcutta . . . . .	...	...

(a) One imported. (b) Seven imported. (c) Eight imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Dacca	Dacca Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Pabna District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		...	...
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	10	9
		Gaya Town . . . . .	...	...
		Gaya District . . . . .	...	...
	Tirhut	Shahabad District	4	4
		Saran District	16	15
		Muzaffarpur District	7	7
		Darbhanga " . . . . .	...	...
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	10	3
		Patna " . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur Town	1	1
		Bhagalpur District	1	1
	Chota-Nag- pur	Sonthal Parganas District	1	1
		Hazaribagh District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		50	41
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Saharanpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District . . . . .	...	1
		Meerut District	1	1
		Bulandshahr District	3	2

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Agra	Muttra District . . . . .	...	...
		Etah „ . . . . .	...	...
	Rohil- khand	Bijnor District . . . . .	...	...
		Budaun „ . . . . .	...	...
		Moradabad „	6	
		Shahjahanpur „ . . . . .	...	...
	Allahabad	Farrukhabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah „ . . . . .	...	...
		Cawnpore „ . . . . .	...	...
		Fatehpur „	2	2
		Allahabad „	3	3
	Jhansi	Jalaun District . . . . .	...	...
		Banda „ . . . . .	...	...
	Benares	Benares District . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur City . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur „	3	3
		Ghazipur „	20	16
		Ballia „	62	54
	Gorakh- pur	Gorakhpur District	43	32
		Basti „	6	4
		Azamgarh „	46	40
	Kumaun	Naini Tal „ . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Lucknow	Lucknow City . . . . .	...	...
		Lucknow District . . . . .	...	...
		Unao "	11	9
		Rae Bareilly "	18	13
		Sitapur " . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi "	2	1
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Fyzabad District	1	1
		Gonda "	6	1
		Bahraich " . . . . .	...	...
		Sultanpur " . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh " . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki "	5	5
	TOTAL		238	194
PUNJAB	Ambala	Hissar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurgaon "	19	13
		Rohtak "	4	5
		Karnal "	10	10
		Ambala "	5	5
	Jullundur	Kangra District	1	1
		Hoshiarpur "	2	2
		Jullundur " . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Sialkot „ . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala „	5	4
	Rawal- pindi	Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhelum „ . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi „	49	83
		Attock „ . . . . .	...	...
	Multan	Jhang „ . . . . .	...	...
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	6	6
	TOTAL .		101	79
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town		7
		Insein District . . . . .	...	...
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy „	1	1
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome „	2	1
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	5	5
		Bassein District	2	2
		Henzada District	2	2
		Myaungmya „ . . . . .	...	...
		Maubin „ . . . . .	...	...
	Tenas- serim	Amherst District . . . . .	..	..
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	1	1

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Meiktila	Melktila District . . . . .	...	...
		Yamethin "	1	1
		TOTAL	21	20
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Bhandara District . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
	Berar	Yotmal Town . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
GOORG	...	Coorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	48	32
		Bangalore City . . . . .	...	2
		Bangalore District	39	21
		Mysore City . . . . .	...	...
		Mysore District	35	28
		Hassan "	13	11
		Kadur "	61	31
		Kolar "	11	11
		Kolar Gold Fields	2	4
		Tumkur District . . . . .	...	...
		Shimoga "	55	23
		Chitaldroog . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	239	163
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Raichur District	66	52
		Bidar " . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani " . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs . . . . .	...	...
		Bir District . . . . .	...	...
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	66 (a)	52 (a)

(a) From the 20th to the 26th October 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Bhopal State	15	10
		TOTAL	15 (a)	10 (a)
RAJPUT- ANA AND AJMER- MER- WARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh „ . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	10	7
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
				TOTAL . . . . .	10	7
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
GRAND TOTAL			2,522	1,905

(a) Figures for the two weeks ending 25th October 1913.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 6th November 1913, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. A shallow depression formed in the neighbourhood of Table Island on the 31st October and, advancing in a northerly direction, was the cause of an increase of rainfall in Burma. It crossed the south Arakan coast on the 1st November and had disappeared completely by the morning of the 2nd.

Conditions have been disturbed at an unusually early date on the northwest frontier and there has been some precipitation in the western Himalayas and submontane districts as far east as Mukteswar. Rainfall of a fairly general character occurred during the first three days in the south of the Peninsula, but it then decreased and weather was practically dry there for the rest of the week.

2. *Burma*.—There was fairly general rain on the 31st October and 1st November; on the remaining days only a few falls were recorded.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Darjiling had a light fall of rain on the 31st October.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Light rainfall occurred in the Mussooree hills on the 2nd and 3rd November, and showers were also reported from Dehra Dun and Meerut.

Northwest India.—Nearly general rain fell in the North-West Frontier Province on the 1st November, while local precipitation occurred in Kashmir on the 2nd and 3rd, and in the Punjab hills on the 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Ludhiana had a light fall of rain on the 3rd.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was nearly general in Mysore on the 30th October, and in south Madras on the 30th and 31st. It was fairly general in the latter area on the 1st November.

3. The chief daily amounts were as follows:—

October 30th. Table Island 4·46", Diamond Island 1·81", Lashio 1·18", Calicut 1·21", Tinnevely 1·79", Trichinopoly 1·93", Cuddalore 2·78", Madras 6·86" and Nellore 2·82".

" 31st. Table Island 2·59", Rangoon 1·77", Bassein 3·23", Diamond Island 5·23", Minbu 0·92", Calicut 1·63", Tinnevely 3·55" and Kodaikanal 1·38".

November 1st. Rangoon 5·94", Bassein 1·75", Thayetmyo 1·37", Pamban 3·45", Negapatam 2·56", Cuddalore 2·14" and Kodaikanal 1·27".

" 2nd. Yamethin 1·73", Sonamarg 1·80" and Negapatam 1·20".

" 3rd. Toungoo 2·10".

" 5th. Mergui 1·99" and Tinnevely 2·18".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Burma, the Punjab East and North, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province and Madras Southeast; and was within 20 per cent of the normal in the United Provinces West and Malabar. It was 20 per cent or more in defect in the rest of the country, except in the following divisions where the absence of rainfall is a normal feature at this time of year:—the Punjab Southwest, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat and Central India West.

The seasonal rainfall up to date is 20 per cent or more in excess in Bengal, Bihar, the Punjab Southwest, Sind and Gujarat; and is 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Central India East, Hyderabad South, the Madras Deccan and Mysore. It differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent elsewhere.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 6TH NOVEMBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 2ND MAY 1913 TO 6TH NOVEMBER 1913.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1'5	2'5	-1'0	82'3	98'1	-15'8	-16	-15
Lower Burma	3'8	1'3	+2'5	148'5	139'1	+9'4	+7	+5
Upper Burma	1'1	0'9	+0'2	42'6	40'3	+2'3	+6	+5
Assam	0	0'3	-0'3	77'5	76'1	+1'4	+2	+2
Bengal	0	0'5	-0'5	87'6	69'0	+18'6	+27	+28
Orissa	0	0'8	-0'8	63'4	57'8	+5'6	+10	+11
Chota Nagpur	0	0'2	-0'2	57'4	49'1	+8'3	+17	+17
Bihar	0	0'1	-0'1	63'4	49'6	+13'8	+28	+28
United Provinces, East	0	0'1	-0'1	31'2	39'3	-8'1	-21	-20
United Provinces, West	0'1	0'1	0	20'5	38'7	-18'2	-47	-47
Punjab, East and North	0'1	0	+0'1	21'4	21'2	+0'2	+1	0
Punjab, Southwest	0	0	0	11'1	7'8	+3'3	+42	+42
Kashmir	0'7	0	+0'7	5'7	8'6	-2'9	-34	-42
N.-W. Frontier Province	0'1	0	+0'1	3'9	5'7	-1'8	-32	-33
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0'6	1'2	-0'6	-50	-50
Sind	0	0	0	11'5	4'8	+6'7	+140	+140
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	5'9	11'3	-5'4	-48	-48
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	17'5	22'5	-5'0	-22	-22
Gujarat	0	0	0	31'2	23'4	+7'8	+33	+33
Central India, West	0	0	0	32'5	29'8	+2'7	+9	+9
Central India, East	0	0'1	-0'1	22'6	41'3	-18'7	-45	-45
Berar	0	0'1	-0'1	31'4	31'0	+0'4	+1	+2
Central Provinces, West	0	0'1	-0'1	36'4	45'1	-8'7	-19	-19
Central Provinces, East	0	0'2	-0'2	42'0	47'5	-5'5	-12	-11
Konkan	0	0'5	-0'5	86'0	96'0	-10'0	-10	-10
Bombay Deccan	0	0'4	-0'4	23'0	26'9	-3'9	-14	-13
Hyderabad, North	0	0'3	-0'3	31'0	32'6	-1'6	-5	-4
Hyderabad, South	0	0'5	-0'5	21'4	29'5	-8'1	-27	-26
Mysore	0'1	0'9	-0'8	20'7	26'2	-5'5	-21	-19
Malabar	1'8	2'0	-0'2	89'5	94'6	-5'1	-5	-5
Madras, Southeast	4'0	2'4	+1'6	25'8	23'6	+2'2	+9	+3
Madras Deccan	0'1	0'9	-0'8	17'5	23'2	-5'7	-25	-22
Madras Coast, North	0'6	2'3	-1'7	32'0	32'4	-0'4	+1	+4

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
1st November 1913.

Burma.—During the week moderate rain was general over Lower and Upper Burma. The cultivation of the winter rice crop and the ingathering of cotton and ground nut are proceeding under normal conditions. Cattle are healthy. The price of unhusked rice is a little above normal and tends to fall.

Assam.—During the week light rain fell in all districts except Goalpara and there was a severe hailstorm in Nowgong. Harvesting of autumn rice in Darrang and of jute in Kamrup still continues. Ploughing for and sowing of mustard and pulses continue. The prospects of tea are generally good and those of transplanted winter rice fair to good everywhere. The average price of common rice has fallen slightly. Cattle disease is reported from five districts. Fodder is insufficient in Sylhet and Kamrup.

Bengal.—During the week light rain fell in all the districts of the Chittagong division and in some parts of the Rajshahi and Dacca divisions. The weather was favourable for agricultural operations. The preparation and sowing of lands for spring crops are in progress. The conditions and prospects of winter rice and other standing crops are good except in some parts of the flood affected areas. The condition of agricultural stock is fair. Cattle disease is reported from nine districts. The average price of common rice is almost stationary as compared with that of the previous week. Agricultural loans and gratuitous relief were given on a moderate scale to those persons of the Burdwan division who have suffered from the recent floods.

Bihar and Orissa.—During the week a few scattered showers fell in parts of Bihar. Sowing of spring crops is in progress. Harvesting of early winter rice has commenced in some districts. Standing crops are doing well. The average price of common rice has fallen as compared with that of the previous week. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in parts of Patna. Cattle disease is reported from eight districts. The prospects of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa are good.

United Provinces.—Save for showers in a few districts the week was rainless. More rain is urgently needed in all but the Eastern districts. Standing crops are suffering from drought except in the Upper Doab, the Central Submontane and Eastern districts, and in the Native States. Harvesting of autumn crops and picking of cotton are almost complete. Irrigation and preparation of land for spring crops are in progress. Sowing of spring crops continues and in some places is nearing completion. Cattle disease is still reported from about one-fourth of the Provinces. Scarcity of fodder is increasing and water is running short in Bundelkhand and in parts of the Aligarh, Unao and Fatehpur districts. Prices are rising and in some districts are above scarcity rates.

Punjab.—During the week light rain fell in the Submontane and Hill districts, elsewhere the weather has been dry. Rain is urgently wanted in the dry area in the South East where standing autumn crops on unirrigated lands are withering. Elsewhere the condition of the standing crops is average. The autumn harvest is nearly completed in the dry area in the South East and the outturn on unirrigated land is very poor. Elsewhere harvesting is in progress and the yields are generally average to good. Sowings of spring crops continue and are normal except in the South East where they are seriously

restricted on unirrigated land for want of moisture. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is getting scarce in some of the South Eastern districts. The price of wheat is generally close to normal and that of other grains a little above normal.

North-West Frontier Province.—Rain fell during the week in Hazara, Peshawar and Kohat. The weather was temperate. The condition of standing crops is generally average except in unirrigated areas in the Swabi tahsil of the Peshawar district. Harvesting of autumn crops continues and the outturn is expected to be normal. Sowings of spring crops is proceeding. Irrigation from the Paharpur Canal has stopped. Cattle are in good condition. The supply of fodder and water is generally sufficient. The prices of food grains are high but are tending to fall in Peshawar. The price of wheat is rising.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 12 to 21 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of a mild type prevails in one tahsil. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—During the week fair rain fell in the Province. Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops are in progress. Cattle disease is reported in some villages of the Valley. Prices are normal. Water and fodder are sufficient.

Rajputana.—During the week slight rain fell in the Kotah, Bikaner and Merwara districts. The weather was generally clear and cool. Rain is badly needed for spring sowings. The outturn of the autumn harvest is unfavourable in the Eastern States of Central Rajputana including Ajmer-Merwara where fodder also will soon be insufficient. Cattle are generally doing well. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally high and stationary in the areas mentioned above. Cattle emigration continues in Ajmer-Merwara, and Marwar, Jaipur, Kishengarh, Bharatpur and Karauli.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week. The weather was clear and cool. More rain is wanted in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and the Rampura Bhanpura district and the Alampur pergana of Indore. Harvesting of autumn crops has commenced in the Malwa division and the districts of Bhilsa and Isagarh of the Gwalior division. Spring sowings are in progress except in parts of Gwalior and Bundelkhand where operations are stopped for want of rain. Standing crops are bad in the northern districts of Gwalior, Bundelkhand, portions of the Rampura Bhanpura district and the Alampur pergana of Indore; indifferent in Baghelkhand and fair in Bhopal. Crops have been damaged for want of rain in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand Bundelkhand and the Alampur pergana of Indore. Cattle disease prevails in Gwalior Gird, the Nagod State of Baghelkhand and the Jhabua State of Bhopawar. The condition of cattle is bad in parts of Gwalior and Bundelkhand. The supply of fodder is bad in parts of Gwalior, indifferent in Baghelkhand and scarce in Bundelkhand and the Alampur pergana of Indore. Prices are rising in Gwalior, Bhopal and parts of Bundelkhand, normal in Baghelkhand and steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been clear and warm with nights and mornings cool. No rain fell anywhere. Agriculturists are busily engaged in the harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops. Rain is badly needed in many places for the spring crops. Fodder and water are generally sufficient except in the Vindhyan districts. Cattle are faring well. The price of gram and *juar* in Chhindwara and of gram in Chanda rose by two and a half seers per rupee, elsewhere the prices of staple food grains remained stationary or varied slightly indicating an upward tendency.

Feudatory States.—During the week the rainfall was *nil*. Reaping of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in full swing. The price of rice rose by two seers per rupee in Sarangarh and four in Sirguja and that of wheat and gram by six in Sirguja.

Bombay.—Standing crops are in good condition except for slight damage by locusts and rats in Karachi and Hyderabad, by rats in Kaira and Palanpur, and by insects in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur. The harvesting of autumn and the sowing of spring crops continue. The supply of fodder is generally sufficient. Agricultural stock are good and sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona. Water for drinking and irrigation is adequate. Prices are high but generally steady. The public health is generally good. Stocks of grain are sufficient.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week. The autumn crop is being harvested and is fair but has suffered somewhat through insects and want of rain in parts of the Gulbarga, Raichur, Mahbubnagar and Karimnagar districts. Early rice is being irrigated and the crop is fair but suffers from want of rain in parts of the above districts and a few isolated parts. Spring sowings continue and the crop is good except in isolated parts. Fodder scarcity prevails in four, water scarcity in six and cattle disease in one taluka. The price of grains remains constant. The highest price in districts is 8 seers per rupee in Mahbubnagar and the lowest 20 in Adilabad.

Mysore.—During the week the rainfall was light. The price of *ragi* has fallen slightly in Mysore and is steady elsewhere. The markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition, but want of rain is felt in the greater part of the State. The prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—During the week the rainfall was light throughout the Province. Agricultural prospects are good. Picking of cardamom continues. The prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—During the week the rainfall was fair in Cuddapah light or *nil* in the Circars, South Canara and the Deccan except Cuddapah and good to very heavy elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of dry crops and paddy is proceeding with outturn fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally for the most part. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of water is insufficient for irrigation in some places. Fodder is generally sufficient. Prices show a downward tendency.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

UNION BANK OF INDIA

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		MEAN MILEAGE WORKED.		TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK ENDING		EARNINGS PER MILE OPEN FOR WEEK.		TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO		REMARKS.	
	During official year 1912-13.		1912. 1913.		25th October 1912. 25th October 1913.		1912. 1913.		25th October 1912. 25th October 1913.			
	R	Miles.	R	Miles.	R	R	R	R	R	R		
State and Guaranteed Railways.												
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	319	2,495	2,661	7,57,000	312	284	2,19,84,497	2,21,88,000	R	2,03,503	...	
Berwada Extension	356	21	21	7,000	295	376	2,10,436	2,15,000	R	4,564	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	660	946	946	6,09,000	689	644	1,75,01,105	1,85,02,000	R	10,00,895	...	
Eastern Bengal (inclgd. 3' 3½" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	430	1,561	1,578	8,91,000	475	565	1,86,60,293	1,97,25,000	R	10,65,707	...	
East Indian	793	2,455	2,551	18,10,617	737	835	5,56,44,231	5,67,60,000	R	18,84,231	...	
Great Indian Peninsula (inclgd. Indian Midland)	626	2,472	2,537	13,05,888	526	538	4,08,91,223	4,24,92,000	R	16,00,777	...	
Agra-Delhi Chord	339	126	126	40,105	319	357	11,36,671	11,67,000	R	39,329	...	
Baran-Kotah	86	40	40	4,500	100	112	1,12,943	1,03,000	R	9,943	...	
Bhopal-Itarsi	586	57	57	28,157	490	558	9,00,021	10,03,000	R	1,02,1979	...	
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3½" gauge lines)	269	2,585	2,585	5,64,901	219	249	2,02,67,374	2,10,01,000	R	7,33,626	...	
North-Western (inclgd. 2' 6" gauge lines)	446	3,812	3,927	17,31,086	454	357	5,35,03,355	4,97,54,000	R	3749,355	...	
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3½" link)	295	1,589	1,600	4,10,153	258	252	1,40,16,570	1,35,59,000	R	4,57,570	...	
Cawnpore-Banda (a)	...	...	33	700	...	21	...	24,400	R	24,400	...
Hardwar-Dehra	267	32	32	4,889	153	253	2,38,927	2,87,000	R	45,073	...	
Assam-Bengal	158	805	805	1,51,000	172	188	35,31,958	36,55,000	R	1,23,042	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	328	1,828	1,828	5,30,041	200	231	1,71,03,376	1,54,02,000	R	16,11,376	...	
Burma	280	1,544	1,552	4,08,045	264	352	1,11,53,338	1,26,39,000	R	14,85,662	...	
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	209	124	124	27,439	221	128	7,63,047	8,17,000	R	53,953	...	
Lucknow-Bareilly	153	281	287	36,263	129	124	12,50,415	12,72,000	R	21,585	...	
Mysore (including Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	172	411	411	71,892	175	156	20,50,678	20,78,000	R	27,322	...	
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	379	1,396	1,451	4,95,529	355	374	1,57,16,936	1,62,08,000	R	5,81,064	...	
Travancore Branch	147	108	108	14,966	139	156	4,76,774	5,10,000	R	33,226	...	
Tirhoot	242	774	792	1,63,472	211	198	51,92,354	51,16,000	R	70,354	...	
Jorhat (Provincial)	78	30	30	2,133	71	77	68,749	68,900	R	151	...	

(a) Opened from 21st April 1913.

(a) Opened from 21st April 1913.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
	Opened from 1st January 1913.	From 1st June 1912.	Opened from 5th March 1913.	Earnings reported from March 1913.	
Jullundur Doab (b)	...	...	...	...	...
Khanpur-Chachran	25	497	1,14,000	1,14,000	...
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	182	11,679	18,000	18,000	...
Nagda-Ujjain	169	4,382	3,83,000	3,83,000	19,954
Nizam's Guaranteed State	311	4,400	4,02,954	4,02,954	2,5877
Petlad-Cambay	172	58,752	1,80,877	1,80,877	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	34	4,487	31,24,618	31,24,618	2,75,382
Southern Punjab	108	36,278	1,73,889	1,73,889	8,889
Southern Punjab—Ludhiana Extension	230	92,013	12,08,891	12,08,891	1,23,891
Sutlej Valley	142	20,708	30,04,543	30,04,543	1,12,543
Tapi Valley	47	9,535	6,52,516	6,52,516	95,484
Tarapur	176	20,559	2,72,527	2,72,527	62,473
Tarapur	333	7,105	7,47,229	7,47,229	62,229
Ahmedabad-Dholka	70	1,866	1,98,000	1,98,000	20,626
Ahmedabad-Parantij (including Brahmadhed Extension)	76	5,257	69,800	69,800	4,706
Bengal and North-Western	182	1,74,357	2,05,000	2,05,000	...
Bengal-Doonars	181	27,410	58,63,000	58,63,000	3,23,909
Barwada-Masulipatam	124	5,302	8,86,000	8,86,000	...
Bhavnagar (including Dhrangadra)	150	23,119	1,04,000	1,04,000	11,540
Cooch Behar	163	8,352	8,25,000	8,25,000	...
Dibre-Sadiya	299	29,085	1,43,555	1,43,555	2,555
Gaekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	78	13,132	7,21,004	7,21,004	...
Gondal-Portbandar (including Jetalsar-Rajkot)	121	19,848	4,43,000	4,43,000	22,988
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley (including Hingoli Branch)	192	35,184	7,31,000	7,31,000	80,543
Jaipur	442	5,300	20,61,000	20,61,000	2,21,251
Jamnagar	73	5,383	1,83,164	1,83,164	15,164
Jodhpur-Bikaner	90	3,653	1,68,000	1,68,000	...
Junagadh	107	1,01,120	1,63,000	1,63,000	32,275
Kolhapur	93	8,392	31,91,000	31,91,000	1,26,096
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (including Khadro Section)	210	4,134	3,30,000	3,30,000	57,044
Morvi (including Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	40	2,975	1,76,000	1,76,000	20,207
Myseningsh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	148	10,820	1,14,000	1,14,000	21,577
Robikand and Kumson	132	9,398	4,03,000	4,03,000	2,564
Sangli	268	43,687	2,67,000	2,67,000	81,246
Shoranur-Cochin	146	726	11,97,000	11,97,000	37,884
Tanjore District Board	187	11,092	2,520	2,520	...
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	175	15,447	3,67,000	3,67,000	22,564
Barsi	96	5,376	6,13,000	6,13,000	67,420
Champaner-Shivrajpur	116	11,491	1,54,000	1,54,000	19,666
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	92	7,708	5,48,000	5,48,000	58,551
Kosamba-Zankhva	89	7,798	6,834	6,834	...
Nadiad-Kapadvanj (d)	14	301	3,27,000	3,27,000	31,649
Rajpipla	...	...	14,100	14,100	2,563
Derjooling-Himalayan	62	1,344	57,200	57,200	57,200
Pipar Road-Bhavi (e)	430	30,122	68,300	68,300	9,150
Total	163	7,027	7,09,000	7,09,000	33,508
GRAND TOTAL	360	32,590	34,521,200	34,521,200	1,08,785

Simla, the 6th November 1913.

C. F. ANDERSON, Major, R.E.,
Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE,



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 18th October 1913.

On and after the 29th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. After the 22nd November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the public service should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

No. B. R. C. 693.—Preliminary Account of Receipts and Disbursements of the Government of India for the first five months of 1913-1914 as compared with the corresponding period of 1912-1913.

ENGLAND.

ENGLAND.				INDIA.					
WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO AUGUST.		RECEIPTS.		WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO AUGUST.	
Preliminary Accounts, 1912-1913.	Budget, 1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	Increase	Decrease.	Preliminary Accounts, 1912-1913.	Budget, 1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.
£	£	£	£	£	£	R	R	R	R
Revenue.						Revenue.			
PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE.						PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE.			
Land Revenue (including that due to Irrigation).						Land Revenue (including that due to Irrigation).			
Opium						Opium			
Salt						Salt			
Stamps						Stamps			
Excise						Excise			
Customs						Customs			
Other Heads						Other Heads			
TOTAL PRINCIPAL HEADS						TOTAL PRINCIPAL HEADS			
Interest						Interest			
Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint						Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint			
Receipts by Civil Department						Receipts by Civil Department			
Miscellaneous						Miscellaneous			
Railways						Railways			
Irrigation (excluding Land Revenue due to Irrigation)						Irrigation (excluding Land Revenue due to Irrigation)			
Other Public Works						Other Public Works			
Military Receipts						Military Receipts			
TOTAL REVENUE						TOTAL REVENUE			
Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.						Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.			
Capital subscribed by Native States towards outlay on State Railway.						Capital subscribed by Native States towards outlay on State Railway.			
Capital of Railway Companies (net Receipts)						Capital of Railway Companies (net Receipts)			
TOTAL						TOTAL			
Debt, Deposits, and Advances.						Debt, Deposits, and Advances.			
Permanent Debt (net incurred)						Permanent Debt (net incurred)			
Temporary do. (do.)						Temporary do. (do.)			
Unfunded do. (do.)						Unfunded do. (do.)			
Deposits and Advances (net)						Deposits and Advances (net)			
Loans and advances by Imperial Government						Loans and advances by Imperial Government			
do. by Provincial Governments						do. by Provincial Governments			
Loans to Local Boards						Loans to Local Boards			
Remittances (net)						Remittances (net)			
Secretary of State's Bills drawn						Secretary of State's Bills drawn			
Drafts on London (net)						Drafts on London (net)			
TOTAL						TOTAL			
TOTAL RECEIPTS						TOTAL RECEIPTS			
Opening Balance						Opening Balance			
GRAND TOTAL						GRAND TOTAL			
Decrease.						Decrease.			

ENGLAND.					INDIA.				
WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO AUGUST.			WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO AUGUST.		
Preliminary Accounts, 1912-1913.	Budget, 1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	Increase.	Decrease.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	Increase.	Decrease.
£	£	£	£	£	£	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
98,300	99,500	35,600	49,100	13,500	...	12,86,81,000	14,05,53,000	5,63,15,000	1,35,000
2,236,500	1,979,100	1,305,500	989,600	...	318,900	4,92,07,000	6,21,61,000	2,56,00,000	5,47,000
244,900	329,600	68,600	98,000	29,400	...	4,29,89,000	4,59,33,000	1,71,25,000	94,000
436,000	466,700	161,800	164,300	2,500	...	24,21,69,000	28,41,61,000	9,85,13,000	59,93,000
2,612,800	2,635,200	1,124,200	1,143,700	17,500	...	3,65,92,000	3,69,21,000	1,55,31,000	9,92,000
21,300	7,200	2,400	3,600	1,200	...	1,05,35,000	1,48,92,000	30,20,000	...
8,979,900	9,104,000	4,447,900	4,535,300	88,000	...	20,49,34,000	29,40,20,000	11,91,14,000	62,73,000
236,600	194,100	60,500	68,700	3,200	...	2,99,11,000	3,39,64,000	1,13,11,000	3,19,000
50,200	85,400	41,000	38,300	...	2,700	9,09,58,000	9,74,86,000	3,05,30,000	...
5,372,400	5,550,500	2,197,800	2,397,900	199,500	...	23,34,76,000	23,18,60,000	9,44,61,000	8,16,000
20,276,900	20,381,300	9,449,700	9,481,900	33,200	...	1,15,94,73,000	1,24,11,61,000	45,65,52,000	20,05,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,49,71,000	...
...
20,276,900	20,381,300	9,449,700	9,481,900	33,200	...	1,15,94,73,000	1,19,74,72,000	47,15,23,000	1,49,71,000
2,470,900	2,598,100	658,100	1,301,200	643,100	...	11,83,56,000	13,47,30,000	4,56,03,000	1,42,25,000
481,600	...	...	...	...	...	19,18,000	9,97,000	6,62,000	...
6,800	5,000	...	3,800	3,800	...	16,04,000	1,99,25,000	17,06,000	6,62,000
2,959,300	2,603,100	655,100	1,305,000	649,900	...	12,18,73,000	15,56,52,000	4,80,31,000	1,65,47,000
4,500,000	1,761,200	3,000,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
195,400	...	...	7,000	7,000	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,39,57,000	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27,89,000	3,81,000	...
9,469,600	3,145,500	3,137,300	748,800	...	2,388,500	20,15,000	1,59,53,000	74,26,000	53,99,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	2,64,67,000	...	53,19,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	38,61,56,000	32,47,50,000	10,90,27,000	1,13,84,000
...
...
14,195,000	4,926,700	6,137,300	755,800	...	5,861,500	...	...	...	...
37,438,200	27,911,100	16,245,100	11,548,700	...	4,701,400	41,52,14,000	37,74,20,000	11,59,51,000	1,14,42,000
9,769,200	5,111,000	14,449,600	8,146,400	...	6,303,200	1,09,65,65,000	1,73,05,44,000	63,55,05,000	2,00,76,000
47,223,100	33,022,100	30,694,700	19,690,100	...	11,004,600	28,34,44,000	18,82,10,000	30,60,89,000	4,93,11,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,98,60,09,000	1,91,87,44,000	94,15,94,000	6,98,87,000

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Comptroller General.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 8th November 1913.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

October 27th.

- 1263. C. W. Roberts & D. W. Cooper. *Improvements in and relating to portable closets or commodes for use in mines and the like.*
- 1264. J. A. A. Nyström. *Improvements in hollow building blocks and in walls made thereof.* •
- 1265. R. Lantzsche. *Improvements in and relating to plant for purifying water and removing the iron contained therein.*
- 1266. J. S. Sparkes. *Improvements in connection with capels or couplings for cables, ropes, and for like purposes.*
- 1267. J. Venning & A. J. Downes. *Improvements in or relating to cut-outs for electrical instruments, glow-lamps and the like.*
- 1268. F. A. Byrne. *Improvements in or relating to the coagulating and curing of india-rubber.*
- 1269. De Nordiske Fabriker De-No-Fa Aktieselskap. *Process for converting unsaturated fatty acids and their esters into saturated compounds.*

October 30th.

- 1270. G. Maccaferri. *Defence for the banks and the bed of water-courses.*
- 1271. G. Maccaferri. *Cases of wire netting for protective waterwork.*
- 1272. R. T. Park. *An improved differential or reduction gear.*
- 1273. T. M. Munro. *Improvements in distributors for sand pump dredgers and the like.*
- 1274. N. Jagjiwandas. *Improvements in boots and shoes.*
- 1275. Fiskus Des Schutzgebietes Kamerun. *Improved process for increasing the output of Para rubber trees.*

October 31st.

- 1276. R. Kenny. *Shikar or bivouac tent.*

November 1st.

- 1277. C. A. J. Hendry. *Elevator with adjustable frame and portable foundation.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

- 511. E. A. Byrde. *Anti-creep rail joint.*
- 757. A. R. Angus. *Improvements in or relating to railway safe-running devices.*
- 758. A. R. Angus. *Improvements in or relating to railway safe-running devices.*
- 759. A. R. Angus. *Improvements in or relating to railway safe-running devices.*
- 760. A. R. Angus. *Improvements in or relating to railway safe-running devices.*
- 761. A. R. Angus. *Improvements in or relating to railway safe-running devices.*
- 1110. Automatic Stove Co. *Improvements in cookers.*

1189. G. A. Jennings, A. Mann, A. Trinder, J. E. Thomas, & W. March. *Improvements relating to detachable or spare wheel rims for use in the wheels of motor road and other vehicles.*
1190. M. F. Derrick. *Improvements in suction gas producers.*
1191. J. Reuse & C. Reuse. *Improvements in resilient wheels.*
1193. C. H. Moss. *Amusement roundabout with mechanical flight and tilting attachments.*
1194. Nobel's Explosives Co., Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to the manufacture of hexanitrodiphenylsulphide.*
1195. Nobel's Explosives Co., Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to the use of explosives for filling projectiles, mines, torpedos, primers, detonators and the like.*
1196. A. E. W. Gill & Tekchand Davidass. *Train stopping apparatus for railway trains.*
1197. J. C. Gonsalves & J. B. Pinto. *A muzzle for cattle.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

377. R. C. Sayer. *Improvements in and relating to turbines.*
509. E. C. Wilson. *Elevators for well casings.*
512. Compagnie Générale de Phonographes, Cinématographes et Appareils de Précision. *Cinematographic projecting apparatus.*
513. Compagnie Générale de Phonographes, Cinématographes et Appareils de Précision. *Improvements in cinematographic projecting apparatus providing their own light.*
515. Compagnie Générale de Phonographes, Cinématographes et Appareils de Précision. *Mixed method of perforation for cinematographic films.*
585. Automatic Telephone Manufacturing Co., Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to telephone systems.*
831. E. A. L. Guin. *Automatic arrangement for eliminating leaves, refuse or large particles carried along by water or floating liquids.*
842. W. H. Parry. *Improvements in folding chairs.*
988. J. T. Sargent. *Improvements in tobacco pipes.*
1009. Lala Thakur Dass & Malawa Ram. *Improved sugarcane mill.*
1041. A. W. C. Skelton. *Skirt fastener.*
1042. A. W. C. Skelton. *Improved waistcoat or trouser buckle.*
1075. L. W. Williams. *Improvements in and relating to brake release springs for railway carriages and waggons.*
1079. Gulam Hoosein Saleh Mohomed. *Improved cooker.*
1086. J. Tanczer. *Cultivator.*
1124. L. J. Rossiter. *Improvements in valves.*
1127. Fibre Corporation, Ltd. *Improvements relating to the retting of flax and like straws.*
1128. A. E. Vergé. *Manufacture of derivatives of toluene.*
1132. H. Friedenthal. *Improved manufacture of fruit and vegetable dust.*
1138. C. Toon. *Means for use in caulking lead joints in iron pipes and mains.*
1134. E. Bignell. *Improvements relating to piling and method of sinking same.*
1135. J. G. McGregor. *Improvements in lamps.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to low. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 472. Hargreaves, Hargreaves and Hargreaves. | 1014. Snowden. |
| 601. Angus. | 1017. Vansteenkiste, Charbonneau and Dangoise. |
| 716. Ohman. | 1033. Staley and Jackson. |
| 808. Roberts. | 1036. Saldanha. |
| 867. Kowastch and Baldus. | 1038. Heinke and Munzing. |
| 888. British Tyre Filling Co., Ltd. | 1039. Walker. |
| 913. Morgan. | 1040. Hudson. |
| 915. Stanley Paper Fibre Co. | 1043. (Mrs.) Shepherd. |
| 1013. Dass. | |

PATENTS SEALED.

699. House.	979. Harvey.
862. Sykes.	997. Fennell.
883. Gibb.	998. Thomas Transmission, Ltd.
978. American Machine & Foundry Co.	

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

134 of 1900. Acheson. (To 13 November 1914.)
478 of 1901. Walke. (To 11 November 1914.)
74 of 1904. Short. (To 12 November 1914.)
154 of 1905. Timmis. (To 21 November 1914.)
427 of 1906. Aktiebolaget-Gas-Accumulator. (To 31 October 1914.)
290 of 1907. Sandmann. (To 21 December 1914.)
59 of 1908. Robertson. (To 16 December 1914.)
545 of 1909. Monin. (To 9 December 1914.)
589 of 1909. Mills Equipment Co., Ltd. (To 3 January 1915.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.**1900.**

70 (Sandow).

1906.

59 (Hudleston).

1907.

156 (Still & Adamson).

1908.

260 (Millington & Sons, Ltd.).

261 (Millington & Sons, Ltd.).

533 (Beedle).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

92 of 1911. M. Boucherie. *Process for preserving sacks and tissues employed for manufacturing them.*

627 of 1911. M. Boucherie. *Improvements in processes for the preservation of textile fabrics and yarns and in rendering the same impermeable and fire-proof.*

APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT UNDER SECTION 17.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the following application to amend may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

No. 958 of 1913. Berliner Import-Und Export-Gesellschaft Mit Beschränkter Haftung, of 17, Ehrenbergstrasse, Berlin, Germany, seek leave to amend the specification of their application for a patent numbered as above. The proposed amendments, as shown in the printed specification, are as follows:—

Page 1, line 20, by omitting the word "or".

Page 1, line 21, by omitting the word "mechanical".

Page 1, line 25, by omitting the word "preferably".

Page 1, by omitting line 27.

Page 2, line 10, by omitting the words "or mechanical".

941 of 1913. In pursuance of leave granted on 6th November 1913 the above numbered specification has been amended in the manner set forth in the *Gazette of India* dated 26th July 1913.

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.**October 16th to November 1st.**

Class 13. Nos. 866 to 890. The Calico Printers' Association Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. October 16, 1913.

Class 13. Nos. 899 to 901. The Calico Printers' Association Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. October 20, 1913.

Class 1. No. 897. G. A. Menlove, Mohamidi Mahal, Money School, Bombay. October 17, 1913.

NOTICES.**THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.**

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs nor their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. Applications for patents in countries other than India should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.
BOMBAY	Record Office.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.
"	Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
CANNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.
CHINSURAH	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.
CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.

DELHI	Office of the Chief Commissioner.
HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	College of Engineering.
MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
POONA	College of Engineering.
RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
ROORKEE	Thomason College.
SOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore.

8. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

	Price
	R. a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0 10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each 0 2
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0 2
(d) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter Index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904)	2 0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each 1 0
(g) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly)	each 0 8
(h) Patent Office Journal, 1912	1 0
(i) Specifications of Inventions	each 0 8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

“ Specimens of Persian Manuscripts ” for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them. The following collections are available for sale :—

- | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|----|-----|---------|
| (1) | Collection for 1902-03, | price | Rs | 3 | a copy. |
| (2) | “ “ 1903-04, | “ | “ | 3 | “ |
| (3) | “ “ 1904-05, | “ | “ | 3 | “ |
| (4) | “ “ 1908-09, | “ | “ | 3 | “ |
| (5) | “ “ 1909-10, | “ | “ | 3-8 | “ |
| (6) | “ “ 1910-11, | “ | “ | 3-8 | “ |
| (7) | “ “ 1911-12, | “ | “ | 2-8 | “ |

N.B.—Nos. (1), (3), (4), (5) and (6) contain papers in all the different standards of examination held in Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali ; No. (5) contains the High Proficiency Urdu papers also ; No. (2) contains all the papers except those for the High Proficiency examinations in Hindi, Arabic and Persian and the Degree of Honour in Arabic and Sanskrit ; and No. (7) all except those for the Interpretership and Degree of Honour in Persian, Preliminary, High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Arabic, Degree of Honour in Hindi, Degree of Honour in Bengali and High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Sanskrit.

“ Diwan-i-Sarkhush ” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price Rs per copy.

“ Kalam-i-Urdu,” the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu ; price Rs-12.

“ Qaani ” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; price Rs-8 per copy.

“ Diwan-i-Andalib ” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian ; price Rs per copy.

Glossary to the “ Ar-Rauzat-u-z-Zakiyah,” the text-book for the Higher Standard examination in Arabic ; price Rs-4 per copy.

“ Nazm-i-Muntakhab,” one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu ; price Rs per copy.

“ Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg ” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price Rs per copy.

“ Raghuvansam ”—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit ; price Rs-8.

“ Akhlaq-i-Jalali ” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; price Rs-12 per copy.

The following list of Munshis who are qualified to teach Urdu under India Army Order No. 162 of 1907, is published for the information of all those students of this language, who are desirous of obtaining competent teachers :

ALLAHABAD.

- | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|---|
| 1. M. Jawala Prasad, I. | | Kasauli Hills. The Royal Scots Regiment, Sudder Bazar, Allahabad. |
| 2. M. S.C. Bagchi | | Government Observatory, Allahabad. |

AMBALA.

- | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| 1. M. Mohd. Miyan Khan | | Sudder Bazar, Ambala. |
| 2. M. Mohd. Akbar Khan | | The Oriental Lodge, Ambala. |
| 3. M. Jawala Prasad, II. | | B. I. Bazar, Ambala. |

AMRITSAR.

- | | | |
|-------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1. M. Mohd. Ishaq | | Khazana Gate, Amritsar. |
|-------------------|-----------|-------------------------|

AZAMGARH.

- | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|--|
| 1. M. Ram Charan Lal | | Offg. Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools, Azamgarh. |
|----------------------|-----------|--|

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya 17, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.
2. M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A. 8, Maulavi Imdad Ali's Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Hossain Mirza 1, Syed Ismail Lane, Calcutta.
4. M. Mohd. Israil Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
5. M. Syed Nawab Ali 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
6. M. Wahidun Nabi Khan 88/1, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.
7. M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid 152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
8. M. Daliluddin Ahmed 28/1, Kimber Street (Karaya), Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Wajid 89, Jhowtolla Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Syed Mohammad 12, Waliullah Lane, Wellesley Square, Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE.

1. M. Rahim Shah R. A. Munshi, Campbellpore.

DALHOUSIE.

1. M. Abdur Rahim Regimental Munshi, 1st Lancashire Fusiliers, Balu Bazar, Dalhousie.

DELHI.

1. M. Mithan Lal C/o Late M. Chunni Lal Sahib, Government Pensioner, Muhalla Churi Walan, Delhi.

DINAPORE.

1. M. Syed Hadi Hussain Orderly Bazar, Dinapore.

JHELMUM.

1. M. Thakur Das Pahwa Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JULLUNDER.

1. M. Har Bhagat Singh Bains Talhan, Jullunder Cantonment.

KASAUJI.

1. M. Anand Sarup C/o Munshi Kashi Nath, Dagshai Hills, or Depot, Kasauli.

LAHORE CANTT.

1. M. J. Kishori Lal R. A. Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
2. M. Sham Lal Bhargava Dangar Street, Sudder Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW.

1. M. Abdul Alim Near the Police Post, Husaingunge, Lucknow.
2. M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan Near Royal Hotel, Lucknow.

MULTAN.

1. M. S. Karim Bakhsh Sadar Bazar, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS.

1. M. M. C. Saihgal 2nd Bn., King's Regiment, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.

1. M. Faqir Ulla St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

NOWSHERA.

1. M. Muhammad Din Pay Havildar and Head Clerk, 23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (F. F.).

PESHAWAR.

1. M. Bodh Raj Royal Sussex Regiment (or Sudder Bazar), Peshawar.
2. M. Ahmed Din 81, Cantonments, Peshawar.
3. M. Abdur Rahim Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
4. M. Abdul Karim Dabgari Gate, Peshawar City.

RAWALPINDI.

1. M. Ghulam Muhiuddin R. A. Brigade Munshi, Rawalpindi.
2. M. Ghulam Rasul Sudder Bazar, Rawalpindi.
3. M. Fazal Ahmed Persian House, Rawalpindi.

ROORKEE CITY.

1. M. Fazl-i Haq Mahalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SUBATHU.

1. M. Gulzar Lal South Lancashire Regiment, Subathu.

In addition to the above, the following, who were examined in Urdu previous to the institution of the examination mentioned in the above India Army Order, are also, in the opinion of the Board of Examiners, qualified to teach :

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Arif 12, Harinbari Lane, Calcutta.
2. Maulavi Syed Abu Zafar 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S. 14, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
4. M. Badru-z Zaman 29, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
5. M. Abdul Badi 5, Ramsanker Roy's Lane, Calcutta.
6. M. A. M. F. Wahhab Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
7. M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat 89, Jhowtollah Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
8. M. Akmal Ali Akmal 9, Dr. Karam Hossain's Lane, Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Karim Nashter 1, Jhowtollah Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Mohd. Yusuf Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.

N.B.—It is requested that Munshis who have passed this examination and whose names do not appear above, should communicate their present addresses to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta, so that their names may be published also.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE AND CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bond fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Sulphate of Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased both in powder and $3\frac{1}{4}$ -grain tablet forms by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the principal druggists in Calcutta. These drugs are for sale *for cash only*. On *no account drugs are sent per V. P. Post*. These drugs *may be obtained* from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur.

The rates for these drugs from 15th November 1912 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	£ 11 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	£ 10 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	12 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	£ 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	6 „

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Cinchona Febrifuge is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal :—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

- (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
(b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Boorkee.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 4th November 1913.

[illegible]

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL ;
Calcutta, 6th November 1913.

C. W. W. CARBERY,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

**Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.
Percentage 28.35.**

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 3rd November 1913.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 31st October 1913.

RESERVE.													
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			COIN AND BULLION.						SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		TOTAL.	REMARKS.	
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	In India.		In England.		In Transit between India and England.		Held in India.	Held in England.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta .	3,01,48,000	21,80,68,785	2,42,29,533	1,22,84,003	...	9,15,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	26,80,18,482
Cannore .	...	2,58,85,235	1,94,71,877	1,98,74,160	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,33,45,967
Lahore .	...	3,81,90,860	1,46,54,483	1,55,64,300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,02,18,783
Bombay .	3,28,11,705	14,04,75,875	2,39,53,648	16,87,95,457	2,21,26,612	...	...	...	...	...	...	21,47,75,717
Karachi .	...	1,60,28,870	32,97,215	12,64,935	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45,62,150
Madras .	1,26,61,975	6,26,36,330	2,17,90,035	46,07,835	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,63,97,870
Rangoon .	...	4,21,44,580	3,21,57,046	98,77,200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,20,34,246
	7,56,21,680	54,34,26,595	18,34,53,767	23,22,67,899	2,21,26,612	9,15,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	61,98,48,215
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			Nil.	Deduct—Amount due on Bills drawn by one Circle on another									3,00,000
TOTAL CIRCULATION R .			61,90,48,215	TOTAL RESERVE R .									61,90,48,215

2,159,500 (Rs. 92,500) was transferred in Gold from the Paper Currency Reserve to the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 31st October 1918.

The Silver held in the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 31st October 1913 to 4.50 lakhs in coined rupees.

	to 1.74	sovereigns.
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M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

**OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE CORONATION DURBAR AND OF
THE VISIT OF THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING-
EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS TO INDIA, 1911-12.**

To meet the repeated demands of the public, the Government of India have decided to publish a complete and authoritative account of the proceedings connected with the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India and with the Coronation Durbar of December 1911.

This book will be compiled from the official records, and will contain lists of all persons taking part in the celebrations and ceremonies. There will also be numerous illustrations, portraits, maps, plans, etc.

It will be published in two editions, a popular one in a cloth binding at a cost not exceeding Rs. 7-8, and a very limited edition *de luxe*, which will contain a list of the subscribers, at a cost of about Rs. 250.

A translation of the popular edition will be made in Urdu and possibly in other languages also, if the demand is sufficient.

It is expected that the work will be ready for publication in about six months' time ; names are still being registered for the various editions, and application should be made to the Superintendent, Official History of the Durbar, Foreign Department, Simla.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 134 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 28th day of October 1913.

In the matter of Guanapragasan Samuel Thumby Pillay, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Guanapragasan Samuel Thumby Pillay, clerk in the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, residing at No. 23, 44th Street, Rangoon, on the 27th day of October 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 28th day of October 1913 against the said Guanapragasan Samuel Thumby Pillay.

CASE No. 135 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 28th day of October 1913.

In the matter of Thumbi Daneal Doray, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Thumbi Daneal Doray, clerk in the Bank of Bengal, residing at No. 23, 44th Street, Rangoon, on the 27th day of October 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 28th day of October 1913 against the said Thumbi Daneal Doray.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

IN THE COURT OF BABU MIHAN SINGH BEDI, JUDGE, INSOLVENCY ESTATES COURT,
DELHI.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

FORM NO. 4.

Order of Adjudication.

SECTION 16.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 18 OF 1913.

Dated 30th October 1913.

In the matter of Imam-uddin, son of Dilawar of Delhi, Debtor.

Pursuant to a petition, dated 8th April 1913, on behalf of Imam-uddin, the debtor, and on reading the said petition and hearing the creditors it is ordered that the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

FORM NO. 5.

Order Appointing a Receiver.

SECTION 18.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 18 of 1913.

Dated 3rd November 1913.

In the matter of Imam-uddin, son of Dilawar of Delhi, Debtor.

Whereas Imam-uddin was adjudicated an insolvent by order of this Court, dated 30th October 1913, and it appears to the Court that the appointment of a Receiver for the property of the insolvent is necessary.

It is ordered that a receiving order be made against the insolvent and a receiving order is hereby made against insolvent and assistant clerk of Court is hereby constituted receiver of the property of the said insolvent.

SUIT No. 47 of 1913.

In the matter of Mohamad Zahir-uddin Khan, son of Rashid-uddin of Delhi, Debtor, and of an Insolvency petition, dated the 1st day of October 1913, presented by Babu Piari Lal, pleader, son of Munshi Girdhari Lal, of Delhi, claiming himself to be a creditor of the above named debtor.

To

The Creditors.

Take notice that an Insolvency petition has been presented by Babu Piari Lal, the above named creditor, against Mohamad Zahir-uddin Khan, the abovenamed debtor, and the Court has ordered that the publication of this notice in the *Gazette of India* shall be deemed to be service of the petition upon all the creditors, and further take notice that such petition will be heard at this Court on 15th day of November 1913 at 10 o'clock in the noon, on which day all creditors are required to appear and in case of default on their part *ex parte* proceedings will be taken.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 1st day of November, 1913.

MIHAN SINGH,

Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

No. 584 of 1913.

Fort, Bombay, the 1st November 1913.

Re Alexandra Cinematograph Company, a partnership firm, doing business in Bombay at Lohar Chawl outside the Fort; adjudged Insolvents.

Whereas the abovenamed Alexandra Cinematograph Company, a partnership firm, have been this day duly adjudged to have committed acts of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon them, attend the Office of the said Official Assignee.

Dated this 31st day of October 1913.

R. B. PATEL,

Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
551—1913	James Alfred Oliver	Eurasian	No. 8-10, Ripon Road, By-culla.	Telegraphist in the Government Central Telegraph Office, Bombay.	16th	October	1913	16th	October	1913
552—1913	Thomas Fernandez, Clifford Fernandez and Alfred Fernandez.	East Indian	Sejan building, Ripon Road.	Latently carrying on business in partnership under the name of M. Fernandez and Sons as saddles, harness, boot, and shoe manufacturers and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
553—1913	Jethmal Bhagechand	Hindu	.....	Partnership firm until latently carrying on business at Dana Bunder, Bombay, Karachi and Hyderabad (Sind).	"	"	"	"	"	"
554—1913	Ranoo Hari Gaiikwar and Nana Hari Gaiikwar.	"	No. 9, Curry Road	Machinemmen in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	17th	"	"	17th	"	"
555—1913	Sayed Jai-nool Idroos alias Sayed Jainool Abadin Idrus.	Mahomedan	Khanda Molla	Latently shunting master in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway and now unemployed.	20th	"	"	20th	"	"
556—1913	Pandurang Soodheji Bolay	Hindu	No. 106, 2nd Koombarwada	Latently dealer in country liquor and now servant in the employ of Narayan Bhikaji Wadakar.	"	"	"	"	"	"
557—1913	Percy Arnald Bamber	European	No. 7, Green Street Fort	Inspector in the employ of Burmah Oil Company, Limited.	"	"	"	"	"	"

No.	Name	Religion	Address	Description of Business	Date of Birth	Date of Death	Age at Death
559-1913	Jehangir Behramji Dalal .	Parsi	.....	Until lately carrying on business as share broker and merchant at Apollo Street, Bombay under the style or firm of Jehangir Behramji and Company.	"	"	"
560-1913	Ebrahim Abdulhussein Dawoodi Phora.	Mahomedan	Barhai Molla. Nagdevi Street.	Lately dealer in cotton and now unemployed .	21st	1913	22nd
560-1913	Arjoon Dewji Surti .	Hindu	No. 4, Parel	Cran- driver in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	"	"	"
561-1913	Bhugwandin Ramlal Thakur	"	Golepitha	Lately dealer in milk and now unemployed .	22nd	"	"
562-1913	Pandurang Mahadeo Kale	"	Kalbaievi	Dealer in tobacco, etc.	23rd	"	"
563-1913	Basantam Lilaram Mooltani, Hakumatrai Khimchand Mul- tani, Bellaram Badridas Multani, Hakumarai Ganarasm Multani, Sadooram Leroomul Multani, Mitharam Lokchand Mul'tani, Tetaldas Hotchand Mul'tani, Kavalram Tanoomul Mult'ni, Chatunni Hoondamul Multani, and Chimandas Tulsidas Mul- tani.	"	Dana Bunder	Lately carrying on business as cotton, wheat and seed merchants and commission agents at Bombay, Karachi Sukkur Amritsar, and Fazilka under the name, style and firm of Tarachand Chellaram and now unemployed.	"	"	"
564-1913	Savaram Ramchandra Kore	"	Curry Road	Lately dealer in betelnut, etc. and also rent farmer with Narayan Shivappa and the late Bhawoo Appaji under the name of Savaram Ramchandra Kore and Company and now rent farmers as aforesaid.	"	"	"
565-1913	Ahmed Haji Mahomed Memon	Mahomedan	No. 120, Kolsa Molla	Unemployed	"	"	"
566-1913	Gangaram Rawji Kadam	Hindu	Tardeo	Clerk in the Bombay Port Trust	"	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
567—1913	Haribhai Dharamsy, Virchand Dharamsy and Shamji Hirji.	Hindu	.....	All doing business in partnership as whee merchants at Mody Bazar without the Fort of Bombay under the name, style and firm of Hirji Dharamsy.	23rd	October	1913	23rd	October	1913
568—1913	Hamid Mahomedally Molvi	Mahomedan,	Jacob Circle (Islam build- ing).	Lately dealer in milk and now unemployed.	24th	"	"	24th	"	"
569—1913	Nurmahomed Jusb	"	Byculla . . . . .	.....	"	"	"	25th	"	"
571—1913	Chaganlal Umedram	Hindu	.....	Carrying on business in the name of Madhewji Umedram at Mumbadevi.	"	"	"	"	"	"
570—1913	Husein Mahomed Nensee Khairaz and Ahmed Mahomed Nensee Khairaz.	Mahomedan	Byculla	Lately doing business in Bombay, under the name and firm of Husein Brothers.	"	"	"	"	"	"
572—1913	Sheshmal Hansraji, Hakmichand Hansraji, Jethmal Hansraji, Kesermal Danaji and Chunnial Nathaji.	Hindu	.....	Doing business in co-partnership as bangle-merchants at Bhindiy Bazar without the Fort of Bombay in the name, style and firm of Messrs. Sheshmal Sogaji.	25th	"	"	"	"	"
573—1913	Velji Narpal, Pannarpal and Keshowji Kuverji.	"	1st two Debtors at Shak Gully and the 3rd at Daris- thau lane.	Trading in Bombay under the name and firm of Velji Narpal and Company at Kharak Bazar and as Vasanji Velji at Moodi Bazar and as Vasanji Pasa also at Kharak Bazar.	27th	"	"	27th	"	"
574—1913	Dinshaw Dadabhoi Mistry	Parsee	No. 7, Khetwadi 10th lane	Time keeper in the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Company, Limited.	"	"	"	"	"	"

576—1913	Haseen alias Husein Kabir Moomin alias Moongi.	Mahomedan	Nawa Nagar Muzagon	Lately tinsmith and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"
577—1913	Dewji Naranji alias Mathuradas Naranji Thacker.	Hindu	Mandvi	Lately broker in linseed, rice, etc. in the name of Moraji Naranji and also speculator in linseed, rice, etc. in the name of Dewji Naranji and now unemployed.	"	"	28th	"	"
578—1913	Majnoonmal Moolchand Mooltani, Gherinal Tahilram Mooltani, Chelaram Lekhrajmal Mooltani and Navalwal Asauand Mooltani.	"	No. 85, Broach Street	Lately carrying on business as cotton wheat, seed and silver merchants and commission agents at Bombay under the name of Chandiram Khatanmal, at Karachi under the name of Chandiram Tharoomul and at Bakrana under the name of Chandiram Maganmul and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"
579—1913	Shaik Abdul Rehman bin Shaik Abdul Aziz al Ebrahim.	Mahomedan	Chowpatti	Merchant	"	"	"	"	"
580—1913	Gobhaya Currumsy Sha	Hindu	Kaliadevi Road	Dealer in grain and ghee	"	"	"	"	"
581—1913	Jamsedji Muncherji Golwala	Parsee	No. 5, Dhobi Taloo, Vania Wadi.	Lately horse races speculator and also servant in the employ of Jamsedji Sorabji Mistry and now unemployed.	28th	"	31st	"	"
582—1913	Mowji Mulji Thacker and Shamji Bhimji Sha.	Hindu	Vadgadi and Gogari Molla, respectively.	Lately carrying on business as ghee merchants in partnership under the name of Mowji Mulji and now unemployed.	31st	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the above-named Debtors' Petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

H C

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, FORT, BOMBAY,
Dated this 1st day of November 1913.

R. B. PATEL
Chief Cl

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 23rd TO 31st OCTOBER 1913.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Toles.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.															
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.		COINAGE.		BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.					COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.		SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE CEYLON GOVERNMENT.			
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from State coins. Treasuries, etc.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native State.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and un- current coins.	TOTAL.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar Closing and of coined balance paid over.	Receipt of Bullion for sub- sidary coinage. paid over.	Sub- sidary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	...	8	...	8	2	1	...	25	7	33	...	...	3	...	3
Bombay	65	4	1	70	44	...	101*	26	14	131	...	...	...	...	...

* Exclusive of 229 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

Silver tendered for British Dollar Coinage but not brought to account.

Silver tendered for subsidiary coinage for the Straits Settlements Government but not brought to account.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;

Calcutta, the 5th November 1913.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,

Offg. Master of the Mint.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 30th October 1913.

No. 171.—The services of Assistant Surgeon L. S. Holmes, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 13th October 1913.

The 1st November 1913.

No. 172.—The services of No. 1327, 3rd Class, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Sardar Khan, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Surveyor-General of India, with effect from the 30th September 1913.

No. 173.—No. 1162, 2nd Class, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Abdul Wahid, I.S.M.D., is granted 3 months' privilege leave with effect from the 1st December 1913, or date he may avail himself of the same.

F. NORMAN WHITE, Capt., I.M.S.,
for Deputy Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

**THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BRITISH
BALUCHISTAN.****NOTIFICATIONS.**

Quetta, the 30th October 1913.

No. 676-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as extended to British Baluchistan, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in his Notification No. 4842, dated the 16th October 1903 :—

(1) For the entry :

The Office of Native Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, Khojak Pass.	2nd Class .	The Chaman Sub-Division.
the entry		
The Office of Extra Assistant Commissioner, Khojak Pass.	1st Class .	The Chaman Sub-Division.

shall be substituted ; and

(2) Opposite the entry " The office of Tahsildar, Pishin, " the words " 2nd Class " shall be substituted in the second column.

No. 677-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 13 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as extended to British Baluchistan, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that in his Notification No. 4843, dated the 16th October 1903, for the words " The Native Assistant and 2nd Class Magistrate, Khojak Pass, " the words " The Extra Assistant Commissioner, and 1st Class Magistrate, Khojak Pass, " shall be substituted.

No. 678-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4, sub-section (2), of the British Baluchistan Civil Justice Regulation, 1896, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that in his Notification No. 4847, dated the 16th October 1903, for the words " The office of Native Assistant Agent to the Governor General, Khojak Pass, " the words " The office of Extra Assistant Commissioner, Khojak Pass, " shall be substituted.

No. 679-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 7 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that in Order 6 of his Notification No. 4850, dated the 16th October 1903, for the words " The Native Assistant, Khojak Pass, " the words " The Extra Assistant Commissioner, Khojak Pass, " shall be substituted.

No. 680-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (b), of the British Baluchistan Civil Justice Regulation, 1896, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that the Court of the Munsiff of the Khojak Pass shall have jurisdiction to try original suits of value not exceeding one thousand rupees.

By order,
T. W. HAIG, Lieut.-Col.,
Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN
BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 30th October 1913.

No. 681-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as in force in the Baluchistan Agency Territories by virtue of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1603-I. B., dated the 28th July 1911, the Agent to the Governor General is pleased to direct that in entry No. 13, column 1, of the table annexed to his Notification No. 4827, dated the 16th October 1903, as subsequently amended, for the words "The office of Native Assistant of Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway Sub-Division" the words "The office of Extra Assistant Commissioner of Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway Sub-Division" shall be substituted.

No. 682-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 87 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as in force in the Baluchistan Agency Territories by virtue of the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1603-I. B., dated the 28th July 1911, the Agent to the Governor General is pleased to direct that in the table annexed to his Notification No. 4830, dated the 16th October 1903, for the words "The office of Native Assistant and 1st Class Magistrate, Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway District" in entry No. 13, column 1, the words "The office of Extra Assistant Commissioner and 1st Class Magistrate, Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway District," shall be substituted.

No. 683-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the British Baluchistan Civil Justice Regulation, 1896, as in force in the Baluchistan Agency Territories by virtue of the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1603-I. B., dated the 28th July 1911, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Agent to the Governor General is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in his Notification No. 4831, dated the 16th October 1903, as subsequently amended:—

(1) For the title of Part I, the following title shall be substituted, namely:—

"I.—Courts of the Assistant Political Agents and the Extra Assistant Commissioners"; and

(2) For entry No. 7 the following entry shall be substituted:—

7. The Court of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway.	The Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway District.
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No. 684-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 93, sub-section (i), of the British Baluchistan Civil Justice Regulation, 1896, as in force in the Baluchistan Agency Territories by virtue of the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 1603-I. B., dated the 28th July 1911, the Agent to the Governor General is pleased to direct that for entry No. 13 in the table annexed to his Notification No. 4833, dated the 16th October 1903, the following entry shall be substituted:—

13. The Extra Assistant Commissioner, Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway District.	The Bolan Pass and Nushki Railway District.
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By Order,

T. W. HAIG, Lieut.-Col.,

First Assistant.

THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 25th October 1913.

No. 3852-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of British Baluchistan proposes to make the following amendments in conditions 1 and 3 endorsed on License Form F mentioned in rule 9, Chapter IV, Part II of the Petroleum Rules published in his Notification No. 2308, dated the 29th April 1909:—

Condition 1.—Add the following words at the beginning of the condition:—

"When not carried in a receptacle forming part of a motor vehicle."

Condition 3.—Delete the words—

"not forming part of a motor vehicle."

This draft is published under the provisions of section 24 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 2nd December 1913.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft amendments before the date fixed as aforesaid will receive consideration.

By order,
T. W. HAIG, Lt.-Col.,
Secretary.

THE HONOURABLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 30th October 1913.

No. 3897-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 65 of the Excise Act, 1896 (XII of 1896), as in force in the Baluchistan agency territories by virtue of the Foreign Department Notification No. 1603-I.B., dated the 28th July 1911, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan is pleased to substitute the following for condition No. 13 of the Lease form for manufacture and sale of country spirits in the Zhob District, accompanying his Notification No. 2237-R., dated the 11th August 1910, with effect from the 1st January 1914.

"13. The farmer or his agent shall sell spirit either by the standard dram, the half dram or by the reputed quart bottle (containing 5 standard drams) to be consumed *on the premises*, and he may also sell in the same quantities *for consumption off the premises*, provided that, without the sanction in writing of an officer authorized in this behalf by the Political Agent, spirit in excess of one seer shall not be sold to anyone at one time.

The maximum selling rates shall be:—

	R	A.	P.
Per 8 drams	1	4	0
Per dram	0	2	9
Per ½ dram	0	1	6"

By order,
T. W. HAIG, Lieut.-Colonel,
Assistant to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 1st November 1913.

No. 3226.—The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the prescribed tests in Pashtu by the Higher Standard at an examination held at Quetta on the 27th and 28th October 1913:—

1. Lieutenant B. I. Jones, 2nd Royal Irish Fusiliers.
2. Captain S. Williams, Assistant Political Agent, Kalat.
3. Mr. H. E. C. Beaver, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Quetta.
4. Lieutenant A. F. N. Barron, R. A.
5. Lieutenant T. M. Graves, 2nd Royal Welsh Fusiliers.
6. Lieutenant B. L. Clarke, 23rd Cavalry, F. F.
7. Lieutenant C. J. E. Manisty, 67th Panjabis.
8. Master Gnr. J. P. Pirie, R. G. A.
9. Staff Sergeant H. M. Stewart, S. & T. Corps.
10. Major C. J. G. Young, I. M. S.

By order,
T. W. HAIG, Lieut.-Colonel,
First Assistant.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 30th October 1913.

No. 55.—Mr. J. F. McMichael, Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India one month's leave on medical certificate, in continuation of the combined leave granted to him in this office Notification No. 19 of 3rd April 1913.

This is in supersession of this office Notification No. 53, dated 16th October 1913.

No. 56.—Lieutenant H. H. E. Gosset, R.E., Assistant Engineer, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani held at Calcutta on the 1st October 1913.

The 3rd of November 1913.

No. 57.—Mr. R. Hatt-Cook, Assistant Engineer, passed the Professional Examination prescribed in State Railway Construction Code, paras. 639, 640 and 641, on the 29th September 1913.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel, R.E.,
Agent, N.-W. Railway.

ODDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lucknow, the 28th October 1913.

No. 22.—Mr. H. R. Walton, Executive Engineer, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of eleven months and fourteen days furlough, in continuation of eight months' combined leave previously granted *vide* this office Notification No. 3, dated 27th February 1912.

W. D. WAGHORN, Major, R.E.,
Agent, O. & R. Railway.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 27th October 1913.

No. 38.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Vol. I, Part II, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i. e.*, 22nd October 1913 :—

Engineer G. L. Annett, R. I. M. 12 months.

No. 39.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Vol. I, Part II, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i. e.*, 22nd October 1913 :—

Assistant Engineer J. Beggs, R. I. M. 12 months.

E. W. HUDDLESTON,
for Director, Royal Indian Marine.

**PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT SECRETARIAT—
DELHI PROVINCE.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 3rd November 1913.

No. 625-E.—Mr. C. G. Blomfield, having been appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India as Architectural Draftsman, assumed charge of his duties in this Department on the forenoon of the 19th October 1913.

APPOINTMENT AND POSTING.

The 4th November 1913.

No. 638-E.—The services of Mr. H. M. Griffiths, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, Punjab, having been placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, he is placed on special duty in the office of the Chief Engineer, Delhi, with effect from the forenoon of the 30th October 1913.

H. T. KEELING,

Secretary to Chief Commissioner in the Public Works Department, Delhi.

SURVEY OF INDIA—NORTHERN CIRCLE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Mussoorie, the 30th October 1913.

No. 8.—Mr. J. A. Calvert, Extra Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 18 days under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations from the 17th October 1913.

W. J. BYTHELL, Colonel, R.E.,

Superintendent, Northern Circle.

SURVEY OF INDIA.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Calcutta, the 4th November 1913.

No. 697.—Mr. Allan Vere Dickson Probationer in the Provincial Service, is confirmed in the department with effect from the 2nd December 1913.

No. 698.—Mr. J. H. Murphy, Extra Assistant Superintendent on the seconded list, is promoted to be Deputy Superintendent on the same list with effect from the 1st March 1913.

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Colonel, R.E.,

Offg. Surveyor General of India.

LOWER GANGES BRIDGE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Paksey, the 3rd November 1913.

No. 11.—Lieutenant J. R. Marryat, R.E., Assistant Engineer, who was granted examination leave for one month and eighteen days in this office Notification No. 10, dated 25th August 1913, from the afternoon of the 7th September 1913, having returned to duty on the forenoon of the 18th October 1913, the remaining portion of his leave, *viz.*, 8 days, is hereby cancelled.

R. R. GALES,

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Delhi, the 30th October 1913.

No. 8126-Education.—Whereas the Municipal Committee of Delhi has applied to the Local Government, under the provisions of section 58 of Act III of 1911, and whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, that the land is required by Government for a public purpose, namely, for erection of public latrine, it is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

The declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894, and under Section 7 of the said Act the Deputy Commissioner of Delhi is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the ownership of the said land.

SPECIFICATION.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauza.	Area in square yards.	Boundaries.	Place where the plan may be inspected.
Delhi	Delhi	Delhi Kuncha Qabil Attar.	270 square yards	<p><i>North.</i></p> <p>Kuncha Qabil Attar .</p> <p><i>South.</i></p> <p>Kuncha Qabil Attar .</p> <p><i>East.</i></p> <p>Kuncha Qabil Attar .</p> <p><i>West.</i></p> <p>Kuncha Qabil Attar .</p>	Office of Deputy Commissioner, Delhi.

No. 8147-Home.—Captain P. M. Rennie, I.M.S., assumed charge of the duties of Civil Surgeon and Health Officer, Temporary Capital, on the forenoon of the 15th October 1913, relieving Captain G. R. Lynn, I.M.S.

The 5th November 1913.

No. 8248-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending 25th October 1913, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
No.	Name of Municipal Town.	Population of 1901.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.									Infants under one year of age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
	Delhi . . .	230,471	116	121	237	83	77	160	...	...	...	111	8	30	...	16	2	22	21	43	59.7	42.7
	Notified Area	...	2	1	3	1	1	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total . . .	...	118	122	240	84	78	162	..	...	...	113	3	30	...	16	2	22	21	43	...	...

No. 8252-Home.—It is hereby notified that the holidays to be observed in Public Offices under the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, during the year 1914 which are specified in the Schedule hereto annexed, are public holidays within the meaning of Section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881. These holidays should be given to all Government

servants, subject to the single condition that it shall be open to the head of an office to stop a holiday notified under the Act in the case of any individual guilty of idleness or inattention to duty unless the day in question is deemed specially sacred by the members of the religion which the offender professes.

2. Local holidays for great festivals or fairs peculiar to particular places may be granted at the discretion of heads of offices provided always that there are no arrears of work. The maximum number of such holidays that may be given by the District Officer is seven. This number should not be exceeded, and the District Officer should report to the Chief Commissioner before the beginning of the year the holidays proposed for his district, and should fix them after the sanction of the Chief Commissioner to the proposal has been obtained. Heads of offices may also, subject to the condition that there are no arrears of work, permit the last Saturday of every month to be observed as a holiday in the English and Vernacular offices. In such cases all the establishment should be allowed, subject to the condition laid down in the case of public holidays, under the Negotiable Instruments Act, to take full advantage of the holiday.

3. This Notification does not apply to holidays to be observed in Civil Courts.

SCHEDULE.

List of holidays for Public Offices during the year 1914.

Name of holidays.	Date on which they fall.	Day or days of the week.	Number of days.	REMARKS.
<i>General holidays.</i>				
All Sundays . . . . .	...	...	52	
Proclamation Day	1st January	Thursday	1	
* King Emperor's Birthday . . . . .	...	...	1	
<i>Christian holidays.</i>				
Easter holidays	10th, 11th and 13th April.	Friday, Saturday, and Monday.	3	
Christmas Vacation	24th to* 26th and 31st December.	Thursday to Saturday, and Thursday.	4	* In addition to the holidays specified in this schedule all Government Offices will be closed from Monday the 28th to Wednesday the 30th December 1914.
<i>Hindu holidays.</i>				
Basant Panchmi	31st January	Saturday	1	
Sheeratri	23rd February	Monday	1	
Holi	11th March	Wednesday	1	
Baisakhi	13th April	Monday . . . . .	...	Easter Monday.
Solono	5th August	Wednesday	1	
Janam Ashtmi	14th August	Friday	1	
Dussehra	25th, 26th and 28th September.	Friday, Saturday and Monday.	3	
Diwali	19th October	Monday	1	
<i>Muhammadian holidays.</i>				
Bara Wafat	8th February	Sunday . . . . .	...	Sunday.
Shabrat	9th July	Thursday	1	
'Id-ul-Fitr	24th August	Monday	1	Subject to the appearance of the moon.
'Id-ul-Zuha	30th October	Friday	1	
Muharram	27th and 28th November.	Friday and Saturday.	2	

* NOTE.—The day fixed for the celebration of the King-Emperor's Birthday will be notified separately hereafter.

G. F. de MONTMORENCY,

Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

CORRIGENDA.

The 5th November 1913.

In Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 7988-Education, dated 25th October 1913, for "Section 242 (1) (a) of Act III of 1911" read "Section 242 (1) (d) of Act III of 1911."

By order,

G. F. DEMONTMORENCY,

Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

REPORT OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 74th Battery, R. F. A., of Jhansi, dated at Jhansi, this 30th day of October 1913.

Number, Rank and Name—52990, Gunner, Edward William George Andrews. Age—29 years 6 months. Height—5 feet 7 inches. Colour of—Complexion, sallow; hair, black; eyes, black. Trade—Clerk. Date of enlistment—8th October 1908. Place of enlistment—Aldershot.	Parish and County in which born—Waddon, Croydon, Surrey. Date of desertion or absence—25th October 1913. Place of desertion or absence—Jhansi. Marks—Tattooed on back of left forearm. Design of a woman surrounded by flags. Below that a star with the letters G. A. on backside of it. Absented himself without leave whilst undergoing course in Railway duties (Fireman). Under 6 years' service.
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L. H. KING-HARMAN, Lieut., for Major, R. F. A.,
Commanding 74th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st, Battalion, Leinster Regiment (R. C.), dated at Chaubattia, this 4th day of November 1913.

Number, Rank, and Name—8359, Private, Thomas Barrett. Age—29 years 7 months. Height—5 feet 7½ inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, sandy; eyes, grey. Trade—Labourer. Date of enlistment—12th July 1907.	Place of enlistment—Mosney Camp, Co. Louth. Parish and County in which born—Tullyallem, Drogheda, Co. Louth. Date of desertion or absence—28th October 1913. Place of desertion or absence—Chaubattia. Marks—Scar about 1½ inch long with three stitch marks on front of right forearm, scar about size of shilling on small of back on left side. Under seven years' service.
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S. WHITE, Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding 1st Battalion, Leinster Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the Seventh (Q. O.) Hussars, dated at Bangalore, this 4th day of November 1913.

Number, Rank, and Name—8755, Private, Walter William Maddock. Age—21 years 5 months. Height—5 feet 8½ inches. Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, black; eyes, grey. Trade—Telegraphist. Date of enlistment—20th April 1912. Place of enlistment—Bangalore.	Parish and County in which born—Belgaum, Madras. Date of desertion or absence—1st November 1913. Place of desertion or absence—Bangalore. Marks—Small mole on back of left shoulder. Under two years' service.
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W. PAGET-TOMLINSON, Captain,
Adjutant 7th (Q. O.) Hussars.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 4th November 1913.

No. 1783-G.—The following officiating appointments and reversions of officers of the Military Accounts Department are made with effect from the dates specified:—

I. From the 1st October 1913, the date of commencement of the furlough portion of Major E. B. Peacock's combined leave.

Captain H. F. Shairp, Military Accountant, 4th class, and officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 2nd class.

Captain W. V. Richards, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, and officiating Military Accountant, 4th class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain R. Prince, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain H. D. Watson, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, to officiate as Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

II. From the 3rd October 1913, the date of Major G. S. Sheppard's return from leave and that on which Lieut.-Colonel W. A. M. Bruce's leave commenced.

Major G. S. Sheppard, Military Accountant, 1st class, to officiate as Controller of Military Accounts.

III. From the 4th October 1913, the date of Major E. B. Peacock's return from leave out India.

Major E. B. Peacock, Military Accountant, 3rd class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 2nd class.

Captain H. F. Shairp, Military Accountant, 4th class, and officiating Military Accountant, 2nd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain W. V. Richards, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, and officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain R. Prince, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 4th class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

Captain H. D. Watson, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.

IV. From the 6th October 1913, the date of Lieut.-Colonel B. Scott's return from leave out of India.

Major E. G. D. de Labilliere, Military Accountant, 4th class, and officiating Military Accountant, 2nd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain H. R. Von. D. Hardinge, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, and officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain H. Murray, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 4th class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

Captain J. F. Allen, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,

Military Accountant General.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 27th October 1913.

No. 1819s-*Ap.*—Babu Jogesh Chandra Banerji, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave, for fourteen days with effect from the 26th October 1913.

No. 1829s-*Ap.*—The following officiating appointments are made for the period from the 16th October 1913 to the 31st October 1913 inclusive, *vice* Mr. C. D. Rae, Deputy Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs500—600, appointed to act as Presidency Postmaster, Calcutta :—

Mr. J. C. O'Loughlin, 1st Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs300—400, to act as Deputy Postmaster, Calcutta ;

Mr. H. J. Nicholas, 4th Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs200—300 and officiating 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs300—400, to act as 1st Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta ;

Mr. J. D. Pereira, Sub-Postmaster, Mussooree, pay Rs200—300, and officiating 3rd Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs200—300, to act as 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta.

No. 1837s-*Ap.*—Mr. M. A. Sullivan, Postmaster, Naini Tal, pay Rs200—300, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, with effect from the 10th October 1913 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. J. Hogan, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, appointed to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, United Provinces.

No. 1841s-*Ap.*—Babu Tinkari Roy, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 1st November 1913 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Babu Srikanta Bhattacharji, clerk, office of the Postmaster-General, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Babu Tinkari Roy, or until further orders.

The 29th October 1913.

No. 1846s-*Ap.*—Babu Ashutosh Sarkar, Supernumerary Inspector attached to the office of the Postmaster-General, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 16th October 1913 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. J. B. M. Gorman, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, appointed to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, Bengal.

The 31st October 1913.

No. 1885s-*Ap.*—Mr. K. Narayanan Nair, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Madras, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, for the period from the 6th September 1913 to the 29th October 1913 inclusive.

The 1st November 1913.

No. 1890s-*Ap.*—M. Abdur Rahim, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 27th October 1913.

Babu Dina Nath Gossain, clerk, office of the Postmaster-General, Eastern Bengal and Assam, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of M. Abdur Rahim, or until further orders.

The 3rd November 1913.

No. 1906s-*Ap.*—Mr. Jiwan Nath Dar, Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 10th November 1913 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. Shankar Lal, Head Assistant, office of the Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Western Circle, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Jiwan Nath Dar, or until further orders.

No. 1915s-*Ap.*—Mr. K. Amirthalingam Pillai, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 1st December 1913 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. K. Narayanan Nair, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Madras, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. K. Amirthalingam Pillai, or until further orders.

The 4th November 1913.

No. 1945s-*Ap.*—The following promotions and appointments in the grades of Superintendents of post offices are made :—

(1) With effect from the 1st September 1913 :—

Mr. C. Srinivasa Rao to be confirmed in the 2nd grade ;

Mr. T. R. Hill, on leave, to be promoted provisionally to the 2nd grade ;

Mr. W. Walsh to be confirmed in the 3rd grade ;

Babu Surendro Benod Singha to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade ;

M. Sultan Ally to be confirmed in the 4th grade ;

Lala Jiya Lall to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade ;

Mr. R. Barton Wright to be appointed substantively to the 5th grade ;

Bawa Bishen Singh, Inspector of post offices, Ferozepur Sub-division, and officiating Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, to be appointed Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, provisionally.

(2) With effect from the 16th October 1913 :—

Mr. M. J. Stephen to be confirmed in the 1st grade, and to continue to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, and Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Eastern Circle :

Mr. A. B. Thompson to be promoted to the 1st grade and to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, and Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Northern Circle ;

Mr. T. R. Hill, on leave, to be confirmed in the 2nd grade ; Lala Madan Mohan Lal to be promoted provisionally to the 2nd grade ;

Lala Sri Ram to be confirmed in the 3rd grade ;

M. Ramjan Ali to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade ;

Babu Surendra Nath Gupta to be confirmed in the 4th grade ;

Rai Sahib Shib Sahai to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade ;

Bawa Bishen Singh to be appointed substantively to the 5th grade ;

Babu Nirmal Kanta Dutt, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Eastern Bengal and Assam and officiating Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, to be appointed Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, provisionally.

(3) With effect from the 21st October 1913 :—

Mr. S. C. W. Rose to be promoted to the 1st grade and to continue to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, Bombay ;

Mr. F. J. Baker to be promoted provisionally to the 1st grade ;

Lala Madan Mohan Lal to be confirmed in the 2nd grade ;

Babu Jogesh Chandra Banerjee to be promoted to the 2nd grade ;

Mr. J. J. Emerson to be promoted provisionally to the 2nd grade ;

Babu Surendra Benod Sinha to be confirmed in the 3rd grade ;

M. Ramzan Ali to be confirmed in the 3rd grade ;

Mr. C. Probyn Smith to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade ;

Mr. R. F. Kalberer to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade ;

M. Abdur Rahim to be confirmed in the 4th grade ;

Lala Jiya Lal to be confirmed in the 4th grade ;

Mr. K. K. Lalkaka to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade ;

Mr. A. R. Augier to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade ;

Babu Nirmal Kanta Dutt to be appointed substantively to the 5th grade ;

Maung Tin Gale, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Burma, and officiating Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, to be appointed Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade ;

Bhai Narindra Singh, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Punjab and North-West Frontier, and officiating Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, to be appointed Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, provisionally.

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS. INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 3rd November 1913.

No. 1359s-G.—Mr. G. Burlingham, Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for one month and ten days combined with furlough on medical certificate out of India for four months and twenty-one days with effect from the 8th October 1913.

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Calcutta, the 5th November 1913.

No. 6005-T.—The late Mr. F. X. D'Aranjo, Deputy Superintendent (Traffic), 1st class pay R325—400, was granted privilege leave from the 19th June 1913 to the 9th July 1913.

Mr. A. S. Brookes, Deputy Superintendent (Traffic), 2nd class, pay R250—325, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, from the 19th to the 24th June 1913 and Mr. R. A. Clarke, Deputy Superintendent (Traffic), 2nd class, pay R250—325, from the 25th June 1913 to the 9th July 1913. Mr. M. M. Sarkies, Telegraph Master, pay R220—250, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, from the 19th June 1913 to the 9th July 1913 *vice* Mr. D'Aranjo.

Notification No. 3361-T., dated the 17th July 1913, is hereby cancelled.

No. 6023-T.—The following promotions in the Traffic Branch subordinate establishment are sanctioned for the periods noted :—

Name.	RANK.		Nature of promotion.	DATE.	
	From	To		From	To
Mr. E. DeYoung	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, and Offg. Deputy Superintendent, 1st class.	Deputy Superintendent, 1st class.	Permanent (on probation).	12th September 1913.	...
Mr. A. S. Brookes	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class.	Ditto	Officiating	3rd September 1913.	2nd July 1914.
Mr. C. O'Doherty	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	12th September 1913.	2nd December 1913.
Mr. J. C. Pereira	Telegraph Master and Offg. Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class.	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class.	Permanent (on probation).	12th September 1913.	...
Mr. J. Garrad	Telegraph Master	Ditto	Officiating	12th September 1913.	18th March 1914.

The promotion of Mr. A. S. Brookes sanctioned in Notification No. 5562-T, dated the 1st October 1913, is hereby cancelled.

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General, Posts and Telegraphs.

The 6th November 1913.

No. 6064-T.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 22nd October 1913 to the 4th November 1913.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Awagarh	United Provinces	18th October 1913	Opened.
Jhargram	Bengal	34th " "	"
Jog	Madras Presidency	1st " "	"
Kamalganj	United Provinces	22nd " "	"
Lakabund	Baluchistan	13th " "	"
Megnanapuram	Madras Presidency	22nd " "	"
Quilon Cutcherry	Do. do.	21st " "	"
Rangoon Kandawglay	Burma	15th " "	"
Rawalpindi Military	Punjab	20th " "	Closed.
<i>Railway Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Ajit	Jodhpur-Bikaner Railway	29th August 1913	Opened.
Balarwa	Do. do.	21st September "	"
Dudia	Do. do.	29th August "	"
Mohari	Dholpur-Bari Railway	15th September "	"
Osian	Jodhpur-Bikaner Railway	21st September "	"
Ramsar	Do. do.	31st August "	"

The following alteration in the names of the Government Telegraph Offices are notified :—

"Gauripur, Assam" instead of "Gauripur."

"Nilgiri, Orissa" "Nilgiri."

The following alterations in the names of the Railway Telegraph Offices are notified :—

On the Great Indian Peninsula Railway :—

"Kamsbet" instead of "Khadkala."

"Malavli" "Karla."

"Yermaras" "Raichur Cantonment."

On the North Western Railway :—

"Gambilla Serai" instead of "Serai Gambilla."

"Mari Indus" "Mari Kalabagh."

"Naurang Serai" "Serai Naurang."

S. W. BUNYAN,

for Director, Traffic Branch.

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LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

List No. 1 of 1913, dated 30th June 1913, of Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. (1a.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Classification and Uses of Finger Prints (Fourth Edition) by Sir E. R. Henry, G. C. V. O., K. C. B., C. S. I. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 2 or 2s. (3a.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Scientific Memoirs New series, No. 60. Studies on the Mouth Parts and Sucking Apparatus of the Blood Sucking Diptera, No. 4. The Comparative Anatomy of the Proboscis in the blood Sucking Muscidæ. Super Royal. 8vo. Board. Rs. 1-2s. or 1s. 9d. (5a.)

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The Indian Forest Records, Vol. V, Part III, Report on the investigation of Savannah Grasses as Material for Production of Paper Pulp. By W. Raitt, F.C.S. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (2a.)

Classified List of Forest Officers of the Imperial and Provincial Services in India and Burma on 1st July 1913. Royal 8vo. Board. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

The Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part II, Economy Series.—On the Economic Value of Shorea Robusta (Sal) by R. S. Pearson, F. L. S. Super Royal. 4to. Board. Re. 1-12s. or 3s. (5a.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Annual Report on the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13. Foolscap Board. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Seaborne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the Month of August 1913. No. 5 of 1913-14. Royal. 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Accounts of the External Land Trade of British India for the month of July 1912. No. 4 of 1913-14. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

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Civil Estimates, 1913-14, Vols. I and II. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (15a.) each.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for October 1913. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-12 or 3s. 6d. (6a.)

Infantry Training, 1911, in Urdu Parts I to III. Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 14a. or 1s. 3d. (2a.)

Training Manual, Signalling, 1907. (Jismen May 1911 tak Tamam Tarmimen Shamil hain).

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OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Administration of Civil Justice in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

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Act 6 of 1912, in Urdu and Hindi. 1a. 3p. (1a.)

Act 8 of 1912, in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.)

Act 13 of 1912, in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.)

Table showing Effect of Legislation in the Governor General's Council during 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2a. 6p. (1a.)

Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. List No. 2 of 1912. (Dated 31st December 1912.) Royal 8vo. Tacked. 6p. (1a.)

Amending Extradition Act (Act I of 1913). In Hindi and Urdu. 3p. (1a.) each.

White Phosphorus Matches Prohibition Act (Act V of 1913). In Hindi and Urdu. 3p. (1a.) each.

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Indian Criminal Law (Act VIII of 1913). In Hindi and Urdu. 3. (1a.) each.

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. V (S to Z), Edition 1913. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 8 or 12s. (12a.)

A Collection of Statutes relating to India, Vol. I (up to end of 1887), Edition 1913. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 8 or 12s. (11a.)

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Proceedings of the Third Meeting of the General Malaria Committee held at Madras in November 1912. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2-2 or 3s. 2d. (6s.)

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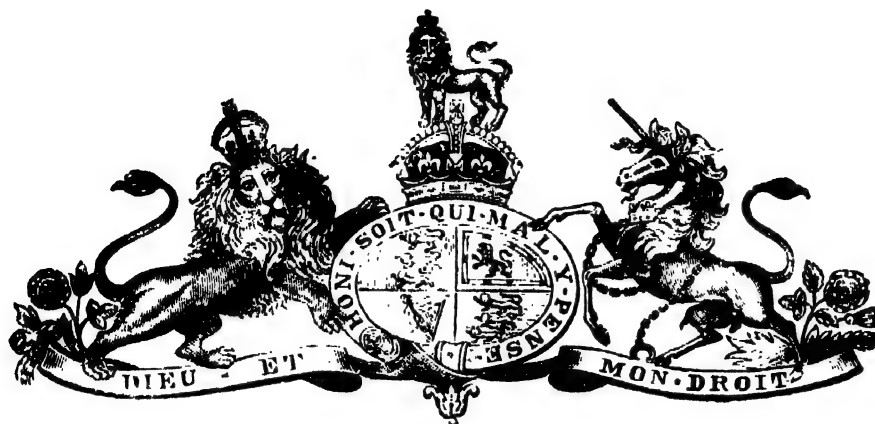
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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1913.

 Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The lower half of the Government Promissory Note No. 102359 of the three and half per cent. loan of 1842-43 for Rs500 (five hundred only) originally standing in the name of Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Sarogini Dabi the proprietress by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

SHRIMOTI SAROGINI DABI,

C/o Babu M. C. Chatterji,

Retired E. A. C.,

Mucadamganj, Jabalpur, Central Provinces.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 45.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1913.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

IN THE SEVEN MONTHS, APRIL TO OCTOBER, OF										
	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14
SEA CUSTOMS										
IMPORTS										
Special Import Duties										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	2,32	2,08	2,13	2,99	2,84	2,76	2,81	2,62	3,34	3,77
Liquors—										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	1,59	1,54	1,6	1,61	2,83	2,80	4,46	4,39	4,96	4,65
Spirits and liqueurs	42,23	44,64	40,59	52,35	52,96	52,70	60,05	60,32	59,54	64,24
Wines	1,86	2,04	1,93	1,1	2,10	2,03	2,99	3,00	2,91	2,99
Opium and its alkaloids *	2	2	2	3	2	2	4	3	4	4
Petroleum	26,59	22,81	20,07	26,43	30,63	26,91	30,98	43,09	38,56	35,08
Silver, bullion and coin (a)	24,27	17,02	25,10	30,38	43,34	33,46	1,08,75	4,71	70,95	48,37
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1899)	9	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	11	...
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1902)	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tobacco (a)	1,42	1,74	1,64	2,13	1,96	2,56	16,75	14,84	15,42	16,74
General Import Duties										
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar)	8,72	9,85	10,17	12,76	14,12	12,68	13,26	13,50	15,20	16,23
Sugar (ordinary duties)	17,09	17,30	28,88	24,70	27,63	33,05	35,65	31,54	39,63	52,61
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics (excluding opium and its alkaloids* and tobacco), and dyeing and tanning materials	5,99	6,11	6,57	8,27	7,42	7,93	9,29	9,21	10,03	10,78
Cotton manufactures—										
Piece goods, grey	31,57	35,87	37,95	39,52	31,54	33,96	32,58	37,71	49,70	51,42
„ white	15,79	16,17	13,92	21,95	17,64	12,90	17,83	21,44	25,28	28,92
„ coloured	18,56	18,64	18,97	21,89	22,69	15,80	23,28	25,36	27,94	39,44
Other goods	3,18	3,48	3,81	3,96	1,02	3,71	4,96	5,15	5,45	8,14
Metals (excluding silver, bullion and coin) and manufactures thereof	21,11	17,52	18,89	22,65	25,84	24,43	23,86	28,88	27,72	39,73
Oils (excluding petroleum)	52	64	1,27	1,63	59	71	82	65	83	1,02
Manufactured articles	17,06	47,46	46,94	55,14	58,05	51,84	64,11	70,97	78,12	91,41
Raw materials and unmanufactured articles	5,86	6,89	6,19	8,00	9,84	8,24	8,48	8,42	10,72	8,04
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,75,90	2,71,83	2,86,71	3,38,50	3,59,36	3,29,54	4,65,96	4,48,83	4,86,45	5,23,62
EXCISE DUTY ON COTTON GOODS	11,35	13,69	13,71	16,12	16,45	17,86	18,74	22,09	25,10	24,42
EXPORT DUTIES—										
Rice, husked or unhusked, including rice-flour	66,97	61,15	51,53	50,47	36,31	44,04	59,81	65,02	73,50	62,71
LAND CUSTOMS AND MISCELLANEOUS	5,91	4,80	5,28	5,99	5,13	5,90	5,67	6,53	7,47	7,79
GRAND TOTAL	3,60,13	3,51,47	3,57,23	4,11,08	4,17,25	3,96,31	5,50,18	5,42,47	5,92,52	6,18,54
Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports										
Bengal { Imports	99,65	1,00,26	1,02,47	1,27,65	1,15,63	1,14,48	1,44,73	1,57,09	1,65,88	1,91,63
„ { Exports	9,87	12,39	6,46	4,62	2,71	5,98	10,12	11,80	15,40	10,18
Bihar and Orissa { Imports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
„ { Exports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	56	69
Bombay { Imports	1,04,68	1,01,56	1,06,57	1,25,81	1,34,81	1,22,05	2,10,65	1,71,08	1,91,47	1,87,01
„ { Exports	1,37	96	94	89	1,17	1,74	1,11	76	95	1,30
Sind { Imports	21,80	22,94	27,66	27,48	35,82	31,17	40,46	44,06	47,40	50,39
„ { Exports	92	74	2,06	2,26	94	1,35	1,05	1,02	97	1,82
Madras { Imports	23,50	22,01	22,81	26,42	33,20	28,57	33,13	36,87	37,63	42,03
„ { Exports	4,64	2,83	4,77	6,09	6,27	3,79	3,45	4,81	3,67	4,89
Burma { Imports	26,27	25,06	27,20	31,14	39,90	32,27	36,99	39,78	44,07	53,56
„ { Exports	50,17	44,23	37,28	35,71	25,22	31,18	44,08	46,63	51,95	43,98

* The duty on alkaloids of opium for the years previous to 1910-11 is included under the head "Chemicals, drugs, etc."
(a) Figures for the years previous to 1910-11 represent "General Import Duties"

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence
J. B. BRUNYTE,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 18th October 1913.

On and after the 29th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. After the 22nd November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

“It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*.”

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Rates of subscription.	Per annum.
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By order of Government, all subscriptions must be paid *in advance*.

Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher. *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 15th November 1913.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

November 3rd.

1278. T. K. Irwin. *Improvements relating to the treatment of sewage.*
 1279. O. J. Parker. *Improved process for treating carbonaceous material.*
 1280. G. Whitfield. *Improvements in or relating to means for supporting mosquito net or like coverings in position upon bedsteads or cots.*
 1281. Triester Mineral-Oel Raffinerie & K. Opl. *A process of separating paraffin from paraffin oil mixtures and for separating the different paraffins.*

November 4th.

1282. E. Tatarek, F. Blum, B. de Dory, F. Kretz & C. L. Szápáry. *Automatic cartridge magazine for self-loading fire-arms.*
 1283. L. von Jaraczewski. *Process for the production of a filter stuff by the employment of coal or similar filter materials.*
 1284. J. H. Shekleton. *An improved lock-nut.*
 1285. The Vitrified Coal Co. Ltd. *A new or improved method of and apparatus for making or treating fuel.*

November 5th.

1286. E. S. G. Rees. *Improvements in centrifugal pumps, turbines, condensers and the like.*
 1287. F. O. De Hymel, M. C. Shiner, J. T. Rives & A. L. Matlock. *Air suction and force pump.*

November 6th.

1288. J. N. Ellis. *Positive automatic steam regulator for boiler feed.*
 1289. A. Granger. *Improvements in pulverizing apparatus.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

542. M. L. Severy and G. B. Sinclair. *Improvements relating to musical instruments with electrically operated vibratory sounders.*
 840. R. S. Hamilton. *Improvements in mechanically driven cultivators.*
 1136. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate Ltd. *Improvements in or connected with type casting machines.*
 1198. F. Schwarzer. *Improvements in whistles.*
 1201. W. A. Freymuth. *An improved method of and means for treating lac, lac residues or mixtures of lac and other ingredients.*

1205. D. D. Pudumjee. *Improvements in cotton gins.*
 1206. D. D. Pudumjee. *Improvements in cotton machinery.*
 1207. E. T. D'Cunha. *Improvements in sleepers.*
 1208. G. L. Davies & W. E. W. Richards. *Improvements in or relating to the manufacture of paint or the like.*
 1210. W. C. Pitter. *Improvements in and connected with multi-blade propellers, fans and the like.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| 417. Constantin. | 1054. Stevens and Hunter. |
| 491. Williams. | 1055. Grenon. |
| 961. Bayliss and Clark. | 1057. Gossel. |
| 1047. Mathews, Bliss and Elder. | 1058. Gates. |
| 1051. Lindsay. | 1059. Spalding and Valentine, Ltd. and Campbell. |
| 1052. Gardiner. | 1060. Marsden, Lecch and Bradley. |
| 1053. Dhar and Roy. | |

PATENTS SEALED.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 463. Raymond, Beere & Rough. | 992. Barker & Birmingham Metal & Munitions Co. Ltd. |
| 704. Fortescue. | 1001. Brent Company Inc. |
| 743. Bates & Corbin. | 1011. Feulpin. |
| 797. Hurley. | 1012. Thomas Transmission Ltd. |
| 820. Shepperd. | 1024. Torkington. |
| 934. Deighton. | 1025. Audibert. |
| 954. Wildeblood. | 1026. Litaker. |
| 982. Globe Tobacco Machines Corporation. | 1027. Hall. |
| 991. Conrad. | |

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

- 189 of 1904. Dronfield. (To 2 December 1914.)
 430 of 1904. Hodgson & another. (To 29 November 1914.)
 220 of 1905. Raju. (To 2 November 1914.)
 250 of 1905. Sulman & others. (To 16 January 1915.)
 563 of 1905. Walker. (To 16 November 1914.)
 427 of 1906. Aktiebolaget-Gas-Accumulator. (To 31 October 1914.)
 503 of 1906. Pearson. (To 20 November 1914.)
 558 of 1907. Kennedy. (To 14 January 1915.)
 405 of 1908. Consolidated Brake & Engineering Co. (To 10 November 1914.)
 491 of 1909. Harrop. (To 9 December 1914.)
 522 of 1909. Duchanoy & others. (To 22 March 1915.)
 629 of 1909. Bettington. (To 9 February 1915.)
 670 of 1909. Bettington. (To 9 February 1915.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1907.

323 (Kaufman & others).

1908.

263 (Winter). 407 (Oxychlorides (1907) Ltd.). 529 (Bachrich).

1909.

2 (Brandt). 5 (Hughes). 24 (dePeyrecave & Others). 28 (Blake). 41 (Kilburn).
73 (Marshall). 160 (Sweeney & anr.) 286 (Ransom).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

19 of 1901. B. Dutt. *Improvements in portable sugarcane mills.*

236 of 1907. K. S. Jassawalla. *Automatically folding water wheels for developing continuous and even motive power both from tide and ebb waters.*

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.

November 2nd to 8th.

Class 13. Nos. 802 & 809. The Calico Printers' Association Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. August 18, 1913.

Class 1. Nos. 602-609. Panchal Panachand Chhaganlal, Bhuglini Pole, Tajpur, Ahmedabad. May 31, 1913.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs nor their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. Applications for patents in countries other than India should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in cash and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These

specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy ; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places :—

ARMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.	DELHI	Office of the Chief Commissioner.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.	HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.	JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BOMBAY	Record Office.	KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.	LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.	LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.	MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.	"	College of Engineering.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
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CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.	ROORKEE	Thomason College.
		SOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore.

8. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price	
	R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 11 of 1911	0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 11 of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each 0	2
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
(d) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0	1
Annual subscription with postage	3	0
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(g) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly)	each 0	8
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H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs.

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE CORONATION DURBAR AND OF THE VISIT OF THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING-EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS TO INDIA, 1911-12.

To meet the repeated demands of the public, the Government of India have decided to publish a complete and authoritative account of the proceedings connected with the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India and with the Coronation Durbar of December 1911.

This book will be compiled from the official records, and will contain lists of all persons taking part in the celebrations and ceremonies. There will also be numerous illustrations, portraits, maps, plans, etc.

It will be published in two editions, a popular one in a cloth binding at a cost not exceeding Rs. 7-8, and a very limited edition *de luxe*, which will contain a list of the subscribers, at a cost of about Rs. 250.

A translation of the popular edition will be made in Urdu and possibly in other languages also, if the demand is sufficient.

It is expected that the work will be ready for publication in about six months' time ; names are still being registered for the various editions, and application should be made to the Superintendent, Official History of the Durbar, Foreign Department, Simla.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

“Specimens of Persian Manuscripts” for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

- For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them. The following collections are available for sale :—

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| (4) | “ | “ | 1905-06, | “ “ 3 “ |
| (5) | “ | “ | 1906-07, | “ “ 3-8 “ |
| (6) | “ | “ | 1907-08, | “ “ 3-8 “ |
| (7) | “ | “ | 1908-09, | “ “ 2-8 “ |

N.B.—Nos. (1), (3), (4), (5) and (6) contain papers in all the different standards of examination held in Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali; No. (5) contains the High Proficiency Urdu papers also; No. (2) contains all the papers except those for the High Proficiency examinations in Hindi, Arabic and Persian and the Degree of Honour in Arabic and Sanskrit; and No. (7) all except those for the Interpretation and Degree of Honour in Persian, Preliminary, High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Arabic, Degree of Honour in Hindi, Degree of Honour in Bengali and High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Sanskrit.

“Diwan-i-Sarkhush” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

“Kalam-i-Urdu,” the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

“Qaani” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

“Diwan-i-Andalib” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the “Ar-Rauzat-ul-Zakiyah,” the text-book for the Higher Standard examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

“Nazm-i-Muntakhab,” one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Raghuvansam”—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

“Akhlāq-i-Jalali” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 5-12 per copy.

The following list of Munshis who are qualified to teach Urdu under India Army Order No. 162 of 1907, is published for the information of all those students of this language, who are desirous of obtaining competent teachers :

ALLAHABAD.

- | | | |
|----|----------------------|---|
| 1. | M. Jawala Prasad, I. | Kasauli Hills. The Royal Scots Regiment, Sudder Bazar, Allahabad. |
| 2. | M. S. C. Fagohi | Government Observatory, Allahabad. |

AMBALA.

- | | | |
|----|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. | M. Mohd. Miyan Khan | Sudder Bazar, Ambala. |
| 2. | M. Mohd. Akbar Khan | The Oriental Lodge, Ambala. |
| 3. | M. Jawala Prasad, II. | B.I. Bazar, Ambala. |

AMRITSAR.

- | | | |
|----|----------------|-------------------------|
| 1. | M. Mohd. Ishaq | Khazana Gate, Amritsar. |
|----|----------------|-------------------------|

AZAMGARH.

- | | | |
|----|-------------------|--|
| 1. | M. Ram Charan Lal | Offg. Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools, Azamgarh. |
|----|-------------------|--|

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya 17, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.
2. M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A. 8, Maulavi Imdad Ali's Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Hossain Mirza 1, Syed Ismail Lane, Calcutta.
4. M. Mohd. Israil Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
5. M. Syed Nawab Ali 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
6. M. Wahidun Nabi Khan 88/1, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.
7. M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid 152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
8. M. Daliluddin Ahmed 28/1, Kimber Street (Karaya), Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Wajid 89, Jhowtolla Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Syed Mohammad 12, Waliullah Lane, Wellesley Square, Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE.

1. M. Rahim Shah R. A. Munshi, Campbellpore.

DALHOUSIE.

1. M. Abdur Rahim Regimental Munshi, 1st Lancashire Fusiliers, Balun Bazar, Dalhousie.

DELHI.

1. M. Mithan Lal C/o Late M. Chunni Lal Sahib, Government Pensioner, Muhalla Churi Walan, Delhi.

DINAPORE.

1. M. Syed Hadi Hussain Orderly Bazar, Dinapore.

JHELUM.

1. M. Thakur Das Pahwa Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JULLUNDER.

1. M. Har Bhagat Singh Bains Talhan, Jullunder Cantonment.

KASAULI.

1. M. Anand Sarup C/o Munshi Kashi Nath, Digshai Hills, or Depot, Kasauli.

LAHORE CANTT.

1. M. J. Kishori Lal R. A. Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
2. M. Sham Lal Bhargava Dangar Street, Sudder Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW.

1. M. Abdul Alim Near the Police Post, Husaingunge, Lucknow.
2. M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan Near Royal Hotel, Lucknow.

MULTAN.

1. M. S. Karim Bakhsh Sadar Bazar, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS.

1. M. M. C. Sahgal 2nd Bn., King's Regiment, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.

1. M. Faqir Ulla St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

NOWSHERA.

1. M. Muhammad Din Pay Havildar and Head Clerk, 23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (F. F.).

PESHAWAR.

1. M. Bodh Raj Royal Sussex Regiment (or Sudder Bazar), Peshawar.
2. M. Ahmed Din 81, Cantonments, Peshawar.
3. M. Abdur Rahim Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
4. M. Abdul Karim Dabgari Gate, Peshawar City.

RAWALPINDI.

1. M. Ghulam Muhiuddin R. A. Brigade Munshi, Rawalpindi.
2. M. Ghulam Rasul Sudder Bazar, Rawalpindi.
3. M. Fazal Ahmed Persian House, Rawalpindi.

ROORKEE CITY.

1. M. Fazl-i-Haq Mahalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SUBATHU.

1. M. Gulzar Lal South Lancashire Regiment, Subathu.

In addition to the above, the following, who were examined in Urdu previous to institution of the examination mentioned in the above India Army Order, are also, in opinion of the Board of Examiners, qualified to teach :

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Arif 12, Harinbari Lane, Calcutta.
2. Maulavi Syed Abu Zafar 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S. 14, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
4. M. Badru-z-Zaman 29, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
5. M. Abdul Badi 5, Ramsanker Roy's Lane, Calcutta.
6. M. A. M. F. Wahhab Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
7. M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat 89, Jhowtollah Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
8. M. Akmal Ali Akmal 9, Dr. Karam Hossain's Lane, Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Karim Nashtei 1, Jhowtollah Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Mohd. Yusuf Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.

N.B.—It is requested that Munshis who have passed this examination and whose names do not appear above, should communicate their present addresses to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta, so that their names may be published also.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE. SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE AND CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Sulphate of Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased both in powder and $\frac{3}{4}$ -grain tablet forms by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the principal druggists in Calcutta. These drugs are for sale for *cash* only. *On no account drugs are sent per V. P. Post.* These drugs may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur.

The rates for these drugs from 15th November 1912 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 11 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 10 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	12 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 5 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	6 „

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{3}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Cinchona Febrifuge is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 11th November 1913.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th November 1913.

RESERVE.													
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.				COIN AND BULLION.						SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		REMARKS.	
In Reserve Treasuries.		Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	In India.		In England.		In Transit between India and England.		Held in India.	Held in England.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		

£100,249 (H15,03,735) was transferred in gold from the Paper Currency Reserve to the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 7th November 1913. The Silver held in the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 24th November 1913 to £100,400,000.

[illegible]

1,89 " in sovereigns.

M. F. GAUNTLET,

Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 1ST TO 7TH NOVEMBER 1913.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.																	
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.					COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.		SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE CEYLON GOVERNMENT.			
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native State.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and un- current coins.	TOTAL.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar Closing balance of paid over.	Receipt of Bullion for sub- sidary coinage. paid over.	Sub- sidary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	38	...	...	38	4	...	4	2	33*	26	2	68	...	...	3	3	...
Bombay	69	...	...	69	62	...	62	1	119†	15	4	139	...	...	...	...	...

* Exclusive of 270 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

† Exclusive of 263 Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.

Silver tendered for British Dollar Coinage but not brought to account.

Silver tendered for subsidiary coinage for the Straits Settlements Government but not brought to account.

His Majesty's Mint; }
Calcutta, the 12th November 1913.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

Catalogue of Books registered in the Province of Delhi under Act XXV of 1867 and Act X of 1890 during the quarter ending 30th September 1913.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era,—when other than the Christian era,—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.	Registration number.	Proprietor of copyright (his name and residence), Register No. and date of registration of copyright.
	ENGLISH GEOGRAPHY.				
44	The Bela in Delhi , its origin, history, ownership, etc., by B. Mukand Lal, M.A., Pleader, Delhi. Pp. 48. Printed $\frac{18 \times 22}{8}$. 2nd edition. 10th June 1913. Free.	Imperial Book Depôt Press, Delhi.	200	50 7th July '13.	
	ENGLISH HISTORY.				
45	A Brief History of Delhi , by Mr. J. C. Souze of Delhi. Pp. 246. Printed. Demy 8vo. July 1913. Price Rs. 2.	Art Printing Works, Delhi.	250	78 28th July '13.	
	ENGLISH MISCELLANEOUS.				
46	The Indian Police Man. —A guide to Police Officer by Zafar Omer, B.A., Deputy Superintendent of Police, United Provinces. Pp. 112. Printed. 16mo. 1st edition. July 1913. Price Re. 1.	Comrade Press, Delhi.	500	90 14th Aug. '13.	
47	The Megha Duta. —A close translation of the Megha Duta of Kali Das with explanatory notes by Kidar Nath, retired Head Master, Delhi. Pp. 38. Printed. Demy 8vo. 1st edition. April 1913. Price Re. 0-8-0.	The Delhi Printing Works.	500	65 21st July '13.	
	ENGLISH TRAGEDY.				
48	The Emperor Shah Jehan's Tragedy in verse by Mr. J. C. Souze of Delhi. Pp. 170. Printed. Demy 8vo. 1st edition. 1st July 1913. Price Rs. 2.	Art Printing Works, Delhi.	1,000	77 28th July '13.	

Catalogue of Books registered in the Province of Delhi under Act XXV of 1867 and Act X of 1890 during the quarter ending 30th September 1913—contd.

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	HINDI MISCELLANEOUS.			83	
49	An Arya Marwari-Maha-Sabha ki Niyam aur Upnayan. —Laws and bye-laws of the Arya Marwari-Sabha. Pp. 14. 18 × 22. Printed. 1st edition. 23rd July 1913. Price Re. 0-2-0.	Sadaharan Pra-charak Press, Delhi.	1,000	2nd Oct. '13.	
	HINDI RELIGION.			45	
50	Sankshap Ramayan-va-Ganga Dashmi Ramayan , in brief. Pp. 30. Printed. 18 × 22. 1st edition. 21st July 1913. Free.	Ditto.	1,000	1st July '13.	
	PERSIAN EDUCATIONAL.			85	
51	Matriculation Persian Course , by Maulana Molvi Rahmatullah, teacher, Church Mission High School, Meerut City. Pp. 88. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 26}{8}$. 1st edition. August 1913. Price Re. 1-4-0.	Delhi Printing Works.	1,000	14th Aug. '13.	
	HINDI RELIGION.			82	
52	Niyamawali Grukul Vishwa Vidyalya Haridowar. —Rules for the education of students at Grukul by Mahatma Munshi Ram and published by Ch. Thakur Das. Pp. 80. Printed. 18 × 22. 1st edition. 23rd July 1913. Price Re. 0-2-0.	Sadaharan Pra-charak Press, Delhi.	2,000	2nd Aug. '13.	
	URDU ADVERTISEMENT.			56	
53	Kam-Shaster. —Advertisement regarding medicine by Vaid Shastri Muni Shanker Govindji of Katiawar. Pp. 144. Crown 8vo. Litho. June 1913. Free.	Delhi Printing Works.	10,000	21st July '13.	

Catalogue of Books registered in the Province of Delhi under Act XXV of 1867 and Act X of 1890 during the quarter ending 30th September 1913—*contd.*

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URDU ADVERTISEMENT—<i>contd.</i>					
54	Lecture No. 1. —Lectures on virile power by Dr. Rama Nand of Delhi. Pp. 12. Royal 8vo. Litho. January 1913. Free.	Delhi Printing Works.	80,000	57 21st July '13.	
55	Mushir-i-Sáhat. —List of medicine by Vaid. Shashtri Mani Shanker Govindji of Katiawar. Pp. 144. Litho. 8vo. 1st edition. 1913. Free.	Ditto	5,000	67 21st July '13.	
56	Risale-i-Jiryan. —Treatment of Jiryan by Dr. Syed Ghulam Hussain, author of Rafiq of Delhi. Pp. 16. Litho. Royal 8vo. 1st edition. November 1912. Price Re. 0-3-0.	Ditto	1,000	70 21st July '13.	
57	Kár Ámád Amliát and Nuskhejât Mufid-ul-Khaláyaq. —A collection of prescriptions, etc., by Syed Mir Hassan of Delhi. Pp. 60. Litho. 20 × 26. New edition. 20th July 1913. Price Re. 0-4-0.	Razvi Press, Delhi.	1,000	81 30th July '13.	
58	Harkat Nafsani. Lecture No. 1. —On health by Dr. Rama Nand of Delhi. Pp. 12. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 26}{8}$. 1st edition. August 1913. Free.	Delhi Printing Works.	20,000	98 22nd Aug. 13.	
59	Risala Qawaid. —Analysis of the organs of human body, etc., by Dr. Rama Nand of Delhi. pp. 16. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 29}{8}$. August 1913. 1st Edition. Free.	Ditto	20,000	100 22nd Aug. 13.	
60	Tasdiq-mai-Tashrih-ul-Asbab and Tahsrih-ul-Ilaj. —Kind of disease and its treatment by Dr. Rama Nand of Delhi. Pp. 40. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 26}{8}$. August 1913. 1st edition. Free.	Ditto	100,000	101 22nd Aug. 13.	

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	URDU ADVERTISEMENT—<i>concl'd.</i>				
61	Araish Mahfil. —List of medicines by Dr. Rama Nand of Delhi. Pp. 20. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 26}{8}$. August 1913. 1st edition. Free.	Delhi Printing Works.	100,000	102 22nd Aug. '13	
	URDU FICTION.				
62	Khurshed Begum. —A novel attempting to show a difference between a literate and illiterate woman. Pp. 152. Litho. Royal 8vo. June 1913. 1st edition. Price Re. 0-6-0.	Ditto . . .	1,000	74 21st July '13.	Fatma Sughra Begum , daughter of Khwaja Ahmad Hassan of Punjab. No. 15, dated 21st July 1913.
	URDU HINDU RELIGIOUS SONGS.				
63	Bhajan Gyan Prakash. —A series of bhajans by M. Mata Pershad, Sadar Qanungo of Saharanpore District. Pp. 49. Litho. Demy 8vo. 2nd edition. June 1913. Price Re. 0-1-6.	Ditto . . .	1,000	68 21st July '13.	
	URDU LANGUAGE.				
64	Urdu Zaban ka Istaghasa. —Notes on Urdu language by Maulvi Syed Mohamed Yahiya Hasan of Bijnor District. Pp. 15. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 20}{16}$. 1st edition. August 1913. Free.	Ditto . . .	500	93 22nd Aug. '13	
65	Silsila-Takmil Urdu-ki Primer, Part I. —An Urdu Primer giving new character to children by Maulvi Syed Yahiya Hasan of Bijnor District. Pp. 16. Litho. 1st edition. August 1913. $\frac{20 \times 20}{16}$. Free.	Ditto . . .	500	94 22nd Aug. '13	Maulvi Syed Mohamed Yahiya Hasan of Banhera Sadat of Bijnor District. R. 2. No. 19, dated 23rd August 1913.
66	Silsila-Takmil Urdu-ki Primer, Part II. —An Urdu Primer giving new character to children by Maulvi Syed Yahiya Hasan of Bijnor District. Pp. 21. Litho. 1st edition. August 1913. $\frac{20 \times 20}{16}$. Free.	Ditto . . .	500	95 22nd Aug. '13	Do. . do.

Catalogue of Books registered in the Province of Delhi under Act XXV of 1867 and Act X of 1890 during the quarter ending 30th September 1913—*contd.*

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URDU LANGUAGE—<i>contd.</i>					
67	Silsila-Takmil-Urdu-ki Primer, Part III. —An Urdu Primer giving new character to children by Maulvi Syed Yahya Hasan of Bijnor District. Pp. 10. Litho. 1st edition. August 1913. $\frac{20 \times 20}{16}$. Free.	Delhi Printing Works.	500	$\frac{96}{22nd\ Aug.\ '13.}$	Maulvi Syed Mohamed Yahya Hasan of Banhera Sadat of Bijnor District. Rs. 2. No. 19, dated 23rd Aug. 1913.
68	Tashrih-ul-Qawaid, Part I. —An Urdu Grammar useful to teachers by Maulvi Syed Mohamed Yahya Hasan of Bijnor District. Pp. 60. Litho. 1st edition. August 1913. $\frac{20 \times 20}{16}$. Free.	Ditto.	500	$\frac{97}{22nd\ Aug.\ '13.}$	Do. do.
URDU MISCELLANEOUS.					
69	Hijri, Iswi and Hindi Tarikhon-ki Mutabiqat. —Comparison of Hijri, Iswi and Hindi dates with Christian era by Munshi Syed Saadat Ali of Faridabad. Pp. 16. Litho. $\frac{22 \times 18}{4}$. 15th July 1913. Price 0-2-0.	Delhi Lakshmi Press, Delhi.	500	$\frac{76}{22th\ July\ '13.}$	Syed Saadat Ali of Faridabad. No. 17, dated 22nd July 1913.
70	Silsila-i-Ataliq Angrezi. —English Grammar defined in Urdu by S. Zakir Hussain, proprietor of the office of Ataliq-i-Angrezi, Delhi. Pp. 126. Litho. Royal 16mo. 10th edition. 1913. Price 0-6-0.	Delhi Printing Works.	1,200	$\frac{66}{21st\ July\ '13.}$	
71	Tanhai-ka-Mashuq. —A collection of miscellaneous poems by Mohamed Unis. Pp. 16. Litho. Demy 8vo. 1st edition. June 1913. Free.	Ditto.	2,000	$\frac{71}{21st\ July\ '13.}$	
72	Bahar-i-Khwaja. —A collection of poetries in praise of Khwaja Moin Uddin Ajmeri. Pp. 16. Litho. Demy 8vo. 1st edition. May 1913.	Ditto.	2,000	$\frac{72}{21st\ July\ '13.}$	

Catalogue of Books registered in the Province of Delhi under Act XXV of 1867 and Act X of 1890 during the quarter ending 30th September 1913—*contd.*

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	URDU MISCELLANEOUS—<i>contd.</i>				
73	Darjba Ninnanwe. —Urdu miscellaneous poetries by Munshi Zakir Ali. Pp. 16. Litho. 18×22. 1st edition. 13th July 1913. Price 0-0-6.	Darwesh Press, Delhi.	1,000	54 10th July '13.	Syed Abdul Gha- ni Kalimi. No. 13, dated 10th July 1913.
74	Rasida-bud-Balai-wale-Bakhair-guzasht. —Poetries on the recovery of health of H. E. Lord Hardinge, the Viceroy and Governor-General of India, by Pandit Brij Mohan. Pp. 12. Litho. 20×30. 1st edition. August 1913. Price 0-2-0.	Delhi Printing Works.	2,000	84 14th Aug. '13.	
75	Risala-i-Ajala. Vedic Tohid-ka Aina. Islami Tohid-ka Namuna. —Miscellaneous religious discussion by Nasir Ali Ahmadi. Pp. 80. Litho. 18×22. 1st edition. 10th August 1913. Price 0-2-0.	Ul-haq Press Delhi.	500	92 22nd Aug. '13.	
	URDU, MOHAMMADAN RELIGION.				
76	Fazail Juma. —Poetries showing greatness of Friday by Mohd. Ismail Khan. Pp. 32. Litho. 20×26. July 1913. Price Re. 0-1-0.	Darwesh Press, Delhi.	1,000	51 10th July '13.	
77	Shikwa and Faryad. —Addressing God in the form of Complaint and requesting for help by Dr. Mohd. Iqbal, M.A., of Lahore. Pp. 32. Litho. 20×29. 1st edition. July 1913. Price Re. 0-2-6.	Ditto	700	52 10th July '13.	
78	Haqiqat-ul-Masih. —A book showing full account of the Christ by Syed Abu Ahmad Rahmani. Pp. 64. Litho. Royal 8vo. 1st edition. May 1913. Free.	Delhi Printing Works.	1,000	58 21st July '13.	

Catalogue of Books registered in the Province of Delhi under Act XXV of 1867 and Act X of 1890 during the quarter ending 30th September 1913—*contd.*

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	URDU, MOHAMMADAN RELIGION—<i>contd.</i>				
79	Ilamat-i-Qayamat. —A book showing signs of the Judgment Day (Qayamat) by Maulana Shah Rafiuddin of Delhi. Pp. 48. Litho. Royal Svo. 1st edition. February 1913. Price Re. 0-2-6.	Delhi Printing Works.	1,500	59 21st July '13.	
80	Tanzia Rabbani. —A book showing the prophecies of Mirza Ghulam Ahmad Qadyani to be spurious. Pp. 44. Litho. Demy Svo. 1st edition. January 1913. Free.	Ditto	1,000	61 21st July '13.	
81	Maiyar-i-Sadaqat. —A book written in reply to the marriage prophecies of Mirza Ghulam Ahmad Qadyani. Pp. 18. Litho. Demy Svo. 1st Edition. February 1913. Free.	Ditto	1,000	62 21st July '13.	
82	Aina-i-Kufr-o-Islam. —A description of Islami faith by Mufti Abdul Latif Rahmani. Pp. 34. Litho. Demy. Svo. 1st edition. June 1913. Free.	Ditto	1,000	63 21st July '13.	
83	Kitab-ul-Amar, Part II. —A collection of prophecies in the Christian, Jews, and Zartisht religions, about Imam Mehdi by Khwaja Hasan Nizami. Pp. 64. Litho. 2nd edition. 48 x 22. July 1913. Price Re. 0-4-0.	Derwesh Press, Delhi.	2,000	53 10th July '13.	
84	Dafa-ul-talbisat. —A book written in reply to the pamphlet "Taqliat" by Padri Imaduddin, which proves Mohamed to be a Prophet. Pp. 158. Litho. Royal Svo. 2nd edition. May 1913. Free.	Delhi Printing Works.	1,000	64 21st July '13.	

Catalogue of Books registered in the Province of Delhi under Act XXV of 1867 and Act X of 1890 during the quarter ending 30th September 1913—*contd.*

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	URDU, MOHAMMADAN RELIGION—<i>contd.</i>				
85	Annabawat-fi-Kher-ul-ummat, Risala Ahmadi, January to April 1913. —A book giving an interpretation of the verse Khataman Nabiyin and showing the greatness of the Prophet Mohammad by Qasim Ali Ahmadi. Pp. 128. Litho. $\frac{18 \times 22}{8}$. 1st edition. 25th July 1913. Price Re. 0-4-6.	Ul-haq Press, Delhi.	2,000	91 22nd Aug. '13.	
86	Bahishti Zewar, Part I. —A book containing method of prayers for Mohammadan women by Haji Mohammad Ashraf Ali of Thana. Pp. 88. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 26}{8}$. August 1913. Free.	Delhi Printing Works.	3,000	86 14th Aug. '13.	
87	Bahishti Zewar, Part II. —A book containing methods of prayers and principles of religion to be followed by Mohammadan women by Haji Mohammad Ashraf Ali of Thana. Pp. 74. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 26}{8}$. Edition not known. August 1913. Free.	Ditto	3,000	87 14th Aug. '13.	
88	Bahishti Zewar, Part III. —A book containing methods of prayers and principles of religion to be followed by Mohammadan women by Haji Mohammad Ashraf Ali of Thana. Pp. 72. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 26}{8}$. Edition not known. August 1913. Free.	Ditto	3,000	88 14th Aug. '13.	
89	Bahishti Zewar, Part IV. —A book containing methods of prayers and principles of religion to be followed by Mohammadan women by Haji Mohammad Ashraf Ali of Thana. Pp. 82. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 26}{8}$. Edition not known. August 1913. Free.	Ditto	3,000	89 14th Aug. '13.	

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	URDU, MOHAMMADAN RELIGION—<i>conold.</i>				
90	Taswir-i-Karbala. Almosum Gulzar-i-Jannat. —Historical event of Karbala by Syed Al-i-Mohammad of Amroha. Pp. 102. Litho. 20 × 26. 1st edition. 1st September 1913. Price Re. 0-6-0.	Usafi Press, Delhi.	1,000	103 11th Sept. '13.	
91	Ayat-i-Jali. Fi Shan-i-Maulana Ali. —Quotations of Holy Quran in favour of Ali by Agha Ibd-i-Ali Beg of Delhi. Pp. 560. 20 × 26. Litho. 1st edition. 1st September 1913. Price Rs. 2-0-0.	Ditto	1,000	104 11th Sept. '13.	
92	Pirahan-i-Yusafi. —Notes on the life of Hazrat Usuf by Syed Mohammad Husain. Pp. 148. Litho. 20 × 26. 1st edition. Price Re. 0-8-0.	Delhi Jan-Jahan Press.	500	44 1st July '13.	
93	Mohasan-i-Aza. —Account of Moharram by Syed Nawab Ali Razwi of Sandila. Pp. 26. Litho. 18 × 22. 1st edition. 1st September 1913. Free.	Usafi Press, Delhi.	1,000	105 11th Sept. '13.	
94	Asbab-i-Unnajat. —Mohammad an prayers by Mohammad Taqi. Pp. 108. Litho. 18 × 22. 1st edition. 1st September 1913. Price Re. 0-6-0.	Ditto	1,000	106 11th Sept. '13.	
95	Annafele-yaum-il-Mahshar alias Arraba Ashar. —Answers of 14 questions of Khalifa Mamun Rashid by Shaikh Mohammad Ali of Sonapat. Pp. 24. Litho. 18 × 22. 1st edition. 1st September 1913. Price annas 2.	Ditto	1,000	107 11th Sept. '13.	
96	Rukn-i-Din. —Principles of the Mohammadan religion by Maulvi Shah Mohammad Ruknuddin of Alwar. Pp. 226. Litho. 20 × 26. 5th edition. 1st September 1913. Price annas 8.	Afzal-ul-Matba, Delhi.	3,000	108 18th Sept. '13.	Mohammad Shafi-uddin of Delhi. No. 20, dated 18th September 1913.

Catalogue of Books registered in the Province of Delhi under Act XXV of 1867 and Act X of 1890 during the quarter ending 30th September 1913—*contd.*

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URDU SCIENCE (Mathematical).					
97	The teaching of Geometry in Urdu. —A teachers' manual for the teaching of Geometry in Urdu by Pundit Khanna Mal Sharma, Assistant Master of Moradabad. Pp. 95. Litho. Crown 8vo. July 1913. 1st edition. Price annas 6.	Delhi Printing Works.	1,000	79 21st July '13.	Pandit Khanna Mal Sharma of Moradabad. No. 18, dated 30th July 1913.
98	Zamima Risala-i-Talim Geometry. —Papers of examination on the subject of Geometry by Pundit Khanna Mal Sharma of Moradabad. Pp. 88. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 30}{16}$. July 1913. 1st edition. Price annas 4.	Ditto	2,500	80 29th July '13.	Ditto.
99	Desi Hisab alias Mahajani Bahi Khata. —Formule of Hindi Accounts by Hoshyar Singh of Sonapat. Pp. 98. Litho. Royal 8vo. 1st edition. June 1913. Price annas 5.	Ditto	2,000	75 21st July '13.	Hoshyar Singh and Girdhari Lal, teachers of M. B. School, Delhi. No. 16, dated 21st July 1913.
URDU SCIENCE (Natural).					
100	The fruit garden. —Rules of cultivation of land and plantation by L. Devi Dial of Delhi. Pp. 296. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 25}{8}$. 2nd edition. 15th June 1913. Price Re. 1-4-0	Imperial Book Depôt Press, Delhi.	1,000	48 7th July '13.	Lala Jiwan Lal, Manager, Imperial Book Depôt, Delhi. No. 12, dated 7th July 1913.
101	Zabdat-ul-Hikmat. —A book about logic and natural science by Maulvi Mufti Syed Ahmad. Pp. 66. Litho. 20×26 . 1st edition. 13th July 1913. Price Re. 0-8-0.	Afzal-ul-Matbai, Delhi.	1,000	55 10th July '13.	Maulvi Syed Ahmad. No. 14, dated 17th July 1913.

Catalogue of Books registered in the Province of Delhi under Act XXV of 1867 and Act X of 1890 during the quarter ending 30th September 1913—concl'd.

Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era,—when other than the Christian era,—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printing and place of printing.	Number of copies.	Registration number.	Proprietor of copyright (his name and residence), Register No. and date of registration of copyright.
	URDU VEDANT.				
102	Ruhani Kahaniyan. —A book containing stories on practical methods of spiritual improvements by Munshi Suraj Narain Mehr of Delhi. Pp. 508. Litho. $\frac{22 \times 29}{16}$. 1st edition. 1st July 1913. Price Re. 1-8-0.	Sadhu Press, Delhi.	2,000	46 2nd July '13.	Munshi Suraj Narain Mehr of Delhi. No. 11, dated 2nd July 1913.
	URDU VEDANT PHILOSOPHY.				
103	Giyan Yog. —Translation of lectures delivered by Swami Vavekanand by Munshi Suraj Narain Mehr of Delhi. Pp. 142. Litho. $\frac{22 \times 29}{16}$. 1st edition. 15th June 1913.	Ditto.	500	47 2nd July '13.	Ditto.
104	Khum-Khama-i-Ram or Kulyat-i-Ram. —Addresses and essays of Swami Ram Tirath, M.A., by R. S. Narain Swami of Delhi. Pp. 472. Litho. $\frac{20 \times 26}{4}$. 1st edition. 10th June 1913. Price Re. 1-4-0.	Imperial Book Depot Press, Delhi.	2,000	49 7th July '13.	Lala Amir Chand of Delhi. No. 12, dated 7th July 1913.
105	Quwat-i-Khiyal. —A translation in Urdu of the work of Mr. Ralph Wald Valrin on Thought and Character building by Pandit Nihal Chand of Sonapat. Pp. 56. Litho. Royal 8vo. 1st edition. April 1913. Price Re. 0-6-0.	Delhi Printing Works.	1,000	69 21st July '13.	

E. H. BRANDON, Registrar,
for Personal Assistant, Chief Commissioner, Delhi,

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal :—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,

Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.****CASE No. 136 OF 1913.**

Rangoon, the 7th day of November 1913.

In the matter of Annamallay Ganapathy, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Annamallay Ganapathy, clerk in the Customs Office, Rangoon, son of Kadambar Annamallay, residing at No. 17 Williams Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of November 1913 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Annamallay Ganapathy.

CASE No. 137 OF 1912.

Rangoon, the 7th day of November 1913.

In the matter of Venkatreddy, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Venkatreddy, Fitter, son of Narsiah, residing at No. 65, 46th Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of November 1913 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Venkatreddy.

CASE No. 134 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 28th day of October 1913.

In the matter of Guanapragasan Samuel Thumby Pillay, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Guanapragasan Samuel Thumby Pillay, clerk in the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, residing at No. 23, 44th Street, Rangoon, on the 27th day of October 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 28th day of October 1913 against the said Guanapragasan Samuel Thumby Pillay.

CASE No. 135 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 28th day of October 1913.

In the matter of Thumbi Dancal Doray, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Thumbi Dancal Doray, clerk in the Bank of Bengal, residing at No. 23, 44th Street, Rangoon, on the 27th day of October 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 28th day of October 1913 against the said Thumbi Dancal Doray.

J. HORMASJI,

Registrar.

COM TROLLER-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

The following is a statement of the cash balances at the Home Treasury of the Government of India on the 30th September 1913 and of the form in which they were held :—

	General Balance.	Gold Standard Reserve.
	£	£
Cash at the Bank of England	1,821,647	...
Short loans to approved borrowers on security	4,635,811	1,064,189
	<u>6,457,458</u>	<u>1,064,189</u>
Total Home Treasury balances as shown in the accounts	7,521,647	

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Comptroller General.

DELHI;

Dated the 6th November 1913.

THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 25th October 1913.

No. 3852-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of British Baluchistan proposes to make the following amendments in conditions 1 and 3 endorsed on License Form F mentioned in rule 9, Chapter IV, Part II of the Petroleum Rules published in his Notification No. 2308, dated the 29th April 1909 :—

Condition 1.—Add the following words at the beginning of the condition :—

“ When not carried in a receptacle forming part of a motor vehicle.”

Condition 3.—Delete the words—

“ not forming part of a motor vehicle.”

This draft is published under the provisions of section 24 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 2nd December 1913.

Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft amendments before the date fixed as aforesaid will receive consideration.

By order,
T. W. HAIG, Lt.-Col.,
Secretary.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN RAJPUTANA.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated Abu, 7th November 1913.

No. 5042—178-III.—With reference to Foreign Department Notifications Nos. 286-1 and 287-1, dated the 23rd January 1884, as amended by Foreign Department Notification No. 1692-I.A., dated the 30th April 1901, the Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana is pleased to appoint Captain H. R. N. Pritchard, I.A., to be the Magistrate of Abu *vice* Captain W. G. Neale, I.A., with effect from the afternoon of the 4th November 1913.

By order,
R. E. A. HAMILTON, Major,
First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, Rajputana.

**THE HONOURABLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 4th November 1913.

No. 699-J.—In exercise of the power specified in column 1 of the Schedule hereto annexed, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan is pleased to cancel the notifications (with subsequent amendments, if any) mentioned opposite thereto in column 2 of the said Schedule to the extent noted against each in column 3.

SCHEDULE.

Power.	Notification.	Extent to which cancelled.
Section 5, sub-section (1), of the British Baluchistan Civil Justice Regulation, 1896 (IX of 1896).	No. 1935, dated the 1st May 1906 .	The whole.
Section 5, sub-section (1), of the British Baluchistan Civil Justice Regulation, 1896 (IX of 1896).	No. 4697, dated the 31st May 1902 .	Do.
Sections 5 and 13 of the Opium Act, 1878 (I of 1878).	No. 4716, dated the 10th September 1908.	The whole except Rules 24 and 25.
Section 220 of the Indian Companies Act, 1882 (VI of 1882).	No. 3780, dated the 11th June, 1895.	The whole.
Section 3 of the Suits Valuation Act, 1887 (VII of 1887).	No. 6069, dated the 13th November 1908.	Do.
Section 59, sub-section (5), of the Prisons Act, 1894 (IX of 1894).	No. 512, dated the 26th February 1909.	Do.
The Excise Act, 1896 (XII of 1896)	Nos. 1607, 1608 and 1610, dated the 21st February 1902.	Do.
Section 19 of the Excise Act, 1896 (XII of 1896).	No. 1611, dated the 21st February 1902.	Do.
Section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899).	No. 2306, dated the 29th April 1909	Do.
Section 4 of the Poisons Act, 1904 (I of 1904).	No. 4975, dated the 23rd September 1908.	Do.
Section 14 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908).	No. 2008, dated the 4th April 1892 .	Do.
Section 79 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908).	No. 975, dated the 30th March 1910.	Do.
Section 9, sub-section (1), clause (c), sub-section (4), clause (iii) and sub-section (5) of the British Baluchistan Forest Regulation, 1890 (V of 1890).	No. 6684, dated the 3rd October 1902.	Do.
Section 1, sub-section (4), of the Frontier Crimes Regulation, 1901 (III of 1901).	No. 1095-Z, dated the 1st July 1903.	Do.

No. 700-J.—The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan is pleased to declare that the notifications (with subsequent amendments, if any) mentioned in the Schedule hereto annexed are cancelled to the extent noted against each.

THE SCHEDULE.

No. and date of notification	Extent to which repealed.
No. 4698, dated the 31st May 1902	The whole
No. 550-S, dated the 25th January 1908	"
No. 408, dated the 16th January 1899	"
No. 4135, dated the 29th August 1892	"
No. 4294, dated the 9th September 1909	"
No. 331, dated the 29th April 1910	"

No and date of notification	Extent to which repealed.
No 3774, dated the 11th June 1895	The whole.
No. 544, dated the 26th February 1909	"
No. 545, dated the 26th February 1909	"
No. 546, dated the 26th February 1909	"
No. 550 and 551, dated the 26th February 1909	"
No. 112-S, dated the 25th January 1908	"
No. 471-S, dated the 21st February 1908	"
No. 430, dated the 22nd January 1907	"
No. 5723, dated the 19th December 1907	"
No. 1866, dated the 5th May 1910,	"
No. 432, dated the 22nd January 1907	"
No. 5725, dated the 19th December 1907	"
No. 1868, dated the 5th May 1910	"
No. 3487, dated the 22nd April 1902	"
No. 5174, dated the 22nd November 1907	"
No. 5726, dated the 19th December 1907	"
No. 1870, dated the 5th May 1910,	"
No. 5775, dated the 21st December 1907	"
No. 2584, dated the 20th March 1902	"
No. 752, dated the 11th March 1909	The whole, except Rules 2 (1) (as amended by Notification No. 3827-R, dated 17th July 1912), 2 (2), 2 (3) and forms A. 1 and C.
No. 1174-Z, dated the 12th August 1902	The whole.
Nos. 85-C and 89-C, dated the 4th January 1897	"
No. 9513, dated the 9th December 1899	"
No. 407, dated the 16th January 1899	"
No. 2307, dated the 29th April 1909	"
No. 8988, dated the 22nd November 1899	"
No. 1947-Z, dated the 24th August 1909	"
No. 3461, dated the 6th June 1908	"
No. 4608, dated the 30th October 1907	"
No. 1844, dated the 19th February 1901	"
Nos. 6240 and 6242, dated the 5th July 1900	"
No. 6685, dated the 3rd October 1902	"
No. 87-C, dated the 4th January 1897	"

By order,

T. W. HAIG, Lieut.-Col.,

First Assistant.

THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BRITISH BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 4th November 1913.

No. 701-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Poisons Act, 1904 (I of 1904), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of British Baluchistan, with the approval of the Governor General in Council, is pleased to add the following proviso to rule V of the rules published with his Notification No. 4976, dated the 23rd September 1908:—

"Provided that no fee shall be charged to any person who has already paid the annual fee for a license to possess poisons for sale under rules framed under section 2 of the Act."

By order,

T. W. HAIG, Lieut.-Col.,

Secretary.

JUDICIAL COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 4th November 1913.

No. 702-J.—With the previous sanction of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General, the Judicial Commissioner in Baluchistan is pleased to cancel his notifications noted below.

No. 47-J, dated the 23rd January 1900.

No. 166-J, dated the 17th March 1900.

No. 742-J, dated the 1st November 1909.

C. ARCHER, Lieut.-Col.,
Judicial Commissioner in Baluchistan.

INSPECTOR GENERAL OF REGISTRATION IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 4th November 1913.

No. 703-J.—With the previous sanction of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General, the Inspector General of Registration in Baluchistan is pleased to cancel his notification No. 727, dated the 20th April 1892.

C. ARCHER, Lieut.-Col.,
Inspector General of Registration in Baluchistan.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 5th November 1913.

No. 174.—The services of No. 1374, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Sundar Singh, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 11th October 1913.

The 6th November 1913.

No. 175.—No. 806, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kazim Ali, I.S.M.D., is granted, under the terms of paragraph 269, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, privilege leave for two months, combined with ten months leave on medical certificate, with effect from the 11th September 1913.

No. 176.—3rd Class Assistant Surgeon S. D. Rieley, I.S.M.D., is granted three months privilege leave, with effect from the 17th October 1913.

No. 177.—Assistant Surgeon R. F. Vanderhide, I.S.M.D., is appointed temporarily to the Agricultural Research Institute and Agricultural College, Pusa, with effect from the 14th October 1913.

The 7th November 1913.

No. 178.—2nd Class Assistant Surgeon P. St. C. Trutwein, I.S.M.D., is appointed to the charge of the X-Ray Department, Civil Hospital, Delhi, with effect from the 15th October 1913.

B. G. SETON, Brevet-Col., I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

THE COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

FORM B.

NOTICE UNDER SECTION 6 OF THE TALUKDARS LOAN REGULATION (II OF 1911).

Ajmer, the 6th November 1913.

Whereas the Court of Wards in behalf of the minor Thakur Narain Singh, Istimrardar of Kanai Kalan in the Ajmer District, has applied for a loan under this Regulation, all persons having claims against the said Thakur Narain Singh or his immoveable property are called upon to submit a statement of the same in writing in Form C below, to the Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, within six months from the date of the publication of this notice.

Every claim against the applicant or his immoveable property (other than a claim on the part of the Government) not submitted to the Commissioner in compliance with this notice, shall, save in the cases provided for by sections 6 and 13 of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, be deemed for all purposes and on all occasions to have been duly discharged, unless in any suit or proceeding instituted by the claimant or by any person claiming under him in respect of any such claim, it is proved to the satisfaction of the Court that he was unable to comply with the directions contained in this notice.

Every claim so admitted by the Court shall, notwithstanding any law, contract, decree or award to the contrary, cease to carry interest after the expiry of six months from the date of the publication of this notice.

2. With effect from the date of the publication of this notice, the consequences prescribed in sections 7, 8, 16, 17, 18 of the Regulation, a copy of which is published herewith, shall also ensue.

Copy of Sections 7, 8, 16, 17, and 18.

7. With effect from the date of the publication of a notice under section 6, sub-section (1), the following consequences shall ensue, namely :—

- (a) the applicant shall be incompetent to transfer or create any charge on, or interest in, his property or any part thereof, or to enter into a contract which may involve him in any pecuniary liability ; and
- (b) all suits and proceedings in any Civil Court in respect of any claim against the applicant shall be stayed, and no fresh suit or proceeding shall be instituted in respect of any such claim in any Civil Court.

8. Nothing in section 7, clause (a), shall—

- (a) apply to debts due for liabilities incurred to Government,
- (b) apply to debts or liabilities which are incurred for necessities for the maintenance of the applicant or his family, or for the due observance of funeral and other ceremonies to the extent approved by the Commissioner, or
- (c) affect the capacity of the applicant to enter into a contract of marriage,

provided that he shall not incur in connection with such contract of marriage any pecuniary liability except such as the Commissioner, having regard to the personal law to which he is subject, and his rank and circumstances, may, in writing, declare to be reasonable.

16. (1) No suit shall be brought in any Civil Courts against any Talukdar upon any promise made after he has repaid a loan under this Regulation, to pay any debt contracted during the period between the grant and the repayment of such loan, or upon any ratification made after such loan has been repaid of any promise or contract made during such period whether there is or is not new consideration for such promise or ratification.

(2) Nothing in sub-section (1) shall apply to the debts or liabilities specified in section 8.

17. (1) If any Talukdar to whom a loan has been granted under this Regulation—

- (a) infringes any condition imposed under section 13, sub-section (1), clause (b), or
- (b) attempts to do any act which, under section 7, clause (a), he is incompetent to do,

the Chief Commissioner may by order in writing declare such Talukdar to be disqualified from managing his own property and such Talukdar shall be deemed to be a landholder who is disqualified to manage his own property within the meaning of the Ajmer Government Wards Regulations, 1888, and the Court of Wards shall thereupon assume the superintendence of the property of such Talukdar.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 4th November 1913.

No. 34.—Mr. K. M. Kirkhope, Officiating Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, is granted, under Articles 233, 260 and 308(b) of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 1 year and 15 days, *viz.*, privilege leave for three months and furlough for the remaining period, with effect from 6th November 1913 or from such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,
Agent, Eastern Bengal State Railway,

CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION BANGALORE.

Municipal Office.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated 23rd October 1913.

No. 4539.—In exercise of the powers conferred on them by section 137 (1) (i) (k) and (m) of the Bangalore Municipal Law, 1897, the Municipal Commission for the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore have made the following amendment to sub-section 2 of section 14 of Bye-law No. 3-A relating to "Tax on Dogs" and the same having been confirmed by the Honourable the Resident in Mysore as required by section 139, it is hereby notified for public information under section 180(3) of the said Law :—

CHAPTER II.—TAXATION.

Bye-law No. 3-A—Assessment and Collection.

Tax on Dogs.

B.M.L. section 137 (1) (i) (k) and (m).

Section 14, sub-section 2. Add the following words at the end of sub-section 2 :—
"or otherwise disposed of, as the President may direct."

A. R. COX,
President, Municipal Commission,
Civil and Military Station Bangalore.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Agra, the 30th October 1913.

No. 206.—The following substantive promotions of officers are ordered from the 1st July 1913, *vice* Mr. P. H. Vere, Superintendent, 1st grade, deceased :—

Mr. E. G. Winn, Superintendent, from the 2nd to the 1st grade.

Mr. E. D. Bennett, Superintendent, from the 3rd to the 2nd grade.

Mr. E. McCurley, Superintendent, from the 4th to the 3rd grade.

Mr. W. O. Davey, Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, to be Superintendent, 4th grade.

Mr. Abdur Rahim Khan, Assistant Superintendent, from the 2nd to the 1st grade.

No. 207.—In supersession of this office Notification No. 187, dated the 19th October 1913, Mr. D. G. Barlow, Officiating Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, *vice* Mr. P. H. Vere, Superintendent on leave, is appointed as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, *sub. pro t. m.*, from the 1st July 1913 in the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. P. H. Vere, Superintendent, or until further orders.

J. F. CONNOLLY,
Officiating Commissioner,
Northern India Salt Revenue.

CHIEF COURT OF THE PUNJAB.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th November 1913.

No. 5576-G.—The following list of days to be observed as holidays by various Civil Courts in the Province of Delhi during the year 1914 has been prepared by the Chief Court and approved by the Governor General in Council, as required by section 67, clause (1), of the Punjab Courts Act, 1884, and Home Department Notification No. 1008, dated the 1st October 1912, and is published for general information.

List of general holidays to be observed by Civil Courts in the Province of Delhi during the year 1914.

Description of Holidays.	Name of Holidays.	Dates on which they fall.	Day or days of the week.	Number of days exclusive of Sundays.
General . . .	Proclamation Day .	1st January 1914 .	Thursday . . .	1
Hindu . . .	Basant Panchmi .	31st January 1914 .	Saturday . . .	1
Ditto . . .	Sheoratri . . .	23rd February 1914 .	Monday . . .	1
Ditto . . .	Holi . . .	11th and 12th March 1914.	Wednesday and Thursday.	2
Ditto . . .	Durga Ashtmi . .	4th April 1914 .	Saturday . . .	1
Christian . . .	Good Friday and Saturday before Easter.	10th and 11th April 1914.	Friday and Saturday	2
Christian and Hindu .	Easter Monday and Baisakhi.	13th April 1914 .	Monday . . .	1
Hindu . . .	Nirjla Ikadshi . .	4th June 1914 .	Thursday . . .	1
Ditto . . .	Bias Puja . . .	7th July 1914 . .	Tuesday . . .	1
Muhammadan . . .	Shab-i-barat . . .	9th July 1914 . .	Thursday . . .	1
Hindu . . .	Solono . . .	5th August 1914 .	Wednesday . . .	1
Ditto . . .	Janam Ashtmi . .	14th August 1914 .	Friday . . .	1
Hindu and Muhammadan.	Eclipse of the Sun and Juma-ul-Wida.	21st August 1914 .	Friday . . .	1
Muhammadan . . .	Id-ul-Fitar . . .	24th August 1914 .	Monday . . .	1
Hindu . . .	Anant Chaudas . .	3rd September 1914 .	Thursday . . .	1
Ditto . . .	Eclipse of the Moon	5th September 1914 .	Saturday . . .	1
Ditto . . .	Dasehra . . .	25th, 26th and 28th September 1914. .	Friday, Saturday and Monday.	3
Ditto . . .	Diwali . . .	19th October 1914 .	Monday . . .	1
Ditto . . .	Jam Dutia . . .	20th October 1914 .	Tuesday . . .	1
Muhammadan . . .	Id-ul-Zuha . . .	30th October 1914 .	Friday . . .	1
Ditto . . .	Muharram . . .	24th to 28th November 1914.	Tuesday to Saturday .	5
Christian . . .	Christmas . . .	24th to 31st December 1914.	Thursday to Thursday	7

In addition to the above, every Sunday in the year will be a general holiday; also the last Saturday in every month, provided the state of business in the Courts admits: and all subordinate Civil Courts will be closed during the month of September.

NOTE.—The day fixed for the celebration of the King-Emperor's Birthday will be notified separately hereafter.

Local holidays have been omitted from this list.

By order, etc.,
A. CAMPBELL,
Registrar.

IMPERIAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE IN INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Pusa, the 5th November 1913.

The following Prospectus of Short Courses of Instruction given at the Agricultural Research Institute, Pusa, is published for general information :—

SHORT COURSES OF INSTRUCTION GIVEN AT PUSA.

The function of the Pusa College in the general scheme of Agricultural Education in India has been defined as that of a higher Teaching Institution and Research Station for post-graduate agricultural students and for advanced science students, particularly from Indian Universities.

But for the present it seems necessary for the Pusa Institute to continue to assist Provinces and Native States by giving short courses of instruction in special branches of agriculture or in simple industries connected with agriculture. There are now facilities at Pusa for thorough instruction in the subjects referred to.

The short courses are broadly defined in a syllabus for each subject which is appended hereto. The instruction is essentially practical in character and requires no scientific training and not even a knowledge of English. Students should, however, have a fair general education.

Men who have not the instincts of the profession which they are following or propose to follow will not be accepted. It is desired to admit in particular to Pusa for these courses men who are *bonâ fide* agriculturists or *Malis* by caste.

The courses will be suitable for men of the subordinate staff of all the Agricultural Departments, and will be open to private individuals who are engaged or propose to engage in the special branches of agriculture and allied subjects dealt with.

A recommendation of a suitable candidate by a Director of Agriculture or any other authorised authority will be accepted, if the applicant is certified to be of good character and in robust health.

Free quarters of a very simple but sufficient character will be provided.

Students will have to pay all travelling and personal expenses. The latter at Pusa need not exceed Rs. 15 per mensem.

No books will be required.

Applications should be addressed to the Director of the Agricultural Research Institute Pusa, Bihar.

SYLLABUS OF SHORT COURSES.

Section of Agriculture.

(1) *Cattle Management*.—The course will occupy three months. It will deal with the general management of breeding herds and of milch and draught cattle and will include simple instruction in the recognition, treatment and prevention of the more common diseases. The Imperial Pathological Entomologist will deal with the principal insect-pests of cattle, the part which they play as disease-carriers and methods of treatment. Courses will commence in October and January.

Section of Economic Botany.

(2) *Fruit Growing*.—The course will be an eight months' one and will deal with —

- (a) The general management of a fruit garden, including choice of site, laying out, draining and planting, the choice of varieties, irrigation, cultivation and manuring.
- (b) Special processes, such as budding, grafting, layering, pruning and root pruning, weathering.
- (c) Disposal of fruit, including packing, grading, packing and marketing.
- (d) Evaporating, drying and preserving.

The course will begin each year on the 1st of October and will last till the end of May.

Section of Entomology.

(3) *Eri-silk as a Cottage Industry*.—The course will occupy about six months and will commence on July 1st of each year. It includes rearing, spinning, dyeing and weaving.

(4) *Lac Cultivation as an Adjunct to ordinary Agriculture.*—The training can be given only from June 1st to 30th and October 1st to 31st. The June course is the chief one but if a sufficient number of *bond fide* students apply, a second course in October will also be given. These dates vary a little according to the season as lac does not always come out regularly. The training includes pruning and handling of trees, inoculation of lac, harvesting, scraping and washing. It covers the whole industry to the production of seed lac and is exclusive of the production of shellac.

(5) *Mulberry Silk Culture.*—The course includes rearing, selection of disease-free eggs, reeling and the utilization of waste cocoons. Instruction is also given in the varieties of silk worms. Silk twisting (spinning) and dyeing with the simpler forms of weaving are taught. The full course occupies twelve months. The training covers only the ordinary existing methods of reeling and weaving and not the more complex ones. The course will commence on July 1st each year.

J. MACKENNA,

Offg. Agricultural Adviser to the Government of India and Director,
Agricultural Research Institute, Pusa, Bihar.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that treasure consisting of the undermentioned articles to the value of Rs. 23-13-0 was found on 26th September 1913 in patta land R. S. No. 244-1 dry of Perumbathur village, San-karanainarkoil taluk, belonging to Ramalingasamy Naick of the same village :—

Serial number.	Description of articles.	Number of coins, etc.	Estimated value.	Date on which found.	Persons by whom found.
1	Gold, Ponkuvilai (hollow piece cylinder like).	1	Rs. A. P.	26th Sept. 1913.	Pechi, daughter of Irulandi.
	Gold, small pieces	4	19 0 0		
	„ bend	1			
2	Coral beads (nal pavalam) . . . . .	...	3 11 0	
3	Pasi . . . . .	...	0 8 0	
4	Vettukkal (வெட்டுக்கல்) beads, large size	...	0 6 0		
5	„ „ small size	...	0 4 0		
		Total .	23 13 0		

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent duly authorized before the Collector of Tinnevely at his office at Kokkarakulam on the 2nd March 1914 in view to the claim being enquired into and determined according to law.

Tinnevely Collector's Office,
17th October 1913.

G. H. B. JACKSON,
Collector.

WANTED TO INFORM CONTRACTORS THAT

Scaled tenders for the supply of cordage, liquid fuel, timber, tin ingot and other miscellaneous stores from 1st April 1914 to 31st March 1915 will be received by the Superintendent, Ammunition Factory, Dum-Dum, up to 5th December 1913 for consideration and orders of the Director of Ordnance Factories, who does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

2. Forms of "TENDER" and "SCHEDULE" of the stores for which tenders are invited are obtainable on payment of Re. 1 (one) per set on application in writing. Samples

and specifications of the articles can be inspected at the Factory. Interpretation of the clauses of the forms and such other information required, will be furnished by the Superintendent on any working day of the Factory.

3. Tenders from only recognised tradesmen will be considered. New tenderers should be prepared to quote references as to standing, financial position, etc., if called upon to do so. A deposit of earnest money at 2 per cent. on the value of stores tendered for must accompany all tenders, in Bank of Bengal receipt or G. P. Notes, the latter standing in the name of the tenderer. Cash will not be accepted.

N. S. BERTIE-CLAY, Lieut.-Colonel, R.A.,
Superintendent.

AMMUNITION FACTORY, DUM-DUM,
The 12th November 1913.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, dated at Poona, this 1st day of November 1913.

<p>Number, Rank and Name—No. 8990, Private, Frank Swannick. Age—28 years 3 months. Height—5 feet 4 inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, dark brown; eyes, brown. Trade—Horse-keeper. Date of enlistment—16th August 1907.</p>	<p>Place of enlistment—London. Parish and County in which born—Dublin. Date of desertion or absence—Reveille 30th October 1913. Place of desertion or absence—Poona. Marks—Mole abdomen, indistinct marks up forearm, scar right hip. Under 7 years' service.</p>
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C. E. A. JOURDAIN, Major,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, The Black Watch, dated at Fort William, this 8th day of November 1913.

<p>Number, Rank and Name—1943, Private, William Mathieson Kelly. Age—22 years 4 months. Height—5 feet 7 inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, brown. Trade—Millworker. Date of enlistment—23rd November 1910. Place of enlistment—Dundee.</p>	<p>Parish and County in which born—Maxwelltown, Dundee, Forfar. Date of desertion or absence—12th October 1913. Place of desertion or absence—Fort William, Calcutta. Marks—Scar outer side left eye; back right forearm, pierced heart, scroll, Kate and Bluejacket; back left forearm, girl's head; scar front right knee. Under 3 years' service.</p>
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W. MACL. CAMPBELL, Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, The Black Watch.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, The Black Watch, dated at Fort William, this 8th day of November 1913.

<p>Number, Rank, and Name—2130, Private, George Neil. Age—24 years 7 months. Height—5 feet 5 inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, blue. Trade—Driver. Date of enlistment—28th August 1907. (Service reckons from 25th October 1904) Place of enlistment—Broughty-Ferry.</p>	<p>Parish and County in which born—Dundee, Forfar. Date of desertion or absence—12th October 1913. Place of desertion or absence—Fort William, Calcutta. Marks—Nil. Under 5 years' service.</p>
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W. MACL. CAMPBELL, Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, The Black Watch.

**PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT SECRETARIAT—
DELHI PROVINCE.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 11th November 1913.

No. 674-E.—The services of Captain P. M. Rennie having been placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, he assumed charge of his duties as Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, New Capital, on the forenoon of the 3rd November 1913.

The 12th November 1913.

No. 686-E.—The services of Major S. D'A. Crookshank, R.E., C.I.E., M.V.O., Superintending Engineer, III class temporary rank, having been placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner Delhi, he assumed charge of the II Circle of Superintendence, P. W. D., Delhi, on the forenoon of the 20th October 1913.

H. T. KEELING,

Secretary to Chief Commissioner in the Public Works Department, Delhi.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**POST OFFICE.****NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 4th November 1913.

No. 1928s-Ap.—Mr. E. G. Bullard, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 7 days combined with extraordinary leave without allowance for 4 months and 23 days, with effect from the 13th October 1913.

Mr. C. N. Sarkare, Supernumerary Inspector, attached to the office of the Postmaster General, Central Circle, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade during the absence on combined leave of Mr. E. G. Bullard, or until further orders.

No. 1935s-1p.—Babu Jogesh Chandra Banerji, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, is granted a further extension of privilege leave for 35 days, with effect from the 9th November 1913.

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General, Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 5th November 1913.

No. 1115s-G.—Mr. T. P. Buckley, Deputy Superintendent, General, is granted leave on medical certificate for six months with effect from the 1st October 1913.

The 6th November 1913.

No. 1128c-G.—Mr. G. B. Singh, Superintendent of Telegraphs, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for nine months with effect from the 1st November 1913.

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Statement of Unclaimed Sums deposited with the Bengal Military Orphan Society in trust for Soldiers' Children, exclusive of those of minors who have not attained the age of 21.

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.
				Rs. A. P.
Prior to 1842	Collins, —, Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Two children	157 14 1
"	Lee, E., Corporal . . . . .	.....	Two children	111 9 6
"	Smith, Henry, Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Elizabeth	828 0 0
"	Smith, D., Sergeant-Major . . . . .	.....	Margaret	78 6 5
"	Story, —, Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Thomas	117 5 4
"	MacConnell, Sergeant . . . . .	.....	John	77 15 3
"	Rutherford, Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Margaret	138 10 8
"	Howatson, William, Gunner . . . . .	.....	John	47 5 7
"	Taylor, John, Private . . . . .	.....	John	214 11 1
"	Conroy, Peter, Corporal . . . . .	.....	Thomas	274 14 6
"	McCullum, —, Conductor . . . . .	.....	John	354 6 10
"	Gordon, James	59th Foot	James	589 2 2
"	Casey, Jeremiah	87th Foot	Daniel	109 12 4
"	Corbolly, Thomas, Private	59th Foot	Samuel	62 12 3
"	Cassidy, —, Corporal . . . . .	.....	John	61 3 9
"	Hyde, Henry, Conductor . . . . .	.....	Thomas	187 1 10
"	Hedgkinson, E., Troop Sergeant-Major	11th Dragoons	William	64 8 0
"	Anderson, William, Corporal	H. C. 1st En. Regt.	Mary Anne Margaret	124 11 6
"	White, W., Private	3rd Buffs	George and Mary Anne	13 13 9
"	Minogue, T., Private	3rd Buffs	Thomas	23 11 0
"	Taylor, John, Bombardier . . . . .	.....	Elizabeth	43 0 0
"	Neal, James, Private	59th Foot	James	43 0 0
"	Sherrock, J., Corporal . . . . .	.....	Joseph	160 0 0
"	Moore, Bombardier . . . . .	.....	Dorothy	5 9 5
"	Lawson, Henry, Laboratory Sergeant . . . . .	.....	George	11 8 2
"	Crichton, James, Corporal	13th L. Infy.	Mary Ann	16 12 0
"	McCoy, —, Sub-Conductor . . . . .	.....	John and George	958 3 2
"	Long, R., Sergeant	Allahabad Magazine Establishment	Ann and Robert D.	137 3 9
"	Baker, H., Gunner	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	James	32 1 4
"	Hills, —, Gunner	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Sophia	30 1 1
"	Burns, James, Gunner	Artillery	Hannah	10 6 9
"	McKenney, R., Bombardier	1st Co., 4th Bn. Arty.	Ann Eliza	134 6 5
"	Smith, J., Gunner	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Margaret	6 6 5
"	Byrne, F., Hospital Sergeant	2nd Bn., Arty.	Charles	123 13 4
"	Flynn, J., Gunner	3rd Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Elizabeth	6 1 4
"	Fagan, J., Gunner	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Mary and James	11 12 9
"	Johnson, C., Gunner	1st Co., 5th Bn. Arty.	William	3 0 6
"	Twoomey, M., Gunner	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Michael, William and Margaret	21 2 11
"	Ahern, William, Gunner	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	John	65 11 9
"	McCormick, J., Gunner	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Bernard	116 10 9
"	Gavin, J., Gunner	2nd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Thomas and James	189 3 6
"	Brvan, D., Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Mortimer	12 10 11
"	Reid, —, Sergeant	Sappers and Miners	Eleanor and Eunice	68 6 5
"	South, —, Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Elizabeth Martha	310 0 0
"	Cunningham, Mathew, Private	44th Foot	Michael	37 14 6
"	Blyth, John, Conductor . . . . .	.....	Children (names not recorded).	12 12 3
"	Smith, T., Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Esther and Amelia	23 15 0
"	Pierce, Qr. Mr. Sergeant	20th N.I.	Thomas	711 15 2
"	Driver, J., Sergeant Major . . . . .	.....	Robert Charles and John	141 7 1
"	Davis, D., Farrier Sergeant	4th Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Thomas	23 15 2
"	Canty, John, Bombardier	3rd Co., 4th Bn. Arty.	John (died. 11th May 1842).	272 2 8
June 29, 1843	(Not recorded) . . . . .	.....	Bryan, Margaret, and William	53 8 3
" 29, 1849	(Not recorded) . . . . .	.....	Daly Robert	23 9 1
Mar. 24, 1843	Nowlon, L., Farrier Sergeant	4th Troop, 2nd B. H. A.	Ellen	112 9 0
Apr. 3, 1843	Farrel, James, Gunner	2nd Co., 5th Bn. Arty.	Charlotte	4 2 8
" 3, 1843	Roach, Edward, Private	1st En. Lt. Infy.	David and Austel	7 13 3
Mar. 9, 1843	Sheehan, B., Gunner	3rd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	John and Patrick	2 1 8
June 21, 1844	Evans, George, Sergeant	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Mary Ann and Catherine	19 14 9
Sept. 19, 1844	Andrews, —, Private	44th Foot	George	200 0 0
Oct. 30, 1887	Ward, J., Gunner	O. Batty., 3rd Bde., R.A.	Julia	277 11 11
Dec. 31, 1887	Bunn, T., Gunner	G. Batty., B. Bde., R.H.A.	{ William Thomas { James John	63 9 8 63 9 8

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.
Mar. 29, 1888	Oxford, W., Private	2nd Royal Lanc. Regt.	A., L., A. and J. T.	Rs. A. P. 27 3 2
Nov. 16, 1844	Gale, —, Private	10th Foot	John Thomas	28 12 0
" 20, 1844	Sullivan, John, Bombardier	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	John	130 0 0
Jan. 6, 1845	Monaghan, Michael, Sergeant	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	James	156 12 5
" 15, 1845	Godfrey, —, Sergeant-Major	.....	Harriett M. and James.	31 14 1
Feb. 14, 1845	Fry, —, Bugle Major	6th Bn. of Arty.	James	12 6 9
" 3, 1842	Wilson	.....	Sophia, Thomas and Elizabeth.	204 7 8
" ... 1842	McCarthy, Qr. Mr. Sergeant	.....	John	61 2 3
" 14, 1845	Hannoo, J., Drummer	68th Regt., N. Infy.	Mary	28 8 3
July 7, 1845	Hay, A., Sergeant-Major	.....	Thomas	101 5 4
" 9, 1845	Menney, John, Sergeant-Major	2nd Bde., H. Arty.	Henry and James	292 15 8
" 9, 1845	Murphy, Thomas, Bombardier	2nd Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty.	Ellen	77 4 11
" 9, 1845	Fate, William, Staff Sergeant	4th Co., 15th Bn. of Arty.	Catherine Ann	167 15 5
" 9, 1845	Daley, Owen, Gunner	3rd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	Owen	7 1 7
Sept. 1, 1845	Ryan, —, Sergeant	.....	Julia B. and George J.	120 13 0
Aug. 8, 1846	McEnerney, Thomas, Sub-Conductor.	.....	Hannah	152 0 9
" ...	Glasscan, John, Corporal	.....	Ellen Sarah	66 10 3
" ...	Kidley, Henry, Gunner	.....	Henry	34 9 3
Oct. 16, 1846	Lewis, Thomas, Gunner	Arty.	Thomas	20 5 3
July 6, 1847	Dobbins, Francis, Gunner	.....	Martha	83 3 6
" 19, 1847	Lunn, Adam, Farrier	.....	Adam T. and John	79 14 0
" 19, 1847	Clarke, William, Bombardier	1st Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty.	Not recorded	104 10 8
" 19, 1847	Prince, W., Sergeant	1st Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Ditto	125 15 10
Jan. 11, 1848	Byrnes, —, Corporal	.....	Maria	59 0 0
July 6, 1848	Braithwaite, W., Staff Sergeant.	.....	C. William and William H.	148 3 5
Oct. 16, 1848	Butcher, H., Sergeant-Major	Sirmoor Bn.	Johannah, Frederick and David Edwin.	99 6 1
May 9, 1849	Sheehan, D., Private	2nd En. Regt.	James	36 5 6
June 2, 1849	Moore, Benjamin, Private	1st En. B. F.	Sarah C.	9 8 4
" 2, 1849	Crowley, Charles, Private	1st En. B. F.	John	7 6 0
Oct. 12, 1849	Deare, W., Conductor	.....	Emeline	50 0 0
Nov. 21, 1849	Moget, —, Sergeant-Major	.....	George	69 14 4
Feb. 18, 1850	Boote, Daniel, Gunner	1st Co., 4th Bn. of Arty.	James and another	26 3 5
June 29, 1850	Uniaek, Patrick, Sergeant	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty.	John and another	29 15 0
Aug. 19, 1850	Sheehan, P., Gunner	Arty.	Patrick	23 5 6
Oct. 29, 1850	Lees, James, Corporal	2nd En. Regt.	Elizabeth	25 14 6
Nov. 4, 1852	Hodgins, Adam, Gunner	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	William	9 11 11
Feb. 1, 1853	Edwards, Michael, Sergeant	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	Jane and Bridget	36 5 9
Apl. 21, 1853	Staples, Edward, Sergeant	Sappers and Miners	E. W. H.	97 2 6
Sept. 13, 1853	Brown, Michael, Sergeant	Arracan Bn.	John	49 10 3
Jan. 24, 1854	Galway, Robert, Bombardier	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty.	William	206 1 2
" 18, 1855	Munrowd, George, Sub-Conductor.	Ordnance Dept.	Georgiana	61 10 3
Sept. 24, 1855	Franks, G., Bazar Sergeant	.....	Mary Harriet	283 1 11
Oct. 15, 1857	Earle, Edward, Sergeant	Calcutta Town Guard	William Edward	209 14 0
Dec. 4, 1860	MacDonnel, John, Private	97th Foot	Charles	25 15 6
June ... 1862	Keddie, J., Private	2nd En. B. F.	Jane and James	86 0 0
July 22, 1863	Lawton, William, Color-Sergeant.	24th Foot	William and Joseph	152 14 2
Jan. 25, 1864	Jones, John, Gunner	G. Pattery, 22nd Bde., Royal Arty.	Henrietta Dalzell	39 5 10
Mar. 10, 1864	} Anderson, William, Gunner	5th Bn., 25th Bde., Royal Arty.	Duncan	35 4 11
May 19, 1864		.....	.....	.....
July 18, 1865	Rowland, J., Private	2nd Dragoon Guards	Sophia M. and Elizabeth Ann.	8 0 0
June 25, 1866	Mead, William, Bombardier	4-25th Royal Arty.	Mary and Thomas	4 0 0
Oct. 9, 1871	York, R., Sergeant	Arty.	Henry J.	21 1 4
May 8, 1884	Claydon, Daniel, Color-Sergeant.	2nd Lanc. Fus.	Thomas Patrick	60 0 0
July 6, 1887	} Simons, J., Lance-Corporal	2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt.	John Thomas	176 15 1
June 2, 1888 and		.....	.....	.....
Sept. 7, 1888	} Hyland, M., Drummer	2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt.	Patrick, Emily Matilda and Rosanna.	558 9 8
Apl. 11, 1889		.....	.....	.....
Aug. 31, 1889	Neil, Thomas, Color-Sergt.	2nd West York Regt.	Alfred William and Joseph Thomas.	399 3 7
Nov. 26, 1889	Foster, G., Private	2nd West York Regt.	George E. Ernest	113 13 9

Application for payment of the deposits should be made to the Controller of Military Accounts, Eastern Circle, Lucknow.

M. E. L. BRUCE, Major,

Deputy Controller, 8th (Lucknow) Division, and *ex-officio* Secretary, Military Orphan Schools.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,
8TH (LUCKNOW) DIVISION,
Lucknow, the 8th November 1913.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, 16th October 1918.

No. 1850-G.—Mr. C. St. C. Cameron, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade (Temporary), Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

No. 1951-G.—The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made with effect from the date specified :—

From the 1st November 1918 vice Mr. C. St. C. Cameron, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade (Temporary), granted privilege leave—

Khan Sahib B. C. Lichmore to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

No. 1852-G.—The following reversion of an officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made with effect from the 25th October 1918, the date Mr. W. J. Coates returned from privilege leave :—

Rai Sahib Satyendra Nath Auditya, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to his own grade.

No. 1853-G.—The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made with effect from the date specified :—

From the 8th November 1918, vice Captain J. I. Allen, granted privilege leave—

Mr. J. W. Glancey to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,

Military Accountant General.

SURVEY OF INDIA, SOUTHERN CIRCLE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Shillong, the 11th November 1918.

No. 14.—In continuation of this office Notification No. 12, dated the 16th September 1918, Mr. H. H. Creed, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India, is granted an extension of privilege leave for 30 days from the 12th November 1918, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

F. W. PIRRIE, Major, I. A.,

Offg. Superintendent, Southern Circle.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Delhi, the 7th November 1918.

No. 8314-Education.—Under the provisions of section 201 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, III of 1911, the following rules relating to the report of the deaths of Military pensioners in the Delhi Municipality, which have been approved by the Chief Commissioner, are published for general information.

2. These rules will come into force six weeks from the date of the publication of this Notification :—

- (1) The Health Officer shall obtain from the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, an up-to-date list of all Military pensioners resident within the Municipal limits; a new list shall be obtained every half-year in January and July.
- (2) The Sanitation Ward Inspectors shall make it their business to become acquainted with each Government pensioner, Civil resident within their respective wards, and shall make in February and August months a half-yearly check of the list supplied them by the Health Officer of all the Military pensioners.
- (3) The Sanitation Ward Inspector shall report the deaths of all pensioners, Military and Civil, resident in the ward to the Births and Deaths Moharrir, who shall, in his turn, report such deaths to the Deputy Commissioner.
- (4) On the occasion of the death of a Military pensioner, the Sanitation Ward Inspector shall recover the pension certificate from the person in whose custody it is and forward the same, through the Births and Deaths Moharrir, to the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi.
- (5) If the Sanitation Ward Inspector is unable to recover the certificate he shall report the reason for his inability, through the Births and Deaths Moharrir, to the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi.

(6) The Sanitation Circle Inspectors will exercise a general supervision over their respective Ward Inspectors in seeing that these directions are carried out.

3. The bye-laws published under Punjab Government Notification No. 206, dated the 29th April 1913, are hereby cancelled.

No. 8319-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned municipal towns in the Province of Delhi, for the week ending 1st November 1913, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	
No.	Name of Municipal Town.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.										Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	T-total.			
	Delhi	230,471	101	119	220	86	74	160	...	...	...	118	2	21	...	13	2	22	18	40	52.4	38.7
	Notified Area . . . . .	...	3	...	3	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total . . . . .	...	104	119	223	89	74	163	...	...	...	121	8	21	...	13	2	22	18	40	...	...

No. 8322-Home.—On return from leave Mr. C. L. Dundas, I.C.S., assumed charge of the duties of Divisional and Sessions Judge, Delhi, with effect from the forenoon of the 3rd November 1913.

No. 8324-Home.—Under the provisions of section 19, sub-section (1) of the Punjab Courts Act, 1884, XVIII of 1884, Mr. C. L. Dundas, I.C.S., is appointed Divisional Judge of the Divisional Court of the Delhi Civil Division, with effect from the date he assumed charge of that post.

No. 8325-Home.—Under the provisions of section 9, sub-section (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, V of 1898, Mr. C. L. Dundas, I.C.S., is appointed to be Sessions Judge within the limits of the Sessions Division of Delhi, with effect from the date he assumed charge of that post.

The 8th November 1913.

No. 8366-C. & J.—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current at the head-quarters of the Province of Delhi are published for information :—

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the head-quarters of the Delhi Province at the close of the half month ending 31st October 1913.

ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.		REMARKS.
	Srs.	Chts.	
Wheat	10	0	
Barley	12	0	
Rice { Best sort	3	0	
{ Common sort	5	12	
Jowár (Andropogon sorghum)	14	0	
Bájra (Pennisetum typhoides)	11	8	
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana) . . . . .	...	...
Kangni (Setaria Italica) . . . . .	...	...
Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)	12	4	
Maize	12	8	
Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dál)	10	0	
Firewood	55	0	
Salt, Sambhar { Wholesale . . . . .	...	...
{ Retail	22	0	
Gur	9	0	
Cotton (unginned)	4	12	
Bejhar	12	0	

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food-grains, etc., in the mart at the head-quarters of the Province of Delhi, during the fortnight ending 31st October 1913.

Items.	Wholesale price in Rupees.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	
Rice, unhusked	3 8 0	
„ husked	6 11 0	
Wheat	3 12 0	
Barley	3 3 3	
Oats . . . . .	...
Jowar	2 10 6	
Bajra	3 5 0	
Maize	3 0 0	
Gram	3 2 0	
Arhar, Dál	8 12 0	
Linseed	9 0 0	
Rapeseed (Sarshaf)	6 0 0	
Poppyseed . . . . .	...
Til (Jinjili seed)	9 8 0	
Sugar (raw), Gur	4 0 0	
Cotton (cleaned)	22 0 0	
Cotton seed	2 8 0	
Ghi	50 0 0	
Flour (wheat)	4 3 0	
Tobacco leaf (dry)	7 0 0	
Turmeric (unground)	10 0 0	
Salt	1 12 0	
Raw hides (cow)	35 0 0	
Bran	2 0 0	
Grass (dry)	1 2 3	
Bhusa	1 2 3	
Jowar stalks (dry)	1 2 3	
Kerosene oil (per tin, stating the brand)	2 2 9	
Plough bullocks, per pair	150 0 0	
Sheep, per score	80 0 0	
Bejhar	3 3 3	

Dated 11th November 1913.

No. 8379-Education.—Under the provisions of section 55 (2) of Act XX of 1883 (The Punjab District Board's Act), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following rules in supersession of the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 141, dated 24th June 1909. :—

RULES.

I. A meeting of each district board and of each local board shall be held not less than once every two months, provided that the Chairman may, if the amount of business is small

and not urgent, dispense with any particular meeting, but no three consecutive calendar months shall pass without a meeting.

II. If there is budget provision district boards may pay to non-official members, who have to travel over 10 miles to attend a meeting of the board, expenses at the rate Rs 2 when they come from a distance over 10 miles, and not over 30 miles, and Rs. 5 if they come from a greater distance than 30 miles, calculated by the ordinary route.

These allowance shall cover the return journey and may be paid at the meeting on the payee's simple receipt.

III. Members shall be provided at least one week before each meeting with a statement of the agenda explaining fully and accurately the questions to be considered at the meeting. Further items may, however, be added to the agenda, with the special approval of the Chairman or presiding officer.

The 12th of November 1913.

No. 8418-Home.—The following return of deaths registered in the province of Delhi during the half month ending 31st October 1913, is published for information:—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Name of Towns and Rural Circles in the District.	Deaths registered in previous half month.	Total in present half month.	Deaths registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age.		REMARKS.
			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.		Total.
P. S. Alipur	40	51	...	...	...	26	2	20	...	...	3	...	11	7	18
Nangloi	34	34	...	...	...	22	...	12	..	...	...	...	7	6	13
Najafgarh	55	63	...	...	...	40	1	21	...	...	1	...	16	12	28
Subsimundi	2	9	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	2
Paharganj	4	24	...	...	...	22	..	...	...	...	2	...	6	3	9
Mehrauli	38	40	...	...	..	28	...	10	...	..	2	...	7	4	11
Total of the District	173	221	...	...	...	146	3	63	...	...	9	1	49	32	81

No. 8444-Home.—Mr. M. H. Harrison, I.C.S., assumed charge of the duties of Offg. Additional District Magistrate, Delhi, with effect from the 4th November 1913, *vice* Mr. S. M. Jacob, granted leave.

No. 8446-Home.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10, sub-section (2), of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, V of 1898, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Mr. M. H. Harrison, I.C.S., a Magistrate of the 1st Class in the Delhi District, to be an Offg. Additional District Magistrate for a period of six months from the date of this Notification. Mr. M. H. Harrison is hereby invested with all the powers of a District Magistrate, specified in Part V of Schedule III of the Code of Criminal Procedure, except those entered as (12), (15), (16) and (17) in the same part and Schedule.

No. 8453-Education. In exercise of the powers conferred under section 3(1) of the Ancient Monuments' Preservation Act, VII of 1904, the Chief Commissioner proposes to declare that the undermentioned monuments are protected within the meaning of the Act—

Monuments.	Locality.
1. Tomb of Muhammad Shah known as Mubarik Khan Ka Gumbaz.	Khairpur.
2. Tomb of Sikandar Lodi, with its enclosure walls and bastions, gates and compound.	Ditto.
3. Old Lodi Bridge with its approaches	Near Tomb of Sikandar Lodi, Khairpur.

Monuments.	Locality.
4. Mosque with its <i>dalans</i> and courtyard and the Bara-Gumbaz (the domed entrance to the mosque).	Khairpur.
5. Unknown tomb with blue tile decoration known as Shisha Gumbaz.	Ditto.
6. The Qutb archaeological area as now fenced in, including the mosque, iron pillar, Minar of Qutbud Din, unfinished Minar, all colonnades, screen arches tomb of Altamsh, college buildings of Alau-d-Din, tomb of Imam Zamin and all carved stones in the above area with gardens, paths and water channels, and all gateways, including the Alai Darwaza; also all graves in the above area.	Mehrauli.
7. Tomb of Adham Khan (Rest House)	Ditto.
8. Tomb of Muhammed Quli Khan	South of Qutb Dāk bungalow, Mehrauli.

Any objections to the above proposal received in writing within one month from the date of posting by the Deputy Commissioner will be taken into consideration by the Chief Commissioner.

No. 8456-Education.—The following bye-laws framed by the Municipal Committee of Delhi, under the provisions of Section 3, Act XIV of 1879 (Hackney Carriage Act), regarding regulation of Hackney Carriages within the Municipal limits of Delhi, are approved by the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of the Delhi Province, and are hereby published for general information.

The bye-laws will come into force on 1st December 1913.

BYE-LAWS.

1. No carriage shall be let to hire or taken to ply or offered for hire on any road within the sixth milestone from Delhi, except under a license granted in that behalf, in accordance with these rules.

2. Such license shall be issued from the Municipal Office (in Form 32, Municipal Account Code, on payment of the fees prescribed by Rule 4 after the carriage has been examined and approved by a Hackney Carriage Committee formed of the President of, and the Secretary to, the Municipal Committee, the Superintendent of Police (or in his absence a gazetted Assistant Superintendent of Police) and such other Members as may be appointed by the Municipal Committee.

3. Hackney carriages shall be of four classes as detailed below :—

1st Class.—Landaus and Broughams, drawn by two horses.

2nd Class.—Palki Carriages, drawn by two horses, Victorias, and tongas with rubber tyres.

3rd Class.—Palki Carriages, drawn by one horse, and Tongas.

4th Class.—Ekkas.

NOTE.—Landaus, Broughams and Victorias will not be licensed unless their wheels have rubber tyres.

4. The annual fees payable for carriage licenses shall be :—

<i>1st Class</i>	Rs. 18
<i>2nd Class</i>	„ 15
<i>3rd Class</i>	„ 10
<i>4th Class</i>	„ 6

NOTE.—These amounts include wheel tax, which will not be separately collected from any licensed vehicle.

5. Carriage licenses issued under these rules shall continue in force from the 1st November to the 31st October following, except in the case of ekkas, the licenses for which will run from 1st April to the 31st March following: all carriage licenses are subject to suspension and revocation as laid down in these rules.

6. When a carriage licensed under these rules is transferred to another proprietor the latter shall apply to the Municipal Office within one week of the date of transfer to have his name recorded as licensee; such change shall be made free of cost; no transfer of license shall be valid otherwise.

7. The carriage licensee shall comply with the following conditions of license:—

- (a) That the animals used to draw the licensed vehicle shall be suitable to the class for which they are employed, in good health, and, unless the animal is used only in a vehicle belonging to class IV, over thirteen hands.
- (b) That the carriage shall be kept clean and in good repair and that the harness used shall be strong, in good order, and suitable to the class of vehicle for which it is employed.
- (c) That the licensed vehicle shall not be driven except by a man to whom a license has been granted by the Secretary to the Municipal Committee under Rule 15.
- (d) That he shall cause to be attached to the licensed vehicle in a conspicuous place (1) the serial number of the license as determined by the Secretary to the Municipal Committee, painted in black on a white back-ground, (2) the original license granted to it for the current year and (3) a copy of the authorized table of fares printed in English and Urdu.
- (e) That he shall not demand from the hirer of the licensed vehicle any charges in excess of those laid down in the authorized table of fares in Schedule A.
- (f) That he shall give the licensed vehicle on hire, with the necessary horses and driver complete, at any reasonable time to any person demanding the same, except for good and sufficient reason for refusing, and the burden of proving that the reason was good and sufficient shall lie on him.
- (g) That he shall not allow the licensed vehicle to carry any person in excess of the number shown against each description of carriage in the following list:—

Description of carriage.	Number of persons.
1. Landau, Victoria or Palki:—	
(a) With two horses	7 persons including syce and driver.
(b) With one horse	6 persons including syce and driver.
2. Tonga	4 persons including driver.
3. Ekka	4 persons including driver.

N. B.—Two children under 10 years of age shall be reckoned as one person.

- (h) That he shall not allow the licensed vehicle to carry a load, including luggage, in excess of that shown against each description of carriage in the following list:—

Landau, Victoria or Palki Carriage, drawn by two horses	15 Mds.
Victoria or Palki Carriage, drawn by one horse	10½ „
Tonga	7 „
Ekka	7 „

Each adult shall be considered as weighing 1½ maunds and each child under 10 years of age as weighing ¾ maund.

- (i) That he shall cause to be immediately deposited in the nearest police station any property found by him in the licensed vehicle.
- (j) That he shall permit any member of the Hackney Carriage Committee or any other person deputed by them in this behalf, to enter on and inspect at any time the premises in which any hackney carriage, or the animal or harness or other things used therewith are kept.
- (k) that he shall cause the licensed vehicle to be produced for inspection at the Town Hall when so required by any magistrate or police officer not under the rank of Deputy Superintendent, or at the Town Hall or elsewhere by the Secretary to the Municipal Committee or by such officer as may be specially authorized in this behalf by the Municipal Committee, or as required by rule 15.
- (l) that he shall comply with rule 12.

NOTE.—For the purpose of conditions (a) and (b) the decision of the Hackney Carriage Committee shall be final as to whether the animal and harness are so suitable.

8. No person shall act as a driver of a hackney carriage except under a license granted in that behalf under rule 10 by the Secretary to the Municipal Committee.

9. The fees for drivers' licenses shall be :—

- (a) for license to drive 1st, 2nd and 3rd class carriages Rs. 2
 (b) for license to drive an ekka only Re. 1.

These licenses shall be granted by the Secretary to the Municipal Committee and may be refused by him, if the applicant appears to be too young or otherwise unfitted for the work. Such license is not transferable and is subject to all revocations and suspensions made under these rules. Licenses under (a) shall be current from 1st November to 31st October and licenses under (b) shall be current from 1st April to 1st March in each year.

10. A driver so licensed shall comply with the following conditions of license :—

- (a) that he shall always when driving a licensed vehicle wear the number badge and uniform prescribed. No uniform has been prescribed for persons licensed to drive carriages of the 4th class only ;
 (b) that he shall drive with due care and precaution and observe all rules of the road ;
 (c) that he shall not cruelly beat, ill-treat, overdrive or misuse any horse driven in a licensed vehicle ;
 (d) that he shall not be drunk during employment or make use of insulting or abusive language or gestures ;
 (e) that he shall not demand more than the fares prescribed in Schedule A ;
 (f) that he shall comply as regards the manner of taking up or setting down a passenger with the directions of any Police or other officer duly authorized to keep order and prevent obstructions of traffic.
 (g) that he shall not loiter with his licensed vehicle in any public thoroughfare, when plying for hire and not actually hired ; in such cases he shall station such carriage on some one of the stands fixed by the Municipal Committee for this purpose ;
 (h) that he shall comply with the orders of the Police regarding the order in which his licensed vehicle shall wait on such stands, and regarding the number of vehicles which may wait on such stands ;
 (i) that he shall not refuse while stationed on such stand to let his vehicle to any person hailing it ;

NOTE.—Stands shall be open to all carriages of the class for which they are intended, and which will be intimated by a notice displayed at each stand.

- (j) that, while plying for hire, he shall not drive his vehicle at an average speed of less than five miles per hour ;
 (k) that he shall not carry a greater number of passengers or a greater weight of load than that detailed in rule 8 (g) and (h) ;
 (l) that if after the termination of the hiring of the licensed vehicle any property is discovered he shall cause the same to be deposited immediately in the nearest police station ,

NOTE.—Rewards (if any) paid at the police station for the recovery of lost property will be paid to the driver concerned under Police Departmental arrangements.

- (m) that he shall keep the licensed vehicle in a clean and tidy condition ;
 (n) that he shall comply with rule 11.

11. No person shall carry or cause to be carried in a licensed vehicle any person suffering from either cholera, small-pox, leprosy, or plague or the corpse of a person who has died from any of these diseases, excepting under the directions of a Medical Officer of the District Staff, or of the Health Officer to the Municipality. The owner shall present any vehicle which has been used for such purpose at the Paharganj Infection Hospital for disinfection within twelve hours of having so carried the person or corpse, and no person shall ply it for hire or offer it for hire till it has been so disinfected.

The driver shall be entitled to a fare of one day's hire (in the case of class iv ekkas Rs. 2) from the hirer of a vehicle for the purposes mentioned in this bye-law.

12. Any member of the Hackney Carriage Committee may take any carriage license form and suspend the license if on due inquiry or as the result of his own observation he believes the licensee has committed a breach of any of the conditions in Rule 7, and he will at once report the fact of suspension and forward the license form to the Secretary to the Municipal Committee.

The offender on rectifying the breach shall present his carriage for inspection to the Secretary at the Town Hall, who will either restore the license and give back the license form or postpone the matter till the next meeting of the Hackney Carriage Committee, when the proprietor will again present the carriage for inspection. The Hackney Carriage Committee may then revoke the license or return it.

13. The Secretary to the Municipal Committee may take any driver's license form and suspend or revoke the driver's license if, on due inquiry or as the result of his own observation, he believes the licensee has committed a breach of any of the conditions in Rule 10.

14. Prosecutions for breaches of these rules may be instituted by any gazetted police officer or by the Secretary to the Municipal Committee or by any member of the Municipal Committee.

15. There shall be half-yearly general inspections of all licensed vehicles on dates to be fixed by the Hackney Carriage Committee.

The carriage licensee shall produce all licensed vehicles as ordered at such general inspection.

16. These rules shall apply to all vehicles plying for hire on all roads within the Delhi Province up to the 6th mile-stone from Delhi with the following exception :—They shall not apply to ekkas belonging to other towns or places situated some distance from Delhi, so long as they only bring passengers into Delhi from outside and wait in Delhi without plying for hire until they get an engagement to carry passengers to the place from which they originally came.

NOTE.—Any person failing to comply with rules 1, 6, 7, 8, 10 and 11 is liable on conviction before a magistrate to a fine of Rs. 50 under Section 7 of Act XIV of 1879.

SCHEDULE A.

The following rates are the maximum which may be demanded from hirers of licensed carriages :—

(a) *Within Municipal, Notified Area and Cantonment Limits.*

	1st class.	2nd class.	3rd class.	4th class.
	R s. p.	R s. p.	R s. p.	R s. p.
For first hour	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 3 0
For every subsequent hour or part of an hour	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 2 0
For a day of 9 hours	5 0 0	3 4 0	2 4 0	...

NOTE A.—For a drive not exceeding a mile, the fare for a 3rd class carriage shall be 6 annas.

NOTE B.—The rate for a whole day of 9 hours for 4th class may be settled by private arrangement.

(b) *Outside Municipal, Notified Area and Cantonment Limits.*

The rates shall be as above but in addition one rupee may be demanded in the case of 1st, 2nd and 3rd class carriages, annas eight in the case of 4th class carriages, if the carriage is dismissed outside the Municipal, Notified Area and Cantonment limits, but within the Delhi Province and not further than the sixth mile-stone from Delhi.

For the following places the rates shown against each are the maximum which may be demanded :—

Class.	To Kutab.	To Okhla.	To Kalkaji.
	Rs. s. p.	Rs. s. p.	Rs. s. p.
First	8 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0
Second	6 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0
Third	4 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0
Fourth	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 8 0

These rates are for the journey out and back if the return journey is made on the same day as the outward journey.

Proviso.—During the period of the Sair-i-Gulfaroshan in each year the fares to these places shall be settled by private arrangement; the above rates shall not be deemed to be in force for that period.

By order,

G. F. DEMONTMORENCY,
Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

CORRIGENDUM.

Dated Delhi, the 12th November 1913.

In Chief Commissioner's notification No. 7289-Home, dated 24th September 1913, *for* "Sections 2 (2) and 3 of Act VII of 1912" *read* "Sections 2 (2) and 3 of Act VIII of 1912."

G. F. DEMONTMORENCY,

Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

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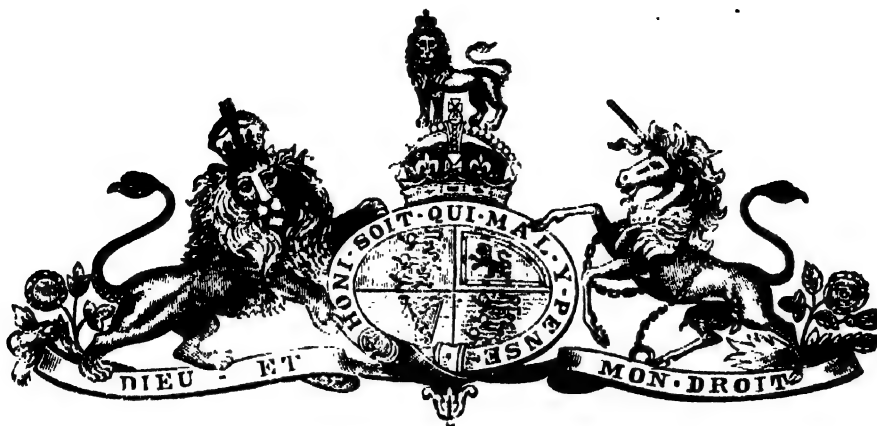
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The Gazette of India.

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PART III.

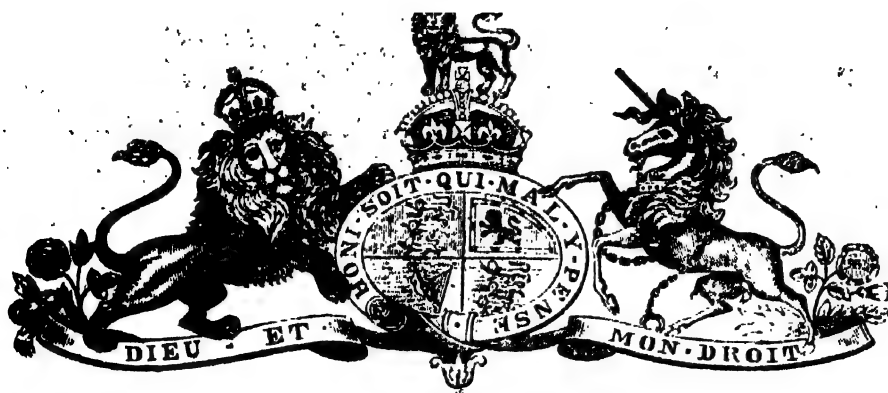
Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. B-030841, B-030842 and B-030843 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rupees one hundred each originally standing in the name of Saporjee Sorabjee and last endorsed to Dinshaw D. Romer and Meherbai D. Romer the proprietors by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned Securities.

Name of the Advertiser—DINSHAW D. ROMER,

Residence—Humam Street, Bombay.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 46. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1913.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 15th November, 1913.

No. 58.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, Ch. 4), as extended to the Central Provinces under section 3 of the Government of India Act, 1912 (2 & 3 Geo. 5, Ch. 6) by Proclamation dated the 8th November, 1913, Governor General in Council has, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, made the following Regulations for the nomination and election of Members of Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces :—

REGULATIONS FOR THE NOMINATION AND ELECTION OF MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.

I. (1) The Members of the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces shall ordinarily consist of—

A.—Members elected by the classes specified in Regulation II, who shall be seven in number ;

B.—Members nominated by the Chief Commissioner with the sanction of the Governor General, who shall not exceed seventeen in number, and of whom,

- (a) not more than ten may be officials, and
- (b) three shall be non-official persons resident in Berar duly qualified under regulations laid down in that behalf.

(2) In addition to the twenty-four members above specified, the Chief Commissioner may, with the sanction of the Governor General, nominate one more person, whether an official or a non-official, who possesses expert knowledge of subjects connected with proposed or pending legislation to be a member of the Council:

Provided that it shall not be lawful for the Chief Commissioner to nominate so many official persons under these Regulations that the majority of all the members of the Council shall be officials.

II. The seven elected Members specified in Regulation I shall be elected as follows, namely :—

- (i) By the Municipal Committees ... 3 Members.
- (ii) By the District Councils ... 2 Members.
- (iii) By the Landholders ... 2 Members.

Electorates and electoral procedure.

III. The election of the Members specified in Regulation II shall be effected by the electorates, and in accordance with the procedures respectively prescribed in the Schedules to these Regulations.

Ineligible candidates.

IV. No person shall be eligible for election as a member of the Council, if such person—

- (a) is not a British subject, or
- (b) is an official, or
- (c) is a female, or
- (d) has been adjudged by a competent Court to be of unsound mind, or
- (e) is under twenty-five years of age, or
- (f) is an uncertificated bankrupt or an undischarged insolvent, or
- (g) has been dismissed from the Government service, or
- (h) has been sentenced by a Criminal Court to imprisonment for an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months, or to transportation, or has been ordered to find security for good behaviour under the Code of Criminal Procedure, such sentence or order not having subsequently been reversed or remitted, or the offender pardoned, or
- (i) has been debarred from practising as a legal practitioner by order of any competent authority, or
- (k) has been declared by the Chief Commissioner to be of such reputation and antecedents that his election would, in his opinion, be contrary to the public interests:

Provided that in cases (g), (h), (i) and (k) the disqualification may be removed by an order of the Chief Commissioner in this behalf.

Qualifications of candidates.

V. No person shall be eligible for election under any sub-head of Regulation II, unless he possesses the qualifications prescribed for candidates in the Schedule regulating elections under that sub-head.

Disqualification of voters.

VI. No person shall be qualified to vote at any election held under these Regulations, if such person—

- (a) is a female, or
- (b) is a minor, or
- (c) has been adjudged by a competent Court to be of unsound mind.

VII. Every person, who is elected or nominated under these Regulations to be a Member of Council shall, before taking his seat, make, at a meeting of the Council, an oath or affirmation of his allegiance to the Crown, in the following form, namely:—

Oath of office.

I, A. B., having been ^{elected}_{nominated} a Member of the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will bear true allegiance to His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, His heirs and successors, and that I will faithfully discharge the duty of the office upon which I am about to enter.

VIII. (1) If any person—

Power to declare seats vacant.

(a) not being eligible for election is elected under these Regulations, or
(b) having been elected or nominated, subsequently becomes subject to any of the disabilities stated in clause (d), (f), (g), (h) or (i) of Regulation IV, or fails to make the oath or affirmation prescribed by Regulation VII within such time as the Chief Commissioner considers reasonable,
the Chief Commissioner shall, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare his election or nomination to be void or his seat to be vacant.

(2) When any such declaration is made, the Chief Commissioner shall, by notification as aforesaid, call upon the electorate concerned to elect another person within such time as may be prescribed by such notification, or shall, with the sanction of the Governor General, nominate another person, as the case may be.

(3) If any person elected at such fresh election is not eligible for election, the Chief Commissioner may, with the like sanction, nominate any person who is eligible for election by the electorate concerned.

IX. (1) If any person is elected by more than one electorate, he shall, by notice in writing signed by him and delivered to the Chief Secretary to the Local Government, within seven days from the date of the publication of the result of such elections in the local official Gazette, choose, or, in his default, the Chief Commissioner shall declare, for which of these electorates he shall serve, and the choice or declaration shall be conclusive.

Candidates elected by several electorates.

(2) When any such choice or declaration has been made, the votes recorded for such person in any electorate for which he is not to serve shall be deemed not to have been given, and the candidate, if any, who, except for the said votes, would have been declared elected for such electorate, shall be deemed to have been duly elected for the same.

X. (1) Save as otherwise provided in these Regulations, the term of office of a Member shall be three years commencing from—

Term of office.

(a) in the case of a nominated Member, the date of the publication in the local official Gazette of the notification by which he is nominated,

(b) in the case of an elected Member, the date of the publication in the local official Gazette of the result of the election or, when the result of such election has been so published before the vacancy has occurred, from the date on which such vacancy occurs :

Provided that official Members and Members nominated under the provisions of sub-section (2) of Regulation I shall hold office for three years, or such shorter period as the Chief Commissioner may at the time of nomination determine.

(2) A Member elected or nominated to fill a casual vacancy occurring by reason of absence from India, inability to attend to duty, death, acceptance of office or resignation duly accepted, or otherwise, or a Member nominated on failure of an electorate to elect an eligible person shall hold office as long as the Member whose place he fills would have been entitled to hold office if the vacancy had not occurred.

XI. (1) When a vacancy occurs in the case of a Member who represents any interest specified in Regulation II, or at any time within three months of the date when such a vacancy will occur in the ordinary course of events, the Chief Commissioner shall, by notification as aforesaid, call upon the electorate concerned to elect a person for the purpose of filling the vacancy within such time as may be prescribed by such notification.

Vacancies.

(2) When a vacancy occurs in the case of a nominated Member, the Chief Commissioner may, with the sanction of the Governor General, nominate any person to the vacancy:

Provided that, when a casual vacancy occurs in the case of an elected Member, the election shall always be made by the same electorate as that which elected the Member whose place is to be filled, and shall be subject to the same conditions in respect of eligibility of candidates for nomination as those which governed the election of such Member:

Provided further that, in the case of a Member nominated under Regulation I, sub-head B, clause (b), the Chief Commissioner shall, on the occurrence of the vacancy or at any time within three months of the date when such a vacancy will occur in the ordinary course of events, notify the vacancy or the impending vacancy in the local official Gazette.

Failure to elect.

XII. If within the time prescribed by a notification issued under Regulation VIII, clause (2), or Regulation XI, clause (1), the electorate concerned fails to elect, the Chief Commissioner may, with the like sanction, nominate at his discretion any person who is eligible for election by such electorate.

Quorum.

XIII. The power of making laws and regulations or of transacting other business vested in the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces shall be exercised only when eight or more Members of the Council are present.

Corrupt Practice.

XIV. (1) No election shall be valid if any corrupt practice is committed in connection therewith by the candidate elected.

(2) A person shall be deemed to commit a corrupt practice within the meaning of these regulations —

(i) who, with a view to inducing any voter to give or to refrain from giving a vote in favour of any candidate, offers or gives any money or valuable consideration, or holds out any promise of individual profit, or holds out any threat of injury, to any person, or

(ii) who gives, procures or abets the giving of a vote in the name of a voter who is not the person giving such vote.

And a corrupt practice shall be deemed to be committed by a candidate, if it is committed with his knowledge and consent, or by a person who is acting under the general or special authority of such candidate with reference to the election.

Explanation.—A "promise of individual profit" includes a promise for the benefit of the person himself, or of any one in whom he is interested.

Non-compliance with rules.

XV. No election shall be invalid by reason of a non-compliance with the rules contained in the Schedules to these Regulations, or any mistake in the use of Forms annexed thereto, if it appears that the election was conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in such rules, and that such non-compliance or mistake did not affect the result of the election.

Disputes as to validity of elections.

XVI. (1) If the validity of any election is brought in question by any person qualified either to be elected or to vote at such election on the ground of the improper rejection or reception of a nomination, or of a vote, or of any corrupt practice in connection with such election, or for any other cause, such person may, at any time within fifteen days from the date of the publication of the result of such election in the local official Gazette, apply to the Local Government to set aside such election.

(2) The Chief Commissioner shall, after such inquiry (if any) as he may consider necessary, declare, by notification as aforesaid, whether the candidate whose election is questioned or any or what other person was duly elected, or whether the election was void.

(3) If the election is declared void, the Chief Commissioner shall by notification as aforesaid, call upon the electorate concerned to elect another person within such time as may be prescribed by such notification.

(4) If within the time prescribed the electorate fails to elect, the Chief Commissioner may, with the sanction of the Governor-General, nominate any person who is eligible for election by such electorate.

Finality of decisions.

XVII. The decision of the Chief Commissioner on any question that may arise as to the intention, construction or application of these Regulations shall be final.

Future elections.

XVIII. (1) As soon as conveniently may be after these Regulations come into force, a Council shall be constituted in accordance with their provisions.

(2) For this purpose the Chief Commissioner shall, by notification as aforesaid, call upon the electorates referred to in Regulation III to elect Members in accordance with these Regulations within such time as may be prescribed by such notification.

(3) If within the time so prescribed any such class fails to elect, the Chief Commissioner may nominate, at his discretion for a period not exceeding six months, any person who is eligible for election by such class.

SCHEDULE I.

[See Regulation II, Sub-head (i), and Regulation III.]

RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF A MEMBER OR MEMBERS BY THE MUNICIPAL COMMITTEES.

Preliminary.

1. (1) "Attesting Officer" means such officer as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint to perform all or any of the duties of the Attesting Officer under these rules, and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Attesting Officer to perform his duties.

(2) "Returning Officer" means such officer as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint to perform all or any of the duties of the Returning Officer under these rules, and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Returning Officer to perform his duties.

2. (1) The Local Government shall notify from time to time in the local official Gazette all Municipal Committees, as defined in the Central Provinces Municipal Act, XVI of 1903, in the Central Provinces outside the towns of Nagpur and Jubbulpore, which have a local income amounting to not less than five thousand rupees per annum.

Explanation.—For the purpose of these rules, "local income" means the total income of a Municipal Committee excluding the opening balance of the Municipal Fund, grants and contributions, and receipts under the Account Heads "Extraordinary" and "Debt".

(2) Any Municipal Committee in regard to which a notification under sub-rule (1) is for the time being in force shall, for the purposes of this Schedule, be a "notified Municipal Committee."

3. Of the three Members specified in Regulation II, sub-head (i), one shall be elected by the members qualified to vote, other than those appointed *ex-officio* (hereinafter referred to as 'electors') of each of the following groups of Municipal Committees :

Group I.—The Municipal Committee of Jubbulpore town and the notified Municipal Committees of the Jubbulpore and Nerbudda Divisions.

Group II.—The Municipal Committee of Nagpur town and the notified Municipal Committees of the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh Divisions.

Group III.—The Municipal Committees of Nagpur and Jubbulpore Towns.

Electoral roll.

4. (1) On or before such date as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf, an electoral roll for each group in Form I annexed to this Schedule shall be published by the Returning Officer in the local official Gazette.

(2) As soon as may be after the publication of the roll in the said Gazette, a copy thereof shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the office of every Deputy Commissioner.

5. The electoral roll shall be conclusive evidence for the purpose of determining whether any person is an elector or not under these rules.

Revision of electoral roll.

6. (1) The electoral roll published under rule 4 shall be subject to revision from time to time as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, direct.

(2) At the time so notified the Deputy Commissioner may of his own motion, and shall, on the application of any person whose name appears on the said roll, or who claims to have his name inserted therein, revise the said roll so far as it relates to his district.

(3) On such revision the Deputy Commissioner, after such inquiry and after hearing such persons as may be necessary, may order any addition to or alteration in the said roll.

(4) An appeal shall lie from any such order of the Deputy Commissioner to the Commissioner of the Division, whose decision shall be final.

(5) Such appeal, if any, shall be preferred within one week from the date of the order appealed against :

Provided that the Commissioner may, for sufficient reason, extend the time to a period not exceeding three weeks.

(6) As soon as may be after the expiry of the period for appealing or, if an appeal is preferred, after the appeal has been disposed of, the electoral roll, as added to or altered on such revision, shall be published and posted as provided in rule 4.

Qualifications and nomination of candidates.

7. (1) Any person not ineligible for election under these Regulations, and having a place of residence in any of the Divisions or towns, as the case may be, for the representation of the municipal committees of which he is a candidate, may be nominated as a candidate for election if he is, or has during the decade expiring on the date of the election for any period aggregating three years been, a Member of a Municipal Committee belonging to that group :

Provided that, in the case of Groups I, II and III respectively only candidates resident respectively in the Jubbulpore Division, Chhattisgarh Division and Nagpur town shall be nominated at the first, third and succeeding alternate elections and that only candidates resident respectively in the Nerbudda Division, Nagpur Division and Jubbulpore town shall be nominated at the second, fourth and succeeding alternate elections.

Explanation.—The expression “alternate elections” shall not be deemed to include elections to fill casual vacancies.

(2) Such nomination shall be made by means of a nomination paper in Form II annexed to this Schedule, which shall be supplied by the Attesting Officer to any elector of the group concerned asking for the same.

(5) Every nomination paper shall be subscribed by two such electors as proposer and seconder :

Provided that no elector shall subscribe more than one nomination paper.

(4) Every nomination paper shall be presented for attestation on the date and at the time and place appointed by the Local Government in this behalf, and, if the Attesting Officer is satisfied that the nominee is willing to stand for election, shall be attested by the Attesting Officer in the manner prescribed on the face of the form and without delay despatched by registered post to the Returning Officer.

8. Nomination papers which are not received by the Returning Officer before the date and time appointed for the scrutiny of nomination papers shall be rejected.

9. (1) A candidate who has been duly nominated for election may withdraw his candidature by a written and signed communication delivered to the Returning Officer not less than fourteen clear days before the date fixed for the attestation of voting papers, or if the period between the dates fixed for the scrutiny of nomination papers and the attestation of voting papers is less than fourteen clear days, not later than the date fixed for such scrutiny.

(2) The Returning Officer shall forthwith notify the withdrawal of any candidate in such manner as the Local Government may prescribe and shall communicate the withdrawal to the Attesting Officer, who shall thereupon remove from the voting paper the name of the candidate who has withdrawn his candidature.

(3) A candidate who has withdrawn his candidature shall not be allowed to cancel the withdrawal or to stand as a candidate for the same election.

Scrutiny of nomination papers.

10. (1) On the date and at the time appointed by the Local Government for the scrutiny of nomination papers, every candidate and his proposer and seconder may attend at the place appointed, and the Returning Officer shall allow them to examine the nomination papers of all candidates, which have been received by him as aforesaid.

(2) Where an elector subscribes two or more nomination papers, all such nomination papers, except the one first received by the Attesting Officer, shall be deemed to be invalid, and if the Returning Officer is unable to determine which of such nomination papers was so received first, both or all of such papers shall be deemed to be invalid.

(3) The Returning Officer shall examine the nomination papers, and shall decide all objections which may be made to any nomination paper on the ground that it is not valid under these rules, and may reject, either of his own motion or on such objection, any nomination paper on such ground; the decision of the Returning Officer shall in every case be endorsed by him on the nomination paper in respect of which such decision is given, and shall be final, save as provided in Regulations VIII and XVI.

Voting.

11. (1) If in any group one duly nominated candidate only stands for election, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare such candidate to be elected.

(2) If more duly nominated candidates than one stand for election, the Returning Officer shall forthwith publish their names in such manner as the Local Government may prescribe.

12. (1) On such date and at such time as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf, every elector desirous of recording his vote shall attend for the purpose at the office of the Attesting Officer.

(2) The Attesting Officer shall deliver to each elector a voting paper in Form III annexed to this Schedule, in which shall be entered the names of the candidates, together with an envelope for enclosing the same.

(3) The elector shall sign the declaration on the back of the paper in the presence of the Attesting Officer in accordance with the instructions on the face thereof, and the Attesting Officer shall attest his signature in the manner prescribed by the same instructions.

(4) The elector shall then proceed to a place screened from observation, which shall be provided by the Attesting Officer, and there mark his vote on the voting paper in accordance with the instructions on the face thereof.

(5) The elector shall then place the voting paper in the envelope provided, and, after closing the envelope, shall deliver it to the Attesting Officer.

(6) Neglect on the part of the elector to comply with any of these instructions shall render his vote invalid.

(7) If an elector is unable to read or write or is by reason of blindness or other physical defect incapacitated from recording his vote as required by the foregoing provisions of this rule, the Attesting Officer shall assist him in such manner as may be necessary to mark the voting paper and sign the declaration on the back thereof.

13. (1) The Attesting Officer shall, at the close of the day appointed for the attestation of voting papers, despatch all the envelopes so delivered to him to the Returning Officer by registered post in a packet securely sealed with his official seal.

(2) On the day following, the Attesting Officer shall also despatch to the Returning Officer by registered post a list, in Form IV annexed to this Schedule, of the electors whose voting papers he has attested.

Counting of votes and declaration of result.

14. (1) On receiving the voting papers the Returning Officer shall examine them to see whether they have been correctly filled up.

(2) Where an elector records his vote on two or more voting papers, all such papers, except the one first received by the Attesting Officer, shall be deemed to be invalid, and if the Returning Officer is unable to determine which of such papers was so received first, both or all of such papers shall be deemed to be invalid.

(3) The Returning Officer shall endorse ' rejected ' with the grounds for such rejection on any voting paper which he may reject on the ground that it is invalid under these rules, and, save as provided in rule 15 (4) or in Regulation XVI, such rejection shall be final.

(4) The Returning Officer shall then fold the lower portion of every paper, whether valid or invalid, along the dotted line on the back, so as to conceal the names of the elector and the Attesting Officer, and shall seal down the portion thus folded with his official seal.

15. (1) The Returning Officer shall attend for the purpose of counting the votes on such date and at such time and place as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf.

(2) Every candidate may be present in person, or may send a representative, duly authorized by him in writing, to watch the process of counting.

(3) The Returning Officer shall show the voting papers sealed as provided by rule 14 to the candidates or their representatives.

(4) If an objection is made to any voting paper, on the ground that it is invalid under these rules, or to the rejection by the Returning Officer of any voting paper, it shall be decided at once by the Returning Officer, whose decision shall be final, save as provided in Regulations VIII and XVI.

(5) In such cases the Returning Officer shall record on the voting paper the nature of the objection and his decision thereon.

16. (1) When the counting of the votes has been completed, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare the candidate to whom the largest number of votes has been given to be elected.

(2) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates, and the addition of a vote will entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the Returning Officer and in such manner as he may determine.

17. Upon the completion of the counting and after the result has been declared by him, the Returning Officer shall seal up the voting papers and all other documents relating to the election, and shall retain the same for a period of six months, and shall thereafter cause them to be destroyed unless otherwise directed by an order of competent authority.

Publication of result.

18. The Returning Officer shall without delay report the result of the election to the Secretary to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, and the name of the candidate elected shall be published in the local official Gazette.

Appointment of dates, times and places.

19. The Local Government shall appoint, and shall notify, in such manner as it thinks fit, such date, and, if necessary, such time and place as it may think suitable for each of the following proceedings, namely :—

- (a) the publication of the electoral roll under rule 4 ;
- (b) the attestation of nomination papers under rule 7 ;
- (c) the scrutiny of nomination papers under rule 10 ;
- (d) the attestation of voting papers under rule 12 ; and
- (e) the counting of votes under rule 15 ;

FORM I.

(See rule 4.)

ELECTORAL ROLL OF MEMBERS OF MUNICIPAL COMMITTEES FOR GROUP $\frac{\text{I}}{\frac{\text{II}}{\text{III}}}$.

Serial No.	Name of Municipal Committee.	Name of elector.	Father's name.	Address.	Qualifications.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1					
2					
3					

FORM II.

(See rule 7.)

NOMINATION PAPER.

1. Name of candidate.
2. Father's name.
3. Age.
4. Address.
5. Place of residence.
6. Signature of proposer.
7. Signature of seconder.

Signed in my presence by _____ and _____ who are personally known to me (or who have been identified to my satisfaction) as being the persons whose names appear as _____ and _____ on the electoral roll of Group ^I_{II} of Municipal Committees for the election of a Member to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

Attesting Officer.

Instructions.

1. Nomination papers shall be attested by an Attesting Officer. Those not so attested shall be invalid.

2. They shall be presented for attestation on the _____ day of _____ and between the hours of _____ and _____ at the office of _____

FORM III.

(See rule 12.)

VOTING PAPER.

One Member is to be elected to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces by the electors of Group $\frac{I}{III}$ of Municipal Committees. The following [] candidates have been duly nominated :--

Serial No.	Names of candidates.	Vote.

Instructions.

1. Each elector has one vote.
2. He shall vote by placing, or causing to be placed, the mark x opposite the name of the candidate whom he prefers.
3. The voting paper shall be invalid if the mark x is placed opposite the name of more than one candidate, or if it is so placed as to render it doubtful to which candidate such mark is intended to apply.
4. Before his vote is marked the elector shall sign the declaration on the back of the paper in the presence of the Attesting Officer, who shall attest his signature. Without such attestation the voting paper shall be invalid.
5. Voting papers shall be presented for attestation and marked and delivered to the Attesting Officer enclosed in the envelope to be supplied to him for the purpose between the hours of and on the ● 19 .

I hereby declare that I am the person whose name appears as [] No.
on the electoral roll of Group $\frac{I}{III}$ of Municipal Committees for the election of a Member
to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.

C. N.,

Elector.

(Fold on this line.)

Signed in my presence by the elector, who is personally known to me (or who has
been identified to my satisfaction).

X. Y.,

Attesting Officer.

FORM IV.

(See rule 13.)

LIST OF ELECTORS WHOSE VOTING PAPERS HAVE BEEN ATTESTED BY

The following is a list of all the electors whose voting papers have been attested by me :—

Serial No.	Name of Elector.	Address.

Attesting Office

SCHEDULE II.

[See Regulation II, sub-head (ii), and Regulation III.]

RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF A MEMBER OR MEMBERS BY THE DISTRICT COUNCILS.

Preliminary.

1. (1) "Attesting Officer" means such officer as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint to perform all or any of the duties of the Attesting Officer under these rules, and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Attesting Officer to perform his duties.

(2) "Returning Officer" means such officer as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint to perform all or any of the duties of the Returning Officer under these rules, and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Returning Officer to perform his duties.

2. Of the two members specified in Regulation II, sub-head (ii), one shall be elected by the members qualified to vote other than those appointed *ex-officio* (hereinafter referred to as 'electors') of each of the following groups of District Councils, namely:—

Group (I)—The District Councils of the Jubbulpore and Nerbudda Divisions.

Group (II)—The District Councils of the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh Divisions.

Electoral roll.

3. (1) On or before such date as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf an electoral roll for each Group in Form I annexed to this Schedule shall be published by the Returning Officer in the local official Gazette.

(2) As soon as may be after the publication of the roll in the said Gazette, a copy thereof shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the office of every Deputy Commissioner.

4. The electoral roll shall be conclusive evidence for the purpose of determining whether any person is an elector or not under these rules.

Revision of electoral roll.

5. (1) The electoral roll published under rule 3 shall be subject to revision from time to time as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, direct.

(2) At the time so notified the Deputy Commissioner may of his own motion, and shall, on the application of any person whose name appears on the said roll or who claims to have his name inserted therein, revise the said roll so far as it relates to his district.

(3) On such revision the Deputy Commissioner, after such enquiry and after hearing such persons as may be necessary, may order any addition to or alteration in the said roll.

(4) An appeal shall lie from any such order of the Deputy Commissioner to the Commissioner of the division, whose decision shall be final.

(5) Such appeal, if any, shall be preferred within one week from the date of the order appealed against:

Provided that the Commissioner may, for sufficient reason, extend the time to a period not exceeding three weeks.

(6) As soon as may be after the expiry of the period for appealing or, if an appeal is preferred, after the appeal has been disposed of, the electoral roll, as added to or altered on such revision, shall be published and posted as provided in rule 3.

Qualifications and nomination of candidates.

6. (1) Any person not ineligible for election under these Regulations and having a place of residence in any of the Divisions for the representation of the District Councils of which he is a candidate may be nominated as a candidate for election if he is, or has during the decade expiring on the date of the election for any period aggregating three years been, a member of a District Council belonging to that Group:

Provided that in the case of Groups I and II respectively, only candidates resident respectively in the Nerbudda Division and Nagpur Division shall be nominated at the first, third and succeeding alternate elections and that only candidates resident respectively in the Jubbulpore Division and Chhattisgarh Division shall be nominated at the second, fourth and succeeding alternate elections.

(2) Such nomination shall be made by means of a nomination paper in Form II annexed to this Schedule, which shall be supplied by the Attesting Officer to any elector of the Group concerned asking for the same.

(3) Every nomination paper shall be subscribed by two such electors as proposer and seconder :

Provided that no elector shall subscribe more than one nomination paper.

(4) Every nomination paper shall be presented for attestation on the date and at the time and place appointed by the Local Government in this behalf, and, if the Attesting Officer is satisfied that the nominee is willing to stand for election, shall be attested by the Attesting Officer in the manner prescribed on the face of the Form and without delay despatched by registered post to the Returning Officer.

7. Nomination papers which are not received by the Returning Officer before the date and time appointed for the scrutiny of nomination papers shall be rejected.

8 (1) A candidate who has been duly nominated for election may withdraw his candidature by a written and signed communication delivered to the Returning Officer not less than fourteen clear days before the date fixed for the attestation of voting papers, or if the period between the dates fixed for the scrutiny of nomination papers and the attestation of voting papers is less than fourteen clear days, not later than the date fixed for such scrutiny.

(2) The Returning Officer shall forthwith notify the withdrawal of any candidate in such manner as the Local Government may prescribe, and shall communicate the withdrawal to the Attesting Officer, who shall thereupon remove from the voting paper the name of the candidate who has withdrawn his candidature.

(3) A candidate who has withdrawn his candidature shall not be allowed to cancel the withdrawal or to stand as a candidate for the same election.

Scrutiny of nomination papers.

9. (1) On the date and at the time appointed by the Local Government for the scrutiny of nomination papers, every candidate and his proposer and seconder may attend at the place appointed, and the Returning Officer shall allow them to examine the nomination papers of all candidates which have been received by him as aforesaid.

(2) Where an elector subscribes two or more nomination papers, all such nomination papers, except the one first received by the Attesting Officer, shall be deemed to be invalid and, if the Returning Officer is unable to determine which of such nomination papers was so received first, both or all of such papers shall be deemed to be invalid.

(3) The Returning Officer shall examine the nomination papers and shall decide all objections which may be made to any nomination paper on the ground that it is not valid under these rules, and may reject, either of his own motion or on such objection, any nomination paper on such ground ; the decision of the Returning Officer shall in every case be endorsed by him on the nomination paper in respect of which such decision is given, and shall be final, save as provided in Regulations VIII and XVI.

Voting.

10. (1) If in any Group one duly nominated candidate only stands for election, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare such candidate to be elected.

(2) If more duly nominated candidates than one stand for election, the Returning Officer shall forthwith publish their names in such manner as the Local Government may prescribe.

11. (1) On such date and at such time as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf, every elector desirous of recording his vote shall attend for the purpose at the office of the Attesting Officer.

(2) The Attesting Officer shall deliver to each elector a voting paper in Form III annexed to this Schedule, in which shall be entered the names of the candidates, together with an envelope for enclosing the same.

(3) The elector shall sign the declaration on the back of the paper in the presence of the Attesting Officer in accordance with the instructions on the face thereof, and the Attesting Officer shall attest his signature in the manner prescribed by the same instructions.

(4) The elector shall then proceed to a place screened from observation, which shall be provided by the Attesting Officer, and there mark his vote on the voting paper in accordance with the instructions on the face thereof.

(5) The elector shall then place the voting paper in the envelope provided, and after closing the envelope shall deliver it to the Attesting Officer.

(6) Neglect on the part of the elector to comply with any of these instructions shall render his vote invalid.

(7) If an elector is unable to read or write, or is by reason of blindness or other physical defect incapacitated from recording his vote as required by the foregoing provisions of this rule, the Attesting Officer shall assist him in such manner as may be necessary to mark the voting paper and sign the declaration on the back thereof.

12. (1) The Attesting Officer shall, at the close of the day appointed for the attestation of voting papers, despatch all the envelopes so delivered to him to the Returning Officer by registered post in a packet securely sealed with his official seal.

(2) On the day following the Attesting Officer shall also despatch to the Returning Officer by registered post a list, in Form IV annexed to this Schedule, of the electors whose voting papers he has attested.

Counting of votes and declaration of result.

13. (1) On receiving the voting papers the Returning Officer shall examine them to see whether they have been correctly filled up.

(2) Where an elector records his vote on two or more voting papers, all such voting papers, except the one first received by the Attesting Officer, shall be deemed to be invalid and, if the Returning Officer is unable to determine which of such papers was so received first, both or all of such papers shall be deemed to be invalid.

(3) The Returning Officer shall endorse "rejected" with the grounds for such rejection on any voting paper which he may reject on the ground that it is invalid under these rules, and, save as provided in rule 14 (4) or in Regulation XVI, such rejection shall be final.

(4) The Returning Officer shall then fold the lower portion of every paper, whether valid or invalid, along the dotted line on the back, so as to conceal the names of the elector and the Attesting Officer, and shall seal down the portion thus folded with his official seal.

14. (1) The Returning Officer shall attend for the purpose of counting the votes on such date and at such time and place as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf.

(2) Every candidate may be present in person, or may send a representative, duly authorized by him in writing, to watch the process of counting.

(3) The Returning Officer shall show the voting papers sealed as provided by rule 13 to the candidates or their representatives.

(4) If an objection is made to any voting paper on the ground that it is invalid under these rules, or to the rejection by the Returning Officer of any voting paper, it shall be decided at once by the Returning Officer, whose decision shall be final, save as provided in Regulations VIII and XVI.

(5) In such cases the Returning Officer shall record on the voting paper the nature of the objection and his decision thereon.

15. (1) When the counting of the votes has been completed, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare the candidates to whom the largest number of votes has been given to be elected.

(2) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of a vote will entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot, to be drawn in the presence of the Returning Officer and in such manner as he may determine.

16. Upon the completion of the counting and after the result has been declared by him, the Returning Officer shall seal up the voting papers and all other documents relating to the election and shall retain the same for a period of six months and shall thereafter cause them to be destroyed unless otherwise directed by an order of competent authority.

Publication of result.

17. The Returning Officer shall without delay report the result of the election to the Secretary to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, and the name of the candidate elected shall be published in the local official Gazette.

Appointment of dates, times and places.

18. The Local Government shall appoint and notify, in such manner as it thinks fit, such date, and, if necessary, such time and place, as it may think suitable for each of the following proceedings, namely :—

- (a) the publication of the electoral roll under rule 3 ;
- (b) the attestation of nomination papers under rule 6 ;
- (c) the scrutiny of nomination papers under rule 9 ;
- (d) the attestation of voting papers under rule 11 ; and
- (e) the counting of votes under rule 14.

FORM II.

(See rule 6.)

NOMINATION PAPER.

1. Name of candidate.
2. Father's name.
3. Age.
4. Address.
5. Place of residence.
6. Signature of proposer.
7. Signature of seconder.

Signed in my presence by _____ and _____ who are personal known to me (or who have been identified to my satisfaction) as being the persons whose names appear as _____ and _____ on the electoral roll of Group $\frac{I}{II}$ of the District Councils for the election of a Member to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commission of the Central Provinces.

Attesting Office

Instructions.

1. Nomination papers shall be attested by an Attesting Officer. Those not so attested shall be invalid.

2. They shall be presented for attestation on the _____ day of _____ and between the hours of _____ and _____ at the office of _____.

FORM III.

(See rule 12.)

VOTING PAPER.

One Member is to be elected to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces by the electors of Group $\frac{1}{II}$ of the District Councils of the Central Provinces. The following [] candidates have been duly nominated :—

Serial No.	Names of candidates.	Vote.

Instructions.

1. Each elector has one vote.
2. He shall vote by placing, or causing to be placed, the mark **x** opposite the name of the candidate whom he prefers.
3. The voting paper shall be invalid if the mark **x** is placed opposite the name of more than one candidate, or if it is so placed as to render it doubtful to which candidate such mark is intended to apply.
4. Before his vote is marked the elector shall sign the declaration on the back of the paper in the presence of the Attesting Officer, who shall attest his signature. Without such attestation the voting paper shall be invalid.
5. Voting papers shall be presented for attestation and marked and delivered to the Attesting Officer enclosed in the envelope to be supplied to him for the purpose between the hours of and on the 19 .

I hereby declare that I am the person whose name appears as [] No.
on the electoral roll of Group $\frac{1}{II}$ of District Councils of the Central Provinces for the
election of a Member to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner, Central
Provinces.

C. N.,

Elector.

(Fold on this line.)

Signed in my presence by the elector, who is personally known to me (or who has been
identified to my satisfaction).

X. Y.,

Attesting Officer.

FORM IV.

(See rule 12.)

LIST OF ELECTORS WHOSE VOTING PAPERS HAVE BEEN ATTESTED BY

The following is a list of all the electors whose voting papers have been attested by me :—

Serial No.	Name of Elector.	Address.

Attes

SCHEDULE III.

[See Regulation II, Sub-head (iii), and Regulation III.]

RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF A MEMBER OR MEMBERS BY LANDHOLDERS.

Preliminary.

1. (1) "Attesting Officer" means such officer as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint to perform all or any of the duties of the Attesting Officer under these rules, and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Attesting Officer to perform his duties.

(2) "Returning Officer" means such officer as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint to perform all or any of the duties of the Returning Officer under these rules, and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Returning Officer to perform his duties.

2 Of the two members specified in Regulation II, sub-head (iii), one shall be elected by the landholders of each of the following groups :—

Group I.—The Jubbulpore and Nerbudda Divisions.

Group II.—The Nagpur and Chhattisgarh Divisions.

Qualifications of Electors.

3. (1) The election shall be made by all persons qualified to vote, having a place of residence in the group concerned, and holding land therein in proprietary right—

(a) whose land is assessed to land revenue at not less than Rs. 3,000 ; or

(b) whose names are entered in the Durbar list prepared under the authority of the Local Government ; or

(c) who hold the office of Honorary Magistrate :

Provided that no person shall have more than one vote though he may possess more than one of the qualifications above described.

(2) In the case of a Hindu joint family qualified under the last sub-section, the name of the manager of the family, or of any member of the family, whom the manager may appoint in writing in this behalf, shall be entered in the roll as the representative, for the purpose of the roll, of such family.

(3) In determining the eligibility of a landholder as an elector, only land revenue assessed on such land or share in land as he may hold in his own personal right and not in a fiduciary capacity shall be taken into account. Any portion of his estate which is revenue free, either wholly or in part, shall be taken as supporting the land revenue to which it would be assessed but for the fact that it is revenue free, either wholly or in part.

(4) If the amount paid by the landholder in respect of any such share of an estate is not definitely known, the Deputy Commissioner of the district in which such estate is situated shall estimate the amount so paid in respect of such share and his decision shall be final.

(5) If a landholder pays land revenue in respect of estates or shares of estates situated in two electoral groups, and if his payments in none of these groups reach the amount prescribed, his payments within both groups shall be aggregated and if such aggregate reaches the limit prescribed, he shall be entitled to be entered in the electoral roll of the group in which he makes the larger payment.

Electorai Roll.

4. (1) On or before such date as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf, an electoral roll of landholders qualified under rule 3, hereinafter referred to as electors, for each group in Form I annexed to this Schedule shall be published by the Returning Officer in the local official Gazette.

(2) A person who is qualified as an elector for both groups may choose the group in which he desires to vote, but shall not be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral roll of more than one group.

(3) As soon as may be after the publication of the roll in the local official Gazette, a copy thereof shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the office of every Deputy Commissioner.

5. The electoral roll shall be conclusive evidence for the purpose of determining whether any person is an elector or not under these rules.

Revision of Electoral Roll.

6. (1) The electoral roll published under rule 4 shall be subject to revision from time to time as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, direct.

(2) At the time so notified the Deputy Commissioner may of his own motion, and shall, on the application of any person whose name appears on the said roll or who claims to have his name inserted therein, revise the said roll so far as it relates to his district.

(3) On such revision the Deputy Commissioner, after such enquiry and after hearing such persons as may be necessary, may order any addition to or alteration in the said roll.

(4) An appeal shall lie from any such order of the Deputy Commissioner to the Commissioner of the Division, whose decision shall be final.

(5) Such appeal, if any, shall be preferred within one week from the date of the order appealed against:

Provide that the Commissioner may, for sufficient reason, extend the time to a period not exceeding three weeks.

(6) As soon as may be after the expiry of the period for appealing or, if an appeal is preferred, after the appeal has been disposed of, the electoral roll, as added to or altered on such revision, shall be published and posted as provided in rule 4.

Qualifications and Nomination of Candidates.

7. (1) Any person not ineligible for election under these Regulations, whose name is on the electoral roll, may be nominated as a candidate for election.

(2) Such nomination shall be made by means of a nomination paper in Form II annexed to this Schedule, which shall be supplied by the Attesting Officer to any elector of the group concerned asking for the same.

(3) Every nomination paper shall be subscribed by two such electors as proposer and seconder:

Provided that no elector shall subscribe more than one nomination paper.

(4) Every nomination paper shall be presented for attestation on the date and at the time and place appointed by the Local Government in this behalf, and, if the Attesting Officer is satisfied that the nominee is willing to stand for election, shall be attested by the Attesting Officer in the manner prescribed on the face of the Form and without delay despatched by registered post to the Returning Officer.

8. Nomination papers which are not received by the Returning Officer before the date and time appointed for the scrutiny of nomination papers shall be rejected.

9. (1) A candidate who has been duly nominated for election may withdraw his candidature by a written and signed communication delivered to the Returning Officer not less than fourteen clear days before the date fixed for the attestation of voting papers or, if the period between the dates fixed for the scrutiny of nomination papers and the attestation of voting papers is less than fourteen clear days, not later than the date fixed for such scrutiny.

(2) The Returning Officer shall forthwith notify the withdrawal of any candidate in such manner as the Local Government may prescribe, and shall communicate the withdrawal to the Attesting Officer, who shall thereupon remove from the voting paper the name of the candidate who has withdrawn his candidature.

(3) A candidate who has withdrawn his candidature shall not be allowed to cancel the withdrawal or to stand as a candidate for the same election.

Scrutiny of nomination papers.

10. (1) On the date and at the time appointed by the Local Government for the scrutiny of nomination papers, every candidate and his proposer and seconder may attend at the place appointed, and the Returning Officer shall allow them to examine the nomination papers of all candidates which have been received by him as aforesaid.

(2) Where an elector subscribes two or more nomination papers, all such nomination papers, except the one first received by the Attesting Officer, shall be deemed to be invalid, and, if the Returning Officer is unable to determine which of such nomination papers was so received first, both or all of such papers shall be deemed to be invalid.

(3) The Returning Officer shall examine the nomination papers and shall decide all objections which may be made to any nomination paper on the ground that it is not valid under these rules, and may reject, either of his own motion or on such objection, any nomination paper on such ground; the decision of the Returning Officer shall in every case be endorsed by him on the nomination paper in respect of which such decision is given, and shall be final, save as provided in Regulations VIII and XVI.

Voting.

11. (1) If in any group one duly nominated candidate only stands for election, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare such candidate to be elected.

(2) If more duly nominated candidates than one stand for election, the Returning Officer shall forthwith publish their names in such manner as the Local Government may prescribe.

12. (1) On such date and at such time as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf, every elector desirous of recording his vote shall attend for the purpose at the office of the Attesting Officer.

(2) The Attesting Officer shall deliver to each elector a voting paper in Form III annexed to this Schedule, in which shall be entered the names of the candidates, together with an envelope for enclosing the same.

(3) The elector shall sign the declaration on the back of the paper in the presence of the Attesting Officer in accordance with the instructions on the face thereof, and the Attesting Officer shall attest his signature in the manner prescribed by the same instructions.

(4) The elector shall then proceed to a place screened from observation, which shall be provided by the Attesting Officer, and there mark his vote on the voting paper in accordance with the instructions on the face thereof.

(5) The elector shall then place the voting paper in the envelope provided, and after closing the envelope shall deliver it to the Attesting Officer.

(6) Neglect on the part of the elector to comply with any of these instructions shall render his vote invalid.

(7) If an elector is unable to read or write, or is by reason of blindness or other physical defect incapacitated from recording his vote as required by the foregoing provisions of this rule, the Attesting Officer shall assist him in such manner as may be necessary to mark the voting paper and sign the declaration on the back thereof.

13. (1) The Attesting Officer shall, at the close of the day appointed for the attestation of voting papers, despatch all the envelopes so delivered to him to the Returning Officer by registered post in a packet securely sealed with his official seal.

(2) On the day following, the Attesting Officer shall also despatch to the Returning Officer by registered post a list, in Form IV annexed to this Schedule, of the electors whose voting papers he has attested.

Counting of Votes and Declaration of Result.

14. (1) On receiving the voting papers the Returning Officer shall examine them to see whether they have been correctly filled up.

(2) Where an elector records his vote on two or more voting papers, all such voting papers, except the one first received by the Attesting Officer, shall be deemed to be invalid, and, if the Returning Officer is unable to determine which of such papers was so received first, both or all of such papers shall be deemed to be invalid.

(3) The Returning Officer shall endorse "rejected," with the grounds for such rejection, on any voting paper which he may reject on the ground that it is invalid under these rules, and save as provided in rule 15 (4) or in Regulation XVI such rejection shall be final.

(4) The Returning Officer shall then fold the lower portion of every paper, whether valid or invalid, along the dotted line on the back, so as to conceal the names of the elector and the Attesting Officer, and shall seal down the portion thus folded with his official seal.

15. (1) The Returning Officer shall attend for the purpose of counting the votes on such date and at such time and place as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf.

(2) Every candidate may be present in person, or may send a representative, duly authorized by him in writing, to watch the process of counting.

(3) The Returning Officer shall show the voting papers sealed as provided by rule 14 to the candidates or their representatives.

(4) If any objection is made to any voting paper on the ground that it is invalid under these rules, or to the rejection by the Returning Officer of any voting paper, it shall be decided at once by the Returning Officer, whose decision shall be final, save as provided in Regulations VIII and XVI.

(5) In such cases the Returning Officer shall record on the voting paper the nature of the objection and his decision thereon.

16. (1) When the counting of the votes has been completed, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare the candidate to whom the largest number of votes has been given to be elected.

(2) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of a vote will entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the Returning Officer and in such manner as he may determine.

17. Upon the completion of the counting and after the result has been declared by him, the Returning Officer shall seal up the voting papers and all other documents relating to the election, and shall retain the same for a period of six months, and shall thereafter cause them to be destroyed unless otherwise directed by an order of competent authority.

Publication of Result.

18. The Returning Officer shall without delay report the result of the election to the Secretary to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, and the name of the candidate elected shall be published in the local official Gazette.

Appointment of dates, times and places.

19. The Local Government shall appoint and notify, in such manner as it thinks fit, such date, and, if necessary, such time and place, as it may think suitable for each of the following proceedings, namely :—

- (a) the publication of the electoral roll under rule 4 ;
 - (b) the attestation of nomination papers under rule 7 ;
 - (c) the scrutiny of nomination papers under rule 10 ;
 - (d) the attestation of voting papers under rule 12 ; and
 - (e) the counting of votes under rule 15.
-

FORM I.

(See rule 4.)

ELECTORAL ROLL OF LANDHOLDERS OF GROUP $\frac{I}{II}$ IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES FOR
THE ELECTION OF A MEMBER TO THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER
OF THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Serial No. on roll.	Serial No. on District list.	Name of elector.	Father's name.	Address.	Qualifications.
1	2	3	4	5	6

Instructions.

1. The roll shall be prepared by districts, each elector's name being entered under the district in which he resides.

2. In the case of an elector qualified under rule 3 (1) (a) who pays land revenue, or holds land free of revenue in more than one district, details of the land revenue payable, or nominally assessed in each district, shall be entered in column 6, where the land revenue payable or nominally assessed in any one district does not exceed Rs. 3,000.

3. In determining the eligibility of a landholder as an elector only land revenue payable on account of such land or share in land as he may hold in his own personal right and not in a fiduciary capacity shall be taken into account. Any portion of his estate which is revenue free, either wholly or in part, shall be taken as supporting the land revenue to which it would be assessed but for the fact that it is revenue free, either wholly or in part.

FORM II.

(See rule 7.)

NOMINATION PAPER.

1. Name of candidate.
2. Father's name.
3. Age.
4. Address.
5. Place of Residence.
6. Signature of proposer. ac
7. Signature of Seconder.

Signed in my presence by _____ and _____ who are personally known to me (or who have been identified to my satisfaction) as being the persons whose names appear as _____ and _____ on the electoral roll of landholders of group $\frac{I}{II}$ in the Central Provinces for the election of a Member to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

*Attesting Officer.**Instructions.*

1. Nomination papers shall be attested by an Attesting Officer. Those not so attested shall be invalid.

2. They shall be presented for attestation on the _____ day of _____ and between the hours of _____ and _____ at the office of _____.

FORM III.

(See rule 12.)

VOTING PAPER.

One Member is to be elected to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner the Central Provinces by the landholders of Group $\frac{I}{II}$ in the Central Provinces. The following [] candidates have been duly nominated :—

Serial No.	Names of candidates.	Vote.

Instructions.

1. Each elector has one vote.
2. He shall vote by placing, or causing to be placed, the mark \times opposite the name of the candidate whom he prefers.
3. The voting paper shall be invalid if the mark \times is placed opposite the name of more than one candidate, or if it is so placed as to render it doubtful to which candidate such mark is intended to apply.
4. Before his vote is marked the elector shall sign the declaration on the back of the paper in the presence of the Attesting Officer, who shall attest his signature. Without such attestation the voting paper shall be invalid.
5. Voting papers shall be presented for attestation and marked and delivered to the Attesting Officer enclosed in the envelope to be supplied to him for the purpose between the hours of and on the day of 19 .

I hereby declare that I am the person whose name appears as [] No.
on the electoral roll of Group $\frac{1}{II}$ of the landholders of the Central Provinces for the election
of a member to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

C. N.,

Elector.

(Fold on this line.)

Turned in my presence by the elector, who is personally known to me (or who has been
verified to my satisfaction).

X. Y.,

Attesting Officer.

FORM IV.

(See rule 13.)

LIST OF ELECTORS WHOSE VOTING PAPERS HAVE BEEN ATTESTED BY

The following is a list of all the electors whose voting papers have been attested by me :—

Serial No.	Name of Elector.	Address.

Attesting Officer.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.**ESTABLISHMENTS.**

Simla, the 14th November, 1913.

No. 2525.—Mr. E. A. deBrett has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 7th September 1913.

JAILS.

The 14th November, 1913.

No. 231.—The services of Captain R. E. Flowerdew, M.B., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Madras for employment in the Jail Department.

POLICE.

The 7th November, 1913.

No. 1294.—The services of Mr. R. B. Hughes-Buller, C.I.E., I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal with effect from the 31st October 1913.

PORT BLAIR.

The 14th November, 1913.

No. 326.—Consequent on the grant of combined leave for two years to Mr. H. H. D'Oyly, Deputy Superintendent, Port Blair, the following officiating appointments in the Port Blair Commission are notified with effect from the afternoon of the 30th August 1913 :—

Mr. R. F. Lewis, 1st Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as Deputy Superintendent.

Mr. W. H. Brookes, 2nd Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 1st Assistant Superintendent.

PUBLIC.

The 8th November, 1913.

No. 2370.—The following Proclamation of the Governor General in Council is hereby published :—

PROCLAMATION.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Government of India Act, 1912 (2 & 3 Geo. 5, c. 6), the Governor General in Council is pleased to extend to the territories for the time being administered by the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces the provisions of the Indian Councils Acts, 1861 to 1909, touching the making of laws and regulations for the peace and good government of provinces under Lieutenant-Governors

(including the constitution of Legislative Councils for such provinces and the business to be transacted therein) subject to the modification that in the application to the said territories of the provisions aforesaid references to a Lieutenant-Governor shall be construed as references to the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

No. 2371.—The following Proclamation, to which the sanction of His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, has been signified by the Secretary of State for India in Council, is hereby published:—

PROCLAMATION.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 & 25 Vict., c. 67), and all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General is pleased to constitute the territories for the time being administered by the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces to be, for the purposes of the Indian Councils Act, 1861, a province to which the provisions of that Act touching the making of laws and regulations for the peace and good government of the Presidencies of Fort Saint George and Bombay shall be applicable.

2. The Governor General in Council is also pleased to specify the 10th day of November 1913, as the time at which the application of the said provisions of the Indian Councils Act, 1861, to the said territories shall take effect.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 10th November, 1913.

No. 2793-*Est.-A.*—Mr. J. H. R. Fraser, of the Political Department, on return from leave, is posted as Additional Divisional and Sessions Judge, Peshawar, with effect from the 25th October, 1913.

No. 2797-*Est.-A.*—Mr. G. A. G. Murgavin, of the Indo-European Telegraph Department, is appointed to officiate as His Britannic Majesty's Vice-Consul at Lingah, with effect from the 19th October, 1913.

No. 2830-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel P. T. A. Spence, of the Political Department, on return from leave, is posted as Political Officer with Sardar Muhammad Ayub Khan and in charge of the ex-Amir Yakub Khan, with effect from the 6th November, 1913.

No. 2804-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel S. H. Godfrey, C.I.E., of the Political Department, on return from leave, is posted as Political Agent in Baghelkhand, with effect from the 25th October, 1913.

No. 2809-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel P. B. Haig, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for one year and six months and study leave for three months, with effect from the 24th October, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Regulations prescribed in the notification by the Government of India in the Army Department, No. 867, dated the 6th September, 1912.

No. 2819-Est.-A.—Lieutenant C. M. Plumptre, Indian Medical Service, officiating Medical Officer, 99th Deccan Infantry, is appointed temporarily to hold charge of the current duties of the appointment of Agency Surgeon in Bhopal, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 24th October, 1913, and until further orders.

No. 2813-Est.-A.—Major W. J. Keen, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for three months and furlough in continuation for four months under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 30th October, 1913.

The 11th November, 1913.

No. 3580-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. E. H. Wallace, I.C.S., a Judge of the Chief Court of Mysore, and Mr. S. M. Pritchard, Special Superintendent of Police, Kolar Gold Fields, being European British subjects, to be Justices of the Peace within the State of Mysore.

The 12th November, 1913.

No. 2825-Est.-A.—Major W. J. Keen, of the Political Department, is attached to the Peshawar District, with effect from the afternoon of the 25th October, 1913.

No. 2827-Est.-A.—Captain C. E. Bruce, of the Political Department, is posted, on return from leave, as Assistant Commissioner, Nowshera, with effect from the 27th October, 1913.

The 13th November, 1913.

No. 2840-Est.-B.—Captain B. W. Mainprise, R.E., is appointed Inspecting Officer, Imperial Service Sappers, with effect from the 1st November, 1913.

No. 2847-Est.-A.—Mr. C. L. S. Russell, of the Political Department, on return from leave, is posted as Resident at Indore, with effect from the 1st November, 1913.

No. 2851-Est.-A.—Mr. C. A. Bell, Political Officer in Sikkim, is placed on special duty in connection with the Tibet Conference, as Assistant to the British Plenipotentiary in regard to Tibet, with effect from the 21st September, 1913, and until further orders.

No. 2854-Est.-A.—Major R. E. A. Hamilton, of the Political Department, on return from foreign service, is posted as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana and Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the 30th October, 1913.

No. 3599-I. B.—In the schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3467-I. B., dated the 28th October 1913, for the words and figures "Baluchistan Agency Civil Justice Law, 1896 (IX of 1896)" the words and figures "British Baluchistan Civil Justice Regulation, 1896 (IX of 1896)" shall be substituted.

The 15th November, 1913.

No. 3620-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Regulations for the election of persons resident in Berar with a view to their being nominated as members of the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

I. There shall be elected in accordance with these Regulations non-official persons resident in Berar who shall ordinarily be three in number with a view to their being nominated as members of the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces. Election nomination. for

II. (1) Save as otherwise provided by these Regulations, the election of the three persons specified in Regulation I shall be effected as follows, namely:— Electorates and electoral procedure.

- | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|---|
| (i) By the Municipal Committees of Berar | ... | ... | 1 |
| (ii) By the District Boards of Berar | ... | ... | 1 |
| (iii) By the Landholders of Berar | ... | ... | 1 |

(2) The election shall be effected by the electorates and in accordance with the procedures respectively prescribed in the Schedules to these Regulations.

III. No person shall be eligible for election under Regulation II, if such person— ineligible candidates.

- (a) is not resident in Berar, or
- (b) is an official, or
- (c) is a female, or
- (d) has been adjudged by a competent Court to be of unsound mind, or
- (e) is under twenty-five years of age, or
- (f) is an uncertificated bankrupt or an undischarged insolvent, or
- (g) has been dismissed from the Government service, or
- (h) has been sentenced by a Criminal Court to imprisonment for an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months or to transportation, or has been ordered to find security for good behaviour under the Code of Criminal Procedure, such sentence or order not having subsequently been reversed or remitted, or the offender pardoned, or
- (i) has been debarred from practising as a legal practitioner by order of any competent authority, or
- (k) has been declared by the Local Administration to be of such reputation and antecedents that his election would, in its opinion, be contrary to the public interests:

Provided that in cases (g), (h), (i) and (k), the disqualification may be removed by an order of the Local Administration in this behalf.

IV. No person shall be eligible for election under any sub-head of Regulation II, unless he possesses the qualifications prescribed for candidates in the Schedule regulating elections under that sub-head. Qualifications of candidates.

V. No person shall be qualified to vote at any election held under these Regulations if such person— Disqualification of voters.

- (a) is a female, or
- (b) is a minor, or
- (c) has been adjudged by a competent Court to be of unsound mind.

VI. (1) If any person—

- (a) not being eligible for election, is elected under these Regulations, or
- (b) having been so elected or having been selected under Regulation VI (3), IX, XII (4) or XV (2) subsequently becomes subject to any of the disabilities

Power to cancel election.

stated in clause (d), (f), (g), (h) or (i) of Regulation III, the Local Administration shall, by notification in the local official Gazette, declare his election to be void, or cancel his selection.

(2) When any such declaration is made, or any such selection is cancelled, the Local Administration shall, by notification as aforesaid, call upon the electorate concerned to elect another person, within such time as may be prescribed by such notification.

(3) If any person elected at such fresh election is not eligible for election, the Local Administration may select in his place any person who is eligible for election by the electorate concerned.

Candidates elected by several electorates.

VII. (1) If any person is elected by more than one electorate, he shall, by notice in writing signed by him and delivered to the Chief Secretary to the Local Administration within seven days from the date of the publication of the result of such elections in the local official Gazette, choose or in his default, the Local Administration shall declare, which of these electorates he shall represent, and the choice or declaration shall be conclusive.

(2) When any such choice or declaration has been made, the votes recorded for such person in any electorate which he will not represent shall be deemed not to have been given, and the candidate, if any, who, except for the said votes, would have been declared elected for such electorate, shall be deemed to have been duly elected for the same.

Vacancies.

VIII. When a vacancy or an impending vacancy in the office of a Member of the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, nominated under Regulation I, sub-head B, clause (b) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of members of that Council is notified, the Local Administration shall, by notification as aforesaid, call upon the electorate concerned to elect a person for the purpose of being nominated to fill the vacancy within such time as may be prescribed by such notification.

Failure to elect.

IX. If within the time prescribed by a notification issued under Regulation VI, clause (2), or Regulation VIII, the electorate concerned fails to elect, the Local Administration may select at its discretion any person who is eligible for election by such electorate.

Corrupt practices.

X. (1) No election shall be valid if any corrupt practice is committed in connection therewith by the candidate elected.

(2) A person shall be deemed to commit a corrupt practice within the meaning of these Regulations—

(i) who, with a view to inducing any voter to give or to refrain from giving a vote in favour of any candidate, offers or gives any money or valuable consideration, or holds out any promise of individual profit, or holds out any threat of injury, to any person, or

(ii) who gives, procures or abets the giving of a vote in the name of a voter who is not the person giving such vote.

And a corrupt practice shall be deemed to be committed by a candidate, if it is committed with his knowledge and consent, or by a person who is acting under the general or special authority of such candidate with reference to the election.

Explanation.—A "promise of individual profit" includes a promise for the benefit of the person himself, or of any one in whom he is interested.

Non-compliance with rules.

XI. No election shall be invalid by reason of a non-compliance with the rules contained in the Schedules to these Regulations, or any mistake in the use of Forms annexed thereto, if it appears that the election was conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in such rules, and that such non-compliance or mistake did not affect the result of the election.

Disputes as to validity of elections.

XII. (1) If the validity of any election is brought in question by any person qualified either to be elected or to vote at such election, on the ground of the improper rejection or reception of a nomination, or of a vote, or of any corrupt practice in connection with such election or for any other cause, such person may, at any time within fifteen days from the date of the publication of the result of such election in the local official Gazette, apply to the Local Administration to set aside such election.

(2) The Local Administration shall, after such inquiry (if any) as it may consider necessary, declare by notification as aforesaid whether the candidate whose election is questioned or any or what other person was duly elected, or whether the election was void.

(3) If the election is declared void, the Local Administration shall, by notification as aforesaid, call upon the electorate concerned to elect another person within such time as may be prescribed by such notification.

(4) If within the time prescribed the electorate fails to elect, the Local Administration may select any person who is eligible for election by such electorate.

XIII. The decision of the Local Administration on any question that may arise as to Finality of decision the intention, construction or application of these Regulations shall be final.

XIV. (1) As soon as may be after the expiry of the period for making an application under Regulation XII, or where such an application has been made, after the application is disposed of, the Local Administration shall publish in the local official Gazette the name of the person, if any, who has been declared for to be elected for nomination as member of the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces. Notification of election or selection

(2) When a person is selected by the Local Administration under Regulation VI (3), IX, XII (4) or XV (2) the name of the person so selected shall be published in the local official Gazette. When any such selection is cancelled by the Local Administration under these Regulations, the fact shall be notified in the local official Gazette.

XV. (1) As soon as conveniently may be after these Regulations come into force, the Local Administration shall, by notification as aforesaid, call upon the electorates referred to in Regulation II to elect persons in accordance with these Regulations within such time as may be prescribed by such notification. First elections.

(2) If within the time so prescribed any such class fails to elect, the Local Administration may at its discretion select any person who is eligible for election by such class.

SCHEDULE I.

[See Regulation II, sub-head (i), and Regulation II(2).]

RULES FOR ELECTION BY THE MUNICIPAL COMMITTEES IN BERAR.

Preliminary.

1. (1) "Attesting Officer" means such officer as the Local Administration may, by notification in the local official Gazette appoint to perform all or any of the duties of the Attesting Officer under these rules and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Attesting Officer to perform his duties.

(2) "Returning Officer" means such officer as the Local Administration may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint to perform all or any of the duties of the Returning Officer under these rules, and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Returning Officer to perform his duties.

2. (1) The Local Administration shall notify from time to time in the local official Gazette all Municipal Committees in Berar, as defined in the Berar Municipal Law, 1886, which have a local income amounting to not less than five thousand rupees per annum.

Explanation—

For the purpose of these rules "local income" means the total income of a Municipal Committee excluding the opening balance of the Municipal fund, grants and contributions, and receipts under the Account Heads "Extraordinary" and "Debt."

(2) Any Municipal Committee in regard to which a notification under sub-rule (1) is for the time being in force shall, for the purposes of this Schedule, be a "notified Municipal Committee."

3. The person specified in Regulation II, sub-head (i), shall be elected by the Members qualified to vote other than those appointed *ex-officio* (hereinafter referred to as 'electors') of notified Municipal Committees of Berar.

Electoral roll.

4. (1) On or before such date as may be appointed by the Local Administration in this behalf, an electoral roll in Form I annexed to this Schedule shall be published by the Returning Officer in the local official Gazette.

(2) As soon as may be after the publication of the roll in the said Gazette, a copy thereof shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the office of every Deputy Commissioner.

5. The electoral roll shall be conclusive evidence for the purpose of determining whether any person is an elector or not under these rules.

Revision of electoral roll.

6. (1) The electoral roll published under rule 4 shall be subject to revision from time to time as the Local Administration may, by notification in the Local official Gazette, direct.

(2) At the time so notified the Deputy Commissioner may of his own motion, and shall, on the application of any person whose name appears on the said roll, or who claims to have his name inserted therein, revise the said roll so far as it relates to his district.

(3) On such revision the Deputy Commissioner, after such inquiry and after hearing such persons as may be necessary, may order any addition to or alteration in the said roll.

(4) An appeal shall lie from any such order of the Deputy Commissioner to the Commissioner of Berar whose decision shall be final.

(5) Such appeal, if any, shall be preferred within one week from the date of the order appealed against:

Provided that the Commissioner may, for sufficient reason, extend the time to a period not exceeding three weeks.

(6) As soon as may be after the expiry of the period for appealing or, if an appeal is preferred, after the appeal has been disposed of, the electoral roll, as added to or altered on such revision, shall be published and posted as provided in rule 4.

Qualifications and nomination of candidates.

7. (1) Any person not ineligible for election under these Regulations and having a place of residence in Berar may be nominated as a candidate for election if he is, or has, during the decade expiring on the date of the election, for any period aggregating three years been, a Member of a Municipal Committee in Berar.

(2) Such nomination shall be made by means of a nomination paper in Form II annexed to this Schedule, which shall be supplied by the Attesting Officer to any elector asking for the same.

(3) Every nomination paper shall be subscribed by two such electors as proposer and seconder:

Provided that no elector shall subscribe more than one nomination paper.

(4) Every nomination paper shall be presented for attestation on the date and at the time and place appointed by the Local Administration in this behalf, and if the Attesting Officer is satisfied that the nominee is willing to stand for election, shall be attested by the Attesting Officer in the manner prescribed on the face of the Form and without delay despatched by registered post to the Returning Officer.

8. Nomination papers which are not received by the Returning Officer before the date and time appointed for the scrutiny of nomination papers shall be rejected.

9. (1) A candidate who has been duly nominated for election may withdraw his candidature by a written and signed communication delivered to the Returning Officer not less than fourteen clear days before the date fixed for the attestation of voting papers, or if the period between the dates fixed for the scrutiny of nomination papers and the attestation of voting papers is less than fourteen clear days, not later than the date fixed for such scrutiny.

(2) The Returning Officer shall forthwith notify the withdrawal of any candidate in such manner as the Local Administration may prescribe and shall communicate the withdrawal to the Attesting Officer, who shall thereupon remove from the voting paper the name of the candidate who has withdrawn his candidature.

(3) A candidate who has withdrawn his candidature shall not be allowed to cancel the withdrawal or to stand as a candidate for the same election.

Scrutiny of nomination papers.

10. (1) On the date and at the time appointed by the Local Administration for the scrutiny of nomination papers, every candidate and his proposer and seconder may attend at the place appointed, and the Returning Officer shall allow them to examine the nomination papers of all candidates which have been received by him as aforesaid.

(2) Where an elector subscribes two or more nomination papers, all such nomination papers except the one first received by the Attesting Officer shall be deemed to be invalid, and if the Returning Officer is unable to determine which of such nomination papers was so received first, both or all of such papers shall be deemed to be invalid.

(3) The Returning Officer shall examine the nomination papers, and shall decide all objections which may be made to any nomination paper on the ground that it is not valid under these rules, and may reject, either of his own motion or on such objection, any nomination paper on such ground; the decision of the Returning Officer shall in every case be endorsed by him on the nomination paper in respect of which such decision is given, and shall be final save as provided in Regulations VI and XII.

Voting.

11. (1) If one duly nominated candidate only stands for election, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare such candidate to be elected.

(2) If more duly nominated candidates than one stand for election, the Returning Officer shall forthwith publish their names in such manner as the Local Administration may prescribe.

12. (1) On such date and at such time as may be appointed by the Local Administration in this behalf, every elector desirous of recording his vote shall attend for the purpose at the office of the Attesting Officer.

(2) The Attesting Officer shall deliver to each elector a voting paper in Form III annexed to this Schedule in which shall be entered the names of the candidates, together with an envelope for enclosing the same.

(3) The elector shall sign the declaration on the back of the paper in the presence of the Attesting Officer in accordance with the instructions on the face thereof, and the Attesting Officer shall attest his signature in the manner prescribed by the same instructions.

(4) The elector shall then proceed to a place screened from observation, which shall be provided by the Attesting Officer and there mark his vote on the voting paper in accordance with the instructions on the face thereof.

(5) The elector shall then place the voting paper in the envelope provided, and, after closing the envelope, shall deliver it to the Attesting Officer.

(6) Neglect on the part of the elector to comply with any of these instructions shall render his vote invalid.

(7) If an elector is unable to read or write or is by reason of blindness or other physical defect incapacitated from recording his vote as required by the foregoing provisions of this rule, the Attesting Officer shall assist him in such manner as may be necessary to mark the voting paper and sign the declaration on the back thereof.

13. (1) The Attesting Officer shall, at the close of the day appointed for the attestation of voting papers, despatch all the envelopes so delivered to him to the Returning Officer by registered post in a packet securely sealed with his official seal.

(2) On the day following, the Attesting Officer shall also despatch to the Returning Officer by registered post a list in Form IV annexed to this Schedule of the electors whose voting papers he has attested.

Counting of votes and declaration of result.

14. (1) On receiving the voting papers the Returning Officer shall examine them to see whether they have been correctly filled up.

(2) Where an elector records his vote on two or more voting papers, all such papers except the one first received by the Attesting Officer shall be deemed to be invalid, and if the Returning Officer is unable to determine which of such papers was so received first, both or all of such papers shall be deemed to be invalid.

(3) The Returning Officer shall endorse "rejected" with the grounds for such rejection on any voting paper which he may reject on the ground that it is invalid under these rules, and, save as provided in rule 15 (4) or in Regulation XII, such rejection shall be final.

(4) The Returning Officer shall then fold the lower portion of every paper, whether valid or invalid, along the dotted line on the back, so as to conceal the names of the elector and the Attesting Officer, and shall seal down the portion thus folded with his official seal.

15. (1) The Returning Officer shall attend for the purpose of counting the votes on such date and at such time and place as may be appointed by the Local Administration in this behalf.

(2) Every candidate may be present in person, or may send a representative, duly authorized by him in writing to watch the process of counting.

(3) The Returning Officer shall show the voting papers sealed as provided by rule 14 to the candidates or their representatives.

(4) If an objection is made to any voting paper on the ground that it is invalid under these rules, or to the rejection by the Returning Officer of any voting paper, it shall be decided at once by the Returning Officer whose decision shall be final, save as provided in Regulations VI and XII.

(5) In such cases the Returning Officer shall record on the voting paper the nature of the objection and his decision thereon.

16. (1) When the counting of the votes has been completed, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare the candidate to whom the largest number of votes has been given to be elected.

(2) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates, and the addition of a vote will entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the deter-

mination of the person to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the Returning Officer and in such manner as he may determine.

17. Upon the completion of the counting and after the result has been declared by him, the Returning Officer shall seal up the voting papers and all other documents relating to the election, and shall retain the same for a period of six months, and shall thereafter cause them to be destroyed unless otherwise directed by an order of competent authority.

Publication of result.

18. The Returning Officer shall without delay report the result of the election to the Local Administration and the name of the candidate elected shall be published in the local official Gazette.

Appointment of dates, times and places.

19. The Local Administration shall appoint, and shall notify, in such manner as it thinks fit, such date, and, if necessary, such time and place as it may think suitable for each of the following proceedings, namely :—

- (a) the publication of the electoral roll under rule 4 ;
 - (b) the attestation of nomination papers under rule 7 ;
 - (c) the scrutiny of nomination papers under rule 10 ;
 - (d) the attestation of voting papers under rule 12 ; and
 - (e) the counting of votes under rule 15.
-

FORM II.

(See rule 7.)

NOMINATION PAPER.

1. Name of candidate.
2. Father's name.
3. Age.
4. Address.
5. Place of Residence.
6. Signature of proposer.
7. Signature of seconder.

Signed in my presence by _____ and _____ who are personally known to me (or who have been identified to my satisfaction) as being the persons whose names appear as _____ and _____ on the electoral roll of members of Municipal Committees in Berar.

Attesting Officer.

Instructions.

1. Nomination papers shall be attested by an Attesting Officer. Those not so attested shall be invalid.

2. They shall be presented for attestation on the _____ day of _____ and between the hours of _____ and _____ at the office of _____

FORM III.

(See rule 12.)

VOTING PAPER.

One person is to be elected by the electors of the Berar Municipal Committees with a view to his being nominated to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces. The following [] candidates have been duly nominated :—

Serial No.	Names of candidates.	Vote.

Instructions.

1. Each elector has one vote.
2. He shall vote by placing, or causing to be placed, the mark **x** opposite the name of the candidate whom he prefers.
3. The voting paper shall be invalid if the mark **x** is placed opposite the name of more than one candidate, or if it is so placed as to render it doubtful to which candidate such mark is intended to apply.
4. Before his vote is marked the elector shall sign the declaration on the back of the paper in the presence of the Attesting Officer, who shall attest his signature. Without such attestation the voting paper shall be invalid.
5. Voting papers shall be presented for attestation and marked and delivered to the Attesting Officer enclosed in the envelope to be supplied to him for the purpose between the hours of and on the day of 19 .

I hereby declare that I am the person whose name appears as [on the electoral roll of members of Municipal Committees in Berar.

] No.

C. N.,

Elector.

(Fold on this line.)

Signed in my presence by the elector who is personally known to me (or who has been identified to my satisfaction).

X. Y.,

Attesting Officer.

FORM IV.

(See rule 13.)

LIST OF ELECTORS WHOSE VOTING PAPERS HAVE BEEN ATTESTED BY

The following is a list of all the electors whose voting papers have been attested by me :—

Serial No.	Name of Elector.	Address.

Attesting Officer.

SCHEDULE II.

[See Regulation II, sub-head (ii) and Regulation II (2).]

RULES FOR ELECTION BY THE DISTRICT BOARDS IN BERAR.

Preliminary.

1. (1) "Attesting Officer" means such officer as the Local Administration may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint to perform all or any of the duties of the Attesting Officer under these rules, and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Attesting Officer to perform his duties.

(2) "Returning Officer" means such officer as the Local Administration may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint to perform all or any of the duties of the Returning Officer under these rules, and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Returning Officer to perform his duties.

2. The person specified in Regulation II, sub-head (ii), shall be elected by the members qualified to vote other than those appointed *ex-officio*, (hereinafter referred to as 'electors') of the District Boards of Berar.

Electoral roll.

3. (1) On or before such date as may be appointed by the Local Administration in this behalf an electoral roll in Form I annexed to this Schedule shall be published by the Returning Officer in the local official Gazette.

(2) As soon as may be after the publication of the roll in the said Gazette, a copy thereof shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the office of every Deputy Commissioner.

4. The electoral roll shall be conclusive evidence for the purpose of determining whether any person is an elector or not under these rules.

Revision of electoral roll.

5. (1) The electoral roll published under rule 3 shall be subject to revision from time to time as the Local Administration may, by notification in the local official Gazette, direct.

(2) At the time so notified the Deputy Commissioner may of his own motion, and shall, on the application of any person whose name appears on the said roll or who claims to have his name inserted therein, revise the said roll so far as it relates to his district.

(3) On such revision the Deputy Commissioner, after such enquiry and hearing such persons as may be necessary, may order any addition to or alteration in the said roll.

(4) An appeal shall lie from any such order of the Deputy Commissioner to the Commissioner of Berar, whose decision shall be final.

(5) Such appeal, if any, shall be preferred within one week from the date of the order appealed against :

Provided that the Commissioner may, for sufficient reason, extend the time to a period not exceeding three weeks.

(6) As soon as may be after the expiry of the period for appealing or, if an appeal is preferred, after the appeal has been disposed of, the electoral roll, as added to or altered on such revision, shall be published and posted as provided in rule 3.

Qualifications and nomination of candidates.

6. (1) Any person not ineligible for election under these Regulations and having a place of residence in Berar may be nominated as a candidate for election if he is, or has during the decade expiring on the date of the election for any period aggregating three years been, a member of a District Board in Berar.

(2) Such nomination shall be made by means of a nomination paper in Form II annexed to this Schedule, which shall be supplied by the Attesting Officer to any elector asking for the same.

(3) Every nomination paper shall be subscribed by two such electors as proposer and seconder :

Provided that no elector shall subscribe more than one nomination paper.

(4) Every nomination paper shall be presented for attestation on the date and at the time and place appointed by the Local Administration in this behalf, and, if the Attesting Officer is satisfied that the nominee is willing to stand for election, shall be attested by the Attesting Officer in the manner prescribed on the face of the Form and without delay despatched by registered post to the Returning Officer.

7. Nomination papers which are not received by the Returning Officer before the date and time appointed for the scrutiny of nomination papers shall be rejected.

8. (1) A candidate who has been duly nominated for election may withdraw his candidature by a written and signed communication delivered to the Returning Officer not less than fourteen clear days before the date fixed for the attestation of voting papers or if the period between the dates fixed for the scrutiny of nomination papers and the attestation of voting papers is less than fourteen clear days, not later than the date fixed for such scrutiny.

(2) The Returning Officer shall forthwith notify the withdrawal of any candidate in such manner as the Local Administration may prescribe, and shall communicate the withdrawal to the Attesting Officer, who shall thereupon remove from the voting paper the name of the candidate who has withdrawn his candidature.

(3) A candidate who has withdrawn his candidature shall not be allowed to cancel the withdrawal or to stand as a candidate for the same election.

Scrutiny of nomination papers.

9. (1) On the date and at the time appointed by the Local Administration for the scrutiny of nomination papers, every candidate and his proposer and seconder may attend at the place appointed, and the Returning Officer shall allow them to examine the nomination papers of all candidates which have been received by him as aforesaid.

(2) Where an elector subscribes two or more nomination papers all such nomination papers except the one first received by the Attesting Officer shall be deemed to be invalid and, if the Returning Officer is unable to determine which of such nomination papers was so received first, both or all of such papers shall be deemed to be invalid.

(3) The Returning Officer shall examine the nomination papers and shall decide all objections which may be made to any nomination paper on the ground that it is not valid under these rules, and may reject, either of his own motion or on such objection, any nomination paper on such ground; the decision of the Returning Officer shall in every case be endorsed by him on the nomination paper in respect of which such decision is given and shall be final save as provided in Regulations VI and XII.

Voting.

10. (1) If one duly nominated candidate only stands for election, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare such candidate to be elected.

(2) If more duly nominated candidates than one stand for election, the Returning Officer shall forthwith publish their names in such manner as the Local Administration may prescribe.

11. (1) On such date and at such time as may be appointed by the Local Administration in this behalf, every elector desirous of recording his vote shall attend for the purpose at the office of the Attesting Officer.

(2) The Attesting Officer shall deliver to each elector a voting paper in Form III annexed to this Schedule, in which shall be entered the names of the candidates, together with an envelope for enclosing the same.

(3) The elector shall sign the declaration on the back of the paper in the presence of the Attesting Officer in accordance with the instructions on the face thereof, and the Attesting Officer shall attest his signature in the manner prescribed by the same instructions.

(4) The elector shall then proceed to a place screened from observation which shall be provided by the Attesting Officer, and there mark his vote on the voting paper in accordance with the instructions on the face thereof.

(5) The elector shall then place the voting paper in the envelope provided, and after closing the envelope shall deliver it to the Attesting Officer.

(6) Neglect on the part of the elector to comply with any of these instructions shall render his vote invalid.

(7) If an elector is unable to read or write, or is by reason of blindness or other physical defect incapacitated from recording his vote as required by the foregoing provisions of this rule, the Attesting Officer shall assist him in such manner as may be necessary to mark the voting paper and sign the declaration on the back thereof.

12. (1) The Attesting Officer shall, at the close of the day appointed for the attestation of voting papers, despatch all the envelopes so delivered to him to the Returning Officer by registered post in a packet securely sealed with his official seal.

(2) On the day following the Attesting Officer shall also despatch to the Returning Officer by registered post a list in Form IV annexed to this Schedule of the electors whose voting papers he has attested.

Counting of votes and declaration of result.

13. (1) On receiving the voting papers the Returning Officer shall examine them to see whether they have been correctly filled up.

(2) Where an elector records his vote on two or more voting papers all such voting papers except the one first received by the Attesting Officer shall be deemed to be invalid and, if the Returning Officer is unable to determine which of such papers was so received first, both or all of such papers shall be deemed to be invalid.

(3) The Returning Officer shall endorse "rejected" with the grounds for such rejection on any voting paper which he may reject on the ground that it is invalid under these rules and, save as provided in rule 14 (4) or in Regulation XII, such rejection shall be final.

(4) The Returning Officer shall then fold the lower portion of every paper, whether valid or invalid, along the dotted line on the back, so as to conceal the names of the elector and the Attesting Officer, and shall seal down the portion thus folded with his official seal.

14. (1) The Returning Officer shall attend for the purpose of counting the votes on such date and at such time and place as may be appointed by the Local Administration in this behalf.

(2) Every candidate may be present in person, or may send a representative, duly authorised by him in writing, to watch the process of counting.

(3) The Returning Officer shall show the voting papers sealed as provided by rule 13 to the candidates or their representatives.

(4) If an objection is made to any voting paper on the ground that it is invalid under these rules, or to the rejection by the Returning Officer of any voting paper, it shall be decided at once by the Returning Officer, whose decision shall be final, save as provided in Regulations VI and XII.

(5) In such cases the Returning Officer shall record on the voting paper the nature of the objection and his decision thereon.

15. (1) When the counting of the votes has been completed, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare the candidate to whom the largest number of votes has been given to be elected.

(2) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of a vote will entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot, to be drawn in the presence of the Returning Officer and in such manner as he may determine.

16. Upon the completion of the counting and after the result has been declared by him, the Returning Officer shall seal up the voting papers and all other documents relating to the election, and shall retain the same for a period of six months and shall thereafter cause them to be destroyed unless otherwise directed by an order of competent authority.

Publication of result.

17. The Returning Officer shall without delay report the result of the election to the Local Administration and the name of the candidate elected shall be published in the local official Gazette.

Appointment of dates, times and places.

18. The Local Administration shall appoint and notify, in such manner as it thinks fit, such date, and if necessary, such time and place, as it may think suitable for each of the following proceedings, namely :—

- (a) the publication of the electoral roll under rule 3;
- (b) the attestation of nomination papers under rule 6;
- (c) the scrutiny of nomination papers under rule 9;
- (d) the attestation of voting papers under rule 11; and
- (e) the counting of votes under rule 14.

FORM I.

(See rule 3.)

ELECTORAL ROLL OF MEMBERS OF DISTRICT BOARDS IN BERAR.

Serial No.	Name of District Board.	Name of elector.	Father's name.	Address.	Qualifications.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1					
2					
3					

FORM II.

(See rule 6.)

NOMINATION PAPER.

1. Name of candidate.
2. Father's name.
3. Age.
4. Address
5. Place of residence.
6. Signature of proposer.
7. Signature of seconder.

Signed in my presence by _____ and _____ who are personally known to me (or who have been identified to my satisfaction) as being the persons whose names appear as _____ and _____ on the electoral roll of members of District Boards in Berar.

Attesting Officer.

Instructions.

1. Nomination papers shall be attested by an Attesting Officer. Those not so attested shall be invalid.
2. They shall be presented for attestation on the _____ day of _____ and between the hours of _____ and _____ at the office of _____.

FORM III.

(See rule 11)

VOTING PAPER.

One person is to be elected by the electors of the District Boards of Perar with a view to his being nominated to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces. The following [] candidates have been duly nominated:—

Serial No.	Names of candidates.	Vote.

Instructions.

1. Each elector has one vote.
2. He shall vote by placing, or causing to be placed, the mark x opposite the name of the candidate whom he prefers.
3. The voting paper shall be invalid if the mark x is placed opposite the name of more than one candidate, or if it is so placed as to render it doubtful to which candidate such mark is intended to apply.
4. Before his vote is marked the elector shall sign the declaration on the back of the paper in the presence of the Attesting Officer, who shall attest his signature. Without such attestation the voting paper shall be invalid.
5. Voting papers shall be presented for attestation and marked and delivered to the Attesting Officer enclosed in the envelope to be supplied to him for the purpose between the hours of and on the

I hereby declare that I am the person whose name appears as [on the electoral roll of members of District Boards in Berar.

] No.

C. N.,

Elector.

(Fold on this line.)

Signed in my presence by the elector who is personally known to me (or who has been identified to my satisfaction).

X. Y.,

Attesting Officer.

FORM IV.

(See rule 13.)

LIST OF ELECTORS WHOSE VOTING PAPERS HAVE BEEN ATTESTED BY

The following is a list of all the electors whose voting papers have been attested by me :—

Serial No.	Name of Elector.	Address.

SCHEDULE III.

[See Regulation II, sub-head (iii), and Regulation II (2).]

RULES FOR ELECTION BY LANDHOLDERS IN BERAR.

Preliminary.

1. (1) "Attesting Officer" means such officer as the Local Administration may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint to perform all or any of the duties of the Attesting Officer under these rules, and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Attesting Officer to perform his duties.

(2) "Returning Officer" means such officer as the Local Administration may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint to perform all or any of the duties of the Returning Officer under these rules, and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Returning Officer to perform his duties.

2. The person specified in Regulation II, sub-head (iii), shall be elected by the landholders of Berar.

Qualifications of Electors.

3. (1) The election shall be made by all persons qualified to vote, having a place of residence in Berar, and holding land therein in other than tenancy right—

(a) whose land is assessed to land revenue at not less than Rs. 1,000; or

(b) whose names are entered in the Durbar list prepared under the authority of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces; or

(c) who hold the office of Honorary Magistrate:

Provided that no person shall have more than one vote though he may possess more than one of the qualifications above described.

(2) In the case of a Hindu joint family qualified under the last sub-section the name of the manager of the family, or of any member of the family whom the manager may appoint in writing in this behalf, shall be entered in the roll as the representative, for the purpose of the roll of such family.

(3) In determining the eligibility of a landholder as an elector, only land revenue assessed on such land or share in land as he may hold in his own personal right and not in a fiduciary capacity shall be taken into account. Any portion of his estate which is revenue free, either wholly or in part, shall be taken as supporting the land revenue to which it would be assessed but for the fact that it is revenue free, either wholly or in part.

(4) If the amount paid by the landholder in respect of any such share of an estate is not definitely known the Deputy Commissioner of the district in which such estate is situated shall estimate the amount so paid in respect of such share and his decision shall be final.

Electoral Roll.

4. (1) On or before such date as may be appointed by the Local Administration in this behalf, an electoral roll of landholders qualified under rule 3, hereinafter referred to as electors, in Form I annexed to this Schedule shall be published by the Returning Officer in the local official Gazette.

(2) As soon as may be after the publication of the roll in the local official Gazette, a copy thereof shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the office of every Deputy Commissioner.

5. The electoral roll shall be conclusive evidence for the purpose of determining whether any person is an elector or not under these rules.

Revision of Electoral Roll.

6. (1) The electoral roll published under rule 4 shall be subject to revision from time to time as the Local Administration may, by notification in the local official Gazette, direct.

(2) At the time so notified the Deputy Commissioner may of his own motion, and shall, on the application of any person whose name appears on the said roll or who claims to have his name inserted therein, revise the said roll so far as it relates to his district.

(3) On such revision the Deputy Commissioner, after such enquiry and after hearing such persons as may be necessary, may order any addition to or alteration in the said roll.

(4) An appeal shall lie from any such order of the Deputy Commissioner to the Commissioner of Berar, whose decision shall be final.

(5) Such appeal, if any, shall be preferred within one week from the date of the order appealed against:

Provided that the Commissioner may, for sufficient reason, extend the time to a period not exceeding three weeks.

(6) As soon as may be after the expiry of the period for appealing or, if an appeal is preferred, after the appeal has been disposed of, the electoral roll, as added to or altered on such revision, shall be published and posted as provided in rule 4.

Qualifications and Nomination of Candidates.

7. (1) Any person not ineligible for election under these Regulations, whose name is on the electoral roll, may be nominated as a candidate for election.

(2) Such nomination shall be made by means of a nomination paper in Form H annexed to this Schedule, which shall be supplied by the Attesting Officer to any elector asking for the same.

(3) Every nomination paper shall be subscribed by two such electors as proposer and seconder :

Provided that no elector shall subscribe more than one nomination paper.

(4) Every nomination paper shall be presented for attestation on the date and at the time and place appointed by the Local Administration in this behalf, and, if the Attesting Officer is satisfied that the nominee is willing to stand for election, shall be attested by the Attesting Officer in the manner prescribed on the face of the Form and without delay despatched by registered post to the Returning Officer.

8. Nomination papers which are not received by the Returning Officer before the date and time appointed for the scrutiny of nomination papers shall be rejected.

9. (1) A candidate who has been duly nominated for election may withdraw his candidature by a written and signed communication delivered to the Returning Officer not less than fourteen clear days before the date fixed for the attestation of voting papers or, if the period between the dates fixed for the scrutiny of nomination papers and the attestation of voting papers is less than fourteen clear days, not later than the date fixed for such scrutiny.

(2) The Returning Officer shall forthwith notify the withdrawal of any candidate in such manner as the Local Administration may prescribe, and shall communicate the withdrawal to the Attesting Officer, who shall thereupon remove from the voting paper the name of the candidate who has withdrawn his candidature.

(3) A candidate who has withdrawn his candidature shall not be allowed to cancel the withdrawal or to stand as a candidate for the same election.

Scrutiny of nomination papers.

10. (1) On the date and at the time appointed by the Local Administration for the scrutiny of nomination papers, every candidate and his proposer and seconder may attend at the place appointed, and the Returning Officer shall allow them to examine the nomination papers of all candidates which have been received by him as aforesaid.

(2) Where an elector subscribes two or more nomination papers all such nomination papers except the one first received by the Attesting Officer shall be deemed to be invalid and, if the Returning Officer is unable to determine which of such nomination papers was so received first, both or all of such papers shall be deemed to be invalid.

(3) The Returning Officer shall examine the nomination papers and shall decide all objections which may be made to any nomination paper on the ground that it is not valid under these rules, and may reject, either of his own motion or on such objection, any nomination paper on such ground ; the decision of the Returning Officer shall in every case be endorsed by him on the nomination paper in respect of which such decision is given and shall be final save as provided in Regulations VI and XII.

Voting.

11. (1) If one duly nominated candidate only stands for election, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare such candidate to be elected.

(2) If more duly nominated candidates than one stand for election the Returning Officer shall forthwith publish their names in such manner as the Local Administration may prescribe.

12. (1) On such date and at such time as may be appointed by the Local Administration in this behalf, every elector desirous of recording his vote shall attend for the purpose at the office of the Attesting Officer.

(2) The Attesting Officer shall deliver to each elector a voting paper in Form III annexed to this Schedule, in which shall be entered the names of the candidates, together with an envelope for enclosing the same.

(3) The elector shall sign the declaration on the back of the paper in the presence of the Attesting Officer in accordance with the instructions on the face thereof, and the

Attesting Officer shall attest his signature in the manner prescribed by the same instructions.

(4) The elector shall then proceed to a place screened from observation, which shall be provided by the Attesting Officer, and there mark his vote on the voting paper in accordance with the instructions on the face thereof.

(5) The elector shall then place the voting paper in the envelope provided, and after closing the envelope shall deliver it to the Attesting Officer.

(6) Neglect on the part of the elector to comply with any of these instructions shall render his vote invalid.

(7) If an elector is unable to read or write, or is by reason of blindness or other physical defect incapacitated from recording his vote as required by the foregoing provisions of this rule, the Attesting Officer shall assist him in such manner as may be necessary to mark the voting paper and sign the declaration on the back thereof.

13. (1) The Attesting Officer shall, at the close of the day appointed for the attestation of voting papers, despatch all the envelopes so delivered to him to the Returning Officer by registered post in a packet securely sealed with his official seal.

(2) On the day following, the Attesting Officer shall also despatch to the Returning Officer by registered post a list in Form IV annexed to the Schedule of the electors whose voting papers he has attested.

Counting of Votes and declaration of Result.

14. (1) On receiving the voting papers the Returning Officer shall examine them to see whether they have been correctly filled up.

(2) Where an elector records his vote on two or more voting papers, all such voting papers except the one first received by the Attesting Officer shall be deemed to be invalid, and, if the Returning Officer is unable to determine which of such papers was so received first, both or all of such papers shall be deemed to be invalid.

(3) The Returning Officer shall endorse "rejected" with the grounds for such rejection on any voting paper which he may reject on the ground that it is invalid under these rules, and save as provided in rule 15 (4) or in Regulation XII such rejection shall be final.

(4) The Returning Officer shall then fold the lower portion of every paper, whether valid or invalid, along the dotted line on the back, so as to conceal the names of the elector and the Attesting Officer, and shall seal down the portion thus folded with his official seal.

15. (1) The Returning Officer shall attend for the purpose of counting the votes on such date and at such time and place as may be appointed by the Local Administration in this behalf.

(2) Every candidate may be present in person, or may send a representative, duly authorised by him in writing, to watch the process of counting.

(3) The Returning Officer shall show the voting papers sealed as provided by rule 14 to the candidates or their representatives.

(4) If any objection is made to any voting paper on the ground that it is invalid under these rules or to the rejection by the Returning Officer of any voting paper, it shall be decided at once by the Returning Officer, whose decision shall be final, save as provided in Regulations VI and XII.

(5) In such cases the Returning Officer shall record on the voting paper the nature of the objection and his decision thereon.

16. (1) When the counting of the votes has been completed, the Returning Officer shall forthwith declare the candidate to whom the largest number of votes has been given to be elected.

(2) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of a vote will entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the determination of the person to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the Returning Officer and in such manner as he may determine.

17. Upon the completion of the counting and after the result has been declared by him, the Returning Officer shall seal up the voting papers and all other documents relating to the election, and shall retain the same for the period of six months, and shall thereafter cause them to be destroyed unless otherwise directed by an order of competent authority.

Publication of Result.

18. The Returning Officer shall without delay report the result of the election to the Local Administration and the name of the candidate elected shall be published in the local official Gazette.

Appointment of dates, times and places.

19. The Local Administration shall appoint and notify, in such manner as it thinks fit, such date, and if necessary, such time and place, as it may think suitable for each of the following proceedings, namely:—

- (a) the publication of the electoral roll under rule 4;
 - (b) the attestation of nomination papers under rule 7;
 - (c) the scrutiny of nomination papers under rule 10;
 - (d) the attestation of voting papers under rule 12; and
 - (e) the counting of votes under rule 15.
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FORM I.

(See rule 4.)

ELECTORAL ROLL OF LANDHOLDERS IN BERAR.

Serial Number on roll.	Serial number on District list.	Name of elector.	Father's name.	Address.	Qualifications.
1	2	3	4	5	6

Instructions.

1. The roll shall be prepared by districts, each elector's name being entered under the district in which he resides.

2. In the case of an elector qualified under rule 3 (1) (a) who pays land revenue, or holds land free of revenue in more than one district, details of the land revenue payable or nominally assessed in each district shall be entered in column 6, where the land revenue payable or nominally assessed in any one district does not exceed Rs. 1,000.

3. In determining the eligibility of a landholder as an elector only land revenue payable on account of such land or share in land as he may hold in his own personal right and not in a fiduciary capacity shall be taken into account. Any portion of his estate which is revenue free, either wholly or in part, shall be taken as supporting the land revenue to which it would be assessed but for the fact that it is revenue free, either wholly or in part.

FORM II.

(See rule 7.)

NOMINATION PAPER.

1. Name of candidate.

2. Father's name.

3. Age.

4. Address.

5. Place of residence.

6. Signature of proposer.

7. Signature of seconder.

Signed in my presence by _____ and _____ who are personally known to me (or who have been identified to my satisfaction) as being the persons whose names appear as _____ and _____ on the electoral roll of landholders in Berar.

*Attesting Officer.**Instructions.*

1. Nomination papers shall be attested by an Attesting Officer. Those not so attested shall be invalid.

2. They shall be presented for attestation on the _____ day of _____ and between the hours of _____ and _____ as the office of _____.

FORM III.

(See rule 12.)

VOTING PAPER.

One person is to be elected by the landholders of Berar, with a view to his being nominated to the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces. The following candidates have been duly nominated :—

Serial No.	Names of candidates.	Vote.

Instructions.

1. Each elector has one vote.
2. He shall vote by placing, or causing to be placed, the mark x opposite the name of the candidate whom he prefers.
3. The voting paper shall be invalid if the mark x is placed opposite the name of more than one candidate, or if it is so placed as to render it doubtful to which candidate such mark is intended to apply.
4. Before his vote is marked the elector shall sign the declaration on the back of the paper in the presence of the Attesting Officer, who shall attest his signature. Without such attestation the voting paper shall be invalid.
5. Voting papers shall be presented for attestation and marked and delivered to the Attesting Officer enclosed in the envelope to be supplied to him for the purpose between the hours of and on the day of 19 .

I hereby declare that I am the person whose name appears as [
on the electoral roll of landholders in Berar.

] No.

C. N.,

Elector.

(Fold on this line.)

Signed in my presence by the elector who is personally known to me (or who has been
identified to my satisfaction).

X. Y.,

Attesting Officer.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 13th November, 1913.

No. 1446-F. E.—Mr. S. C. Tomkins has been posted to the office of the Chief Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, with effect from the 27th October 1913.

No. 1534-A.—In Finance Department (Military Finance) Gazette Notifications Nos. 1280-Accounts and 1323-Accounts, dated the 19th and 26th September 1913, respectively, granting combined leave to Mr. T. G. Smith, Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, and making officiating appointments in his place, for "13th September 1913" read "9th September 1913."

The 14th November, 1913.

No. 1447-F. E.—Mr. R. W. Badock, Assistant Accountant General, Punjab, has been granted privilege leave for 8 days and in continuation furlough on medical certificate for 5 months and 22 days, with effect from the 3rd November 1913.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 12th November, 1913.

No. 48.—Mr. R. A. Fitzherbert, Assistant Engineer, Bombay, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Government of India, is appointed to the charge of the Imperial Sub-division, Simla, with effect from the 1st November 1913.

The 13th November, 1913.

No. 49.—Mr. Walter Alexander Boernal, Sub-Engineer, 1st grade, Central Provinces, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer and is posted to the Central Provinces.

The 14th November, 1913.

No. 50.—Mr. H. M. Marchant, Officiating Superintendent, 3rd grade, is promoted to be Superintendent, 3rd grade, *s. p. t.*, with effect from the 13th October 1913.

R. P. RUSSELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 15th November, 1913.

No. 9590-2.—On his return from leave on the forenoon of the 30th October 1913, Mr. A. R. Bennett, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is posted to Bombay.

No. 9766-4.—*Rao Bahadur* Sadanand Trimbak Bhandare, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, has been permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 4th November 1913.

No. 9777-2.—The services of Mr. H. F. Howard, C.I.E., J.C.S., Collector, Class I, in the Imperial Customs Service, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, Marine Department, with effect from the date on which he returns from leave up to the 31st December 1913.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 14th November 1913.

COMMANDS.

No. 933.—Colonel W. H. Sitwell C.B., D.S.O., British Service, to be a Brigade Commander, *vice* Major-General C. St. L. Barter, C.V.O., C.B., British Service, vacated, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 7th November 1913.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 934.—The following extract is published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated the 24th October 1913, page 7439.

* * * * * * *

*India Office,
October 24, 1913.*

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned officer to the Indian Army :—

To be Captain.

Captain Thomas de Beauvoir Carey, by exchange from The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment). Dated 25th October 1913, but to rank from 18th April 1909. Captain Carey's rank as Lieutenant is post-dated to the 18th July 1902.

* * * * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 935.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

Walter Kemp Bourn, 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse),—13th November 1913.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 936.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Ewan Cameron MacLeod,—29th July 1913.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

Amalgamated List.

No. 937.—Staff-Sergeant James Ernest Curtis, Amalgamated List, to be Sub-Conductor on that list, *vice* John Fox, Amalgamated List, deceased; with effect from the 29th October 1913.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 938.—Sub-Conductor George Marlow to be Conductor, and Supernumerary Sub-Conductor Herbert Walker to be absorbed in that rank, *vice* Edward Henry Chapman, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 18th September 1913.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 939.—The following promotions are made :—

No. 26 (Railway) Company, Sappers and Miners.

Jemadar Sher Baz to be Subadar and Havildar Fazal Din to be Jemadar, *vice* Maksud Ali Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st October 1913.

80th Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar Abdul Ghafur to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Muhammad Dastagir to be Jemadar, *vice* Saiyid Abdullah, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th October 1913.

108th Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Antu Naik to be Jemadar, *vice* Ambaji Utekar, promoted; with effect from the 28th May 1913.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 940.—The undermentioned warrant officers have been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the dates specified :—

Conductor Frederick Merrell, Ordnance Department, Northern Army,—16th September 1913.

Conductor Edward Henry Chapman, India Miscellaneous List,—18th September 1913.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 941.—The undermentioned officer has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the date specified :—

Lieutenant-Colonel Auberon Arthur Howell, Supernumerary List,—12th November 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Calcutta Port Defence Volunteer Corps.

(Naval Divisions.)

No. 942.—Norman McLeod Ross to be Sub-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 26th September 1913.

Sind Volunteer Rifles.

No. 943.—Charles Edwin Lindsay Anderson to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 25th June 1912.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 944.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer :—

Surma Valley Light Horse.

Major Benjamin William Hallifax.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 14th November 1913.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 5th and 11th November 1913 :—

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
India Miscellaneous List.	Conductor Henry Thomas Owen.	1st November 1913.	Calcutta ...	...	Was Superintendent, Quartermaster General's Branch.
13th Hussars ...	2nd-Lieutenant John Walter Taylor	8th November 1913.	Messent ...	...	...

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,**Secretary to the Government of India.*

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 14th November 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 87.—The following appointment is made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 12th September 1913 :—

To be Assistant Engineer.

Albert Edward Frank Orchard.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,**Secretary to the Government of India.*

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 11th November, 1913.

No. 327.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 324, dated the 7th November 1913, Mr. L. E. Brock, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade I, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent in class II on that Railway, with effect from 14th October 1913 and until further orders.

No. 328.—*Corrigendum.*—In Railway Board's Notification No. 288, dated the 21st October 1913, for " 11th September 1913 " read " 11th October 1913 ".

The 12th November, 1913.

No. 329.—*Addendum.*—After the word railway in line 4 of Railway Board's Notification No. 262, dated the 18th September 1913, insert the words with effect from the 30th August 1913.

No. 330.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, and in pursuance of section 47, sub-section (3) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), as in force in British India or as locally applied, the Railway Board sanction the

following rules, made under sub-section 1, clause (f) of the said section, for and to be applicable to the East Indian Railway situate in British India or in Native States for regulating the terms and conditions on which the Railway administration will warehouse or retain goods at any station or depôt on behalf of the consignee or owner :—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

RULES FOR THE WAREHOUSING AND RETENTION OF GOODS.

I.—WHARFAGE.

On goods for despatch waiting to be consigned.

1. For goods of every description brought on to Railway premises for despatch but not consigned wharfage may be charged at a rate not exceeding one anna per maund or part of a maund per day or part of a day, if consignment notes are not received before closing time of the day on which such goods are brought to the station.

2. Goods will, in all cases, be at owner's risk until taken over by the Railway administration for despatch and a receipt in the prescribed form has been granted duly signed by an authorized Railway servant.

On goods available for delivery.

3. (1) A wharfage charge may be levied in respect of all goods not removed from Railway premises before closing time of the day following that on which they are made available for delivery.
- (2) The charge referred to in sub-rule (1) shall not exceed, per day or part of a day, one anna per maund or part of a maund, calculated—
 - (a) where freight is levied on weight, upon such weight; and
 - (b) where freight is levied on the vehicle in or on which the goods are carried, upon the carrying capacity of such vehicle.
- (3) The goods shall be warehoused either under cover or in the open as space may be available.

On luggage and parcels available for delivery.

4. (a) For unclaimed booked luggage and parcels a wharfage charge not exceeding two annas per maund or part of a maund per 24 hours or part of 24 hours, with a minimum charge as for one maund, may be made if they are not removed from Railway premises within 48 hours from midnight of the day of arrival.

On carriages, palanquins and motor cars by passenger train.

(b) For unclaimed carriages, palanquins and motor cars carried by passenger train, a charge of two annas per maund or part of a maund per 24 hours or part of 24 hours may be made after expiry of 24 hours from the time they are available for delivery, calculated upon the carrying capacity of the vehicle on or in which, they are carried, subject to a minimum of 8 annas per hour.

On birds, poultry and animals.

(c) For birds, poultry and animals charges may be made as follows, after the expiry of 6 hours from the time they are available for delivery :—

Animals.—One anna per animal per hour or part of an hour.

Poultry.—One anna per head per hour or part of an hour.

Birds in baskets or crates, etc.—One anna per cubic foot or part of a cubic foot, per hour or part of an hour.

These charges to be in addition to any expenses entailed in feeding the birds, animals, etc.

Notice of arrival.

5. Subject to the provisions of section 56 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890) notice of arrival will be sent when practicable, but the Railway administration will accept no responsibility for non-receipt thereof.

II.—DEMURRAGE.

On vehicles both goods and coaching other than passenger carriages ordered and waiting to be loaded by senders.

6. (a) Demurrage at a rate not exceeding one anna per ton or part of a ton of carrying capacity per hour or part of an hour may be charged on all vehicles ordered and not loaded, or loaded and not made available for despatch, after the expiry of 9 hours of daylight from the time at which they are placed in position for the purpose, subject to a minimum of 8 annas per hour, per coaching vehicle other than passenger carriages.

On loaded vehicles both goods and coaching other than passenger carriages waiting to be discharged by consignees.

(b) Demurrage at a rate not exceeding one anna per ton or part of a ton of carrying capacity per hour or part of an hour may be charged on all loaded vehicles requiring to be discharged by owners which are not discharged after the expiry of 9 hours of daylight from the time of being placed in position for unloading subject to a minimum of 8 annas per hour per coaching vehicle other than passenger carriages. The Railway administration may, at its option, unload the vehicle and charge the consignee for doing so and charge wharfage on the contents under Rule 3.

On reserved carriages and special trains.

7. For reserved carriages and special trains which are ordered and not availed of, or which are availed of and detained *en route* or at destination stations, demurrage charges may be made as follows :—

Reserved carriages ordered but not made use of by the train for which ordered eight annas per four-wheeled vehicle, and one rupee per bogie vehicle per hour or part of an hour until, attached to a running train.

Reserved carriages detained *en route* or at destination station eight annas per four-wheeled vehicle, and one rupee per bogie vehicle, per hour or part of an hour, after the expiry of one hour after arrival at the station at which detained.

Special trains.—If not availed of, eight annas per vehicle per hour, and ten rupees per hour for the engine.

Special trains—detained en route or at destination station.—Eight annas per vehicle per hour and rupees ten per hour for the engine.

III—CALCULATION OF CHARGES.

8. In calculating wharfage and demurrage charges fractions of one anna less than six pies shall be dropped and six pies and over shall be charged as one anna. Where the total amount of demurrage or wharfage due on any consignment is less than two annas it shall be foregone.

IV—GENERAL.

9. (a) Demurrage and wharfage charges as herein prescribed are also payable on *part* consignments available for delivery, but not removed from Company's premises within the free time prescribed.

(b) In the event of goods requiring to be loaded or unloaded by owners becoming liable to both demurrage and wharfage charges the Railway administration may levy both demurrage and wharfage charges for such periods as the goods would be liable to such charges under these rules.

10. If and for so long as the state of the traffic or any sudden emergency makes it necessary, and after advertisement in the local newspapers, the rate of demurrage or wharfage may be increased and the free time curtailed.

11. The Railway administration shall have the same lien on goods for demurrage, wharfage, and, if incurred, for unloading, as for freight; and these charges must, unless under special arrangements a running account is kept, be paid before the goods are removed.

12. Where the free time allowed in the previous rules includes either Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday, such days shall be allowed free in addition.

V.—TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL OF UNCLAIMED GOODS, LUGGAGE AND PARCELS AND OF LOST PROPERTY FOUND IN RAILWAY VEHICLES OR ON RAILWAY PREMISES.

13. Subject to the exception mentioned in Rule 18 below, unclaimed goods shall be kept on hand at the station to which invoiced for a period of not less than one month during which time the notice prescribed in section 56, sub-section (1) of the Indian Railways Act 1890 (IX of 1890), will, if possible, be served upon the person appearing entitled thereto.

14. If not taken delivery of within a period of not less than one month after receipt at the station to which invoiced, unclaimed goods may be sent to the Unclaimed Goods or Lost Property Office and dealt with as laid down in Rule 21 below.

15. Unclaimed articles shall be liable to the wharfage and demurrage charges hereinbefore referred to, as well as to all freight and special expenditure incurred by the Railway administration on account of their custody and disposal.

16. After being on hand for one month unclaimed booked luggage and parcels may be

17. Where articles such as arms, ammunition, explosives, intoxicating liquors, opium and its preparations, and hemp drugs, the sale of which by unlicensed persons is prohibited by law, are left unclaimed in the possession of the Railway administration, they will be made over to the Police or Excise authorities for disposal under the laws affecting the article. When not of a dangerous, perishable or offensive character, they will, however, be retained in the possession of the Railway administration for the same period as that prescribed for other unclaimed articles.

This rule in so far as it relates to explosives is supplemental to, and not in modification of, Rule 6 (IV) of the rules made under the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), and published under the Government of India, Home Department, Notification No. 5528, dated the 11th October 1901, in part I of the Gazette of India of the 12th October 1901 (*vide* Appendix B to part II of the General Rules for open lines of Railway in British India promulgated with the Government of India, Public Works Department, Circular No. 6 Railway, dated the 12th March 1895, as revised by the Government of India, Public Works Department, Circular No. 2 Railway, dated the 16th January 1902) and any modifications of the same which may hereafter be made.

18. Unclaimed perishable articles may be disposed of by the Station Master of the station at which they may be left after the expiry of 24 hours or earlier if they are, or are likely to become, offensive.

19. Lost property found in Railway vehicles or on Railway premises may, subject to the exception mentioned in Rule 18, be sent to the nearest Lost Property Office and be similarly dealt with.

20. An account of all unclaimed luggage, and of any lost property found on the line or on Railway premises, shall be kept by the Station Master.

21. Public sales by auction shall be held from time to time of all unclaimed or lost property which has remained in the possession of the Railway administration over six months. At least fifteen days' previous notice of each auction shall be given by advertisement in a newspaper.

22. Any surplus proceeds arising out of sales of lost property or unclaimed consignments will, after payment of all charges and expenses due to the Railway administration, be paid to the person or persons thereto entitled.

VI.—CLOAK-ROOMS.

23. Passengers may leave small parcels or packages in the cloak-rooms at such stations as may be specified from time to time by the Railway administration.

24. A charge of two annas per maund or part of a maund with a minimum charge per package as for one maund may be levied for each 24 hours or part of 24 hours during which the parcel or package remains in a cloak-room.

25. The responsibility of the Railway administration for articles left in a cloak room shall be that of a bailee under sections 151, 152 and 161 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872 (IX of 1872).

26. A receipt ticket shall be given to any person depositing parcels and packages for custody in a cloak-room; and delivery will be made to any person presenting such receipt ticket, after which all responsibility of the Railway administration in respect of such parcels or packages shall absolutely cease and determine.

27. Articles deposited in cloak-rooms which are unclaimed may, after a period of one month, be transferred to the Lost Property Office and dealt with as prescribed in Rules 15, 17, 18, 21 and 22 for unclaimed consignments.

No 331.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 67, dated the 13th June 1912, Mr. J. D'Cunha, Officiating Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Traffic Inspector on that Railway with effect from the 1st November 1912.

No. 332.—Mr. F. W. Gwyther, Carriage Foreman, Eastern Bengal Railway, is appointed to officiate, as a temporary measure, as an Assistant Locomotive Superintendent on that Railway, with effect from the 11th August 1913.

The 13th November, 1913.

No 333.—Mr. Henry Hume Saunders has been appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India as an Assistant Locomotive Superintendent in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways and is posted to the North Western Railway.

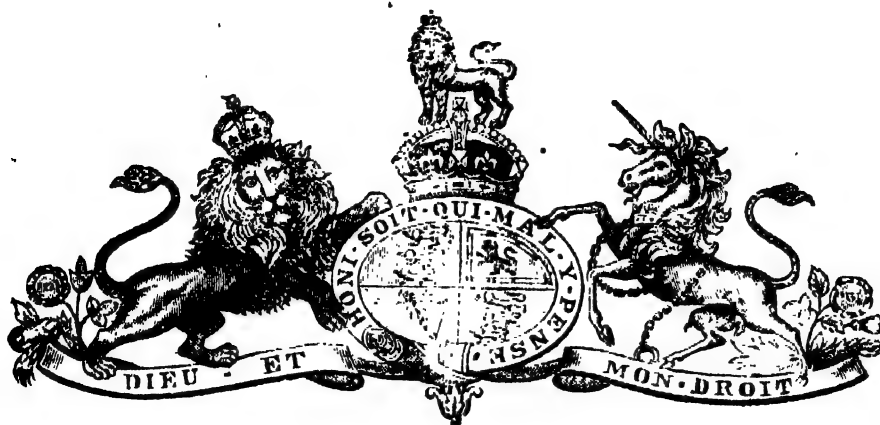
No. 334.—The undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India as Assistant Locomotive Superintendents in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways and are posted to the Eastern Bengal Railway :—

Mr. James Rodney Orme-Webb.

Mr. Charles Alfred Kemble Bradley.

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 46. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1913.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the copy of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 13th November 1913, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

A storm formed on the 8th in an area of disturbed weather in the southwest of the Bay of Bengal and occasioned heavy rain on the Coromandel coast, Cuddalore registering 22 inches during the forty-eight hours ending at 8 hrs. on the 10th. But after moving slowly in a northerly direction the storm disappeared, and during the last two days of the week weather was practically dry in the south of the Peninsula.

South Burma was the only other part of the country where rainfall of any importance occurred. On the 13th a disturbance was developing off the Andaman Islands.

2. *Burma.*—Rainfall was of almost daily occurrence in Tenasserim and the Andamans, and on the 12th rain fell locally as far north as Lashio.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Weather was dry.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—No rainfall was reported.

Northwest India.—Sonamarg and Parachinar had light showers on the 10th.

The Peninsula.—Nearly general rain fell in southeast Madras on the 10th and 11th, and in south Malabar on the 6th and 11th.

3. The chief daily amounts were as follows:—

November	6th.	Victoria Point 1'48", Negapatam 2'65" and Cuddalore 1'41".
"	7th.	Mergui 2'48", Moulmein 1'75", Negapatam 3'84", Cuddalore 2'01" and Madras 1'00".
"	8th.	Cuddalore 10'00" and Madras 2'10".
"	9th.	Cuddalore 12'20", Madras 5'78", Trichinopoly 3'30", Salem 2'54", Ootacamund 1'86" and Kodaikanal 1'29".
"	10th.	Madras 3'92" and Kodaikanal 1'19".
"	11th.	Pamban 3'00" and Trivandrum 1'35".
"	12th.	Table Island 4'25", Bassein 1'06" and Diamond Island 2'17".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma and Madras Southeast. The absence of rain is a normal feature at this time of year in Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces West, the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat and Central India West, but in all the remaining divisions rainfall was 20 per cent or more in defect.

The seasonal rainfall up to date is 20 per cent or more in excess in Bengal, Bihar, the Punjab Southwest, Sind, Gujarat and Madras Southeast; and 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Central India East, the Central Provinces West, Hyderabad South, the Madras Deccan and Mysore. It differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent elsewhere.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 13TH NOVEMBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 2ND MAY 1913 TO 13TH NOVEMBER 1913.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0.5	2.4	-1.9	82.8	100.5	-17.7	-18	-16
Lower Burma	1.3	0.9	+0.4	149.8	140.0	+9.8	+7	+7
Upper Burma	0.1	0.5	-0.4	42.7	40.8	+1.9	+5	+6
Assam	0	0.2	-0.2	77.5	76.3	+1.2	+2	+2
Bengal	0	0.2	-0.2	87.6	69.2	+18.4	+27	+27
Orissa	0	0.3	-0.3	63.4	58.1	+5.3	+9	+10
Chota Nagpur	0	0	0	57.4	49.1	+8.3	+17	+17
Bihar	0	0.1	-0.1	63.4	49.7	+13.7	+28	+28
United Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	31.2	39.4	-8.2	-21	-21
United Provinces, West	0	0	0	20.5	38.7	-18.2	-47	-47
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	21.4	21.2	+0.2	+1	+1
Punjab, Southwest	0	0	0	11.1	7.8	+3.3	+42	+42
Kashmir	0	0.1	-0.1	5.7	8.7	-3.0	-34	-34
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	3.9	5.7	-1.8	-32	-32
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0.6	1.2	-0.6	-50	-50
Sind	0	0	0	11.5	4.8	+6.7	+140	+140
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	5.9	11.3	-5.4	-48	-48
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	17.5	22.5	-5.0	-22	-22
Gujarat	0	0	0	31.2	23.4	+7.8	+33	+33
Central India, West	0	0	0	32.5	29.8	+2.7	+9	+9
Central India, East	0	0.1	-0.1	22.6	41.4	-18.8	-45	-45
Berar	0	0.2	-0.2	31.4	31.2	+0.2	+1	+1
Central Provinces, West	0	0.2	-0.2	36.4	45.3	-8.9	-20	-19
Central Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	42.0	47.6	-5.6	-12	-12
Konkan	0	0.3	-0.3	86.0	96.3	-10.3	-11	-10
Bombay Deccan	0	0.3	-0.3	23.0	27.2	-4.2	-15	-14
Hyderabad, North	0	0.1	-0.1	31.0	32.7	-1.7	-5	-5
Hyderabad, South	0	0.2	-0.2	21.4	29.7	-8.3	-28	-27
Mysore	0.1	0.9	-0.8	20.8	27.1	-6.3	-23	-21
Malabar	0.7	1.5	-0.8	90.2	96.1	-5.9	-6	-5
Madras, Southeast	7.7	2.1	+5.6	33.5	25.7	+7.8	+30	+9
Madras Deccan	0	0.5	-0.5	17.5	23.7	-6.2	-26	-25
Madras Coast, North	0.1	1.4	-1.3	32.1	33.8	-1.7	-5	+1

G. C. SIMPSON,

for Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;

Dated 13th November 1913.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
8th November 1913.

Burma.—During the week the rainfall was good in Lower Burma and light over most of Upper Burma. Agricultural operations are progressing normally. Standing crops are generally in good condition. Cattle are healthy and pasturage is sufficient. The price of unhusked rice continues slightly above normal but tends to fall.

Assam.—During the week the weather was dry and seasonable. Ploughing for and sowing of mustard and pulses, harvesting of winter rice and pressing of sugarcane continue. The prospects of tea are good and those of transplanted winter rice fair to good. The average price of common rice is stationary. Cattle disease is reported from five districts.

Bengal.—No rain fell during the week throughout the Province. The preparation and sowing of lands for spring crops are still in progress. The condition and prospects of the winter crops are on the whole good. The condition of agricultural stock is fair. Cattle disease is reported from six districts. Reports of slight damage by insect pests have been received from two districts. The average price of common rice fell by about 0·7 per cent, as compared with that of the previous week. Agricultural loans were issued in three districts and gratuitous relief was paid in one district of the Burdwan division.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week and the weather was seasonable. The sowing of spring crops is going on. Harvesting of early winter rice continues in Orissa and Chota Nagpur. Standing crops are doing well but more rain is wanted for the late sown rice crop in the flood affected tracts of Cuttack and Balasore. The price of common rice has fallen in Orissa and Chota Nagpur and has risen in Bihar. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in parts of Patna. Cattle disease is reported from nine districts. The prospects of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa are good.

United Provinces.—With the exception of slight showers in the Himalayan, Western Submontane, Upper Doab and North Central districts, the week was rainless. More rain is urgently needed in all but parts of the Himalayan and Eastern districts. Standing crops are suffering from drought over the greater part of the Provinces. Irrigation and preparation of land for spring crops are still in progress. Sowing of spring crops is nearing completion. Cattle disease is still reported from some parts of the Provinces. Takavi is being distributed for seed, bullocks and wells. Scarcity of fodder is increasing and water also is running short in Bundelkhand and in parts of the Unao and Fatehpur districts. Prices are fluctuating with an upward tendency.

Punjab.—Slight rain fell during the week in some of the Submontane districts. Elsewhere the weather has been dry. Rain is urgently wanted in the dry area in the south-east where sowings of spring crops on unirrigated lands are seriously restricted for want of moisture. Elsewhere standing crops are generally average to good and sowings of spring crops are normal. Harvesting of autumn crops continues, except in the south-east where it has been completed, and the outturns are generally average to good. Cattle are generally healthy but some scarcity of fodder is being felt in the south-east. Prices of wheat are generally close to normal and those of other grains a little above normal.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless and the weather was cold and at times cloudy. The condition of the standing crops is average. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress and the outturn is expected to be normal. Sowings of spring crops continue. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal has stopped. The condition of cattle is good. The supply of fodder and water is generally sufficient. Prices are high but nearly stationary. In the Bannu tahsil the prices of wheat and maize are rising and those of *bajra* and *jawar* falling.

Jammu.—During the week slight rain fell. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 11 to 20 seers per rupee. The condition of the standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of a mild type prevails in the Jammu and Rampur tahsils. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—Slight rain fell during the week. The sowing of spring crops is in progress. Cattle disease is reported in some villages of the Valley. Prices are normal. Water and fodder are sufficient.

Rajputana.—No rain fell during the week and the weather was generally clear and cool. Rain is badly needed for the sowing of spring crops in the Eastern States and Central Rajputana including Ajmer-Merwara where the outturn of the recent harvest was unfavourable and fodder also will soon be insufficient. Cattle are generally doing well. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally high and stationary. Cattle emigration continues in Ajmer-Merwara, Marwar, Jaipur, Kishengarh, Bharatpur and Karauli.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week and the weather was clear and cool. More rain is wanted in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and in the Rampura Bhanpura and Alampur pergunas of Indore. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in progress except in parts of Gwalior and Bundelkhand where operations have been stopped for want of rain. Standing crops are bad in parts of Gwalior and Bundelkhand, indifferent in Baghelkhand and fair in Bhopal. Crops have been damaged by want of rain in parts of Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and the Alampur pergunas of Indore and in Bhopal. Cattle disease prevails in parts of the Jind district of Gwalior, the Nagod State and parts of the Rewa district of Baghelkhand. The condition of cattle is bad in parts of Bundelkhand. The supply of fodder is bad in parts of Gwalior, indifferent in Baghelkhand and scarce in parts of Bundelkhand. Prices are rising in Gwalior, Bhopal and parts of Bundelkhand, are above normal in Baghelkhand and steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—No rain fell during the week. The days were warm and the nights and mornings cool. The picking of cotton, the reaping and threshing of autumn crops and the sowing of spring crops continue. Rain is needed in many places for the spring crops especially in the Jubbulpore and Nerbudda divisions. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient except in parts of Saugor and Damoh. The price of gram rose by 2 seers per rupee in Narsingpur. Elsewhere the variations in the prices of food grains were unimportant.

Feudatory States.—The rainfall was *nil*. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in progress. The price of gram rose in Udaipur and that of rice fell in Sirguja by 2 and 4 seers per rupee respectively.

Bombay.—The standing crops have been slightly damaged by rats in Karachi, Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Kaira, Palanpur and Rewa Kantha, by insects in Broach, and by blight in Bijapur. They are withering in parts of Ahmednagar and are in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops continue. The picking of cotton is progressing in parts of Sind, the Deccan, Kathiawar and Baroda. The supply of fodder is generally sufficient. Agricultural stock are good and sufficient.

except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona. Drinking water is adequate. Water for irrigation is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Satara. Prices are high with a tendency to rise. Stocks of grain are sufficient.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week and the prospects of the season are unchanged.

Mysore.—During the week the rainfall was *nil*. The price of *rugi* rose slightly in Kolar and that of rice in Hassan. The markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in fair to good condition but the want of rain is felt in the greater part of the State. Harvesting is in progress with outturn poor to fair. The prospects of the season are fair to good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—During the week the rainfall was insufficient. Agricultural prospects are good. The picking of cardamom continues and that of coffee has commenced. The prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—During the week the rainfall was fair to good in the Nilgiris, the West Coast except South Canara and the Carnatic except Nellore and *nil* or light elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of dry crops and paddy is proceeding with outturn fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally for the most part. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of water is insufficient for irrigation in some places. Fodder is generally sufficient. Prices show a downward tendency. Reports from North Arcot, Trichinopoly and the Southern Districts have not been received.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

NOS. 1982—2004.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 12th November 1913.

RESOLUTION.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the East India Contracts Act, 1870 (33 and 34 Vict., Cap. 59) and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following be substituted for Part D, item 2 (a) of Part M, and for item 8 of Part N, respectively, of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department, nos. 713-734 (Judicial), dated the 2nd June 1913, relating to the execution of deeds, contracts and other instruments on behalf of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council:—

D.—In the case of the Currency Department, Treasuries and Account Offices :—

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Mortgage-deeds given as security in connection with the employment of officers as Treasurers and the like in Currency Offices, and agreements entered into with such officers. | By the Head Commissioner or Commissioner of Paper Currency. |
| 2. Mortgage-deeds given as security in connection with the employment of officers as Treasurers and Shroffs in District or Sub-District Treasuries and agreements entered into with such officers. | By Collectors or Deputy Commissioners of Districts. |
| 3. Mortgage-deeds given as security in connection with the employment of Treasurers, Cashiers or Clerks in Account Offices, charged with the disbursement of money or the custody and handling of securities. | By the Head of the Office. |
| 4. Instruments relating to the reassignment of insurance policies which are assigned to the Secretary of State for India in accordance with the rules regulating the General Provident Fund. | By the Account Officer of the Fund, as defined in the rules of the fund. |
| 5. Deeds of reconveyance of security given by Shroffs in District and Sub-District Treasuries. | By Collectors or Deputy Commissioners of Districts. |

M.—In the territories under the administration of the Government of Madras, as regards contracts, etc., not heretofore specified :—

- | | |
|--|---|
| 2. (a) Contracts and other instruments for the purchase, supply, conveyance or carriage of building materials, stores, machinery, etc., and the provision of labour for building or other work, and such like engagements. | By Collectors of Districts, Sub-Collectors, Assistant and Deputy Collectors in charge of Divisions; Inspectors-General, Deputy Inspectors-General, and Superintendents of Police; Commissioner of Police, Madras; Inspector-General of Prisons; Inspector-General of Registration; Superintendent of Stationery; the Presidency Port Officer and Port Officers; and the Director of Industries. |
|--|---|

N.—In the territories under the administration of the Government of Bombay, as regards contracts, etc., not hereinbefore specified :—

8. Deeds, contracts, and instruments relating to land, or to any benefit arising out of land, or to water, or to any benefit arising out of water or to land revenue.

In the City of Bombay, by the Collector of Bombay; elsewhere, by Collectors of Districts; or in any business connected with the duties of the Talukdari Settlement Officer or of the Special Officer, Salsette Building Sites, by those Officers, respectively.

ORDER.—Ordered that the above Resolution be communicated to the Governments of Madras and Bombay and to other local Governments and Administrations* and the several Departments† of the Government of India for information

and guidance ‡ with reference to their letters nos. 2858 and 1990-C-13-2, dated the 29th September and 9th October 1913, respectively.

§ with reference to their letter no. 7142, dated the 10th October 1913,

(and for communication to the Agent to the Governor General, Baluchistan); and that it may be also published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

() To Foreign Department only.

‡To Madras only.

§To Bombay only.

Bengal.	Foreign.
Bihar and Orissa.	Army.
United Provinces.	Revenue and Agriculture.
Punjab.	Public Works.
Burma.	Commerce and Industry.
Central Provinces. †	Railway.
Assam.	Legislative.
Coorg.	Finance.
North-West Frontier Province.	Finance (Military Finance).
Delhi.	Education.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 13th November, 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 8th November 1913 is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern.	Bombay City	19	9
		Rewa Kantha Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	18	13
		Surat Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bhiwandi Port	2	2
		Malad " . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana "	1	1
		Kalyan "	8	11
		Thana District . . . . .	...	...
		Ahmednagar District	9	7
		West Khandesh "	4	2
	Central	East Khandesh "	19	14
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	140	120
		Poona District	97	75
		Satara District	420	332
		Sholapur Town . . . . .	...	1
		Sholapur District	8	2
		Panvel Port	11	7
		Kolaba District	8	8
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
	Southern	Belgaum "	123	84
		Dharwar "	560	315
		Hubli Town	47	43
		Bijapur District	339	260
		Kanara " . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	12	8
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Baroda State	24	14
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	257	260
		TOTAL	2,126	1,531
MADRAS PRESIDENCY		Madras Town . . . . .	...	...
		Anantapur District	10	7
		North Arcot District	44 (a)	30
		Bellary Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	16 (b)	10 (c)
		Mangalore Town and Port	4	1
		South Canara District	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Coimbatore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore District	125 (d)	75 (c)
		Chittoor District . . . . .	...	...
		The Nilgiris "	2	3
		Trichinopoly Town . . . . .	...	...
		Karnool District . . . . .	...	...
		Salem " . . . . .	...	...
		Malabar "	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Madura " . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	203	131

(a) One imported. (b) Two imported. (c) Five imported. (d) Seven imported.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, NOVEMBER 15, 1913. 2079

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.	
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Presidency	24-Parganahs . . . . .	...	...
		Calcutta	3	3	
	Dacca	Dacca Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Pabna District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .			3	3
	BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town
Patna District			16	14	
Gaya Town			1	1	
Gaya District			1	1	
Tirhut		Shahabad District	22	8	
		Saran District	19	12	
		Muzaffarpur District	11	9	
		Darbhanga	1		

In the return for the week ending 10th September 1913 against Calcutta read nil case nil death deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague cases.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	13	5
		Purnea „ . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur Town	2	2
		Bhagalpur District	2	2
		Sonthal Parganas District . . . . .	...	...
	Chota-Nag- pur	Hazaribagh District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	88	54
	Meerut	Saharanpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	2	2
		Meerut District . . . . .	...	...
		Bulandshahr District	2	1
	Agra	Muttra District . . . . .	...	...
		Etah „ . . . . .	...	...
	Rohil- khand	Bijnor District	4	...
		Moradabad „ . . . . .	...	...
	Allahabad	Farrukhabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah „	2	2
		Fatehpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad City	1	1
		Allahabad District	20	19
	Jhansi	Banda District . . . . .	...	...
	Benares	Mirzapur City . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur District	1	1
		Jaunpur „	6	5
		Ghazipur „	88	64
		Ballia „	120	108

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	121	75
		Basti „	8	3
		Asamgarh „	66	58
	Kumaun	Naini Tal „ . . . . .	...	...
	Lucknow	Lucknow District	4	4
		Unao „	17	16
		Rae Bareilly „	34	22
		Hardoi „ . . . . .	...	...
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Fyzabad District	10	10
		Gonda „ . . . . .	...	...
		Bahraich „	8	8
		Partabgarh „ . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki „	31	25
	TOTAL		545	422
PUNJAB	Ambala	Hissar District	4	2
		Gurgaon „	11	14
		Rohtak „	4	8
		Karnal „	1	1
		Ambala „	4	4
	Jullundur	Kangra District . . . . .	...	...
		Hoshiarpur „	3	3
		Jullundur „	4	2

In the return for the week ending 1st, November 1913, against the Rohtak district read 3 deaths for 5 deaths.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur	3	3
		Sialkot	6	5
		Gujranwala .. . . .	...	...
	Rawalpindi	Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhelum	3	3
		Rawalpindi	47	38
		Attock .. . . .	...	...
	Multan	Jhang	1	...
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	35	85
	TOTAL		126	113
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	3	2
		Insein District . . . . .	...	...
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy	1	1
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome	1	1
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein District	1	1
		Hensada District	3	3
		Myaungmya	3	3
		Maubin .. . . .	...	...
	Tenasserim	Amherst District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	1	1

following footnote should be made in the return for the week ending 1st November 1913.

figures against Bassein Town and the district are for the week ending 21st October 1913.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, NOVEMBER 15, 1913. 2083

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Meiktila	Meiktila District . . . . .	...	...
		Yamethin „	1	1
		TOTAL	14	13
CENTRAL PRO- VINCES	Nagpur	Rhandara District . . . . .	...	...
		Wardha Town . . . . .	...	...
	Berar	Yectmal Town . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
GOORG	...	Coorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	32	27
		Bangalore City	1	...
		Bangalore District	16	12
		Mysore City . . . . .	...	...
		Mysore District	41	36
		Hassan „	14	11
		Kadur „	30	25
		Kolar „	7	4
		Kolar Gold Fields	1	...
		Tumkur District	13	6
		Shimoga „	6	4
		Chitaldroog . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	161	125
HYDER- ABAD STATE	...	Raichur District	130	96
		Bidar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani „ . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs . . . . .	...	...
		Bir District	4	5
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	143 (a)	101 (a)

(a) From the 27th October to the 2nd November 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Bhopal State	8	7
		TOTAL	8 (a)	7 (a)
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh „ . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	1	...
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
				TOTAL . . . . .	1	...
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
GRAND TOTAL			3,418	2,500

(a) For the week ending 1st November 1913.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		MEAN MILEAGE WORKED.		TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK ENDING		EARNINGS PER MILE OPEN FOR WEEK.		TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO		REMARKS.
	During official year 1912-13.		1912.	1913.	1st November 1912.	1st November 1913.	1912.	1913.	1st November 1912.	1st November 1913.	
	R	Miles.	Miles.		R	R	R	R	R	R	
State and Guaranteed Railways.											
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	319	2,495	2,661		7,64,351	6,90,000	306	259	2,27,48,848	2,28,78,000	
Bezwada Extension	356	21	21		6,524	5,800	311	276	2,19,000	2,21,000	1,29,152
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	660	946	946		6,00,572	5,54,000	641	586	1,81,07,677	1,90,56,000	2,000
Eastern Bengal (inclgd. 3' 3½" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	430	1,579	1,578		7,45,269	8,19,000	475	519	1,94,05,562	2,05,45,000	9,48,323
East Indian	703	2,455	2,551		20,34,226	18,79,000	830	721	6,06,78,437	5,85,99,000	11,39,438
Great Indian Peninsula (inclgd. Indian Midland)	626	2,472	2,537		13,47,470	13,20,000	545	523	4,22,37,553	4,38,18,000	20,79,437
Agra-Delhi Chord	330	126	126		38,704	45,700	308	363	11,75,435	12,12,000	15,80,347
Baran-Kotah	86	40	40		3,119	3,500	77	87	1,16,062	1,07,000	36,565
Bhopal-Itarsi.	586	57	57		24,233	30,900	497	542	9,28,254	10,34,000	9,062
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3½" gauge lines)	269	2,585	2,585		5,75,123	6,01,000	222	232	2,08,42,497	2,16,02,000	1,05,746
North-Western (inclgd. 2' 6" gauge lines)	446	5,812	3,934		16,68,330	13,70,000	438	351	5,51,71,681	5,11,24,000	7,59,503
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3½" link)	295	1,597	1,600		4,17,083	4,02,000	261	251	1,44,33,653	1,39,61,000	43,47,681
Cawnpore-Banda (a)	...	33	33		...	1,000	...	30	...	25,300	...
Hardwar-Dehra	267	32	32		5,569	11,300	174	353	2,44,496	2,91,000	4,72,653
Assam-Bengal	158	805	805		1,38,867	1,63,000	173	202	36,70,825	38,18,000	25,300
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	328	1,828	1,828		5,16,600	4,57,000	283	250	1,76,19,076	1,50,40,000	46,504
Burma	280	1,545	1,552		3,73,008	4,30,000	241	277	1,15,26,346	1,30,79,000	1,47,175
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	209	124	124		27,478	15,400	222	124	7,90,525	8,32,000	16,70,976
Lucknow-Bareilly	153	281	287		36,599	31,000	131	108	12,87,314	13,03,000	15,52,654
Mysore (including Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	172	411	411		71,049	70,700	173	172	21,21,727	21,48,000	41,475
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	379	1,396	1,451		5,09,038	4,35,000	365	300	1,62,26,874	1,67,34,000	15,686
Travancore Branch	147	108	108		1,58,13	13,600	146	126	4,92,587	5,24,000	26,273
Tirhoot	242	774	792		1,76,854	1,60,000	228	202	53,69,208	52,76,000	5,07,126
Orhat (Provincial)	78	30	30		2,022	1,900	68	63	70,771	70,800	31,413
											93,208

(a) Opened from 1st April 1913.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)	(n)	(o)	(p)	(q)	(r)	(s)	(t)	(u)	(v)	(w)	(x)	(y)	(z)	(aa)	(ab)	(ac)	(ad)	(ae)	(af)	(ag)	(ah)	(ai)	(aj)	(ak)	(al)	(am)	(an)	(ao)	(ap)	(aq)	(ar)	(as)	(at)	(au)	(av)	(aw)	(ax)	(ay)	(az)	(ba)	(bb)	(bc)	(bd)	(be)	(bf)	(bg)	(bh)	(bi)	(bj)	(bk)	(bl)	(bm)	(bn)	(bo)	(bp)	(bq)	(br)	(bs)	(bt)	(bu)	(bv)	(bw)	(bx)	(by)	(bz)	(ca)	(cb)	(cc)	(cd)	(ce)	(cf)	(cg)	(ch)	(ci)	(cj)	(ck)	(cl)	(cm)	(cn)	(co)	(cp)	(cq)	(cr)	(cs)	(ct)	(cu)	(cv)	(cw)	(cx)	(cy)	(cz)	(da)	(db)	(dc)	(dd)	(de)	(df)	(dg)	(dh)	(di)	(dj)	(dk)	(dl)	(dm)	(dn)	(do)	(dp)	(dq)	(dr)	(ds)	(dt)	(du)	(dv)	(dw)	(dx)	(dy)	(dz)	(ea)	(eb)	(ec)	(ed)	(ee)	(ef)	(eg)	(eh)	(ei)	(ej)	(ek)	(el)	(em)	(en)	(eo)	(ep)	(eq)	(er)	(es)	(et)	(eu)	(ev)	(ew)	(ex)	(ey)	(ez)	(fa)	(fb)	(fc)	(fd)	(fe)	(ff)	(fg)	(fh)	(fi)	(fj)	(fk)	(fl)	(fm)	(fn)	(fo)	(fp)	(fq)	(fr)	(fs)	(ft)	(fu)	(fv)	(fw)	(fx)	(fy)	(fz)	(ga)	(gb)	(gc)	(gd)	(ge)	(gf)	(gg)	(gh)	(gi)	(gj)	(gk)	(gl)	(gm)	(gn)	(go)	(gp)	(gq)	(gr)	(gs)	(gt)	(gu)	(gv)	(gw)	(gx)	(gy)	(gz)	(ha)	(hb)	(hc)	(hd)	(he)	(hf)	(hg)	(hh)	(hi)	(hj)	(hk)	(hl)	(hm)	(hn)	(ho)	(hp)	(hq)	(hr)	(hs)	(ht)	(hu)	(hv)	(hw)	(hx)	(hy)	(hz)	(ia)	(ib)	(ic)	(id)	(ie)	(if)	(ig)	(ih)	(ii)	(ij)	(ik)	(il)	(im)	(in)	(io)	(ip)	(iq)	(ir)	(is)	(it)	(iu)	(iv)	(iw)	(ix)	(iy)	(iz)	(ja)	(jb)	(jc)	(jd)	(je)	(jf)	(jg)	(jh)	(ji)	(jj)	(jk)	(jl)	(jm)	(jn)	(jo)	(jp)	(jq)	(jr)	(js)	(jt)	(ju)	(jv)	(jw)	(jx)	(jy)	(jz)	(ka)	(kb)	(kc)	(kd)	(ke)	(kf)	(kg)	(kh)	(ki)	(kj)	(kk)	(kl)	(km)	(kn)	(ko)	(kp)	(kq)	(kr)	(ks)	(kt)	(ku)	(kv)	(kw)	(kx)	(ky)	(kz)	(la)	(lb)	(lc)	(ld)	(le)	(lf)	(lg)	(lh)	(li)	(lj)	(lk)	(ll)	(lm)	(ln)	(lo)	(lp)	(lq)	(lr)	(ls)	(lt)	(lu)	(lv)	(lw)	(lx)	(ly)	(lz)	(ma)	(mb)	(mc)	(md)	(me)	(mf)	(mg)	(mh)	(mi)	(mj)	(mk)	(ml)	(mm)	(mn)	(mo)	(mp)	(mq)	(mr)	(ms)	(mt)	(mu)	(mv)	(mw)	(mx)	(my)	(mz)	(na)	(nb)	(nc)	(nd)	(ne)	(nf)	(ng)	(nh)	(ni)	(nj)	(nk)	(nl)	(nm)	(nn)	(no)	(np)	(nq)	(nr)	(ns)	(nt)	(nu)	(nv)	(nw)	(nx)	(ny)	(nz)	(oa)	(ob)	(oc)	(od)	(oe)	(of)	(og)	(oh)	(oi)	(oj)	(ok)	(ol)	(om)	(on)	(oo)	(op)	(oq)	(or)	(os)	(ot)	(ou)	(ov)	(ow)	(ox)	(oy)	(oz)	(pa)	(pb)	(pc)	(pd)	(pe)	(pf)	(pg)	(ph)	(pi)	(pj)	(pk)	(pl)	(pm)	(pn)	(po)	(pp)	(pq)	(pr)	(ps)	(pt)	(pu)	(pv)	(pw)	(px)	(py)	(pz)	(qa)	(qb)	(qc)	(qd)	(qe)	(qf)	(qg)	(qh)	(qi)	(qj)	(qk)	(ql)	(qm)	(qn)	(qo)	(qp)	(qq)	(qr)	(qs)	(qt)	(qu)	(qv)	(qw)	(qx)	(qy)	(qz)	(ra)	(rb)	(rc)	(rd)	(re)	(rf)	(rg)	(rh)	(ri)	(rj)	(rk)	(rl)	(rm)	(rn)	(ro)	(rp)	(rq)	(rr)	(rs)	(rt)	(ru)	(rv)	(rw)	(rx)	(ry)	(rz)	(sa)	(sb)	(sc)	(sd)	(se)	(sf)	(sg)	(sh)	(si)	(sj)	(sk)	(sl)	(sm)	(sn)	(so)	(sp)	(sq)	(sr)	(ss)	(st)	(su)	(sv)	(sw)	(sx)	(sy)	(sz)	(ta)	(tb)	(tc)	(td)	(te)	(tf)	(tg)	(th)	(ti)	(tj)	(tk)	(tl)	(tm)	(tn)	(to)	(tp)	(tq)	(tr)	(ts)	(tt)	(tu)	(tv)	(tw)	(tx)	(ty)	(tz)	(ua)	(ub)	(uc)	(ud)	(ue)	(uf)	(ug)	(uh)	(ui)	(uj)	(uk)	(ul)	(um)	(un)	(uo)	(up)	(uq)	(ur)	(us)	(ut)	(uu)	(uv)	(uw)	(ux)	(uy)	(uz)	(va)	(vb)	(vc)	(vd)	(ve)	(vf)	(vg)	(vh)	(vi)	(vj)	(vk)	(vl)	(vm)	(vn)	(vo)	(vp)	(vq)	(vr)	(vs)	(vt)	(vu)	(vv)	(vw)	(vx)	(vy)	(vz)	(wa)	(wb)	(wc)	(wd)	(we)	(wf)	(wg)	(wh)	(wi)	(wj)	(wk)	(wl)	(wm)	(wn)	(wo)	(wp)	(wq)	(wr)	(ws)	(wt)	(wu)	(wv)	(ww)	(wx)	(wy)	(wz)	(xa)	(xb)	(xc)	(xd)	(xe)	(xf)	(xg)	(xh)	(xi)	(xj)	(xk)	(xl)	(xm)	(xn)	(xo)	(xp)	(xq)	(xr)	(xs)	(xt)	(xu)	(xv)	(xw)	(xx)	(xy)	(xz)	(ya)	(yb)	(yc)	(yd)	(ye)	(yf)	(yg)	(yh)	(yi)	(yj)	(yk)	(yl)	(ym)	(yn)	(yo)	(yp)	(yq)	(yr)	(ys)	(yt)	(yu)	(yv)	(yw)	(zx)	(zy)	(zz)
Bina-Goonah-Baran	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148																																																																																																																							

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The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1913.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

PUBLIC.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 8th November 1913.

No. 2370.—The following Proclamation of the Governor General in Council is hereby published :—

PROCLAMATION.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 3 of the Government of India Act, 1912 (2 & 3 Geo. 5, c. 6), the Governor General in Council is pleased to extend to the territories for the time being administered by the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces the provisions of the Indian Councils Acts, 1861 to 1909, touching the making of laws and regulations for the peace and good government of provinces under Lieutenant-Governors (including the constitution of Legislative Councils for such provinces and the business to be transacted therein) subject to the modification that in the application to the said territories of the provisions aforesaid references to a Lieutenant-Governor shall be construed as references to the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

No. 2371.—The following Proclamation, to which the sanction of His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, has been signified by the Secretary of State for India in Council, is hereby published :—

PROCLAMATION.

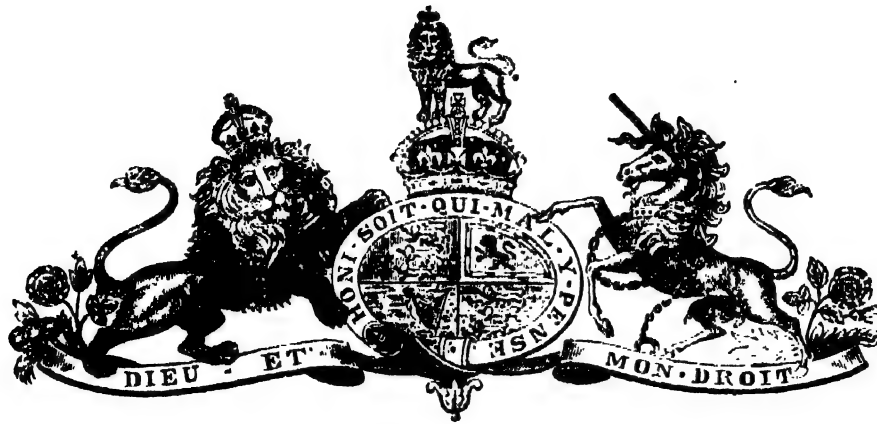
In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 & 25 Vict. c. 67) and all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the

Governor General is pleased to constitute the territories for the time being administered by the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces to be, for the purposes of the Indian Councils Act, 1861, a province to which the provisions of that Act touching the making of laws and regulations for the peace and good government of the Presidencies of Fort Saint George and Bombay shall be applicable.

2. The Governor General in Council is also pleased to specify the 10th day of November 1913, as the time at which the application of the said provisions of the Indian Councils Act, 1861, to the said territories shall take effect.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 47. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st November, 1913.

No. 59.—Whereas by Resolution passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the 26th day of February 1886 the provisions of section 1 of the Government of India Act, 1870 (33 Vict., c. 3), were declared applicable to Upper Burma;

And whereas the Lieutenant-Governor of Burma has proposed to the Governor General in Council a draft of the following Regulation, together with the reasons for proposing the same;

And whereas the Governor General in Council has taken the draft and reasons into consideration, and has approved of the draft and the same has received the assent of the Governor General on the tenth day of November 1913;

(1105)

In pursuance of the direction contained in the said section, the said Regulation is now published in the *Gazette of India* and will be published in the *Burma Gazette*.

REGULATION NO. IV OF 1913.

A Regulation to Repeal Regulation No. II of 1897 and to declare the law applicable to the Registration of Documents in Upper Burma.

XVI of 1908. **II of 1897.** WHEREAS it is expedient to apply to Upper Burma the law relating to the Registration of Documents as contained in the Indian Registration Act, 1908, and for such purpose to repeal the Upper Burma Registration Regulation, 1897, subject to certain provisos; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title, extent and commencement.
lation, 1913;

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Upper Burma Registration Amendment Regulation, 1913;

(2) It extends to the whole of Upper Burma; and

(3) It shall come into force on the 1st day of January, 1914.

II of 1897.

Repeal.

2. The Upper Burma Registration Regulation, 1897, is hereby repealed:

Provided that documents executed before the 1st day of January, 1914, and registered on or after that date in accordance with the provisions of the said Regulation and the rules and notifications thereunder shall be deemed to have been registered under the said Regulation:

Provided further that no document, the registration of which was required by or under any law for the time being in force prior to the commencement of this Regulation, shall—

(a) affect any immoveable property comprised therein, or

(b) be received as evidence of any transaction affecting such property,

unless it has been so registered.

3. Documents registered in accordance with the provisions of any law or notification

Saving of documents registered before commencement of Act. issued thereunder for the time being in force prior to the commencement of this Regulation

XVI of 1908. shall not be "unregistered" within the meaning of section 50 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908.

No. 60.—The following Statutes are published for general information:

THE POST OFFICE ACT, 1913 (3 and 4 GEO. 5, CH. 11).

CHAPTER II.

AN ACT TO ENABLE NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN BRITISH POSSESSIONS OR PROTECTORATES TO BE REGISTERED AND BE TREATED AS REGISTERED NEWSPAPERS UNDER THE POST OFFICE ACT, 1908.

[15th August 1913.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. The provisions of the Post Office Act, 1908, relating to the registration of newspapers and registered newspapers shall apply

Extension of provisions as to registration of newspapers to newspapers published in British possessions or protectorates.

to publications printed and published in a British possession or protectorate as they apply to publications printed and published in the British

Islands, and accordingly paragraph (a) of sub-section (1) of section twenty of the Post Office Act, 1908 (which relates to the publications which may be registered as a newspaper), shall be read as if the words "or in some British possession or protectorate" were inserted after the words "in the British Islands":

8 Edw. 7.
c. 48.

Provided that the Postmaster General may refuse to register as a newspaper a publication printed and published in a British possession or protectorate, unless arrangements have been made to his satisfaction for maintaining a responsible representative of the publication in the United Kingdom.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression "British Protectorate" shall be deemed to include the Malay States and Cyprus.

2. This Act may be cited as the Post Office Act, 1913, and shall be read as one with the Post Office Act, 1908.

Short title.

THE FOREIGN JURISDICTION ACT, 1913 (3 and 4 GEO. 5, CH. 16).

CHAPTER 16.

AN ACT TO AMEND THE FOREIGN JURISDICTION ACT, 1890.

[15th August 1913.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890, shall have effect as if to the enactments mentioned in the First Schedule to that Act (being ^{53 & 54 Vict. c. 37.} enactments which may be applied by Order in Council to foreign countries in which for the time being His Majesty has jurisdiction) there were added the enactments mentioned in the Schedule to this Act.

Power to extend additional enactments.

2. This Act may be cited as the Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1913, and the Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890, and this Act may be cited together as the Foreign Jurisdiction Acts, 1890 and 1913.

Short title.

SCHEDULE.

ENACTMENTS WHICH MAY BE EXTENDED.

Session and Chapter.	Title.	Enactments which may be extended by Order in Council.
32 & 33 Vict., c. 10...	The Colonial Prisoners Removal Act, 1869	The whole Act.
55 & 56 Vict., c. 6 ...	The Colonial Probates Act, 1892	The whole Act.
57 & 58 Vict., c. 30...	The Finance Act, 1894	Section twenty.
63 & 64 Vict., c. 14...	The Colonial Solicitors Act, 1900	The whole Act.
8 Edw. 7., c. 69. ...	The Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908	Sections thirty-four, thirty-five, and thirty-six.

THE APPELLATE JURISDICTION ACT, 1913 (3 and 4 GEO. 5, CH. 21).

CHAPTER 21.

AN ACT TO MAKE FURTHER PROVISION WITH RESPECT TO THE NUMBER AND DUTIES OF LORDS OF APPEAL IN ORDINARY, AND WITH RESPECT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COURT OF APPEAL AND THE JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL.

[15th August 1913.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. His Majesty may appoint two Lords of Appeal in Ordinary under section six of the Appellate Jurisdiction Act, 1876, in addition ^{39 & 40 Vict. c. 59.} to the four Lords of Appeal in Ordinary whom he may appoint under sections six and fourteen of that Act and the law relating to the

Additional Lords of Appeal.

appointment and qualifications of Lords of Appeal under the said section six, and to their duties and tenure of office, their rank, salary, and pension, and otherwise, shall apply to any Lord of Appeal appointed under this section : Provided that the sum paid in salaries in any one year to the Lords of Appeal in Ordinary appointed under this Act shall in no case exceed twelve thousand pounds.

2. Every Lord of Appeal in Ordinary, whether appointed before or after the passing of this Act, who at the date of his appointment would have been qualified to be appointed an ordinary judge of the Court of Appeal, or who at that date was a judge of that Court shall be an ex-officio judge of that Court, but no such Lord of Appeal shall be required to sit and act as a judge of the Court of Appeal unless upon the request of the Lord Chancellor he consents so to do, and whilst so sitting and acting he shall rank therein according to his precedence as a peer.

3.—(1) The maximum number of persons (being, or having been, judges in certain Provisions as to colonial judges becoming members of the Judicial Committee. parts of His Majesty's dominions) who may become members of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council by reason of the Judicial Committee Amendment Act, 1895, as amended by any subsequent enactment shall be increased from five to seven, and accordingly seven shall be substituted for five in sub-section (2) of section one of that Act.

58 & 59 Vict.,
c. 44.

(2) Section one of the said Act shall have effect as if the persons named therein included any person being or having been Chief Justice or a Judge of the Supreme Court of South Africa.

(3) His Majesty may, by Order in Council, regulate the order in which the persons qualified to become members of the Judicial Committee under the said Act as so amended, are to become members thereof, so as to secure, as far as possible, an equal distribution of such members amongst the various parts of His Majesty's dominions to which the Act so amended relates.

(4) The enactments mentioned in the schedule to this Act are hereby repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of that schedule, and in the schedule to the Appellate Jurisdiction Act, 1908, for the words "Cape of Good Hope, Natal, Transvaal, Orange River Colony" there shall be substituted the words "the Union of South Africa."

8 Edw. 7, c.
51.

Short title.

4. This Act may be cited as the Appellate Jurisdiction Act, 1913.

SCHEDULE.

ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

Session and Chapter.	Short Title.	Extent of Repeal.
58 and 59 Vict., c. 44.	The Judicial Committee Amendment Act, 1895.	In section one, the words "or either of the South African Colonies mentioned in the said schedule." In the schedule, the words "South African Colonies, Cape of Good Hope, Natal."
8 Edw. 7, c. 51 ...	The Appellate Jurisdiction Act, 1908.	Sub-section (2) of section three.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.**ESTABLISHMENTS.**

Simla, the 17th November, 1913.

No. 2553—With reference to the Home Department notification no. 1939, dated the 18th September 1913 it is hereby notified that the Hon'ble Sir James Meston, K.C.S.I., returned from deputation and resumed charge of the Office of Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh on the afternoon of the 15th November 1913.

POLICE.

The 18th November, 1913.

No. 1334—The services of Captain E M Hobday, 41st Dogras, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment in the Burma Military Police, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 17th November, 1913.

No. 2110-G—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Egon, Graf von Thurn and Valsassina as Consul General for Austria-Hungary at Calcutta.

The 18th November, 1913.

No. 2894-Est. B—The leave granted to Captain A. B. Skinner, 5th Cavalry, Adjutant of the Imperial Cadet Corps, in the notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 523-Est. B., dated the 6th March 1913, is extended to the 2nd October, 1913.

No. 3631-I. B—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 26 and 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870 (VII of 1870), as extended to British Baluchistan, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to issue the following directions:—

- I. When in any case the fee chargeable under the said Act is less than Rs. 10, such fee shall be denoted by adhesive stamps only. Such adhesive stamps shall be of the size and pattern introduced in 1883, bearing the words "Court-fee" and containing three lines in the middle, with the Sovereign's head and the value printed on the left side, at present in use, or adhesive stamps of any different shape, size or pattern, bearing the words "Court-fees", which may hereafter be issued for use, in supersession of, or in addition to, the adhesive stamps now in use.
- II. When in any case the fee chargeable under the said Act amounts to or exceeds Rs. 10 such fee shall be denoted by impressed stamps bearing the words "Court-fees", adhesive stamps being only employed to make up fractions of less than Rs. 10.
- III. If in any case the amount of the fee chargeable under the said Act involves a fraction of an anna, such fraction shall be remitted.

No 3632-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 25 of the Court-fees Act, 1870 (VII of 1870), as extended to British Baluchistan, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the additional Court-fee payable under section 19-E of the said Act on Probates and Letters of Administration shall be denoted either—

- (a) by impressed and adhesive stamps in the manner prescribed in notification No. 3631-I. B., dated the 18th November 1913; or
- (b) wholly by adhesive stamps of the kind described in clause 1 of notification No. 3631-I. B., dated the 18th November 1913.

No. 3633-I. B.—Under section 35 of the Court-fees Act, 1870 (VII of 1870), as extended to British Baluchistan, it is hereby notified that, in exercise of the power to reduce or remit all or any of the fees mentioned in the First and Second Schedules to the said Act, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to make the reductions and remissions hereinafter set forth, namely :—

(1) to remit the fees chargeable on applications presented to a Collector for refund of the amount paid to the Government for stamped paper which has become spoiled or unfit for use, or is no longer required for use, and on applications for renewal of stamped paper which has become spoiled or unfit for use ;

(2) to remit the fees chargeable on applications in writing relating exclusively to the purchase of salt which is the property of the Government ;

(3) to direct that, when a plaint disclosing a reasonable case on the merits is presented to any Civil or Revenue Court in such a form that the presiding Judge or officer, without summoning the defendant, rejects it not for any substantial defect but on account of an entirely technical error in form only and so as to leave the plaintiff free to prosecute precisely the same case in another form against the same defendant or defendants, the value of the stamp on the plaint shall be refunded on presentation of an application to the Collector of the District in which the Court is situated, together with a certificate from the Judge or officer who rejected the plaint that it was rejected under the circumstances above described, and that the value of the stamp should, in his opinion, be refunded ;

(4) to remit the fees chargeable on—

(a) copies of village settlement-records furnished to landholders and cultivators during the currency or at the termination of settlement operations ;

(b) lists of fields extracted from village settlement records for the purpose of being filed with petitions of plaint in Settlement Courts :

Provided that nothing in this clause shall apply to copies of judicial proceedings, or to copies of village settlement-records (other than lists of fields extracted as aforesaid) which may be filed in any Court or office ;

(5) to direct that the fee chargeable on appeals from orders under section 47 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, (V of 1908), shall be limited to the amounts chargeable under article 11 of the Second Schedule ;

(6) to remit the fees chargeable on security bonds for the keeping of the peace by, or good behaviour of, persons other than the executants ;

(7) to remit the fee payable under article 1, clause (c), of the Second Schedule on an application or petition presented to a Chief Commissioner, when the application or petition is accompanied by a petition to the Government of India and contains merely a request that that petition may be forwarded to the Government of India ;

(8) to remit the fees chargeable under articles 6, 7 and 9 of the First Schedule on copies furnished by Civil or Criminal Courts or Revenue Courts or offices for the private use of persons applying for them :

Provided that nothing in this clause shall apply to copies when filed, exhibited or recorded in any Court of Justice or received by any public officer ;

(9) to remit the fees chargeable, under paragraph 4 of clause (a) and paragraph 2 of clause (b) of article 1 of the Second Schedule, on applications for orders for the payment of deposits in cases in which the deposit does not exceed Rs. 25 in amount :

Provided that the application is made within three months of the date on which the deposit first became payable to the party making the application ;

(10) to remit with reference to clause XI of section 19 of the Act the fees chargeable on applications for leave to occupy under direct engagement with the Government land of which revenue is settled, but not permanently, when made by persons who do not at the time of application hold the land ;

(11) to remit the fees chargeable on applications for loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act, XIX of 1883, or the Agriculturists Loans Act, XII of 1884 ;

(12) to remit the fees chargeable on an application made by a person to the Collector under the second paragraph of section 42 of the Indian Stamp Act, II of 1879, for the return to that person, or to the registration officer who impounded it, of a document impounded and sent to the Collector by a registration officer ;

(13) to remit the fee chargeable on an application made for transfer of a stock-note from one circle to another under paragraph 6 of Resolution by the Government of India in the Finance Department No. 2556, dated the 20th August, 1885 ;

(14) to remit the fees chargeable on the following documents, namely :—

(a) a copy of a charge framed under section 210 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, or of a translation thereof, when the copy is given to an accused person ;

(b) copy of the evidence of supplementary witnesses after commitment, when the copy is given under section 219 of the said Code to an accused person ;

(c) copy or translation of a judgment in a case other than a summons case and copy of the heads of the Judge's charge to the jury, when the copy or translation is given under section 371 of the said Code to an accused person ;

(d) copy or translation of a judgment in a summons case, when the accused person to whom the copy or translation is given under section 371 of the said Code is in jail ;

(e) copy of an order of maintenance, when the copy is given under section 490 of the said Code to the person in whose favour the order is made, or to his guardian, if any, or to the person to whom the allowance is to be paid ;

(f) copy furnished to any person affected by a judgment or order passed by a Criminal Court of the Judge's charge to the jury, or of any order, deposition or other part of the record when the copy is not a copy which may be granted under any of the preceding sub-clauses without the payment of a fee, but is a copy which on its being applied for under section 548 of the said Code, the Judge or Magistrate, for some special reason to be recorded by him on the copy, thinks fit to furnish without such payment ;

(g) copies of all documents furnished under the orders of any Court or Magistrate to any Government Advocate or pleader or other person specially empowered in that behalf for the purpose of conducting any trial or investigation on the part of the Government before any Criminal Court ;

(h) copies of all documents which any such Advocate, Pleader or other person is required to take in connection with any such trial or investigation, for the use of any Court or Magistrate, or may consider necessary for the purpose of advising the Government in connection with any criminal proceedings ;

(i) copies of judgments or depositions required by officers of the Police Department in the course of their duties ;

(15) to remit the fee chargeable on an application presented by any person for the return of a document filed by him in any Court or public office ;

(16) to direct that, when a part of an estate paying annual revenue to the Government under a settlement which is not permanent is recorded in the collector's register as separately assessed with such revenue, the value of the subject matter of a suit for the possession of, or to enforce a right of pre-emption in respect of a fractional share of that part shall, for the purposes of the computation of the amount of the fee chargeable in the suit, be deemed not to exceed ten times such portion of the revenue separately assessed on that part as may be rateably payable in respect of the share ;

(17) to remit the fee chargeable on an application for the grant of a license for the vend of stamps ;

(18) to direct that no Court-fee shall be charged on an application for the repayment of a fine or any portion of a fine the refund of which has been ordered by competent authority ;

(19) to remit the court-fees chargeable on applications for copies of documents detailed in clauses 4 and 14 *supra* ;

(20) to remit the fees chargeable on applications presented to officers of land-revenue for the suspension or remission of revenue on the ground that a crop has not been sown or has failed ;

(21) to remit the fees chargeable on all applications and petitions presented to a Collector or any Revenue Officer having jurisdiction equal or subordinate to a Collector for advice or assistance from the Agricultural Department of the Province ;

(22) (a) to remit all fees payable under Schedule (II) to the said Act upon applications relating to licenses or duplicates granted or renewed under the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913, other than licenses or duplicates of the nature hereinafter referred to in sub-head (b) ; and

(b) to reduce to one anna all fees, exceeding one anna, payable under the said Schedule upon applications relating to licenses or duplicates granted or renewed under the said Rules, in respect of which :—

(i) no fee is payable under the said Rules, or

(ii) the fee payable under the said Rules has been collected in full.

The 19th November, 1913.

No. 2133-G.—With reference to Notification, No. 940-G., dated the 13th May, 1913, Mr. Lucas Volkart, Consul for Sweden at Bombay, resumed charge of his office on the 31st October, 1913.

No. 3656-I. B—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1903, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to amend the Regulation for the better administration of the Hyderabad Residency Bazaars, 1895, as follows :—

After section 87, the following shall be inserted, namely :—

“ 87-A. Whoever keeping for profit milch cattle or milch goats, or pigs or any other animal which may be used for human consumption, allows the same

(a) to be fed upon refuse or any filthy or deleterious substance ; or

(b) to graze in any place in which grazing has for sanitary reasons been prohibited by public notice issued by the Superintendent,

shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.”

The 20th November, 1913.

No. 2139-G.—With reference to Notification, No. 529-G., dated the 19th March, 1913, Cavaliere Dr. G. Gorio, Consul for Italy at Bombay, resumed charge of his office on the 7th November, 1913.

No. 2941-Est.-A.—Captain J. S. Crosthwaite, of the Political Department, is posted as additional Assistant to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf for special duty in Khuzistan, with effect from the 9th November, 1913.

No. 2909-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel V. G. Drake-Brockman, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Agency Surgeon, Bundelkhand, with effect from the 6th November, 1913.

No. 2912-Est. A.—Mr. C. Latimer, of the Political Department, is posted on return from leave, as Assistant Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, with effect from the 3rd November, 1913.

No. 2919-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. D'A. G. Bannerman, C.V.O., C.I.E., of the Political Department, is posted as Political Agent in the Eastern States of Rajputana, with effect from the 3rd November, 1913.

No. 2922-Est. A.—Mr. S. S. Waterfield, of the Political Department, on return from leave, is posted as Political Officer, Bundi, with effect from the 2nd November, 1913.

No. 2913-Est. A.—Captain H. R. N. Pritchard, of the Political Department, is posted as Second Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana, with effect from the 5th November, 1913.

No. 2926-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel R. B. Berkeley, of the Political Department, is placed on special duty as Additional Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the 1st November, 1913.

No. 2933-Est.-A.—Mr. D. deS. Bray, of the Political Department, on return from leave, is posted as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, with effect from the 8th November, 1913.

The 21st November, 1913.

No. 2152-G.—In continuation of the Notification issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1664-P., dated the 13th July, 1877, the following Order of His Majesty in Council, which was published in the *London Gazette* of the 17th October, 1913, is republished for general information :—

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 14th day of *October*, 1913.

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.

Viscount Knollys.

Viscount Allendale.

Lord Chamberlain.

Sir Arthur Hardinge.

WHEREAS it is provided by the Slave Trade Act, 1876, that any person, being a subject of His Majesty, or of any Prince or State in India in alliance with His Majesty, who commits upon the High Seas or in any part of Asia or Africa which may be specified in that behalf by an Order of His Majesty in Council, any of the offences defined in sections 367, 370 and 371 of the Indian Penal Code or abets within the meaning of Chapter V of the said Code the commission of any such offence, shall be dealt with in respect of such offence or abetment as if the same had been committed in any place within British India in which he may be or may be found :

And whereas by an Order in Council of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria, dated the 30th day of April, 1877, it was provided that the said Act should apply to the several parts of Asia and Africa therein specified :

And whereas it is desirable to apply the said Act to certain territories in the neighbourhood of Aden to which the said Act has not been applied hitherto :

Now, therefore, in pursuance and by virtue of the said Act, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :—

1. This Order may be cited as the Slave Trade Offences (India) Order in Council 1913.

2. The Slave Trade Act, 1876, shall apply to the territories of the Kaiti, Wahidi, Behan, Audali and Beda tribes near Aden, and to the territories of the Mahri tribe of Kishin and Socotra.

And the Right Honourable Sir Edward Grey, Baronet, K.G., and the Most Honourable the Marquess of Crewe, K.G., two of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

Almeric FitzRoy.

No. 2153-G.—In continuation of the Notification issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 884-E, dated the 29th April, 1890, the following Order of His Majesty in Council, which was published in the *London Gazette* of the 17th October, 1913, is republished for general information :—

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 14th day of *October*, 1913.

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty

Lord President.

Viscount Knollys.

Viscount Allendale.

Lord Chamberlain.

Sir Arthur Hardinge.

WHEREAS by treaty, grant, usage, sufferance, and other lawful means, His Majesty the King has power and jurisdiction in Persia.

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers by The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890, or otherwise in His Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

1. This Order may be cited as "The Persia Order in Council, 1913," and shall be read as one with the Persia Order in Council, 1889 (hereinafter called the Principal Order), and this Order, the Principal Order, the Persia (Judicial Fees) Order in Council, 1898, and the Persia (Regulations) Order in Council, 1901, may be cited together as the Persia Orders in Council, 1889 to 1913.

2. From and after the date of this Order the definition of British subject in the Principal Order is hereby repealed, and the following definition is substituted therefor :—
"British subject" includes a British protected person.

And the Right Honourable Sir Edward Grey, Baronet, K.G., one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein.

Almeric FitzRoy.

No. 2154-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Herr W. R. Czerwenka as Consul for Austria Hungary at Bombay.

J. B. WOOD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 20th November, 1913.

No. 1482-F. E.—Mr. C. W. C. Carson has been appointed to officiate as Deputy Comptroller General, with effect from the 8th November 1913.

No. 1485-F. E.—In consequence of the reversion of Mr. G. W. C. Bradey from special duty, the following reversions in the classes of Superintendents in the Government of India, Finance Department, are notified, with effect from the 17th November 1913 :—

Mr. C. N. Chakrabarti to class III.

Mr. W. Gawke to his substantive appointment.

No. 1487-F. E.—Captain H. J. K. Wallis, I.A., has been appointed to officiate as Deputy Assay Master, Calcutta, with effect from the 12th November 1913 and until further orders.

No. 1585-A.—The following officers have been appointed to the Military Accounts Department by the Most Hon ble the Secretary of State for India as Military Accountants, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 31st October 1913 :—

Mr. Joshua Parlbby.

Mr. Bertram Gerhardt Temple Sanders.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 21st November, 1913.

No. 51.—Mr. Charles John Homer, Sub-Engineer, 2nd grade, Burma, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer and is posted to Burma.

R. P. RUSSELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 18th November, 1913.

No. 2985.—Mr. W. A. Threlfall, Superintendent, 1st grade, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, is granted privilege leave for 3 months under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 29th November 1913 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The following officiating promotions are made during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. W. A. Threlfall or until further orders :—

- (1) Mr. C. H. Martin, Superintendent, 2nd grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 1st grade.
- (2) Mr. L. E. Kershaw, Superintendent, 3rd grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade.
- (3) Mr. H. H. Lincoln, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade.

No. 2991.—Mr. T. McDonnell, Superintendent, 3rd grade, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, is granted privilege leave for 16 days under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 8th December 1913 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Babu Rajendra Nath Mukharji, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, is appointed to officiate as a Superintendent, 3rd grade, during the absence on leave of Mr. T. McDonnell or until further orders.

LAND SURVEYS.

The 19th November, 1913.

No. 1784-6-16.—Lieutenant F. P. Nosworthy, R.E., is appointed on probation as Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India, with effect from the 1st November 1913.

FORESTS.

The 18th November, 1913.

No. 1076—F.-259-4.—With reference to Revenue and Agriculture Department Notification No. 826—F.-259-2, dated 26th August 1913, the services of Mr. A. N. Grieve, Assistant Conservator of Forests, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bihar and Orissa, with effect from the 7th November 1913.

The 20th November, 1913.

No. 1089—F.-115-9.—On return from combined leave Mr. A. V. Monro, Conservator, 2nd grade, assumed charge of the office of Conservator of Forests, Western Circle, Assam, with effect from the forenoon of 18th November 1913, the date on which he relieved Mr W. F. Perrée, Officiating Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, Eastern Circle, Assam, of the additional charge of the Western Circle.

From the same date Mr. H. H. Forteach, Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, sub. *pro tem*, officiating in the 2nd grade (on privilege leave), ceases to officiate in the latter grade.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

POST OFFICE ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 22nd November, 1913.

No. 0819-115.—The following promotions in the grades of Postmasters-General are made with effect from the 17th August 1913 :—

Mr. C. H. Harrison, I.C.S., Postmaster-General, officiating in the special 1st grade, pay Rs. 2,250—50—2,500, to be confirmed in that grade;

Mr. H. N. Hutchinson, I.C.S., Postmaster-General, officiating in the 1st grade, to be confirmed in that grade;

Mr. P. G. Rogers I.C.S., Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, provisional, to be confirmed in that grade.

SALT.*The 22nd November, 1913.*

No. 9922-16.—The services of Mr. J. F. Connolly, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 15th November 1913.

TELEGRAPHS.*The 22nd November, 1913.*

No. 9987-172.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1835 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 6975-137 (Telegraphs), dated the 16th of September 1903, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In Rule 134 for the words "Press telegrams may be accepted without prepayment from correspondents" substitute "Press telegrams may be accepted without prepayment."

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 13th November, 1913.

No. 613.—The services of the Reverend R. E. Lee, Chaplain on probation of the Church of Scotland, Bombay, are placed at the disposal of the Army Department.

The 19th November, 1913.

No. 630.—The services of the Reverend H. G. England, Chaplain of Rawalpindi, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Delhi for employment as second Chaplain at Delhi, with effect from the 20th October 1913, or the subsequent date on which he assumes charge of his appointment.

GENERAL.

The 20th November, 1913.

No 1567.—In supersession of this Department's notification no. 474, dated the 16th May 1913, it is hereby notified that Mr. A. F. Scholfield, Assistant to the Officer in charge of the Records of the Government of India, was appointed to officiate as Librarian, Imperial Library, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Mr. J. A. Chapman on leave, with effect from the forenoon of the 5th May 1913 to the 2nd November 1913.

SANITARY.

The 19th November, 1913.

No. 1769.—The services of Major A. Gyther, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Rajshahi, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Director General, Indian Medical Service, with effect from the 30th October 1913, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved of his duties.

The Department of Education notification no. 1653-Sanitary, dated the 22nd October 1913, is hereby cancelled.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 21st November 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 945.—The Viceroy and Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff:—

To be Honorary Surgeon.

Colonel F. H. Treherne, F.R.C.S. Edin., Army Medical Service, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel H. N. Thompson, M.B., D.S.O., R.A.M.C., reverted to the Home Establishment. Dated 5th November 1913.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 946.—The services of Captain R. F. S. Beyts, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Resident at Hyderabad for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of the office of Cantonment Magistrate, Jhansi.

No. 947.—The following changes in officiating appointments in the Cantonment Magistrates' Department are notified:—

Rank and Name.	From	To	With effect from	Remarks.
Major W. C. S. Prince	3rd Grade	Officiating 2nd Grade	17th October 1913.	<i>Vice</i> Lieutenant-Colonel N. T. Parker, granted privilege leave.
Lieutenant-Colonel N. T. Parker.	} Officiating Grade.	and 3rd Grade	3rd November 1913.	Consequent on the return from leave of Lieutenant-Colonel R. R. Vaughan.
Major W. C. S. Prince				

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 948.—The following admission to the Indian Army is made, subject to confirmation by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

To be Captain.

Captain Olmar Charles John Stevenson-Hamilton, The Highland Light Infantry.
Dated 7th November 1913, but to rank from the 24th July 1910. Captain Stevenson-Hamilton's rank as Lieutenant is ante-dated to the 24th October 1903.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 949.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Alfred Godfrey deVaud Chichester, 28th Punjabis	} —16th November 1913.
Archibald Fawcett Thomason, Supply and Transport Corps	
Francis Pearson Shaw Dunsford, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry	
William Gibbon Nisbett, 92nd Punjabis	
William Richard Stone, Supernumerary List	
William Walter Gilbert Griffith, 32nd Lancers	
Edward Herbert Boome, 112th Infantry	
Charles Eustace Bowen, Supernumerary List	
Frank Cooke Webb Ware, C.L.E., Supernumerary List	
Charles Edward DeLisle Solbé, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force)	
Francis Goodwin Hill Sutton, 10th Gurkha Rifles	
John Latham Rose, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment)	
Charles McLeod Porteous, 9th Gurkha Rifles	
Richard Carmichael Bell, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse	
Charles Græme Robson, 10th Jats	
Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel James Alban Wilson, D.S.O., 8th Gurkha Rifles	
Harington Owen Parr, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs	
William Charles Stuart Prince, Supernumerary List	
Francis Augustus Jacques, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs	
Algernon Edward Webb, Supply and Transport Corps	
Pomerov Holland-Pryor, M.V.O., 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse)	

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 950.—With reference to the notifications quoted in the margin, the promotion to the present rank of Major de Vere Condon, M.D., published in Army Department Notification No. 118, dated the 11th February 1910, is ante-dated from the 28th January 1910 to the 28th July 1909.

Army Department Notification No. 282, dated the 7th April 1911.
Army Department Notification No. 822, dated the 29th September 1911.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 951.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class, and passed the required departmental examination, to be 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons ; with effect from the dates specified :—

No. 1110, Hakim Singh (E),—19th October 1913.

No. 1050, Hidayatullah (E),—21st October 1913.

(E) Passed in English.

BARRACK DEPARTMENT, PUNJAB-BENGAL.

No. 952.—Sub-Conductor Henry Douglas Cant, Assistant Barrack Master, Military Works Services, to be Conductor and

Staff-Sergeant Ernest Montrose, Barrack Sergeant, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor,

to complete the establishment ; with effect from the 23rd June 1913.

No. 953.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant William Harvey, Barrack Master, Military Works Services, to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Conductor Alexander Chisholm, Barrack Master, Military Works Services, to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Sub-Conductor Thomas William Parr, Assistant Barrack Master, Military Works Services, to be Conductor and

Staff-Sergeant Samuel Tytler, Barrack Sergeant, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor,

vice Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Thomas Hennessy, Barrack Master, retired ; with effect from the 24th October 1913.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 954.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the honorary rank of Captain is conferred, on retirement, on Subadar Major Alexander, *Sardar Bahadur*, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners ; with effect from the 9th October 1913.

No. 955.—The following direct appointment is made :—

36th Jacob's Horse.

Malik Khan Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar on probation, *vice* Bhawan Shah, resigned ; with effect from the 24th March 1913.

No. 956.—The following promotions are made :—

7th Haryana Lancers.

Dafadar Panjab Singh, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse), to be Jemadar, *vice* Bachittar Singh, resigned ; with effect from the date of joining the 7th Haryana Lancers for duty.

and Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Havildar Anthony to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Ranganayakulu, transferred to the 88th Carnatic Infantry ; with effect from the 1st November 1913.

94th Russell's Infantry.

Havildar-Major Bihari Lal to be Jemadar, *vice* Murli Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 16th August 1913.

105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Jemadar Chimaji Garud to be Subadar, and Colour-Havildar Bala Bhor to be Jemadar, *vice* Sakaram Shinde, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 16th July 1913.

119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment.)

Havildar Mhada Rawat to be Jemadar, *vice* Dunga Rawat, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 14th October 1913.

REWARDS.

GOOD SERVICE PENSIONS.

No. 957.—The following is substituted for that portion of Army Department Notification No. 766, dated the 12th September 1913, relating to Surgeon-Generals W. McConaghy and Sir G. Bomford :—

I.—IN THE ROOM OF COLONEL J. T. B. BOOKEY, C.B., I.M.S., RETIRED :—

Surgeon-General W. McConaghy, M.D., (deceased), from the 16th June 1905 to the 19th June 1905.

Surgeon-General Sir G. Bomford, K.C.I.E., M.D., from the 20th June 1905 to the 31st December 1909, and not as stated in Army Department Notification No. 705, dated the 9th August 1907.

INDIAN DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL.

No. 958.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to sanction the award of the Indian Distinguished Service Medal to the undermentioned non-commissioned officer of Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's):—

No. 4363, Havildar Ghafur Shah.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 959.—The undermentioned warrant officer of the Ordnance Department, Northern Army, has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 7th May 1913:—

Sub-Conductor Harry Wigmore.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 960.—Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Edward DeLisle Solbé, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force), has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 17th November 1913.

No. 961.—Captain John Henry Woodside Morgan, Supply and Transport Corps, has been transferred by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to the Temporary Half-Pay List, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 19th November 1913.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 962.—Captain Robert Long Gamlen, M.D., has been transferred by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to the Temporary Half-Pay List, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 24th November 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Bihar Light Horse.

No. 963.—Second Lieutenant Percival Hennessy resigns his commission. Dated the 23rd October 1913.

Surma Valley Light Horse.

No. 964.—Surgeon-Lieutenant Reginald Anthony Murphy, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.I., L.M., resigns his commission. Dated the 8th September 1913.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

(Artillery Companies.)

No. 965.—Lieutenant Frederick Burton Pendarves Lory resigns his commission. Dated the 5th October 1913.

Calcutta Port Defence Volunteer Corps.

(Artillery Companies.)

No. 966.—Charles Roland Lyddon to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 4th October 1913.

Rangoon Port Defence Volunteers.

(Electrical Engineer Company.)

No. 967.—Robert Hamilton Trench to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 21st October 1913.

Nilgiri Volunteer Rifles.

No. 968.—Ernest Arthur Midgley to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st December 1912.

Malabar Volunteer Rifles.

No. 969.—Captain Allen Herbert Storer Campbell resigns his commission. Dated the 15th September 1913.

Poona Volunteer Rifles.

No. 970.—Captain Percival Wren to be Major, *vice* D. D. Khambatta, v.D., *Khan Bahadur*, resigned. Dated the 1st August 1913.

Second Lieutenant Charles James John Fox to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 6th October 1913.

Second Lieutenant William Burns to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 6th October 1913.

and (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 971.—Major George Lane Anderson resigns his commission. Dated the 1st October 1913.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 972.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer :—

Cossipore Artillery Volunteers.

Major David Mudie.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General*,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 21st November 1913.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Warrant Officer on the date specified, was received in the Army Department between the 12th and 18th November 1913 :—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
Indian Subordinate Medical Department	Assistant Surgeon Walter St. John Quanbrough.	9th November 1913.	Karachi.	—	..

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General*,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 21st November 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 88.—The following appointment has been made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 18th January 1913 :—

To be Sub-Lieutenant.

Arthur Edward Gooding.

LEAVE.

No. 89.—The sixty days' privilege leave with effect from 10th September 1913, granted to Sub-Lieutenant R. L. Hayward, Royal Indian Marine, by the Director, Royal Indian Marine, is converted into three months' leave, in India, on private affairs.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 18th November, 1913.

No. 335.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 2 of the Indian Tramways Act, 1902 (IV of 1902), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of the Indian Railway Companies Act, 1895 (X of 1895), in so far as the same are applicable, shall apply to the Buthidaung-Maungdaw Tramway Company, which has been formed for the construction of a tramway from Buthidaung to Maungdaw under the provisions of the Indian Tramways Act, 1886 (XI of 1886).

The 19th November, 1913.

No. 336.—Mr. R. C. F. Volkers, C.I.E., Secretary to the Railway Board, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 12th November 1913, under the provisions of Article 464 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 337.—Mr. J. T. R. Stark, Registrar, Government of India, Railway Department (Railway Board), is permitted to retire from the service of Government, with effect from the 1st December 1913.

No. 338.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 337, dated the 19th November 1913, Mr. J. J. O'Reilly, Superintendent, 1st grade, is appointed Registrar, Government of India, Railway Department (Railway Board).

No. 339.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 338, dated the 19th November 1913, the following permanent promotions are ordered:—

		From	To
Rai Sahib Sris Chandra Lahiri	...	Superintendent, 1st grade, officiating	Superintendent, 1st grade.
Mr. T. B. Heysham	...	Superintendent, 2nd grade, officiating	Superintendent, 2nd grade.
Mr. Balak Nath	...	Superintendent, 3rd grade, officiating	Superintendent, 3rd grade.

No. 340.—Mr. W. H. Young, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent in class II of that establishment, with effect from the 15th October 1913 and until further orders.

No. 341.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a reconnaissance survey being carried out by the agency of the Kohilkund and Kumaon Railway Company for a line of railway on the metre gauge from Kasganj Junction station to Rewari station on the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway *via* Aligarh, Sholaka and Nuh, with a branch from Nuh to Delhi. This survey will be known as the Kasganj-Rewari Railway Reconnaissance Survey.

The 20th November, 1913.

No. 342.—The following promotions and reversions to and in the classes of Chief and Superintending Engineers are ordered :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Rowland, A. ...	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, and Chief Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, <i>permanent</i> .	8th May 1913.
Pratt, C. ...	Superintending Engineer, 1st class.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Ditto.
Allum, F. W. ...	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>offg.</i>	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>temporary</i> .	3rd July 1913.
Wilkinson, Major C. W., R.E.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	17th July 1913.
Verrieres, E. ...	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>offg.</i>	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>temporary</i> .	22nd July 1913.
Hearn, Major G.R.	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>offg.</i>	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>temporary</i> .	17th August 1913.
Gales, R. R. ...	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, <i>temporary</i> .	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	27th September 1913.
Rala Ram, <i>Rai Bahadur</i> , I.S.O.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, <i>temporary</i> .	Ditto.
Richards, G. ...	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Ditto.
Walton, Colonel E. W. ...	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, <i>permanent</i> , and Chief Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, <i>permanent</i> , and Chief Engineer, 1st class, <i>temporary</i> .	1st October 1913.
Woodside, J. ...	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, <i>temporary</i> .	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Ditto.
Nathan, W. ...	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, <i>permanent</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, <i>permanent</i> .	Ditto.
Hanby, W. A. E. ...	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, <i>temporary</i> .	Ditto.
Wilson, C. D. D. ...	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>permanent</i> , and Superintending Engineer, 1st class, <i>temporary</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, <i>permanent</i> , and Superintending Engineer, 1st class, <i>temporary</i> .	Ditto.
Heap, J. H. ...	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Ditto.
Sutherland, J. ...	Executive Engineer ...	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>permanent</i> .	Ditto.
Stapleton, B. ...	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>offg.</i>	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Ditto.
Pakenham-Walsh, A. R. ...	Executive Engineer ...	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	15th October 1913.
Heap, J. H. ...	Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Ditto.
Verrieres, E. ...	Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, <i>temporary</i> .	Executive Engineer ...	Ditto.

No. 343.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 163, dated the 13th June 1913, Mr. K. M. Kirkhope, Officiating Deputy Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of District Locomotive Superintendent in class II, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 10th November 1913.

The ^{20th}/_{21st} November, 1913.

No. 344.—Mr. J. Izat, Executive Engineer, Eastern Bengal Railway, is appointed Superintendent of Works, Sara Serajgunj Railway Construction, under the administrative control of the Engineer-in-Chief, Lower Ganges Bridge Project.

Notification No. 283 of 17th October 1913 is hereby cancelled.

T. RYAN,
Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.

ALLOTMENT TO THE PROVINCES OTHER THAN THE PRESIDENCIES OF MADRAS
AND BOMBAY OF THE GENTLEMEN APPOINTED TO THE INDIAN CIVIL SER-
VICE IN 1913.

NOS. 2574-2581.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 19th November 1913.

RESOLUTION.

THE undermentioned gentlemen recently appointed in England to the Indian Civil Service are under the orders of the Governor General in Council allotted to the provinces shown below against their names :—

Mr. Harold Graham	} Bengal.
„ Birendra Kumar Basu	...	...	...
„ Olaus MacLeod Martin	...	...	...
„ Satyendra Nath Roy	...	...	...
„ Arthur Herbert Conway Jackson	...	...	...
„ Ronald Francis Lodge	...	...	...
„ Arthur Cecil Todd	...	...	...
„ Donald Gladding	...	...	...
„ William Herbert Carter	} Bihar and Orissa.
Mr. William Bailie Brett	...	...	...
„ Robert Edwin Russell	...	...	...
„ Godfrey Elwin Owen	...	...	...
„ Arthur Cecil Davies	...	...	...
„ Yeshwant Anant Godbolé	} Assam.
Mr. Charles Kenneth Rhodes	...	...	...
„ James Philip Mills	} United Provinces.
Mr. Oliver Vassall Calder	...	...	...
„ James Glasgow Acheson	...	...	...
„ Frederic William Wilberforce Baynes	...	...	...
„ Alexander Monro	...	...	...
„ Ralph Woodgate Bigg-Wither	...	...	...
„ Angus Hugh Gurney	...	...	...
„ Shri Shridhara Nehru	...	...	...

Mr. Frederick Hale Puckle	} Punjab.
„ Ram Chandra ...	...	...
„ Ronald Evelyn Leslie Wingate ...	...	...
„ Cuthbert King ...	...	...
Mr. Frederick Louis Grille	} Central Provinces.
„ Charles Kenningale Seaman ...	...	...
„ Percy John Hodsoll Stent ...	...	...
Mr. John Marmaduke Conder	} Burma.
„ Kenneth Rupert Hope Jones ...	...	...
„ William Tevery Palmes... ...	...	...
„ John Ernest Gillies ...	...	...

2. The Governor General in Council is further pleased to direct that the gentlemen posted to Bengal shall, on arrival at Calcutta, report themselves to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal. The officers posted to Bihar and Orissa should report themselves to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bihar and Orissa, Bankipore. Those posted to Assam should report by telegram their arrival at Calcutta to the Chief Secretary to the Chief Commissioner at Shillong, asking for orders as to their destination, in the event of their not finding instructions awaiting their arrival. Gentlemen who land at Bombay should inquire of the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay whether any orders are awaiting them from the Government of the province to which they have been posted. The officers posted to Burma should proceed to Rangoon and report themselves to the Chief Secretary to the Government of that province.

3. The officers posted to the United Provinces should report themselves to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the United Provinces, Allahabad. Those posted to the Punjab should telegraph from Bombay to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the Punjab, Lahore, for orders as to their destinations, in the event of their not finding instructions awaiting their arrival. The officers posted to the Central Provinces should report by telegraph from Bombay their arrival to the Chief Secretary to the Chief Commissioner at Nagpur, by whom they will be instructed where to proceed.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Governments of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab, and Burma and to the Honourable the Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces and Assam, for information and guidance. Also that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, and that a copy be forwarded to each of the gentlemen named therein.

H. WHEELER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 20th November, 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 15th November 1913 is published for general information :

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern.	Bombay City	4	4
		Rewa Kantha Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	9	7
		Surat Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bhiwandi Port	1	1
		Malad " . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana " . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan "	2	1
		Thana District . . . . .	...	...
	Central	Ahmednagar District	4	2
		West Khandesh " . . . . .	...	...
		East Khandesh "	5	7
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	116	116
		Poona District	41	23
		Satara District	168	127
		Sholapur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sholapur District	3	5
		Panvel Port	6	8
	Southern	Kolaba District	12	8
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Belgaum "	188	141
		Dharwar "	307	214
		Hubli Town	49	50
		Bijapur District	269	198
		Kanara "	1*	1*

* Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	13	12
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Baroda State	14	18
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	300	217
		TOTAL	1,572	1,155
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	"	Anantapur District	5 (c)	4 (b)
		North Arcot District	66 (d)	51 (b)
		Bellary Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	20 (a)	16 (c)
		Mangalore Town and Port	8	4
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore District	77 (e)	56 (d)
		The Nilgiris	4	3
		Salem	8	3
		TOTAL	183	187

(a) One imported. (b) Two imported. (c) Three imported. (d) Four imported. (e) Six imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Presidency	24 Parganahs . . . . .	...	...
		Calcutta . . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Pabna District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL .		...	...
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	36	30
		Gaya Town	5	5
		Gaya District	5	5
	Tirhut	Shahabad District	44	34
		Saran District	38	25
		Muzaffarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Darbhanga . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	9	6
		Purnea " . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur Town	2	2
		Bhagalpur District	2	2
		Sonthal Parganas District . . . . .	...	...
	Chota-Nagpur	Hazaribagh District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	141	109
	Meerut	Saharanpur District	9	4
		Muzaffarnagar District	8	5
		Meerut District	5	2
		Bulandshahr District	1	1
	Agra	Muttra District . . . . .	...	...
		Etah " . . . . .	...	...
	Rohilkhand	Bijnor District . . . . .	...	...
		Moradabad " . . . . .	...	...
	Allahabad	Farrukhabad District	3	3
		Etawah " . . . . .	...	...
		Fatehpur "	4	3
		Allahabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad District	10	8
	Jhansi	Banda District . . . . .	...	...
	Benares	Mirzapur City . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur District	3	2
		Jaunpur "	4	4
		Ghazipur "	70	58
		Ballia "	24	10

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	102	92
		Basti "	12	5
		Azamgarh "	98	89
	Kumaon	Naini Tal " . . . . .	...	...
	Lucknow	Lucknow District	1	1
		Unao "	42	34
		Rae Bareilly "	11	5
		Sitapur "	1	1
		Hardoi "	5	5
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Fyzabad District	44	12
		Gonda " . . . . .	...	...
		Bahraich "	16	16
		Partabgarh "	6	3
		Bara Banki "	8	8
	TOTAL .		547	381
PUNJAB	Ambala	Hissar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurgaon "	8	6
		Rohtak "	15	12
		Karnal "	17	17
		Ambala "	1	1
	Jullundur	Kangra District	3	1
		Hoshiarpur "	7	7
		Jullundur "	15	4
		Ludhiana "	4	2

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur „	16	11
		Sialkot „ . . . . .	...	...
		Gujranwala „	11	7
	Rawalpindi	Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhelum „	1	1
		Rawalpindi „	29	24
		Attock „	1	...
	Multan	Jhang „ . . . . .	...	...
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	1	...
	TOTAL.		139	93
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	3	3
		Insein District . . . . .	...	...
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy „ . . . . .	...	...
		Pegu District	5	5
		Prome „	1	2
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Henzada District	5	5
		Myaungmya „	1	...
		Maubin „ . . . . .	...	...
	Tennis-son	Amherst District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...

The following footnote should be made in the return for the week ending 8th November 1913.

The figures against the Bassein district are for the week ending 1st November 1913.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, NOVEMBER 22, 1913. 2117

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Meiktila	Meiktila District . . . . .	...	...
		Yamethin "	1	1
		TOTAL	16	16
COORG	...	Coorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	36	28
		Bangalore City	1	1
		Bangalore District	15	12
		Mysore City . . . . .	...	...
		Mysore District	41	31
		Hassan "	16	12
		Kadur "	27	19
		Kolar "	5	2
		Kolar Gold Fields	2	2
		Tumkur District	2	5
		Shimoga "	29	16
		Chitaldroog . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	174	128
		Raichur District	64	58
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Bidar " . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani " . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs . . . . .	...	...
		Bir District . . . . .	...	...
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	64 (a)	58 (a)

(a) From the 3rd to the 9th November 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Bhopal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
		Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State	1	1
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahora . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh „ . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State	5	4
		Alwar State	12	9
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	18	14
		Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
N.W. F. PROVINCE	...	GRAND TOTAL	2,851	2,091

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 20th November 1913, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

A disturbance of the winter type gave fairly general rain in the northern half of Baluchistan on the 15th, and in the hills of the North-West Frontier Province on the 16th, but it then disappeared and no further precipitation occurred.

Weather was disturbed in the Bay throughout the week, and the disturbance caused widespread rainfall in Burma, northeast India and the Ganjam division of Madras.

2. *Burma*.—Rainfall was nearly general over the whole province on the 13th and 14th, and in the central districts on the 15th. Weather was practically dry on the remaining days.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—There was nearly general rain in Orissa on the 17th, and over the whole division, excluding the northern districts, on the 18th.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Raipur had a light shower of rain on the 18th.

• *Northwest India*.—Rain fell at most stations in the northern half of Baluchistan on the 15th, and was general in the hills of the North-West Frontier Province on the 16th.

The Peninsula.—Weather was dry except for a few falls in the extreme south and on the east coast from Waltair to Gopalpur. On the 17th Gopalpur recorded 9·62" of rain.

3. The chief daily amounts were as follows:—

November 13th. Rangoon 4·32", Bassein 1·79", Diamond Island 1·76", Akyab 2·82", Monywa 0·94" and Lashio 1·17".

„ 14th. Rangoon 3·03", Bassein 2·55", Diamond Island 4·27", Toungoo 1·30", Thayetmyo 1·13", Yamethin 1·48", Mandalay 1·43", Lashio 2·87" and Maymyo 1·73".

„ 15th. Table Island 2·30", Toungoo 1·92" and Dalbandin 0·50".

„ 16th. Parachinar 0·75".

„ 17th. False Point 3·15", Gopalpur 9·62" and Calingapatam 2·35".

„ 18th. Cox's Bazar 1·83", Chittagong 1·26", Jessore 1·15", Berhampore 1·08", False Point 1·20", Ranchi 1·33", Chaibasa 0·88", Sambalpur 0·90" and Naya Dumka 0·96".

„ 19th. Akyab 1·20", Cox's Bazar 3·04" and Chittagong 0·97".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Burma, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Baluchistan, the Central Province East and the Madras Coast North. It was within 20 per cent of the normal in the Bay Islands, and was 20 per cent or more in defect in all the remaining divisions, with the exception of the following, where the absence of rainfall is a normal feature of the weather at this time of year:—the United Provinces, the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Rajputana, Central India East and Hyderabad South.

The seasonal rainfall from the 2nd May up to date is 20 per cent or more in excess in Bengal, Bihar, the Punjab Southwest, Sind, Gujarat and Madras Southeast. It is 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Central India East, the Central Provinces West, Hyderabad South, Mysore and the Madras Deccan. In the rest of the country it differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 20TH NOVEMBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 2ND MAY 1913 TO 20TH NOVEMBER 1913.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	2'1	2'2	—0'1	84'9	102'7	—17'8	—17	—18
Lower Burma	3'9	0'6	+3'3	153'7	140'6	+13'1	+9	+7
Upper Burma	1'8	0'3	+1'5	44'4	41'1	+3'3	+8	+4
Assam	0	0'1	—0'1	77'5	76'4	+1'1	+1	+2
Bengal	0'8	0'1	+0'7	88'4	69'3	+19'1	+28	+27
Orissa	1'8	0'3	+1'5	65'2	58'4	+6'8	+12	+9
Chota Nagpur	1'0	0'1	+0'9	58'4	49'2	+9'2	+19	+17
Bihar	0'2	0	+0'2	63'6	49'7	+13'9	+28	+28
United Provinces, East	0	0	0	31'2	39'4	—8'2	—21	—21
United Provinces, West	0	0	0	20'5	38'7	—18'2	—47	—47
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	21'4	21'2	+0'2	+1	+1
Punjab, Southwest	0	0	0	11'1	7'8	+3'3	+42	+42
Kashmir	0	0'1	—0'1	5'7	8'8	—3'1	—35	—34
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	3'9	5'7	—1'8	—32	—32
Baluchistan	0'1	0	+0'1	0'7	1'2	—0'5	—42	—50
Sind	0	0	0	11'5	4'8	+6'7	+140	+140
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	5'9	11'3	—5'4	—48	—48
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	17'5	22'5	—5'0	—22	—22
Gujarat	0	0'1	—0'1	31'2	23'5	+7'7	+33	+33
Central India, West	0	0'1	—0'1	32'5	29'9	+2'6	+9	+9
Central India, East	0	0	0	22'6	41'4	—18'8	—45	—45
Berar	0	0'1	—0'1	31'4	31'3	+0'1	0	+1
Central Provinces, West	0	0'1	—0'1	36'4	45'4	—9'0	—20	—20
Central Provinces, East	0'1	0	+0'1	42'1	47'6	—5'5	—12	—12
Konkan	0	0'1	—0'1	86'0	96'4	—10'4	—11	—11
Bombay Deccan	0	0'1	—0'1	23'0	27'3	—4'3	—16	—15
Hyderabad, North	0	0'1	—0'1	31'0	32'8	—1'8	—5	—5
Hyderabad, South	0	0	0	21'4	29'7	—8'3	—28	—28
Mysore	0	0'3	—0'3	20'8	27'4	—6'6	—24	—23
Malabar	0'1	1'0	—0'9	90'3	97'1	—6'8	—7	—6
Madras, Southeast	0	1'7	—1'7	33'5	27'4	+6'1	+22	+30
Madras Deccan	0	0'3	—0'3	17'5	24'0	—6'5	—27	—26
Madras Coast, North	2'1	0'7	+1'4	34'2	34'5	—0'3	—1	—5

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.
E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
Dated 20th November 1913.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
15th November 1913.

Burma.—The rainfall was heavy in Lower Burma and good over most of Upper Burma. Agricultural operations have been retarded slightly by rain. Standing crops are generally in good condition. Cattle are healthy and pasturage is sufficient. The price of unhusked rice continues slightly above normal.

Assam.—During the week the weather was dry and seasonable. Ploughing for and sowing of mustard and pulses, harvesting of winter rice and pressing of sugarcane continue. Sowing of summer rice seedlings has commenced in parts of Sylhet. The prospects of tea are good and those of transplanted winter rice fair to good. The average price of common rice is stationary. Cattle disease is reported from five districts. Fodder is insufficient in Sylhet and Kamrup.

Bengal.—During the week no rain fell throughout the Province except some slight showers in Chittagong. Sowing of spring crops is in brisk progress and prospects so far are good. Harvesting of early winter rice has commenced in some districts. The condition of standing winter rice and sugarcane is on the whole good. Cattle disease is reported from six districts. The average price of common rice has fallen by about 1 per cent, as compared with that of the previous week. Agricultural loans were issued in Bankura, Midnapur and Howrah.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week and the weather was generally seasonable. Sowing of spring crops still continues. Harvesting of winter rice continues in Orissa and Chota Nagpur and has commenced in parts of Bihar. Prospects of standing crops are on the whole good. More rain is, however, wanted for them in Orissa. The price of common rice has fallen as compared with that of the previous week. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in the flood affected parts of Patna. Cattle disease is reported from nine districts. Prospects of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa are good.

United Provinces.—The week was rainless. More rain is urgently needed in all but the south-eastern districts. Standing crops are suffering from drought except in a few eastern districts. Irrigation and preparation of land for spring crops are still in progress. In some parts sowing of spring crops is nearing completion while that of poppy has commenced. Cattle disease is still reported from some districts of the Provinces. *Takavi* is being distributed for seed, bullocks and wells. Scarcity of fodder is increasing and water is running short in Bundelkhand and in the Aligarh, Unao and Fatehpur districts. Prices are high and fluctuating.

Punjab.—The weather was dry. Rain is urgently wanted in the south-east dry area where sowings of spring crops on unirrigated lands are seriously restricted for want of moisture. Elsewhere sowings are generally normal. Harvesting of autumn crops, except that of sugarcane and cotton, has been completed and the outturn is generally average to good. The condition of standing sugarcane and cotton crops is average to good except in parts of the south-east where on unirrigated tracts it is poor. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is getting scarce in the south-east. Prices of wheat are generally close to normal and of other grains a little above normal.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless and the weather was cold and at times cloudy. The condition of standing crops is average. Harvesting of autumn crops continues and the outturn is expected to be normal. Sowings of

spring crops are proceeding. Cattle are in good condition. The fodder and water-supply is generally sufficient. Prices of food grains are high but are tending to rise in the Bannu tahsil. The price of maize is falling in Peshawar.

Jammu.—Rainfall *nil*. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 14 and maize from 11 to 19 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Basohli tahsil. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—No rain fell during the week. Sowings of spring crops are in progress. Cattle disease is reported in two districts. Prices are normal.

Rajputana.—No rain fell during the week and the weather was clear and cool. Rain is badly needed for the sowing of spring crops in the Eastern States and Central Rajputana including Ajmer-Merwara where the outturn of the recent harvest was unfavourable and fodder also is insufficient. Cattle are generally doing well. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally high and stationary. Cattle emigration continues in Ajmer-Merwara, Marwar, Jaipur, Kishengarh, Bharatpur and Karauli.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week and the weather was clear and cool. More rain is wanted in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and in the Rampura-Bhanpura and Alampur pergunas of Indore. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in progress except in parts of Gwalior and Bundelkhand where operations are stopped for want of rain. Standing crops are bad in parts of Gwalior and the Alampur pergunas of Indore, indifferent in Baghelkhand and fair in Bhopal. Autumn crops are withering in Bundelkhand. Crops have been damaged for want of rain in parts of Baghelkhand and the Alampur pergunas of Indore and in Bhopal. Cattle disease prevails in Nagod and parts of the Rewah district of Baghelkhand. The fodder supply is bad in parts of Gwalior, indifferent in Baghelkhand and scarce in parts of Bundelkhand. Prices are rising in Gwalior, Bhopal and parts of Bundelkhand, are above normal in Baghelkhand and steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been clear and cool. Good showers of rain were received in the Drug and Raipur districts after the close of the week. No rain was received elsewhere. Harvesting and threshing of autumn crops and picking of cotton are in progress. Rain is required for spring crops particularly in the Vindhyan, Nerbudda Valley and Satpura districts where young plants are withering for lack of moisture. Insufficiency of fodder and water is reported from Saugor and Damoh. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition. Prices of food grains remained fairly steady.

Feudatory States.—No rain fell during the week. Reaping of autumn crops is in full swing. Rice fell by 2 seers per rupee in Jashpur.

Bombay.—Standing crops have been damaged slightly by rats in Ahmedabad, Kaira, Palanpur and Rewa Kantha, by insects in parts of Broach, Nasik, Poona and Bijapur and by blight in Bijapur. They are withering in parts of Ahmednagar, Poona and Sholapur and are in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops continue. Picking of cotton continues in parts of Sind, the Deccan, Kathiawar and Baroda. The fodder supply is sufficient except in parts of Poona, Sholapur and Satara. Agricultural stock is sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona and good except in Sholapur. Drinking water is generally adequate. Irrigation is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Satara. Prices are high but fluctuating. Stocks of grain are sufficient.

Hyderabad.—Autumn crops are being harvested and cotton is being picked. Crops have been damaged somewhat by insects in parts of the Raichur, Gulbarga, Mahbubnagar and Nalgonda districts. The early rice crop is fair to good and is being harvested. It has suffered in parts of the Gulbarga, Mahbubnagar and Karimnagar districts and in a

few other isolated parts. Sowings of spring crops continue. Crops are being weeded and are reported to be fair to good except in a few places. Fodder scarcity prevails in three talukas, water scarcity in four and cattle disease in two. Prices :—Wheat $6\frac{1}{4}$, coarse rice $5\frac{1}{4}$ and *juar* $11\frac{1}{4}$ seers per rupee. White *juar* is selling at $10\frac{1}{4}$ seers per rupee in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is 8 seers in Mahbubnagar and the lowest 20 seers in Adilabad.

Mysore.—During the week the rainfall was light to *nil*. The price of rice has risen slightly in the Bangalore and Hassan districts and has fallen slightly in Mysore. The price of *ragi* has risen slightly in Bangalore. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in fair to good condition but want of rain is felt in the greater part of the State. Harvesting continues in parts with outturn poor to fair. The prospects of the season are fair to good. Cattle are generally healthy except in parts of the Kadur and Shimoga districts. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Agricultural prospects are good. Picking of cardamom and coffee continues. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Some rain is required.

Madras.—No rain fell during the week in South Canara, the Circars and the Decan except Cuddapah. Light to fair rain was received in Cuddapah, Nellore, Chittoor, Coimbatore, Pudukkottai, Malabar and Cochin and good to very heavy rain elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of dry crops and paddy is proceeding with outturn fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally for the most part. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of water is insufficient for irrigation in some places. Fodder is generally sufficient. Prices show a downward tendency.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT. (RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.	MEAN MILEAGE WORKED.		TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK ENDING	EARNINGS PER MILE OPEN FOR WEEK.		TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO		REMARKS.
		1912.	1913.	8th November 1912.	8th November 1912.	1913.	8th November 1912.	8th November 1913.	
		Miles.	Miles.	R	R	R	R	R	
State and Guaranteed Railways.									
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	319	2,495	2,661	739,011	296	283	2,34,87,859	2,36,30,000	
Bezawada Extension	356	21	21	7,139	340	343	2,20,139	2,28,000	1,42,141
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	660	946	946	5,71,485	604	630	1,86,79,157	1,96,52,000	1,861
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3½" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	430	1,570	1,578	7,83,561	499	564	2,01,89,123	2,14,35,000	9,72,843
East Indian	793	2,455	2,551	20,85,303	849	782	6,27,61,710	6,05,95,000	12,45,877
Great Indian Peninsula (including Indian Midland)	626	2,472	2,537	13,33,041	533	591	4,35,70,904	4,54,51,000	21,68,740
Agra-Delhi Chord	300	126	126	40,072	318	365	12,15,507	12,60,000	18,3,306
Baran-Kotah	86	40	40	2,041	73	90	1,19,003	1,01,000	44,493
Bhopal-Itarsi	566	57	57	25,616	451	621	9,53,873	10,29,000	18,003
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3½" gauge lines)	269	2,585	2,585	5,95,596	230	238	2,14,38,093	2,22,17,000	75,130
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	446	3,812	3,988	16,49,365	433	376	5,68,21,046	5,26,24,000	7,78,907
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3½" link)	295	1,600	1,600	4,09,919	256	261	1,48,43,572	1,43,78,000	41,97,046
Cawnpore-Banda (a)	...	33	33	...	...	27	...	26,300	...
Hardwar-Dehra	267	32	32	9,704	303	295	2,54,200	3,01,000	46,800
Assam-Bengal	158	805	805	1,41,943	177	185	35,12,765	39,67,000	1,54,232
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	328	1,828	1,828	5,09,167	279	281	1,81,20,143	1,64,62,000	16,67,143
Burma	280	1,545	1,552	3,76,271	244	293	1,11,22,617	1,35,36,000	16,33,383
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	209	124	124	27,706	223	130	8,18,231	8,48,000	29,769
Lucknow-Bareilly	153	281	287	35,124	125	116	13,22,438	13,36,000	13,562
Mysore (including Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	172	411	411	58,933	143	149	21,50,660	22,09,000	28,340
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	370	1,396	1,451	4,73,459	339	325	1,67,00,333	1,72,04,000	5,03,667
Travancore Branch	147	108	108	16,039	154	153	5,03,226	5,40,000	30,774
Tirhoot	242	774	792	1,86,757	241	241	55,55,965	54,76,000	88,965
Jorhat (Provincial)	78	31	30	1,772	59	57	72,543	72,600	57

(a) Opened from 21st April 1913.

	(b) Opened from 1st January 1913.	(c) From 1st June 1912.	(d) Opened from 5th March 1913.	(e) Earnings reported from March 1913.
Bina-Gooma-Baran	63,171	..	..	..
Delhi-Umbala-Kalka	23,168	..	..	..
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	1,23,000	..	..	..
Jullundur Doab (b)	1,841	..	..	..
Khanpur-Chachran	19,010	..	..	..
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	26,093	..	..	..
Nagda-Ujjain	2,69,007	..	..	..
Nizam's Guaranteed State . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Patiala-Cambay	9,240	..	..	..
Rajputana-Bhatinda	1,15,497	..	..	..
Southern Punjab	1,15,184	..	..	..
Southern Punjab—"Ludhiana" Extension .	..	..	..	..
Sutlej Valley	99,816	..	..	..
Tapti Valley	72,221	..	..	..
Tarapur . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Tarapur	61,345	..	..	..
Tarapur	25,690	..	..	..
Ahmedabad-Dholka . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Ahmedabad-Parantij (including Brahmadad Extension)	14,847	..	..	..
Bengal and North-Western . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Bengal-Looars	1,13,850	..	..	..
Bezwada-Masulipatam	12,361	..	..	..
Bhavnagar (including Dhrangadra) . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Coch Behar	8,76,000	..	..	..
Dibru-Sadiya	1,52,000	..	..	..
Gaekwar's Melsana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	42,107	..	..	..
Gondal-Porbandar (including Jetalpur-Rajkot) .	..	..	..	..
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley (including Hingoli Branch)	22,358	..	..	..
Jaipur	89,128	..	..	..
Jamnagar . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Jodhpur-Bikaner	233,584	..	..	..
Junagadh	15,311	..	..	..
Kolhapur . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Mirpur Khass-Jhudo (including Khadro Section)	..	..	..	..
Morvi (including Vankaner-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	..	..	..	..
Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Rohilkund and Kumaon . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Saugli . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Shoranur-Cochin . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Tanjore District Board . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Udaipur-Chitorgarh . . . . .	..	..	..	..
[Bansi . . . . .]	..	..	..	..
Champaner-Shivrajpur . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Gaekwar's Dabhoi . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Kosamba-Zankhav . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Nadlad-Kapadvanj (d) . . . . .	..	..	..	..
Rajpipla . . . . .	..	..	..	..
[Darjeeling-Himalayan . . . . .]	..	..	..	..
[Piper Road-Bhari (e) . . . . .]	..	..	..	..
TOTAL . . . . .	..	..	..	..
GRAND TOTAL . . . . .	..	..	..	..

Simla, the 20th November 1913.

**C. F. ANDERSON, Major, R.E.,
Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.**

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, Simla.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 18th October 1913.

On and after the 29th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. After the 22nd November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the competent authority of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other person empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 22nd November 1913.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

November 11.

- 1290. L. Paturel & P. Lapertot. *Improvements in internal combustion gas turbines.*
- 1291. R. Sumner. *An improved machine for the purpose of curling hair, wool, fibres, and the like.*
- 1292. A. B. Hawes, J. Wheeler, and Thomas French & Son, Ltd. *Improvements in attaché cases and like handbags.*
- 1293. R. F. Venner. *Improvements in electric heating and cooking apparatus.*
- 1294. A. C. Armstrong. *Combination adjustable hygienic desk and seat.*
- 1295. E. L. Farley. *Cone-expanding bullet for sporting purposes.*
- 1296. Turner, Hoare & Co. *Fountain stand post.*
- 1297. E. Hope. *Improvements relating to pith or like hats.*
- 1298. V. Petit. *Improvements in or relating to drilling and boring apparatus.*
- 1299. T. W. Ridley. *Improvements relating to concrete piles.*
- 1300. Western Electric Co. Ltd. *Improvements in telephone systems.*
- 1301. Western Electric Co. Ltd. *Improvements in telephone systems.*
- 1302. Western Electric Co. Ltd. *Improvements in switching apparatus for interconnecting the lines of an automatic telephone system.*
- 1303. Western Electric Co. Ltd. *Improvements in switching apparatus for interconnecting the lines of an automatic telephone system.*
- 1304. Western Electric Co. Ltd. *Improvements in switching apparatus for interconnecting the lines of an automatic telephone system.*

November 12.

- 1305. The Metals Extraction Corporation Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to the extraction of zinc from its ores or products.*
- 1306. I. Hall. *Improvements in metal furnaces.*

November 13.

- 1307. Societa Agganciamento Crescimbeni. *An automatic coupling for railway vehicles and the like.*

November 15.

- 1308. R. Wapshare. *Improvement in pneumatic tyres of motor vehicles rendering them puncture proof.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

- 625. F. A. Byrne. *Improvements in or relating to the coagulating and curing of india-rubber.*
- 724. S. G. Grant & A. Rietzebeck. *An improved method of loading sporting and shooting weapons.*
- 1064. C. H. Donald. *Improvements in or relating to the attachment to guide ropes on ropeways.*
- 1167. W. S. Fraser & C. E. Wells. *Superheater.*
- 1174. E. A. Scott & C. A. Williams. *Train despatcher's apparatus.*
- 1186. S. R. Taylor. *A filter tube shield for allowing the withdrawing the filter tubes for inspection or renewal without upsetting concreted wells.*

1212. Briscoe & Dock Engineering Co. *Improvements in rotary engines.*
 1213. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. *Improvements in the manufacture and production of soluble condensation products of formaldehyde.*
 1214. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. *Improvements in tanning.*
 1217. Tyler & Co. Ltd. *Improvements in railway electric token apparatus.*
 1218. H. Symes. *An automatic, recording fire alarm.*
 1223. D. W. Player. *Improvements in or relating to the taking and projecting of moving pictures.*
 1224. F. K. Woodroffe & H. C. Hodgson. *Improvements in centrifugal liquid pumps.*
 1225. T. R. Greenhorne. *Improved process for removing scale from boilers and the like.*
 1227. A. W. Bruce. *Improvements in and relating to steam superheaters.*
 1228. R. C. Holmes. *Improvements in processes of extracting water and moisture from hydrocarbon oils.*
 1229. Dr. R. Wallbaum. *Improved process of manufacturing asphalt.*
 1231. F. S. Dorton. *Lock-stopper and self-destroying double-headed recess bottle.*
 1246. L. Sunderland. *Improvements in jointing or bonding the junctions of metallic sheathing or armouring of electric conductors.*
 1248. W. C. Christie. *A device for fastening gaiters or leggings.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

376. R. C. Sayer. *Improvements in acrostats and other bodies, to traverse any surface or medium.*
 1018. Md. Ishak Bidri. *Bobbin winding machine.*
 1050. Planters' Stores and Agency Co. Ltd. *A water dust and draught excluder for railway carriage and other doors, or the like.*
 1107. O. C. Roberts. *Means for destroying prickly pear and analogous vegetable growths*
 1126. Fibre Corporation Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to the scutching of flax or other fibrous materials.*
 1138. R. L. Ross & R. L. Ross & Co. Ltd. *Mechanical lubricators.*
 1139. M. Fr. Ungerer. *Improvements in colour photography.*
 1140. W. G. Wheatley, C. G. L. Judge, Saxby & Farmer Ltd. and Saxby & Farmer (India) Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to railway block signalling instruments.*
 1141. A. Laing. *Improvements in burners for liquid fuel.*
 1142. T. G. Johns & A. R. Bannister. *Improved variable power transmission gear.*
 1144. R. P. V. Calcar, J. Ellerman & H. J. Martijn. *Improvements in apparatus for drying and sterilising air.*
 1146. J. Ashford. *Means for regulating the flow of liquid from one level to another by syphonic action.*
 1147. J. Levick, Jr. *Improvements in or relating to folding seats, beds, and other objects.*
 1151. H. T. Stephens. *Improvements in patches for repairing pneumatic tyres and the like.*
 1152. H. J. M. Cousens. *Fuel saving sun water heater.*
 1155. F. H. Walker. *Improvements in and relating to electric driving mechanism for clocks.*
 1156. J. H. Moore. *Improvements in water-closets of the squat or non-contact type.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 573. Macphail. | 1031. Jagenberg. |
| 653. Jean. | 1044. Munro and R. E. T. Construc-
tion Co., Ltd. |
| 772. Perrot. | 1045. Scott. |
| 955. Remington Typewriter Co. Ltd. | 1061. Greenhalgh. |
| 964. Telléry. | 1062. Hawkins. |
| 977. Ruckstuhl. | 1063. Jagenberg. |
| 1022. Raja Babu. | 1067. Champy and Champy. |
| 1030. Jagenberg. | |

PATENTS SEALED.

373. Loewe.	1000. Jackson.
678. Biddlecombe.	102. Schutze.
805. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate, Ltd.	1003. Whittaker & Co., Ltd., and Whittaker.
874. Begg.	1005. Dewolf-Wante.
972. Heysmand.	1006. Laing.
975. Universal Automatic Shuttle Changer Ltd. and Carr.	1007. National Wireless Telephone and Telegraph Co.
976. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate, Ltd.	1016. Schmitt and Webster.
981. Barbedienne.	1019. Dugdale Rawcliffe and Wilkinson.
985. Irving.	1020. Pintsch's Electric Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
986. Clare.	1028. Cobb.
987. Ulysse.	1029. Headman.
989. Earle and Druitt.	1033. Staley & Jackson.
999. D'Cunha.	

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

177 of 1904. Hodgkinson. (To 2 December 1914).
 188 of 1904. Fessenden. (To 7 December 1914).
 452 of 1904. Kehr. (To 17 January 1915).
 301 of 1906. Takamine. (To 22 January 1915).
 91 of 1907. Killen. (To 17 September 1914).
 173 of 1908. Societa Generale per la Ciamamide. (To 15 November 1914).
 194 of 1909. Freymuth. (To 17 November 1914).
 203 of 1909. Freymuth. (To 17 November 1914).
 255 of 1909. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co. Ltd. (To 14 December 1914).
 304 of 1909. Snelling. (To 12 August 1914).
 441 of 1909. Thompson. (To 4 March 1915).
 418 of 1909. Siegwart. (To 26 January 1915).
 609 of 1909. Holle. (To 6 January 1915).

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.**1902.**

260 (Vacuum Cleaner Co., Ltd.).

1907.

30 (Scholfield & Macfarlane).

1909.

11 (Ghadiali). 20 (Dennett). 35 (Germeau & Bouton). 303 (Cowburn).

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.**November 11th to 15th.**

Class 13. Nos. 902 to 918. The Calico Printers' Association, Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. October 27 1913.

Class 14. No. 898. Sumerehand Sindurehand Sadh, Sadhwara, Farrukhabad. October 20 1913.

NOTICES.**THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.****Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.**

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs

Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs nor their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. Applications for patents in countries other than India should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.	DELHI	Office of the Chief Commissioner.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.	HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.	JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BOMBAY	Record Office.	KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byenalla.	LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.	LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.	MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
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"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHINSURAH	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA	College of Engineering.
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DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.	ROORKEE	Thomason College.
		SOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore.

8. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

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(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
(d) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0	1
Annual subscription with postage	3	0
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(g) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly)	each 0	8
(h) Patent Office Journal, 1912	1	0
(i) Specifications of Inventions	each 0	5

H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :—

“Specimens of Persian Manuscripts” for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them. The following collections are available for sale :—

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|----------|---------|
| (1) | Collection for 1902-03, | price | Rs 3 | a copy. |
| (2) | “ | “ | 1903-04, | “ |
| (3) | “ | “ | 1904-05, | “ |
| (4) | “ | “ | 1905-06, | “ |
| (5) | “ | “ | 1906-07, | “ |
| (6) | “ | “ | 1907-08, | “ |
| (7) | “ | “ | 1908-09, | “ |

N.B.—Nos. (1), (3), (4), (5) and (6) contain papers in all the different standards of examination held in Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali; No. (5) contains the High Proficiency Urdu papers also; No. (2) contains all the papers except those for the High Proficiency examinations in Hindi, Arabic and Persian and the Degree of Honour in Arabic and Sanskrit; and No. (7) all except those for the Interpretership and Degree of Honour in Persian, Preliminary, High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Arabic, Degree of Honour in Hindi, Degree of Honour in Bengali and High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Sanskrit.

“Diwan-i-Sarkhush” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

“Kalam-i-Urdu,” the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

“Qaani” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

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Glossary to the “Ar-Rauzat-ul-Zakiyah,” the text-book for the Higher Standard examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

“Nazm-i-Muntakhab,” one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Raghuvansam”—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

“Akhlāq-i-Jalali” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 5-12 per copy.

The following list of Munshis who are qualified to teach Urdu under India Army Order No. 162 of 1907, is published for the information of all those students of this language, who are desirous of obtaining competent teachers : .

ALLAHABAD.

- | | |
|-------------------------|---|
| 1. M. Jawala Prasad, I. | Kasauli Hills. The Royal Scots Regiment, Sudder Bazar, Allahabad. |
| 2. M. S. C. Bagchi | Government Observatory, Allahabad. |

AMBALA.

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. M. Mohd. Miyan Khan | Sudder Bazar, Ambala. |
| 2. M. Mohd. Akbar Khan | The Oriental Lodge, Ambala. |
| 3. M. Jawala Prasad, II. | B. I. Bazar, Ambala. |

AMRITSAR.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. M. Mohd. Ishaq | Khazana Gate, Amritsar. |
|-------------------|-------------------------|

AZAMGARH.

- | | |
|----------------------|--|
| 1. M. Ram Charan Lal | Offg. Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools, Azamgarh. |
|----------------------|--|

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya 17, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.
2. M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A. 8, Maulavi Imdad Ali's Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Hossain Mirza 1, Syed Ismail Lane, Calcutta.
4. M. Mohd. Israil Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
5. M. Syed Nawab Ali 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
6. M. Wahidun Nabi Khan 88/1, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.
7. M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid 152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
8. M. Daliluddin Ahmed 28/1, Kimber Street (Karaya), Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Wajid 89, Jhowtolla Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Syed Mohammad 12, Waliullah Lane, Wellesley Square, Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE.

1. M. Rahim Shah R. A. Munshi, Campbellpore.

DALHOUSIE.

1. M. Abdur Rahim Regimental Munshi, 1st Lancashire Fusiliers, Balun Bazar, Dalhousie.

DELHI.

1. M. Mithan Lal C/o Late M. Chunni Lal Sahib, Government Pensioner, Muhalla Churi Walan, Delhi.

DINAPORE.

1. M. Syed Haddi Hussain Orderly Bazar, Dinapore.

JHELMUM.

1. M. Thakur Das Pahwa Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JULLUNDER.

1. M. Har Bhagat Singh Bains Talhan, Jullunder Cantonment.

KASAULI.

1. M. Anand Sarup C/o Munshi Kashi Nath, Dagshai Hills, or Depot, Kasauli.

LAHORE CANTT.

1. M. J. Kishori Lal R. A. Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
2. M. Sham Lal Bhargava Dangar Street, Sudder Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW.

1. M. Abdul Alim Near the Police Post, Husaingunge, Lucknow.
2. M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan Near Royal Hotel, Lucknow.

MULTAN.

1. M. S. Karim Bakhsh Sadar Bazar, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS.

1. M. M. C. Saihgal 2nd Bn., King's Regiment, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.

1. M. Faqir Ulla St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

NOWSHERA.

1. M. Muhammad Din Pay Havildar and Head Clerk, 23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (F. F.).

PESHAWAR.

1. M. Bodh Raj Royal Sussex Regiment (or Sudder Bazar), Peshawar,
2. M. Ahmed Din 81, Cantonments, Peshawar.
3. M. Abdur Rahim Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar,
4. M. Abdul Karim Dabgari Gate, Peshawar City.

RAWALPINDI.

1. M. Ghulam Muhiuddin R. A. Brigade Munahi, Rawalpindi.
2. M. Ghulam Rasul Sudder Bazar, Rawalpindi.
3. M. Fazal Ahmed Persian House, Rawalpindi.

ROORKEE CITY.

1. M. Fazl-i Haq Mahalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SUBATHU.

1. M. Gulzar Lal South Lancashire Regiment, Subathu.

In addition to the above, the following, who were examined in Urdu previous to the institution of the examination mentioned in the above India Army Order, are also, in the opinion of the Board of Examiners, qualified to teach :—

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Arif 12, Harinbari Lane, Calcutta.
2. Maulavi Syed Abu Zafar 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S. 14, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
4. M. Badru-z Zaman 29, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
5. M. Abdul Badi 5, Ramsanker Roy's Lane, Calcutta.
6. M. A. M. F. Wahhab Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
7. M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat 89, Jhowtollah Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
8. M. Akmal Ali Akmal 9, Dr. Karam Hossain's Lane, Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Karim Nashter 1, Jhowtollah Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Mohd. Yusuf Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.

N.B.—It is requested that Munshis who have passed this examination and whose names do not appear above, should communicate their present addresses to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta, so that their names may be published also.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE AND CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bond fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Sulphate of Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased both in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ -grain tablet forms by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the principal druggists in Calcutta. These drugs are for sale for *cash* only. On *no account* drugs are sent *per V. P. Post*. These drugs *may be obtained* from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipuri.

The rates for these drugs from 15th November 1912 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 11 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 10 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	12 "

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 5 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	6 "

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.
Cinchona Febrifuge is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case,

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE CORONATION DURBAR AND OF THE VISIT OF THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING- EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS TO INDIA, 1911-12.

To meet the repeated demands of the public, the Government of India have decided to publish a complete and authoritative account of the proceedings connected with the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India and with the Coronation Durbar of December 1911.

This book will be compiled from the official records, and will contain lists of all persons taking part in the celebrations and ceremonies. There will also be numerous illustrations, portraits, maps, plans, etc.

It will be published in two editions, a popular one in a cloth binding at a cost not exceeding Rs. 7-8, and a very limited edition *de luxe*, which will contain a list of the subscribers, at a cost of about Rs. 250.

A translation of the popular edition will be made in Urdu and possibly in other languages also, if the demand is sufficient.

It is expected that the work will be ready for publication in about six months' time; names are still being registered for the various editions, and application should be made to the Superintendent, Official History of the Durbar, Foreign Department, Simla.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal :—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,

Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

WANTED TO INFORM CONTRACTORS THAT

Sealed tenders for the supply of cordage, liquid fuel, timber, tin ingot and other miscellaneous stores from 1st April 1914 to 31st March 1915 will be received by the Superintendent, Ammunition Factory, Dum-Dum, up to 5th December 1913 for consideration and orders of the Director of Ordnance Factories, who does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

2. Forms of "TENDER" and "SCHEDULE" of the stores for which tenders are invited are obtainable on payment of Re. 1 (one) per set on application in writing. Samples and specifications of the articles can be inspected at the Factory. Interpretation of the clauses of the forms and such other information required, will be furnished by the Superintendent on any working day of the Factory.

3. Tenders from only recognised tradesmen will be considered. New tenderers should be prepared to quote references as to standing, financial position, etc., if called upon to do so. A deposit of earnest money at 2 per cent. on the value of stores tendered for must accompany all tenders, in Bank of Bengal receipt or G. P. Notes, the latter standing in the name of the tenderer. Cash will not be accepted.

N. S. BERTIE-CLAY, Lieut.-Colonel, R.A.,

Superintendent.

AMMUNITION FACTORY, DUM-DUM,
The 12th November 1913.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th November 1913.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS						4 PER CENT. LOANS						4½ PER CENT. LOANS		GRAND TOTAL.	
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	TOTAL.	of 1882-83, 1885-96.	of 1842-43, 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Redeemed 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	TOTAL.	Transfer Loan of 1879, 4½ per cent. Portion.	TOTAL.			
Balance of 31st October 1913	34,10,900	1,15,54,300	6,23,36,400	1,67,64,400	86,37,200	17,70,100	10,10,62,400	6,983	5,000	...	...	36,600	1,500	50,583	2,000	2,000	10,45,95,833
<i>Add—</i> Amount of loan certificate transferred to Stock in London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount of Stock issued in London by Conversion under Notification No. 6201-A., dated 3rd November 1908, up to 30th September 1913	...	...	...	...	...	16,400	16,400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,400
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th November 1913	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deduct—</i> Amount written off in the London Registers	34,10,900	1,15,54,300	6,23,56,400	1,67,76,400	86,37,200	17,87,500	10,11,11,800	6,983	5,000	...	...	36,600	1,500	50,583	2,000	2,000	10,45,75,833
	19,100	33,900	3,62,000	81,000	1,600	2,400	4,80,900	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,00,000
Balance on 15th November 1913	33,91,800	1,15,20,400	6,19,94,400	1,66,95,400	86,35,600	17,85,100	10,06,30,900	6,983	5,000	...	...	36,600	1,500	50,583	2,000	2,000	10,40,75,833

NOTE.—From 9th June 1897 to 15th Sept. 1913. Enfaced from India 12,263 lakhs, redeformed from India 12,263 lakhs.

NOTE.—From 9th June 1897 to 15th Sept. 1913. Enfaced from India 12,263 lakhs, re-transferred from London 12,553 lakhs.

" 16th Sept. 1913, 30th Sept. " ditto
" 1st Oct. " 15th Oct. " ditto
" 16th " " 31st " ditto
" 1st Nov. " 15th Nov. " ditto

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 19th November 1913.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

12,553 lakhs.

12,266 lakhs

12,574 lakhs.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 8TH TO 15TH NOVEMBER 1913.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

NAME OF MINTS.	COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.						COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.				SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLE- MENTS GOVERNMENT.		
	EXCRIPTS.		COINAGE.		BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.				Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Closing balance of Bul- lion.	Receipt of Bullion for sub- sidiary coinage.	Sub- sidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasures, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasury or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native State.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and un- current coins.	Total.	
Calcutta	54	1	...	55	34	...	34	8	65*	15	1	89	...
Bombay	61	...	...	61	60	...	60	1	121†	15	4	141	...

* Exclusive of 216 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

† Exclusive of 201 Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.

Silver tendered for British Dollar Coinage but not brought to account.

Silver tendered for subsidiary coinage for the Straits Settlements Government but not brought to account.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;

Calcutta, the 19th November 1913.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,

Offg. Master of the Mint.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 12th November 1913.

No. 179.—No. 1375, 2nd Class, Sub-Assistant Surgeon T. G. Ramanujulu Nayudu, I.S.M.D., is granted three months privilege leave, with effect from 10th September 1913, and his services will on expiry thereof, be replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India.

Simla, the 13th November 1913.

No. 180.—The services of 3rd class, Assistant Surgeon R. F. Vanderhide, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 19th June 1913.

No. 181.—The services of No. 906, 1st Class, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Narain Singh, I.S.M.D., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Surveyor General of India, with effect from the 10th September 1913.

No. 182.—The services of No. 1302, 3rd class, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Abdulla are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 11th February 1913.

Simla, the 15th November 1913.

No. 183.—The services of No. 987, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Mahbub Ali Khan, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, Foreign Department, for employment with the British Agent at Kabul, with effect from the 25th October 1913.

Simla, the 18th November 1913.

No. 184.—The services of No. 1103, 1st class, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Abdul Hakim Khan, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 1st August 1913.

No. 185.—The services of 3rd Class, Assistant Surgeon R. H. S. Rodrigues, I. S. M. D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 23rd October 1913.

No. 186.—Third Class, Assistant Surgeon G. H. Blaker, I.S.M.D., is appointed temporarily to the Central Research Institute, Kasauli, with effect from the 18th August 1913.

B. G. SETON, Brevet-Col., I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 74th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, dated at Jhansi, this 14th day of November 1913.

Number, Rank, and Name—52990, Gunner, Edward William Andrews.
Age—29 years 6 months.
Height—5 feet 7 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, sallow; hair, black; eyes, black.
Trade—Clerk.
Date of enlistment—8th October 1908.
Place of enlistment—Aldershot.

Parish and County in which born—Waddon, Croydon, Surrey.
Date of desertion or absence—25th October 1913.
Place of desertion or absence—Jhansi.
Marks—Tattooed on back of left forearm, design of woman surrounded by flags, below that a star with the letters G. A. on back side of it.
Absented himself without leave whilst undergoing course in Railway duties (fireman).
Under 6 years' service.

A. T. LOUGH, Major, R.F.A.,

**PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT SECRETARIAT—
DELHI PROVINCE.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 14th November 1913.

No. 707-E.—In supersession of Notification No. 3189-P.W., dated the 18th April 1913, Captain G. E. Sopwith, R.E., Executive Engineer, is granted combined leave for 1 year 7 months and 5 days with effect from the 17th April 1913, as detailed below :—

	Year.	Month.	Days.
Special Durbar leave	0	1	0
Privilege leave	0	1	23
Furlough	1	4	12
TOTAL	1	7	5

No. 714-E—23-E.—The services of Mr. W. B. Richards, Executive Engineer, having been replaced at the disposal of the United Provinces Government, he made over charge of his duties in this Department on the afternoon of the 6th November 1913.

No. 718-E—23-E.—Mr. H. M. Griffiths, Executive Engineer, is transferred from the office of the Chief Engineer, Delhi Province, which he left on the afternoon of the 6th November 1913, to the 1st Project Division, 1st circle, which he joined at the same time.

Mr. Griffiths took over Executive charge of the 1st Project Division, from Mr. W. B. Richards, Executive Engineer, on the afternoon of the 6th idem.

H. T. KEELING,

Secretary to Chief Commissioner in the Public Works Department, Delhi.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act (VI of 1878) that on the 13th day of July 1913, the treasure hereunder described was found in the site belonging to Venkammal, Guardian of minor Ramakrishna Nayudu, in S. No. 126 village site of Nemam village, Saidapet taluk of the Chingleput District by Para Parumal of the village.

Description of treasure.

1. Gold vali	2
2. „ Pottu	1
3. „ chittu	2
4. „ earring	1
5. A small gold wire	1

7 valued at Rs. 41.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector at his office at Saidapet on the 11th day of April 1914 with a view to the matter being enquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

CHINGLEPUT DISTRICT COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,

SAIDAPET;

Dated 6th November 1913.

C. J. M. BLAKE,

for Collector.

TREASURE TROVE.**NOTICE.**

It is hereby notified under Section V of the Indian Treasure Trove Act (VI of 1878) that on the 21st day of September 1913, treasure consisting of the undermentioned articles valued at about Rs. 71-8-0 was found hidden in the village site poramboke land in the village of Teyyar in the Wandiwash Taluk, North Arcot District.

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of North Arcot at his office on the 25th day of March 1914 in order to the matter being enquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Description of property.		Value.	
		Rs.	A. P.
3 Gold Saradus	} all valued at about	71	8 0
6 " Hooks			
2 " Flat pieces			
1 " Ring			
1 " Thali			

NORTH ARCOT COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
VELLORE;

Dated 8th November 1913.

(Illegible)

for Collector.

ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL.

Notice of Deaths sent to the Administrator-General of Bengal under section 64 of Act II of 1874.

Name of deceased.	Place of death.	Date of death.	By whom death reported, and when.	REMARKS.
Mrs. Gertrude Fanny Campbell.	Ramsay Hospital, Naini Tal.	31st August 1913	District Judge, Kumaon Division, on 21st September 1913.	The deceased died leaving no Will, and no assets except personal effects. It is not proposed to move in the estate.
Mr. Arthur Ross late Inspector of Police.	Ballia	29th March ..	District Judge, Ghazipur, on 8th September 1913.	The deceased left no Will. Possession of the estate was made over to the deceased's sister, Mrs. Pitts.
Mr. T. E. Collins	Saharanpur	15th May ..	District Judge, Saharanpur, on 25th September 1913.	The widow of the deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to the estate.
Mr. A. C. M. Hamfrey, late an Assistant, employed in the Rangamatttee Tea Estate.	.....	2nd Sept. ..	District Judge, Dinajpur, on 26th September 1913.	The deceased does not appear to have left any Will. The property left by the deceased is under Rs. 1,000 in value. Mr. W. D. Coull, the manager of Rangamatttee Tea Estate, has been appointed to keep possession of the deceased's property until the estate is represented.
Mr. Francis Horatio Dobson, Superintendent of Excise, Katha.	Sagaing	19th ..	Deputy Commissioner, Katha, on 23rd September 1913.	No Will left by the deceased. His widow intends to take out Letters of Administration to the estate.

Name of deceased.	Place of death.	Date of death.	By whom death reported, and when.	REMARKS.
Mr. W. H. E. Mo-Keown, late a Revenue Inspector of the United Provinces Police.	Dehra Dun . . .	12th Sept. 1913 . . .	District Judge, Saharanpur on, 26th September 1913.	The deceased has left a Will in favour of his wife. In his second report the District Judge of Saharanpur states that no application for grant of probate of the Will has yet been made to his Court. Further report from the District Judge is awaited.
Mr. Margaret Humphries.	Naini Tal . . .	21st " " . . .	Officiating Commissioner and District Judge, Kumaon Division, on 21st October 1913.	The deceased died intestate and is reported to have left no assets or liabilities.
Mr. T. S. Fitzpatrick, Executive Engineer, Dehra Dun.	Dehra . . .	7th Oct. " . . .	District Judge, Saharanpur, on 25th October 1913.	The deceased is reported to have left no Will. Further report is awaited from the District Judge.
Mr. Charles Greig Milne.	Behora, Tea Estate in the district of Sibsagar.	26th Feb. " . . .	Judge of the Assam Valley Districts on 17th October 1913.	The deceased appears to have left no Will. The small estate that was left by him has been remitted to his father in Scotland by the manager of the Behora Tea Estate at the request of the said father.
Mr. G. F. Grassly, guard, North-Western Railway, Saharanpur.	.....	16th Oct. " . . .	District Judge, Saharanpur, on 1st November 1913.	A detailed report under section 64 of Act II of 1874 is awaited from the District Judge.
Mr. Arthur Francis Eves, of the East Indian Railway.	Cawnpur . . .	25th " " . . .	District Judge, Cawnpore, on 25th October 1913.	The deceased has left a Will appointing his wife executrix.
Mr. Marshall . . .	Cottage Hospital, Missouri.	21st " " . . .	District Judge, Saharanpur, on 1st November 1913.	The deceased died intestate. The District Judge has been requested to submit further report stating full particulars of the deceased's estate.

ALEX. KINNEY,
Offg. Administrator-General of Bengal.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
AJMER-MERWARA.**

NOTIFICATION.

Dated Camp Ajmer, the 10th November 1913.

No. 1056-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4(a) of the Ajmer Courts Regulation, I of 1877, the Chief Commissioner is pleased with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel R. B. Berkeley to be an additional Commissioner in Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

By order,
H. GOUGH, Major,
First Assistant to the Hon'ble the
Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, the 6th November 1913.

No. 66.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore that land is required for a public purpose, namely, for construction of huts for sweepers.

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act, I of 1894, as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Civil and Military Station is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	Boundaries.				REMARKS.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
Kayamgutta Baiderhally Village, Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.	Jamadar Munisawmy, 64th Pioneers, now retired.	Dwelling house No. 67A.	1,200 sq. ft.	Vacant ground.	Public pathway.	House No. 67B.	Vacant ground.	
	Anthony and Arokiasawmy.	Dwelling house No. 67B.	693 sq. ft.	House No. 67A.	Public pathway.	Vacant ground.	Vacant ground.	
	Kayamguttadar D. Appayanna Chetty.	Vacant ground.	5,977 sq. ft.	Survey No. 3.	Mr. Ballard's house (Part of S. No. 2).	House No. 67A.	Vacant ground.	

By order,
[Illegible.]
 for First Assistant Resident.

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 14th November 1913.

No. 283.—Mr. H. Baggaley, Superintendent, class III, has been granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough for 1 year and 8 months, with effect from the 15th June 1913 under Articles 233, 260 and 308(b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 284.—The following temporary promotions are sanctioned in the superior establishment of the department with effect from the date specified:—

Name.	From	To	With effect from	REMARKS.
J. W. Tanner . .	Superintendent, class IV.	Superintendent, class III, Temporary.	15th September 1913.	Sanctioned by the Under Secretary of State in Minute dated 6th October 1913.
S. N. Wilson . .	Assistant Superintendent, class V.	Superintendent, class IV, Temporary.	Ditto	
W. A. Pitcher . .	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade I.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, Temporary.	Ditto	Sanctioned by the Director-in-Chief, Indo-European Telegraph Department.
E. M. Morris . .	General Service clerk, class I.	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade II, Temporary.	Ditto	

T. K. RAJAGOPALAN,
Deputy Accountant-General P. O. & Telegraphs,
Telegraph (Branch).

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL
AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 14th November 1913.

No. 3379.—The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the prescribed tests in the Baluchi language by the Higher Standard at an examination held at Quetta on the 3rd and 4th November 1913:—

1. Lieutenant C. T. D. Berrington, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis).
2. Lieutenant A. H. A. Empson, 8th Cavalry.
3. Captain E. de L. Young, R. E.
4. Captain R. G. Beatty, Army Remount Department, Quetta.
5. Major K. K. Knapp, R. G. A.
6. Staff Sergeant A. E. Collins, I. O. D.
7. Staff Sergeant O. Turner, I. O. D.
8. Lieutenant J. O. Nicolls, 58th Rifles, F. F.
9. Sub-Conductor T. Wilson, I. O. D.
10. Captain G. W. S. Keene, 29th Punjabis.
11. Bk. Sergeant W. Robinson, Bk. Department, M. W. S.
12. Assistant Surgeon W. C. Fordham, I.S.M.D.
13. Sub-Conductor R. S. Norris, I. O. D.
14. Lieutenant S. D. Wilmot, R. G. A.
15. Staff Sergeant H. A. Clarke, S. and T. Corps, Abbottabad, N.-W. F.
16. Lieutenant M. G. G. Campbell, R. E.
17. Assistant Surgeon J. W. Woodsell, I. S. M. D.

By order,
DENYS BRAY,
First Assistant.
II C 2

SURVEY OF INDIA.

MAP RECORD AND ISSUE OFFICE.

Agents for sale of Maps.

LONDON.—Edward Stanford, Limited, 12, 13 and 14, Long Acre, London, W. C.

CALCUTTA.—Maps can be obtained from the office, 13, Wood Street, or from Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., Nos. 5 and 6, Government Place, North; Messrs. Newman & Co., No. 4, Dalhousie Square; the Secretary, School Book Society, No. 309, Bow Bazar Street, and Messrs. Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh and Sons, No. 76, Lower Circular Road.

BOMBAY.—Messrs. Thacker & Co., Limited, and Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala Sons & Co.

LAHORE.—Messrs. Rai Sahib Munshi Gulab Singh and Sons.

MADRAS.—Messrs. Higginbothams, Limited.

MUSKORIE.—Proprietor, Mafasilite Printing Works.

POONA.—Superintendent, Government Photo-Zinco-graphic Department.

SIMLA.—Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co.

SRINAGAR.—Mrs. C. Winter, The Picture Gallery.

A General Catalogue of maps corrected up to 1st February 1910 is available at Re. 1 per copy.

All published maps are sold at the Survey of India Office, Calcutta, for cash with postage prepaid.

Agents cannot issue maps on the *Public Service* except on cash payment.

The following is a list of the more important "General" and other maps which are available.

Description of Map.	Date of current edition.	Scale.	No. of sheets in set.	Size per sheet in inches.	PRICE.		REMARKS.
					Un-coloured.	Coloured.	
GENERAL MAPS.							
India (with hills)	1908	1"=32 M.	6	44×30	Rs. A. 9 0	Rs. A. 12 0	4th Edition.
India (without hills)	1908	1"=32 M.	6	44×30	6 0	9 0	4th Edition.
India (without hills), showing Railways with stations.	1913	1"=32 M.	6	44×30	...	8 0	Corrected to 31st December 1912.
India, Railway, Canal and Road Map of (with hills).	1912	1"=32 M.	6	44×30	9 0	12 0	Railways, Canals and Roads corrected up to 31st March 1912. Other details up to 1905.
India, Railway, Canal and Road Map of (with hills and Rain-fall contours).	1912	1"=32 M.	6	44×30	12 0	15 0	Railways, Canals and Roads corrected up to 31st March 1912. Other details up to 1905.
India and adjacent countries (with hills).	1883	1"=64 M.	4	26×22	4 8	...	Additions to 1908.
India and adjacent countries (with hills).	1883	1"=64 M.	2	41×25	...	6 0	Additions to 1908.
India, District map of	1903	1"=64 M.	2	40×27	2 0	2 8	Additions and corrections from Extra Departmental Sources to 1912.
India, contour map of	1886	1"=64 M.	1	41×38	1 8	...	
India showing railways open and under construction.	1912	1"=64 M.	1	38×33	...	1 8	Corrected to 31st March 1913.
India, Military Traffic map of, showing Railways open and under construction on 31st December 1912.	...	1"=64 M.	1	40×32	...	1 8	
India and adjacent countries (without hills).	1911	1"=128 M.	1	25×25	1 12	2 0	
India (without hills)	1906	1"=192 M.	1	18×14	0 8	0 12	Corrections to boundaries to 1912.
India (without hills)	1894	1"=256 M.	1	16×13	0 6	0 8	Additions to 1904.
India (with hills)	1909	1"=256 M.	1	16×13	0 6	0 8	

Description of Map.	Date of current edition.	Scale.	No. of sheets in set.	Size per sheet in inches.	PRICE.		REMARKS.
					Un-coloured.	Coloured.	
					Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
PROVINCIAL MAPS.							
Baluchistan (with hills)	1894	1"=16 M.	4	28×27	4 0	5 0	
Baluchistan Agency with Sind (with hills).	1898	1"=32 M.	1	24×24	..	1 8	
Bengal (without hills)	1912	1"=16 M.	1	41×30	...	1 12	
Bengal and Bihar and Orissa . . .	1898	1"=80 M.	1	12×9	0 8	0 10	With additions and corrections to 1912.
Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and Assam (with hills).	1912	1"=32 M.	1	33×31	...	1 4	
Berar (with hills),	1906	1"= 8 M.	1	38×27	2 0	2 8	
Bihar and Orissa (without hills). .	1912	1"=16 M.	1	44×30	...	1 12	
Bombay Presidency, exclusive of Sind (with hills).	1908	1"=32 M.	1	27×40	1 0	1 8	
Burma	1908	1"=32 M.	1	40×27	1 0	1 8	Corrected to 1910.
Central India Agency (with hills).	1908	1"=16 M.	2	31×22	...	1 8	
Central India Agency (without hills).	1900	1"=32 M.	1	12×9	0 8	0 10	
Central Provinces (without hills) .	1908-09	1"=32 M.	1	28×24	1 0	1 8	
Gujrat (without hills)	1896	1"=16 M.	1	32×30	1 0	1 8	Additions to 1905.
Hyderabad (with hills)	1908	1"=32 M.	1	20×18	...	1 8	
Madras Presidency, Mysore and Ceylon (without hills). .	1908	1"=16 M.	6	40×27	7 0	8 0	
Mysore and Coorg (with hills) . .	1908	1"=16 M.	1	27×24	1 0	1 8	
North-West Frontier Province (with hills).	1903	1"=16 M.	1	34×27	1 8	1 12	Corrections up to 1910.
Punjab, North-West Frontier Province and Kashmir (without hills).	1909	1"=16 M.	4	36×26	...	4 0	
Punjab (with hills)	1890	1"=80 M.	1	12×9	0 8	0 10	Additions to 1910.
Punjab (without hills)	1912	1"=80 M.	1	12×9	0 8	0 10	
Rajputana Agency (with hills) . .	1908	1"=16 M.	2	38×24	...	1 8	2nd Edition. Additions and corrections to 1908.
United Provinces (with hills) . .	1908	1"=32 M.	1	21×20	1 0	1 8	
MISCELLANEOUS MAPS.							
Afghanistan	1908	1"=32 M.	1	35×27	...	1 8	
Arabia and the Persian Gulf . . .	1910	1"=32 M.	4	40×30	4 0	5 0	
Arabia and the Persian Gulf . . .	1910	1"=48 M.	2	40×27	...	2 0	
Chih-li Province, China	1903	1"= 8 M.	1	44×30	1 8	1 12	
City of Calcutta	1911	6"= 1 M.	4	30×27	3 0	5 0	With additions and corrections to April 1912.
City of Calcutta	1910	3"= 1 M.	1	32×26	1 0	2 0	With additions and corrections to 1912.
Delhi (Special Extract Map) . . .	1912	4"= 1 M.	1	42×33	...	2 0	
Delhi and Vicinity	1912	4"= 1 M.	4	37×30	...	4 0	
Delhi and Vicinity	1912	2"= 1 M.	1	40×27	...	1 8	
Eastern Turkistan	1908	1"=32 M.	1	24×19	...	1 8	

Description of Maps.	Date of current edition.	Scale.	No. of sheets in set.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.		REMARKS.
					Un-coloured.	Coloured.	
MISCELLANEOUS MAPS— <i>concl'd.</i>					Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
Kiang-Su Province, China .	1903	$\frac{1}{1,000,000}$	1	40 × 27	1 0	1 8	Additions and corrections to 1910.
Persia	1910	1" = 40 M.	1	34 × 29	...	1 4	
Persia, Southern	1912	$\frac{1}{2,000,000}$	1	39 × 27	...	3 0	Index to names 8 annas extra. Rs. 20 for a complete bound set.
Rennell's Atlas of Bengal .	...	...	20	Various	10 0	...	
Sikkim	1906	1" = 4 M.	1	26 × 19	1 0	1 4	
Simla and adjacent country .	1909	1" = 1 M.	1	27 × 30	...	1 8	
Simla and Jutogh (with list of houses).	1911	6" = 1 M.	1	40 × 30	1 0	1 8	Revised and corrected up to 1910.
Tenasserim	1868	1" = 4 M.	6	44 × 30	6 0	7 8	
Western Tibet, portion of .	1904	1" = 12 M.	1	34 × 28	1 8	1 12	Additions to 1912.
Yun-nan	1905	$\frac{1}{1,000,000}$	2	40 × 27	2 0	2 8	

Description.	Date of current edition.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.	REMARKS.
INDIA AND ADJACENT COUNTRIES.				
Scale $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$			Rs. A.	
Sheet No. 10 (Provisional Issue)	1909	24×19	1 0	Parts of Persia, Arabia and Turkish Empire.
" " 17 (Provisional Issue)	1909	ditto	1 0	Part of Persia (Kerman and Fars).
" " 18 (Provisional Issue)	1908	ditto	1 0	Parts of Persia and Arabia.
" " 29 (Provisional Issue)	1908	ditto	1 0	Parts of Persia, Afghanistan and Russian Turkistan.
" " 30 (Rough Provisional Issue)	1910	ditto	1 0	Parts of Afghanistan, Baluchistan and Persia.
" " 31 (Provisional Issue)	1908	ditto	1 0	Parts of Persia and Baluchistan.
" " 33 (Provisional Issue)	1908	ditto	1 0	Part of Afghanistan.
" " 34 (Provisional Issue)	1911	ditto	1 0	Part of Afghanistan, Baluchistan Agency and Bombay Presidency.
" " 35 and 36 (Provisional Issue)	1912	ditto	1 0	Parts of Baluchistan and Bombay (Sind).
" " 38 (Provisional Edition)	1909	ditto	1 0	Parts of Punjab, North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan and Afghanistan.
" " 39 (Provisional Issue)	1913	ditto	1 0	Punjab, North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Rajputana, Baluchistan and Afghanistan. Published (1) layered with shaded hills, (2) layered without shaded hills and (3) shaded and boundary coloured.
" " 40 (Provisional Issue)	1908	ditto	1 0	Parts of Bombay, Punjab and Rajputana Agency.
" " 44 (Provisional Issue)	1910	ditto	1 0	Punjab and Rajputana.
" " 45 (Provisional Issue)	1912	ditto	1 0	Parts of Rajputana, Punjab, Central India, Bombay, Baroda and Ajmer Merwara.

Description.	Date of current edition.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.	REMARKS.
INDIA AND ADJACENT COUNTRIES				
—contd.				
Scale $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$			Rs. A.	
Sheet No. 46 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1910	24 x 19	1 0	Bombay, Rajputana, Central Provinces, Central India, Hyderabad, Baroda and Daman.
„ „ 47 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1910	ditto	1 0	Bombay and Hyderabad.
„ „ 48 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1911	ditto	1 0	Bombay, Hyderabad, Goa, Mysore, Coorg and Madras.
„ „ 53 (Provisional Issue 2nd Edition) .	1913	ditto	1 0	Parts of Punjab, Rajputana, United Provinces and Tibet. Published (1) layered with shaded hills, (2) layered without shaded hills, and (3) shaded and boundary coloured.
„ „ 54 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1909	ditto	1 0	Parts of Punjab, Rajputana, United Provinces, Central India and Central Provinces.
„ „ 55 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1912	ditto	1 0	Parts of Central India-Rajputana, Hyderabad, Central Provinces, Bombay and Berar.
„ „ 57 and part of 66 (Provisional Issue)	1913	ditto	1 0	(Without hills). Parts of Bombay, Hyderabad, Coorg, Madras, Mysore and Pondicherry.
„ „ 61 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1912	ditto	1 0	Parts of Tibet and Eastern Turkistan.
„ „ 63 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1911	ditto	1 0	Parts of United Provinces, Central India, Central Provinces, Bengal and Nepal.
„ „ 66 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1911	ditto	0 8	Madras.
„ „ 70 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1906	ditto	1 0	Parts of Tibet and Eastern Turkistan.
„ „ 71 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1904	ditto	1 0	Parts of Nepal and Tibet.
„ „ 72 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1912	ditto	1 0	(Without hills). Parts of Nepal, Bihar and Orissa, Bengal and United Provinces.
„ „ 77 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1912	ditto	1 0	Parts of Tibet, Sikkim and Bhutan.
„ „ 78 (2nd Provisional Issue) . . .	1907	ditto	1 0	Nepal, Sikkim, Tibet, Bhutan, Bengal and Eastern Bengal and Assam. With additions and corrections from Extra-Departmental Sources to 1910.
„ „ 79 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1907	ditto	1 0	Parts of Bengal, Eastern Bengal, and Assam. Additions and corrections from Extra-Departmental Sources to 1910.
„ „ 83 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1908	ditto	1 0	Parts of Eastern Bengal and Assam and Burma. Additions and corrections from Extra-Departmental Sources to 1911.
„ „ 86 . . .	1905	ditto	1 0	Parts of Burma and the Andaman Islands.
„ „ 87 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1905	ditto	1 0	Andaman and Nicobar Islands.
„ „ 91 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1904	ditto	1 0	Assam, Tibet and China (Yun-nan and Szech'uan Provinces).

Discription.	Date of current edition.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.	REMARKS.
INDIA AND ADJACENT COUNTRIES —concl'd.				
Scale $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$			R a.	
Sheet No. 93 (Provisional Issue)	1904	24×19	1 0	Parts of Burma, China and Siam. With additions and corrections from Extra-Departmental Sources to 1909.
„ „ 94 (Provisional Issue)	1907	ditto	1 0	Parts of Burma and Siam.
„ „ 95 (2nd Provisional Issue)	1905	ditto	1 0	Parts of Burma and Siam. With additions and corrections from Extra-Departmental Source to 1909.
„ „ 100 (Provisional Issue)	1911	ditto	1 0	(Skeleton.) Parts of Tibet and China.
„ „ 101 (Provisional Issue)	1910	ditto	1 0	Parts of China.
„ „ 102 (Provisional Issue)	1904	ditto	1 0	Burma, Siam, Tongking and Yun-nan (China). Additions and corrections from Extra-Departmental Sources to 1910.

F. FRASER HUNTER, Captain, I.A.,

Officer in charge, Map Record and Issue Office.

SURVEY OF INDIA ;
Calcutta, 1st October 1913.**SURVEY OF INDIA.****NOTIFICATION.**

Calcutta, the 19th November 1913.

No. 699.—Mr. J. A. Freeman, Extra Assistant Superintendent, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Superintendent, with effect from the 12th September 1913, *vice* Mr. P. J. Barrington, Deputy Superintendent, on leave.

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Colonel, R.E.,

Offg. Surveyor General of India.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.**NOTIFICATION.**

Lahore, the 18th November 1913.

No. 58.—Mr. J. H. Harford, Executive Engineer, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India extension of one month's extraordinary leave without pay on Medical certificate in continuation of the leave sanctioned to him in this office Notification No. 40, dated 15th August 1913.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel, R.E.,

Agent, N.-W. Railway.

RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

Catalogue of books published in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore under the provisions of Act XXV of 1867 during the quarter ending 30th September 1913.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Serial No.	Author and title, brief subject including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher, and place of publication, date given on the title page with the name of the era—when other than the Christian era—date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.	Registration No.	Proprietor of copyright (his name and residence), Register No. and date of registration of copyright.
URDU—RELIGION.					
1	Shah Kamaloodin Saheb Khadri— کامل خزائن القرآن Kamil Magzanul—irfan—Part I—Theosophy—280 pages—published by the author in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore—1331, Hijri (issued on 15th June 1913). Royal. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 1-8-0.	Hashmathul Islam Press, Ebrahim Saib Street, C. and M. Station, Bangalore.	1,000	3	Moulvi Md. Issak, No. 13, Labbay Musjid Street, C. and M. Station, Bangalore, No. 3, dated the 4th July 1913.
KANNADA—MEDICAL.					
4	Pandit V. D., F. A. U. (Nasik), M. B. M. S., Vaidya Panchanana, ಪ್ರಾಣಿಚ್ಯುತವಿಧಿ ಪ್ರಕಾಶಿಕೆ (Pranigraushadi Prakashika)—Organotherapy—64 pages—published by the author in Bangalore, 1913 (issued on 1st July 1913). Demy Octavo. 1st edition. Price, Rs. 0-8-0.	Mr. K. Narain Iyengar, Proprietor, Caxton Press, Residency Road, C. and M. Station, Bangalore.	1,000	4	Dr. V. D. Pandit, Chickpet, Bangalore City. No. 4, dated the 23rd July 1913.

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

THE COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTICE.

Ajmer, the 10th November 1913.

Under section 15(1) of the Ajmer Talukdars Loan Regulation (No. II of 1911) and with reference to the notice dated the 16th August 1912 at pages 1364 and 1365 of the *Gazette of India*, Part II, of the 24th August 1912, it is hereby notified that the following liabilities of Thakur Samrath Singh, Istimrardar of Sathana, were discharged on the dates mentioned against them by a loan granted under section 13(1)(b) of the said Regulation :—

Debts owed to :—

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| 1. Dhannalal Panna Lal of Ajmer | 21st July 1913. |
| 2. Tej Singh Kesar Singh of Bandanwara | ” |
| 3. Phool Chand, son of Sawai Ram of Ratakot | ” |
| 4. Nathoo Lal Prohit of Sathana | ” |
| 5. Nandlal Bansali of Sathana | ” |
| 6. Amar Singh, son of Jey Singh of Sathana | ” |
| 7. Sobhalal, minor, through Amar Singh of Sathana | ” |
| 8. Mangilal „ „ „ „ „ | ” |
| 9. Hazarimal, son of Panna Lal of Sathana | ” |
| 10. Chagan Mal Amarchand of Ajmer | ” |
| 11. K. J. Mehta and Brothers of Ajmer | ” |
| 12. Kundan Mal Sobhag Mal of Ajmer | ” |
| 13. Kanayalal, son of Gopal of Ajmer | ” |
| 14. Kamalji Kadar Baksh of Ajmer | ” |
| 15. Radha Kishen, son of Gopal of Ajmer | ” |
| 16. Fateh Singh Mukhtar of Maji Sahib Ranawatji of Sathana | 18th September 1913. |
| 17. Seth Guman Mal Lodha of Ajmer, through Bazid Khan Mukhtar Khas | 26th September 1913. |
| 18. Ramnath Singh of Nagar | 6th November 1913. |
- All the above debts have been discharged in full.

A. T. HOLME, I.C.S.,

Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

FORM D.

[NOTICE UNDER SECTION 18 OF THE TALUKDARS LOAN REGULATION (II OF 1911).

Dated Ajmer, the 7th November 1913.

Whereas by a notice under section 6 of the Talukdars Loan Regulation II of 1911 published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 24th September 1912 it was declared that Thakur Richpal Singh, Istimrardar of Sankaria in the Ajmer District, having applied for a loan under this Regulation was incompetent to transfer or create any charge on or interest in his property or any part thereof or to enter into a contract which might involve him in any pecuniary liability.

And whereas it was further declared that all suits and proceedings in any Civil Court in respect of any claim against the said Thakur Richpal Singh, Istimrardar of Sankaria, could be stayed and no fresh suit or proceedings should be instituted in respect of any such claim in any Civil Court.

Notice is hereby given that the purposes of the above notice under section 6 of this Regulation having been fulfilled, the said Thakur Richpal Singh, Istimrardar of Sankaria, is released from the disabilities thereby imposed.

A. T. HOLME, I.C.S.

Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

CHIEF COURT OF THE PUNJAB.**NOTIFICATION.**

The 6th November 1913.

No. 5648-G.—POWERS.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 26 of the Punjab Courts Act, 1884, Sheikh Abdul Aziz, B.A., Munsiff of the Second Class in the Province of Delhi, is appointed a Munsiff of the First Class for the purpose of exercising jurisdiction (in accordance with Notification No. 25144, dated the 17th October 1884), so long as he shall continue to be a Munsiff.

By order, etc.,
A. CAMPBELL,
Registrar.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION BANGALORE.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 45 OF 1913.

Bangalore, the 10th November 1913.

Shaik Ismail Saib, son of Shaik Hameed Saib, Merchant, residing in Majid Street, Ulsoor, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore (petitioner); S. Giritharilal & others (creditors).

Notice, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, is hereby given that the above named petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 10th December 1913 for hearing.

Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

N. S. TIRUMALAI AIYANGER

District Judge.

IN THE COURT OF BABU MIHAN SINGH, BEDI, JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT AT DELHI.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

SUIT No. 57 OF 1913.

In the matter of the Insolvency of Kishan Chand, son of Gobind Ram, caste Khatri of Pahari Dhiraj Gali Nathan Singh, Delhi.

It is hereby notified, under section 12 of Act III of 1907, that an application, filed by the said Kishan Chand, to be adjudicated an insolvent, has been admitted in this Court, and it will be heard on the 16th December 1913.

MIHAN SINGH,
Judge, Small Cause Court, Delhi.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 136 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 7th day of November 1913.

In the matter of Annamallay Ganapathy, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Annamallay Ganapathy, clerk in the Customs Office, Rangoon, son of Kadamban Annamallay, residing at No. 17, Williams Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of November 1913 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Annamallay Ganapathy.

CASE No. 137 OF 1912.

Rangoon, the 7th day of November 1913.

In the matter of Venkatreddy, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Venkatreddy, Fitter, son of Narsiah, residing at No. 65, 46th Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of November 1913 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Venkatreddy.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Place of Residence in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITION.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
183—1913	Mohanlal Kalidas Mirai .	Hindu .	Bhendi Bazar .	Lately cotton and silver speculator and now unemployed.	31st	October .	1913	1st	November .	1913
185—1913	Kesrichand Rupchand, Sobhagchand Naginehand and Naginechand Javerchand.	" .	.....	Carrying on business at Bombay in partnership under the names, styles and firms of Sobhagchand Naginehand & Co., Kesrichand Rupchand and Naginechand Javerchand.	1st	November .	"	"	"	"
186—1913	Nagay Sejjal and Govindji Nagay .	" .	Sak Gully, Wandir and Chinch Bundar, Mandir, respectively.	Lately carrying on business in partnership as gum merchants at Khoja Molla, Mandir, outside the Fort under the style or firm of Govindji-Sejjal.	"	"	"	"	"	"
187—1913	Jetha Dewsi Gadhia .	" .	Bhandard Street, Mandir .	Lately carrying on business as Jeweller in partnership with Virji Keshowji Balani in the name, style and firm of Mehta & Co., and thereafter in partnership with Hira Chand Nemchand in the same name and style and now unemployed.	3rd	"	"	3rd	"	"
188—1913	Krishnarao Pandurang Rele .	" .	Khetwadi, 6th Lane .	Clerk in the G. I. P. Railway .	"	"	"	"	"	"
189—1913	Hiraji Nusserwanji Cooper .	Parsi .	No. 3, Old Sonapur Lane .	Dealer in mutton .	"	"	"	"	"	"
190—1913	Framji Shapurji Daruwala alias Mistry.	" .	Charni Road (Contractor's Building).	Servant in the employ of Ardesir Manekji .	"	"	"	"	"	"
192—1913	Morar Dulabh Surti .	Hindu .	530, Upper Duncan Road .	Lately taxicab Driver and now unemployed .	"	"	"	"	"	"

No.	Name	Ethnicity	Address	Occupation	Central Office	3rd
591—1913	Joseph Manuel Pereira . . .	Eurasian . . .	No. 9-13, Mody Street, Fort .	Telegraphist in the Government Central Telegraph Office.	"	"
593—1913	Mancherji Manekji Naterwala alias Madan alias Mistry.	Parsee . . .	1 and 3, Abdul Rehman Street .	Worker in rattan . . .	"	"
594—1913	Frederick Sexton . . .	Eurasian . . .	No. 20, Clare Road, Byculla .	Fireman in the G. I. P. Railway .	"	4th
595—1913	Manekshaw Nussirwan Parukh .	Parsi . . .	Grant Road . . .	Broker in Jewellery . . .	"	"
596—1913	Limba Sadoo Teli alias Ghatkar and Sahadoo Sadoo Teli alias Ghatkar.	Hindu . . .	Tardeo . . .	Bullock cart-drivers . . .	"	"
597—1913	Abdul Rehman Valad Shek Ahmed Patel and Shek Ahmed Abdul Rehman Patel.	Mahomedan .	No. 209, Alli Oomer Street .	1st Debtor Painter in the Bombay Steam Navigation Company and the 2nd Debtor Painter.	"	"
598—1913	Fatehmahomed Peermahomed Shaik.	" . . .	No. 37-39, Nagdevi Street .	Lately rent farmer and now butcher .	"	"
599—1913	Virji Dharamsy Sha . . .	Hindu . . .	Fergusson Road . . .	Lately carrying on business as grain merchants in partnership with Lalji Padamsy, Dhanji Kowji, Shioji Virji and Moolji Desai under the name and firm of Padamsy Khairaj and Company and now unemployed.	"	"
600—1913	Sakharam Dhondu Palkar and Shivram Sakharam Palkar.	" . . .	Peddar Road . . .	Lately gardener and motor-car driver respectively and now unemployed.	"	"
601—1913	Herbert Arthur Willis . . .	European . .	Israel Building, Jacob Circle .	Traffic Telegraph Inspector in the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company.	"	5th
602—1913	Kesrumal Balchand . . .	Hindu . . .	Marwari Bazar . . .	Carrying on business in the name, style and firm of Balchand Kaniram and Balchand Kesrimal in Bombay and in the name of Kesrimal Ratanchand at Burdwan.	"	"
603—1913	Lalji Ramji Sha . . .	" . . .	Bhat Bazar (Barak House) .	Lately speculator in cotton under the names of Padamsi Lalji and Lalji Ramji and now unemployed.	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the Petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909.)

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Place of Residence in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
604—1913	Shaik Abdala bin Shaik Adam	Mahomedan	New Nagpada, Belasis Road.	Fitter in the employ of Richardson and Crudas.	6th	November	1913	6th	November	1913
605—1913	Joseph David	Eurasian	Ripon Road	Lately tailor and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"	"
606—1913	Rehmoobhai Alimohomed Khoja and Fattabhai Mahomed Khoja.	Mahomedan	No. 129, Bhendy Bazar	Lately carrying on business in partnership as leather merchants under the name of Rehmoobhai Fattabhai and Company and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
607—1913	Eknath Dada Sonani	Hindu	Parel Lalwadi	Tailor.	"	"	"	"	"	"
608—1913	Baichand Shamji Sha	"	Barbhai Molla, Dhobi Gulli.	Lately speculator in cotton and also servant in the employ of J. S. Ebrahim and now unemployed.	7th	"	"	7th	"	"
609—1913	Benjamin Salem Askenazy	Jewish	No. 32, Byculla, Parel Road.	Formerly proprietor of the Ashkenazy Litho Press with Kaikhusroo J. Khan and Elias Hai Salem and now clerk in the employ of Hycul's Jewish Synagogue.	"	"	"	"	"	"
610—1913	Mathew Joovan Rodrigues.	East Indian	Tank Road, Thana	Guard in the G. I. P. Railway.	"	"	"	"	"	"
611—1913	Michael Walter Donoghue.	Anglo-Indian	Mansoor Building, Ripon Road, Jacob Circle.	Electric Lineman in the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Company, Ltd.	"	"	"	"	"	"
612—1913	Shanker Raghunath Naik	Hindu	Mahim, Agar Bazar	Carpenter	"	"	"	8th	"	"
613—1913	Parbhudas Virji Sha	"	Old Hanuman Lane	Lately carrying on business under the name of Jamnadas Parbhudas Sha as cloth merchant and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
614—1913	Mahomed Idris Hafiz Mahomed Yusuf Shaik.	Mahomedan	Bhendy Bazar Road	Lately druggist and now unemployed.	8th	"	"	"	"	"
616—1913	Taherally Mahomedally Kapadwanjwala.	"	Sarang Street	Formerly servant in the employ of Kikabhai Abdulhusein and Co. and now servant in the employ of Shaik Amur Shaik Dawood.	11th	"	"	12th	"	"
617—1913	Daniel Sheffield	European	Lower Parel (New Mala Building).	Lately Engine Driver in the B. B. and C. I. Railway and now unemployed.	12th	"	"	"	"	"
618—1913	Jugjiwan Tulloekchand Darbani.	Hindu	Frere Road	Lately share broker and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"	"
619—1913	Jamnadas Amerchand Sha	"	Bhoiwala 3rd Lane	Lately speculator in cotton, shares and stocks and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"

620—1913	Jeewan Govan Kansara, Ganda Govan Kansara and Jind Govan Kansara.	Hindu	Parel, Sopari Bag	1st and 3rd Debtors Coppermiths and the 2nd Debtor Coppermith in the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company.	12th November	1913	12th November	1913
621—1913	Framji Hormusji Ghyra	Parsce	Procter Street, Grant Road.	Lately dealer in milk in partnership with Fardunji Dhunjibhai in the name of Fardunji Dhunjibhai and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"
623—1913	Dossabhai Jamssetji Sethna	"	Mahaxarmi	Landed Proprietor	"	"	"	"
624—1913	Sadanand Bhai Burve	Hindu	Sandhurst Road (Ebram Building).	Foreman in the Drainage Department, Bombay Municipality.	"	"	"	"
622—1913	Virji Kalidas Sha, Purshotum Madhowji Sha and Govinji Dewji Thacker.	"	Gulawadi, Church Bunder and Matoonga, respectively.	Lately trading in partnership with Velji Narpal, Pasoo Narpal and Kessowji Kuverji under the name, style and firm of Vasonji Pasoo & Co. and the 1st and 2nd Debtors in partnership with the said Velji Narpal, Pasoo Narpal and Kessowji Kuverji under the name, style and firm of Velji Narpal & Co. and Vasalji Velji & Co. as dry fruits, seeds and grocery merchants and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"
615—1913	Luxumon Shiveji Tersey	"	Matoonga	Jobber in the Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	11th	"	13th	"
625—1913	Bhugwandas Dwarakadas Thacker	"	Parsi Bazar, Fort	Dealer in sundry piece-goods and also speculator in Government Paper, shares, etc.	13th	"	14th	"
626—1913	Fida Ali alias Fidahusein Shaik Ebrahimji Moolia.	Mahomedan	Musafarkhana	Brocade Pedlar	14th	"	"	"
628—1913	Hosein Khimji alias Hosein Salemahomed Khoja.	"	Durga Molla	Unemployed	"	"	15th	"
627—1913	Thomas Wilkinson	European	White House, Merewether Road, Fort.	Assistant in the firm of Messrs. Marks & Co., Ltd.	"	"	"	"
629—1913	Jagmohandas Bhugwandas Choksi	Hindu	Kalbadevi Road	Lately Assayer and now unemployed	15th	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' Petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, FORT, BOMBAY,

Dated this 17th day of November 1913.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the orders of adjudication made herein against the undermentioned Insolvents have been this day annulled.

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.
520—1911	Vithoo Kaloo Landway	Hindu	Bapty Road, Vanjara Chawl	Formerly proprietor of hack victoria and now hack victoria driver in the employ of Bai Sakurbai.	1st	December	1911
521—1911	Suleman Esab Ghachi	Mahomedan	Cazipura	Formerly grinder of oil seeds and now unemployed	13th	"	"
522—1911	Tyebally Noorbhoy Dawoodi Vora	"	Motiwalla's house Dhunji, Street	Lately carrying on business as dealer in velvet caps under the name and style of Abdall, Tyebally and now unemployed.	"	"	"
526—1911	Mahaashankar Purshotum Raval	Hindu	No. 4, Parbhai Molla	Lately boarding-house-keeper and now servant in the employ of Shivshankar Purshotum.	"	"	"
535—1911	Baboo Gangaji Mangowkar	"	No. 15, Chitra Bazar	Shoe maker	15th	"	"
542—1911	Jugonath Narayan Sirsat	"	Null Bazar	Lately grocer and now unemployed	16th	"	"
5—1912	Khima alias Keshow Gaoob Bhatkar	"	Sion Road	Turner in the G. I. P. Railway.	2nd	January.	1912
9—1912	John Santon Baptist De Souza	Portuguese	Byculla	Shunting Engine Driver in the G. I. P. Railway	"	"	"
12—1912	Dhakoo Dadoo alias Ramji Achraykar.	Hindu	Kalichowki	Lately jobber in the Lord Ray Mills and now unemployed.	3rd	"	"
15—1912	Wasudeo Pandurang Khanolkar	"	Fergusson Road, Parel	Clerk in the employ of Messrs. E. D. Sasson and Co's Mills.	4th	"	"

20—1912	James George Wilkinson	European	Santa Cruz	Inspecting Station Master, B. B. & C. I. Railway, between Colaba and Virar.	5th	January	1912
21—1912	Abraham Matook	Jewish	No. 214, Madanpura, Byculla	Silk reeler in the David Sassoon Mills	6th	"	"
22—1912	Baboo Vishnoo Gaekar <i>alias</i> Ghady	Hindu	Parel	Lately filter in the Manekji Petit's Mills and now unemployed.	"	"	"
25—1912	Abdul Rehman Mosood, Munshi	Mahomedan	No. 11-13, Khandia Street	Milk vendor	8th	"	"
29—1912	Ally Gunny Turak	"	No. 257, Halai Nolla	Lately dealer in empty boxes and now unemployed	9th	"	"
34—1912	Shankar Raghunath Naik and Santaram <i>alias</i> Suntoo Shankar Naik.	Hindu	Mahim Agar Bazar	Carpenters	12th	"	"
43—1912	Moosa Haji Haroon Jaffer	Mahomedan	Opposite Crawford Market	Trading as commission agent in Bombay and Poona under the name of Haji Moosa Haroon Jaffer & Co.	16th	"	"
50—1912	Moosa Haji Ebram Memon	"	Null Bazar	Lately petty jeweller and now unemployed	18th	"	"
53—1912	Sakalechand Chugonlal Sha and Kesoovlal Chugonlal Sha.	Hindu	Bhendy Bazar	Lately dealer in <i>ghee</i> and now servants in the employ of Jamuadas Rowchand and Ramniklal Veerchand, respectively.	19th	"	"
54—1912	Vadilal Mansuk <i>alias</i> Mananklal Sha	"	Marwadi Bazar	Lately speculator in jotta and now unemployed	19th	"	"
60—1912	Ishwarlal Ghellabhai Raval	"	Bhuleshwar	Clerk in the employ of Surajmal B. Mehta, Solicitor.	25th	"	"
68—1912	Purshotum Bhogilal Sha	"	No. 18, Kumbhartukda, Bhuleshwar.	Lately speculator in cotton, silver, etc., and now unemployed.	29th	"	"
69—1912	William Crudgington	Eurasian	Dnu Castle, Clare Road, Byculla	Formerly fireman in the B. B. & C. I. Railway and now unemployed.	29th	February 1912	"
72—1912	Dharmy Khairaj Sha	Hindu	No. 10, Gorupdes	Lately petty dealer in grains and grass and now unemployed.	30th	"	"
73—1912	Rahim Meherally Khoja	Mahomedan	Chakla	Formerly servant in the employ of Jaffer Piroo Doosa, furniture merchant, and now unemployed.	30th	"	"
77—1912	Goverchand Motilal Kothari	Hindu	Moti Bazar	Formerly carrying on business in partnership with Gambhirmal Motilal as money-lenders under the name of Motilal Gambhirmal and now servant in the employ of Roopram Madangopal.	1st	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the orders of adjudication made herein against the undermentioned Insolvents have been this day annulled.

Noms.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
				Day.	Month.	Year.
1 . Joseph Frank Hankin . . .	Eurasian . . .	No. 45, Hornby Road . . .	Telegraphist in the Government Central Telegraph Office, Bombay	8th .	February	1912
2 . Jao Manuel De Souza . . .	Portuguese . . .	No. 16, Kavasji Patel Street, Fort . . .	Lately tailor and also carrying on business in partnership with Abubkhan Mahomedkhan Haji Mahomed Medney and Ebrahim Hasson in the name and style of J. Khan Madney & Co. as tailors and out fitters, and now unemployed.	" .	"	"
2 . Russoolbhai Jiwaji alias Jiwa Ghachi . . .	Mahomedan . . .	Golipitha No. 142 . . .	Lately dealer in milk and also hawker in kerosine oil and now unemployed.	13th .	"	"
2 . Raoji Dewcuru Thacker . . .	Hindu . . .	Two Tanks . . .	Lately dealer in grain and now servant in the service of Jettia Gopalji.	14th .	"	"
2 . Bhoola Jusrat Khoya and Kasunmally alias Chugon Dewsy Khoja . . .	" . . .	No. 211, Khadak and No. 372-4-6, Palla Gulli, respectively . . .	Lately trading in partnership as dealers in old iron, etc., in the name of Kasunmally Dewsy, and now unemployed.	17th .	"	"
2 . Gopal Krishnaji I hole and Pruthiram Krishnaji Dhole . . .	" . . .	Kohivada . . .	1st insolvent unemployed, and the 2nd insolvent lately servant in the employ of Dhondiba Dhoble and Coy., and now unemployed.	" .	"	"
2 . Fakirsab Allisab Mistry . . .	Mahomedan . . .	Bhisty Molla . . .	Fitter in the employ of Messrs. C. Brown & Co. .	19th .	"	"
2 . Shaik Kamrudin Shaik Hosein (alias Kumrudin Hosein) Barmaray . . .	" . . .	Parel . . .	Fitter in the B. B. and C. I. Railway Coy . .	" .	"	"
2 . Budrudin Mulla Surufally Dawocdi Bhoola . . .	" . . .	Bhendy Bazar . . .	Lately carrying on business as dealer in iron and unemployed.	21st .	"	"

117—1912	Vishu Govind Teli	Hindu	Dadar	Jobber in the Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Coy., Ltd.	20th	"
118—1912	Alexander James Brown	Eurasian	Victoria Mansion, Ripon Road, Byculla	Guard on the G. I. P. Railway	24th	"
119—1912	Heerchand Shivji Sha	Hindu	Holy Chukla	Petty freight broker	22nd	"
127—1911	Gopal Mahadeo alias Gopal Tukaram Gavday Masurkar.	"	Naigam	Jobber in the Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Coy., Ltd.	23rd	"
128—1912	Manikchand Chatterbhuj Sha	"	No. 3, Bhoiwada	Lately speculator in jotta, etc., and now unemployed.	24th	"
130—1912	Krishna Govind Maujrekar	"	Lalwadi, Parel	Weaving Master in the Presidency Mills Coy., Ltd.	26th	"
132—1912	Madhowji Tribhawan Sha and Parmasand Tribhawan Sha	"	Gulabwadi and Rangdi Bazar, respectively	Lately carrying on business as speculators in jotta, etc., in partnership, and now unemployed	27th	"
134—1912	Jowandas Bhimji Thacker	"	Holi Chukla	Lately speculator in jotta, etc., and now unemployed.	"	"
135—1912	Mayashankar Ratanji alias Ruttonsi Pandia.	"	Broach Street, Dana Bunder	Grain weigher in the employ of Messrs. Volkart Bros.	1st March	"

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, FORT, BOMBAY:
This 6th day of August 1913.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned Insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said Insolvents in the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said Insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee.

Number of Petition.	Date of Presentation.	Name, address and description of Insolvent.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Public Examination of the Insolvent.
214 of 1913	24th September 1913.	P. Gulam Kader Saib, commission agent and merchant, carrying on business at No. 78, Poonamalle High Road, Madras.	24th September 1913.	12th December 1913.
228 of 1913	4th October 1913	Chingleput Anbunelu Mudaliar, commission agent, residing at No. 21, Perumal Naicken Street, Puzsamakam Madras.	4th October 1913	5th December 1913.

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, MADRAS; }
12th November 1913.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Dated Delhi, the 14th November 1913.

No. 8493-Education.—The Chief Commissioner, Delhi, is hereby pleased to cancel his Notification No. 6688, dated 1st September 1913, extending the Vaccination Act, XIII of 1880, to the Notified Area of Najafgarh.

The 15th November 1913.

No. 8508-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned municipal towns in the Province of Delhi, for the week ending 8th November 1913, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
No.	Name of Municipal Town.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.									Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
	Delhi . .	230,471	125	133	258	76	73	149	...	...	...	98	2	80	...	19	6	25	19	44	62.5	38.5
	Notified Area	...	2	...	2	4	...	4	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...
	Total	...	127	133	260	80	78	158	...	...	...	100	2	32	...	19	6	26	19	45	...	...

Dated Delhi, the 19th November 1913.

No. 8606-Home.—Under the provisions of Sections I and III of Act IX of 1860, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to invest Mr. M. H. Harrison, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, with the powers of a Magistrate under the said Act, such powers to be exercised within the local limits of the Delhi District.

By order,
G. F. DEMONTMORENCY,
Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Statement of Unclaimed Sums deposited with the Bengal Military Orphan Society in trust for Soldiers' Children, exclusive of those of minors who have not attained the age of 21.

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.
				Rs. A. P.
Prior to 1842	Collins, —, Sergeant . . .	.....	Two children . . .	157 14 1
"	Lee, E., Corporal . . .	.....	Two children . . .	111 9 6
"	Smith, Henry, Sergeant . . .	.....	Elizabeth . . .	828 0 0
"	Smith, D., Sergeant-Major . . .	.....	Margaret . . .	78 6 5
"	Story, —, Sergeant . . .	.....	Thomas . . .	117 5 4
"	MacConnell, Sergeant . . .	.....	John . . .	77 15 3
"	Ratherford, Sergeant . . .	.....	Margaret . . .	138 10 8
"	Howatson, William, Gunner . . .	.....	John . . .	47 5 7
"	Taylor, John, Private . . .	.....	John . . .	214 11 1
"	Conroy, Peter, Corporal . . .	.....	Thomas . . .	274 14 6
"	McCullum, —, Conductor . . .	.....	John . . .	354 6 10
"	Gordon, James . . .	59th Foot . . .	James . . .	589 2 2
"	Casoy, Jeremiah . . .	87th Foot . . .	Daniel . . .	109 12 4
"	Corbolly, Thomas, Private . . .	59th Foot . . .	Samuel . . .	62 12 3
"	Cassidy, —, Corporal . . .	.....	John . . .	61 3 9
"	Hyde, Henry, Conductor . . .	.....	Thomas . . .	187 1 10
"	Hedgkinson, E., Troop Sergeant-Major . . .	11th Dragoons . . .	William . . .	64 8 0
"	Anderson, William, Corporal . . .	H. C. 1st En. Regt. . .	Mary Anne Margaret . . .	124 11 6
"	White, W., Private . . .	3rd Buffs . . .	George and Mary Anne . . .	13 13 9
"	Minogue, T., Private . . .	3rd Buffs . . .	Thomas . . .	23 11 0
"	Tailor, John, Bombardier . . .	.....	Elizabeth . . .	43 0 0
"	Neal, James, Private . . .	59th Foot . . .	James . . .	43 0 0
"	Sherrock, J., Corporal . . .	.....	Joseph . . .	160 0 0
"	Moore, Bombardier . . .	.....	Dorothy . . .	5 9 5
"	Lawson, Henry, Laboratory Sergeant . . .	.....	George . . .	11 8 2
"	Creighton, James, Corporal . . .	13th L. Infy. . .	Mary Ann . . .	16 12 0
"	McCoy, —, Sub-Conductor . . .	.....	John and George . . .	958 3 2
"	Long, R., Sergeant . . .	Allahabad Magazine Establishment . . .	Ann and Robert D. . .	137 3 9
"	Baker, H., Gunner . . .	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty. . .	James . . .	32 1 4
"	Hills, —, Gunner . . .	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty. . .	Sophia . . .	30 1 1
"	Burns, James, Gunner . . .	Artillery . . .	Hannah . . .	10 6 9
"	McKenney, R., Bombardier . . .	1st Co., 4th Bn. Arty. . .	Ann Eliza . . .	134 6 5
"	Smith, J., Gunner . . .	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty. . .	Margaret . . .	6 6 5
"	Byrne, F., Hospital Sergeant . . .	2nd Bn., Arty. . .	Charles . . .	123 13 4
"	Flynn, J., Gunner . . .	3rd Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty. . .	Elizabeth . . .	6 1 4
"	Fagan, J., Gunner . . .	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty. . .	Mary and James . . .	11 12 9
"	Johnson, C., Gunner . . .	1st Co., 5th Bn. Arty. . .	William . . .	3 0 6
"	Twoomey, M., Gunner . . .	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty. . .	Michael, William and Margaret . . .	21 2 11
"	Ahern, William, Gunner . . .	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty. . .	John . . .	65 11 9
"	McCormick, J., Gunner . . .	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty. . .	Bernard . . .	116 10 9
"	Gavin, J., Gunner . . .	2nd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty. . .	Thomas and James . . .	189 3 6
"	Bryan, D., Sergeant . . .	.....	Mortimer . . .	12 10 11
"	Reid, —, Sergeant . . .	Sappers and Miners . . .	Eleanor and Eunice . . .	68 6 5
"	South, —, Sergeant . . .	.....	Elizabeth Martha . . .	310 0 0
"	Cunningham, Mathew, Private . . .	44th Foot . . .	Michael . . .	37 14 6
"	Blyth, John, Conductor . . .	.....	Children (names not recorded). . .	12 12 3
"	Smith, T., Sergeant . . .	.....	Esther and Amelia . . .	23 15 0
"	Pierce, Qr. Mr. Sergeant . . .	20th N. I. . .	Thomas . . .	711 15 2
"	Driver, J., Sergeant-Major . . .	.....	Robert Charles and John . . .	141 7 1
"	Davis, D., Farrier Sergeant . . .	4th Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty. . .	Thomas . . .	23 15 2
"	Canty, John, Bombardier . . .	3rd Co., 4th Bn. Arty. . .	John (died, 11th May 1842). . .	272 2 8
June 29, 1853	(Not recorded) . . .	.....	Bryan, Margaret, and William . . .	53 8 3
" 29, 1849	(Not recorded) . . .	.....	Daly Robert . . .	23 9 1
Mar. 24, 1843	Nowlon, L., Farrier Sergeant . . .	4th Troop, 2nd B. H. A. . .	Ellen . . .	112 9 0
Apl. 3, 1843	Farrel, James, Gunner . . .	2nd Co., 5th Bn. Arty. . .	Charlotte . . .	4 2 8
" 3, 1843	Roach, Edward, Private . . .	1st En. Lt. Infy. . .	David and Austel . . .	7 13 3
Mar. 9, 1843	Sheehan, B., Gunner . . .	3rd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty. . .	John and Patrick . . .	2 1 8
June 21, 1844	Evans, George, Sergeant . . .	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty. . .	Mary Ann and Catherine . . .	19 14 9
Sept. 19, 1844	Andrews, —, Private . . .	44th Foot . . .	George . . .	200 0 0
Oct. 30, 1887	Ward, J., Gunner . . .	O. Batty., 3rd Bde., R.A. . .	Julia . . .	277 11 11
Dec. 31, 1887	Bunn, T., Gunner . . .	G. Batty., B. Bde., R.H.A. . .	{ William Thomas . . . { James John . . .	63 9 8 63 9 8

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.
Mar. 29, 1888	Oxford, W., Private	2nd Royal Lanc. Regt.	A., L., A. and J. T.	Rs. A. P. 27 3 2
Nov. 16, 1844	Gale, —, Private	10th Foot	John Thomas	28 12 0
" 20, 1844	Sullivan, John, Bombardier	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	John	180 0 0
Jan. 6, 1845	Monaghan, Michael, Sergeant	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	James	156 12 5
" 15, 1845	Godfrey, —, Sergeant-Major	.....	Harriett M. and James.	31 14 1
Feb. 14, 1845	Fry, —, Bugle Major	6th Bn. of Arty.	James	12 6 9
" 3, 1842	Wilson	.....	Sophia, Thomas and Elizabeth.	204 7 8
" ... 1842	McCarthy, Qr. Mr. Sergeant	.....	John	61 2 2
" 14, 1845	Hannoo, J., Drummer	68th Regt., N. Infy.	Mary	28 8 3
July 7, 1845	Hay, A., Sergeant-Major	.....	Thomas	101 5 4
" 9, 1845	Meaney, John, Sergeant-Major	2nd Bde., H. Arty.	Henry and James	292 15 8
" 9, 1845	Murphy, Thomas, Bombardier	2nd Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty.	Ellen	77 4 11
" 9, 1845	Fate, William, Staff Sergeant	4th Co., 15th Bn. of Arty.	Catherine Ann	167 15 5
" 9, 1845	Daley, Owen, Gunner	3rd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	Owen	7 1 7
Sept. 1, 1845	Ryan, —, Sergeant	.....	Julia B. and George J.	120 13 0
Aug. 8, 1846	McEnerney, Thomas, Sub-Conductor.	.....	Hannah	152 0 9
" ...	Glasscan, John, Corporal	.....	Ellen Sarah	66 10 3
" ...	Widley, Henry, Gunner	.....	Henry	34 9 3
Oct. 16, 1846	Lewis, Thomas, Gunner	Arty.	Thomas	20 5 3
July 6, 1847	Dobbins, Francis, Gunner	.....	Martha	83 3 6
" 19, 1847	Lunn, Adam, Farrier	.....	Adam T. and John	79 14 0
" 19, 1847	Clarke, William, Bombardier	1st Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty.	Not recorded	104 10 8
" 19, 1847	Prince, W., Sergeant	1st Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Ditto	125 15 10
Jan. 11, 1848	Byrnes, —, Corporal	.....	Maria	59 0 0
July 6, 1848	Braithwaite, W., Staff Sergeant.	.....	C. William and William H.	148 3 5
Oct. 16, 1848	Butcher, H., Sergeant-Major	Sirmoor Bn.	Johannah, Frederick and David Edwin.	99 6 1
May 9, 1849	Sheehan, D., Private	2nd En. Regt.	James	36 5 6
June 2, 1849	Moore, Benjamin, Private	1st En. B. F.	Sarah C.	9 8 4
" 2, 1849	Crowley, Charles, Private	1st En. B. F.	John	7 0 0
Oct. 12, 1849	Deare, W., Conductor	.....	Emeline	50 0 0
Nov. 21, 1849	Moget, —, Sergeant-Major	.....	George	69 14 4
Feb. 18, 1850	Boote, Daniel, Gunner	1st Co., 4th Bn. of Arty.	James and another	26 3 5
June 29, 1850	Uniack, Patrick, Sergeant	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty.	John and another	29 15 0
Aug. 19, 1850	Sheehan, P., Gunner	Arty.	Patrick	23 5 6
Oct. 29, 1850	Lees, James, Corporal	2nd En. Regt.	Elizabeth	25 14 6
Nov. 4, 1852	Hodgins, Adam, Gunner	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	William	9 11 11
Feb. 1, 1853	Edwards, Michael, Sergeant	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	Jane and Bridget	36 5 9
Apr. 21, 1853	Staples, Edward, Sergeant	Sappers and Miners	E. W. H.	97 2 6
Sept. 18, 1853	Brown, Michael, Sergeant	Arracan Bn.	John	49 10 3
Jan. 24, 1854	Galway, Robert, Bombardier	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty.	William	206 1 2
" 16, 1855	Munrowd, George, Sub-Conductor.	Ordnance Dept.	Georgiana	61 10 3
Sept. 24, 1855	Franks, G., Bazar Sergeant	.....	Mary Harriet	283 1 11
Oct. 15, 1857	Earle, Edward, Sergeant	Calcutta Town Guard	William Edward	209 14 0
Dec. 4, 1860	MacDonnell, John, Private	97th Foot	Charles	25 15 6
June ... 1862	Keddie, J., Private	2nd En. B. F.	Jane and James	86 0 0
July 29, 1863	Lawton, William, Color-Sergeant.	24th Foot	William and Joseph	152 14 2
Jan. 25, 1864	Jones, John, Gunner	G. Battery, 22nd Bde., Royal Arty.	Henrietta Dalsell	39 5 10
Mar. 10, 1864	} Anderson, William, Gunner	{ 5th Bn., 25th Bde., Royal Arty.	Duncan	35 4 11
May 19, 1864				
July 18, 1865	Rowland, J., Private	2nd Dragoon Guards	Sophia M. and Elizabeth Ann.	8 0 0
June 25, 1866	Mead, William, Bombardier	4-25th Royal Arty.	Mary and Thomas	4 0 0
Oct. 9, 1871	York, R., Sergeant	Arty.	Henry J.	21 1 4
May 8, 1884	Claydon, Daniel, Color-Sergeant.	2nd Lanc. Fus.	Thomas Patrick	60 0 0
July 6, 1887	} Simons, J., Lance-Corporal	{ 2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt.	} John Thomas	176 15 1
June 2, 1888				
Sept. 7, 1888	} Hyland, M., Drummer	{ 2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt.	} Patrick, Emily Matilda and Rosanna.	558 9 8
Apr. 11, 1889				
Aug. 31, 1889	Neil, Thomas, Color-Sergt.	2nd West York Regt.	Alfred William and Joseph Thomas.	399 2 7
Nov. 26, 1889	Foster, G., Private	2nd West York Regt.	George E. Ernest	113 13 9

Application for payment of the deposits should be made to the Controller of Military Accounts, Eastern Circle, Lucknow.

M. E. L. BRUCE, Major,

Deputy Controller, 8th (Lucknow) Division, and *ex-officio* Secretary, Military Orphan Schools.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,

8TH (LUCKNOW) DIVISION,

Lucknow, the 8th November 1913.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 18th November 1913.

No. 1829-G.—The following officiating appointments of Deputy Examiners, Military Accounts Department, are made for the period specified :—

I.—From the 23rd to the 29th October 1913, vice Mr. W. G. Wells on leave.

Mr. H. E. W. O'Brian, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, but to continue on deputation.

Mr. W. J. Allen, to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

II.—From the 23rd to the 29th October 1913, vice Mr. H. E. W. O'Brian on deputation.

Mr. T. W. Rice, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 1st grade.

No. 1930-G.—The following reversions of Deputy Examiners of the Military Accounts Department, are made, with effect from the date specified :—

From the 31st October 1913, the date of appointment of two Civilian officers to complete the complement of officers in the Military Accounts Department.

Messrs. J. W. Lewis and E. Sterling, Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade, temporary, to revert to officiating Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade.

Messrs. C. Gonsalves and J. Browne, officiating Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade, to revert to their own grades.

No. 1932-G.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Major C. M. Baker, I. A., Military Accountant, 1st class, Military Accounts Department (private affairs) up to 1st February 1914 inclusive.

No. 1933E.—Captain J. S. Graham, I. A., Assistant Military Account, 3rd class, Military Accounts Department, is granted combined leave out of India (private affairs) for eight months from the 7th January 1914, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it—the first sixty days being privilege leave and the remaining period leave under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army. Pension Service—14th year commenced, 31st July 1913.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,

Military Accountant General

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**POST OFFICE.****NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 12th November 1913.

No. 1992s-Ap.—Mr. H. M. Richardson, Deputy Postmaster, Bombay, pay Rs400—500, is granted an extension of privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 20th October 1913.

No. 1996s-Ap.—Mr. Sabihuddin Misbahuddin, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted leave on private affairs for six months, with effect from the 15th December 1913 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. Kashinath Keshao Marathe, clerk, office of the Postmaster-General, Central Circle, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on leave on private affairs of Mr. Sabihuddin Misbahuddin, or until further orders.

No. 2003s-Ap.—Lala Uttam Chand, Assistant Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, with effect from the 3rd November 1913 and until further orders, vice Mr. G. D. Fanshawe, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, on combined leave.

Simla, the 15th November 1913.

No. 2033s-*Ap.*—Mr. Syed Azharul Haq, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted extraordinary leave without allowance for three months, with effect from the 13th November 1913, in continuation of privilege leave for 3 months already sanctioned.

No. 2037s-*Ap.*—Mr. A. J. Hughes, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted an extension of furlough for three months with effect from the 16th February 1914.

Simla, the 17th November 1913.

No. 2054s-*Ap.*—Mr. T. G. Chiodetti, Postmaster, Agra, pay R400—500, is granted privilege leave for one month and seven days with effect from the 25th September 1913.

Mr. J. Ferguson, Deputy Postmaster, Agra, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Agra, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. T. G. Chiodetti, or until further orders.

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General, Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS. INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 20th November 1913.

No. 6291-*T.*—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 5th November 1913 to the 18th November 1913.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Bhachhu-mandi	Punjab	1st November 1913	Opened.
Chakrata	United Provinces	31st October "	Closed.
Jaswantnagar	Do. do.	1st " "	Opened.
Jhansi Saddar Bazar	Do. do.	8th May "	"
Kawlin	Burma	1st November "	"
Kotwa	Bengal	3rd " "	"
Lohawnt	Rajputana	1st July "	"
Peshawar Islamia Collage	North-West Frontier	27th October "	"
Ranchi Church Road	Bihar and Orissa	1st November "	"
Rangoon Magyidan	Burma	1st " "	"
Rangoon Montgomery Street	Do.	1st October "	"
Vehoa	Punjab	8th November "	"
<i>Railway Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Chomo	North-Western Railway	1st June 1913	"
Hoshiarpur	Do. do.	1st " "	"
Jandu Singha	Do. do.	1st " "	"
Nusrata	Do. do.	1st " "	"

The following alterations in the names of the Government Telegraph Offices are notified :—

"Chakrata" instead of "Chakrata Post."

"Nababganj" instead of "Nawabganj (Dacca)."

"Nawashahr (Hazara)" instead of "Nawashahr (Abbottabad)."

The following alterations in the names of the Railway Telegraph Offices are notified :—

On the North-Western Railway :—

"Jaintipura" instead of "Jaintipur."

"Verka" " " "Vairka."

H. CHARLES,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Central India Agency, Indore, the 11th November 1913.

No. 3311-D.-2-13.—The Reverend E. R. Clough is appointed Chaplain of Indore with effect from the afternoon of the 3rd November 1913.

Dated Central India Agency, Indore, the 17th November 1913.

No. 1701-C—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 41(4) of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased to direct that the license for the working of a distillery in the Nowgong Cantonment shall be in the following form, and shall be granted by the Cantonment Magistrate with the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner for Central India:—

DISTILLERY LICENSE.

License to work a distillery is hereby granted to _____ (hereinafter referred to as the licensee) for the period beginning on the _____ and _____ subject to the provisions of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, and of the rules from time to time in force thereunder and to the following conditions, infraction of any of which provisions or conditions by the licensee or by his servant or agent or by any person acting under his orders or authority or with his knowledge and consent shall render the license liable to forfeiture by order of the Excise Commissioner for Central India without prejudice to any penalty to which the licensee or the person committing such infraction may be liable under the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898:—

1. That distillation under this license shall be carried on only at the distillery to be constructed by the licensee at Nowgong after the site and the plans have been first approved by the Excise Commissioner for Central India. The apparatus and appliances for the manufacture and storage of spirit and all fittings and appliances required at the distillery other than excise locks and hydrometers shall be provided by the licensee.

2. That the distillation, storage and removal of spirit shall be conducted under the supervision and general control of an officer appointed by the Excise Commissioner for Central India hereinafter referred to as the distillery officer, and that the said officer, shall, at all times, be permitted to gauge and prove the spirit in the distillery. That the licensee shall be responsible for the trenching or removal of all spent wash and used mohwa and generally for maintaining the premises in a sanitary and inoffensive condition.

3. That the licensee shall take all reasonable precautions to ensure the purity of the spirit and in particular that he shall take the following precaution, *viz.*, the return to the still for re-distillation of all spirit of strength weaker than 80 under proof, and of all tailings and foreshots.

4. That no receivers, tanks or vats for the reception of the spirit shall be used in the distillery except such as shall have been approved by the Excise Commissioner for Central India. That all such receivers, vats or tanks shall be set up to the satisfaction of the Excise Commissioner of Central India so as to admit of their contents being accurately gauged or measured and shall be fitted with proper dipping rods so adjusted to fixed dipping places that the contents thereof may at any time be ascertainable. The receivers, tanks and vats shall also be gauged in such manner as the Excise Commissioner for Central India may, from time to time, direct and no vessel shall be used as a receiver or for the storage of spirit until it has been gauged and the gauging has been checked by such officer as may be appointed by the Excise Commissioner. They must be fixed at a proper height and fitted with cocks or discharge pipes so that they can be emptied without being moved, and should be slightly sloped so that they may drain dry through the cocks or pipes without difficulty. The receivers and the storage vats and tanks shall be connected with the condensers and with each other by such pipes and pumps as may be required by the Excise Commissioner.

5. That the licensee shall provide and maintain suitable and secure fastenings for all receivers and vessels used for the storage of spirit and for all cocks capable of being so manipulated as to admit of the removal of spirit from the receivers, vessels used for the storage of spirit, or pipes connected therewith. To all such fastenings, as well as to the doors of all rooms in which spirit is stored, locks provided by Government will be affixed and the keys thereof kept in the custody of the distillery officer. The licensee may also affix his own locks to all such fastenings and doors, provided that he shall always at once remove such locks on the requisition of the distillery officer or of any officer to whom the distillery office is subordinate.

6. That no operations requiring the presence of the distillery officer shall be carried on excepting between the hours of 7 to 11 A.M. and 2 to 6 P.M. Provided that the Excise Commissioner for Central India may, for sufficient reason, extend generally or on specified occasions the hours specified in this condition.

NOTE.—This will not be deemed to prohibit distillation before 7 A.M. or during the distillery officer's absence between 11 A.M. and 2 P.M., provided that the pipe discharging from the condenser, and the receivers are so connected and secured by locks affixed by the distillery officer as to preclude the removal of spirit in his absence.

In the event of the licensee requiring the presence of the distillery officer between the hours of 6 P.M. and 7 A.M., he shall give at least 24 hours' notice and shall pay him overtime at the following scale:—

6 annas per hour between 6 P.M. and 10 P.M. or 5 A.M. and 7 A.M.

8 annas per hour between 10 P.M. and mid-night or 3 A.M. and 5 A.M. 12 annas per hour between mid-night and 3 A.M.

7. That no saccharine or other material which might obscure the hydrometer reading shall be added to spirit at the distillery and that the spirit distilled shall not be adulterated by the addition of any substance other than water.

8. That no spirit shall be removed from the distillery excepting to the warehouses at

_____ or at such other places as may be sanctioned by the Excise Commissioner for Central India. That spirit consigned to those warehouses shall, before removal, be gauged and proved by the distillery officer and shall be removed in casks sealed by the officer in charge of the distillery and under passes issued by him in such form as may be prescribed by the Excise Commissioner. That the licensee shall be responsible for the conveyance to the warehouse of the spirit in its entirety and shall be liable to pay duty, at the highest rate leviable in the Nowgong Cantonment, on all spirit despatched from the distillery to any of the warehouses which he shall fail either to produce at the—

warehouse within	days
" "	"
" "	"
" "	"
" "	"
" "	"
" "	hours

or to account to the satisfaction of the Excise Commissioner for his failure to do so. Provided that an allowance for dryage in transit of _____

_____ on all spirit despatched to _____

_____ warehouses, respectively (on all casks that arrive with seals intact), shall be deducted from any deficiency that may occur in transit. Provided also that the spirit shall, on arrival at any of the warehouses, be disposed of in accordance with the rules from time to time in force for the conduct of business at such warehouses.

9. That the licensee shall keep such accounts of materials used and of spirit produced, stored and issued for removal from the distillery or for re-distillation as may be prescribed by the Excise Commissioner. That all such accounts shall, at all times during business hours, be available for the inspection of the distillery officer or of any officer to whom such officer is subordinate. That the licensee shall be liable for the payment of duty at the highest rate leviable in the Nowgong Cantonment on all spirit (in excess of an allowance of

per cent. that will be made for wastage) for which he is unable to account to the satisfaction of the Excise Commissioner. (Such deficiency will be calculated at the expiry of each year of the contract, the wastage being allowed on the balance in hand at the commencement of the year plus spirit produced during the year exclusive of weak spirit issued for re-distillation). Provided that the penalties leviable under this condition shall not be enforced in respect of spirit that may be shown to the satisfaction of the Excise Commissioner to have been wasted or destroyed through accident or other unavoidable cause.

10. That the States and Government shall not be responsible for the destruction, loss or damage of spirit or of the licensee's apparatus or appliance by fire, theft, gauging, proof or other cause whatsoever. In the case of fire or other emergency, however, the distillery officer shall, on being informed of the same, immediately attend, at any hour of the day or night, for the purpose of opening the distillery.

11. That the licensee shall either provide warehouse accommodation at the distillery or pay Rs. _____ per mensem as supervision charges; and that if warehouse accommodation is provided at the distillery, he shall pay Rs. _____ per mensem as supervision charges.

12. That the licensee shall, on the expiry or determination of this license, not be entitled to demand the acquisition by the States or by Government or by his successor, of the building or of any of the apparatus, appliances or fittings provided by him at the distillery.

13. That any penalty leviable under this license may be recovered from the licensee in the manner provided by Section 17 of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, or may be deducted from the sum deposited by him as security under the license held by him for the wholesale supply of country spirit for the Nowgong Cantonment or from any sum due to him under the conditions of that license.

14. That on the expiry, cancellation or determination of the said license for the whole-sale supply of country spirit, this license shall absolutely determine and cease to be in force, unless the Excise Commissioner for Central India sees fit to continue it for the supply by the contractor of other areas.

15. That the licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, and of all rules from time to time made thereunder.

16. That the licensee's distillery building mentioned in paragraph 1 of this license, and his appliances and stock at the distillery are hereby hypothecated to the Excise Commissioner for Central India as security for the fulfilment of the conditions of this contract and also for the fulfilment, to the satisfaction of the Excise Commissioner for Central India, of the conditions of the warehouse licenses granted to the licensee for the supply of spirit from the distillery mentioned in clause 1 to the _____
_____ warehouses.

17. That the stamp duty on this license shall be paid by Government.

Signed _____

Dated _____ 191 .

COUNTERPART.

I the above named, for myself, my heirs, legal representatives and assigns hereby agree to all the terms and conditions hereinbefore written and expressed.

Licensee _____

Dated _____ 191 .

Witness _____

Dated the 18th November 1913.

No. 1707-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by sections 5 and 41(7) of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased to make the following rules for the conduct of business at the Nowgong distillery :—

RULES FOR THE CONDUCT OF BUSINESS AT THE NOWGONG DISTILLERY.

1. The distillation, storage, blending and removal of spirit shall be conducted under the supervision and general control of the distillery officer.

2. The licensee shall take all reasonable precautions to ensure the purity of the spirit.

3. No receivers, tanks or vats for the reception of spirit shall be used in the distillery except such as shall have been approved by the Excise Commissioner for Central India. All such receivers, vats or tanks shall be set up to the satisfaction of the Excise Commissioner for Central India, and so as to admit of their contents being accurately gauged or measured, and shall be fitted with proper dipping rods so adjusted to fixed dipping places that the contents thereof may, at any time, be ascertainable. The receivers, tanks and vats shall also be gauged in such manner as the Excise Commissioner for Central India may, from time to time, direct, and no vessel shall be used as a receiver or for the storage of spirit until it has been gauged and the gauging has been checked by such officer as may be appointed by the Excise Commissioner for Central India. They must be fixed at a proper

height and fitted with cocks or discharge pipes so that they can be emptied without being moved, and should be slightly sloped so that they may drain dry through the cocks or pipes without difficulty. The receivers and the storage vats and tanks shall be connected with the condensers and with each other by such pipes and pumps as may be required by the Excise Commissioner for Central India. Excepting by means of such pipes and pumps and to such receivers or storage vats or tanks no spirit shall be removed from the still or condenser otherwise than in the presence and with the permission of the distillery officer. Nor shall any spirit be removed, otherwise than in the presence and with the permission of such officer, from any receiver, tank or vat in the distillery.

4. The licensee shall provide and maintain suitable and secure fastenings for all receivers and vessels used for the storage of spirit, and for all cocks capable of being so manipulated as to admit of the removal of spirit from the receivers, vessels used for the storage of spirit, or pipes connected therewith. To all such fastenings, as well as to the doors of all rooms in which spirit is stored, locks provided by Government will be affixed, and the keys thereof kept in the custody of the distillery officer. The licensee may also affix his own locks to all such fastenings and doors, provided that he shall always at once remove such locks on the requisition of the distillery officer or of any officer to whom the distillery officer is subordinate.

5. No saccharine or other material which might obscure the hydrometer reading shall be added to spirit at the distillery, and the spirit distilled shall not be adulterated by the addition of any substance other than water.

6. No spirit shall be removed from the distillery excepting—

- (a) on issue to licensed vendors. Such issues shall be conducted in accordance with the rules in force for the management of bonded warehouses, and the distillery officer shall be deemed to be the officer in charge of the warehouse for the purposes of those rules;
- (b) for supply to such bonded warehouses as may be prescribed by the Agent to the Governor General in Central India in this behalf. Such removals shall be conducted in accordance with the following rules.

7. Spirit consigned to warehouses shall before removal be gauged and proved by the distillery officer, and shall be removed under passes issued by him in triplicate. One copy shall be sent by the distillery officer direct to the officer in charge of the warehouse, and another given to the licensee, by whom it will be presented to the said officer. The third shall be retained by the distillery officer. The warehouse officer will retain one copy, and will return one copy direct to the distillery officer for record, after endorsing on it the particulars of the spirit received. This copy will be pasted by the distillery officer to its counterfoil. The pass will protect the consignment only so long as it travels by the most direct route to its destination and as bulk remains unbroken.

The licensee shall be responsible for the conveyance to the warehouse of the spirit in its entirety, and shall be liable to pay duty, at the rate leviable in the Nowgong Cantonment, on all spirit despatched from the distillery which he shall fail to produce at the warehouse within such period as may be prescribed in that behalf by the Excise Commissioner for Central India; or to account to the satisfaction of the Excise Commissioner for Central India for his failure to do so. Provided that the allowances for dryage in transit hereinafter entered in respect of spirit despatched to each warehouse, on all casks that arrive with the seals intact, shall be deducted from any deficiency that may occur in transit. Provided also that the spirit shall on arrival at a warehouse be disposed of in accordance with the rules from time to time in force for the conduct of business at such warehouse.

The allowances referred to above shall be as follows :—

On spirit issued to Ajaigarh, Amanganj, Datia and Gulganj warehouses	2½ per cent.
On spirit issued to Chattarpur warehouse	1½ „
On spirit issued to Panna warehouse	2 „

8. The gauging of spirits for removal shall be effected by actual measurement in standard vessels provided for the purpose, and no other method of gauging spirits for issue shall under any circumstances be adopted without the previous sanction of the Agent to the Governor General. The standard vessels shall at least once a quarter be tested by the officer in charge against a measure to be specially set apart for the purpose, and the result recorded in a book to be kept for this purpose. On no account is a measuring vessel to be locally repaired or adjusted without the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner for Central India, and every vessel so repaired or adjusted under the Excise Commissioner's sanction shall thereafter be tested against the measure set apart for the purpose before it is again taken into use.

9. Before spirits are proved for issue, they must be well stirred so that the true average temperature and gravity may be obtained. If the casks in which removal is to be made are to be filled from a larger cask, vat or tank, it will suffice to prove the spirits in such larger cask, vat or tank once for all before any of the smaller casks are filled. But in this case the officer in charge must be careful to see that no addition is made to the contents of the larger cask, vat or tank while the filling of the smaller ones is in progress. If such larger cask, tank or vat is ordinarily in communication with the outer air or with any other receptacle by a pipe

or other means by which fluid can be passed into it, such pipe or other means of communication must, during the filling of vessels for issue, be securely closed by a cock or valve secured by an excise lock. If these conditions are not complied with, the spirit in each cask must be separately proved before removal.

10. Spirits shall be issued for removal to warehouses only in steel hogsheads or in hogsheads of the shape known as "English" hogsheads. No such hogshead shall be taken into use until it has been gauged by the officer in charge of the distillery and marked at the cost of the licensee with the following particulars :—

- (a) Name of distillery.
- (b) Number of hogshead.
- (c) Capacity of hogshead.

A register of hogsheads for issue shall be maintained by the officer in charge of the distillery, and each such hog-head in use shall be gauged by him at least once in twelve months, the date of gauging and any alteration in the capacity of the hogshead being entered by him in the register. The officer in charge of the distillery may refuse to permit the issue of spirit in any hogshead which is, in his opinion, insecure or otherwise unfit (for reasons to be recorded by him) for the transport of spirit.

11. All hogsheads in which spirits are removed from the distillery shall before removal be sealed by the officer in charge. It is the duty of the licensee to prepare the receptacle, to the satisfaction of the distillery officer, for sealing. The seal used should be the officer's private seal, which should be of sufficiently intricate design to render its reproduction difficult.

12. The officer in charge of the distillery and the licensee, respectively, shall maintain in such manner as may be directed by the Agent to the Governor General in Central India such registers and accounts relating to the manufacture, storage, reduction, blending and issue of spirit, to the receptacles, vessels, apparatus, utensils and furniture in use at the distillery, and to the persons employed at the distillery, as may, from time to time, be prescribed by the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, and shall submit such copies or extracts therefrom at such intervals and to such officers as may be prescribed by the Agent to the Governor General in Central India. Such registers, accounts, copies and extracts shall also, at any time during the hours when the distillery is opened for the transaction of business, be available, for the inspection of the Cantonment Magistrate, Nowgong, the Political Agent in Bundelkhand and the Excise Commissioner for Central India, and of such other officers and persons as may be specified by the Agent to the Governor General in Central India in this behalf.

13. An account of stock will be taken at the end of every quarter; and the licensee shall pay to Government at the end of each year of the currency of his license duty at the rate for the time being in force in the Nowgong Cantonment on all spirit which may not be forthcoming, and for which he shall be unable to account to the satisfaction of the Excise Commissioner for Central India in excess of an allowance of 2 per cent. which will be made for wastage. Provided that the penalties leviable under this rule or under rule 7 shall not be enforced in respect of spirit that may be shown to the satisfaction of the Excise Commissioner for Central India to have been wasted or destroyed through accident or other unavoidable cause. Wastage for the purpose of collection of duty on the deficiency (if any) in store at the distillery shall be calculated annually at the end of each year of the currency of the license. The allowance will be calculated on the balance in hand at the commencement of the year *plus* the quantity produced during the year, exclusive of weak spirit issued for re-distillation. In the calculations required for the purposes of this rule, all spirits received, transferred, or in store shall be reduced to their equivalent in terms of London proof. Government will not be responsible for the destruction, loss or damage of spirit or of the licensee's apparatus or appliances by fire or theft or by gauging, proof or by any other cause whatever. In case of fire or other accident the officer in charge of the distillery shall attend the distillery with the least possible delay.

14. No operations requiring the presence of the distillery officer shall be carried on excepting between the hours of 7 to 11 A.M., and 2 to 6 P.M. Provided that the Excise Commissioner for Central India may for sufficient reason modify or extend generally or on specified occasions, subject to such conditions, if any, as he considers proper regarding payment by the licensee for overtime, the hours specified in this rule. The holidays to be allowed, exclusive of Sundays, are only those notified under the Negotiable Instruments Act. Sundays, New Year's Day, the King's Birthday and Christmas Day are alone to be treated as close holidays. On other holidays the distillery officer shall attend for at least two hours for the transaction of urgent business.

NOTE.—This will not be deemed to prohibit the continuance of distillation before 7 A.M. or during the distillery officer's absence between 11 A.M. and 2 P.M., provided that the pipe discharging from the condenser, and the receivers and all pipes, taps, etc., by which spirit can be removed from the still are so connected and secured by locks affixed by the distillery officer as to preclude the removal of spirit in his absence. In the event of the licensee requiring the presence of the distillery officer between the hours of 6 P.M. and 7 A.M. or on a close

holiday, or for more than two hours on any other holiday, he shall give him at least 24 hours' notice and shall pay him overtime on the following scale—

6 annas per hour between	{ 6 P.M. and 10 P.M. or 5 A.M. and 7 A.M.
8 annas per hour between	{ 10 P.M. and mid-night or 3 A.M. and 5 A.M.
12 annas per hour between	mid-night and 3 A.M.
4 annas per hour between	7 A.M. and 6 P.M.

15. The guard maintained at the distillery shall ordinarily consist of three peons, who will be required to reside on the premises and one of whom will be constantly on duty at the main gate of the distillery, which (unless work requiring it to remain open is in progress with the permission of the Inspector) will be locked at night. The other entrances, if any, to the distillery shall ordinarily be kept locked, the key remaining in the custody of the distillery officer, and shall be opened only under the orders of such officer, by whom a peon shall be posted at each such entrance so long as it remains open.

16. The distillery and the officers employed therein shall be under the direct control of the Cantonment Magistrate, Nowgong, subject to the orders of the Excise Commissioner for Central India.

17. The distillery shall be open only for the entrance and exit of persons having business thereat. Ordinarily, excepting with the permission of the Cantonment Magistrate, Nowgong, no person other than the officers mentioned in rule 12 and officers and persons specified under rule 12, the members of the establishment employed at the distillery, the licensee and his agents and servants shall be admitted. A register shall be kept of the names of all persons employed by the licensee, and such persons may, under the orders of the Excise Commissioner for Central India, be required to wear, whilst in the distillery, a badge or distinctive uniform to be provided by the licensee. The Excise Commissioner for Central India may, for reasons recorded in writing, direct that the name of any person be struck off the register, and that he be excluded from the distillery. All persons other than the officers mentioned in rule 12 entering the distillery shall, in respect of their conduct and proceedings while in the distillery, be under the orders of the officer in charge, and shall, unless they are persons who have been specified under rule 12, be liable to search, on quitting the premises, at the discretion of that officer. Smoking, and the use of matches or of naked lights in the storage rooms, are strictly prohibited. If lights are necessary, closed lanterns (to be supplied by the licensee) of a make approved by the Excise Commissioner for Central India shall be used.

18. The officer in charge may eject and exclude from the premises any person whom he may find to have committed or to be about to commit any breach of these rules or of the provisions of the Excise Law, or who shall be intoxicated, riotous, or disorderly. Any action taken by such officer under this rule shall immediately be reported by him to the Cantonment Magistrate.

19. If it comes to the knowledge of the licensee or his agent that any person employed by such licensee in the manufacture, storage, receipt, blending, transport or issue of spirits has committed any breach of the Excise Laws or of the engagements entered into by such licensee, it shall be his duty to report the matter through the officer in charge of the distillery to the Cantonment Magistrate, and to comply with the directions of that officer respecting the continued employment of such person.

20. In case of any breach of these rules or of the conditions of the license, or in the case of any attempt, by altering the capacities of receptacles or otherwise, to deceive the officer in charge in gauging or proving, either by the licensee or his agent, or, with his connivance and privity, by any person in his employment, it shall be competent to the Excise Commissioner for Central India to impose upon the licensee a fine not exceeding the sum of Rs. 50 for every such breach of such rules or conditions or attempt to deceive or, at the option of the Excise Commissioner for Central India, to declare the security, if any, deposited by the licensee under his distillery license or under any other license held by him forfeited, and to cancel his distillery license and any other excise license held by him.

21. The imposition of a fine or the forfeiture of deposit or the cancellation of the license under the last preceding rule shall not be held to prevent the prosecution of any person for any offence which may have been committed against the provisions of the Excise Law or other law for the time being in force and relating to the excise revenue. If the licensee or his agent shall be convicted on prosecution before a Magistrate of any offence against the Excise Law, or other law for the time being in force and relating to the excise revenue, it shall be lawful for the Excise Commissioner for Central India to declare his license forfeited.

22. Any duty or penalty leviable under these rules may be recovered from the licensee in the manner provided by section 17 of the Excise Law, or may be deducted from the sum deposited by him as security under the license held by him for the wholesale supply of country spirit in the Nowgong Cantonment, or from any sum due to him under the conditions of that license.

23. Any sum deducted under these rules from any amount deposited by the licensee as security shall be replaced by the latter within 15 days from the date of receipt of a notice from the Excise Commissioner for Central India informing him of such deduction having been made.

24. On the expiry of his license (unless a fresh license shall have been granted him) or if his license shall be cancelled or suspended, the licensee shall be bound forthwith either (if a license for the distillery is granted to any other person) to transfer to such person (by mutual arrangement) all spirits remaining in the distillery, or to pay the duty on, and to remove, all spirits remaining within the distillery, and, if he shall fail to do so within 10 days of the receipt of written notice from the Excise Commissioner for Central India, the cost of any establishment which it may by such failure be rendered necessary to employ at the distillery may be recovered from the defaulter. In the event of continued neglect, the spirits shall be liable to be forfeited at the discretion of the Excise Commissioner for Central India.

No. 1708-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Sections 5 and 41 (7) of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf the Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India is pleased to make the following rules relating to the forms and accounts to be maintained at the Nowgong Distillery.

RULES RELATING TO FORMS AND ACCOUNTS AT THE NOWGONG DISTILLERY.

1. All spirit produced at the distillery (whether by distillation or by re-distillation) will be entered in a register in Form I, a separate set of pages being allotted to each vat, cask, or receiver in which such spirit is stored.

2. Separate vats will be set aside for the storage of spirit for issue to licensed vendors at the strengths of 25 Under Proof and 60 Under Proof. A separate register in Form II will be maintained for the record of spirit stored in each of these issue vats, a separate set of pages will be allotted to each vat, and vats containing spirit 25 Under Proof will be grouped separately in the register from those containing spirit 60 Under Proof.

On spirit being transferred to an issue vat, the entry in columns 19—21 of Register I will be the quantity actually issued from the vat from which it was taken. The quantity shown in column 3 of Register II will be its equivalent at the reduced strength at which it is stored for issue. (For instance if 100 gallons 10 Under Proof are reduced to 25 Under Proof the entries in Columns 19—21 of Register I will be :—

Column 19—100

„ 20—10 Under Proof.

„ 21—90

while the entry in column 3 of Register II will be 120 (120 gallons 25 Under Proof being equivalent to 90 proof gallons). Whenever spirit contained in an issue vat is proved, the actual strength will be entered in the remarks column of Register II. The entries in column 6 of this register will be written up daily from the totals in Register IV.

3. On the 10th, 20th and last day of each month the entries in columns 7, 11, 14, 18, 21, 25, 29, 32 and 33 of Register I relating to each vat will be totalled and the totals entered in Register I A. Similarly the entries in columns 3 and 5-8 of Register II will be totalled (separately for spirit of the two different strengths) and the totals entered in Register II A. Separate portions of this register will be set aside for spirit of the strengths of 25 Under Proof and 60 Under Proof. On the first day of each month the entries in registers I A and II A will be totalled, and extracts in duplicate showing the entire transactions for the month forwarded to the Cantonment Magistrate.

4. The pass prescribed by rule 7 of the distillery rules for the removal of spirit to warehouses will be in Form V. The entries in columns 3 (a), 4 (a) and 5 (a) will be made at the distillery, and the pass signed by the distillery officer. Those in columns 3 (b), 4 (b) and 5 (b) will be made by the officer in charge of the receiving warehouse, and the certificate at the foot of the pass signed by him.

To each pass a reasonable period of validity will be assigned. The maximum period of validity that should be allowed to passes issued to each warehouse is as follows, but in the dry season shorter periods should ordinarily suffice :—

Chattarpur	.	.	.	.	.	.	2 days
Gulganj	.	.	.	.	.	.	5 „
Panna	.	.	.	.	.	.	7 „
Ajalgarh	.	.	.	.	.	.	10 „
Amanganj	.	.	.	.	.	.	10 „
Datia	.	.	.	.	.	.	4 days exclusive of period occupied in transit by rail from Harpalpur to Datia.

5. Entries showing particulars of each consignment of spirit despatched to a bonded warehouse will be made in columns 1—5 of register III at the time of despatch of the consignment, those in columns 6—9 when the pass is received back from the warehouse.

It is the duty of the officer despatching the consignment to bring to the notice of the Cantonment Magistrate any delay in the arrival of the consignment at the warehouse or in the return of the pass, any deficiency in excess of the dryage permissible under the rules, and any tampering with seals or other irregularity noticed by the warehouse officer to whom the spirit is consigned.

A separate set of pages will be allotted to each warehouse to which spirit is consigned.

As the entries are made in Register III, similar entries will be made in two copies of the register, which will contain the entries relating to all consignments despatched during the month and will be submitted to the Cantonment Magistrate on the 15th day of the following month.

The entries in column 3 will be totalled, and a certificate signed by the distillery officer will be appended.

"Certified that no case which should under rule 5 have been reported to the Cantonment Magistrate occurred during the month

(excepting those mentioned in the following reports, *viz.*:—

Number of letter reporting occurrence.

Date of letter reporting occurrence)."

An abstract statement (in duplicate) will be attached in Form III A. At the foot of this statement the distillery officer will certify "compared by me with the entry in column 10 of Register I A and found to agree" and will sign the same. Copies of the statement and certificate will be retained in the distillery for record.

6. The register of passes for duty-paid spirit in Form IV will be written up at the time of preparation of the passes. Separate portions of the register will be set aside for (a) issues to Cantonment shops, (b) issues to shops in Native States, which are made on payment of a lower rate of duty.

The receipted applications for payment of duty will be filed in guard books, and will be arranged in the order in which the passes issued under their authority appear in the register.

7. On the last day of each month the entries in each part of this register will be totalled and extracts showing the totals sent on the following day to the Cantonment Magistrate accompanied by an abstract statement in duplicate in Form IV A.

(In this statement the number of gallons issued (columns 2 and 5) will be taken from the totals in register IV, the amounts of duty leviable will be calculated therefrom by applying the rates in columns 3 and 6. The totals in column 8 will be the totals of columns 4 and 7. In column 9 there will be a single figure only, which will be the total sum payable to the contractor at the rate specified in his contract on the total quantities of spirit shown in columns 2 and 5. When the statement has been prepared, the distillery officer will check it and certify as follows "the totals in columns 2 and 5 have been checked by me with the total issues shown in column 6 of register II A, the totals in columns 4 and 7 with those in columns 7—8 of register IV, and the figure in column 9 with the total in column 6 of register IV and have been found to agree." and will sign the certificate before submitting it to the Cantonment Magistrate. A copy of the statement and certificate will be kept in the distillery for record).

8. The statements received in accordance with the foregoing rules will be checked in the Cantonment Magistrate's office as follows:—

STATEMENT I A.

Column 3 with column 12 of the previous return.

Column 5 with column 7 in the same return.

Column 6 by calculation.

Column 7 with column 5 in the same return.

The entry in column 8 should be the equivalent (subject to minor differences due to evaporation and wastage while blending, which should never exceed 1 per cent.) of the entries in column 4 of register II A.

Column 10 should agree with the totals in statement III A.

Column 11—13 should be checked by calculation.

REGISTER II A.

Column 3 should agree with column 7 of the previous return.

Column 4 should be checked with column 8 of register I A.

Column 5 should be checked by calculation.

Column 6 should be checked with the totals shown in the statement IV A.

Columns 7 8 should be checked by calculation.

REGISTER III.

Columns 3, 7, 8, and 9 should be checked with one another and column 4 compared with column 6, and any delay in the arrival of spirit (or in the return of passes) and any

excess over the permissible dryage allowance should be brought to the notice of the Cantonment Magistrate.

The abstract of issues in Form III-A should be compared with the entries in register III and with column 10 of register I A.

The statement of issues in Form IV-A should be checked in the manner indicated in the distillery officer's certificate.

As soon as the foregoing check has been effected, and extract from the entries relating to it in the statement in Form IV-A will be forwarded to each State concerned, and a copy of the extract from register III relating to its warehouses will also be forwarded to each State concerned.

One copy each of the extracts from registers I-A and II-A and of statements III-A and IV-A will be forwarded by the Cantonment Magistrate to the Excise Commissioner for Central India together with a certificate to the effect that the extracts and statements have been checked in the Cantonment Magistrate's office in the manner required by rule 8. The sum due to the contractor on account of price of spirit will be paid to him, as promptly as possible, by the Cantonment Magistrate.

9. *Register VI.*—This register is intended to obviate the use of the loose scraps of paper for the record of gauges and proofs made by the distillery officer in the course of his duties. It should be carried in his pocket and not left in the office. It will facilitate the verification at any time of the quantities and strengths of spirits recorded in his various accounts. The date should be written across the page, and whenever any gauge or proof is taken the particulars relating thereto should at once be recorded. All spirits must be gauged and proved by the distillery officer personally before any entry is made in this register. Where vats have not been gauged, or where spirit is kept, under special permission, in barrels that cannot be gauged, the quantity in gallons as ascertained by measurement, should be shown in column 2 instead of the dip.

10. *Register VII.*—The entries in columns 1—3 of this register will be posted up daily from register No. IV. One or more pages will be reserved for each shop.

Separate portions of the register will be allotted to British shops and to State shops supplied from the warehouse. At the end of the entries for each group will be left a sufficient number of pages to admit of the preparation of a series of monthly abstracts showing for each month the total issues to each shop. The entries for each shop will be totalled at the end of the month and the entry in column 4 obtained by calculating the equivalent in proof gallons of the quantities shown in columns 2 and 3 of spirit of the nominal issue strengths of 25 U. P. and 60 U. P. The total for each shop will then be entered in the monthly abstract (the name of the shop instead of the date being entered in column 1). The shops will be arranged in the abstract in the same order as in the register, and the figures for each group totalled. An extract giving the total figures for each group will be sent to the Cantonment Magistrate by the 10th of the month, together with one spare copy of the portion of the extract relating to issues to each Native State served by the warehouse. One copy of the extract will be retained by the Cantonment Magistrate who will forward to the Darbar the copy of the portion relating to issues to each State. The figures given in columns 2-3 of these extracts should be checked with those given in the abstract in Form IV-A and in case of any discrepancy the figures must again be carefully examined and the discrepancy reconciled.

11. *Register VIII.*—The arrangement of shops in this register, which will be written up monthly, will be the same as in register VII, a single page being allotted to each shop, and the entries in columns 3, 7, 10 and 11 being made at the commencement of the year.

This register will be maintained for British shops only.

12. *Register IX.*—A separate page will be allotted to each receptacle presented for gauging under rule 15 of the warehouse rules, the serial number being allotted to each in the order in which it was gauged. Any transfer of ownership reported should be recorded in columns 2-3 of the register, and any change in capacity in columns 5-6. The name of the distillery and the number and capacity of the receptacle should be carved, branded or painted on it.

13. *Register X.*—The register, prescribed by rule 10 of the distillery rules, of hogsheads used for the despatch of spirit to warehouses in bond will be in Form X, a separate page being allotted to each hogshead.

14. *Register XI.*—In this register a separate page will be allotted to each of the standard measures used for gauging spirit for issue, and the results of the tests prescribed by rule 13 of the warehouse rules will be recorded in the appropriate columns.

15. *Register XII.*—Whenever an entry is made in this register, the contractor's agent will be required to sign it, in token, in the case of names entered in the register, of the fact that their names were entered at his request or with his concurrence, and, in the case of names removed from the register, of the fact that intimation of the removal has been received by him.

16. The contractor and his agent shall be permitted to have free access to Registers I, II, III and IV and shall be required to initial all entries in Registers I and II. They are at liberty to refuse to initial any entry to which they object, presenting to the officer in charge of the distillery within 24 hours a statement of their grounds for objection, which statement shall be forwarded by the officer in charge for the orders of the Cantonment Magistrate. They will not be allowed to question the accuracy of any entry that they have initialled, or in respect of which they have failed to state their grounds of objection within 24 hours. Erasures in all registers are forbidden, and the most serious notice will be taken of any transgression, however trivial, of this rule. If any corrections are necessary they must be made in red ink, and initialled and dated by the officer in charge; and the contractor or his agent must, in the case of corrections in Registers I and II, be invited by immediate written notice to inspect and initial them, which he may refuse to do subject to the same conditions under which he may refuse to initial an original entry.

17. The contractor shall maintain registers in Forms I and II, which shall be balanced and signed daily by him or by his authorized agent. The officer in charge should frequently compare this register with his own accounts, and should at once in writing draw the attention of the contractor to any discrepancies that he may discover.

18. The passes and applications for payment of duty and price of spirit prescribed by rules 11 and 17 of the warehouse rules shall be in Forms XIII and XIV.

Two separate books of passes will be set aside for issues —

- (a) to Cantonment shops,
- (b) to shops in Native States.

19. The distillery officer shall keep accounts in Forms XV—XVII of raw material, of fermentation, and of distillations.

By order, etc.,

A. B. DRUMMOND, Major.

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

REGISTER I-A.

Compilation register of spirits (other than spirit reduced to issue strength) in terms of proof strength.

Date.	Number of vat or tank.	In hand at beginning.	Received.		Total.	Issued.				Total issue.	Wastage.	Balance.	REMARKS.
			By distillation.	By transfer.		By transfer.	To issue vats.	From re-distillation.	To warehouses.				
1	2	3	4	5		7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

REGISTER II.

Nominal Strength of spirit stored.

Number of vat or tank.

Date	In hand.	Received during the day.	Number of vat from which received.	Total.	Issued during the day on payment of duty.				Balance.	Wastage.	REMARKS.
					To Newgoing Canteenment.	To State.	To State.	Total issue.			
1	2	3	4	5	Bulk gallons.	Bulk gallons.	Bulk gallons.	Bulk gallons.	Bulk gallons.	Bulk gallons.	
					6			7	8	9	

REGISTER II-A.

Compilation register of spirits of the nominal strength $\frac{25}{100}$ U. P. in bulk gallons.

Date.	Number of vat or tank.	In hand at commencement.	Received.	Total.	Issued during the day on payment of duty.			Balance.	Wastage.	REMARKS.
					Nowgong Cantonment.	To State.	Total issues.			
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9

REGISTER III.

Register of passes for the removal of spirit to the warehouse.

Date and time of issue.	Number of passes.	Number of gallons in terms of L. P.	Time and date of expiry of pass.	Dryage allowance permissible.	Time and date of arrival at warehouse.	Number of gallons received in terms of L. P.	Actual deficiency.	Excess, if any, over dryage allowance permissible.	Number and date of report to Cantonment Magistrate of deficiency in excess of the permissible dryage, of delay in delivery at warehouse, of tampering with seals noticed by the warehouse officer, etc.	Signature of distillery officer.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
							Gals.	Gals.		

FORM III-A.

Abstract Statement of issues to warehouses during the month _____ 191 .

Name of warehouse.		Number of proof gallons.	
Datia	.	.	.
Bhatnagar	.	.	.
Bulganj	.	.	.
Banna	.	.	.
Baigaon	.	.	.
Banganj	.	.	.
Total	.	.	.

Compared by me with the entry in column 10 of register I-A and found to agree.

REGISTER IV.

Distillery Officer.

Register of passes for the removal of spirit from the warehouse on payment of duty at _____ per gallon 25° U. P. 60° U. P.

Number of pass.	Date of pass	Particulars of receipted application for payment of duty.		Number of vat from which issued.		Amount recovered, as per receipted application, on account of						Number of gallon issued.					
						Price.	Duty on spirit.		To State.		To State.	To State.		To State.	To State.		Total daily issue.
							25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.		25° U. P.	60° U. P.		25° U. P.	60° U. P.	
1	2	3	4	5		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	

NOTE.—In the portion of the Register set aside for Cantonment Shops, columns 9-10 will be headed "To Nowgong Cantonment" and columns 11-14 will be blank.

Abstract statement of monthly issues of duty-paid spirit for the month of _____ 191 .

The totals in columns 2 and 5 have been checked by me with the total issues shown in column C of register LL A, the totals in columns 4 and 7 with those in columns 7 and 8 of register IV, and the figure in column 9 with the total in column 6 of register IV and have been found to agree.

Distillery Officer.

REGISTER VI.—*Note-book of gauges and proofs at the distillery.*

[illegible]

REGISTER VII.—*Shop register of issues of spirits.*

Name of shop.—

Date.	QUANTITY ISSUED AT THE NOMINAL STRENGTH OF		Equivalent at L. P.	REMARKS.
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.		
1	2	3	4	5
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	

REGISTER X.—Register of hogsheads in use for consignments despatched in bond to warehouses.

Serial number.	Other marks on hogshead.	CAPACITY.		Date of gauging or re-gauging.	Signature of officer in charge.
		Gallons.	Drams.		
1	2	3	4	5	6

REGISTER XI.—Register of standard measuring vessels in use.

Number.	Date of receipt.	Description and nominal capacity of vessel.	Date of testing and re-testing.	Capacity ascertained at each operation.	Signature of officer in charge.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

FORM XIII.

Pass for the removal of spirit from the _____ warehouse on _____

Pass for the removal of spirit from the _____ warehouse on	Rs. A. P.	{	255 U. P.
Payment of duty at the rate of _____ per gallon		{	605 U. P.
Number of pass.		{	

Date of issue.

Destination of spirit.

Time and date up to which valid.

Name of person in charge of consignment.

	Quantity and strength of spirit as per details on reverse.	Gallons. Strength.
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
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17		
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87		
88		
89		
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91		
92		
93		
94		
95		
96		
97		
98		
99		
100		

Signature of officer in charge of warehouse.

(REVERSE OF FORM XIII.)

Details of consignment.

DESCRIPTION OF RECEIPT.			DESCRIPTION OF SPIRIT.	
No.	Kind.	Marks.	Quantity.	Strength. Colour.
			Gallons.	
Total			...	...

* Impression of seal by which receptacles are secured.

NOTE.—The entry marked * will be printed only on the right hand (or removable) copy of each pass.

NOTE.—The passes will be in triplicate in cheque form. Each book of passes should have a number which should be printed at the head of both copies of each pass contained in it. Each pass in the book should have a separate serial number which should be printed in the space marked "Number of pass" in both copies of the pass. Pass books should be provided with the name of the warehouse and the rates of duty for the issue of spirit for which they are intended to provide printed in the space provided for the purpose; and paper of different colours should be employed for passes to cover issues at different rates.)

One copy of the pass will remain in the book. The second will be used only for spirit issued to shops in Native States, and will be sent by post to the Chief Excise Officer of the State to which the spirit is issued. The third will accompany the consignment and will be returned to the warehouse by the officer in charge of the consignment. Across the first and second copies will be printed the words "Copy only. Will not protect consignments."

FORM XIV.

(To be retained for record by receiving officer.)

To the

Please to receive the sum of Rs. _____ being the price of and duty on spirits
to be removed from the warehouse at _____ to the shop at _____

Strength. Number of gallons. Price. Duty. Total.

25° U.P.

60° U.P.

Total.

*Signature of applicant.**Dated.*No. *Dated.*Received the sum of _____ being the price of and duty on _____ gallons
of spirit 25° U.P.

_____ gallons of spirit 60° U.P. as per foregoing details.

Signature of official actually receiving the payment.

Initials of departmental clerk.

Countersignature of responsible officer.

Date.

FORM XIV.

(To be returned, after filling in the endorsement, to the applicant.)

To the

Please to receive the sum of Rs. _____ being the price of and duty on spirits
to be removed from the warehouse at _____ to the shop at _____

Strength. Number of gallons. Price. Duty. Total.

25° U.P.

60° U.P.

Total.

*Signature of applicant.**Dated.*No. *Dated.*Received the sum of _____ being price of and duty on _____ gallons of
spirit 25° U.P.

_____ gallons of spirit 60° U.P. as per foregoing details.

Signature of official actually receiving the payment.

Initials of departmental clerk.

Countersignature of responsible officer.

Date.

No. 1709-C.—In pursuance of rule 17 of the rules for the management of bonded warehouses for the storage of country spirit made by him under section 16C of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased to specify —

- (a) the Cantonment Magistrate of Nowgong as the officer to receive applications for the payment of price of and duty on spirit removed from the warehouse established in the Nowgong Cantonment if removed—
- (i) to shops situated within the Cantonment, or
- (ii) in quantities the duty on which exceeds R50 in the case of any one consignment to shops in Native States served by the warehouse ;
- (b) the officer in charge of the said warehouse to be the officer to receive applications for the payment of price of and duty on spirit removed from the warehouse to shops in Native States served by the warehouse in quantities the duty on which does not exceed R50 in the case of any one consignment.

In respect of monies so received by the officer in charge of the warehouse the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased to make the following rules in exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 16C and section 41 (7) of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law.—

1. Every sum so received by the officer in charge of the warehouse shall at once be entered by him in a register in the annexed form.
2. All sums so received shall be remitted by him daily to the Treasury (on every day on which the Treasury is open) and a receipt obtained. He should arrange, in communication with the Treasury Officer, for the remittances to be made at the latest hour consistent with their being received before the Treasury closes for the day. Sums received by him after that hour must be remitted to the Treasury on the following day (or next working day) without fail. When such a remittance is made, a line in red ink will be ruled across the register, and the total amount remitted entered in columns 4—6. On the same line will be entered the name of the person by whose hand the remittance is made, and his signature or thumb impression. The number and date of the Treasury Receipt will subsequently be entered on the same line in columns 9—10 and the Treasury receipts filed in a guard book.
3. The officer in charge of the warehouse will be required to give Rs500 security for the safety of sums so received by him. Entries in distillery register No. IV relating to the issue of spirit the duty on which is received by the warehouse Inspector will be distinguished by the entry of the letter W in column 3 over the number of the receipted application.

Register of payments received by the warehouse officer on account of price of and duty on spirit.

[illegible]

By order, etc.,
A. B. DRUMMOND, Major,
*First Assistant to the Agent to the
Governor General in Central India.*

COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND ABKARI.

NOTICE.

No. 1.

Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts).

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at Godhra Distillery in the Panch Mahals District for supply to that district, to the districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira and Broach and to certain villages attached to these districts for Abkari management (a list of which villages can be seen at the offices of the Collectors concerned at any time during office hours). The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Godhra from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths, as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows :—

Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals
and Broach Districts.

Kaira District.

25° U. P., 60° U. P.

25° U. P., 60° U. P. and 40° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	Ahmedabad District.		Kaira District.			Panch Mahals District.		Broach District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	40° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	109,367	1,078	26,368	473	..	21,963	106,745	87,437	244
1909-10	101,274	475	24,392	397	..	17,677	96,164	84,107	340
1910-11	97,883	241	30,960	497	102	22,851	106,803	100,116	326
1911-12	93,959	141	31,590	515	521	19,130	93,084	96,909	113
1912-13	91,259	122	32,945	489	559	21,470	103,155	65,519	6,346

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Godhra Distillery and from Warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Godhra and the warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Godhra is Rs. 2,19,568. If this contract is not renewed, the contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the

shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for the Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows : Godhra Distillery Rs. 246, Ahmedabad Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, Anand Bonded Warehouse Rs. 16, and the Broach Bonded Warehouse Rs. 40 per mensem, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required, at his own expense, to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or to revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>Ahmedabad.</i>	R a. p.	R a. p.
Ahmedabad City, Cantonment and ten miles round	3 12 0	1 14 0
Prantij	1 8 0	0 12 0
Rest of the District	3 0 0	1 8 0
<i>Kaira.</i>		
Thasra (except Dakor), Kapadvanj and Pandu Mewas	1 8 0	0 12 0 (40 U. P.) (a)
Dakor Town and rest of the District	2 4 0	1 3 3 1 2 0 (40° U. P.) (b) 1 13 0
<i>Panch Mahals.</i>		
Whole District	1 8 0	0 12 0
<i>Broach.</i>		
Whole District	3 12 0	1 14 0

(a) In the Kapadvanj Taluka.

(b) In the Matar and Anand Talukas.

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary, from time to time, and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Godhra Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract-area.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Godhra Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P., at the distillery and at the bonded warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it, will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector of the district concerned. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of these received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of the Panch Mahals a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the same person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 2.

Surat, with the Nandurbar Taluka (including the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture and supply country spirit in the Surat District (including the villages of the Sachin State attached to the district for Abkari management) and in the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District. The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Surat from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths, as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit for the five years ended March 1913 was as under:—

	Surat District.		Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	211,971	280,222	25,617	183,219
1909-10	198,756	255,570	27,144	193,929
1910-11	239,232	301,631	35,337	223,231
1911-12	223,301	256,691	42,251	244,043
1912-13	221,236	238,784	35,734	217,128

It is intended that spirit shall be distributed from the Central Distillery at Surat and from warehouses at Bulsar, Baidoli and Nandurbar but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still shall be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distilleries or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the distillery at Surat and the warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli and Nandurbar at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at the Surat Distillery is Rs. 2,21,000. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stocks of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishment maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows : Surat Distillery Rs. 143-8-0, Bulsar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 65, Bardoli Bonded Warehouse Rs. 65, and Nandurbar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 16 per mensem ; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of the buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government Agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Surat District and the Navapur Petha and the Nandurbar, Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

Area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U.P.			Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U.P.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
<i>Surat.</i>						
Surat City and five miles round and Chorasi, Olpad and West Bulsar	3	12	0	1	14	0
Jalalpur, West Bardoli, West Mandki, West Chikhli, Pardi, East Bulsar and East Mandvi.	3	0	0	1	8	0
East Bardoli and East Chikhli	2	4	0	1	2	0
<i>West Khandesh.</i>						
Navapur Petha	1	8	0	0	12	0
Nandurbar, Taloda and Shahada Taluka	3	12	0	1	14	0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area

to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Surat Distillery and at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the area, including the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Surat Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. at the distillery and the bonded warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli, and Nandurbar, to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector of Surat. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Surat District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Surat a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreement within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit in the Surat District and in the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

NOTICE.

No. 3.

East Khandesh, West Khandesh [excluding the Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas] and Nasik.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the Dhulia Distillery in the West Khandesh District for supply to the East and the West Khandesh Districts [including certain Native State villages attached to West Khandesh District for Abkari management and excluding the Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas and the Akrani Pargana and a portion of the Kathi Mewas] and to the Nasik District for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Dhulia from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri) provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may from time to time be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorised at present are as follows:—

East Khandesh, West Khandesh and Nasik Districts.
25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

• The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	East Khandesh District.		West Khandesh District excluding the Nandur- bar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas.		Nasik District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	58,722	253,089	15,924	117,316	88,646	38,294
1909-10	68,879	295,543	20,822	144,175	107,975	36,904
1910-11	87,283	384,360	28,460	168,594	127,288	49,875
1911-12	76,798	376,247	29,933	160,981	139,948	50,113
1912-13	59,147	368,228	19,112	155,791	120,836	52,319

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Dhulia Distillery and from warehouses at Jalgaon, Nasik and Malegaon, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Dhulia and the warehouses at Jalgaon, Nasik and Malegaon at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Dhulia is Rs. 2,63,000. If this contract is not renewed, the contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared, not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the contractor may desire to submit, but the contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915, or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows :—Dhulia Distillery Rs. 227, Jalgaon Bonded Warehouse Rs. 68, Nasik Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, and Malegaon Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25 per mensem. But Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the East and West Khandesh and Nasik Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>West Khandesh.</i>	<i>R a. p.</i>	<i>R a. p.</i>
Whole District (except Navapur Petha)	3 12 0	1 14 0
<i>East Khandesh.</i>		
Bhusaval Town	4 8 0	2 4 0
Rest of the District	3 12 0	1 14 0
<i>Nasik.</i>		
Nasik City	4 8 0	2 4 0
Peint Taluka	1 8 0	0 12 0
Rest of the District	3 12 0	1 14 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time, and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates, or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Dhulia Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Dhulia Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. at the distillery and at the Bonded Warehouses at Jalgaon in the East Khandesh District and Nasik and Malegaon in the Nasik District to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector concerned. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the East and West Khandesh and Nasik Districts"; this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest or to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of West Khandesh a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*, and if he fails to do so the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the forms of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and, if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the

deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 4.

(Poona, Satara, Sholapur and Ahmednagar Districts.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the Mundhwa Distillery in the Poona District for supply to that district (including Native State villages attached to that district for Abkari management) and to the districts of Satara, Sholapur and Ahmednagar. The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Mundhwa from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows :—

Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts 25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	Poona District.		Satara District.		Ahmednagar District.		Sholapur District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25 U. P.	60 U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.
1908-09	156,063	..	49,787	..	31,200	..	51,126	..
1909-10	156,890	..	53,739	..	35,517	..	53,576	..
1910-11	168,560	..	61,802	..	43,091	..	58,163	..
1911-12	179,708	..	68,256	..	44,309	..	64,336	..
1912-13	167,503	..	64,052	..	37,401	..	61,074	..

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Mundhwa Distillery in the Poona District, and from warehouses at Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Mundhwa and the warehouses at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Mundhwa is Rs. 93,000. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared, not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after

considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows: Mundhwa Distillery Rs. 94, Ahmednagar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 12, Satara Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, and Sholapur Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25 per mensem; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charge on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or to revise them from time to time if they deem fit:-

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25 U. P.			Rate of duty per gallon of 60 U. P.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
<i>Poona.</i>						
Poona City Cantonment and ten miles round	5	4	0	2	10	0
Rest of the District	4	8	0	2	4	0
<i>Satara.</i>						
Whole District	4	8	0	2	4	0
<i>Ahmednagar.</i>						
Whole District	4	8	0	2	4	0
<i>Sholapur.</i>						
Whole District	5	4	0	2	10	0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates, or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Mundhwa Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts;" this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

12. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

13. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

14. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Poona a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs 1,000 required under clause 11 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

15. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the district concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

16. As soon as the agreements have been executed, the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 5.

Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat).

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the distillery to be erected at Khanapur in the Belgaum District for supply to the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar and Bijapur (including certain Native States villages attached to those districts for Abkari management) and to the above-ghat talukas of the Kanara District for a period of five years from the 1st April 1915 or, if the Khanapur Distillery is not ready for manufacturing operations on that date, from the subsequent date on which that distillery may be ready for the manufacture of spirit.

Government are about to erect a new distillery at Khanapur and it is anticipated, though no guarantee can be given in this respect, that the buildings will be ready for the installation of plant in December 1914. Subject to the proviso contained below the contractor will be required to instal, throughout this distillery, new plant designed to produce and deal with wash the original gravity of which will be readily ascertained by means of Bates' Saccharometer. The distilling apparatus shall be of the "continuous" type, producing at one operation a potable spirit of satisfactory quality. Provided that the contractor will be required to take over such articles of the plant of the present Belgaum and Dharwar Distilleries and of the warehouses at Bijapur, Gadag, Haveri and Sisi at prices to be fixed by the Collectors of the districts concerned, as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari be suitable for employment in the new distillery or in the bonded warehouses and he shall pay for such plant on or before the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Khanapur from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths, as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

Belgaum and Bijapur Districts.	Dharwar and Kanara above-ghat Districts.
25° U. P., 60° U. P.	25° U. P., 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under:—

	Belgaum District.		Dharwar District.		Bijapur District.		Kanara District above-ghat.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.
1908-09	70,360	..	111,421	..	22,581	..	26,896	..
1909-10	80,404	..	115,273	..	35,979	..	25,729	..
1910-11	96,909	..	141,982	..	53,788	..	27,579	..
1911-12	109,889	..	175,438	..	63,821	..	29,739	..
1912-13	117,347	403	153,427	..	57,604	..	27,715	..

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Khanapur Distillery and from warehouses at Dharwar, Gadag, Haveri, Bijapur and Sirsi, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination such water prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. If the contract is not renewed at the end of the contract period the contractor shall if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the contractor may desire to submit, but the contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the contractor, subject, however to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows. Khanapur Distillery at 1½ per cent. on the capital cost of the distillery, site quarters, etc., Dharwar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, Gadag Bonded Warehouse Rs. 30, Haveri Bonded Warehouses Rs. 25, Bijapur Bonded Warehouse Rs. 18, and Sirsi Bonded Warehouse Rs 5 per mensem. But Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required, at his own expense, to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above-ghat) are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and Area.					Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
					R. a. p.	R. a. p.
Belgaum	{ City, Cantonment and 10 miles round	.	.	.	5 4 0	2 10 0
	{ Rest of the District	.	.	.	4 . 0	2 4 0
Dharwar	.	.	.	.	4 8 0	2 4 0
Bijapur	.	.	.	.	4 8 0	2 4 0
Kanara (above-ghat)	.	.	.	.	4 8 0	2 4 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Khanapur Distillery and at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract-area.

11. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above-ghat)," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

12. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reason.

13. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

14. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Belgaum a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 11 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

15. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

16. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 6.

(The talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to supply country spirit to the talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District for a period of three years from 1st April 1915.

2. The spirit may be manufactured at any of the Central Distilleries of the Presidency proper or at the Uran Distilleries. The contractor will manufacture the spirit from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur), or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be proscribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows :—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District for the five years ending March 1913 was as under :—

Year.	Salsette Taluka.		Bassein Taluka.		Mahim Taluka.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09 . . .	52,560	162,029	11,446	105,970	8,432	90,813
1909-10 . . .	55,981	160,017	11,393	109,157	8,383	103,479
1910-11 . . .	53,342	154,665	11,724	106,034	8,069	93,396
1911-12 . . .	53,331	156,026	14,585	104,722	8,842	76,988
1912-13 . . .	57,153	165,806	15,939	115,243	10,414	89,926

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from warehouses at Thana and Bassein, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

Pending completion of the warehouses to be built at Thana and Bassein the spirit will be distributed from the present depôts established at Thana, Bassein and Kelva Mahim. The contractor will be required to take over at prices to be fixed by the Collector such portions of the plant at those depôts as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner, be serviceable and suitable for use in a bonded warehouse. If the contract is not renewed, the contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the plant in the bonded warehouses on the expiration of the contract to the next contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the contractor may desire to submit, but the contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which in the opinion of the Commissioner is unsuitable or unserviceable.

4. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

5. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the warehouses will be defrayed by Government. The contractor will have to pay such rent for each warehouse occupied as may be determined by the Commissioner, but Government reserve to themselves the power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings.

The contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the warehouse plant in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the warehouses which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

6. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

Area.	Per gallon of 25° U. P.			Per gallon of 60° U. P.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Salsette Taluka	4	8	0	2	4	0
Bassein Town	4	8	0	2	4	0
Rest of Bassein Taluka	3	12	0	1	14	0
Mahim Taluka	3	12	0	1	14	0

7. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

8. Except with the special permission of the Collector the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

9. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

10. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of supply of country spirit in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District"; this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

11. Government reserve power to accept such tenders as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

12. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

13. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Thana, a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 10 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

14. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of supplying license which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreement within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

15. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Collector will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of supplying country spirit in the talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District.

NOTICE.

No. 7.

(All the talukas of the Kolaba District except Karjat and Panvel.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to supply country spirit to all the talukas of the Kolaba District except Karjat and Panvel, that is, to the talukas of Alibagh, Pen (including Nagothna Petha), Roha, Mangaon, and Mahad and to the villages in the Sudhagad Mahal of the Bhore State attached to that district for Abkari management, for a period of three years from 1st April 1915.

2. The spirit may be manufactured at any of the Central Distilleries of the Presidency Proper or at the Uran Distilleries. The contractor will manufacture the spirit from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur), or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the talukas of the Kolaba District (including Sudhagad Mahal) required to be supplied under this tender for the five years ending March 1913 was as under :—

Year.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	75,535	59,853
1909-10	88,194	31,988
1910-11	83,870	31,755
1911-12	87,470	21,429
1912-13	97,997	22,047

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from warehouses at Ambepura (Poinad), Roha and Mahad, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

Pending completion of the warehouses to be built at Ambepura (Poinad), Roha and Mahad the spirit will be distributed from the present depôts established at Alibag, Pen, Roha and Mahad. The contractor will be required to take over at prices to be fixed by the Collector such portions of the plant at those depôts as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner, be serviceable and suitable for use in a bonded warehouse. If the contract is not renewed, the contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the plant in the bonded warehouses on the expiration of the contract to the next contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the contractor may desire to submit, but the contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which in the opinion of the Commissioner is unsuitable or unserviceable.

4. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

5. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the warehouses will be defrayed by Government. The contractor will have to pay such rent for each warehouse occupied as may be determined by the Commissioner, but Government reserve to themselves the power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the warehouse plant in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the warehouses which will be carried out by Government at their expense.

6. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the talukas of the Kolaba District (including Sudhagad Mahal) required to be supplied under this tender are Rs. 3-12-0 and Rs. 1-14-0 per gallon of 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. ; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit.

	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Whole district	3 12 0	1 14 0

7. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

8. Except with the special permission of the Collector, the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

9. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

10. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of supply of country spirit in the talukas of Alibag, Pen, Roha, Mangaon and Mahad and the Sudhagad Mahal of the Kolaba District", this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914 after which no tender will be received.

11. Government reserve power to accept such tenders as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

12. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

13. The successful tenderer shall within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Kolaba a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 10 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

14. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the same person for himself, his heirs successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of supplying license which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

15. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Collector will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of supplying country spirit in the Alibag, Pen, Roha, Mangaon and Mahad Talukas and the Sudhagad Mahal of the Kolaba District.

BOMBAY ;
The 15th October 1913.

H. O. QUIN,
Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari.

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**LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1913.**

- Monthly Weather Review, November 1912 to April 1913.** (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1 per month.
Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VI. By G. C. Simpson, D.Sc. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. 8a.
Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VII. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S., and Rai Bahadur Hem Raj. Quarto. Paper cover, 8a.
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**LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.**

- Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXII, Part II.** By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1-8.
Monthly Weather Review, May 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates). Quarto. Paper cover. Price Re. 1.
Monthly Weather Review, June 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price Re. 1.

**LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA
DURING THE WEEK ENDING 22ND NOVEMBER 1913.**

- Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume V, Memoir No. 1** C. Diener, Ph. D. Triassic Faunae of Kashmir (with plates I to XIII) Rs. 3-4.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. B-030841, B-030842 and B-030843 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rupees one hundred each originally standing in the name of Sapoorejee Sorabjee and last endorsed to Dinshaw D. Romer and Meherbai D. Romer, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned Securities.

Name of the Advertiser—DINSHAW D. ROMER,

Residence—Humum Street, Bombay.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

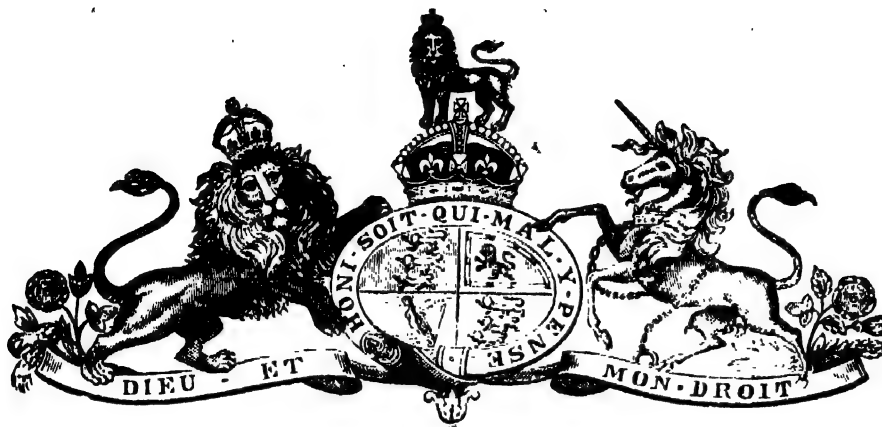
In the goods of William Hume Banks, deceased.

Pursuant to Sections 320 of Act X of 1865 and 42 of Act XXVIII of 1866, all persons having claims against the Estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on the 4th day of August 1913, at Postgolla, Dacca, in the Province of Bengal and of whose will Probate has been granted by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal to Robert Laing Bruce Gall, one of the executors therein named, are hereby required to send full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them to us, the undersigned, as Attorneys for the said Robert Laing Bruce Gall on or before the 15th day of December 1913, after which date no claims will be admitted and the assets of the Estate will be administered in accordance with the provisions of the said will.

Dated this 12th day of November 1913.

PUGH & Co.,

Attorneys for the said Robert Laing Bruce Gall.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 47.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1913.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1913 OF :

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANDI
MAIZE
GRAM

ARHAR DAL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPSEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gur*)
SALT

TOBACCO
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA (WHITE)
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
Burma*															
<i>Tenasserim—</i>															
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	40	41.83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	25.91	46.88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . . . .	...	...	35.75	51.61	55.65	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>															
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	38.55	50	50.79	43.23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	41.29	51.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	36.99	44.44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>															
Henzada . . . . .	...	...	38.79	57.14	76.19	67.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	38.32	37.21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>															
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	35.75	41.83	45.07	51.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	40	58.72	...	...	...	...	...	...	22.38	23.68	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>															
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam*															
<i>Burma—</i>															
Balaganj (Sylhet)	30	22.5	52.5	41.87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>															
Goalpara	33.75	17.5	55	32.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	25	14.37	51.25	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Chittagong	25	27.5	43.75	52.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	57.5 to 62.5	45	46.25	32.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>															
Calcutta . . . . .	...	...	61.25	50	45	32.5	...	...	32.5	26.25	35	37.5	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	46.87 to 50	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	50	41.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Pabna	35	23.75	56.25	42.19	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	30	20	72.5	45	45	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa*															
<i>Bihar, north—</i>															
Bhagalpur . . . . .	...	...	50	42.5	45	31.87	...	...	25	26.25	...	23.75	...	...	...
Musaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	66.56	44.37	39.25	33.28	...	...	26.56	25	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>															
Patna . . . . .	...	...	41.25	40	28.12	30.78	...	...	18.75	22.19	24.37	...	...	...	20
<i>Orissa—</i>															
Cuttack . . . . .	...	...	44.79	38.07	38.07	36.98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provin- ces—															
(a) AGRA—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Benares	25.81	25.31	55.10	49.48	37.97	34.58	42.81	38.85	25.31	27.5	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Cawnpore	26.25	21.04	50	40	40	32.66	50	36.35	30	24.63	26.25	21.61	28.44	25	...
Jhansi . . . . .	...	...	54.53	55.16	36.87	34.06	...	...	30.94	26.72	30.78	25	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Meerut	30.78	...	59.22	53.28	...	32.03	40	38.12	27.97	26.56	28.59	...	...	...	...
Agra	57.13	47.08	59.22	50	40	31.98	47.4	39.74	34.06	25.78	31.98	26.07	33.33	29.58	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>															
Shahjahanpur	33.75	26.56	80	...	40	30	46.25	35	28.75	24.69	...	...	...	22.81	...
(b) OUDH—															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Lucknow	27.6	18.18	47.03	44.43	39.06	32.6	47.03	39.06	30	24.22	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Fyzabad	28.75	23.91	51.25	47.19	35.62	32.19	...	...	26.72	24.69	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAGI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DÁL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
...	Burma—
...	61.54	61.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tenasserim—
...	40.76	40.76	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mergui
...	36.57	34.97	48.12	48.12	52.08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	51.61	51.61	51.61	51.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Moulmein and
...	46.88	47.06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amherst
...	39.02	49.61	55.17	52.46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	Rangoon
...	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	Pegu (inland)—
...	Henzada
...	Toungoo
...	17.11	21.26	34.41	33.68	54.7	51.61	57.66	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	25	31.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	44.44	44.44	57.14	57.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pakokku
...	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Assam—
...	Burma—
...	53.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	53.75	60	63.75	Balaganj (Sylhet)
...	60	...	...	Brahmaputra—
...	Goalpara
...	Gauhati
...	52.5	50	...	...	...	...	65	100	65	75	Bengal—
...	52.5	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	65	Eastern—
...	Chittagong
...	35	...	35	32.5	47.5	40	35	30	...	...	52.5	75	65	60	Dacca
...	{ 30 to 37.5 }	32.5	47.5	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	{ 57.5 to 65 }	62.5	Deltaic—
...	{ 67.5 to 73.75 }	65 and 80	Calcutta
...	53.12	...	...	...	...	...	47.5	...	63.12	70	Western—
...	45	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	60	Bardwan
...	Midnapur
...	Northern—
...	Pabna
...	Rangpur
...	Bihar and Orissa—
...	27.5	20	30	26.25	45	40	40	24.37	...	...	50	70	{ 53.75 and 57.5 }	50 and 62.5	Bihar, north—
...	28.59	20.94	30.78	25	44.37	33.28	30.78	22.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhagalpur
20	24.37	22.19	24.37	25	32.5	36.25	25	20	...	...	54.37	72.5	53.75	65	Muzaffarpur
...	38.07	38.07	50.78	43.59	35.94	30.31	...	...	...	...	75	76.15	Bihar, south—
...	Patna
...	Orissa—
...	Cuttack
...	United Provinces—
...	28.7	...	28.96	26.35	48.13	33.52	...	...	...	...	56.41	...	53.02	60.36	(a) AGRA—
...	27.5	16.67	32.5	31.61	{ 40 and 45 }	31.98	37.5	31.98	22.5	18.18	52.5	60.53	52.5	55.16	Eastern—
...	...	19.69	33.33	23.28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45.62	Benares
...	39.69	...	30.78	28.91	36.25	30.78	50	25	...	...	67.81	57.19	...	57.19	Central—
...	32.66	...	38.38	20.52	42.08	34.79	50	44.43	25.78	22.81	55.16	80	57.24	61.56	Cawnpore
...	...	18.12	36.25	21.87	50	28.59	...	...	22.5	...	53.12	65	57.5	60	Jhansi
...	26.67	18.18	30.73	21.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	61.51	61.51	61.51	Western—
...	23.75	18.75	30.78	30.62	...	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Meerut
...	Agra
...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	(b) OUDH—
...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912
Burma—														
<i>Tenasserim—</i>														
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	581.82	581.82	...	...	17.16	20.58	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	581.82	581.82	...	...	20.51	20.51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . . . .	...	...	457.14	457.14	...	...	16.89	16.89	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>														
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	581.82	533.33	...	...	18.29	18.55	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	581.82	581.82	...	...	22.86	22.86	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	640	492.31	...	...	22.86	22.86	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>														
Hensada . . . . .	...	...	533.33	492.31	...	...	22.86	21.19	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.81	24.81	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>														
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	533.33	533.33	...	...	22.81	24.81	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	711.11	711.11	...	...	22.54	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>														
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	533.33	533.33	...	...	29.63	30.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—														
<i>Surma—</i>														
Balaganj (Sylhet) . . . . .	...	...	570	520	62.5	60	18.44	19.06	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>														
Goalpara . . . . .	...	...	500	475	65	62.5	20	21.25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . . . .	...	...	540	510	85	85	27.5	27.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	550	490	70	65	16.25	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	600	{ 480 to 500 }	82.5	72.5	22.5	21.25	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>														
Calcutta	66.25	73.75	540	480	55	50	16.87	18.75	63.75	67.5	...	...	22.5	18.75
<i>Western—</i>														
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	520	480	{ 60 to 65 }	65	18.75	19.37	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	{ 550 to 600 }	{ 500 to 550 }	65	77.5	20	19.06	{ 120 and 180 }	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>														
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	555	510	47.5	46.87	21.25	22.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	560	540	82.5	60	22.5	22.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—														
<i>Bihar, north—</i>														
Bhagalpur	80	80	540	480	50	45	19.53	22.81	125	95	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	533.12	457.5	50	36.25	20.94	22.19	266.56	200	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>														
Patna	66.25	65	480	410	40	40	20	20.62	20	20	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>														
Cuttack	75	60.94	609.37	476.15	60.88	47.6	17.5	16.25	92.84	69.9	...	...	5	5
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Benares	66.67	81.41	510.26	488.91	47.34	45.36	24.53	22.24	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Cawnpore	{ 80 and 90 }	100	510	492.29	40	51.61	16.87	17.76	130	75	{ 90 and 97.5 }	100	...	...
Jhansi	71.25	71.09	474.06	426.56	80	50	...	20	...	...	...	...	10	2.5
<i>Western—</i>														
Meerut	80	...	556.87	512.19	61.56	47.03	17.34	16.87	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	94.11	88.91	492.29	474.06	57.13	57.13	17.76	17.4	105	90	125	127.5	11.41	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>														
Shahjahanpur	80	66.72	490	470	70	61.56	20	20	220	180	{ 65 and 85 }	{ 120 and 180 }	...	...
(b) OUDH—														
<i>Southern—</i>														
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	482.5	480	...	...	20	20.94	...	...	90	120	3.75	3.75
<i>Northern—</i>														
Fyzabad . . . . .	...	...	510	470	36.25	35	20.62	20.94	...	...	...	...	...	...

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1918	1919	1918	1919	1918	1919	1918	1919	1918	1919	1918	1919	1918	1919	
...	14-19	21-26	...	...	...	...	3-25	...	Burma—
...	11-9	11-85	...	...	...	...	2	...	Tenasserim— Mergui Tavoy Moulmein and Amherst
...	32-99	...	...	...	...	...	1-81	1-75	Pegu (deltaic)— Rangoon Maubin Baasein
...	11-43	14-29	...	...	...	...	1-87	1-75	
...	Pegu (inland)— Hensada Toungoo
...	2	1-94	
...	28-83	32-49	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma— Mandalay Pakokku
...	2	2	
...	2-25	2-25	Arahan— Akyab
...	Assam—
...	1-94	1-94	Surma— Balaganj (Sylhet) Brahmaputra— Goalpara
...	2-02	2-31	
...	2-06	2-06	Gauhati
...	Bengal—
...	1-81	1-8	Eastern— Chittagong
...	2-25	2-06	Dacca
15	10	...	...	...	...	22-5	23-75	...	...	...	...	2-02	2-02	Deltaic— Calcutta
10	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2-27	2	Western— Bardwan
5-62	5-62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2-14	2-06	Midnapur
...	2-12	2-06	Northern— Patna
...	2-37	2-19	Rangpur
...	21-56	...	...	...	...	...	1-97	1-97	Bihar and Orissa—
...	6-56	5	15-94	15-94	...	...	...	...	2-08	2-08	Bihar, north— Bhagalpur
...	7-57	18-12	20	...	...	...	...	1-87	2	Muzaffarpur
5-62	5-62	...	...	...	...	9-37	6-25	...	...	...	...	2-19	2-06	Bihar, south— Patna
...	Orissa— Cuttack
...	7-97	23-7	25-88	...	...	...	...	2-75	2-75	United Provinces— (a) AGRA—
...	16-2b	6-67	22-5	20-52	{ 50 and 70 }	75	...	...	2-37	2-25	Eastern— Benares
...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2-19	Central— Cawnpore
...	10	6-56	21-56	22-19	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jhansi
8-91	7-5	...	...	13-33	6-67	25-78	24-22	...	...	80	80	2-56	2-37	Western— Meerut
...	10	6-87	33-75	30-62	{ 60 and 65 }	60 and 65	60 and 80	40 and 60 }	2-5	2-37	Agra
...	Submontane, west— Shahjahanpur
...	7-5	5-62	23-75	20	...	40	40	...	2-44	2-34	(b) OUDH— Southern— Lucknow
...	6-25	6-25	...	...	...	...	50	45	2-37	2	Northern— Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer	26.67	26.67	...	...	43.12	39.53	...	...	34.79	30.88	31.98	30.78	31.98	33.33	...
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozpur . . .	26.72	23.75	53.28	52.5	32.08	30.62	36.25	34.37	25.78	25	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Lahore	25.62	25	48.75	50	35	33.5	40	37.34	23.44	25.78	25	22.19	30.78	31.87	...
South-eastern—															
Delhi	35	30	66.87	63.75	37.5	33.28	41.87	37.5	29.37	26.72	26.56	21.56	31.87	38.75	...
Submontane—															
Amritsar . . .	26.72	25	51.56	50	30	29.37	33.28	32.06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Rawalpindi . .	...	...	56.25	56.25	35	34.37	38.75	38.12	24.37	25	18.75	25	27.81	32.5	...
Western—															
Lyallpur . . . .	...	...	52.5	50	30	22.5	33.75	35.62	22.5	23.75	...	...	...	...	...
Multan . . . .	...	26.67	45.62	45.94	32.19	32.34	35.62	37.5	24.06	...	18.75	...	28.56	37.5	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar . . . .	...	...	59.79	58.7	36.15	34.22	40.99	39.74	25.1	21.56	19.22	19.22	30.78	34.01	...
Dera Ismael Khan .	...	...	...	...	...	32.81	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.67	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi . . . .	...	...	48.12	56.87	40.62	39.84	...	...	31.25	...	26.87	28.85	23.44	46.25	...
Shikarpur	25.62	...	64.53	56.25	34.53	35.78	...	...	26.41	30.62	30	36.87	25	...	...
Quetta . . . .	...	...	...	...	37.5 to 40	40 to 41.87	62.5	65	30	30.1	29.37	37.19	...	...	...
Bombay—															
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar . . . .	...	...	...	...	40.52	...	...	...	...	...	26.93	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . .	...	...	...	...	45.83	...	...	...	...	...	28.07	29.84	...	...	...
Poona . . . .	...	...	...	62.76	45.68	48.65	...	...	...	...	37.13	40.26	38.91	51.41	...
Khandesh and N.-E.															
Deccan—															
Ahmadnagar . .	...	...	54.01	65	42.55	41.51	...	...	...	...	33.33	37.55	33.33	41.04	...
Dhulia . . . .	...	...	...	...	34.69	42.97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—															
Surat . . . .	...	...	...	...	39.63	50.47	...	...	...	...	32.45	47.55	37.5	...	...
Ahmadabad . . .	...	...	57.5	48.75	40	40	...	...	27.5	36	30	85	37.5	37.5	...
Central Provinces *—															
Western—															
Nagpur . . . .	...	...	42.25	41.12	37.25	35.25	44.5	50	...	...	30.37	30.37	...	...	...
Central—															
Jubbulpore . . .	...	...	42.12	38.12	36.37	36.37	47	44.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—															
Raipur . . . .	...	...	42	36	36	33.5	47	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berar—															
Akola . . . .	...	...	49.25	41.75	41.5	39.75	...	...	...	...	26	26	...	...	...
Amratoli . . . .	...	...	44.75	44.75	35.75	35.75	...	...	...	...	26.25	23.75	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32.9	35.6	30.5	36.5	...
Salem . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32.2
Central—															
Bellary . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	31.8	...	...	...
Cuddapah	39.7	39.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34.9	35.3	...	44.3	...
Karnul . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.1
East Coast, south—															
Madras	34.5	38.6	58	53.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	35.2	35.2	56.8	53.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33.4
Southern—															
Madura . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39.1	39.1	46.2	45	...
Mysore—															
Mysore	26.5	32	66	72	60	60	51.98	51.98	...	...	26	28	...	...	28
Bangalore	32	28	70	64	60	60	67.76	67.76	...	...	39	...	...	...	28

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

AGI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DÁL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
...	30.78	29.37	36.35	26.47	...	...	61.61	...	...	...	94.06	100	...	...	Rajputana—
...	25	24.06	40	40	...	...	30.76	25	66.72	70	...	...	Eastern— Ajmer
...	25.62	26.56	20.87	26.56	50	36.25	38.75	33.28	27.03	25.78	57.5	69.06	61.25	57.19	Punjab—
...	80	24.37	29.37	22.19	37.5	35	...	...	25	23.44	90	100	60	60	Southern— Ferozpur
...	27.19	26.25	...	38.12	...	...	26.25	27.5	50	...	62.5	62.5	Central— Lahore
...	27.19	25	26.87	27.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	61.87	...	52.5	South-eastern— Delhi
...	20	25	25.94	25.94	...	...	...	...	25	25.62	...	...	...	...	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	21.25	28.12	26.87	...	...	...	...	25.47	...	...	...	60	61.25	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	20.22	29.22	26.77	26.54	38.18	37.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Western— Lyallpur
...	26.67	27.24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Multan
...	N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	Peshawar
...	Dera Ismael Khan
...	34.06	28.44	...	...	...	...	31.56	27.5	...	...	...	...	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	31.87	28.12	...	...	...	...	31.87	27.19	...	...	...	...	Karachi
...	32.5	30.94	...	...	58.12	60	56.25	41.87	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shikarpur
...	Quetta
...	Bombay—
...	33.38	...	49.79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	36.41	29.53	...	...	...	...	...	...	47.29	65.16	...	...	Dharwar
...	Sholapur
...	Poona
...	25.42	27.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Khandesh and N.-E.
...	34.74	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	Deccan—
...	Ahmadnagar
...	Dhulia
...	32.5	27.5	48.75	42.5	...	...	25	30	...	...	...	...	Gujarat—
...	Surat
...	Ahmadabad
...	31.02	32.62	49	36.75	...	...	22.5	25	...	...	...	...	Central Provinces—
...	Western—
...	29.62	26.62	44.5	33.37	36.37	40	26.62	23.5	50	69.62	...	...	Nagpur
...	33	31	50	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central—
...	Jubbulpore
...	Eastern—
...	Raipur
...	34	34.25	46	39	...	...	20	27.25	59	...	...	...	Berar—
...	26.25	31.25	41.5	34.12	...	...	18.62	25	60	80	...	...	Akola
...	Amraoti
...	Madras—
...	49.4	62.9	...	...	...	...	38.5	38.5	...	...	...	...	South, central—
...	34.9	37.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coimbatore
...	Salem
...	36.9	46.2	35.3	...	...	...	23.1	23.1	...	...	...	...	Central—
...	Bellary
...	Cuddapah
...	Karnal
...	35.7	32.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central—
...	Nellore
...	37.1	38.1	...	...	48.1	46.2	32.4	32.4	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south—
...	Madras
...	53.1	61.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tanjore
...	Trichinopoly
...	34	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern—
...	Madura
...	Mysore—
...	Mysore
...	Bangalore

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER—concluded

DISTRICTS	SEAMUM (Til or Jinjli)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gdr)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNERIE		GRASS	
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer	84.06	98.12	492.34	530.88	50	60.47	...	...	...	...	...	...	14.53	10
Punjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur	80	90	533.28	510	53.28	52.5	16.72	16.25	80	60	114.22	120	...	...
Central—														
Lahore	80	84.06	556.25	533.12	48.12	61.56	14.84	14.84	75	66.25	114.37	150	12.28	12.5
South-eastern—														
Delhi	95	80	580	530	40	50	17.5	17.5	70	80	100	130	11.41	8.75
Submontane—														
Amritsar	81.25	75	530	490	44.37	57.19	14.37	14.37	55	33.75	70	115	...	...
Northern—														
Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	...	530	440	40	43.75	13.75	13.75	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western—														
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	500	475	40	43.12	15	15	80	80	...	...	10	...
Multan . . . . .	...	72.5	582.5	507.5	...	41.58	15.47	15.31	...	95.31	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar . . . . .	...	...	474.06	457.13	49.22	65.31	15.1	15.57	110.35	114.27	...	...	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi . . . . .	...	...	...	570	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	...	512.5	...	...	...	...	43.75	47.5	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	{ 537.5 to 530 }	{ 500 to 570 }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	81.51	69.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	75.42	75.42	...	...	133.59	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	554.37	519.32	...	...	...	...	263.18	192.97	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E.														
Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	525	500	64.17	70.83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia	97.29	90.62	...	...	...	71.67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat . . . . .	...	...	518.91	562.13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad . . . . .	...	...	500	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur . . . . .	...	95.75	600	600	...	...	23.37	23.37	83.37	100	120	120	...	...
Central—														
Jubbulpore	72.75	80	490	440	...	...	22.25	22.25	114.25	100	106.62	123.12	8	...
Eastern—														
Raipur . . . . .	...	...	480	460	...	...	20	26	170	160	82	...	...	...
Berar—														
Akola	76	...	635	410	...	...	19	19	114.25	100	...	...	...	...
Amritoti	75	83.37	480	500	...	...	20	20	124.5	173.87	...	...	...	...
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore	80.8	90.5	548.9	487.8	49.6	46.4	22.4	21.9	...	...	64.1	96	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	445.2	445.2	...	...	...	...	182.1	205.5	85.7	114.7	...	...
Central—														
Bellary	68.62	...	634.9	571.5	47.7	67.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah . . . . .	...	...	592.1	427.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	49.5	79.1	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116.6	65.8	74.1	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	15.7	15.7	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	79.1	79.1	587.7	493.8	49	56.1	19.8	12.7	131.7	131.7	47.8	82.3	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	600	466.6	...	...	13.1	13.1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	608.2	540.5	...	...	17.6	17.6	123.4	102.8	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura	87	87	675.7	675.7	...	...	...	...	106.8	106.8	...	...	...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	80	76	685.68	505.73	68.54	68.54	...	...	205.68*	205.68*	120	120	3.65	3.65
Bangalore	84	72	754.27	565.68	51.41	68.54	...	...	240*	240*	154.27	171.41	5.88	5.88

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BEAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
9.87	6.67	12.34	8.02	...	...	30.78	...	110	100	85	85	2.31	2.91	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	7.97	7.97	...	...	90	90	150	150	2.5	2.41	Punjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	9.37	10	25.52	27.5	150	140	170	170	2.58	2.41	Central— Lahore
...	...	11.41	18.12	10	8.75	20	18.75	80	80	150	150	2.17	2.17	South-eastern— Delhi
...	7.5	7.97	20	22.5	100	100	...	...	2.65	2.5	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	18.75	...	12.5	11.25	...	28.75	90	90	120	12	2.37	2.25	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	5.62	5.62	22.5	25	100	100	140	140	2.69	2.5	Western— Lyallpur
...	20	...	...	...	...	...	2.64	...	Multan
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
...	6.35	7.71	17.55	17.5	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 200 }	{ 60 to 200 }	2.8	2.66	Peshawar
...	3	2.69	Dera Ismael Khan
Sind and Baluchistan—														
...	5.62	10	...	18.75	...	...	...	...	2.16	...	Karachi
...	2.45	2.31	Shikarpur
...	5.62	5.62	21.87	30.26	{ 100 to 200 }	{ 100 to 200 }	...	...	2.44	2.37	Quetta
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
...	75	...	...	...	2.44	...	Dharwar
...	2.08	2.2	Sholapur
...	2.34	2.12	Poona
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—														
...	30	28.59	...	...	...	...	2.06	2.03	Ahmadnagar
...	2.41	2.19	Dhulia
Gujarat—														
...	22.5	23.75	...	...	...	...	2.5	2.25	Surat
...	Ahmadabad
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
...	50	50	100	100	1.87	1.87	Nagpur
Central—														
...	16.62	30	60	60	70	70	1.87	1.75	Jabalpur
Eastern—														
...	2.25	2.25	Raipur
Berar—														
...	92	88	53	58	2	1.87	Akola
...	33.31	60	60	80	75	2.25	2.25	Amraoti
Madras—														
South, Central—														
...	...	3.2	3.2	...	...	90.4†	115.2*	...	...	60	60	2.24	2.19	Coimbatore
7.8	6.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	80†	80†	...	...	2.22	2.11	Salem
Central—														
...	...	6.8	6.8	...	...	...	...	100†	100†	140	140	2.25	2.25	Bellary
...	2.31	2	Cuddapah
...	2.68	2.04	Karnul
East Coast, central—														
3.6	3.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.78	1.72	Nellore
East Coast, south—														
...	27.1	26.4	123.76†	98.76†	...	...	1.79	1.76	Madras
...	3.5	14	135†	130†	...	...	2.06	1.82	Tanjore
...	35.3	36.7	...	...	...	...	2.44	2.39	Trichinopoly
Southern—														
15	15	...	...	...	...	20.4	20.4	...	...	40	...	2	2	Madura
Mysore—														
3.65	5.16	4.43	4.43	...	...	36.72	36.72	80	80	100	100	2.62	2.37	Mysore
5.88	5.88	...	4.27	...	...	33.8	33.8	160	160	{ 120 to 150 }	{ 120 to 150 }	2.5	2	Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,

Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1913

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CHUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 13	10 13	15 6	15 6	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	...	...	9 5	9 5	10 7	10 7	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	11 3	11 3	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	7 4	7 13	...	...	9 11	9 1	9 15	10 —	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 1	9 11	9 11	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 1	9 12	10 6	9 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 10	8 10	10 9	10 9	...	...	...	...
Hensada	5 2	5 2	...	...	8 1	8 1	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Prome . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	9 6	9 6	8 12	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	8 9	8 14	...	...	8 9	8 9	10 13	10 13	...	...	...	...
Bhamo . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 15	7 10	9 11	8 15	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 11	9 10	9 10	20 3	20 3	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	3 4	3 4	...	...	10 10	10 10	12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyn	5 —	5 —	...	...	10 —	8 —	12 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
Burma—												
Sylhet . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 —	6 8	8 8	7 12	...	...	...	...
Cachar	7 12	7 12	...	...	6 6	6 6	8 —	8 4	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jaintia Hills	6 —	6 —	...	...	3 8	3 8	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills . . . .	...	...	...	...	3 —	3 —	5 4	7 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	8 —	7 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpara	10 —	10 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 —	5 4	9 —	7 12	...	...	...	...
Darrang . . . .	...	5 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 —	5 8	8 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	8 12	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Tippera . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...
Dacca	8 8	8 8	12 — to 13 —	12 — to 13 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—												
Khulna . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	8 12	8 12	11 12	11 12	...	...	5 12	5 12	11 12	11 12	...	...
Hooghly . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	10 —	10 —	12 4	12 —	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Jessore	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 12	5 8	...	...	...	...

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Kleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	14 —	14 —	Burma—
...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Tenasserim—
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	17 12	17 12	Mergui
...	Tavoy
...	Moulmein and
...	Amherst
...	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 14	6 14	18 9	18 9	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	9 13	9 13	...	...	7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	Pegu
...	7 12	7 12	...	...	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 8	Rangoon
...	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	13 2	13 2	...	...	10 1	10 1	14 —	14 —	Pegu (inland)—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	17 —	17 —	Tharawadi
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 3	8 3	14 4	14 4	Hensada
...	9 7	9 7	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Prome
...	8 4	8 4	18 4	18 4	5 13	5 13	14 —	14 —	Tonngoo
...	Thayetmyo
...	11 2	11 2	21 6	21 6	7 1	7 5	16 —	16 —	Upper Burma—
...	5 9	5 9	11 6	11 6	Mandalay
...	14 4	14 4	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Bhamo
...	13 5	13 5	24 6	24 6	8 14	8 14	14 —	14 —	Pakokku
...	Meiktila
...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 13	9 2	Arakan—
...	5 —	5 —	15 —	15 —	Sandoway
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 8	12 8	Kyaukpada
...	Akyab
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 8	18 —	Assam—
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Burma—
...	Sylhet
...	Cachar
...	7 7	7 7	9 8	9 8	5 13	5 10	9 11	10 —	Hill tracts—
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Khási and Jaintia
...	5 —	5 —	19 —	20 —	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Hills
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	10 —	10 —	Gáro Hills
...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Manipur
...	Naga Hills
...	Lushai Hills
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Brahmaputra—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Goalpara
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Kamrup
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Darrang
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	Nowgong
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	Sibsagar
...	Lakhimpur
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	23 —	23 —	Bengal—
...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	Eastern—
...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Chittagong
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	Noakhali
...	Backerganj
...	Maimensingh
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Tippera
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 12	7 12	16 —	16 —	Dacca
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Deltaic—
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Khulna
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	24 Parganas
...	11 12	11 12	12 —	12 —	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Howrah
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Calcutta
...	13 5	14 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Hooghly
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	6 —	6 8	17 —	17 —	Jessore
...	Faridpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR GUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half month
Bengal—continued												
<i>Western—</i>												
Bankura	9 4	9 —	...	...	...	...	9 —	8 12	...	...	...	...
Burdwan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>												
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 14	7 —	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	9 12	9 12	12 —	12 —	...	...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...
Malda	10 8	11 —	12 —	...	...	...	6 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Bogra . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	9 10	9 —	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 3	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Hills—</i>												
Darjeeling	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 4	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—												
<i>Bihar, north—</i>												
Purnea	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 6	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	10 —	9 7	14 6	13 1	...	...	7 10	7 2	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	11 —	9 14	...	15 6	...	...	7 12	6 9	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Saran	10 —	11 —	14 —	16 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Champaran	10 8	11 —	16 8	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>												
Santhal Parganas	8 8	8 8	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 4	7 8	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	10 —	9 12	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	6 4	...	...	...	...
Gaya	10 —	10 —	12 8	12 8	...	...	7 8	8 —	14 —	14 —	...	...
Patna	12 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	10 —	9 8	17 —	17 —	...	...
Shahabad	10 —	10 —	13 —	...	...	...	9 10	9 2	...	...	...	...
<i>Chota Nagpur—</i>												
Singbhum	9 8	9 —	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Mánbhum	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Ráncbi	9 —	10 —	13 4	12 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Paláman	9 9	10 11	11 13	13 8	...	...	9 7	9 —	...	...	...	...
Hazáribágh	8 —	9 —	11 —	12 —	...	...	7 4	7 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>												
Puri	9 13	9 13	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	...	...	...	...
Balasore	8 8	9 —	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	9 —	10 8	...	...	...	...	9 9	9 4	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
<i>(a) AGRA—</i>												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mirzapur	8 12	8 12	13 4	14 8	5 4	5 4	7 4	7 8	15 8	15 3	12 12	13 4
Benares	10 —	10 5	15 3	15 11½	6 2	6 2	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Ghazipur	9 15	10 10	14 4	15 11	5 —	5 4	7 5	7 10	15 11	16 15	12 3	12 14
Jannpur	10 —	10 9	16 6	16 —	4 3	4 5	8 2	7 12	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	8 —	9 —	13 —	15 —	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 14	15 —	16 —	13 —	14 —
<i>Central—</i>												
Bánda	10 4	11 —	11 —	13 12	4 8	4 8	7 4	7 8	12 8	15 —	13 —	14 8
Fatehpur	9 8	9 2	11 8	12 —	3 8	4 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Hamirpur	9 4	9 4	10 12	10 12	5 4	5 4	6 12	6 12	11 8	11 8	11 8	11 8
Jalaun	9 12	8 12	12 —	11 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Cawnpore	9 12	9 8	12 —	11 12	...	...	7 4	7 8	13 8	13 —	18 8	13 8
Jhansi	10 10	11 4	12 11	14 12	4 12	4 13	7 —	7 2	12 12	14 8	12 8	14 —
Etáwal	9 —	8 12	11 —	11 8	3 —	3 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	10 —	...
Farnkhábad	8 8	9 2	10 3	11 8	3 7	3 12	6 13	6 12	13 —	13 12	11 12	11 15
Mainpuri	8 8	8 8	10 8	10 8	4 8	5 —	7 —	8 —	10 —	12 —	11 —	10 8
Etah	9 —	9 8	11 4	11 8	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>												
Meerut	11 —	11 8	14 —	14 8	3 —	3 —	6 12	6 12	14 —	14 —	...	...
Agra	10 —	9 8	11 8	11 8	3 —	3 —	5 —	7 —	12 —	13 —	11 9	12 —
Muttra	9 —	9 8	11 —	12 8	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 —	11 8	13 4	10 —	13 —
Aligarh	10 —	10 —	11 8	12 —	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 —	12 —	13 —	11 8	11 8
Bulandshahr	10 —	10 8	13 —	13 8	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Submontane, east—</i>												
Ballia	10 11	11 1	15 9	15 15	5 3	5 3	7 2	7 2	16 4	...	13 —	13 —
Azamgarh	11 —	11 12	16 —	16 8	5 4	5 4	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	10 13	10 13	16 4	16 14	7 2	7 2	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Hasti	11 8	12 8	16 —	17 —	5 —	5 —	9 8	9 4	...	...	...	...

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
Bengal—continued												
Western—												
...	11 8	11 —	...	...	8 12	9 —	20 —	20 —	Bankura
...	12 —	12 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	20 —	Burdwan
...	11 4	11 —	...	...	7 2	7 —	18 —	18 —	Birbhum
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	20 —	20 —	Midnapur
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Murshidabad
Northern—												
...	13 8	13 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	18 2	18 2	Pahna
...	13 —	13 —	15 —	...	8 4	8 4	16 —	16 —	Rajshahi
...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Malda
...	7 14	7 2	19 8	19 8	Bogra
...	9 8	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Jalpaiguri
...	10 13	10 13	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Dinajpur
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Rangpur
8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 —	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Hills— Darjeeling
Bihar and Orissa—												
Bihar, north—												
...	12 —	12 —	13 —	14 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Purnea
...	12 10	12 10	15 —	13 12	8 14	8 14	19 —	19 —	Bhagalpur
15 8	16 8	...	...	13 2	13 3	14 3	14 5	9 14	9 14	17 9	17 9	Darbhanga
...	13 —	13 —	14 —	14 —	9 —	9 —	19 —	19 —	Muzaffarpur
15 —	15 —	8 —	6 —	14 —	14 —	15 —	15 —	10 —	10 8	19 8	20 —	Saran
18 —	14 —	13 —	17 —	14 —	8 8	10 —	18 —	18 —	Champaran
Bihar, south—												
...	11 —	11 —	13 —	16 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Santhal Parganas
...	14 8	14 12	16 —	17 —	9 —	8 10	18 14	18 14	Monghyr
...	18 —	12 —	12 —	13 8	13 8	13 —	13 —	9 8	10 —	17 8	17 8	Gaya
...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	Patna
...	14 —	14 —	14 —	14 —	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Shahabad
Chota Nagpur—												
...	10 12	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Singbhum
...	11 8	11 8	14 —	16 —	8 8	8 8	17 —	16 —	Mandla
23 —	20 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	14 —	16 —	5 8 to 8 4	6 — to 6 8	16 —	16 —	Ranchi
...	15 3	12 15	16 14	20 4	9 —	10 2	18 9	18 9	Palamu
17 —	16 —	...	...	11 8	12 —	13 —	16 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	18 —	Hazaribagh
Orissa—												
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	21 5	26 —	Puri
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 14	7 14	22 13	22 13	Cuttack
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Balasore
...	11 —	11 8	...	...	7 4	7 4	16 —	16 —	Sambalpur
United Provinces—												
(a) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
...	...	14 4	15 8	12 12	13 12	15 8	16 8	8 4	5 9	16 8	16 8	Mirzapur
...	...	15 11	15 11	13 —	13 9	16 4	16 4	8 6	8 11	16 5	16 9	Benares
...	...	11 14	12 3	13 12	15 —	15 11	15 15	10 5	10 5	17 4	17 4	Ghazipur
...	12 —	12 6	16 5	16 14	9 8	9 5	17 7	17 7	Jaunpur
...	13 —	15 2	...	...	8 8	8 14	19 —	19 —	Allahabad
Central—												
...	12 12	12 12	...	...	9 8	9 8	18 —	18 —	Banda
...	11 8	11 —	...	...	8 4	9 —	18 —	18 —	Fatehpur
...	11 8	11 —	...	...	8 4	9 —	17 —	17 —	Hamirpur
...	11 8	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	19 —	...	Jalaun
...	...	16 —	16 —	12 —	11 12	13 4	12 8	9 8	9 8	22 —	22 —	Cawnpore
9 6	11 12	14 —	13 12	14 14	8 —	8 1	20 —	20 —	Jhansi
...	11 8	11 8	11 —	...	13 4	13 8	19 8	19 8	Etawah
...	10 2	10 7	11 —	11 15	8 3	9 2	20 2	20 2	Farrukhabad
...	11 —	11 —	11 8	13 —	8 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Mainpuri
...	11 4	11 4	11 8	12 —	8 8	9 —	18 —	20 —	Etah
Western—												
...	15 —	13 4	13 4	14 —	10 —	10 8	22 8	22 8	Meerut
...	11 8	11 8	12 —	12 —	10 —	8 —	23 —	23 8	Agra
...	11 12	12 12	...	...	9 4	9 4	21 8	21 8	Muttra
...	...	6 —	8 —	11 8	12 4	13 —	12 —	8 —	10 —	21 —	22 —	Aligarh
...	12 2	12 4	12 8	13 —	9 8	10 —	20 —	20 —	Bulandshahr
Submontane, east—												
...	14 5	14 4	15 9	16 4	10 11	10 11	16 4	16 4	Ballia
...	13 —	13 8	...	...	9 8	9 8	17 —	17 —	Azamgarh
...	...	16 —	13 3	13 4	14 6	17 —	17 —	9 10	10 —	17 13	17 9	Gorakhpur
...	13 —	15 —	18 —	16 —	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	Basti

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CHUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
United Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
(a) AGRA— <i>continued</i>												
<i>Submontane, west—</i>												
Shahjahanpur	10 —	10 8	14 —	15 —	3 —	3 —	7 —	7 —	12 8	12 —	15 —	14 —
Budaun	9 6	10 —	13 2	14 12	3 8	3 12	5 8	6 4	12 —	14 —	12 —	14 —
Pilibit	9 4	9 8	13 —	13 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	—	—
Bareilly	10 8	10 8	14 6	15 8	3 12	4 —	6 9	7 2	14 6	—	15 —	—
Moradabad	10 2	9 6	13 14	13 14	3 2	3 3	6 4	7 14	—	—	—	—
Bijnor	10 4	10 2	14 —	14 1	3 8	3 8	7 —	6 —	—	—	—	—
Muzaffarnagar	11 4	11 4	14 5	15 6	3 —	3 —	7 2	7 2	16 8	16 8	11 8	11 —
Saharanpur	10 14	10 14	14 14	14 14	3 8	3 8	6 14	6 14	16 —	16 —	—	—
Dehra-Dun	9 4	10 10	15 —	16 4	3 —	3 —	7 8	7 —	14 —	15 —	13 —	13 —
<i>Hills—</i>												
Naini Tal	7 8	7 —	11 —	12 —	3 —	3 —	5 8	6 —	10 —	12 —	9 —	11 —
Almora	9 —	10 —	13 —	14 —	3 8	3 8	6 12	7 —	—	—	—	—
Garhwal	11 8	11 8	15 —	15 —	3 —	3 —	6 8	6 8	—	—	—	—
(b) OUDH—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Partabgarh	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	—	17 —	—	—
Sultanpur	11 8	12 —	17 —	16 4	5 —	5 —	9 4	9 4	—	—	—	—
Bac-Bareilly	10 5	10 10	14 8	15 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	8 5	14 8	16 —	14 8	16 —
Unao	9 2	9 2	11 10	12 8	5 8	5 8	8 4	8 4	—	13 —	—	13 —
Lucknow	10 —	10 4	13 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	7 4	8 —	14 —	18 —	—	17 8
Hardoi	10 —	10 —	13 8	14 —	3 —	3 —	7 —	7 —	—	—	13 8	12 8
<i>Northern—</i>												
Fyzabad	10 12	11 2	14 10	15 6	4 12	—	7 8	7 14	—	—	—	—
Barabanki	10 8	10 8	11 —	13 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	14 4	16 —	13 4	14 —
Gonda	10 4	10 14	13 12	14 8	4 12	4 12	7 4	7 4	15 —	15 —	16 —	16 —
Bahraich	11 4	11 8	15 8	17 —	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	17 —	17 —	14 8	14 8
Sitapur	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 8
Kheri	11 —	10 12	16 —	15 8	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	18 —	16 —
Rajputana—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mewar (Udaipur)	11 5	11 11	17 15	18 5	5 14	5 14	6 9	6 9	17 15	16 2	10 10	11 —
Ajmer	9 4	10 4	11 8	13 —	5 —	6 —	6 8	7 —	12 8	14 —	12 8	12 8
Kishangarh	9 8	10 —	12 8	13 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 8	11 —	11 8
Tonk	9 4	10 3	12 13	14 11	4 10	4 12	5 12	5 12	12 12	16 4	11 9	14 8
Jaipur*	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Karauli	9 1	10 —	11 4	12 13	5 —	5 10	6 9	6 14	—	—	9 11	11 4
Dholpur*	—	10 14½	—	14 15½	—	4 12	—	5 —	—	14 13	—	14 11½
Bharatpur	9 8	11 3	11 12	14 15	4 8	4 14	4 14	5 8	12 4	14 10	11 10	12 10
Alwar	10 2	10 15	12 4	13 11	5 4	5 4	6 12	6 12	12 12	14 11	11 8	12 14
Deoli	10 9½	10 6½	14 2	15 12½	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	14 12	15 8	12 —	12 —
Nasirabad	9 8	10 —	—	—	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	13 8	13 8	12 —	12 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Bikaner	9 8	9 8	13 8	13 —	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	12 8	12 —	9 8	10 —
Jaisalmer	9 1	9 —	—	—	5 1	5 1	5 10	5 10	11 5	11 13	11 5	11 13
Jodhpur	9 4 and 9 14	{ 9 8 and 10 1	12 12	} 13 —	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	12 8	12 13	{ 11 14 and 13 —	{ 11 4 and 12 8
Central India—												
Indore	12 —	12 4	14 4	16 —	7 —	7 —	7 12	8 —	16 3	18 —	14 10	13 8
Nimach	11 —	11 12	—	—	6 —	6 —	7 —	6 8	15 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Gwalior	10 —	10 6	—	—	4 8	4 8	5 12	5 8	—	—	—	—
Punjab—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Hissar	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	—	—	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	12 —	12 —
Ferozpur	12 —	12 8	15 —	15 —	—	—	7 4	7 4	—	—	—	—
<i>Central—</i>												
Lahore	11 4	10 12	16 8	16 —	—	—	8 —	7 12	15 8	14 —	12 8	12 8
Gujranwala	12 8	12 6	17 8	17 8	—	—	7 18	7 —	—	—	—	—
Gujrat	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	—	—	7 —	7 —	18 —	12 —	16 —	12 —
Jhelam	11 4	11 4	16 —	16 —	—	—	7 8	8 —	20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —

* Not reported yet

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
United Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
(a) AGRA— <i>continued</i>												
<i>Submontane, west—</i>												
...	...	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	10 8	19 —	19 —	Shahjahanpur
...	12 2	13 2	12 8	14 —	9 —	9 8	20 —	20 —	Budaun
...	11 8	11 —	12 —	12 —	8 12	9 8	20 —	20 —	Pilibit
...	12 8	12 12	13 2	13 —	10 8	11 4	21 —	21 —	Bareilly
...	12 12	12 12	13 14	12 12	9 10	9 10	20 10	20 10	Moradabad
...	12 4	12 6	...	...	8 12	10 —	19 —	19 —	Bijnor
...	13 3	13 3	15 6	15 6	6 10	7 2	20 14	20 14	Muzaffarnagar
...	13 —	13 —	14 14	14 14	8 8	8 8	21 4	21 4	Saharanpur
15 —	15 —	...	...	12 —	13 8	...	16 8	10 —	10 8	16 —	16 —	Dehra-Dun
<i>Hills—</i>												
12 —	12 —	...	...	8 8	11 —	...	12 —	6 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	Naini Tal
18 —	18 —	16 —	16 —	9 4	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 —	12 —	Almora
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 —	10 —	Garhwal
(b) OUDH—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
...	14 —	14 —	17 —	...	8 8	9 —	20 —	20 —	Partabgarh
...	15 4	14 4	...	...	9 12	10 4	22 —	22 —	Sultanpur
19 —	19 8	14 —	16 —	14 8	15 4	14 —	14 —	10 —	10 8	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareilly
...	11 6	12 8	13 —	13 —	8 8	9 8	20 —	20 —	Unao
...	19 —	12 8	13 8	15 —	20 —	9 8	10 —	18 —	19 —	Lucknow
...	11 8	12 8	...	...	8 8	9 —	19 —	19 —	Hardoi
<i>Northern—</i>												
...	...	12 8	13 8	12 12	13 12	16 —	18 4	8 12	9 6	19 —	19 —	Fyzabad
...	...	12 —	12 —	11 12	12 8	15 —	14 —	9 —	10 —	18 —	19 —	Barabanki
12 —	12 —	11 —	10 —	13 4	13 12	16 8	16 8	9 14	9 12	18 —	18 —	Gonda
...	...	12 4	11 8	14 4	15 —	18 —	17 —	10 8½	11 —	18 —	18 —	Bahraich
9 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	13 8	14 —	16 —	15 —	10 —	10 8	20 —	20 —	Sitapur
24 —	24 —	12 —	12 —	12 8	13 8	18 —	18 —	10 4	11 —	18 —	18 —	Kheri
Rajputana—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
...	...	12 1	12 1	12 1	12 5	17 15	19 1	8 1	8 1	18 5	18 5	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	6 8	6 8	11 —	13 —	13 —	14 —	9 8	10 8	24 —	24 —	Ajmer
...	12 —	13 —	...	12 8	...	...	25 —	25 —	Kishangarh
...	11 9	12 13	11 —	14 8	...	...	20 13	21 6	Tonk
...	Jaipur
...	11 4	13 2	...	...	10 15	12 8	21 4	21 4	Karauli
...	10 12½	...	15 4½	...	...	...	10 3½	...	21 15	Dholpur
...	...	8 —	9 —	12 10	14 10	11 13	15 5	9 —	10 6	22 —	22 —	Bharatpur
...	...	9 8	9 11	12 14	14 8	12 —	13 7	13 —	17 10	25 4	25 4	Alwar
...	12 8	13 11½	15 8	15 8	8 —	8 —	22 14	22 14	Deoli
...	12 —	13 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	25 —	25 —	Nasirabad
<i>Western—</i>												
...	13 —	11 12	...	...	7 8	7 8	22 —	22 —	Bikaner
...	9 1	10 2	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Jaisalmer
...	24 —	24 —	
...	12 —	14 5	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 5	16 5	Jodhpur
Central India—												
...	14 7	15 —	16 8	18 8	8 12	8 12	20 8	20 —	Indore
...	12 4	13 —	...	...	8 4	8 4	22 —	22 —	Nimach
...	...	8 —	8 —	12 —	16 —	...	...	9 8	12 —	20 —	19 —	Gwalior
Punjab—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
...	14 8	14 8	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Hissar
...	15 —	16 8	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Ferozpur
<i>Central—</i>												
...	...	10 8	10 8	15 —	14 4	15 —	15 —	7 8	7 8	24 —	24 —	Lahore
...	16 —	15 12	15 8	15 8	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujranwala
...	14 8	15 —	16 —	13 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujrat
...	15 —	15 —	15 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	28 —	28 —	Jhelam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoidesum)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
Punjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	10 —	10 —	13 8	14 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	14 —	15 —	13 —	13 8
Delhi	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 8	3 —	3 —	5 12	5 12	14 —	15 —	12 —	12 8
Rohtak	10 —	10 12	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	14 —	14 —	13 —	13 —
Karnal	11 8	11 12	15 8	15 8	...	...	6 —	6 8	18 —	...	...	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	11 8	11 12	16 8	16 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 8	19 —	10 12	11 12
Ludhiana	11 8	11 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 —	10 8	11 —
Jullundur	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	17 —	12 —	12 —
Hoshiarpur	12 12	12 12	16 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	17 —	8 —	10 —
Gurdaspur	14 —	14 —	16 8	16 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	...	...
Amritsar	13 —	12 8	16 8	16 8	...	...	7 8	7 4	18 —	17 —	12 —	11 8
Sialkot	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	17 —	...	...
Hills—												
Simla	10 —	9 13	15 —	15 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	11 8	11 —
Kangra	12 —	11 —	18 8	18 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Rawalpindi	11 —	11 8	16 —	17 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —
Attock	10 12	10 12	16 —	15 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	13 6	13 8	12 —	12 —
Western—												
Shahpur	14 12	14 12	18 —	18 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Jhang	13 —	13 —	16 8	16 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	21 —	21 —	11 —	11 —
Lyallpur	13 —	12 8	17 4	16 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Multan	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	20 —	19 8	14 8	14 8
Montgomery	11 15	11 13	15 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	10 —	10 —
Muzaffargarh	12 —	12 —	14 8	14 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 8	...	...
Dera Ghazi Khan	11 8	11 10	13 12	13 8	...	...	9 —	9 8	20 —	18 —	17 —	13 8
N. W. F. Province—												
Hazara	9 8	9 4	14 6	14 6	3 9	3 9	6 5	6	...	...	9 13	9 13
Peshawar	10 —	10 —	15 —	16 —	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 3	20 —	20 —	12 —	12 —
Kohat	10 14	10 14	14 6	14 6	4 13	4 13	7 12	7 12	12 12	12 12	14 8	12 2
Bannu	12 8	13 4	18 7	20 —	4 6	4 6	8 2	8 2	16 4	12 8	15 —	13 12
Dera Ismael Khan	10 15	11 4	14 12	15 —	3 12	3 12	6 —	5 12	20 —	18 12	15 —	15 —
Tochi	14 8	14 8	23 4	23 4	...	...	8 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Kurram	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Wano	9 9	9 6	10 10	10 11	3 4	3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	9 —	9 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	12 —	13 —
Hyderabad	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 8	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	13 —	13 —
Thar and Parkar (Mirpur Khas)	10 8	10 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	14 —	14 —	13 8	13 8
Shikarpur	11 8	11 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 —	15 —	14 —
Upper Sind Frontier	11 —	11 4	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	16 —	16 —
Quetta	10 —	10 —	12 9	13 —	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	12 9	12 12	10 11	10 11
to to	10 11	10 11										
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	6 13	6 13	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 6	8 6	9 10	10 9	8 12	8 12
Ratnagiri	6 12	6 12	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 13	7 13	8 7	8 7	9 15	9 15
Alibag	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 5	6 5	7 3	7 3	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	7 13	7 13	...	...	5 2	5 2	7 13	7 13	8 9	9 13	10 10	10 10
Thanna	8 12	8 12	...	...	5 6	5 6	6 9	6 9	10 3	10 3	10 12	10 12
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	9 13	9 13	...	...	7 6	7 6	7 13	7 13	12 5	12 5	10 10	10 10
Belgaum	8 11	8 11	...	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	11 7	11 7	12 7	12 7
Satara	7 1	7 12	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 1	6 6	12 —	12 11	10 11	11 6
Sholapur	8 4	7 6	...	...	6 10	6 10	7 12	7 —	12 14	11 15	12 7	11 9
Bijapur	8 7	8 7	...	...	5 6	5 6	7 1	7 1	11 —	11 6	10 15	11 5
Poona	8 2	8 2	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 6	6 6	10 3	10 13	10 8	10 8
Khandesh and N.-E.												
Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	9 9	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 10	6 10	11 —	11 —	10 8	10 8
Nasik	10 9	10 9	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 11	6 11	...	...	10 15	10 15
Dhulia	10 4	10 4	...	...	6 2	6 2	6 6	6 6	12 8	12 8	12 15	12 15
Jalgaon	9 10	9 9	...	...	5 15	5 13	6 9	6 8	12 3	12 9	11 4	11 4
Gujarat—												
Surat	9 8	9 8	...	...	5 6	5 6	8 3	8 3	11 9	11 9	10 10	10 10
Broach	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	12 12	12 12	11 —	11 —
Kaira	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	12 8	12 8	11 —	11 —
Baroda	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	11 8	11 8	10 —	10 —
Ahmadabad	9 8	10 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 8	12 8	12 8	10 8	11 —
Godhra	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	12 8	12 —
Disa	10 4	10 12	...	...	4 12	4 12	5 4	5 4	13 12	14 —	12 8	13 8
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	13 —	13 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 —
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	10 8	11 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	6 11	6 11	12 3	12 13	...	...
Hoshangabad	12 —	12 —	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	...	...	...	...
Betul	12 —	13 6	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara	11 7	13 6	...	...	5 11	6 2	7 10	9 5	12 11	12 11	...	...
Nagpur	10 3	10 14	...	...	5 3	5 3	9 2	9 2	12 11	12 11	...	...
Wardha	9 11	10 8	...	...	4 7	5 7	8 15	9 4	11 1	12 11	...	...

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee.]

MAHUA OR BARI (<i>Broussonetia</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria</i> <i>italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Oryza</i> <i>aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS.
Half month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	14 —	13.12	11 —	11 —	9 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Punjab—continued
...	13 —	18 —	12 8	12 8	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	South-eastern—
...	14 —	14 4	...	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	20 —	Gurgaon
...	14 8	15 —	15 —	...	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Delhi
17 8	19 8	14 12	15 12	14 4	14 12	16 8	21 —	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Rohtak
...	...	8 —	8 —	14 8	18 12	16 —	16 —	8 8	8 8	25 8	25 8	Karnal
...	...	9 —	10 —	14 4	14 8	17 —	18 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Submontane—
...	14 —	14 —	17 —	16 8	...	...	24 —	23 —	Ambala
...	...	8 —	8 —	14 8	14 8	16 —	14 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ludhiana
...	...	18 8	14 —	14 4	14 —	...	...	9 —	9 12	26 8	26 8	Jullundur
...	14 —	14 8	16 —	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Hoshiarpur
...	11 —	11 4	15 —	16 1	6 8	6 4	17 —	17 —	Gurdaspur
...	11 —	11 8	...	...	8 —	10 —	13 —	17 —	Amritsar
...	...	18 —	13 —	14 4	15 —	14 8	15 —	7 —	7 —	27 —	27 —	Siakhot
...	14 —	15 —	18 8	13 8	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Hills—
...	15 8	16 —	14 —	14 —	9 —	9 —	23 —	23 —	Simla
17 —	17 —	17 —	17 —	15 —	14 12	20 —	19 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Kangra
...	15 —	15 —	19 —	...	9 —	9 —	24 —	24 —	Northern—
...	...	12 —	10 8	13 12	13 12	12 4	11 12	...	...	24 8	24 8	Rawalpindi
...	15 2	15 4	14 —	12 —	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Attock
...	14 4	14 4	12 —	13 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Western—
...	12 8	13 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	23 —	22 8	Shahpur
...	11 4	11 8	12 —	11 8	...	...	19 —	19 —	Jhang
...	...	14 —	13 —	14 —	14 —	13 —	12 —	11 —	11 —	26 —	26 —	Lyallpur
...	13 8	14 6	12 12	11 7	...	...	23 1	28 1	Multan
...	15 15	15 15	16 4	15 10	...	...	30 —	30 —	Montgomery
...	14 11	14 11	12 8	12 8	...	...	27 8	27 8	Muzaffargarh
...	15 12	15 12	...	...	20 —	20 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	9 —	9 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	19 —	19 —	N. W. F. Province—
...	12 8	12 8	14 —	14 —	...	...	18 —	18 —	Hazara
...	Peshawar
...	Kohat
...	Bannu
...	Dera Ismael Khan
...	Toohi
...	Kurram
...	Malakand
...	Wano
...	11 8	12 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	25 —	25 —	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	11 —	11 4	...	...	...	...	20 —	21 —	Karachi
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Hyderabad
...	12 8	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	22 —	22 —	Thar and Parkar
...	12 8	13 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	16 —	16 —	(Mirpur Khas)
...	10 12	11 31	11 7	11 7	6 51	6 7	16 —	16 —	Shikarpur
...	9 8	10 7	...	...	7 2	7 2	20 10	20 10	Upper Sind Frontier
12 8	12 8	...	...	10 5	10 5	...	...	6 12	6 12	20 13	20 13	Quetta
9 6	9 6	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 3	7 3	22 6	22 6	Bombay—
9 —	9 —	...	...	10 —	10 10	...	...	7 10	7 10	16 13	16 13	Konkan—
10 8	10 8	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	21 11	21 11	Karwar
...	9 9	10 —	...	...	7 5	7 5	19 8	19 8	Ratnagiri
13 8	13 8	...	...	10 6	10 14	...	...	6 12	6 12	19 8	19 8	Alibag
...	11 6	12 2	...	...	8 8	8 13	15 7	15 7	Bombay
...	10 10	11 5	...	...	7 13	6 15	18 —	16 —	Thanna
...	10 14	10 14	...	...	7 14	7 14	20 8	20 8	Deccan and Karnatik—
...	10 5	11 8	...	...	6 14	6 14	17 13	17 13	Dharwar
...	9 14	12 —	...	...	7 11	7 11	16 2	16 2	Belgaum
14 4	14 4	...	...	12 11	12 11	...	...	8 2	8 2	21 —	21 —	Satara
...	12 10	12 10	...	...	8 11	8 11	18 14	18 14	Sholapur
...	12 1	13 5	...	...	7 14	7 14	19 8	19 5	Bijapur
...	10 14	10 14	...	...	7 10	7 10	26 13	26 13	Poona
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	24 9	24 9	Khandesh and N.E.
12 8	12 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	26 8	26 8	Deccan—
...	12 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	26 8	26 8	Ahmadnagar
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	26 8	26 8	Nasik
...	10 8	10 13	...	...	6 8	6 8	25 —	25 —	Dhulia
...	10 8	12 8	...	...	7 4	7 4	90 —	90 —	Jalgaon
...	12 15	13 10	...	...	8 8	8 8	18 11	17 4	Gujarat—
...	14 7	14 7	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Surat
...	15 1	15 2	...	...	9 1	9 1	10 11	13 —	Broach
...	12 11	15 3	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 —	16 —	Kaira
...	11 14	13 1	...	...	7 15	8 9	16 —	16 —	Baroda
...	10 —	12 2	...	...	9 1	9 8	17 —	16 12	Ahmadabad
...	Godhra
...	Dias
...	Kathianwar—
...	Rajkot
...	Central Provinces—
...	Western—
...	Nimar
...	Hoshangabad
...	Betul
...	Chhindwara
...	Nagpur
...	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1913—concluded

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR GURBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Central Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur . . .	10 5	11 1	...	...	4 8	4 13	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Saugor . . .	11 4	11 —	...	...	4 8	5 —	6 8	6 12	...	...	...	...
Damoh . . .	11 1	11 15	...	...	4 12	5 6	7 1	6 2	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore . . .	10 8	11 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Mandla . . .	10 4	11 11	...	...	5 1	6 1	7 1	8 2	...	...	...	...
Seoni . . .	12 —	12 —	...	...	5 13	6 6	8 12	9 2	...	...	...	...
Balaghāt . . .	8 9	10 3	...	...	5 7	5 7	8 7	8 7	...	...	...	...
Bhandāra . . .	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 4	6 4	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Chānda . . .	8 12	9 14	...	...	4 13	4 13	8 2	9 1	12 14	12 14	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilāspur . . .	9 14	9 14	...	...	7 2	6 7	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Raipur . . .	10 8	11 4	...	...	6 8	6 12	10 —	9 12	...	...	...	...
Drug . . .	11 8	11 8	...	...	9 2	9 2	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana . . .	9 10	9 10	...	...	4 12	4 12	5 15	6 12	13 12	15 2	...	...
Akola . . .	9 4	10 5	...	...	5 —	5 6	7 7	8 —	15 —	13 1	...	...
Amrāoti . . .	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	14 —	14 —	...	...
Yotmal . . .	9 11	9 11	...	...	4 6	4 6	8 11	8 11	16 —	16 —	...	...
Hyderabad—												
Secunderabad . . .	7 —	7 —	11 10	9 6	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	11 6	11 7	10 8	9 11
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 7	...	...	...	...
South, Central—												
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	12 3	12 3	10 15	10 15
Nilgiris . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	...	...	...	...
Salem . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 6	5 6	9 13	10 3	8 14	8 9
Central—												
Bellary . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 4	13 4	...	...
Anantapur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 14	6 10	13 4	13 —	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	12 9	12 9	...	...
Karnul . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 9	12 12	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 7	...	...	6 2	16 12
Godāvari . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 9	7 9	13 12	13 12	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	10 13	10 13	...	...
Guntur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	12 9	12 9	12 —	12 —
Nellore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	12 8	12 8	11 8	11 —
East Coast, south—												
Madras . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 13	6 15	...	...	...	...
Chingleput . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 9	6 9	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	9 9	8 15
Tanjore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 13	6 13	...	...	10 15	10 15
Trichinopoly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	11 —	11 —	11 10	11 10
Southern—												
Tinnevely . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 7	13 —	13 5	11 10	11 10
Madura . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	11 12	11 12	10 15	10 15
Mysore—												
Mysore . . .	6 8	6 8	5 8	5 8	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Bangalore . . .	6 8	6 8	5 12	5 12	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	10 —	10 —	...	...
Coorg—												
Coorg . . .	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	8 12	8 8	...	...	...	...
Aden . . .	7 —	7 2	...	...	4 —	4 3	5 1	4 15	9 5	8 14	9 5	8 11

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee.]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Elousine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Oicer arietinum</i>)		MAISE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARRAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS.
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	...	...	14 7	16 —	...	...	10 5	10 5	16 —	16 —	Central Provinces —continued
...	...	...	...	13 —	14 8	...	...	8 —	7 —	19 —	19 7	Central—
...	...	...	...	13 14	14 11	...	...	7 2	7 2	16 —	16 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	13 —	14 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Saugor
...	...	...	...	14 7	16 6	...	...	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	13 11	15 —	...	...	7 2	7 2	16 —	16 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	11 14	13 1	...	...	6 5	6 5	15 12	15 12	Mandla
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	6 4	6 4	16 13	16 13	Seoni
...	...	...	...	10 12	11 14	...	...	8 11	8 11	18 —	18 —	Balaghat
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhandara
...	...	...	...	10 11	9 14	...	...	7 2	7 2	12 13	12 13	Chanda
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 12	...	...	7 8	7 8	17 —	17 —	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	11 12	11 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	17 —	17 —	Bilaspur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Raipur
...	...	...	...	12 13	11 3	...	...	9 6	8 12	16 —	16 —	Drug
...	...	...	...	11 —	12 1	...	...	8 —	8 1	16 —	16 —	Berar—
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	...	9 3	9 4	17 2	17 2	Buldana
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	9 2	9 2	16 —	16 —	Akola
13 4	12 2	...	...	10 8	10 14	...	...	11 9	11 3	14 —	14 —	Amratoti
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Yotmal
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hyderabad—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Secunderabad
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 9	19 4	Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 12	19 3	Malabar
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	S. Canara
12 3	12 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	South, central—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 8	16 6	Coimbatore
13 9	13 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 9	16 9	Nilgiris
13 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 15	19 15	Salem
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 12	20 12	Central—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 2	16 10	Bellary
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22 14	21 —	Anantapur
13 10	13 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Cuddapah
12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Karnul
12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	East Coast, north—
10 13	10 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 6	26 6	Ganjam
13 6	13 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28 13	28 13	Vizagapatam
11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 5	27 11	Godavari
10 10	10 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	East Coast, central—
12 3	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 2	23 2	Kistna
11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22 12	23 13	Guntur
12 15	12 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 7	22 2	Nellore
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 1	22 1	East Coast, south—
13 4	13 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 3	23 7	Madras
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 13	23 13	Chingleput
15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 8	16 8	N. Arcot
14 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	18 —	18 —	S. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tanjore
16 8	16 —	...	...	11 8	11 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	9 12	3	...	...	8 —	8 5	32 —	32 —	South-east—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tinnevely
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madura
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Aden

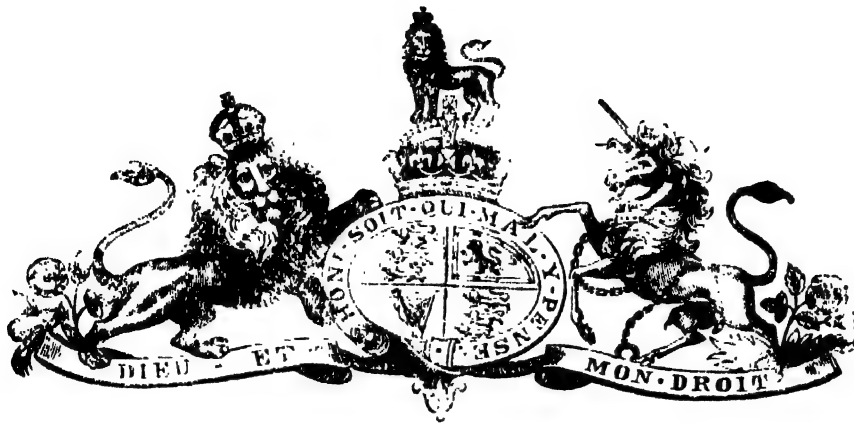
FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,

Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, November 22, 1913



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 48.} DELHI, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th November 1913.

No. 60.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon^{ble} Mr. Arthur Leslie Saunders, C.S.I., I.C.S., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

No. 61.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. Reginald Childers Culling Carr, I.C.S., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

W. H. VINCENT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 24th November 1913.

No. 2616.—Mr. J. Sanders has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 1st September 1913.

The 27th November 1913.

No. 2634.—Mr. A. Meredith, C.S.I., has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 14th September 1913.

JUDICIAL.

The 21st November 1913.

No. 42-C.—His Majesty the King-Emperor has been pleased to appoint Asutosh Chaudhuri, Esq., Barrister-at Law, at present acting as an Additional Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, to be a Judge of that Court, with effect from the 15th November 1913, *vice* the Hon'ble Justice Sir Richard Harington, Bart., resigned.

No. 43-C.—In pursuance of section 3 of the Indian High Courts Act, 1911 (1 and 2 Geo. 5, Cap. 18), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. B. K. Mullick, Indian Civil Service, to act as an Additional Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in the vacancy caused by the confirmation of the Hon'ble Mr. Asutosh Chaudhuri as a Judge of the said Court, with effect from the date on which he takes his seat in that Court.

MEDICAL.

Simla, the 20th November 1913.

No. 1029.—Major H. J. Walton, M.D., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., is appointed to be Professor of Pathology at King George's Medical College, Lucknow, with effect from the 1st September 1913.

PUBLIC.

Delhi the 29th November 1913.

No. 150-C.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 9 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Council of the Governor General shall assemble at Delhi.

LISTING OF TWO OUT OF THE FOUR APPOINTMENTS OF SUPERINTENDENT OF LAND RECORDS AND REGISTRATION IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY INCLUDING SIND, AS OPEN TO THE MEMBERS OF THE PROVINCIAL CIVIL SERVICE.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 24th November 1913.

RESOLUTION.

Nos. 59-C. — 62-C.—With the approval of the Secretary of State, the Governor General in Council is pleased to announce that one of the three appointments of Superintendent of Land Records and Registration in the Bombay Presidency and a similar appointment in Sind, which are ordinarily reserved for members of the Indian Civil Service, shall be included in the list of appointments open to members of the Provincial Civil Service in that Presidency (including Sind). His Excellency in Council is also pleased to declare, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, that officers of the Provincial Civil Service when appointed to these posts, shall draw the pay and allowances of their grade in addition to a special allowance of Rs. 100 a month.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Government of Bombay, the Finance Department and the Department of Revenue and Agriculture for information, and that it be published in the *Gazette of India*.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

(SANITARY.)

Simla, the 26th November 1913.

No. 1795.—The services of Major R. McCarrison, M.D., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Foreign Department with effect from the 1st February 1914 or any subsequent date on which he makes over charge of his special duty on the goitre inquiry.

No. 1799.—Major S. R. Christophers, I.M.S., is appointed to act as Director, Central Research Institute, Kasauli, with effect from the 6th November 1913, during the absence on deputation of Major W. F. Harvey, I.M.S., or until further orders.

Delhi, the 26th November 1913.

No. 1800.—Major W. G. Liston, M.A., C.I.E., I.M.S., is reverted to his substantive appointment of Director of the Bombay Bacteriological Laboratory with retrospective effect from the 1st April 1913. He is appointed to act as Senior Member of the Plague Research Commission in addition to his own duties with effect from that date and until further orders.

L. C. P. RTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

(FORESTS.)

Delhi, the 28th November 1913.

No. 6-C.—On return from privilege leave, Mr. J. Copeland, Conservator, 1st grade, resumed charge of the Office of Conservator of Forests, Punjab and North-West Frontier Province, on the forenoon of 30th October 1913, the date on which he relieved Mr. W. Mayes, Officiating Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade.

From the same date Mr. W. Mayes reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Conservator of Forests on the Punjab cadre.

No. 7-C. On return from privilege leave Mr. H. H. Forteath, Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, sub. *pro. tem.*, resumed charge of the Northern Circle, Central Provinces, on the forenoon of 21st November 1913, the date on which he relieved Mr. S. L. Kenny, Officiating Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade.

From the same date Mr. S. L. Kenny reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Conservator of Forests on the Central Provinces cadre.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Delhi, the 28th November 1913.

No. 1513-F. E.—Mr. W. D. Woollam has been placed on special duty with effect from the 17th November 1913.

No. 1514-F. E.—Mr. E. D. Chanter has been posted as Deputy Accountant-General, Burma, with effect from the 27th October 1913.

No. 1515-F. E.—Mr. P. G. Jacob, Assistant Comptroller-General, in charge, Paper Currency, Calcutta, has been granted privilege leave for 3 months and in continuation furlough for 9 months with effect from the 7th November 1913.

No. 1516-F. E.—Mr. P. N. Mukherjee, Chief Superintendent, has been posted to the office of the Comptroller and Auditor-General with effect from the 12th November 1913.

Mr. A. G. Hein, Chief Accountant, has been posted as Assistant Audit Officer, Delhi Province, with effect from the 19th November 1913.

No. 1517-F. E.—Mr. J. J. Latta has been posted as Assistant Accountant-General, Bengal, with effect from the 17th November 1913.

No. 1518-F. E.—Mr. A. Aukim, Chief Superintendent, office of the Accountant-General, Burma, has been granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 6th November 1913.

No. 1519-F. E.—Mr. V. C. French has been appointed to officiate as Deputy Auditor-General with effect from the 30th October 1913 and until further orders.

No. 1520-F. E.—Mr. L. J. W. Worgan, Comptroller, Assam, has been granted privilege leave for 3 months and in continuation special leave on urgent private affairs for 3 months with effect from the 27th October 1913.

Mr. J. Davidson was appointed to officiate as Comptroller, Assam, from the 27th October to the 10th November 1913.

Mr. P. C. Bhattacharyya, a Superintendent in the office of the Comptroller, Assam, was appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office for the same period.

No. 1522-F. E.—Mr. W. A. T. Carnduff has been appointed to act as Comptroller, Assam, with effect from the 11th November 1913 and until further orders.

J. B. BRUNYATE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Dated Simla, the 17th November 1913.

No. 3623-I.B.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 25, sub-section (I), of the Cantonment Act of 1910, XV of 1910, as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad by the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 582-I B., dated the 22nd March 1913, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that on and with effect from the 1st December 1913, the Cantonment Code of 1912 in force in British India shall be in force in the Cantonment of Secunderabad, in the restricted and modified form hereinafter set forth below :

2. The Secunderabad Cantonment Code of 1903, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3776-I.B., dated the 14th August 1903, as subsequently amended, is hereby rescinded.

But committees constituted, appointments, orders, bye-laws and requisitions made, notifications, notices and summonses issued, and licenses granted under the said Code, shall be deemed to have been respectively constituted, made, issued and granted, under the rules and applied enactments hereby directed to be in force.

SECUNDERABAD CANTONMENT CODE, 1913.

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SCHEDULE VI.—Forms of leases of land.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short Title.

Short Title.

1. These rules and applied enactments may be called the Secunderabad Cantonment Code of 1913.

*General Definitions.**

Definitions.

2. (1) In this Code, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "Accountant-General" means the Accountant-General, Madras :
- (b) "bazar" means any land in the cantonment which has been set apart for the purposes of trade or the residence of natives or any other purpose, and the boundaries of which have been demarcated by pillars or posts and specified by, or under the authority of, the Resident at Hyderabad, in *Residency Orders* :
- (c) * * * * *
- (cc) "Division" means the 9th Secunderabad Division.
- (d) "dairy" includes every farm, shed, milk-store, milk-shop or other place from which milk is supplied, or in which milk is kept for purposes of sale :
- (e) "dairyman" includes the keeper of a cow, buffalo, goat, ass or other animal, the milk of which is offered, or intended to be offered, for sale for human consumption, any purveyor of milk and any occupier of a dairy :
- (f) "Executive Engineer" means the Officer in immediate executive engineering charge of the cantonment :
- (g) "Officer Commanding the Division" means the Officer Commanding the 9th Secunderabad Division :
- (h) "infectious or contagious disorder" includes cholera, plague, leprosy, enteric fever and every infectious or contagious disorder other than a venereal disease :
- (i) "keeper of a sarai" includes the owner of a sarai, any person having the care or management of a sarai and the lessee of any land, whether belonging to the Government or not, occupied by a sarai :
- (j) "lessee" means a person who has been granted permission, whether before or after the commencement of this Code, to occupy for the purposes of a building site, land belonging to the Government in the cantonment, and includes the successors in interest of a lessee :
- (k) "licensed market" means a private market licensed by the cantonment authority :
- (l) "licensed slaughter-house" means a private slaughter-house licensed by the cantonment authority :
- (m) "market" means a place in the cantonment where persons periodically assemble for purposes of selling any articles of food for human consumption :
- (n) "notification" means a notification in the Hyderabad *Residency Orders* :
- (o) "notified" means published by notification :
- (oo) "Commanding Officer of the Cantonment" means the Senior Officer in Command of the Troops in the Secunderabad Cantonment :
- (p) "private market" means a market not maintained by the cantonment authority :
- (q) "private slaughter-house" means a slaughter-house not maintained by the cantonment authority :
- (r) "public market" means a market maintained by the cantonment authority :
- (s) "public slaughter-house" means a slaughter-house maintained by the cantonment authority :
- (t) "regimental bazar" means a bazar under the management of regimental authorities :
- (u) "Sanitary Officer" means the Health Officer of the Cantonment, or any Medical Officer appointed to perform the duties of the Sanitary Officer of the cantonment :
- (v) "sarai" means a building in the cantonment ordinarily used, whether wholly or in part, for the accommodation of native travellers :

* In addition to these definitions, the definitions in section 2 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad, apply and should be borne in mind—See section 20 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897), as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad. Further, the provisions of the latter Act are applicable.

- (w) "slaughter-house" means a place in the cantonment ordinarily used for the slaughter of animals for the purpose of selling the flesh for human consumption :
- (x) "source of public water-supply" includes every public well, tank, river, stream, spring, channel, reservoir or other source in the cantonment from which water is or may be made available for public use, whether or not it is used for the purposes of water-works, and also every source of water-supply situate on private premises to the use of which the public is entitled :
- (y) "street" includes any way, road, lane, square, court, alley, passage or open space in the cantonment, whether a thoroughfare or not and whether built upon or not, over which the public have a right of way, and also the road-way and footway over any bridge or causeway : and
- (z) "treasury" means the Government treasury or sub-treasury, or the bank or place prescribed by or under section 20 of the Cantonments Act, 1910, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad, for the custody of the cantonment fund of the cantonment.
- (2) Where any question arises as to whether a building is or is not a sarai, or a place is or is not a slaughter-house, it shall be decided by the cantonment authority ; and the decision of the cantonment authority thereon shall be final and conclusive.

CHAPTER II.

CANTONMENT COMMITTEES AND CONTROL.

Constitution.

- Ordinary members of the Cantonment Committee. 3. (1) The Cantonment Committee, Secunderabad, shall ordinarily consist of the following members, namely :—
- a Combatant Officer appointed by name in the Divisional Orders by the Officer Commanding the Division, or, failing such appointment, the Officer who would succeed to the Command of the Cantonment during the temporary absence of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment,
 - such Commanding Officers of units (including at least one from Bolaram), in the Cantonment as may be nominated in Station Orders to be members,
 - the Executive Engineer,
 - the District Superintendent of Police,
 - the Cantonment Magistrate,
 - the Medical Officer in charge of the Civil Hospital, Secunderabad,
 - the Sanitary Officer.
- (2) The Officer appointed under section 3 (1) (a) shall be the President, and the Cantonment Magistrate shall be the Secretary of the Committee.
- (3) If the President is absent from any meeting the next Senior Combatant Officer present shall preside on that occasion.
4. The Resident at Hyderabad may after consultation with the Officer Commanding the Division, by order in writing, appoint any residents of the Cantonment, whether officials or non-officials, to be additional members of the Cantonment Committee for such period as may be stated in the order and may similarly revoke any appointment so made.
- Additional members of cantonment committee.
- Cantonment Committee to discharge functions of Cantonment authority. 5. The Cantonment Committee shall discharge the functions of the cantonment authority under this Code.

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Meeting of the Cantonment Committee.

7. (1) The Cantonment Committee shall meet for the transaction of business once at least in every month, and at such other times as the President may direct.
- (2) The time and place of each meeting shall be announced in Station Orders, and shall be communicated to each member by a notice in writing issued by the Secretary.
- (3) Every notice issued under sub-section (2) shall,—
- unless the President in any case otherwise directs, be issued so as to reach each member three clear days before the meeting takes place ; and

(b) Be accompanied by an *agenda* paper specifying the business to be transacted at the meeting.

(4) The President may permit the consideration of any business not specified in the *agenda* paper as aforesaid unless a majority of the members require its postponement to a later meeting.

(5) The President may, by order in writing, adjourn any meeting to any date to be fixed by the order.

Six days' notice required in certain cases.

8. No business relating to the imposition, abolition or modification of any tax shall be transacted at a meeting unless at least six clear days' notice in writing of the date fixed therefor has been given.

Quorum.

9. No business shall be transacted at a meeting unless half the total number of members are present, in addition to the President.

10. (1) Minutes of the proceedings at each meeting shall be recorded in a book, shall be signed by the President, and shall, at such times and in such place as shall be fixed by the Cantonment Committee, be open, free of charge, to the inspection of any inhabitant of the cantonment.

(2) A copy of the minutes shall, as soon as possible after each meeting, be forwarded for the information of the Resident at Hyderabad and to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

11. Every meeting shall be open to the public, unless in any case the President, for reasons to be recorded in the minutes, otherwise directs.

Meetings to be public.

Decision by majority of votes.

12. (1) All questions coming before a meeting shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the members present and voting.

(2) In the case of an equality of votes, the President shall have a second or casting vote.

(3) The dissent of any member from any decision of the Cantonment Committee, with an abstract of the grounds therefor, shall, if the member so requests, be entered by the Secretary in the minutes.

Control.

13. (1) If the President dissents from any decision of the Cantonment Committee, he may, for reasons to be recorded in the minutes, by order in writing, direct the suspension of action thereon, for any period not exceeding one month, and, if he does so, he shall forthwith refer the matter to the Resident at Hyderabad, through the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

Provided that, before issuing orders on any reference made under this sub-section, the Resident shall consult the Officer Commanding the Division and shall also inform him of his decision, when given.

(2) If the Cantonment Magistrate considers any decision of the Cantonment Committee to be prejudicial to the public health, safety or convenience, he may for reasons to be recorded in the minutes and after giving notice in writing of his intention to the President, refer the matter to the Resident at Hyderabad, through the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment; and the President shall thereupon direct the suspension of action on the decision pending the disposal of the reference to the Resident, and shall forthwith report the matter to the Officer Commanding the Division through the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

(3) * * * * *

Controlling powers of Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

14. The Commanding Officer of the Cantonment may, by order in writing, —

(a) call for any book or document in the possession or under the control of the cantonment authority;

(b) require the cantonment authority to furnish such statements, accounts, reports and copies of documents relating to its proceedings or duties as he may think fit;

(c) require the cantonment authority to furnish plans and estimates for all works to be constructed out of the cantonment fund at a cost exceeding five hundred rupees, and to conform to such directions as he may think fit to give with respect to the superintending authority by whom such works shall be approved;

(d) direct that all estimates prepared under paragraph 30 (c) of the Code shall be subjected to the scrutiny of the Executive Engineer, who shall record his opinion thereon;

- (e) direct that any matter or any specific proposal, other than one which has been referred to the Resident at Hyderabad under section 13, sub-section (2), be brought before the Cantonment Committee; and
- (f) direct the suspension of action on any decision of the Cantonment Committee for any period not exceeding one month and refer the matter to the Officer Commanding the Division.

Controlling powers of Officer Commanding the Division.

15. (1) The Officer Commanding the Division may, by order in writing,—

- (a) exercise any of the powers conferred by section 14, on the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment,
- (b) direct the suspension, for such period as may be stated in the order, of action on any decision of the Cantonment Committee which has not been reported to him under section 13, sub-section (2).

(2) The Officer Commanding the Division when directing suspension of action on any such decision shall forward a copy of his order of suspension to the Resident at Hyderabad, by whom, after consultation with the Officer Commanding the Division, final orders shall be passed.

16. When any decision of the Cantonment Committee has been referred to the Resident at Hyderabad under section 13, the Resident at Hyderabad shall consult the Officer Commanding the Division

Controlling powers of Resident.

after obtaining the opinion of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment and may then, by order in writing, either—

- (a) cancel the order given by the President directing the suspension of action; or
- (b) extend its duration for such period as may be stated in his order; or
- (c) direct that no action be taken on the decision; or
- (d) declare the modifications with which the decision may be carried into effect by the Cantonment Committee.

CHAPTER III.

THE CANTONMENT MAGISTRATE AND CANTONMENT SERVANTS.

Cantonment Magistrate.

17. (1) The Cantonment Magistrate shall be the executive officer of the cantonment authority, and all orders of the cantonment authority shall be issued through him.

Position and general duties of Cantonment Magistrate.

(2) The Cantonment Magistrate, as Secretary of the Cantonment Committee and as executive officer of the cantonment authority, shall be subordinate to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

(3) The Cantonment Magistrate shall see that all orders of the cantonment authority are duly obeyed.

(4) The Cantonment Magistrate shall, as far as practicable, keep a record of every final order issued by him in his official capacity.

Cantonment Servants.

18. (1) With the previous sanction of the Resident at Hyderabad, and subject to the provisions of sections 30 and 33 and to the control over the cantonment fund which is vested in the Resident at Hyderabad by section 21 of the Cantonments Act, 1910, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad, the cantonment authority shall fix the number and salaries of the servants to be employed by it.

XV of 1910.

Number and salaries of servants of cantonment authority.

(2) Every alteration in the number of such servants or in their salaries shall be subject to the sanction and control aforesaid:

Provided that temporary servants may, in cases of emergency, and if funds are available, be employed without such sanction for any period not exceeding three months, or with the sanction of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment for any period not exceeding six months.

19. The Cantonment Magistrate shall maintain such public register of menial servants employed by the cantonment authority as may be instituted by that authority.

Register of menial servants of cantonment authority.

Appointment and supervision of servants of cantonment authority.

20. The Cantonment Magistrate shall

- (a) appoint all servants required by the cantonment authority;
- (b) apportion, control and superintend the performance of the duties of all such servants;
- (c) disburse the salaries of all such servants; and

(d) deal with applications from such servants for leave of absence :

Provided that no person shall be appointed under this section who has been dismissed for misconduct from employment under any other cantonment or local authority, or any Department of the Government.

21. The Cantonment Magistrate may, for reasons to be recorded by him in writing, fine ;
Punishment of servants of cantonment authority. suspend dismiss or reduce to a lower grade or salary any servant of the cantonment authority :

Provided, first, that no fine so imposed shall exceed one week's salary of the servant fined :

Provided, secondly, that the Cantonment Magistrate shall submit to the cantonment authority a monthly list of all such fines, suspensions, dismissals and reductions.

Exception.—In the case of the conservancy establishments of Indian units the powers detailed in the two foregoing sections shall be exercised by the Officers Commanding such units.

22. Whoever obstructs or molests any person employed by the cantonment authority
Penalty for obstructing in their duty persons employed by, or contracting with, the cantonment authority. [not being a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad], or any person with whom the cantonment authority may have lawfully contracted, in the performance and execution of his duty or of anything which he is empowered or required to do by virtue or in consequence of any of the provisions of this Code, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees. XLV of 1860.

23. (1) In the absence of a written contract to the contrary, every sweeper employed by the cantonment authority shall be entitled to one month's notice before discharge or to one month's wages in lieu thereof, unless he is discharged for misconduct or was engaged for a specified term and discharged at the end of it.
Notice of discharge or resignation.

(2) Whoever, being, a sweeper employed by the cantonment authority, in the absence of a written contract authorising him so to do, and without reasonable cause, resigns his employment or absents himself from his duties without giving one month's notice to the cantonment authority, or neglects or refuses to perform his duties or any of them, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months.

(3) The Resident at Hyderabad may, by notification, direct that on and from a date to be specified in the notification, the provisions of this section with respect to sweepers shall apply also to any specified class of servants employed by the cantonment authority whose functions intimately concern the public health or safety.

Explanation.—In this section the word "sweeper" includes any menial employed by the cantonment authority in the removal or disposal of filth or rubbish.

24. (1) The Cantonment Magistrate shall require every servant of the cantonment authority who is entrusted with the receipt, custody or control of moneys or securities for money to furnish security for the due discharge of his office to such amount as the cantonment authority may determine.
Security to be furnished by certain servants of cantonment authority.

(2) No security shall be accepted other than a deposit of—

- (a) cash, or
- (b) Government securities, or
- (c) shares in the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras or the Bank of Bombay, or
- (d) debentures or other securities for money issued by or on behalf of a local authority.

Explanation.—In this section the words "deposit of cash" include Savings Bank deposits if pledged to the President of the Cantonment Committee.

25. On or about the first day of January in each year the Cantonment Magistrate shall submit to the cantonment authority a report as to the sufficiency of the security furnished by or on behalf of its servants.
Annual report as to sufficiency of security furnished.

26. The Cantonment Magistrate shall deal in the manner prescribed in the Civil Account Code with all moneys and securities deposited as security by or on behalf of servants of the cantonment authority or persons who have entered into contracts with the cantonment authority :
Procedure in dealing with moneys and securities deposited.

Provided that no such moneys or securities as aforesaid shall be delivered up,—

- (a) if deposited by or on behalf of a servant of the cantonment authority, until after the lapse of such time after the death of, or the vacation of his office by such servant as the cantonment authority may direct ; or,
- (b) if deposited by or on behalf of a contractor, then, in the absence of any condition in the contract to the contrary, until after the lapse of such time after the completion of the contract to the satisfaction of the cantonment authority as that authority may direct.

CHAPTER IV.

CANTONMENT FUND.

Credits to Funds.

Sums to be credited to cantonment fund.

27. There shall be placed to the credit of the cantonment fund the following sums, namely: .

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- (a) all sums directed by section 19, sub-section (1), of the Cantonments Act, 1910, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad, or by or under any other enactment for the time being in force, to be placed to the credit of that fund; and
- (b) all grants-in-aid and other sums received by the cantonment authority in aid of that fund.

28. (1) The Secretary to the Government of India in the Army Department shall, from time to time, intimate to the Officer Commanding the Division the annual sum (if any) which will from time to time be placed at his disposal by the Government of India as a grant-in-aid to the cantonment funds in his Division.

(2). The Officer Commanding the Division shall distribute the said sum among the said cantonment funds in such proportions as he may think fit.

Application of Fund.

Purposes to which cantonment fund may be applied.

29. (1) The cantonment fund may be applied to the following purposes within the cantonment, namely:

- (a) the payment of any expenses directed by or under any enactment for the time being in force to be debited to the fund;
- (b) * * * * *
- (c) the provision and maintenance of an office for the cantonment authority;
- (d) the payment of the salaries of the cantonment establishment, the pensions of members of that establishment entertained prior to the 4th November 1905, or any contribution to a Provident Fund on account of any member of that establishment;
- (e) the survey of buildings and lands;
- (f) the management and improvement of lands and other property placed by the Government under the management of the cantonment authority, including—
 - (i) the construction and maintenance of streets (other than those maintained from Imperial or Provincial Funds),
 - (ii) the lighting, watering, and cleansing of streets, and
 - (iii) the maintenance of public parks and gardens and the planting and tending of trees;
- (g) the provision and maintenance, or the aiding, of hospitals, dispensaries and schools, and the conveyance of patients to and from hospitals and their expenses therein;
- (h) the provision and maintenance of public markets and slaughter-houses;
- (i) the acquisition of immoveable property for cantonment purposes;
- (j) the carrying out of a proper system of conservancy throughout the cantonment for all its inhabitants, other than classes of troops for whom conservancy is provided from public revenues other than the cantonment fund, including—
 - (i) the pay of the public conservancy establishment,
 - (ii) the construction of public latrines and other conservancy works, and
 - (iii) the purchase of all necessary conservancy carts, utensils, and other appliances;
- (k) the carrying out of a proper system of water-supply and drainage and of other sanitary measures, including public vaccination and the prevention of the spread of infections or contagious disorders, and generally the maintenance of the cantonment in a thoroughly sanitary condition;
- (l) the burial, burning, or other lawful disposal of the corpses of paupers and unknown persons;
- (m) the abatement of nuisances;
- (n) the taking of a census; and
- (o) generally, the payment of all expenses incurred under this Code or any other rule or law for the time being in force.

(2) The cantonment fund may, with the general or special sanction of the Resident, be applied to any of the purposes referred to in sub-section (1), beyond the limits of the cantonment in cases in which, in the opinion of the Resident, the application of the fund beyond those limits is for the benefit of the inhabitants of the cantonment or of any military force or detachment ordinarily quartered therein.

Estimates and sanctions.

Money not to be paid unless expenditure sanctioned.

30. No money shall be paid from the cantonment fund unless the expenditure is either—

- (a) provided for in the sanctioned budget estimate or by reappropriation under section 33 ; or
- (b) sanctioned by the Resident on the recommendation of the cantonment authority and
- (c) in the case of expenditure on public works unless the following formalities have been complied with :—
 - (i) Provision for works may be made in the Secunderabad Cantonment budget estimate under the following sanctions :—
 - (a) That of the Cantonment Committee when estimated to cost less than Rs. 2,000 in each case.
 - (b) That of the Resident when estimated to cost Rs. 2,000 and upwards in each case.
 - (ii) Provision for repairs may be made in the budget estimate under the sanction of the Cantonment Committee within the total limit assigned by the Resident.
 - (iii) A design and an estimate to be approved by the Cantonment Committee and countersigned by its Secretary, must be prepared for every original work costing more than Rs. 200. These designs and estimates should be professionally approved by the Executive Engineer. No original work, costing over Rs. 200 and up to Rs. 10,000, should be entered in the budget estimate until its design and estimate have been prepared and approved, as above required. For any original work costing over Rs. 10,000 the project must first be submitted for sanction by the Committee accompanied by a rough design and approximate estimate prepared by the Executive Engineer. After the sanction of the Resident provision may be made in the budget estimate. A detailed design and estimate will then be prepared by the Executive Engineer, in communication with the Committee, and submitted for the sanction of the Resident in the usual course.
 - (iv) The Cantonment Committee may sanction estimates of original works up to Rs. 2,000 ; estimates over Rs. 2,000 will be sanctioned by the Resident.
 - (v) The Cantonment Committee may sanction all estimates of ordinary repairs, and of special repairs up to Rs. 2,000. Estimates of special repairs over Rs. 2,000 will be sanctioned by the Resident. By special repairs is meant such repairs as require some engineering skill for their proper execution. All estimates of repairs should be prepared by the Executive Engineer, approved by the Cantonment Committee and countersigned by the Secretary to the Committee.
 - (vi) All original works and repairs will be carried out by the Executive Engineer in accordance with the Public Works Department rules. The Resident may, however, at his discretion order the execution of any original work or any special repair by any officer other than the Executive Engineer.
 - (vii) Estimates for tools and plant and live-stock required for public works may be sanctioned as follows :—

Supply and repairs of Tools and Plant.

By Cantonment Committee up to Rs. 500.

By Resident over Rs. 500.

Live-stock.

By Cantonment Committee up to Rs. 200.

By Resident over Rs. 200.

- (viii) The powers of sanction conveyed in the foregoing paragraphs are not to be exercised so as to lead to a work being sanctioned in portions on separate estimates, or to the purchase at different times and on separate estimates of articles which should have been included in one estimate.
- (ix) Except in so far as is specially provided in these rules, the Code of General Regulations of the Government of India in the Public Works Department will, as far as may be practicable, apply to all Cantonment public works.

31. The responsibility for administering the funds provided in the sanctioned budget estimate or sanctioned under section 30, clause (b), shall rest with the cantonment authority.

32. (1) On the first day of September in each year, or on such other date as the Resident may direct, the cantonment authority shall submit to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, a budget estimate of the receipts into, and expenditure from, the cantonment fund for the ensuing financial year.

(2) The budget estimate shall be framed in accordance with Form 8 in Schedule I, or in such other form as may from time to time be prescribed by the Comptroller-General with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council.

(3) The Commanding Officer of the Cantonment may revise the budget estimate and shall submit it to the Officer Commanding the Division.

(4) The Officer Commanding the Division may further revise the budget estimate, and shall submit it to the Resident by the 30th day of November in each year.

(5) The Resident may sanction such estimates with or without modification.

(6) The sanction of the Resident to such estimates shall be communicated—

(a) to the cantonment authority;

(b) to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment;

(c) to the Officer Commanding the Division.

Re-appropriation.

33. (1) The cantonment authority may—

(a) with the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the Division, through the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, re-appropriate any sum from one major head of the budget estimate to another:

Provided that no allotment to any major head shall, by re-appropriation, be varied by more than twenty per cent. of its original amount, except with the previous sanction of the Resident at Hyderabad also; or

(b) with the previous sanction of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment re-appropriate any sum from one minor head or sub-head of the budget estimate to another minor head or sub-head under the same major head, or from one major head to another.

Provided that no allotment to any major head shall, by re-appropriation, be varied by more than ten per cent. of its original amount, except with the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the Division also.

(2) A copy of every order made under Sub-section (1) (b) shall be sent by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to the Officer Commanding the Division.

Payments.

34. (1) Every claim for payment from the cantonment fund shall be supported by a voucher, duly receipted and (if necessary) stamped, and shall be presented to the Secretary to the Cantonment Committee.

(2) The Secretary shall check and examine every claim, and, if it is found correct and supported by a voucher as aforesaid, shall sign an order for payment thereof.

(3) If payment is to be made from the imprest, the order for payment shall be "Pay in cash rupees (in words)," and if payment is to be made by cheque, the order shall be "Pay by cheque No. , dated , rupees (in words)," the blanks being filled up when the cheque is signed.

Payments how to be made.

35. Payments shall be made—

(a) if the sum to be paid does not exceed twenty rupees, in cash; and

(b) if the sum to be paid exceeds twenty rupees, by cheque.

36. (1) Money may be drawn from the cantonment fund only by means of a cheque written in Form 4 in Schedule I.

Cheques.

(2) All cheques shall be signed by the Secretary to the Cantonment Committee.

(3) Cheques drawn in favour of a Government officer shall be made payable to order and cheques drawn in favour of any other person shall be made payable to bearer.

(4) All cheque forms shall be bound in books with counterfoils.

(5) Every cheque book shall bear a number, and the Secretary to the Cantonment Committee shall notify to the treasury the number of the cheque book which he from time to time brings into use.

(6) On each cheque form there shall be entered the number of the cheque book in which the form is contained and a consecutive number.

(7) There shall be noted on the outside of each cheque book an order for its personal custody under lock and key by the Secretary to the Cantonment Committee; and when such officer is relieved, he shall take a receipt for the number of cheque forms made over to the relieving officer and shall send to the treasury a specimen of the signature of the relieving officer.

(8) No cheque shall be current for more than three months from the date on which it was drawn. After the expiration of that period payment will be refused at the treasury, and it shall be necessary for the person in whose favour the cheque was drawn to return it. In the event of a cheque being so returned, no fresh cheque will be issued but the lapsed cheque shall be re-dated, and the alteration initialled by the Secretary to the Cantonment Committee, a note of the fact of re-dating being entered in the register of payments against the original transaction.

37. (1) The cantonment authority shall, where it has not already done so, draw from the treasury a sum not exceeding three hundred rupees to form an imprest for the purpose of meeting petty payments.

(2) The amount of petty payments met out of the imprest shall be recouped by cheque on the last day of each month, and, if necessary, during the month also, so that the full amount of the imprest, plus any sum received too late for remittance to the treasury on the last day of the month shall always be shown in the monthly accounts as being in the hands of the cantonment authority.

Overdrafts.

38. Overdrafts on the cantonment fund shall be allowed only if sanctioned by the Resident.

Receipts.

39. (1) All moneys received for credit to the cantonment fund shall be entered in a register of receipts to be kept in Form 1 in Schedule I either directly, or through a subsidiary register, and, with the exception of fines shall be acknowledged by receipts in Form 2 in the said schedule.

Register of receipts and form of acknowledgment.

(2) All receipts granted by way of acknowledgment under sub-section (1) shall bear printed numbers in a consecutive series for each kind of receipt and the number of every receipt so granted shall be entered in the second column of the register of receipts or in the appropriate column of a subsidiary register.

Responsibility of cantonment authority as to receipts.

40. The cantonment authority shall be responsible for making such arrangements as will secure—

- (a) that all moneys received for credit to the cantonment fund are duly brought to credit in the accounts;
- (b) that all moneys so received, with the exception of fines, are duly acknowledged by receipts in the form prescribed by section 39; and
- (c) that whenever a receipt is given, the foil and counterfoil are duly filled up.

Account of the Imprest.

41. An account of the imprest shall be kept in an imprest-register in Form 6 in Schedule I, and the expenditure recorded in it shall be entered in a register of payments to be kept in Form 5 in the said schedule, when a bill for the recoupment of the amount is made out and the amount is drawn from the treasury by cheque.

Imprest Register.

Bills for expenditure.

42. (1) Every item of expenditure shall be entered in a bill of one of the following kinds, namely:

Expenditure to be entered in bill.

- (a) an establishment pay bill—for the pay of members of the cantonment establishment;
- (b) a travelling allowance bill—for the travelling allowances of members of the cantonment establishment; or
- (c) a contingent bill—for all charges other than the pay and travelling allowances of members of the cantonment establishment.

(2) Every establishment pay bill and every travelling allowance bill shall be prepared in the form for the time being prescribed by the Civil Account Code.

(3) Every contingent bill shall contain full details of the charges incurred.

43. (1) Claims for supplies or services by contractors or tradesmen shall be paid on bills presented by them.
Claims by contractors or tradesmen.

(2) Where any such claim as aforesaid is paid by cheque, the payment shall be at once entered in the register of payments and, where it is paid in cash, the payment shall be entered in the imprest register.

(3) Where a contractor or tradesman presents his bill in the vernacular, a brief abstract shall be endorsed thereon in English stating the amount, the name of the payee, and the nature of payment in the terms prescribed by Article 9 (b) of the Civil Account Code.

44. (1) All petty charges to be met from the imprest shall be entered in bills prepared in the form for the time being prescribed by the Civil Account Code.
Petty charges to be met from the imprest.

(2) Such bills as aforesaid shall be supported —

(a) in the case of a payment for a telegram or of any other sum exceeding ten rupees, by the original voucher on which the payment was actually made; and

(b) in other cases, by a certificate that the receipts of the payees have, as far as possible, been obtained, and have been so destroyed, defaced, or mutilated that they cannot be used again.

(3) The certificate referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (2) shall be signed by the Secretary to the Cantonment Committee.

45. (1) All charges incurred direct by the cantonment authority and paid by cheque shall be entered in bills prepared in the form for the time being prescribed by the Civil Account Code.
Charges incurred direct by cantonment authority.

(2) The following certificate shall be recorded at the foot of every such bill, and signed by the Secretary to the Cantonment Committee, namely—
Certificate on certain bills.

"I certify that the expenditure charged in this bill could not, with due regard to the interest of the cantonment be avoided. I have satisfied myself that the charges entered in this bill have really been paid."

(3) In the case of expenditure on public works, the usual completion certificate shall be furnished.

Entry of Cheques in Accounts.

46. All payments made by cheque shall be entered in the register of payments the vouchers being numbered in a monthly consecutive series.
Entry of payments by cheque.

47. Where a cheque is cancelled, the amount thereof shall be deducted from the expenditure by a *minus* entry in the appropriate column of the register of payments. The deduction shall then pass into the cash book through the daily total of payments carried into it.
Deduction of amount of cancelled cheques.

Accounts and Returns.

48. The cantonment authority shall keep a cash book in Form 7 in Schedule I. The cash book shall be balanced monthly, and the balance shown in it reconciled with that shown in the pass book to be kept in Form 3 in the said schedule as follows:

Balance as per pass book ...	...	...	...
<i>Add—</i>			
Amount of imprest ...	...	...	...
Money received too late for remittance to treasury			...
		Total	...
<i>Deduct—Outstanding cheques, as per details below :</i>			
Balance as per cash book	...	...	...
Cheques outstanding on—			
No.	Date	Amount.	
"	"	"	
		Total	...

49. (1) In the registers of receipts and payments the amounts sanctioned in the budget estimate for the year shall be entered at the top of the columns for the heads for which separate estimates are made.

Entry of budget estimates in registers of receipts and payments.

(2) Where during the year, or in any revised estimate which may be sanctioned for the year, any addition to or alteration in the budget estimate is made, such addition or alteration shall be noted in the appropriate register in red ink with a *plus* or *minus* sign, the order therefore being cited.

50. (1) At the end of each month the figures in the registers of receipts and payments shall be added up, the totals up to the end of the last preceding month being added to those of the month just expired, and grand totals being made from the first day of April

Total of receipts and payments to be ascertained monthly.

last preceding.

(2) Where the grand total under any head in the register of payments shows that the budget grant is likely to be exceeded, application shall at once be made for orders under section 30, clause (b), or section 33, as the circumstances may require, to cover the excess.

51. (1) The accounts of the cantonment fund will be audited locally by the staff of the Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, on behalf of the Accountant-General, Madras, every year.

Audit of accounts.

To facilitate audit, all vouchers, with all sub-vouchers above Rs. 10 attached to them, should be numbered in monthly series, and filed in separate files for the several months. These vouchers, all registers maintained in the Cantonment Office, and all other documents required for purposes of audit, should be produced whenever called for by the auditors, and any explanation required by those officers for the settlement on the spot of objections raised should be furnished without delay.

(2) The Examiner of Local Fund Accounts will submit a report on the audit to the Accountant-General who will forward copies thereof with his remarks to the President, Cantonment Committee, the Officer Commanding the Division, the Quarter-Master General in India and the Resident at Hyderabad for necessary action.

The audit report should contain the following certificate :—

“Certified that a copy was kept in my office of the annual account for the year submitted to the Officer Commanding the Division, with my endorsement No. , dated , and that the account has been compared with local records and found correct subject to the following remarks.”

(3) The Examiner of Local Fund Accounts will inspect the cantonment fund offices during his tours of inspection to ascertain if the past audits by his staff have been properly conducted and to see if the accounts of the fund are being kept according to the prescribed rules. He should also advise the cantonment authorities on financial matters generally if necessary.

(4) All cases of fraud or embezzlement should at once be reported to the Accountant-General who will at his discretion depute an auditor to investigate into the case and report to the Officer Commanding the Division and the Resident at Hyderabad, the result of the enquiry.

52. (1) The cantonment authority shall prepare annually a consolidated account showing the receipts into, and payments from, the cantonment fund, classified under the major heads, minor heads, and sub-heads contained in the monthly accounts.

Annual consolidated account.

(2) The total of the details under each head of receipts and payments, as given in the consolidated account, shall agree exactly with the figures appearing against the entry “from 1st April to date” under the same heads in the respective registers.

(3) The consolidated accounts shall be forwarded in triplicate to the Examiner of Local Fund Accounts who will compare the three copies, and forward one copy to the Officer Commanding the Division, one to the Resident at Hyderabad retaining the third copy in his own office for check by the local auditors during audit, with a view to furnishing the certificate of correctness.

Classification.

53. (1) All receipts into, and expenditure from, the cantonment fund, shall be classified in the monthly and annual accounts in accordance with Form 8 in Schedule I.

Classification of receipts and expenditure.

(2) All expenditure shall be classified in the monthly accounts under the appropriate major heads, minor heads, and sub-heads with reference to the nature of the charge, whether specific budget provision exists or not; and no expenditure, which from its nature properly falls under one of the other prescribed heads, shall be classified under the head “Miscellaneous”, on the ground that there is no specific budget provision for the charge.

Remittance to Treasury and Pass book.

54. The cantonment authority shall remit to the Hyderabad Residency Treasury all moneys received for credit to the cantonment fund.
 All moneys to be remitted to treasury.

55. (1) Remittances to the treasury should, as far as possible, be made daily, save as regards collections received too late for remittance to the treasury. All moneys in hand on the last working day of each month shall be remitted on that day.
 Procedure for remittances to treasury.

(2) Every remittance shall be accompanied by a chalan or invoice, and by a pass book. Provided that cash remittances may be made direct to the branch of the Bank of Bengal at Secunderabad, by means of a chalan in duplicate, of which one copy will be retained by the bank, to be forwarded to the Bank of Bengal at Hyderabad for transmission to the treasury officer.

(3) Whenever the pass book is received in the treasury under clause (2) the treasury officer shall enter in it particular of all remittances received and cheques paid up to date as recorded in his registers.

(4) The pass book shall be sent to the treasury on the last working day of each month whether or not there are any moneys to be remitted to the treasury on that day. The officer in charge of the treasury shall then close the pass book for the month, and enter therein in words the balance in hand, signing the entry.

56. (1) The cantonment authority shall from time to time examine the pass book and shall forthwith call the attention of the officer in charge of the treasury to any discrepancy appearing between the credits or debits shown therein, and those shown in its registers.
 Supervision of pass book by cantonment authority.

(2) The pass book shall be written up only by the officer in charge of the treasury or by some member of his establishment, and no entries or marks shall be made therein by the cantonment authority or by any member of the cantonment establishment.

57. In addition to the forms above prescribed the cantonment authority shall maintain registers in the forms specified in Schedule II or in such other forms as may from time to time be prescribed by the Accountant-General, Madras.
 Account forms for the cantonment.

Abstract statements of estimated and actual income and expenditure.

58. The Officer Commanding the Division shall forward to the Government of India in the Army Department, through the Quarter-Master General in India, and to the Resident :—
 Abstract statements of estimated and actual income and expenditure.

(a) an abstract statement of the estimated income and expenditure of the cantonment fund ; and

(b) as soon as possible after the close of each financial year, a statement showing under the several heads and sub-heads of receipt and expenditure set forth in Form 8, Schedule I, the actual income and expenditure of the cantonment fund for the preceding financial year, together with a certificate showing that the closing cash balance of that fund, as shown in the annual account prescribed by section 52, has been compared with the balance as shown in the treasury pass book and found to be correct.

Submission of proposals as to taxation.

59. All proposals made by the cantonment authority for the imposition, abolition or modification of any tax shall be submitted, through the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, to the Officer Commanding the Division for transmission to the Resident at Hyderabad.
 Submission of proposals as to taxation.

CHAPTER V.

CONTRACTS.

60. Every contract made by the cantonment authority shall be executed on its behalf by the Cantonment Magistrate and Secretary to the Cantonment Committee.
 Contracts by whom to be executed.

61. No lease or other contract which is to remain in operation for more than twelve months shall be executed on behalf of the cantonment authority without the previous sanction of the Resident at Hyderabad.

Sanction required to execution of contract to remain in operation for more than twelve months.

62. No contract for the execution of a work shall be executed on behalf of the cantonment authority unless it has been examined and approved of by the Executive Engineer:

Reference to Executive Engineer prior to execution of contracts for works.

Provided that, where a work is estimated to cost not more than five hundred rupees, the contract shall not be referred to the Executive Engineer unless the cantonment authority so directs.

63. The Cantonment Magistrate and Secretary to the Cantonment Committee as provided by section 60 shall not execute on behalf of the cantonment authority any contract the value or amount of which exceeds one hundred rupees without the previous sanction of the cantonment authority:

Sanction of Cantonment Committee required to execution of contracts exceeding one hundred rupees in value.

Provided that, in case of urgency, the Cantonment Magistrate and Secretary to the Cantonment Committee as aforesaid may, with the previous sanction of the President of the Cantonment Committee, execute on behalf of the Cantonment Committee any contract the value or amount of which exceeds one hundred rupees, but does not exceed two hundred rupees, and shall, in every such case, submit to the cantonment committee, at its next meeting, a report of his action and of the reasons therefor.

64. Every contract executed on behalf of the cantonment authority the value or amount of which exceeds fifty rupees, except a contract for the sale of moveable property, shall be in writing; and if the contract is for the execution of a work, it shall be prepared in the form in use for that purpose in the Public Works Department under the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad.

Form of contracts exceeding fifty rupees in value.

65. (1) The cantonment authority may direct that security be required for the fulfilment of any contract to be executed on its behalf, and that the whole or any part of the security be deposited before the contract is executed.

Security for fulfilment of contract.

(2) Where any security is required under sub-section (1), it shall be of the nature specified in section 24, sub-section (2), and shall be of such amount as the cantonment authority may think fit.

(3) Where any security required as aforesaid has been given, the contract shall not be executed unless—

- (a) it contains a clause specifying the nature and the amount of the security required; and
- (b) any sum directed to be deposited has been lodged with the cantonment authority.

66. Nothing in this chapter shall apply to any lease of land for the purposes of a building site.

Saving of leases for building sites.

66-A. Notwithstanding any thing in this Code Government land in a Cantonment may be occupied by a Government Department on such terms and conditions and subject to such restrictions as the Governor-General in Council may by general or special order prescribe.

Saving in favour of Government.

CHAPTER VI.

NUISANCES AND SANITATION.

Nuisances.

Offences in road or public place.

67. (1) Whoever,—

- (a) in any street or public place within the cantonment,—
 - (i) is drunk and disorderly, or drunk and incapable of taking care of himself; or
 - (ii) uses any threatening, abusive or insulting words, or behaves in a threatening or insulting manner, with intent to provoke a breach of peace, or whereby a breach of the peace is likely to be occasioned; or
 - (iii) exposes himself, or wilfully and indecently exposes his person; or
 - (iv) begs importunately for alms; or
 - (v) exposes or exhibits, with the object of exciting charity, any deformity or disease or any offensive sore or wound; or
 - (vi) carries meat exposed to public view; or
 - (vii) is found gaming; or

- (viii) Pickets animals or collects carts; or
- (ix) being engaged in the removal of night-soil or other offensive matter or rubbish, neglects to sweep away or otherwise effectually remove any portion thereof that may spill or fall on to such street or public place; or
- (x) without proper authority, affixes or causes to be affixed, any bill, notice or other document upon any building, monument, post, wall, fence, tree or other thing; or
- (xi) without proper authority, defaces, or writes upon, or otherwise marks any building, monument, post, wall, fence, tree or other thing; or
- (xii) without proper authority, removes, destroys, defaces or otherwise obliterates any notice or other document put up or exhibited under this Code; or
- (xiii) without proper authority, breaks, throws down or damages any direction-post, lamp, lamp-post or other thing maintained by the cantonment authority, in such street or public place; or
- (xiv) carries a corpse, or causes the same to be carried, without keeping it decently covered, or without taking due precaution to prevent risk of infection or injury to the public health, or annoyance to passers-by or to persons dwelling in the neighbourhood; or
- (xv) carries night-soil or other offensive matter or rubbish at hours or by roads prohibited by the cantonment authority by public notice, or in any pattern of cart or receptacle which has not been approved for the purpose by the cantonment authority, or who fails to close such cart or receptacle when in use; or
- (b) carries a corpse along a route prohibited by the cantonment authority by public notice; or
- (c) deposits, or permits his servant to deposit, earth or materials of any description or any offensive matter or rubbish in any place not intended for the purpose on any street or public place, or waste or unoccupied land under the management of the cantonment authority; or
- (d) having charge of a corpse, fails to bury, burn or otherwise lawfully dispose of the same within twenty-four hours after death; or
- (e) makes any grave, or buries or burns any corpse, at an unauthorised place; or
- (f) having entered or used a public conveyance under the circumstances or for any of the purposes mentioned respectively in section 189, fails to disinfect the same to the satisfaction of the cantonment authority; or
- (g) keeps or uses, or knowingly permits to be kept or used, any place as a common gaming-house, or assists in conducting the business of any common gaming-house; or
- (h) wilfully intrudes upon a place set apart for bathing purposes and incommodes persons lawfully using the same; or
- (i) at any time or place prohibited by the cantonment authority by general or special notice, beats a drum or tom-tom, blows a horn or trumpet, or beats or sounds any brass or other instrument or utensil, or plays any music; or
- (j) by singing, screaming, whistling or shouting, disturbs the public peace or order; or
- (k) discharges fire-arms, or lets off fire-works, or fire-balloons, or flies kites, or engages in any game, in such a manner as to cause or be likely to cause danger or annoyance to persons passing by or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood, or risk of injury to property; or
- (l) lets loose any horse or other animal so as to cause, or negligently allows any horse, or other animal to cause, injury, danger, alarm or annoyance to any person; or
- (m) suffers any ferocious dog to be at large without a muzzle; or
- (n) sets on or urges any dog or other animal to attack, worry or put in fear any person; or
- (o) being the owner or person in charge of any dog or other animal, knows or has reason to believe, that such dog or animal has been bitten by an animal suffering or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies, and neglects to give immediate information of the fact to the Cantonment Magistrate, or gives information which is false; or
- (p) being the occupier of any building or land in or upon which an animal dies, neglects, within three hours after the death of the animal or, if the death occurs at night, within three hours after sunrise, either—
to report the death to the Cantonment Magistrate or to some officer (if any) appointed by him to receive such reports with a view to the removal and disposal of the carcass by the public conservancy establishments; or
to remove and dispose of the carcass in accordance with any general directions given by the cantonment authority by notice, or any special directions given by the Cantonment Magistrate on receipt of such report as aforesaid; or

(g) except with the written permission of the cantonment authority, stores or uses night-soil, manure, rubbish or any other substance emitting an offensive smell; or

(r) uses or permits to be used as a latrine any place not so meant to be used; shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

(2) Whoever does not take reasonable means to prevent any child under the age of 12 years in his charge from casing himself in any street or public place within the cantonment, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty-five rupees.

Destruction of stray dogs at appointed periods. 68. (1) The cantonment authority, by any person authorised by it in this behalf, may—

- (a) destroy, or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined, for such period as the cantonment authority may direct, any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies, or bitten by any dog or other animal suffering or suspected as aforesaid;
- (b) confine, or cause to be confined, any dog found wandering about streets or public places without collars or other marks distinguishing them as private property, and charge a fee for such detention, and destroy or otherwise dispose of any such dog if it is not claimed within one week, and the fee paid;
- (c) appoint from time to time by public notice, certain periods within which any ownerless dogs or any dogs without collars or any other marks distinguishing them as private property found straying on the streets or beyond the enclosure of houses of the owners of such dogs, may be destroyed, and destroy or cause them to be destroyed accordingly.

(2) No damages shall be payable in respect of any dog destroyed or otherwise disposed of under this section.

(3) Whoever being the owner or person in charge of any dog, neglects to restrain it so that it shall not be at large in any public place without a muzzle of such pattern as may be prescribed by the cantonment authority, or without being confined in a chain, if the cantonment authority has by public notice during the prevalence of rabies directed that dogs shall not be at large without muzzles or chain leads, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Explanation.—In this section the word “house” includes a hut, shop, warehouse or building.

Sanitation.

69. The following officers shall, for the purpose of sanitation, have control over, and be responsible for, the sanitary condition of the parts of the cantonment hereinafter indicated, namely:

Division of responsibility for sanitation.

- (a) each Commanding Officer—his regimental lines, including the regimental bazar, and all latrines used by the troops and followers under his command or control;
- (b) the Executive Engineer—all yards, works, workshops and other places used by establishments under his charge;
- (c) the Senior Supply and Transport Officers—all cattle-yards, slaughter-houses, transport-lines, and other places used by establishments under their charge;
- (d) the head of any other Military or Civil Department occupying, as such, any part of the cantonment—all blocks of buildings, workshops and other places used by establishments under his charge;
- (e) each Medical Officer placed in charge of a Sanitary District under the Secunderabad and Bolaram Standing Orders—the area in his charge;
- (f) the Cantonment Magistrate—the Sadar Bazar, all streets, and all other parts of the cantonment not under the control of any officer mentioned in clauses (a) to (e).

70. (1) Every officer mentioned in section 69 shall forward to the cantonment authority a weekly sanitary report stating that the parts of the cantonment over which he has control as aforesaid

Weekly sanitary report.

have been inspected by him, and are, in his opinion, in a sanitary condition or otherwise, as the case may be.

(2) Where any such officer as aforesaid reports that any part of the cantonment under his control is not, in his opinion, in a sanitary condition, he shall specify the defects, and may make such suggestions for remedying the same as he may think fit.

71. The Sanitary Officer shall exercise a general sanitary supervision over the whole cantonment, shall report every insanitary practice and every insanitary condition of things, whenever or wherever existing therein, both to the officer responsible under section 69 and to the cantonment authority, and shall attach to his report such recommendations for the remedy of the same as he may think fit.

General duties of Sanitary Officer.

Cantonment Magistrate's duties in respect of sanitation.

72. The Cantonment Magistrate shall, subject to the other provisions of this Code and the control of the cantonment authority,—

- (a) make, and supervise the carrying out of, all arrangements (including the provision and maintenance of a sufficient number of animals, vehicles, receptacles, and implements, and of places for keeping the same) necessary for—
 - (i) the removal of night-soil and other offensive matter and rubbish from latrines, urinals, streets and all other places, public and private, from which the removal of the same by the public conservancy establishments is directed by the cantonment authority;
 - (ii) the surface cleansing of all streets and the watering thereof; and
 - (iii) the maintenance in a sanitary condition of public and private latrines and urinals of encamping grounds and sarais, of public and private markets and slaughter-houses, of fair-grounds, of all sources of public water-supply and the lands in the vicinity thereof, of all other places likely to create a nuisance, and, generally, of every part of the cantonment other than the parts mentioned in clauses (a) to (d) of section 69;
- (b) make frequent inspections of all parts of the cantonment with a view to ensuring that all orders of the cantonment authority on sanitary matters are duly obeyed, and that the public conservancy establishments satisfactorily perform their duties; and
- (c) take all necessary steps for remedying any defects in the sanitary condition of the cantonment of which he may become aware and for which funds can be provided.

73. (1) So far as the funds at its disposal permit, the cantonment authority shall provide and maintain a sufficient number of public latrines and urinals, with all necessary conservancy establishments.

Provision and maintenance of public latrines and urinals and conservancy establishments.

(2) Such latrines and urinals shall be placed in proper and convenient situations, as near as circumstances admit to the dwelling places or places of resort of the persons for whose use they are intended :

Provided that, except with the previous sanction of the Resident at Hyderabad so far as the bazars are concerned, and of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment so far as the rest of the cantonment is concerned, no latrine or urinal shall be placed within fifty feet of any inhabited building.

(3) Separate latrines and urinals shall ordinarily be provided for males and females, or if any latrine or urinal is provided for the use of both sexes, separate divisions shall be provided for each sex, and each such latrine, urinal or division shall be marked as being for the use of men only, or women only, as the case may be.

Directions as to provision of public latrines and establishments therefor.

74. (1) In providing public latrines the cantonment authority shall observe the following directions, namely :

- (a) such number of latrines shall be provided as will admit of there being one compartment for the use of every fifteen adults using the latrines
- (b) no latrine shall be constructed for the use of more than five hundred adults;
- (c) every latrine shall be provided with proper closed iron receptacles in the proportion of not less than two for every hundred adults using the latrine, and with not less than one iron or glazed earthen pan for each compartment;
- (d) for every latrine, there shall be provided,—
 - (i) for the cleansing thereof, sweepers in the proportion of not less than one for every hundred adults using the latrine, and
 - (ii) for the removal of night-soil therefrom, air-tight iron filth-carts in the proportion of not less than one for every five hundred adults using the latrine, or, where carts cannot be used, sweepers in the proportion of not less than three for every five hundred adults using the latrine.

Provided that, if in any case it is impracticable, owing to want of funds or for any other sufficient reason, fully to observe the foregoing directions, the Resident at Hyderabad after consultation with the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, may declare the extent to which they shall be observed.

(2) No public latrine shall be constructed or rebuilt except on a plan approved of by the Resident at Hyderabad after consultation with the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

75. The cantonment authority shall, whenever necessary, provide and maintain in proper and convenient positions receptacles or places for the temporary deposit of offensive matter and rubbish.

Places for disposal of offensive matter and rubbish.

76. The cantonment authority shall appoint places for the disposal of night-soil, carcasses and other offensive matter and rubbish.

Cesspools, receptacles for filth, &c.

77. The Cantonment Magistrate may, by notice in writing,—

- (a) require any person having the control, whether as owner, lessee or occupier, of any land or building—
 - (1) to close any offensive cesspool belonging to the land or building, or
 - (2) to provide a receptacle (of a pattern, if any, approved of by the cantonment authority) for filth or sullage water accumulating on or in the land or building, or
 - (3) to keep in a cleanly condition (in such manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the notice), any receptacle provided for such filth, or
 - (4) to prevent the water of any private latrine, urinal, sink or bathroom, or any other offensive matter, from soaking, draining, flowing or being put from the land or building upon any street or public place or into any water course or into any drain not intended for the purpose; or
- (b) require any person who has the control, whether as owner, lessee or occupier, of any land or building, and has allowed any offensive matter or rubbish to accumulate or remain thereon or therein, to collect the same and deposit it, for removal by the public conservancy establishment, at such times and in such receptacles or places situate at not more than one hundred feet from the nearest boundary of the premises, as may be specified in the notice; or
- (c) require any person to desist from making or altering any drain leading into a public drain; or
- (d) require any person who is creating or likely to create a nuisance by—
 - (1) altering, obstructing or encroaching upon a public drain, or
 - (2) impeding the flow of water owing to the absence of a culvert or the existence of an insufficient culvert under a path leading to his premises,
 to desist therefrom; or
- (e) require any person having the control of a drain to remove, within a period to be specified in the notice, any obstruction from the same, or to cleanse, purify, repair or alter the same or otherwise put it in good order; or
- (f) require any person, being the owner or having the control of any well, to disinfect or otherwise purify the same or protect it against contamination, in such manner and within such period as may be specified in the notice.

Private latrines.

78. The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing,—

- (a) require the owner or other person having the control of any private latrine or urinal not to put the same to public use; or
- (b) where any plan for the construction of private latrines or urinals has been approved of by the cantonment authority and copies thereof may be obtained free of charge on application—
 - (1) require any person repairing or constructing a private latrine or urinal not to allow the same to be used, until it has been inspected by or under the direction of the Cantonment Magistrate, and approved of by him as conforming with that plan, or
 - (2) require any person having the control of a private latrine or urinal to rebuild or alter the same in accordance with that plan; or
- (c) require the owner or other person having the control of any private latrine or urinal which, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, creates a nuisance, to remove the latrine or urinal, and to substitute fresh earth, to such a depth, not exceeding two feet, as may be specified in the notice, for the earth on which the latrine or urinal stood; or
- (d) require any person having the control, whether as owner, lessee or occupier, of any land or building,—
 - (1) to have any latrine provided for the same shut out by a sufficient roof and wall or fence from the view of persons passing by or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood, or
 - (2) to cleanse with deodorants any latrine or urinal belonging to the land or building; or
- (e) where any land or building is situate within one hundred feet of a public drain or other place set apart for the discharge of drainage and the drains belonging to the land or building are, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, insufficient, require any person having control of the land or building whether as owner or lessee, or, in the case of neighbouring lands or buildings, the several lessees or owners having control of the lands or buildings conjointly, to provide sufficient drainage within fifteen days from service of the notice: or

(f) require any person who is constructing or laying a drain to obey any directions which the cantonment authority may, on the advice of the Executive Engineer, think fit to give in order to ensure the completion of the work to its satisfaction; or

(g) require any person being the owner and having the control of any drain, to provide and apply to the same, within ten days from the service of the notice, such covering as may be specified in the notice.

79. (1) The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or lessee of any building or land, in such manner as may be specified in the notice, to remove or provide

Provision of latrines, etc.
any latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for filth, or to provide any additional latrines, urinals, cesspools or other receptacles, as aforesaid which should, in its opinion, be provided for the building or land.

(2) The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require any person employing more than twenty workmen or labourers to provide such latrines and urinals as it may think fit, and to cause the same to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

80. (1) The cantonment authority may provide for the performance by its agents of the duties usually performed by sweepers in respect of

Employment of public sweepers.
any building or land, or of any latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for filth or sullage water pertaining to any building or land, with the consent of the occupier of the building or land, or without such consent where the occupier fails to make arrangements to the satisfaction of the cantonment authority for the performance of such duties.

(2) Where the cantonment authority has provided for the performance by its agents of the duties referred to in this section, all matter removed by such agents in performing such duties shall be at the disposal of that authority.

81. The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier of any land to clear away and remove any

Removal of noxious vegetation.
thick or noxious vegetation or undergrowth which appears to it to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood.

82. Where any tank, marshy ground or waste or stagnant water, whether within any private enclosure or not, is in such a condition as

Filling up of tank or marshy ground or draining off or removal of stagnant water.
to create a nuisance, the cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier of the land, within thirty days from the service of the notice, to fill up the tank or ground, or to drain off or remove the water, as the case may be:

Provided that if, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, it is unreasonable to throw the whole expense on the owner, lessee or occupier, it may, with the previous sanction of the Resident at Hyderabad, after consultation with the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, require him to pay only a proportion of the expense.

83. (1) Where it appears to the cantonment authority that any block of buildings is, by reason of the manner in which the buildings are

Removal of over-crowded buildings.
crowded together, in an unhealthy condition, it may cause the block to be inspected by a special committee consisting of—

(a) the Sanitary Officer,

(b) some other medical officer of the Government, and

(c) the Executive Engineer, or some person deputed by the Executive Engineer in this behalf.

(2) The special committee shall make a report in writing to the cantonment authority on the sanitary condition of the block; and, if it considers that the over-crowded condition thereof is likely to cause risk of disease to the inhabitants of the buildings, or of the neighbourhood, or to endanger the public health, it shall clearly indicate, on a plan verified by the Executive Engineer, or by the person deputed by him to serve on it, the buildings which should, wholly or in part, be removed in order to abate the unhealthy condition of the block.

(3) If, upon receipt of such report, the cantonment authority is of opinion that all or any of the buildings indicated should be removed, it may by notice in writing, require the owners thereof to remove them:

Provided, first, that the cantonment authority shall make compensation to such owners for any buildings which may have been erected under proper authority: and

Provided, secondly, that the cantonment authority may, if it appears to it to be equitable under the circumstances to do so, pay to such owners such sum as it may think fit as compensation for any buildings which may not have been erected under proper authority.

(4) The sum payable as compensation under the first proviso to sub-section (3) may be settled by mutual agreement between the cantonment authority and such owners, as aforesaid, or, in default of agreement, by a committee of arbitration constituted as provided in Chapter XX

Explanation.—In this section, the word “buildings” includes enclosure walls or fences connected with buildings.

84. Where it appears to the cantonment authority that any building used as a dwelling is so over-crowded as to endanger the health of the inmates thereof, it may, after such inquiry as it thinks fit, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier, within a time to be specified in the notice, to abate the over-crowding of the building by reducing the number of lodgers, tenants or other inmates.

85. (1) Whenever any building is so ill-constructed or dilapidated, or is in so insanitary a state, as, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, to be unfit for the purpose for which it was constructed, or is intended to be used, the cantonment authority may, by notice, require the owner of the building within a reasonable time to be specified in the notice, to make it fit for one or other of the purposes aforesaid.

(2) A copy of every notice, issued under sub-section (1) shall be conspicuously posted on the building to which the notice relates.

(3) Until such notice has been complied with, it shall not be lawful to use such building for any of the purposes aforesaid, and any person using such building in contravention of this section shall be liable to fine which such may extend to five rupees for every day during which such user continues.

Explanation.—A notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to have been complied with if the owner of the building to which it relates has, instead of executing the repairs or making the alterations directed by the notice, removed the building.

86 (1) The Cantonment Magistrate may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier of any building or land which appears to him to be in a filthy or unwholesome state, within twenty-four hours to cleanse the same or otherwise put in a proper state in such manner as may be specified in the notice.

(2) If within three months from the date of the service of a notice under sub-section (1) the Cantonment Magistrate finds any building or land in respect of which the notice was issued, in a filthy or unwholesome state, the owner, lessee or occupier shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

87. Whoever fails to comply with a notice issued under any of the provisions of sections 77 to 86 shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, in the case of continuing failure, with an additional fine not exceeding five rupees for every day after the first in regard to which he is convicted of having persisted in the failure.

CHAPTER VII.

CONTROL OVER STREETS, BUILDINGS, LAND, TREES, ETC.

Streets and Buildings.

88. The cantonment authority may attach to the outside of any building brackets for lamps in such manner as not to occasion any injury thereto or inconvenience.

89. The cantonment authority may, by order in writing, permit the temporary occupation of any street, or land vested in it, for the purpose of depositing any building materials or making any temporary excavation therein, or erection thereon, subject to such conditions as it may prescribe for the safety or convenience of persons passing by, or dwelling in the neighbourhood, and may charge fees for such permission, and may in its discretion withdraw the permission.

90. (1) The cantonment authority may cause a name to be given to any street, and to be affixed on any building in such place as it may think fit, and may also cause a number to be affixed to any building; and, may from time to time, cause such names and numbers to be altered.

(2) Whoever destroys, pulls down or defaces any such name or number, or puts up any name or number differing from that put up by order of the cantonment authority, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

91. The cantonment authority may, by public notice, direct that within certain limits, to be fixed by the notice, the roofs and external walls of huts or other buildings shall not, without its permission in writing, be made or renewed of grass, mats, leaves or other highly inflammable materials, and may, by notice in writing, require any person who has disobeyed any such direction as aforesaid to remove or alter the roofs or walls so made or renewed, as it may think fit.

92. (1) Whoever, except in such a case as is provided for by Chapter XXI, intends to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice in writing, in the manner hereinafter prescribed, of his intention to the cantonment authority; and the cantonment authority may within six weeks after the receipt of the notice, refuse to sanction the building, or may sanction it either absolutely, or subject to such directions as it may think fit to issue in writing in respect of all or any of the following matters, namely:

- (a) the free passage or way to be left in front of the building;
 - (b) the space to be left about the building to secure free circulation of air and facilitate scavenging and the prevention of fire;
 - (c) the ventilation of the building, the minimum cubic area of the rooms and the number and height of the storeys of which the building may consist;
 - (d) the provision and position of drains, latrines, urinals, cesspools or other receptacles for filth;
 - (e) the level and width of the foundation, the level of the lowest floor, and the stability of the structure;
 - (f) the line of frontage with neighbouring buildings if the building abuts on a street; and
 - (g) the means to be provided for egress from the building in case of fire;
- and the person erecting or re-erecting the building shall obey all such written directions;
- Provided that the cantonment authority shall make full compensation to the owner for any damage which he may sustain in consequence of the prohibition of the re-erection of any building, or of its requiring any land belonging to him to be added to the street:

Provided, further, that in case of land set apart as State, *sarf-i-khas* or *paigah* land and demarcated as such, the applicant shall, on behalf of himself, his heirs, executors, administrators, representatives and assigns, if the cantonment authority so direct, subscribe to the conditions stated in schedule VI, Form E, and the application shall be submitted finally for the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad, who may sanction the application on obtaining from the owner of the land an agreement in Form F in cases where the applicant is not the owner of the land.

(2) Whoever gives notice to the cantonment authority under sub-section (1) shall, along with the notice, forward a plan and specification of the building which he intends to erect or re-erect, together with a site-plan of the land, of such character and with such details as the cantonment authority may require; and no such notice shall be valid until such plans and specification have been supplied.

The notice shall specify the purpose for which it is intended to use the building.

(3) Where any building is begun or erected without the giving of the notice, and the submission of the plans and specification required by this section, or in contravention of any order of the cantonment authority issued within six weeks of the receipt of valid notice thereunder, the cantonment authority may by notice in writing, to be delivered within a reasonable time, require the building to be altered or demolished, as it may think necessary.

(4) Where the cantonment authority neglects or omits for six weeks after the receipt of a valid notice under this section to make and deliver to the person who has given the notice any order in respect thereof, it shall be deemed to have sanctioned the proposed building absolutely.

(5) Every sanction for the erection or re-erection of a building given or deemed to have been given by the cantonment authority as aforesaid, shall be available for one year from the date on which the notice became valid and complete, and no longer; and if the building so sanctioned is not begun by the person who has obtained the sanction, or some one lawfully claiming under him, within that period, it shall not thereafter be begun without fresh sanction; but such person as aforesaid may at any subsequent time give fresh notice to the cantonment authority in the manner hereinbefore prescribed, and thereupon the provisions hereinbefore contained shall apply to the fresh notice:

Provided that no sanction under section 92 shall act as a bar to any proceedings under sections 77 to 87.

Explanation.—In this section the expression “erect or re-erect any building” includes—

- (a) any material alteration or enlargement of any building;
- (b) the conversion into a place for human habitation of any building not originally constructed for human habitation;
- (c) the conversion into more than one place for human habitation of a building originally constructed as one such place;
- (d) the conversion of two or more places of human habitation into a greater number of such places;
- (e) The conversion into a stable, cattle-shed or cow-house of any building originally constructed for human habitation;

- (f) such alterations of the internal arrangement of a building as affect an alteration of its drainage or sanitary arrangements, or affect its security ;
- (g) the addition of any rooms, buildings, out houses or other structures to any building ; and
- (h) the erection or re-erection of any boundary walls, hedges or fences.

93. (1) The owner or occupier of a building shall not, without the permission in writing of the cantonment authority, add to, or place against or in front of, the building, any projection or structure overhanging, projecting into, or encroaching on, any street, or into or on any drain, sewer or aqueduct therein.

(2) The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier of any building to alter or remove any such projection or encroachment as aforesaid :

Provided that, in the case of any projection or encroachment lawfully in existence at the commencement of this Code, the cantonment authority shall make reasonable compensation for any damage caused by the removal or alteration.

(3) The cantonment authority may, by order in writing, give permission to the owners or occupiers of buildings in any particular street to put up open verandahs, balconies or rooms projecting from any upper storey thereof to an extent beyond the line of the plinth or basement wall, and at a height from the level of the ground or street, to be specified in the order.

94. The cantonment authority, may by notice in writing, require the owner or lessee of any building or land in any street to put up and keep in good condition proper troughs and pipes for receiving and carrying the water from the building or land and for discharging the same so as not to inconvenience persons passing along the street.

95. The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require any person who has, without its permission in writing, newly erected or re-erected any building over any public sewer, drain, culvert, water-course or water-pipe, to pull down or otherwise deal with the same as it may think fit.

96. Where any building, well, tank, reservoir, pool, depression or excavation is, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, for want of sufficient repair, protection or enclosure, as the case may be, dangerous to persons passing by or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood, the cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier thereof to repair, protect or enclose the same ; and if there is, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, imminent danger, it shall forthwith take such steps to avert the danger as it may think necessary.

97. Where any building, wall, or structure, or anything affixed thereto, or any bank or tree is, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, in a ruinous state or in any way dangerous either, in the case of an occupied building, to the occupier or to the public, the cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier thereof forthwith either to remove the same or to cause such repairs to be made as it may think necessary for the safety of the occupier or of the public ; and if there is, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, imminent danger, it shall forthwith take such steps to avert the danger as it may think necessary.

98. The Cantonment Magistrate may, by notice in writing, require the owner or part-owner, or person claiming to be the owner or part-owner of any building or land, or the lessee or person claiming to be the lessee of any land, which, by reason of abandonment or disputed ownership or other cause, has remained untenanted, and become a resort of idle and disorderly persons, or otherwise a nuisance, to secure or enclose the same within a time to be specified in the notice.

Boundaries, trees, etc.

99. (1) The cantonment authority may, by public notice, prohibit the construction of boundary-walls, hedges or other fences of any material or description which is, in its opinion, unsuitable, unsightly or otherwise objectionable.

(2) The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or lessee of any land—

- (a) to remove from the land any boundary-wall, hedge or other fence which is, in its opinion, unsuitable, unsightly or otherwise objectionable ;
- (b) to construct on the land sufficient boundary-walls, hedges or other fences of such material, description and dimensions as may be specified in the notice ;
- (c) to maintain the boundary-walls, hedges or other fences on the land in good order.

Explanation.—In this section the expression “boundary-walls, hedges or other fences” includes all necessary gates and the posts or pillars thereof.

100. The Cantonment Magistrate may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier of any land within three days to cut or trim any hedges on the land in such manner as may be specified in the notice.

101. No general felling of trees, and no general lopping or trimming of trees in a manner likely to cause permanent injury thereto, shall be ordered by the cantonment authority without the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the Division, except in the case of State, *sarf-i-khas* and *paigah* lands within cantonment limits, in respect of which the Resident at Hyderabad shall be the sanctioning authority.

102. (1) No tree of mature growth, whether standing in any private enclosure or not shall be felled without the previous sanction of the cantonment authority.

(2) Where, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, the felling of any tree of mature growth standing in a private enclosure is necessary for sanitary reasons, the cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier of the land to fell the tree within a time to be specified in the notice.

Power to require lopping or trimming of trees. 103. The cantonment authority may—

- (a) cause to be lopped or trimmed any trees standing on land belonging to, or in the occupation of the Government or the cantonment authority, or
- (b) by public notice, require all owners, lessees or occupiers of land, or, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier of any land, to lop or trim, in such manner as may be specified in the notice, all or any trees standing on such land, and to remove any dead trees from such land.

104. (1) Where, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, the cultivation of any description of crop, or the use of any kind of manure, or the irrigation of land in any specified manner, is for any reason undesirable, the cantonment authority may, by public notice, prohibit such cultivation, use, or irrigation after a certain date to be specified in the notice:

Provided that, if, when a notice is issued under this section, any land to which it relates has been lawfully prepared for cultivation, or any crop is sown therein or is standing thereon, the cantonment authority—

- (a) may, subject to such conditions as it may think fit to impose, postpone the date from which the notice is to take effect; or
- (b) may, if it appears to it to be equitable under the circumstances to do so, and whether or not it postpones the date from which the notice is to take effect, pay to any person interested in the land or crop such sum as it may think fit as compensation for any loss incurred by reason only of his having complied with the notice; and
- (c) shall, if it directs that the notice is to take effect without delay, make compensation to all persons interested in the land or crop for any loss incurred by reason only of their having complied with the notice.

(2) The sum payable as compensation under clause (c) of the proviso to sub-section (1) may be settled by mutual agreement between the cantonment authority and such person or persons as aforesaid, or, in default of agreement, by a committee of arbitration constituted as provided in Chapter XX.

105. The Cantonment Magistrate may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier of any land to abstain from the improper use of the same, whether by quarrying or by removing earth, sand, stone or gravel, or by digging a tank, well or pit, and may require him by notice in writing, to restore the land to the condition it was in, previous to such improper use:

Provided that, where such use of the land has continued for 30 days, the owner, lessee or occupier shall not be required so to restore the land to its previous condition

106. Whoever, without the permission in writing of the cantonment authority, digs up the surface of any public land shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Penalties.

107. Whoever fails to give notice as required by section 92 (1) or fails to comply with any notice issued under this Chapter shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, in the case of a continuing failure, with an additional fine not exceeding five rupees for every day after the first in regard to which he is convicted of having persisted in the failure.

CHAPTER VIII.

CONTROL OVER SARAIS, ENCAMPING GROUNDS, TRAFFIC, ETC.

Sarais.

Duties of keepers of Sarais.

108. (1) Every keeper of a sarai shall be bound,—
- (a) if to his knowledge any person in the sarai is ill of any infectious or contagious disorder, or has died of any such disorder, to make an immediate report of the fact to the Cantonment Magistrate ;
 - (b) to maintain a sufficient supply of pure water for the use of persons frequenting the sarai ;
 - (c) to keep all parts of the sarai in a clean and sanitary condition ; and
 - (d) to give any information which the Cantonment Magistrate may, by notice in writing, require regarding—
 - (i) the boundaries of the sarai, and
 - (ii) any matters affecting its management and condition.

(2) Whoever fails to give the Cantonment Magistrate any information required under this section, or wilfully gives him false information, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees, and, in the case of a continuing failure, with an additional fine not exceeding five rupees for every day after the first in regard to which he is convicted of having persisted in the failure.

109. (1) The Cantonment Magistrate may, by notice in writing, require any keeper of

Power to require report as to persons using sarai.

a sarai to report to him, or to any person whom he may appoint in this behalf, either orally or in writing as may be directed in the notice, the name and description, or the names and descriptions, of any person or persons who resorted to the sarai during any period to be specified in the notice.

(2) Where a written report is required, the form in which the same is to be furnished may be specified in the notice.

(3) Whoever fails to comply with any notice issued under this section, or wilfully makes a false report thereunder, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees, and in the case of a continuing failure, with an additional fine not exceeding five rupees for every day after the first in regard to which he is convicted of having persisted in the failure.

110. (1) Where the keeper of a sarai commits a breach of any of the provisions of sections

Power to close sarais.

108 and 109, the cantonment authority may, in addition to any punishment which may be inflicted thereunder, by notice in writing, require that the sarai be closed to the use of the public.

(2) A notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be cancelled and cease to have effect if the keeper of the sarai satisfies the cantonment authority that no such breach as aforesaid would be likely to occur in the event of the sarai being re-opened to the use of the public.

111. The provisions of sections 108, 109 and 110 shall not apply if the Sarais Act, 1867, Saving of Sarais Act, 1867, if applied. shall hereafter be applied to the Cantonment.

Encamping grounds, etc.

112. (1) No place in the cantonment shall be used as an encamping ground or for the pitching of tents without the permission in writing of the cantonment authority.

(2) Such permission as aforesaid may be granted subject to any conditions which the cantonment authority may think fit to impose with respect to sanitary arrangements and other matters affecting the public health, safety or convenience.

Markets and Slaughter-houses.

Sale in markets of articles unfit for human consumption.

113. No person shall in any market sell, or expose for sale, any article of food or drink for human consumption which is unfit therefor.

114. (1) The cantonment authority may, by public notice, limit the hours during which Hours during which markets may be kept open. any market may be kept open for public use.

(2) A copy of every notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be conspicuously posted in each market to which the notice relates.

Sanitary Officer and Cantonment Magistrate to inspect markets.

115. The Sanitary Officer and the Cantonment Magistrate shall frequently inspect—

- (a) articles of food and drink for human consumption kept for sale in markets ;
- (b) the water-supply of markets ;

(c) the arrangements for the removal and disposal of offensive matter and rubbish from markets; and

(d) all other arrangements for maintaining markets in proper sanitary condition.

116. The cantonment authority may, by public notice, prohibit the sale, or exposure for sale, of any animal or article, or class of animals or articles in any public market.

Power to prohibit or restrict sales in public markets.

117. Where the owner or the person in charge of a private market applies for a license therefor, such license shall be granted on payment of the prescribed fee, if any, by the Cantonment Magistrate, on his being satisfied—

Licensing of private markets.

(a) that convenient passages have been provided between the shops, stalls, sheds or standings in the market;

(b) that a sufficient supply of pure water is provided for the market;

(c) that, in the case of a large market, one or more public latrines, at a distance of not less than fifty yards from the market, and one or more public urinals, according to requirements, are provided for the use of persons frequenting the market; and

(d) that suitable arrangements are made for—

(i) keeping the market in a clean and sanitary condition and removing offensive matter and rubbish therefrom;

(ii) the proper ventilation of the buildings and structures in the market; and

(iii) the proper maintenance of the public latrines and urinals (if any), provided for the use of persons frequenting the market.

118. No private market shall, after the commencement of this Code, be opened to public use until it has been licensed.

New private markets to be licensed.

Power to require existing private markets to be licensed.

119. (1) The cantonment authority may require,—

(a) by notice in writing, the owner of the person in charge of any private market in existence at the commencement of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1903; or

(b) by public notice, the owners or the persons in charge of any class of such markets,

to furnish, within a time to be specified in the notice, any information which may be needed for the purpose of determining whether a license should be required for any such market.

(2) On the expiration of such time as aforesaid, the cantonment authority shall determine in respect of each market to which the notice relates, whether or not it is necessary to require a license.

(3) Where the cantonment authority determines that a license shall be required for any such market, and a license therefor either is not applied for or is refused, the cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or the person in charge of the market to close the same until a license has been obtained.

Duties of owners or persons in charge of licensed markets.

120. The owner or the person in charge of a licensed market shall be bound—

(a) to maintain convenient passages between the shops, stalls, sheds or standings in the market;

(b) to maintain a sufficient supply of pure water for the market;

(c) to keep the market in a cleanly and sanitary condition and to remove all offensive matter and rubbish therefrom; and

(d) to maintain in good order any public latrines or urinals which may have been provided for the use of persons frequenting the market.

121. (1) Where the owner or the person in charge of a licensed market commits a breach of any of the provisions of section 114 and 120 the cantonment authority may, in addition to any punishment which may be inflicted under this Code, by order in writing, suspend the license for any period to be specified in the order, or withdraw the license

Power to suspend or withdraw licenses for markets.

(2) No market for which a license has been granted under this Chapter shall be kept open for public use while the license therefor is suspended or after the same has been withdrawn.

(3) A copy of every order made under sub-section (1) shall be conspicuously posted in the market to which the order relates.

122. The Cantonment Magistrate shall maintain a register of all private markets which have been licensed under this Chapter, showing—
 Register of private markets.

- (a) the date on which the license was issued, and
- (b) where the license has been suspended, the date and period of the suspension, or
- (c) where the license has been withdrawn, the date of the withdrawal.

123. Whoever, knowing that a license granted for a private market is for the time being suspended or has been withdrawn, sells or exposes for sale therein any meat, fish, milk, fruit, vegetables or other perishable articles of food for human consumption, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.
 Selling in private market when license suspended or withdrawn

124. (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), no person shall, without or otherwise than in conformity with the terms of a license granted by the Cantonment Magistrate in this behalf, use any place as a slaughter-house or for the slaughtering of any cattle, sheep, goats or pigs intended for human food.
 Restrictions on slaughtering without a license.

(2) Nothing in sub-section (1) shall be deemed—

- (i) to restrict, subject to such conditions as to prior or subsequent notice, as the Cantonment Magistrate with previous sanction of the Resident may, by general or special order, impose in this behalf, the slaughter of any animal in any place on the occasion of any festival or ceremony; or
- (ii) to prevent the Cantonment Magistrate, acting with the sanction of the cantonment authority, from setting apart places for the sacrifice of animals in accordance with religious custom and for the sale of the flesh thereof; or
- (iii) to limit or otherwise affect the right to slaughter, in or upon private premises, a kid intended solely for domestic consumption

(3) No fee shall be chargeable upon any license granted under this section.

Penalties for contravening section 124.

125. (1) Whoever—

- (a) uses any place in contravention of section 124, or
- (b) omits to give any notice required by any order made in pursuance of sub-section (2), clause (i) of the said section, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees; and

(2) Whoever after having been convicted of an offence punishable under sub-section (1) clause (a), of this section, continues to contravene any provision of section 124, shall be punishable, for each day after the first during which he continues so to offend, with a fine which may extend to twenty-five rupees.

Management of slaughter-houses generally.

126. Where the cantonment authority has made or approved of any arrangements for—

- (a) passing and marking animals in a slaughter-house as being suitable for slaughter, or
- (b) regulating the admission into a slaughter-house of persons carrying on business or trade or working for gain therein, or regulating the conduct of such persons therein,

the owner or the person in charge of the slaughter-house shall not slaughter, or permit to be slaughtered, any animal therein unless those arrangements are duly observed.

127. (1) The cantonment authority may, by public notice, limit the hours during which any slaughter-house may be kept open for use and slaughter of animals may be permitted therein.
 Hours during which slaughter-houses may be kept open.

(2) A copy of every notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be conspicuously posted in, each slaughter-house to which the notice relates.

128. (1) Where it is, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, necessary on sanitary grounds to do so, the cantonment authority may, by public notice, prohibit, for any period not exceeding one month to be specified in the notice, or for such further period, not exceeding one month, as it may from time to time by a like notice specify, the use of any slaughter-house or the slaughter therein of any animal of a description specified in the notice.
 Power to prohibit or restrict use of slaughter-houses.

(2) A copy of every notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be conspicuously posted in the slaughter-house to which the notice relates.

129. Where the owner or the person in charge of a private slaughter-house applies for the license therefor, such license shall be granted on payment of the prescribed fee, if any, by the Cantonment Magistrate on his being satisfied :—
 Licensing of private slaughter-houses

- (a) that convenient passages have been provided between any pens, standings or yards in the slaughter-house;
- (b) that a sufficient supply of pure water has been provided for the slaughter-house;

- (c) that sufficient drains have been provided ;
- (d) that the premises are so enclosed as to prevent the interior being visible by passers-by ; and
- (e) that suitable arrangements have been made for—
 - (i) keeping the slaughter-house in a clean and sanitary condition and removing offensive matter and rubbish therefrom ;
 - (ii) the proper ventilation of the buildings and structures in the slaughter-house ;
 - (iii) the proper maintenance of the drains and of any public latrines and urinals that may be required for the use of persons frequenting the slaughter-house ;
 - (iv) the treatment of animals in the slaughter-house ;
 - (v) the slaughter of animals in a humane manner within an enclosure so constructed that animals placed therein shall be out of sight of animals kept outside ;
 - (vi) the removal of animals to such enclosure as aforesaid ;
 - (vii) the disposal or destruction of animals which are offered for slaughter and are from disease or any other cause unfit for human consumption ; and
 - (viii) the destruction of carcasses which from disease or any other cause are found after slaughter to be unfit for human consumption :

Provided that no license shall be granted for a slaughter-house opened after the commencement of this Code, if the slaughter-house is situated at any place which the cantonment authority thinks, specially with regard to any neighbouring drains or water-courses, to be objectionable.

New private slaughter-houses to be licensed.

130. No private slaughter-house shall, after the commencement of this Code, be opened to public use until it has been licensed.

131. (1) The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or the person in charge of any private slaughter-house in existence at the commencement of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1903, to furnish within a time to be specified in the notice any information which may be needed for the purpose of determining whether a license should be required therefor.

(2) On the expiration of such time as aforesaid the cantonment authority shall determine whether or not it is necessary to require a license.

(3) Where the cantonment authority determines that a license shall be required for the slaughter-house, and a license therefor either is not applied for or is refused, the cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or the person in charge of the slaughter-house to close the same until a license has been obtained.

Duties of owners or persons in charge of licensed slaughter-houses.

132. The owner or the person in charge of a licensed slaughter-house shall be bound —

- (a) to maintain convenient passages between any pens, standings or yards in the slaughter-house ;
- (b) to maintain a sufficient supply of pure water for the slaughter-house ;
- (c) to keep the slaughter-house in a cleanly and sanitary condition, to provide and maintain receptacles for refuse, and to remove all offensive matter and rubbish from the slaughter-house ;
- (d) to maintain in good order the drains of the slaughter-house and any public latrines or urinals which may have been provided for the use of persons frequenting it ;
- (e) to maintain suitable arrangements for the purposes mentioned in section 129 clause (e), sub-clauses (iv) to (viii) ; and
- (f) to prevent the keeping of animals at the slaughter-house for more than twenty-four hours.

133. (1) Where the owner or the person in charge of a licensed slaughter-house commits a breach of any of the provisions of sections 127, 128 and 132, the cantonment authority, may in addition to any punishment which may be inflicted under this Code, by order in writing, suspend the license for any period to be specified in the order, or withdraw the license.

(2) No slaughter-house for which a license has been granted under this Chapter, shall be kept open to public use and no animal shall be slaughtered therein, while the license therefor is suspended or after the same has been withdrawn.

(3) A copy of every order made under sub-section (1) shall be conspicuously posted in the slaughter-house to which the order relates.

Register of private slaughter-houses.

134. The Cantonment Magistrate shall maintain a register of all private slaughter-houses which have been licensed under this Chapter showing—

- (a) the date on which the license was granted ; and
- (b) where the license has been suspended, the date and period of the suspension ; or
- (c) where the license has been withdrawn, the date of the withdrawal.

135. Whoever, knowing that a license granted for a slaughter-house is for the time being suspended or has been withdrawn, slaughters any animal therein, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Levy of stallages, rents and fees in public markets and slaughter-houses.

136. (1) The cantonment authority may—

(a) charge for the occupation or use of any stall, shop, standing, shed or pen in a public market or slaughter-house, and for the right to expose goods for sale in a public market and for weighing and measuring goods sold therein, and for the right to slaughter animals in any public slaughter-house, such stallages, rents and fees as shall from time to time be fixed by it in this behalf ; or

(b) farm the stallages, rents and fees leviable as aforesaid, or any portion thereof, for any period not exceeding one year at a time.

(2) A copy of the table of stallages, rents and fees (if any) leviable in any public market or slaughter-house under sub-section (1) printed in the English language and in such other language or languages as the cantonment authority may direct, shall be affixed in some conspicuous place in the market or slaughter-house, as the case may be.

137. (1) No person shall, without the permission in writing of the cantonment authority, bring into the cantonment any cattle, sheep, goats or swine intended for human consumption or the flesh of any such animal slaughtered outside the cantonment.

(2) Any animal or flesh brought into the cantonment in contravention of sub-section (1) may be seized by the Cantonment Magistrate or by any servant of the cantonment authority and sold or otherwise disposed of as the cantonment authority may direct, the sale proceeds being credited to the cantonment fund.

(3) Whoever commits a breach of the provisions of this section shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Explanation.—Nothing in this section shall be deemed to apply to cured or preserved meat.

Traffic.

138. The cantonment authority shall not permanently close any street or open any new street without the previous sanction of the Resident at Hyderabad, who shall, before issuing orders, consult the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

138-A. The cantonment authority may by public notice prohibit or enjoin the use of horns and other warning devices on vehicles of any specified class.

139. Whoever is driving a vehicle along a street shall, except in case of actual necessity, keep to the left when passing a vehicle coming from the opposite direction, and on the right when passing a vehicle going in the same direction.

140. No animal shall be ridden or driven, and no vehicle shall be driven, on any street in a rash or negligent manner.

141. No animal shall be ridden or driven, and no vehicle shall be driven, on any street at a time or in a manner prohibited by public notice issued by the Cantonment Magistrate or by the District Superintendent of Police.

141-A. No person shall cross any unenclosed space under the control of the cantonment authority upon which a notice prohibiting thoroughfare is displayed by the cantonment authority.

142. No vehicle shall be driven, led or kept standing on any street between nightfall and dawn without a suitable lamp placed on the right side thereof unless there is sufficient moonlight to render a lamp unnecessary.

143. Whoever is driving any elephant or camel on a street, shall remove the same to a safe distance on the approach of a horse or of bullocks drawing a vehicle.

144. No vehicle or animal shall be left on a street without proper control.

145. No animal shall be trained, broken in or led for exercise on any street at a time or place prohibited by public notice issued by the cantonment authority.

Obstructing street.**146. No person shall—**

- (a) cause any vehicle, with or without an animal harnessed thereto, to remain or stand so as to cause obstruction in any street longer than may be necessary for loading or unloading or for taking up or setting down passengers ; or
- (b) leave or fasten any vehicle or animal so as to cause obstruction in any street ; or
- (c) expose any article for sale, whether upon a stall or booth or in any other manner, so as to cause obstruction in any street ; or
- (d) in any other manner wilfully obstruct or cause obstruction to the free passage of any street.

Burial and Burning grounds.

147. The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner or keeper of any burial or burning ground to supply such information as may be specified in the notice concerning the condition, management or position of such ground.

Power to call for information regarding burial and burning grounds.

148. (1) No place not previously used as a burial or burning ground shall, after the commencement of this Code, be so used without the permission in writing of the cantonment authority.

Permission required for use of new burial or burning ground.

(2) Such permission as aforesaid may be granted subject to any conditions which the cantonment authority may think fit to impose for the purpose of preventing annoyance to, or danger to the health of, persons living in the neighbourhood.

149. (1) Where the cantonment authority is of opinion, after making or causing to be made local enquiry, that any burial or burning ground has become offensive to, or dangerous to the health of, persons living in the neighbourhood, it may, with the previous sanction of the Resident at Hyderabad, by notice in writing require the owner or keeper of such ground to close the same from a date to be specified in the notice.

Power to require closing of burial or burning ground.

(2) Where the Resident at Hyderabad sanctions the issue of any notice under sub-section (1), he shall declare the conditions on which the burial or burning ground may be re-opened, and a copy of the declaration shall be annexed to the notice.

(3) Where the Resident at Hyderabad sanctions the issue of any such notice as aforesaid, he shall require a new burial or burning ground to be provided at the expense of the cantonment fund, or, if the community concerned is willing to provide a new burial or burning ground, a grant to be made from the cantonment fund towards the cost of the same.

150. No corpse shall be buried or burnt in any burial or burning ground in respect of which a notice issued under section 149, sub-section (1), is for the time being in force.

Prohibition of use of burial or burning ground closed under section 149.

Distance between graves.

151. No grave shall be made in any burial ground at a less distance than three feet from the margin of the nearest grave.

152. No corpse shall, without the permission in writing of the cantonment authority, be buried in any burial ground in a grave of less depth than—

Depth of graves.

- (a) four feet, where the grave is made of masonry ; or
- (b) six feet, where the grave is not made of masonry.

153. Every corpse brought to a burial or burning ground shall be buried or burnt, as the case may be, within six hours after it has been so brought.

Corpses to be buried or burnt within six hours.

Corpses to be reduced to ashes.

154. Every corpse brought to a burning ground shall be completely reduced to ashes.

155. Where a corpse has been buried, burnt or otherwise disposed of in contravention of any of the provisions of sections 148, 150, 151, 152, 153 and 154, the cantonment authority may, if it thinks fit, take such order therewith, or with the remains thereof, as shall ensure the proper disposal of the same in accordance with this Code.

Power in respect of improperly disposed of corpses.

156. The provisions of sections 147 to 155 shall not apply to any burial ground which is for the time being managed under rules published in the Public Works Department Code.

Certain burial grounds excepted from operation of sections 147 to 155.

CHAPTER IX.

WATER-SUPPLY.

157. All sources of public water-supply (except such as are used for the purposes of water-works and are for the time being under the control of the Public or Military Works Department) shall be under the control of the cantonment authority.

Control of cantonment authority over sources of public water supply.

158. Where there are no water-works, the cantonment authority shall take all necessary measures for maintaining a supply of pure water, for guarding from pollution water which is used for human consumption, and for preventing polluted water from being so used.

Duty of cantonment authority to maintain supply of pure water, etc.

159. (1) Where, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, the water in any source of public water-supply is likely, if used by any human being or by any milch animal for drinking purposes, to engender or cause the spread of any disorder, the cantonment authority may, by public notice, prohibit the use or removal of the same for all or any of the following purposes, namely:

- (a) the drink of human beings or admixture with any article of human consumption;
- (b) the drink of milch animals or admixture with any article of food or drink or milch animals;
- (c) the washing of vegetables or of cooking utensils;
- (d) any other purpose which is likely to cause its introduction into any article of human consumption.

(2) A copy of every notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be conspicuously posted near the source of water-supply to which the notice relates.

Power to require proper maintenance, or closing to public use of private source of public drinking water-supply.

160. The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, or any person having control of any source of public water-supply which is used for drinking purposes—

- (a) to keep the same in good order, and to clear it from time to time of silt, refuse or decaying vegetation; or
- (b) if the water therein is proved to the satisfaction of the cantonment authority to be unfit for drinking purposes, to take such measures as may be specified in the notice to prevent the public from having access to, or using, such water:

Provided that in the case of a well such person as aforesaid may, instead of complying with the notice, signify in writing his desire to be relieved of all responsibility for the proper maintenance of the well and his readiness to place it under the control and supervision of the cantonment authority for the use of the public, and the cantonment authority shall thereupon undertake the control and supervision of the same.

Polluting source of public drinking water-supply.

161. (1) Whoever—

- (a) bathes in any source of public water-supply which is used for drinking purposes; or
- (b) washes, throws or causes or permits to enter, therein any dog or other animal; or
- (c) washes or cleanses therein any clothes, wool, cloth, leather, skin, utensil or other thing; or
- (d) throws or allows to flow thereinto any offensive matter or rubbish; or
- (e) causes or allows the water of any sink, drain, steam-engine or boiler, or any other filthy or polluted water belonging to him or under his control, to flow thereinto; or

(f) does any other act whereby the water thereof is polluted or is likely to be polluted, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

(2) For the purposes of this section the cantonment authority may, by public notice, declare what sources of public water-supply are used for drinking purposes.

(3) A copy of every notice issued under sub-section (2) shall be conspicuously posted near the source of water-supply to which the notice relates.

Impairing quality, or diminishing quantity, of water in source of public drinking water-supply or impairing usefulness of water-works.

162. The cantonment authority may, by public notice, prohibit any act specified in the notice which would, in its opinion,—

- (a) impair the quality or diminish the quantity of the water in any source of public water-supply which is set apart for public use and is used for drinking purposes; or
- (b) injure or impair the usefulness of any of the pipes, locks, cocks, or other fittings of water-works

Trespass on water-works.

163. (1) The cantonment authority may, by public notice, prohibit trespasses upon land occupied by water-works.

(2) A copy of every notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be conspicuously posted on the land to which the notice relates.

Altering, obstructing, or encroaching upon public water-channel.

164. (1) No person shall, without the permission in writing of the cantonment authority, alter, obstruct or encroach upon any public water channel.

(2) The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require any person who has made any such alteration, obstruction or encroachment as aforesaid to remove or desist from the same.

165. (1) The cantonment authority may, by public notice, prohibit fishing, boating or the gathering of flowers or plants, generally or by any particular method specified in the notice, in any source of public water-supply where it considers that any such act is likely to cause danger to the public health.

Power to prohibit polluting of source of public water-supply by fishing, boating or gathering flowers or plants.

(2) A copy of every notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be conspicuously posted near the source of water-supply to which the notice relates.

Throwing of corpse into source of public water-supply.

166. No person shall throw a corpse into any source of public water-supply.

167. The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, lessee or occupier of any place in which is carried on any offensive trade or manufacture whereby the water in any source of public water-supply is polluted, to take steps to abate such pollution.

Placing latrine, etc., or depositing offensive matter or rubbish, near source of public water-supply.

168. No person shall, without the permission in writing of the cantonment authority—

- (a) place any latrine, urinal, cesspool or drain, or
- (b) use for the deposit of offensive matter or rubbish any place, within fifty feet of any source of public water-supply.

169. The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require any lessee, owner or occupier on whose land any latrine, urinal, cesspool, drain or other receptacle for offensive matter exists within fifty feet of any source of public water-supply, to remove or close the same within one week from the service of the notice.

Removal of latrine, etc., near any source of public water-supply.**Bathing or washing at public well or spring.**

170. Whoever—

- (a) bathes, or
- (b) washes any animal or any clothes, wool, cloth, leather, skin, utensil or other things, by the side of any public well or spring so as to pollute the water thereof, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Regulation of public bathing and washing.

171. (1) The cantonment authority may, by public notice, prohibit—

- (a) bathing, or
- (b) the washing of animals or of clothes, wool, cloth, leather, skins, utensils or other things, or of any class of such things, by the public or any class thereof at any public place specified in the notice.

(2) The cantonment authority may, by public notice,—

- (a) appoint places for—
- (i) bathing, or

(ii) the washing of animals or of clothes, wool, cloth, leather, skins, utensils or other things, or any class of such things; and

- (b) fix the hours at which alone bathing or washing may be carried on at any place so appointed.

(3) In any notice issued under sub-section (1), separate places may be appointed for bathing and washing respectively, and separate places may be appointed for bathing by men and women respectively.

(4) A copy of every such notice as aforesaid shall be conspicuously posted on or near the place or places to which the notice relates.

Explanation.—In this section the expression “washing an animal” includes driving or throwing an animal, or permitting it to go, into water.

CHAPTER X.

TRADES, CALLINGS AND OCCUPATIONS.

Licenses required for carrying on of certain occupations. 172. No person of any of the following classes, namely,—

- (a) butchers and sellers of poultry, game or fish ;
- (b) persons keeping pigs for profit, and dealers in the flesh of pigs which have been slaughtered in India ;
- (c) persons keeping milch cattle or milch goats for profit ;
- (d) persons keeping for profit any animals other than pigs, milch cattle or milch goats ;
- (e) dairymen and buttermen and makers or sellers of ghi ;
- (f) makers of bread, biscuits or cake and sellers of bread, biscuits or cake made in India ;
- (g) sellers of fruit or vegetables ;
- (h) manufactures of aerated or other potable waters or ice, and sellers of the same ;
- (j) sellers of any medicines, drugs or articles of food or drink for human consumption (other than the flesh of pigs, milk, butter, bread, biscuits, cake, fruit, vegetables, aerated or other potable waters or ice) which are of a perishable nature ;
- (k) sellers of water to be used for drinking purposes ;
- (l) washermen ;
- (m) dealers in hay, straw, wood, charcoal or other inflammable material ;
- (n) dealers in fireworks, kerosene oil, petroleum or any other inflammable oil or spirit ;
- (o) tanners and dyers ;
- (p) persons carrying on any trade or occupation from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise ;
- (q) sellers of wheat, rice, and other grains, or flour used as human food ;
- (r) makers or sellers of sugar or sweet-meats ; and
- (s) hawkers and pedlars ;

shall carry on his trade, calling or occupation in any part of the cantonment unless he has applied for and obtained a license renewable annually from the cantonment authority :

Provided, first, that a license shall not be withheld if the applicant is willing to comply with such conditions as the cantonment authority may think fit to impose under section 173 :

Provided, secondly, that no person who was, at the commencement of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1903, carrying on his trade, calling or occupation in any part of the cantonment shall be bound to apply for a license for carrying on such trade, calling or occupation in that part until he has received from the cantonment authority not less than three months' notice in writing of his obligation to do so, and that, if the cantonment authority refuses to grant him a license, it shall pay reasonable compensation for any loss incurred by reason of such refusal :

Provided, thirdly, that no person shall be required to obtain a license for the sale or storage of petroleum in any case in which a license is required by the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad, to be taken out, save in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, and of the rules framed thereunder. VIII of 1899.

173. A license granted to any person under section 172 shall specify the part of the

Conditions which may be entered in such licenses. cantonment in which the licensee may carry on his trade, calling, or occupation, and may regulate the hours and manner of transport within the cantonment of any specified articles intended for human consumption, and may contain any conditions which the cantonment authority may think fit to impose with respect to the following matters, namely :

- (a) in the case of butchers and sellers of poultry, game or fish, —
 - (i) the apparatus and coverings to be used in the operations of their trade ;
 - (ii) the places at which, and the manner in which, meat, poultry, game or fish may be exposed for sale ; and
 - (iii) the disposal of meat, poultry, game or fish when found to be unfit for human consumption ;
- (b) in the case of persons keeping pigs for profit, and dealers in the flesh of pigs which have been slaughtered in India,—
 - (i) the places at which pigs may be kept ;
 - (ii) the number of pigs which may be kept at any one place ;
 - (iii) the season and the places at which pigs may be slaughtered and the flesh offered for sale ;

- (iv) the manner in which pigs shall be inspected prior to slaughter; and
- (v) the manner in which the flesh thereof shall be inspected and marked prior to sale, and disposed of when found to be unfit for human consumption:
- (c) in the case of persons keeping milch cattle or milch goats for profit,—
 - (i) the places at which such animals may be kept;
 - (ii) the number of such animals which may be kept at any one place;
 - (iii) the sources from which such animals shall be watered;
 - (iv) the segregation of any sick or diseased animals; and
 - (v) the taking of any other measures which the cantonment authority may think necessary for maintaining the premises in a clean and sanitary state:
- (d) in the case of persons keeping for profit any animals other than pigs, milch cattle or milch goats,—
 - (i) the places at which such animals may be kept;
 - (ii) the number of such animals which may be kept at any one place; and
 - (iii) the manner of keeping the animals so as to prevent their becoming a public nuisance or injurious to the public health:
- (e) in the case of dairymen, buttermen, and sellers of ghi,—
 - (i) the vessels and other apparatus to be used in the operations of their trade;
 - (ii) the places at which and the manner in which milk or butter may be prepared and kept for sale; and
 - (iii) the taking of any other measures which the cantonment authority may consider necessary for keeping the premises and all vessels and apparatus in a clean and sanitary state:
- (f) in the case of makers of bread, biscuits, cake or sweet-meats and sellers of bread, biscuits, or cakes or sweet-meats made in India,—
 - (i) the apparatus and the water, flour and other ingredients which may be used in the operations of their trade;
 - (ii) the places at which bread, biscuits, cake or sweet-meats may be prepared and kept for sale;
 - (iii) the inspection to be exercised over the making of such articles; and
 - (iv) the disposal of any such articles which may be found to be unwholesome:
- (g) in the case of sellers of fruit or vegetables,—
 - (i) the places and seasons at which fruit or vegetables, or any specified kinds of fruit or vegetables, may be sold; and
 - (ii) the disposal of any fruit or vegetables which may be found to be unwholesome, or of which the sale has been prohibited under clause (g), sub-clause (i):
- (h) in the case of manufacturers of aerated or other potable waters or ice, and sellers of the same,—
 - (i) the sources from which water used in such manufacture shall be taken;
 - (ii) the machinery, chemicals and ingredients which may be used in such manufacture;
 - (iii) the measures to be taken in order to ensure the proper filtering of the water used and the cleanliness of all apparatus and receptacles used; and
 - (iv) the attachment of labels or the adoption of other means for the purpose of identifying the factory at which each article was made:
- (i) in the case of sellers of any medicines, drugs or articles of food or drink for human consumption (other than the flesh of pigs, milk, butter, bread, biscuits, cake, fruit, vegetables, aerated or other potable waters or ice) which are of a perishable nature, the disposal of any articles which may be found to be unwholesome:
- (k) in the case of sellers of water to be used for drinking purposes,—
 - (i) the sources from which such water shall be taken; and
 - (ii) the taking of measures to ensure the cleanliness of mussuks or any other vessels or utensils used for carrying such water;
- (l) in the case of washermen, the places at which clothes may be washed, dried or kept;
- (m) in the case of dealers in hay, straw, wood, charcoal or other inflammable material,—
 - (i) the places at which such materials may be kept;
 - (ii) the quantity, which may be stored at any one place, and the manner of storing; and
 - (iii) the precautions against fire to be taken by the dealer or the person in charge of the business:

- (n) in the case of dealers in fire-works, petroleum, (in cases in which a license is required under this Code) kerosene oil or any other inflammable oil or spirit,—
 - (i) the places at which, and the quantities in which, any such article may be stored or kept for sale; and
 - (ii) the taking of any measures which the cantonment authority may consider necessary for the prevention of danger to life or property;
- (o) in the case of tanners and dyers, the taking of measures for regulating the discharge of refuse matter from their premises and for abating any nuisance arising from such premises; and
- (p) in the case of persons carrying on any trade or occupation from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise, the taking of any measures which the cantonment authority may consider necessary for the abatement of any nuisance arising from the premises.

Explanation.—For the purposes of clause (a), sub-clause (iii), meat which has been subjected to the process of blowing shall be presumed to be unfit for human consumption.

Power of cantonment authority to make bye-laws as to vehicles, etc.

174. The cantonment authority may, by bye-laws,—

- (a) render licenses necessary for the proprietors or drivers of vehicles, boats or animals kept or plying for hire within the cantonment, and fix the fees payable for such licenses and the conditions on which they are to be granted and may be revoked; and
- (b) limit the rates which may be demanded for the hire of any carriage, cart, boats or other conveyance, or of animals hired to carry loads, or for the services of persons hired to carry loads, and the loads to be carried by such conveyances, animals or persons when hired in the cantonment for a period not exceeding twenty-four hours, or for a service which would ordinarily be performed within twenty-four hours:

Provided, firstly, that no bye-law made under this section by the cantonment authority shall apply to any vehicle to which the Hackney Carriage Act, 1879, as locally applied, applies: XIV of 1879.

Provided, secondly, that no bye-laws be made, except at a meeting of which at least six clear days' notice shall have been given.

175. No person holding a license under section 172 for keeping for profit milch cattle or milch goats, or pigs or any other animal which may be used for human consumption, shall allow

the same—

- (a) to be fed upon refuse or any filthy or deleterious substance; or
- (b) to graze in any place in which grazing has for sanitary reasons been prohibited by public notice issued by the cantonment authority.

176. No dairyman holding a license under section 172 shall mix water with, or otherwise adulterate, any milk intended for sale.

Adulteration of milk

Adulteration of butter.

177. No butterman holding a license under section 172 shall adulterate any butter intended for sale.

178. No person holding a license under section 172 shall sell any article of food or drink unfit for human consumption which is unfit for that purpose.

Power to remove brothels and prostitutes.

179. (1) The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, prohibit—

- (a) the keeping of a brothel, or
- (b) the residence of a public prostitute,

in the cantonment or in any specified part thereof.

(2) Whoever fails to comply with a notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, in the case of a continuing failure, with an additional fine not exceeding five rupees for every day after the first in regard to which he is convicted of having persisted in the failure.

Exclusion of public prostitutes from regimental bazars.

180. No public prostitute shall be permitted to reside within the limits of any regimental bazar situate in the cantonment.

Power to suspend or withdraw license.

181. (1) Where any person holding a license under section 172 or section 174 commits a breach of any of the provisions of sections 173, 175, 176, 177 and 178, the cantonment authority may, in addition to any punishment which may be inflicted under this Code, by

order in writing, suspend the license for any reasonable time to be specified in the order, or withdraw the same.

(2) No person who has obtained a license under this Chapter for carrying on a trade, calling or occupation in any part of the cantonment shall carry on such trade, calling or occupation in that part while such license is suspended or after the same has been withdrawn.

CHAPTER XI.

PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF DISEASE.

Infectious or Contagious Disorders.

Information to be given of existence of infectious or contagious disorder. 182. Whoever—

- (a) being a medical practitioner and in the course of practice becoming cognizant of the existence of any infectious or contagious disorder in any dwelling, other than a public hospital or dispensary, in the cantonment or its neighbourhood ; or,
- (b) in default of such medical practitioner, being the owner or occupier of such dwelling and being cognizant of the existence of any infectious or contagious disorder therein ; or,
- (c) in default of such owner or occupier, being the person in charge of, or in attendance on, any person suffering from any infectious or contagious disorder in such dwelling and being cognizant of the existence of the disorder therein,

fails to give information, or gives false information, to the cantonment authority respecting the existence of such disorder, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees :

Provided that a person not required by this section to give information in the first instance, but only in default of some other person, shall not be punishable if it is shown that he had reasonable cause to suppose that the information had been, or would be, duly given :

Provided, also, that this section shall not apply to venereal disease where the person suffering therefrom is under specific and adequate medical treatment, and by reason of habits, conditions of life and residence, is unlikely to spread the disease.

Explanation.—In this section the expression “infectious or contagious disorder” includes venereal disease.

Information to be given of existence of infectious or contagious disorder among cattle. 182-A. Whoever—

- (a) being a veterinary practitioner and in the course of practice becoming cognizant of the existence in the cantonment or any village thereto adjacent, as an infectious or contagious disorder or any epidemic among horses, cattle, sheep or goats, or
- (b) in default of such veterinary practitioner, being the owner or in charge of such horse, cattle, sheep or goats and being cognizant of the existence amongst them of such infectious or contagious disorder or any epidemic,

fails to give information, or gives false information, to the cantonment authority respecting the existence of such disorder, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees :

Provided that a person not required by this section to give information in the first instance but only in default of some other person, shall not be punishable, if it is shown that he had reasonable cause to suppose that the information had been, or would be, duly given.

183. (1) In the event of the cantonment being at any time visited or threatened by an outbreak of any infectious or contagious disorder among the inhabitants thereof, or of any epidemic disease among the cattle, sheep or goats therein, the cantonment authority, if it is of opinion that the provisions of this Code or of any law at the time in force are insufficient for the purpose, may, with the previous sanction of the Resident at Hyderabad,

Special measures on outbreak of infectious or contagious disorder among inhabitants or epidemic disease among cattle.

- (a) take such special measures, and,
- (b) by public notice, prescribe such temporary regulations to be observed by the public or by any person or class of persons,

as it thinks necessary to prevent the outbreak of the disorder or disease or the spread thereof.

(2) Whoever commits a breach of any temporary regulations prescribed under sub-section (1), shall be deemed to have committed an offence punishable under section 183 of the Indian Penal Code, as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad.

184. Where it is certified to the Cantonment Magistrate by a medical practitioner that the outbreak or spread of any infectious or contagious disorder is, in the opinion of such medical practitioner, attributable to the milk supplied by any dairyman, the Cantonment Magistrate may, by notice in writing, require the dairyman, within a time to be

Power to require names of dairyman's customers.

specified in the notice, to furnish him with a full and complete list of the names and addresses of all his customers within the cantonment, or to give him such information as will enable him to trace the persons to whom the dairyman has sold milk.

185. Where it is certified to the Cantonment Magistrate by the Sanitary Officer that it is desirable, with a view to prevent the spread of any infectious or contagious disorder, that the sanitary officer should be furnished with a list of the customers of any washerman, the Cantonment Magistrate may, by notice in writing, require the washerman, within a time to be specified in the notice, to furnish the Sanitary Officer with a full and complete list of the names and addresses of all owners within the cantonment of clothes and other articles for whom the washerman washes or has washed during the six weeks immediately preceding the date of the notice.

186. Where, after inspection, the Sanitary Officer is of opinion that any infectious or contagious disorder is caused, or is likely to arise, from the consumption of the milk supplied from a dairy, or from the washing of soiled clothes or other articles in any place or from any process employed by a washerman, he shall report the matter to the Cantonment Magistrate.

Action on report submitted under section 186.

187. Upon receipt of a report submitted under section 186, the Cantonment Magistrate may, by notice in writing,—

- (a) prohibit the person in charge of the dairy from supplying milk therefrom until the notice has been withdrawn; or, as the case may be,
- (b) prohibit the washerman from washing soiled clothes or other articles in any such place or by any such process as aforesaid until the notice has been withdrawn or unless he uses such place in such manner or washes by such process as the Cantonment Magistrate may direct in the notice.

188. The Sanitary Officer or any Medical Officer of the Government appointed by the cantonment authority may take possession of any milk, clothes or other articles which are, or have recently been, in the possession of any dairyman or washerman on whom a notice under section 184 or section 185, has been served, and may subject the same, or cause, the same to be subjected, to such chemical or other process as he may think necessary; and the cantonment authority shall pay from the cantonment fund all the costs of the process, and shall also pay to the owner of the milk, clothes or other articles, such sum as compensation for any loss occasioned by such process as may in the circumstances appear to it to be reasonable.

Contamination of public conveyances.

189. Whoever—

- (a) enters a public conveyance while suffering from an infectious or contagious disorder which would be likely to be communicated to other persons using the conveyance; or
- (b) uses a public conveyance for the carriage of a person who is suffering from any such disorder; or
- (c) uses a public conveyance for the carriage of the corpse of a person who has died from any such disorder;

shall be bound to notify the fact to the driver, and to report to the Cantonment Magistrate the number of the conveyance and the name of the driver.

190. Where any person suffering, or the corpse of any person who has died, from an infectious or contagious disorder, has been carried in a public conveyance, the driver shall forthwith report the fact to the Cantonment Magistrate, and that officer shall forthwith cause the conveyance to be disinfected, if that has not already been done.

191. Where the Cantonment Magistrate is, upon the advice of the Sanitary Officer, of opinion that the cleansing or disinfection of any building or part of a building or of any articles therein likely to retain infection, or the renewal of the flooring of any building or part of a building, would tend to prevent or check the spread of any infectious or contagious disorder, he may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier to cleanse and disinfect the said building, part or articles, or to renew the said flooring, within a time to be specified in the notice:

Provided that where, in the opinion of the Cantonment Magistrate, the owner or occupier is, from poverty or any other cause, unable effectually to carry out any such requisition, the Cantonment Magistrate may, at the expense of the cantonment fund, cleanse or disinfect the building or part, or any articles therein likely to retain infection, or renew the said flooring.

192. Where the destruction of any hut or shed is, in the opinion of the cantonment authority, necessary to prevent the spread of any infectious or contagious disorder, the cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require the owner, within a time to be specified in the notice, to destroy the hut or shed and the materials thereof:

Destruction of infected hut or shed.

Provided that the cantonment authority shall pay to the owner such sum as may in the circumstances appear to it to be equitable for any loss incurred by reason of the destruction of such hut, shed or materials.

193. The cantonment authority shall provide free of charge temporary shelter or house accommodation for the members of any family in which an infectious or contagious disorder has appeared, who have been compelled to leave their dwellings by reason of any proceedings taken under section 191 or section 192, and desire such shelter or accommodation as aforesaid to be provided for them.

Temporary shelter while building is being disinfected or when infected hut is destroyed.

194. Whoever lets a building or part of a building in which any person has, within the six weeks immediately preceding, been suffering from an infectious or contagious disorder shall, before letting the building or part, disinfect the same, in such manner as the cantonment authority may, by public or special notice, direct, together with all articles therein liable to retain infection.

Disinfection of building and articles therein before letting the building.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the keeper of a sarai shall be deemed to let part of a building to any person who is admitted as a guest into the sarai.

195. No person shall, without previous disinfection of the same, give, lend, sell, transmit or otherwise dispose of to another person any article or thing which he has reason to know has been exposed to contamination by any infectious or contagious disorder.

Disposal of infected article without disinfection.

196. The cantonment authority shall, by public notice, prescribe the manner in which infectious excreta and other matter is to be dealt with or disposed of.

Disposal of infectious matter.

Making or selling of food, etc., or washing of clothes, by infected person.

197. Whoever, while suffering from an infectious or contagious disorder,—

(a) makes or offers for sale any article of food or drink for human consumption, or any medicine or drug, or

(b) takes any part in the business of washing or carrying soiled clothes,

shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

198. The Cantonment Magistrate may, by notice in writing, prohibit any person, while suffering from, or likely to spread, any infectious or contagious disorder, from making, carrying or offering for sale, or from taking any part in the business of making, carrying or offering for sale, any article of clothing or bedding or anything for use in the making of clothing or bedding, or any other article for personal wear or use which may be specified in the notice.

Power to prohibit making, carrying or selling of clothes, bedding or other articles by infected person.

199. When the cantonment is visited or threatened by an outbreak of any infectious or contagious disorder, the cantonment authority may, on the advice of the Cantonment Magistrate and the Sanitary Officer, by public notice, restrict in such manner, or prohibit for such period, as may be specified in the notice, the sale or preparation of any article of food or drink for human consumption specified in the notice, or the sale of the flesh of any description of animal specified in the notice.

Power to restrict or prohibit sale of specified articles of food or drink on outbreak of infectious or contagious disorder.

200. Where any person has died from any infectious or contagious disorder, the Cantonment Magistrate may, by notice in writing,—

Disposal of infected corpse.

(a) require any person having charge of the corpse—

(i) to bury, burn or otherwise dispose of the same, according to the custom of the class to which the deceased belonged, forthwith, or within any period, not exceeding twenty-four hours after death, to be specified in the notice; or

(ii) to convey the same to a mortuary, thereafter to be disposed of in accordance with law; or

(b) prohibit the removal of the corpse from the place where death occurred, except for the purpose of being buried, burnt or otherwise disposed of as aforesaid or of being conveyed to a mortuary.

Hospitals and Dispensaries.

201. (1) So far as the funds at its disposal permit, the cantonment authority may, subject to the orders of the Resident at Hyderabad,—

Maintenance or aiding of hospitals and dispensaries.

(a) provide and maintain, either within or without the cantonment, as many hospitals or dispensaries as may be necessary; or

(b) make, upon such terms as it thinks fit to impose, a grant-in-aid to any hospital or dispensary, whether within or without the cantonment, not maintained by it.

(2) Every hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under sub-section (1) shall have attached to it a ward or wards for the treatment of persons suffering from infectious or contagious disorders.

Explanation.—In this section the expression “infectious or contagious disorder” includes venereal disease.

202. A Medical Officer, to be appointed in such manner as the Resident at Hyderabad Medical Officer to be in charge of my direct, shall be in charge of every hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 201.

203. Subject to the control over the cantonment fund which is vested in the Resident at XV of 1910. Hyderabad by section 21 of the Cantonments Act, 1910, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad, there shall be appointed for every hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 201 such subordinate establishment as may be necessary.

204. So far as the funds at its disposal permit, the cantonment authority shall cause every hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 201 to be provided with—

- (a) all requisite drugs, instruments, apparatus, furniture and appliances;
- (b) sufficient cost, bedding and clothing for in-patients; and
- (c) such further requisites as may be necessary.

205. Every hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 201 shall be maintained in accordance with such rules made by the Governor-General in Council or the Resident at Hyderabad for the conduct of hospitals and dispensaries in the cantonment of Secunderabad.

206. At every hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 201 the sick poor of the cantonment, persons in the cantonment suffering from infectious or contagious disorders, and, with the sanction of the cantonment authority, any other sick persons, may receive medical treatment free of cost, and, if treated as in-patients, shall be either dieted gratuitously or, should the Medical Officer in charge so direct, granted subsistence allowance on a scale to be determined by the cantonment authority:

Provided that the subsistence allowance granted as aforesaid shall not be less than the lowest allowance for the time being fixed for the subsistence of judgment debtors by the Resident at Hyderabad under section 57 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad.

Explanation.—In this section, the expression “infectious or contagious disorder” includes venereal disease.

207. Any sick person who is ineligible under section 206 to receive medical treatment free of cost in any hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 201 may, upon such terms as the cantonment authority thinks fit to impose, be admitted to treatment in such hospital or dispensary.

208. If the Medical Officer in charge of a hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 201 has *prima facie* grounds for believing that any person living in the cantonment is suffering from an infectious or contagious disorder, he may, by notice in writing in the form set forth in Schedule III or in any similar form, call upon such person to attend at the hospital or dispensary at a time to be specified in the notice, and not to quit it without the permission of the Medical Officer in charge unless and until such Medical Officer is satisfied, by examination (if necessary), that such person is not in fact suffering, or is no longer suffering, from such disorder:

Provided that, if, having regard to the nature of the disorder, or the condition of the person suffering therefrom, or the general environment and circumstances of such person, the Medical Officer considers the attendance of such person at the hospital or dispensary inexpedient, he may dispense with such attendance and take such measures or give such directions as he may think fit and proper.

Explanation.—In this section the expression “infectious or contagious disorder” includes venereal disease.

209. (1) If the Medical Officer in charge of a hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 201 reports in writing to the Commanding Officer of the cantonment that any person having received a notice as provided by section 208 has refused or omitted to attend at the hospital or dispensary, or that such person, having attended at the hospital or dispensary has quitted it without the permission of such Medical Officer, the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment may, if he thinks fit, by order in writing, direct such person to remove from the Cantonment within twenty-four hours, and prohibit him from remaining longer in, or re-entering, it without his permission in writing.

(2) Whoever, having been prohibited under sub-section (1) from remaining in or re-entering the cantonment, fails to remove from, or re-enters, it without the permission in writing of

the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, in the case of a continuing failure, with an additional fine not exceeding five rupees for every day after the first in regard to which he is convicted of having persisted in the failure.

(3) No person who has been prohibited from remaining in or entering any cantonment in British India shall enter the cantonment without the written permission of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

210. No spirituous or fermented liquor, or intoxicating drug or preparation shall be introduced into a hospital or dispensary maintained or aided under section 201 without the permission of the Medical Officer in charge.

Introducing liquor or drug into hospital or dispensary.

211. (1) No land in the cantonment shall be selected for use as a hospital or segregation camp without giving the Cantonment Magistrate and the Sanitary Officer an opportunity of stating their opinions upon the proposed selection.

Temporary hospitals and segregation camps in cantonment.

(2) When any land in the cantonment is used as aforesaid, it shall be ploughed up as soon as practicable after it has ceased to be so used.

Pilgrims.

212. (1) The cantonment authority may provide or prescribe suitable routes for the use of persons passing through the cantonment—

(a) on their way to or from fairs or places of pilgrimage or other places of public resort; or

(b) during times when an infectious or contagious disorder is prevalent; and may, by public notice, require such persons as aforesaid to use such routes and no others.

(2) All routes provided or prescribed under sub-section (1) shall be clearly and sufficiently indicated by the cantonment authority.

CHAPTER XII.

SUPPRESSION OF MENDICANCY AND LOITERING AND REMOVAL OF DISORDERLY PERSONS.

Mendicancy.

Mendicancy.

213. No mendicant shall, in any street or public place in the cantonment, loiter or beg for alms.

Loitering and Importuning.

214. Whoever, in any street or public place in the cantonment, loiters for the purpose of prostitution or importunes any person to the commission of sexual immorality, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees:

Provided that no person shall be charged with a breach of the provisions of this section except on the complaint of the person importuned, or of an officer, as defined in the Cantonments Act, 1910, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad, in whose presence the breach was committed, or of a member of the British military police force employed in the cantonment and specially authorised in this behalf by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment in whose presence the breach was committed, or of any police officer, not below the rank of an officer in charge of a police station, who is employed in the Cantonment and specially authorised in this behalf by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

Removal of Disorderly Persons.

Removal and exclusion from cantonment of disorderly persons, etc.

215. (1) The Cantonment Magistrate may, on receiving information that any person, whether resident in or frequenting the cantonment,—

(a) is a disorderly person who has been convicted more than once of gambling, or who keeps or frequents a common gaming house, a disorderly drinking shop or a disorderly house of any other description; or

(b) has been convicted more than once, either within the cantonment or elsewhere, of an offence punishable under Chapter XVII of the Indian Penal Code; or

(c) has been convicted, either within the cantonment or elsewhere, of any offence punishable under section 156 of the Army Act; or

- (d) has been ordered, under Chapter VIII of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, V of 1898, either within the cantonment or elsewhere, to execute a bond for his good behaviour,

may make an order in writing setting forth the substance of the information received, and issue a summons requiring the person to show cause why he should not be required to remove from the cantonment and be prohibited from re-entering it.

(2) Every summons issued under sub-section (1) shall be accompanied by a copy of such order as aforesaid, and the copy shall be delivered by the officer serving the summons to the person served with the same.

(3) The Cantonment Magistrate shall, when the person so summoned appears before him, proceed to inquire into the truth of the information received, and take such further evidence as he thinks fit, and, if upon such inquiry, it appears to him to be necessary for the maintenance of good order that the person should be required to remove from the cantonment and be prohibited from re-entering it, the Cantonment Magistrate shall report the matter to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, and, if the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment so directs, shall issue a notice in writing requiring the person to remove from the cantonment within a time to be specified in the notice and prohibiting him from re-entering it without the permission in writing of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

216. (1) The Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, if he thinks it expedient to exclude any person from the cantonment, whether with or without assigning any reason therefor, and whether such person resides in or frequents the cantonment, shall send to the Cantonment Magistrate an order in writing to that effect, and the Cantonment Magistrate shall cause a copy of the order to be served on the person, together with a notice in writing requiring him to remove from the cantonment within a time to be specified in the notice, and prohibiting him from re-entering it without the permission in writing of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment:

Provided that no such order as aforesaid shall be made—

- (a) where the only reason for making it is that the person—

(i) is disorderly; or

(ii) has been convicted of an offence punishable under Chapter XVII of the XLV of 1860, Indian Penal Code, or section 156 of the Army Act; or

(iii) has been ordered under Chapter VIII, of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 to execute a bond for his good behaviour; or

44 and 45.
Vect. c. 58.
V of 1898.

- (b) unless the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment thinks that the presence of the person in the cantonment is dangerous to good order or military discipline.

(2) Save where the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment considers immediate action to be necessary, he shall, before making an order under sub-section (1), obtain the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the Division.

(3) Where an order is made under sub-section (1) without the previous sanction referred to in sub-section (2), the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment shall forthwith send to the Officer Commanding the Division, a copy of the order together with a statement of the reasons therefor.

317. Whoever, knowing that any person has, under sections 209, 215 or 216, been required to remove from the cantonment and has not obtained the requisite permission to re-enter it, harbours or conceals such person in the cantonment, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees. ●

Harbouring or concealing person ordered to remove from, and prohibited from re-entering, cantonment.

CHAPTER XIII.

CARE OF ANIMALS.

Prevention of cruelty.

218. Whoever ill-uses, tortures or cruelty beats any animal in the cantonment shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Cruelty to animals.

219. The places appointed to be infirmaries under section 6, sub-section (2), of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890, as applied to the Cantonment of Secunderabad, shall be the pounds established for the cantonment of Secunderabad under the Cattle-Trespass Act, 1871, as applied thereto.

Infirmaries.

XI of 1890.

I of 1871.

Grazing.

220. Every owner, or the person in charge, of an animal grazing on any land belonging to or in the occupation of the Government or the Cantonment authority in the cantonment, shall be bound to keep it under proper care and control.
221. (1) Where any animal is found grazing on land belonging to or in the occupation of the Government or the cantonment authority in the cantonment without being under proper care or control, it may be seized by any servant of the cantonment authority and sent within twenty-four hours to the nearest pound established under section 4 of the Cattle-Trespass Act, 1871, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad.
- (2) Every animal so sent to the pound shall be dealt with as if it had been impounded under the provisions of the said Act as so applied, and the provisions of the said Act shall apply thereto.
- (3) Every member of the police force employed in the cantonment shall, when required, aid in preventing resistance to any such seizure as aforesaid and rescues from persons making such seizures.
222. (1) Whoever takes delivery of any animal impounded from the pound-keeper (if any) appointed under section 6 of the Cattle-Trespass Act, 1871, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad, shall inform the pound-keeper of the name of the owner of the animal and the name of the person who had charge of the same at the time of its seizure.
- (2) Whoever refuses to give the pound-keeper the information required by this rule, or wilfully gives him false information, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

CHAPTER XIV.

PREVENTION OF FIRE.

223. (1) No person shall, in any place in the cantonment within one hundred yards of a public building or building having a thatched roof, or in any other place in which the collection or placing of highly inflammable materials may be prohibited by public notice issued by the cantonment authority,—
- (a) stack or collect dry grass, straw or any other highly inflammable material, or
- (b) build a matted structure or a cooking place.
- (2) The cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require any person who has stacked or collected any grass, straw or other highly inflammable material, or has built a matted structure or a cooking-place in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1), to remove such stack, collection or structure as aforesaid within a time to be specified in the notice.
224. No person shall, without the general or special permission of the cantonment authority, or without payment of such fees as the cantonment authority may fix in that behalf, let off rockets or fire-works of any description, send up a fire-balloon or light a bonfire.
225. No person shall set a naked light on or near any building in any street or public place in the cantonment in such manner as to cause danger of fire :

Provided that this prohibition shall not extend to the use of lights, with the permission in writing of the cantonment authority, for purposes of illumination on the occasion of a festival or public or private entertainment :

CHAPTER XV.

REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

226. (1) The Cantonment Magistrate shall maintain registers, in such forms as may be prescribed by the Resident at Hyderabad, of all births and deaths occurring in the cantonment.
- (2) No charge shall be made for the registration of any birth or death under this chapter.
- (3) Any clerical error which may at any time be discovered in the registers may be corrected by the Cantonment Magistrate. An error of fact or substance in any such registers

may be corrected by the Cantonment Magistrate by any entry in the margin without any alteration of the original entry, upon production to the Cantonment Magistrate by the person requiring such error to be corrected, of a declaration on oath setting forth the nature of the error and the true facts of the case, made before the Cantonment Magistrate by the person required to give information concerning the birth or death with reference to which the error has been made or, in default of such person, by two credible persons having knowledge of the case and certified by the Cantonment Magistrate to have been made in his presence.

(4) Except as aforesaid, no alteration shall be made in any such register.

227. The head for the time being of every house or family in which any birth occurs, shall, within eight days after the event, report the same at the nearest police station or to the Cantonment Magistrate, together with the following particulars, namely :

Duty of head of house or family to report birth therein.

- (a) the date of the birth, and the sex and name (if any) of the child ;
- (b) the name, place of residence and occupation, and the caste or religion (if any) of the father, if the person making the report is willing to furnish these particulars ; and
- (c) the name and place of residence of the person making the report.

228. The head for the time being of every house or family in which any death occurs, shall, within twenty-four hours after the event, report the same at the nearest police station or to the Cantonment Magistrate, together with the following particulars, namely :

Duty of head of house or family to report death therein.

- (a) the date of the death, the sex, name, age, and occupation, and the caste or religion (if any) of the deceased, the cause of death and the place of residence of the deceased at the time of death ;
- (b) the name of the father, or, if the deceased was a married woman, the name of her husband, if the person making the report is willing to furnish these particulars ; and
- (c) the name and place of residence of the person making the report.

229. It shall be the duty of every Medical Officer of the Government to report to the Cantonment Magistrate, as soon as practicable after the event, every birth and death occurring in the cantonment of which he may become cognizant in the exercise of his profession.

Duty of Medical Officers to report births and deaths.

230. Whoever fails to comply with the provisions of section 227 or section 228 shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five rupees.

Penalty.

CHAPTER XVI.

APPOINTMENT OF AGENTS BY ABSENTEE OWNERS.

231. (1) Whoever, being the owner of any building or land in the cantonment, is absent therefrom, shall appoint some person residing in the cantonment to act as his agent for all the purposes of the Cantonments Act, 1910, as applied to the Cantonment XV of 1910. of Secunderabad, and of this Code, and shall notify such appointment to the Cantonment Magistrate in writing.

Duty of absentee owner to appoint agent.

(2) Whoever fails to appoint an agent or to notify such appointment as required by subsection (1) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees, and in the case of a continuing failure, with an additional fine not exceeding five rupees for every day after the first in regard to which he is convicted of having persisted in the failure.

232. (1) Where any person, by reason of his receiving the rent of immoveable property as agent or trustee, or of his being, as agent or trustee, the person who would receive the rent if the property were let to a tenant, would under any of the provisions of this Code, be bound to discharge any obligation imposed on the owner of the property for the discharge of which money is required, he shall not be bound to discharge the obligation unless he has, or but for his own improper act or default might have had, in his hands funds sufficient for the purpose belonging to the owner.

Relief to agents and trustees.

(2) The burden of proof of the facts entitling an agent or trustee to relief under subsection (1) shall lie on him.

(3) Where any agent or trustee has claimed and established his right to relief under this section, the cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require him to apply to the discharge of such obligation as aforesaid the first moneys which shall come to his hands on behalf, or for the use, of the owner ; and, on failure to comply with the notice, he shall be deemed to be personally liable to discharge the obligation.

CHAPTER XVII.

INSPECTION, ENTRY, SEARCH AND ARREST.

Inspection, Entry and Search.

233. The Resident at Hyderabad, the Officer Commanding the Division or the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment may enter into, or on, and inspect any building or land if it appears to him to be necessary to do so in order to the exercise of any power conferred upon him by this code.

Entry and inspection by the Resident at Hyderabad, the Officer Commanding the Division or the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

Entry and inspection by, or by, the authority of, the cantonment authority.

234. The cantonment authority by itself or by any person generally or specially authorised by it in this behalf may—

- (a) enter into, or on, any building or land for the purpose of—
 - (i) removing any buildings or materials, or altering any building, in pursuance of a notice issued by the cantonment authority in accordance with the conditions of a lease executed under section 264; or
 - (ii) resuming any land in pursuance of a notice issued by the Resident at Hyderabad in accordance with the conditions of a lease executed as aforesaid; or
 - (iii) performing any act authorised by any of the provisions of sections 96, 97 and 290, sub-section (1); or
 - (iv) making any inspection authorised by the provisions of section 83, sub-section (1); or
- (b) enter into, and inspect any place which is, or may recently have been, used as a burial or burning ground, if it appears to the cantonment authority to be desirable to do so in order to the carrying out of any of the provisions of this Code; or
- (c) enter into, or on, and inspect any building or land in, on, or with respect to, which the cantonment authority has reason to believe—
 - (i) that a breach of any of the provisions of this Code has been committed; or
 - (ii) that any notice issued under this Code has not been duly complied with; or
 - (iii) that any conditions imposed under this Code have not been duly observed; or
 - (iv) that any notice should be issued under this Code; or
 - (v) that any conditions should be imposed under the provisions of section 112, sub-section (2), section 148, sub-section (2) or section 173.

Entry, inspection and search by, or by the authority of, the Sanitary Officer.

235. The Sanitary Officer or any Medical Officer of the Government specially deputed by the Cantonment authority, may—

- (a) enter into, or on, any building or land for the purpose of inspecting any receptacles or places provided under section 75 for the temporary deposit of offensive matter and rubbish; or
- (b) enter into, and inspect any dairy, or any place at which a washerman washes or keeps clothes or other articles in the course of his business, if it appears to the Sanitary Officer to be necessary to do so in order to the prevention of the spread of any infectious or contagious disorder; or
- (c) enter into, or on, and inspect any building or land in or on which the Sanitary Officer has reason to believe that there is, or has recently been, any person suffering, or the corpse of any person who has died, from any infectious or contagious disorder, and search for infected persons, corpses or articles therein or thereon; or
- (d) enter into, or on, any building or land in or on which the Sanitary Officer has reason to believe that there is any public conveyance which has been used for the carriage of a person suffering, or the corpse of a person who has died from any infectious or contagious disorder, and which has not been disinfected; or
- (e) enter into, or on, and inspect any building or land in, on, or with respect to which the Sanitary Officer has reason to believe—
 - (i) that any such nuisance as is described in section 67, clause (d), and clause (e) clause (a) or clause (p) has been committed; or
 - (ii) that a breach of any of the provisions of sections 108, 126, 132, 150 to 154, 161, 175 to 178 and 197 has been committed; or
 - (iii) that any notice issued under section 191, section 196 or section 198 has not been duly complied with; or
 - (iv) that any conditions imposed under section 148, sub-section (2), or section 173 and affecting sanitation or hygiene have not been duly observed; or

- (v) that the cantonment authority should be moved to issue a notice under sections 77, 81, 82, 84, 85, 86, 102, 104, 105, 159, 160, 162, 165, 167, 169, 192, or 199, or to take any action under section 83, sub-section (1); or
- (f) enter into and inspect any private slaughter-house, or any structure therein for the purpose of assisting the Cantonment Magistrate in determining whether a license should be issued under section 129; or
- (g) enter on, and inspect any land which it is proposed to use as a burial or burning ground, for the purpose of ascertaining whether any such permission as is referred to in section 148, sub-section (1), should be given; or
- (h) enter into, or on, and inspect any building or land for the purpose of advising the cantonment authority as to the conditions which should be imposed under section 173 in any license which it is proposed to grant under section 172; or
- (i) enter into, or on, and inspect, any building or land in or on which the Sanitary Officer has reason to believe that there is any animal or flesh which has been brought into the cantonment in contravention of section 137, or has been slaughtered in contravention of section 124 and search for such animal or flesh; or
- (j) enter into, or on, and inspect any building or land for the purpose of—
 - (i) ascertaining whether the cantonment authority should be moved to take any action under section 183, sub-section (1); or
 - (ii) advising the cantonment authority whether any, and, if so, what direction should be issued under section 92, sub-section (1), clause (b), clause (c), or clause (d); or
- (k) enter into, or on, and inspect any building or land with respect to which the Sanitary Officer has reason to believe that the cantonment authority should be moved to issue a notice under section 79, section 85, section 86 or section 93.

Entry, inspection, and search by, or by the authority of, the Cantonment Magistrate. 236. The Cantonment Magistrate, by himself or by any person generally or specially authorised by him in this behalf, may—

- (a) enter into, or on, and inspect any building or land for the purpose of—
 - (i) inquiring into occupation, ownership, agency, rights, or any other matter required to be entered in any of the registers maintained under sections 271, 272 and 273, or
 - (ii) performing the duties imposed on the Cantonment Magistrate, by section 17, sub-section (2), section 64, section 72, or section 78, clause (b), sub-clause (i), or
 - (iii) determining whether a license should be issued under section 117, or section 129, or
 - (iv) ascertaining whether a notice should be issued under section 187 or section 191, or
 - (v) cleansing or disinfecting a building or any articles therein, or renewing flooring in pursuance of the proviso to section 191, or
- (b) enter into, or on, and inspect any building or land in or on which the Cantonment Magistrate has reason to believe that there is the corpse of any person who has died from an infectious or contagious disorder and search for such corps; or
- (c) enter into and inspect any building which is being used, or intended to be used as a theatre or place of public entertainment or resort, or any structure therein for the purpose of enquiring into and testing the safety of such building or structure; or
- (d) enter into, or on, and inspect, any building or land in or on which the Cantonment Magistrate has reason to believe that there is any animal or flesh which has been brought into the cantonment in contravention of section 137, and search for such animal or flesh; or
- (e) enter any building in order to enforce its surrender in pursuance of the conditions of a lease executed under section 264.

237. The Cantonment Magistrate or the Sanitary Officer may enter into any market or any structure therein, and inspect the same or any article therein, in the performance of the duty imposed upon him by section 115.

238. Where the cantonment authority has, under section 80, sub-section (1), provided for the performance by its agents of the duties usually performed by sweepers in respect of any building or land, or of any privy, drain, cesspool or other receptacle for offensive matter pertaining to any building or land, the persons employed by it to perform such duties may enter into, or on, the building or land for the purpose of performing their duties.

239 (1) Every entry made under any of the foregoing sections 233 to 237 shall be made between sunrise and sunset:

Time of entry.

Provided that if in any such case the authority empowered by any of the said sections to make or authorise an entry thinks it necessary, in the interests of the public health or safety, that entry should be made at any other time, it may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, make such entry, or authorise it to be made, at any reasonable time between sunset and sunrise.

(2) Any entry made under section 238 may be made at any reasonable time.

240. When any building used as a human dwelling is entered under this Chapter, due regard shall be paid to the social and religious sentiments of the occupiers; and no apartment in the actual occupancy of a woman shall be entered under this Chapter, until she has been informed that she is at liberty to withdraw and every reasonable facility has been afforded to her for withdrawing.

Precautions to be observed in entering and inspecting burial or burning ground.

241. Every entry and inspection made under section 234, clause (b) shall be made under such arrangements as shall ensure due regard for the religious feelings of the community concerned.

Arrest without Warrant.

242. Any member of the police force employed in the cantonment may, without a warrant, arrest any person committing in his view a breach of any of the provisions of this Code specified in the first column of Schedule IV :

Arrest by Police without warrant.

Provided, first, that in the case of the breach of any such provision as is specified in Part B of the said schedule, no person shall be so arrested whose name and address are known to either the complainant or the arresting officer :

Provided, secondly, that no person shall be so arrested who consents to give his name and address, unless there is reasonable ground for doubting the accuracy of the name or address so given, the burden of proof of which shall lie on the arresting officer :

Provided, thirdly, that no person so arrested shall be detained after his name and address have been ascertained :

Provided, fourthly, that no person so arrested shall, except under the order of a Magistrate be detained longer than may be necessary for bringing him before a Magistrate, and

Provided, fifthly, that no person shall be so so arrested for a breach of the provisions of section 214 except—

XV of 1910.

(a) at the request of the person importuned, or of an officer as defined in the Cantonments Act, 1910, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad, in whose presence the breach was committed ; or

(b) by, or at the request of, a member of the British military police force employed in the cantonment and specially authorised in this behalf by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, in whose presence the breach was committed, or of any police officer not below the rank of an officer in charge of a police station, who is employed in the Cantonment and specially authorised in this behalf by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

CHAPTER XVIII.

SERVICE OF SUMMONSES, NOTICES, ETC.

243. (1) Unless it is in this Code in any case otherwise expressly provided, any summons, notice, requisition or other document issued thereunder may be served by being delivered to the person to whom it is addressed, or by being left at his usual place of abode or business, with some adult male member or servant of his family, or, if it cannot be so served, may be affixed on some conspicuous part of his usual place of abode or business.

(2) Where the usual place of abode or business of the person to whom the summons, notice, requisition or document is addressed is not in the cantonment, it may be served by posting it in a registered cover addressed to his usual place of abode or business.

(3) Where the usual place of abode or business of the owner of any property is not known any such summons, notice, requisition or document addressed to him as such owner may be served on the occupier.

(4) Where the usual place of abode or business of the occupier of any property is not known, any such summons, notice, requisition or document addressed to him as such occupier may be served by affixing it on some conspicuous part of the property.

244. The service of a summons, notice, requisition or other document as aforesaid on any agent appointed by an absentee owner shall be deemed to be service on the owner.

Service on agent of absentee owner.

CHAPTER XIX.

APPEAL AND REVISION.

245. (1) Any person aggrieved by any of the executive orders described in the second column of Schedule V may appeal to the authority specified in that behalf in the third column of the said schedule.

(2) No such appeal shall be admitted unless made within the period specified in that behalf in the fourth column of the said schedule.

(3) The period specified as aforesaid as the time allowed for making an appeal shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad, with respect to the computation of the period of limitation thereunder.

Petition of appeal. 246. (1) Every appeal under this Code shall be made by petition in writing, accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against.

(2) Any such petition as aforesaid may be presented to the authority which made the order appealed against; and that authority shall be bound to forward it to the appellate authority, and may attach thereto any report which it may desire to make by way of explanation.

(3) Where any such petition as aforesaid is presented direct to the appellate authority and an immediate order thereon is not necessary, the appellate authority may refer the petition for report to the authority which made the order appealed against.

(4) Every appeal petition submitted under sub-section (1) to any authority mentioned in column 3 of Schedule V, other than the Resident, shall be stamped with a Court Fee Stamp of the value of annas 8. Every appeal petition submitted to the Resident shall bear a Court Fee Stamp of the value of Rs. 2.

Suspension of action pending appeal. 247. On the admission of an appeal from an order, other than an order contained in a notice issued under—

- (a) section 78, clause (c),
- (b) section 85,
- (c) section 96,
- (d) section 209, sub-section (1),
- (e) section 215, sub-section (3), or
- (f) section 216,

all proceedings to enforce the order and all prosecutions for any breach thereof shall be held in abeyance pending the decision of the appeal, and, if the order is set aside on appeal, disobedience thereto shall not be deemed to be an offence.

248. (1) Where an appeal from an order made by the Cantonment Magistrate dismissing, under section 21, a servant of the cantonment authority whose salary is not less than one hundred rupees a month, has been disposed of by the cantonment authority, the servant so dismissed, if he is dissatisfied with the decision of the cantonment authority, may, within thirty days from the date thereof apply to the Resident at Hyderabad for a review of that decision.

(2) * * * *

(3) The provisions of this Chapter with respect to appeals shall apply, so far as may be to applications for review made under this section.

249. Save as otherwise provided in section 248, the order of the appellate authority confirming, setting aside or modifying an order appealed against shall be final.

Provided that no order shall be confirmed, set aside or modified on appeal unless and until the appellant has had a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

CHAPTER XX.

COMMITTEES OF ARBITRATION.

250. On a requisition being made to him under Condition XVIII or Condition XIX set forth in a lease executed under section 264 in Form B or D in Schedule VI, within the period mentioned in such Condition, the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment shall forthwith proceed to convene a committee of arbitration—

- (a) to determine the amount of monthly rent to be paid; or

(b) to determine whether any, and, if so, what repairs are necessary, and the extent to which they are necessary.

251. (1) On an application being made to him under Condition XX or Condition XXI

Discretion of Commanding Officer of Cantonment to convene a committee of arbitration to decide question as to condition of house or as to rent or repairs.

set forth in a lease executed under section 264 in Form B or D in Schedule VI, the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment may, after such inquiry as he may think fit to make, proceed to convene a committee of arbitration—

(a) to determine whether the house has become unfit for occupation; or

(b) to determine the amount of monthly rent to be paid; or

(c) to determine whether any, and, if so, what, repairs are necessary, and the extent to which they are necessary; or

(d) otherwise to determine the question in dispute.

(2) In the exercise of the discretion vested in him by this section, the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment may refuse to convene a committee of arbitration on the ground that the application therefor is groundless or frivolous, or for any other sufficient reason.

252. Where the cantonment authority and the person or persons concerned are unable to

Obligation of Commanding Officer of Cantonment to convene a committee of arbitration to determine amount of compensation payable.

agree as to the amount of any compensation payable under the first proviso to section 83, sub-section (3), or under proviso (c) to section 104, sub-section (1), the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment shall proceed to convene a committee of arbitration to determine the amount payable.

253. (1) Where a committee of arbitration is to be convened, the Commanding Officer

Procedure for convening committee of arbitration.

of the Cantonment shall cause an order to be published in Station Orders stating the matter to be determined by the committee of arbitration.

(2) The Cantonment Magistrate shall send a copy of the order published under sub-section (1) to the First Assistant Resident and to the parties concerned, and shall by notice in writing require the parties to nominate members of the committee of arbitration as hereinafter provided.

Composition of committee of arbitration convened under section 250 or 251.

254. Every committee of arbitration convened under section 250 or 251 shall consist of—

(a) the First Assistant Resident, or, if it is inconvenient for him to act, some European civil gazetted officer appointed by the Resident at Hyderabad to act in his stead;

(b) a member to be nominated by the officer concerned; and

(c) a member to be nominated by the lessee:

Provided that, if such officer or lessee as aforesaid fails to nominate a member within seven clear days from the date on which he is called upon to do so, or if any member who has been nominated neglects or refuses to act, and such officer or lessee, as the case may be, fails to nominate, within seven clear days from the date on which he is called upon to do so, another member who is willing to act, the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment shall forthwith appoint a member in the place of such nominee.

Composition of committee of arbitration convened under section 252.

255. Every committee of arbitration convened under section 252 shall consist of—

(a) the First Assistant Resident, or, if it is inconvenient for him to act, some European civil gazetted officer appointed by the Resident at Hyderabad to act in his stead;

(b) a member to be nominated by the person or persons concerned; and

(c) a member to be nominated by the cantonment authority:

Provided that, if such person or persons concerned as aforesaid fails or fail to nominate a member within seven clear days from the date on which he or they is or are called upon to do so, or if any member who has been nominated by such person or persons neglects or refuses to act, and such person or persons fails or fail to nominate, within seven clear days from the date on which he or they is or are called upon to do so, another member who is willing to act, the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment shall forthwith appoint a member in the place of such nominee.

256. No person shall be nominated or appointed a member of a committee of arbitration

Members of committee of arbitration to be persons who are not personally interested, and whose services are immediately available.

unless he is personally disinterested in the matter under reference and his services are immediately available for the purposes of the arbitration; and the nomination of any person who is in the opinion of the Commanding Officer

of the Cantonment personally interested in the matter under reference, or whose services are not immediately available as aforesaid, shall be deemed to constitute a failure to make a nomination within the meaning of the foregoing provisions.

257. When a committee of arbitration has been duly constituted, the Cantonment Magistrate shall, by notice in writing, inform each of the members

Assembly of committee of arbitration.

of the fact, and the committee of arbitration shall

assemble within seven clear days from the service of the notice.

Chairman of committee of arbitration.

258. The First Assistant Resident or the officer appointed to act in his stead shall be the chairman of every committee of arbitration.

259. For the purpose of determining the amount of monthly rent to be paid for a house every committee of arbitration shall estimate, as nearly as may be, the market value of all buildings and authorised additions; and the amount of rent determined upon shall be such percentage on such market value as the committee of arbitration may think reasonable with reference to the circumstances of the neighbourhood and the period of time and season for which the house is likely to be occupied during the year, and shall include the taxes (if any) levied upon the land or such proportion thereof as the committee of arbitration may find to be customarily paid for the time being in the neighbourhood by tenants.

Decision of committee of arbitration to be by vote and final.

260. (1) The decision of every committee of arbitration shall be determined by the majority of the votes taken at a meeting at which all the members are present.

(2) The decision of every committee of arbitration shall be final.

CHAPTER XXI.

APPLICATIONS FOR BUILDING-SITES ON GOVERNMENT LAND IN THE CANTONMENT.

261. Every application for permission to occupy, for the purposes of a building-site, land belonging to the Government in the cantonment shall be submitted to the cantonment authority in writing, and shall contain the following particulars, namely—

- (a) the situation, area and boundaries of the land;
- (b) the materials to be used in the intended buildings;
- (c) the period after the date of occupation within which the intended buildings are to be completed; and
- (d) the purposes for which the land and the intended buildings are to be used.

Documents to accompany applications.

262. Every application made under section 261 shall be accompanied by—

- (a) a plan, on a scale not smaller than one hundred and ten feet to the inch showing—
 - (i) the boundaries of the land,
 - (ii) the roads or lands adjoining, and
 - (iii) all buildings intended to be erected on the land;
- (b) a ground plan and elevation of the principal building intended to be erected showing the dimensions on the same;
- (c) a statement of the buildings, boundary walls, hedges or fences intended to be erected;
- (d) an approximate statement of the intended outlay on the buildings and on the rent which it is proposed to charge for the same, if let to a tenant; and
- (e) a declaration that the applicant has read the appropriate form of lease referred to in section 264 and undertakes, in the event of his application being sanctioned, to execute a lease in that form.

263. (1) Every application made under section 261 shall, if the procedure prescribed by that section and section 262 has been duly observed, be referred by the cantonment authority to the Executive Engineer—

Disposal of such applications.

- (a) for verification of the plan referred to in section 262, clause (a); and
- (b) for report as to whether the land is in the vicinity of a fortified place, whether the land is, in the opinion of the Executive Engineer, likely to be required for any public purpose, and whether there is any departmental objection to the application being sanctioned.

(2) On receipt of such verification and report as aforesaid the application shall be submitted to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.

(3) If the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment considers that the occupation of the land in the manner proposed would not be objectionable either as regards the health or comfort of the troops, or in any other respect, he shall attach to the application a certificate to that effect, and shall forward the application to the Officer Commanding the Division for sanction;

Provided as follows:—

- (a) * * * *
- (b) the cantonment authority, the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, or the Officer Commanding the Division, as the case may be, may reject the application;

(c) if the land is in the vicinity of a fortified place or is applied for by a railway company, the application shall not be sanctioned without the express orders of the Governor-General in Council obtained through such channel as the Governor-General in Council may direct;

(d) in no case shall the application be sanctioned without the concurrence in writing of the Resident at Hyderabad.

264. (1) When an application under this Chapter is sanctioned, the applicant shall not occupy the land, nor erect any building thereon until, at his expense, there shall have been prepared in counterpart and, after execution, shall have been duly registered in accordance with the law for the time in force relating to the registration of documents, a lease as nearly as may be in one of the forms indicated in Schedule VI hereto appended and subject to the conditions set forth in the annexure to such form or in such other form as the Governor-General in Council may by notification prescribe in this behalf.

Explanation.—Form A in Schedule VI shall be applicable to leases of land applied for by a railway company or for the purpose of erecting a hospital, school or other public building. Form B shall be applicable in cases of extensions of existing sites; or where it is desired to regularise existing grants; or in other exceptional cases where the grant of leases for a term of years is not suitable; Form C shall be applicable to leases of land situate in a bazar; and Form D shall be applicable to all other leases of land under this Chapter.

(2) To every lease and to its counterpart there shall be appended a site plan of the land prepared at the cost of the applicant on a scale not smaller than one hundred and ten feet to the inch showing—

- (a) the boundaries of the land,
- (b) the roads or lands adjoining, and
- (c) all buildings authorised to be erected on the land.

(3) The site plan shall be verified by the Executive Engineer, and shall be signed—

- (a) if the land is situate in a bazar, by the Cantonment Magistrate,
- (b) if the land is not situate in a bazar, by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment,

and shall be indorsed with the date of its preparation, the name of the lessee, and a note specifying the period within which the buildings to be erected on the land are to be completed.

(4) One copy of the site plan prepared at the cost of the applicant and verified by the Executive Engineer shall be delivered by the applicant to the cantonment authority.

265. When the requirements of section 264 have been complied with, the cantonment authority shall—

- (1) grant to the applicant the lease with site plan annexed and deliver to him possession of the land;
- (2) transmit for record to the head-quarters of the Division the counterpart with site plan annexed; and
- (3) record in his office a copy of the lease authenticated by the signature of the Cantonment Magistrate and accompanied by the copy of the site plan referred to in section 264, sub-section (4).

265-A. Nothing in this Chapter shall apply to lands required by the Government for State purposes.

Saving in favour of Government.

CHAPTER XXII.

REGISTRATION OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY IN THE CANTONMENT.

266. The cantonment authority shall prepare and maintain a general plan of the cantonment, on a scale of not less than twelve inches to the mile, showing all necessary details and distinguishing in particular—

General plan.

- (a) all houses (if any) which have been set apart, in accordance with the conditions of leases executed under section 264, for occupation by civil officers;
- (b) all land which has been set apart for military purposes; and
- (c) all land set apart as State, *sarf-i-khas* or *paigah* land within the cantonment and demarcated as such.

267. The cantonment authority shall also prepare and maintain a bazar plan, on a scale not smaller than one hundred and ten feet to the inch, of every bazar in the cantonment.

Bazar plan.

268. (1) Every site shall be shown under a distinguishing number on the plans prepared under this Chapter, and the numbers for each bazar shall form a separate series.
Sites and streets to be distinguished.

(2) Every street shall be shown on such plans as aforesaid by its name or under an alphabetical letter or number.

269. (1) Every plan prepared under this Chapter shall on completion be dated and authenticated by the signature of the Executive Engineer.
Dating and authentication of plans.

(2) Whenever a general plan prepared under section 266 is altered, the alteration shall be explained on the plan in a memorandum dated and signed by the Executive Engineer.

270. No. plan which relates to land in the cantonment, and is in the custody of the cantonment authority or of any public officer, other than a plan submitted with an application under Chapter XXI, shall be destroyed without the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council.
Plans not to be destroyed without sanction.

271. The Cantonment Magistrate shall maintain a register showing, in regard to all Government land held by lessees and not situate in the bazar, other than State, *sarf-i-khas* and *paigah* lands (whether the sites were occupied by the lessees before or after the commencement of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1903), and the buildings situate thereon, the following particulars, so far as they can be ascertained, namely :

- (a) the name of the cantonment and the number and date of the order declaring it to be a cantonment or denning its limits ;
- (b) a reference to any similar register kept before the commencement of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1903 ;
- (c) the date of registry of the site ;
- (d) the number of the site as shown on the general plan maintained under section 266 ;
- (e) the dimensions of the site ;
- (f) the boundaries of the site ;
- (g) in the case of a site occupied before the commencement of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1903, the date of the permission to occupy the site, and, in case of a site occupied after the commencement of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1903, the date of the lease executed by the lessee under the said Code, or under section 264 ;
- (h) the name and description of the lessee at the date of registry ;
- (i) the name and description of the lessee's agent (if any) at the date of registry ;
- (j) the nature of the lessee's right under this and the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1903, or under any other provision of law, including the particulars of any special right of occupancy ;
- (k) the estimated value of buildings on the site at the date of registry ;
- (l) the dates of authorities to add to buildings ; and
- (m) all changes occurring from time to time, whether by transfer, by alterations or additions, by decisions of committees of arbitration, in dimensions, in value, or in agency.

Explanation.—In this section the expression “date of registry” means the date of entry in the register maintained hereunder.

272. The Cantonment Magistrate shall maintain a register showing, in regard to all Government land held by lessees and situate in the bazar, other than State, *sarf-i-khas* and *paigah* lands (whether the sites were occupied by the lessees before or after the commencement of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1903), and the buildings situate thereon, the following particulars, so far as they can be ascertained, namely : —

- (a) the name of the bazar ;
- (b) a reference to any similar register kept before the commencement of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1903 ;
- (c) the date of registry of the site ;
- (d) the number of the site, as shown on the bazar-plan maintained under section 267 ;
- (e) the dimensions of the site ;
- (f) the boundaries of the site ;
- (g) in the case of a site occupied before the commencement of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1903, the date of the permission to occupy the site, and in the case of a site occupied after the commencement of the Secunderabad Cantonment

Code, 1903, the date of the lease executed by the lessee under the said Code, or under section 264 ;

- (h) the name and description of the lessee at the date of registry ;
- (i) the name and description of the lessee's agent (if any) at the date of registry ;
- (j) the estimated value of buildings on the site at the date of registry ;
- (k) all changes occurring from time to time, whether by transfer, by alterations or additions, in dimensions, in value, or in agency ; and
- (l) the dates of authorities to add to building.

Explanation.—In this section the expression “date of registry” means the date of entry in the register maintained hereunder.

273. The Cantonment Magistrate shall maintain a register showing in regard to all land which is State, *surf-i-khas* or *paigah* land or which is private property and the buildings situate thereon, the following particulars, so far as they can be ascertained, namely :

Register of State *surf-i-khas*, *paigah* and private land.

- (a) the name of the cantonment ;
- (b) a reference to any similar register kept before the commencement of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1903 ;
- (c) the date of registry of the site ;
- (d) the number of the site as shown on the general plan ;
- (e) the dimensions of the site ;
- (f) the boundaries of the site ;
- (g) the name and description of the owner at the date of registry ;
- (h) the name and description of the owner's agent (if any) at the date of registry ;
- (i) the particulars of the owner's right by reference to any acknowledgement by the Government, or any other proof ;
- (j) the estimated value of buildings on the site at the date of registry ; and
- (k) all changes occurring from time to time, whether by transfer, by alterations or additions, in dimensions, in value or in agency.

Explanation.—In this section the expression “date of registry” means the date of entry in the register maintained hereunder.

274. (1) The Cantonment Magistrate shall maintain a register of transfers, in which he shall from time to time enter references to all transfers of immoveable property—

Register of transfers.

- 98. (a) registered in his own office, where he is himself Registrar or Sub-Registrar of the cantonment under the Indian Registration Act, 1908, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad, or
- 10. (b) appearing in the copies forwarded to him by the Registrar of the district under section 29, sub-section (2), of the Cantonments Act, 1910, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad,

as the case may be.

(2) The register of transfers shall contain the following particulars, namely :—

- (a) a serial number for each transfer ;
- (b) the date of registry ;
- (c) the distinguishing number of the site as recorded in the register maintained under sections 271, 272 or 273, as the case may be ;
- (d) the name of the transferor ;
- (e) the name of the transferee ;
- (f) the nature of the transfer, that is to say, whether by sale, mortgage, gift exchange or bequest ;
- (g) the date of the transfer ; and
- 18. (h) where the cantonment has been constituted a district or sub-district for the purposes of the Indian Registration Act, 1908, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad, references to the Indexes Nos. I, II and III kept in the cantonment under sections 54 and 55 of that Act.

Explanation.—In this section the expression “date of registry” means the date of entry in the register maintained hereunder.

275. Reference, when possible, to the serial number in the registers of transfers shall be sufficient record in the register maintained under sections 271, 272 and 273, respectively, of changes occurring by transfer.

Reference in other registers to the registers of transfers.

276. (1) The cantonment authority shall, in the month of July, in each year, make an inspection of the registers maintained under sections 271, 272 and 273 respectively and shall ascertain—
Annual inspection of registers.

(a) whether all the changes referred to in section 271, clause (m), or in section 273, clause (k) which have taken place during the last preceding twelve months, have been duly noted in the appropriate register ; and

(b) whether any of the said registers are in such a condition as to require renewal.

(2) The cantonment authority may give such directions as it thinks fit after making an inspection under sub-section (1), and shall send a brief report to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment of any action taken by it under this section.

CHAPTER XXIII.

SUPPLEMENTAL.

Bye-laws.

277. * * * * *

278. (1) In making a bye-law under section 174, the cantonment authority may direct that a breach of it shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and in the case of a continuing breach, with a further fine not exceeding five rupees for every day after the first in regard to which the offender is convicted of having persisted in the breach.
Penalty for infringement of bye-laws.

(2) In lieu of, or in addition to, such fine as aforesaid, the Magistrate may require the offender to remedy the mischief so far as it lies within his power to do so.

279. (1) No bye-law made under section 174 shall come into force until it has been confirmed by the Resident at Hyderabad and published for such time and in such manner as the Resident may prescribe in this behalf.
Confirmation of bye-laws.

(2) The Resident at Hyderabad may cancel his confirmation of any such bye-law, and thereupon the same shall cease to have effect.

280. (1) The cantonment authority shall, before making any bye-laws under section 174, publish, in such manner as may, in its opinion, be sufficient for giving information to persons interested, a draft of the proposed bye-laws, with a notice specifying a date on or after which the draft will be taken into consideration, and shall, before making such bye-laws, consider any objection or any suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date so specified.
Procedure in making bye-laws.

(2) If, on such consideration of the draft, any modification is made, the Resident at Hyderabad shall determine whether or not the draft shall be republished for further criticism under this section.

(3) Every bye-law made by the cantonment authority shall be notified in English and in such other language or languages as the Resident at Hyderabad may direct ; and such notification shall be conclusive proof that such bye-law has been duly made in accordance with the requirements of this section.

Delegation of Functions.

281. (1) With the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Resident at Hyderabad may, by order published in the *Hyderabad Residency Orders*, authorise any person mentioned in such order to discharge any of the functions imposed by this Code on the Cantonment Magistrate, except those imposed by Chapter XXI.
Delegation of functions of Cantonment Magistrate.

Provided, first, that a person so authorised shall discharge such of the said functions only as the Cantonment Magistrate may, by order in writing, assign to him ; and

Provided, secondly, that the Cantonment Magistrate may, by a like order, resume any functions which he may have so assigned.

(2) In the discharge of any functions so assigned to him, such person as aforesaid shall, under the control of the Cantonment Magistrate, have the same powers and responsibilities as the Cantonment Magistrate.

282. With the previous sanction of the Resident at Hyderabad, the Officer Commanding the Division may, by notification in Divisional Orders, delegate any of his functions under this Code to any officer named in such notification ; and may, in like manner, vary or rescind any notification so made.
Delegation of functions of Officer Commanding the Division.

283. (1) The Cantonment Committee may, by order in writing, delegate any of its functions to a sub-committee consisting of any two or more of the members of the Cantonment Committee.

Delegation of Cantonment Committee's functions to sub-committees.

(2) Every order passed by a sub-committee appointed under sub-section (1) shall have the same effect as an order of the Cantonment Committee :

Provided that the Cantonment Committee may, in any particular case, require that any order so passed be submitted to it for confirmation before issue.

Notices.

284. Where any notice issued under any section of this Code requires an act to be done, for which no time is fixed by such section, the notice shall specify a reasonable time for doing the same ; and it shall rest with the Court to determine whether the time so specified was a reasonable time within the meaning of this section.

Notices to fix reasonable time for doing act required.

285. Where it is provided by this Code that a notice may be given to the owner, lessee or occupier of any land or building, and the owner or lessee and the occupier are different persons, the notice shall be given to the one of them primarily liable to comply with such notice, and, in case of doubt, to both of them :

Notices to whom to be given.

Provided that, where there is no owner or lessee resident in the cantonment, the delivery of the notice to the occupier shall be sufficient.

286. Every notice issued by the cantonment authority under this Code shall be signed—

Authentication and validity of notice issued by cantonment authority.

(a) by the President or Secretary of the Cantonment Committee ; or

(b) by the members of any sub-committee specially authorised by the Cantonment Committee in this behalf.

287. (1) Unless it is in this Code in any case otherwise expressly provided, every public notice issued thereunder shall be published by proclamation or in such other manner as the Resident at Hyderabad may direct.

Publication of public notices.

(2) Such proclamation as aforesaid shall be made by such method as the authority issuing the notice, or the Cantonment Magistrate, may deem to be the customary method.

Penalties and Prosecutions.

288. (1) Whoever, in any case in which a penalty is not expressly provided elsewhere in this Code, fails to comply with any notice thereunder, or otherwise commits a breach of any of the provisions thereof, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days, or with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, in the case of a continuing breach, with an additional fine, not exceeding five rupees, for every day after the first in regard to which he is convicted of having persisted in the breach.

Penalties.

(2) In lieu of, or in addition to, any fine imposed under this Code, the Court may require the offender to remedy, so far as it lies within his power to do so, any mischief in respect of which the fine is imposed.

289. No person shall be liable to punishment for a breach of any of the provisions of this Code unless complaint of the breach is made within three months after the commission thereof before a Magistrate having jurisdiction to entertain the complaint.

Limitation of prosecutions.

Miscellaneous.

290. (1) Where any person fails to perform any act which he has, by a notice issued under this Code, been required to perform, the cantonment authority may cause the act to be performed, and may recover the cost from him.

Execution in case of failure and recovery of cost thereof.

(2) Any money claimable by the cantonment authority under this Code, otherwise than on account of a tax, may be recovered on application to a Magistrate having jurisdiction within the limits of the Cantonment, or in any other place where the person from whom the money is claimable may for the time being be resident, by distress or sale of any moveable property within the limits of his jurisdiction belonging to such person.

(3) When money is recoverable from the owner of property, it shall, until it is paid, be a charge on the property.

291. (1) The cantonment authority shall maintain such standards as it thinks fit for the purpose of verifying weights and measures, and shall provide proper means :—

Verification of weights and measures.

(a) for verifying weights and measures in use in the cantonment by comparison with such standards as aforesaid ; and

(b) for stamping weights and measures so verified.

(2) The cantonment authority may, by public notice, fix the times and places at which a servant of the cantonment authority shall attend for the purpose of such verification as aforesaid.

292. (1) The cantonment authority may, in any case not otherwise provided for, make

Compensation for damage resulting from exercise of powers under this Code.

compensation out of the cantonment fund to any person sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the cantonment authority, its officers and servants, by this Code, and shall make such compensation where the person sustaining the damage was not himself in default in the matter in respect of which the power was exercised.

(2) Where any dispute arises touching the amount of any compensation which the cantonment authority is required as aforesaid to pay for injury to any building or land, the matter shall be referred to, and decided by, a committee of arbitration constituted under Chapter XX.

293. Every power conferred by this Code on the Resident at Hyderabad, the Officer

Powers to be exercisable from time to time.

Commanding the Division, the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment, the cantonment authority, the Sanitary Officer or the Cantonment Magistrate may be exercised from time to time as occasion requires.

294. In cases of emergency, the Cantonment Magistrate may direct the execution of any

Execution of work in cases of emergency.

work or the doing of any act which the cantonment authority is empowered to execute or do, and the immediate execution or doing of which is in his opinion necessary for the service or safety of the public, and may direct that the expense of executing such work shall be paid from the cantonment fund :

Provided that —

(a) he shall not act under this section in contravention of any order of the committee ; and

(b) every direction given under this section shall be reported to the next following meeting of the committee

295. Where a notification under the Cantonments Act, 1910, as applied to the cantonment of Secunderabad, or under this Code has been published XV of 1910.

Method of framing notifications.

at length in the *Hyderabad Residency* or in Station or Divisional Orders, it shall be sufficient in any subsequent notification to the same effect in such Orders as aforesaid to refer to the number, date and subject of the previous notification.

296. No notice, order, requisition, license, permission in writing or other such document

Validity of notices and other documents.

issued under this Code shall be invalid merely by reason of any defect of form.

297. No act done, or proceeding taken, under this Code, shall be questioned merely by

Vacancies and irregularities not to invalidate proceedings.

reason of the existence of any vacancy in the Cantonment Committee or in any sub-committee, or on account of any defect or irregularity not affecting the merits of the case.

298. (1) A copy of this Code and of any bye-laws made under section 17 shall be kept

Rules and bye-laws to be available for inspection and purchase.

at the office of the cantonment authority, and shall be open during office hours to the inspection, free of charge, of any inhabitant of the cantonment.

(2) Copies of this Code, including any such bye-laws as aforesaid, shall be kept at the office of the cantonment authority for sale to the public.

(See Chap

[illegible]

FORM 2.

RECEIPT.

(To be retained in Cantonment Authority's Office.)

No. _____

Date _____

Received from _____

on account of _____

R _____

(To be given to the person from whom the money is received.)

No. _____, dated _____

Received from _____

on account of _____

R _____

(Signed)

Secretary, Cantonment Committee, _____

Form 3.

Pass Book.

The Hyderabad Residency Civil Treasury in account current with the _____ *Cantonment Fund.*

Cheque Book No. _____

Advised _____

Date.	No of Chalan.	Amount.	Initials of the officer in charge of the treasury.	Date.	No. of Cheque.	Amount.	Initials of the officer in charge of the treasury.
	.	.					
	.	.					

FORM 4.

Cantonment Fund Cheque.

Cheque Book No. _____

Cheque No. _____

Dated _____ 19 _____

To the Officer in charge of the Treasury at _____

Pay to _____

Rs. _____

and charge to the _____

Cantonment Fund.

Under
R.

(Signed) _____

Secretary, Cantonment Committee.

This cheque is current for three months only.

Cheque Book No. _____

Cheque No. _____

Dated _____

To _____

Rs. _____

FORM 5

REGISTER OF PAYMENTS

FROM THE

_____ CANTONMENT FUND

Cantonment Fund.

[eads.]

**Total of each
voucher.**

**Daily total
carried to
Cash Book.**

FORM

Budget Estimate of Receipts into and Expenditure from the

Heads of receipts.	Average (past 3 years).	Actuals (previous year).	Estimates (current year).		Estimate (ensuing year).	Remarks.
			Original as sanctioned by the Resident at Hyderabad.	Revised.		
I.—Land Revenue—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Income from land						
II.—Excise—						
License fees and duties						
III.—Assessed Taxes—						
Taxes on houses						
Tax on Trades and Professions						
Chaukidari Tax						
Octroi						
Miscellaneous including tax on horses and carriages.						
IV.—Police—						
Fees, fines and forfeitures						
Unclaimed property						
Miscellaneous (including cattle-pound receipts).						
V.—Minor Departments—						
<i>Agriculture—</i>						
Public gardens						
<i>Sanitation—</i>						
Conservancy tax and fees						
Sale of manure, etc.						
<i>Water-supply—</i>						
Water-rates						
Other receipts						
VI.—Miscellaneous—						
Sale of old materials						
Contributions (a) <small>(for Local and Local Grants and waterlog subscriptions)</small>						
Rents of houses						
Sales of fruit, grass, etc.						
Other miscellaneous receipts (slaughter-houses, markets, etc.) to be detailed in manuscript on the back of this form.						
VII.—Public Works—						
Tolls and Ferries						
Miscellaneous						
Total receipts from local sources						
Opening balance						
Grant Total						

(a) Purpose of any such contribution to be stated in remarks column.

CANTONMENT AUTHORITY'S OFFICE,)

Dated _____ 19__)

(Signed) _____

8

Cantonment Fund for the year

, dated

19 .

Heads of expenditure.	Average (past 3 years).	Actuals (previous year).	Estimate (current year).		Estimate (ensuing year.)	Remarks.
			Original, as sanctioned by the Resident at Hyderabad.	Revised.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1.—Refunds —						
Refunds of taxes						
Miscellaneous refunds						
2.—Charges of collection of revenue—						
Collecting establishments						
Contingencies						
3.—General Administration —						
Establishments						
Contingencies						
Contribution towards establishments in Government office.						
4.—Police —						
Miscellaneous (including cattle-pounds and establishments therefor)						
4-A—Education —						
Grants-in-aid to schools						
5.—Medical —						
Hospitals and Dispensaries—						
Establishments						
Contingencies						
Vaccination—						
Establishments						
Contingencies						
6.—Minor Departments—						
Public Gardens, Tree-planting and Forests—						
Establishments						
Contingencies						
Cemeteries —						
Establishments						
Contingencies						
Conservancy—						
Establishments						
Contingencies						
Public Fairs and Exhibitions—						
Establishments						
Contingencies						
Water-supply —						
Establishments						
Contingencies						
7.—Miscellaneous —						
Rents, rates and taxes						
Petty establishments						
Contingencies						
8.—Superannuation pensions (a)						
9.—Public Works —						
Original Works—						
Buildings						
Roads						
Other works						
Maintenance and Repairs—						
Buildings						
Roads						
Other works						
Petty construction and repairs						
10.—Deposits and advances—						
Total expenditure						
Closing balance						
Grand Total						

(a) To include pensions sanctioned to the Cantonment Fund establishment entertained prior to the 4th November 1905.

(Signed)

FORM 8.—APPENDIX B.

*Detailed list of expenditure provided for in the _____ Cantonment Fund Budget
Estimate for the year _____ other than that included in Appendices A, C, and D.*

1	2	3	4
Major heads.	Minor heads and sub-heads.	Details.	Total assign- ment in Can- tonment Fund Budget Estimate.
			Rs. a. p.
Refunds	Refunds of Taxes.		
	Miscellaneous Refunds.		
Charges for Col- lection of Re- venue	Contingencies.		
General Ad- ministration.	Contingencies.		
	Contributions towards Es- tablishments in Govern- ment Offices.		

FORM 8—APPENDIX B—contd.

1	2	3			4
Major heads.	Minor heads and sub-heads.	Details.			Total assign- ment in Can- tonment Fund Budget Estimate.
			R	a. p.	R a. p.
Medical .	Vaccination.				
	Contingencies .				
Minor De- partments.	Public Gardens, Tree-tending and Forests.				
	Contingencies .				
	Cemeteries.				
	Contingencies .				

FORM 8—APPENDIX B—*contd.*

1	2	3	4
Major heads.	Minor heads and sub-heads.	Details.	Total assign- ment in Can- tonment Fund Budget Estimate.
			<i>R a. p. R a. p.</i>
	<i>Conservancy.</i>		
	<i>Contingencies.</i>		
	<i>Public Fairs and Exhibi- tions.</i>		
Minor De- partments— <i>contd.</i>	<i>Contingencies.</i>		
	<i>Water-supply.</i>		
	<i>Contingencies.</i>		

Major Head—"Public Works."

FORM N.

APPENDIX C.

Details of Budget Estimate for original works (construction of buildings, Roads, Latrines, etc.) in the _____ Cantonment for the year _____

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Sub-heads.	Nature of each work.	Estimated cost of work.	* Estimate for (current year).	Previously expended.	Estimate for (ensuing year).	REMARKS.
Buildings						
Roads						
Other works						

Note.—Column 3 will show the entire cost of the work; column 4, the sum sanctioned for expenditure during the current year; column 5, the amount previously expended since commencement of the work; and column 6, the amount proposed for expenditure during the ensuing year. Thus if the work is to be completed during the ensuing year, the total of columns 4, 5 and 6 will equal that in column 3; otherwise the difference will show the amount which will still be required to complete the work.

* The totals in column 4 will agree with the allotments made in the body of the revised estimate for the current year.

(Signed)

(Signed)

Secretary, Cantonment Committee.

President, Cantonment Committee.

Major Head—"Public Works."

FORM S.

APPENDIX D.*Details of Budget Estimate for maintenance and Repairs in the**Cantonment for the year*

Sub-heads.	Nature of each work.	(Estimate, ensuing year).	REMARKS.
Buildings			
Roads			
Other works			
Petty construction and repairs .			

(Signed)

Secretary, Cantonment Committee.

(Signed)

President, Cantonment Committee.

SCHEDULE II.

Form I.

BILL REGISTER.

House
Committee on
Education

Tax for the half-year ending 31st March 191

[illegible]

FORM III.

Form III.

Register of Miscellaneous

Name of person responsible for payment.	Number and date of agreement.	Amount deposited.		Amount of each instalment.	Due date of payment.	Total amount due in the year.			April.		May.		June.		July.	
		Date.	Amount.			Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

BILL No. _____

Owner of House No. _____

Situated in _____ Bazar.

To SECUNDERABAD CANTONMENT COMMITTEE.

Dr.

House Tax for the half-year ending _____	191
H. S. Rs.	

Cantonment Committee Office,
Secunderabad, _____ 191 .

Secretary to Cantonment Committee.

The signature of the Secretary to this bill is not an acquittance. Parties paying must obtain signature of the collector on back of this bill.

Form V—*contd.*

Date of first demand.

„ second demand.

„ transfer to Arrears Collecting Department.

Amount of process if any levied.

Date of payment.

Contents received.

Tax Collector.

Rate payers are requested to see that tax bills presented to them are
free from alterations or erasures. Any payment made by them on altered
or erased bills will not be recognised in cases of disputes. Due notice will,
however, be taken of personal or written report before payment is
actually made on such bills.

FORM VI.

No.

House No.

Water Tax.

H.S. Rs.

BILL No. _____

Occupier of House No _____ Dr.

Situated _____ Bazar.

To SECUNDERABAD CANTONMENT COMMITTEE.

Water Tax for the half-year ending _____ 191

H. S. Rs.

Cantonment Committee Office,

Secunderabad, _____ 191

Secretary to Cantonment Committee.

The signature of the Secretary to this bill is not an acquittance. Parties paying must obtain signature of the collector on back of this bill.

Form IV—*contd.*

Date of first demand.

„ second demand

„ of transfer to Arrears Collecting Establishment

Amount of process if any levied.

Date of payment.

Contents received.

Tax Collector.

Rate payers are requested to see that tax bills presented to them are free from alterations or erasures. Any payment made by them on altered or erased bills will not be recognised in cases of disputes. Due notice will, however, be taken of personal or written report before payment is actually made on such bills.

Form V.

No.

House No.

Conservancy Tax

H. S. Rs.

BILL No. _____
Occupier of House No. _____ Dr.

Situated in _____ Bazar.

TO SECUNDERABAD CANTONMENT COMMITTEE.

Conservancy Tax for the half-year ending _____ 191

H. S Rs

Cantonment Committee Office, }
Secunderabad, _____ 191

Secretary to Cantonment Committee.

The signature of the Secretary to this bill is not an acquittance. Parties paying must obtain signature of the collector on back of this bill.

Form VIII.

FORM C.

No.

DISTRESS WARRANT.

To

Amin.

Whereas the $\frac{\text{owners}}{\text{occupiers}}$ of the houses, numbers and situation, as per list on the reverse, have not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sums shown against their names due for the taxes mentioned in the margin, although the said sums have been duly demanded in writing from the said $\frac{\text{owners}}{\text{occupiers}}$ and 15 days elapsed since the service of the Notice of Demand.

This is to require you to distrain the moveable property of the said $\frac{\text{owners}}{\text{occupiers}}$ of houses wherever it may be found within the Cantonment, except ploughs, plough-cattle, tools, or implements of trade or agriculture or any other moveable property, subject to the same exceptions, which may be found upon the premises to the amount of the sums noted on the reverse, and the further sum as shown against each house to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such property, and if, within 10 days next after such distress, the sums noted on the reverse shall not be paid, to sell the said property, and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the sums as shown on the reverse and the charges of taking, keeping and selling such property, to return the surplus (if any) on demand to the person whom you shall have found in possession of the said property and if no demand be made, to pay the same to the Committee. If distress cannot be made of sufficient property of the said $\frac{\text{owners}}{\text{occupiers}}$ of houses, you are to certify the same to the Committee in returning this warrant.

House
Latrine
Water
Tax for half-year ending 191

Secretary to Cantonment Committee.

Office of the Secy. to Cantonment
Committee, Secunderabad,

Dated

191 .

Form VIII—contd.

Serial No.	House No.	Locality.	Name of owner-occupier.	Amount of tax due.	Distress warrant fee.	Date of recovery or levy of distress.
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						
32						
33						
34						
35						

Dated _____ 191 .

Secretary to Cantonment Committee.

Form VI—*contd.*

Date of first demand.

„ second demand.

„ transfer to Arrears Collecting Establishment.

Amount of process if any levied.

Date of payment.

Contents rece

Tax Colle

Rate payers are requested to see that tax bills presented to the

free from alterations or erasures. Any payment made by them on a

or erased bills will not be recognised in cases of disputes. Due

will, however, be taken of personal or written report before payr

actually made on such bills.

Form VII.**NOTICE OF DEMAND.**

To

The $\frac{\text{owner}}{\text{occupier}}$ of House No

Take notice that the sum of H.S. Rs _____ being the amount due from you as shown below is hereby demanded from you, and that if you do not within 15 days pay the same to an officer authorised to receive payment or into the office of the Cantonment Committee, the amount together with cost will be levied by distress and sale of your moveable property or otherwise as provided by law.

CANTONMENT COMMITTEE OFFICE,

Secunderabad, _____ 191

Secretary to Cantonment Committee

House tax for the half-year ending ...	191	Rs.
Conservancy tax „ „ ...	191	„
Water tax „ „ ...	191	„

Note.—No fee is charged for the service on this notice.

Form IX.

Form of Inventory Notice.

Take notice that I have this day seized the property specified in the above inventory for the sum of H. S. Rs. _____ due for the taxes (or rates) mentioned in the margin and that unless you pay to me or into the office of the Cantonment Committee of Secunderabad the said sum of H. S. Rs. _____ and the further cost of this distraint as specified below within 10 days from the day of the date of this notice the property will be sold.

SECUNDERABAD; }
Dated the 191 } *Secretary to Cantonment Committee.*

Form XII.

Register of cattle impounded and released at the Cattle Pound.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Month and date.	Name, father's name, and residence of the person who impounded the cattle. If a constable give his name and number.	PARTICULARS OF ANIMALS IMPOUNDED. <div>Elephant. Camel. Buffalo. Horse. Mare. Gelding. Pony. Colt. Filly. Mule. Bull. Cow. Heifer. Calf. Donkey. Pig. Ram. Ewe. Goat. Kid. Sheep. Lamb.</div>	Name, father's name, and residence of owner of cattle.	Name, father's name, and residence of person releasing the cattle.	Date of release	Feeding charges.	Fines.	Signature of out-post Head Constable or Sub-Inspector of the Police Station.	Signature of Accountant.	REMARKS. If the animal dies or is sold by public auction the fact should be entered in this column.

No.

Received in Silver H S Rs. _____
Received in Copper _____
With Chalan No _____
dated _____

Acts. Clerk, C. M. S. Office, Secunderabad.

[Form No. 11] No.

CATTLE FINES

Station _____

Date _____

Received from _____

H S. Rs. _____

as follows :

For — pony ... H.S. Rs. _____
" — bull ... " _____
" — buffalo ... " _____
" — cow ... " _____
" — calf ... " _____
" — goat ... " _____
" — donkey ... " _____
" — days feeding ... " _____
Total H.S. Rs. _____

In charge of the
POUND.

CATTLE FINES.

Station _____

Date _____

Received from _____

H S. Rs. _____

as follows :

For — pony ... H S. Rs. _____
" — bull ... " _____
" — buffalo ... " _____
" — cow ... " _____
" — calf ... " _____
" — goat ... " _____
" — donkey ... " _____
" — days feeding ... " _____
Total H S. Rs. _____

In charge of the
POUND.

Form XIV—contd.

Description of animals.	Fines.			Feeding charges per diem.			REMARKS.
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
1 Elephant	4	0	0	1	0	0	The owner of one or more head of cattle can pay the pound fines and feeding charges in silver if he wishes to do so. If he pays in copper he must pay at the rate of 25 gandas per rupee.
2 Camel or buffalo	1	0	0	0	2	6	
3 Horse, mare, gelding, pony, colt, filly, mule, bull, bullock, cow or heifer.	0	8	0	0	2	0	
4 Calf, ass or pig	0	4	0	0	1	0	
5. Ram, ewe, sheep, lamb, goat or kid.	0	5	0	0	1	0	

Form XV.

SECUNDERABAD.

HACKNEY CARRIAGE DRIVER'S LICENSE, 191 .

Serial No. _____

License No. _____

Fee H. S. Rs. _____

Driver's name {

Father's name {

Age and caste {

Residence in full {

In what stable employed _____

Date of issue _____

Date of expiry, 31st December 191 .

District Superintendent of Police,
Registering Officer.

SECUNDERABAD.

HACKNEY CARRIAGE DRIVER'S LICENSE, 191 .

Serial No. _____

License No. _____

Fee H. S. Rs. _____

Driver's name {

Father's name {

Age and caste {

Residence in full {

In what stable employed _____

Date of issue _____

Date of expiry, 31st December 191 .

District Superintendent of Police,
Registering Officer.

Form XVI.

SECUNDERABAD

HACKNEY CARRIAGE LICENSE, 191 .

First Class.

License No. Fee H. S. Rs. .

Owner's name

Do. residence

Description of carriage

To carry

To be drawn by

Date of issue

Date of expiry, 31st December 191 .

The animal branded with the number of this license may be used with other vehicles of a different license number, but the vehicles must be of the same class and belong to the owner of this license.

District Superintendent of Police,
Registering Officer.

SECUNDERABAD

HACKNEY CARRIAGE LICENSE, 191 .

First Class.

License No. Fee H. S. Rs. .

Owner's name

Do. residence

Description of carriage

To carry

To be drawn by

Date of issue

Date of expiry, 31st December 191 .

The animal branded with the number of this license may be used with other vehicles of a different license number, but the vehicles must be of the same class and belong to the owner of this license.

District Superintendent of Police,
Registering Officer.

Form XVIII.

Form of application under Hackney Carriage Rules.

Date.	Name and father's name of applicant.	Residence of applicant.	Nature of application.	Number and class of vehicle and driver's No.	Name of proprietor.	Name and residence of seller and buyer in case of transfer of ownership.	Orders of Registering officer.

Signature of applicant.

Form XIX.

Hackney Carriage Licenses Register.

Serial, License No. No.	Class.	Description of conveyance.	Load including driver.	Name of owner.	Residence.	Fees.	Date of issue of license.	Signature of Accountant.	Cash book reference.	Registering Officer's initials.	REMARKS.
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

Form XXIII.

ASSESSMENT BOOK

List of persons liable to the tax on vehicles and animals under

1	2	3	4
No.	Names of persons liable to the tax.		FIRST QUARTER.
	Residence.	Description of vehicles or animals in respect of which each person is liable to the tax.	Assessment, remission, notice and warrant fees and collections.
	Four-wheeled motor cars.	Four wheeled-vehicles, other than motor cars.	
	Two-wheeled vehicles.	Carts or hackeries.	
		Horses or ponies of the height of 12 hands and upwards.	
		Assessment.	Remission (if any).
		Bill No.	Receipt No.
		Notice fees.	Warrant fees.
		Date of payment.	Initials of Receiving Officer.
			REMARKS.

6

THIRD QUARTER.

Description of vehicles or animals in respect of which each person is liable to the tax.		Assessment, remission, notice and warrant fees and collections.	
Four-wheeled motor cars.	Four-wheeled vehicles, other than motor cars.	Assessment.	Remission (if any).
Two-wheeled vehicles.	Carts or hackeries.	Bill No.	Receipt No.
	Horses or ponies of the height of 12 hands and upwards.	Notice fees.	Warrant fees.
		Date of payment.	Initials of Receiving Officer.
			REMARKS.

Form XXIV.

Tax on vehicles and animals under Residency Orders Notification
No. 88, dated 20th December 1905.

Bill No. _____ for quarter ending _____
Name _____
Address _____

Vehicles and animals liable to assessment.	No. in use.	No. exempted.	Rate per quarter, H. S. Rs.	Amount of tax payable, H. S. Rs.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. Four-wheeled motor car.			7 8 0	
2. Four-wheeled vehicles.			5 0 0	
3. Two-wheeled vehicles.			3 0 0	
4. Carts or hackneys			1 2 0	
5. Horses or ponies .			2 8 0	
TOTAL				

Date on which served

Received the sum of H. S. Rs.

on the 19 .

Collector

Tax on vehicles and animals under Residency Orders Notification
No. 88, dated 20th December 1905.

Date _____

Received from _____
on account of highway tax till _____
No. _____ the sum of H. S. Rs.
for the quarter ending _____

H. S. Rs.

Collector.

Tax on vehicles and animals under Residency Orders Notification
No. 88, dated 20th December 1905.

Bill No. _____ for quarter ending _____
Name _____
Address _____

Vehicles and animals liable to assessment.	No. in use.	No. exempted.	No. assessed.	Rate per quarter, H. S. Rs.	Amount of tax payable, H. S. Rs.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. Four-wheeled motor car.				7 8 0	
2. Four-wheeled vehicles.				5 0 0	
3. Two-wheeled vehicle .				3 0 0	
4. Carts or hackneys .				1 2 0	
5. Horse- or ponies .				2 8 0	
TOTAL					

Date on which served

Note—
The amount of this bill must be paid into the office within
fifteen days from date of presentation thereof.

Collector

Form XXV.

[Rule II of R. O. Notn. No. 88, dated 20th December 1905.]

NOTICE OF DEMAND.

To _____

of _____

Take notice that the Collector demands from you the sum of _____
_____ due from you on account of
the tax leviable under the *Hyderabad Residency Orders* Notification No. 88,
dated 20th December 1905, for the quarter ending on the _____ 191 ,
as per bill No _____, dated _____, already
presented to you ; and that if the sum due is not paid into the said Collector's
Office at _____, or if sufficient cause for the non-
payment of the sum is not shown to the Collector within fifteen days from the
service of this notice, a warrant of distress will be issued for the recovery of the
same with costs.

[Signature of the Collector.]

Date _____

Form XXVI.

[Rule 3 of R. O. Notn. No. 89, dated 20th December 1905.]

No.

SCHEDULE sent to _____
 with a request that _____ will, agreeably to No. 3 of the Rules under
 the *Residency Orders* Notification No. 89, dated the 20th December 1905, fill
 up and return the same to the undersigned within one week from the receipt
 thereof, whether _____ be liable to, be assessed with, the tax or not.

SECUNDERABAD,

191

Cantonment Magistrate and Collector,

Secunderabad.

NOTE.—If the schedule be not returned within the mentioned time, with full details in the remarks column as to the broken period, if there be any, and of military charger, etc., no complaint will be taken into consideration, and the bill will not be amended.

Description of vehicles and animals owned by, or in charge of, the person to whom schedule is sent for completion.	Total No. owned or in charge.	No. kept for use.	No. exempt as Military charger.	Remarks.
Four-wheeled motor cars on springs				
Four-wheeled vehicles on springs except motor cars				
Two-wheeled vehicles on springs				
Carts or hackeries drawn by bullocks				
Horses or ponies of the height of 12 hands and upwards				

191

[Signature of person completing schedule.]

(Schedule A of *Residency Orders* Notification No. 61 of 1st July 1907.)

Form XXVII.**APPLICATION FOR LICENSE TO DRIVE A MOTOR-VEHICLE.**

1. Full name of applicant _____
2. Postal address of residence of applicant _____

3. Whether applicant is over 18 years of age _____
4. Whether applicant holds, or has at any time previously held, a license

5. Particulars of any license which applicant holds, or which he has previously held _____

6. Particulars of any endorsement on any license which applicant holds, or which he has previously held _____

Signature of the applicant;

Dated _____

191 .

XXVIII.

(Schedule C of R. O. Notification No. 61 of 1st July 1907.)

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF A MOTOR-VEHICLE.

1. Full name of owner _____
2. Postal address of usual residence of owner _____
3. Description or type of motor-vehicle _____
4. Type and colour of body of vehicle _____
5. *Weight unladen _____
6. *Axle weight _____
7. *Diameter of wheels _____
8. *Width and material of tyres _____
9. Maximum speed _____
10. Number of cylinders _____
11. Horse power _____
12. Whether intended for—
 - (a) private use
 - (b) use for trade purposes
 - (c) use as a public conveyance

Dated _____ 191 . Signature of the applicant.

* Information to be given only in the case of heavy motor-vehicle or trailer.

Form XXIX.

[Schedule B.]

No. _____ of 19 .

Fee Rs. 2 (to) only

MOTOR-VEHICLE LICENSE

granted under section 5, Sub-section (2), of the Secunderabad Cantonment and the Residency Bazars Motor-Vehicle Law, 1906.

(NOT TRANSFERABLE.)

Mr. _____

Address _____

is hereby licensed to drive a Motor-Vehicle for the period of 12 months ending on the 31st December 19 .

Cantonment Magistrate,
Secunderabad.

SCHEDULE III.

(See section 208.)

FORM OF NOTICE TO ATTEND AT HOSPITAL, ETC.

Take notice that, under section 208 of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, you are hereby called upon to attend at the _____
on _____ day, the _____, 19____, at _____ o'clock _____ M.
and not to quit the said _____ without the permission of the Medical Officer in charge unless and until that Officer is satisfied that you are not in fact suffering, or are no longer suffering, from an infectious or contagious disorder, that is to say, from _____

Medical Officer in charge of the

Dated _____, *the* _____ 19 ____.

SCHEDULE IV.

(See section 212.)

CASES IN WHICH POLICE MAY ARREST WITHOUT WARRANT.

1	2	1	2
Section.	Subject.	Section.	Subject.
PART A.		PART B— <i>contd.</i>	
67 (a) (i)	Drunkenness, etc.	144	• • • • • Driving vehicle or animal without proper control.
197	Making or selling of food, etc., or washing of clothes, by infected person.	146	• • • • • Obstructing street.
		161	• • • • • Polluting source of public drinking water-supply.
PART B.		162	• • • • • Impairing quality, or diminishing quantity of water in source of public drinking water-supply or injuring or impairing usefulness of water-works.
67 (a) (ii)	Using threatening or abusive words, etc.		• • • • • Trespass on water-works.
67 (a) (iii)	Indecent exposure of person, etc.		• • • • • Throwing corpse into a source of public water-supply.
67 (a) (iv)	Begging.	163	• • • • • Bathing or washing at public well or spring so as to pollute the water.
67 (a) (v)	Exposing deformity, etc.	166	• • • • • Bathing or washing at any public place which has been prohibited.
67 (a) (vii)	Gaming.		• • • • • Feeding animal on filth, etc.
67 (a) (xii)	Destroying public notice, etc.	170	• • • • • Remaining in, or re-entering, cantonment after notice of expulsion for failure to attend hospital or dispensary.
67 (a) (xiii)	Breaking direction post, etc.	171	• • • • • Introducing liquor or drug into hospital or dispensary.
67 (g)	Keeping common gaming house, etc.	175	• • • • • Mendacity.
67 (h)	Intruding on bathing place, etc.	200 (2)	• • • • • Loitering or importuning for sexual immorality.
67 (i)	Playing music.		• • • • • Remaining in, or returning to, a cantonment after notice of expulsion.
67 (j)	Singing, etc., so as to disturb public peace or order.		• • • • • Cruelty to animals.
67 (k)	Firing gun, or doing other act, so as to frighten animals or cause annoyance or danger.	210	• • • • • Letting off fireworks, etc., without permission.
67 (n)	Baiting.	213	
90 (2) c.	Destroying, etc., name of street or number affixed to building.	214	
110	Rash riding or driving.	215	
141	Riding or driving at time or in manner prohibited.	216	
142	Driving, etc., between nightfall and dawn without a suitable lamp.	218	
		221	

SCHEDULE V.

(See Chapter XIX.)

APPEALS FROM EXECUTIVE ORDERS.

1	2	3	4
Sections.	Executive order.	Appellate authority.	Time allowed for appeal.
21	Cantonment Magistrate's order, dismissing servant of cantonment authority— (1) Whose salary is less than twenty-five rupees a month. (2) Whose salary is not less than twenty-five rupees a month.	Cantonment authority. Resident at Hyderabad.	Thirty days from date of order. Do.
78 (e)	Cantonment authority's notice to provide sufficient drainage.	Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.	Fifteen days from service of notice.
82 ...	Cantonment authority's notice to fill up a tank or marshy ground, or to drain off or remove waste or stagnant water.	Do. ...	Thirty days from service of notice.
85 ...	Cantonment authority's notice requiring a building to be repaired or altered so as to remove sanitary defects.	Resident at Hyderabad in consultation with the Officer Commanding the Division.	Do.
92 (1)	Cantonment authority's refusal to sanction the erection or re-erection of a building.	First Assistant Resident.	Thirty days from date of refusal.
92 (3)	Cantonment authority's notice to alter or demolish a building.	Do.	Thirty days from service of notice.
95 ...	Cantonment authority's notice to pull down or otherwise deal with a building newly erected or re-built without permission over a sewer, drain, culvert, water-course or water-pipe.	Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.	Do.
96 ...	Cantonment authority's notice to repair, protect or enclose a building, well, tank, reservoir, pool, depression or excavation.	Do. ...	Do.
97 ...	Cantonment authority's notice to remove a building, wall or structure, or anything affixed thereto, or a bank, or tree, or to repair a building, wall, structure or bank.	Do. ...	Do.
100 (1)	Cantonment authority's notice to close a sarai.	First Assistant Resident.	Do.
119 (3)	Cantonment authority's notice to close a market.	Resident at Hyderabad.	Do.
128 ...	Cantonment authority's notice prohibiting or restricting the use of a slaughter-house.	First Assistant Resident.	Twenty-one days from service of notice.

SCHEDULE V—*contd.*

1	2	3	4
Section.	Executive order.	Appellate authority.	Time allowed for appeal.
209 ...	Order of Commanding Officer of Cantonment on report of Medical Officer, directing a person to remove from the cantonment and prohibiting him from re-entering it without permission.	Officer Commanding the Division.	Thirty days from service of notice.
215 (3) ...	Cantonment Magistrate's notice, directing a person to remove from the cantonment and prohibiting him from re-entering it without permission.	First Assistant Resident.	Do.
216 ...	Cantonment Magistrate's notice, issued on order of the Commanding Officer of Cantonment directing a person to remove from the cantonment and prohibiting him from re-entering it without permission.	Officer Commanding the Division.	Do.
251 (2) ...	Order of Commanding Officer of Cantonment refusing to convene a committee.	Officer Commanding the Division.	Thirty days from date of order.
264 and Schedule VI (Conditions of Lease).	Cantonment authority's notice, in pursuance of conditions of lease, requiring a lessee to let a house not already occupied by a military officer to a military officer.	Do.	Twenty-one days from service of notice.
	Cantonment authority's notice in pursuance of conditions of lease, requiring a lessee to let a house to a civil officer.		
	Cantonment authority's notice, in pursuance of conditions of lease, requiring a tenant to vacate a house.		

SCHEDULE VI.

(See section 264.)

FORM A.

(Form of lease to be executed in cases of land applied for by a railway company, or for the purpose of erecting a hospital, school or other public building.)

THIS INDENTURE made the _____ day of _____, BETWEEN THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL (hereinafter called the Secretary of State which expression where the context so admits shall include his successors in office and assigns) of the one part, and

_____, (hereinafter called the Lessee (s) which expression where the context so admits shall include ^{its} ~~their~~ successors and assigns) of the other part,

WHEREAS the Lessee (s) ^{has} ~~have~~ applied for permission to occupy, for the purposes of a building site, the land belonging to the Government in the _____ Cantonment which is delineated in the site-plan hereto appended, and ^{has} ~~have~~ submitted with ^{its} ~~their~~ application the particulars and documents required by sections 261 and 262 of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1918 ;

AND WHEREAS the said application has received the sanction of the Officer Commanding the _____ Division.

NOW THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH as follows :

1. The Secretary of State doth hereby grant unto the Lessee (s), liberty and license to enter into and upon the piece or parcel of land delineated in the site plan hereto appended, and henceforth to occupy the same as a site for the erection of buildings, and henceforth to hold and enjoy the same and any buildings erected by ^{it} ~~them~~ thereon
 * Fill in as the case may be, " free of rent, but," or " subject to the payment of the yearly rent of rupees _____ and,"
 ,*subject to the conditions set forth in the annexure hereto.

2. The lessee (s) hereby covenant (s) with the Secretary of State, that the Lessee shall and will [† duly pay the said rent in the manner provided in the annexure hereto, and] observe all and every the conditions hereinbefore referred to and on ^{its} ~~their~~ part to be observed.

† When the parties execute on separate dates, omit the words " the day and year first above written " and add the dates below the signatures. The last of such dates will be entered in the commencement as the date of making the indenture.

Strike out to suit facts.

In witness† whereof the Secretary of State has hereunto set his hand and seal and the Lessee (s) has caused its common seal to be affixed
 have also set their ~~hands~~ and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the Officer Commanding the _____ Division acting in the promises for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council, in the presence of _____

The common seal of the _____ presence of _____

Company was hereto affixed in the

or

Signed, sealed and delivered by the above-named _____

in the presence of _____

NOTE.—Copies of the form, with the annexure, will be obtainable gratis on application to the Cantonment Magistrate.

ANNEXURE TO FORM A.

CONDITIONS.

Condition I.—The buildings to be erected on the land shall be commenced within six months from the execution of the lease, and shall be completed within the period specified in the note endorsed on such plan, or within such further period (if any) as the authority which sanctioned the application under Chapter XXI of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, may, by order in writing, allow.

Condition II.—(1) The said buildings shall be erected in accordance with the particulars specified in the Lessee (s)' application under sections 261 and 262 of the said Cantonment Code and plans and documents accompanying the same and the site plan appended hereto or, where a proposed building, alteration or addition is not in accordance therewith then in accordance with such further or other particulars as may be permitted in writing by the authority which sanctioned the application under Chapter XXI of the said Code.

(2) Any such permission may be made subject to any conditions which may be agreed upon between such authority and the Lessee (s).

Condition III.—The land shall not be used for any purposes other than those specified in the Lessee (s) application under section 261, clause (d), of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, nor shall the buildings erected on the land be permitted to fall into such a state as absolutely to prevent their being used for the purposes so specified :

Provided, always, that if the said buildings or any part thereof shall at any time be destroyed by earthquake, fire, cyclone or other act of God or shall be so injured thereby as to render them unfit for the purposes above specified then and in such case the Lessee (s) shall within six calendar months from such destruction or injury as aforesaid commence to rebuild the same and shall reinstate the same fit for use for the purposes aforesaid within such period not exceeding two years after the same shall have been so destroyed or injured, as aforesaid, as to the Officer Commanding the Division shall seem fit, provided nevertheless, that in no such case shall the Lessee (s) be required to reinstate the same fit, for use as aforesaid within a shorter period than twelve calendar months from the date of such destruction or injury.

Condition III-A.—*The Lessee (s) shall pay the said yearly rent of rupees by equal month instalments of rupees , and the said instalments shall be paid on the fifteenth day of every month during the continuance of this demise for the month immediately preceding.

* This clause to be struck out, if the land is rent free.

Condition IV.—(1) Whenever the Lessee (s) intend (s) to transfer, by sale, gift, mortgage or exchange, ^{its} ~~the~~ interest in the land, or in the buildings erected on the land, or in any part of the land or buildings, ^{they} ~~it~~ or the intended transferee shall give the Cantonment Magistrate one month's notice in writing before the transfer is completed.

(2) The Officer Commanding the Division shall have power, within the said period of one month and with the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad, to impose, by order in writing, his veto on any such transfer; and, if any case the Cantonment Authority considers it desirable that the said power of veto shall be exercised, it shall report the case to such Officer Commanding the Division without delay.

(3) If notice of any such transfer is not given as aforesaid, or if any such transfer is made after the same has been vetoed, the transfer shall be avoid.

Condition V.—Every person of whom the Lessee (s) interest in the land, or in the buildings erected on the land, may devolve by transfer, by succession or by operation of law, shall send to the Cantonment Authority, within one month from the date of such devolution, a report in writing of the fact, together with such particulars as may be required by that authority for entry in the register maintained under section 271 or 272 as the case may be of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913.

Condition VI.—(1) If the Lessee (s) ^{does} ~~do~~ not commence or complete as required by Condition I the buildings to be erected on the land, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require ^{it} ~~them~~ to remove all or any buildings or materials which ^{it} ~~they~~ may have erected or collected thereon and if ^{it} ~~they~~ fail (s) to comply with such notice the Cantonment Authority may after giving ^{it} ~~them~~ six hours further notice in writing, cause such removal to be effected and recover the cost from ^{it} ~~them~~ and may also cancel the lease.

(2) If the Lessee (s) erect (s) any building or make (s) any alteration or addition otherwise than as allowed by or under Condition II, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in

writing, require $\frac{it}{them}$ to remove the building or to alter the same to its satisfaction, and if $\frac{it}{they}$ fail (s) to comply with such notice of the Cantonment Authority, may after giving $\frac{it}{them}$ six hours' further notice in writing, cause such removal or alteration to be effected and recover the cost from $\frac{it}{them}$.

Condition VII.—(1) So long as the Lessee (s) shall duly [pay the said rent of rupees and*] observe the conditions herein before specified, and on $\frac{its}{their}$ part to be observed, $\frac{it}{they}$ may subject to Condition IX, hold the land for ever without interruption by the Secretary of State.

Forfeiture for breach of any other condition.

* The words in brackets to be omitted, if the land is rent free.

(2) If the Lessee (s) shall [fail to pay the said † rent of rupees for twenty-one days after the same shall become due or shall], in the event of the said buildings being destroyed or injured by earthquake, fire, cyclone or other act of God, fail to commence rebuilding the same as provided in Condition III hereof within six months of such destruction or injury and to reinstate the same fit for use as provided in the said Condition III hereof and within such period as therein provided, or shall break any of the conditions hereinbefore specified, other than Condition I or Condition II, and on $\frac{its}{their}$ part to be observed, the Resident at Hyderabad may, after giving one month's notice in writing, resume possession of the land or any portion thereof, and may, on such resumption, declare all or any part of the right and interest of the Lessee (s) in the buildings erected on the land to be forfeited.

† The words in brackets to be struck-out if the land is rent free.

Condition VIII.—The Lessee (s) shall not be entitled to compensation for any loss incurred by reason of anything done in pursuance of Condition VI or Condition VII, clause (2).

Condition IX.—The Resident at Hyderabad may resume possession of the said land or any portion thereof at any time upon giving one calendar month's previous notice in writing in that behalf to the Lessee (s) under the hand of some duly authorised officer and upon paying to the Lessee (s) compensation for such erections and buildings standing on the land of which possession shall be resumed as aforesaid as shall have been erected during the said term under proper authority. If there shall be any dispute as to the amount of such compensation the same shall be referred to a Committee of Arbitration which shall be constituted as provided in Chapter XX of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code of 1913, and the Lessee (s) shall be bound by the decision of such Committee. In calculating the amount of such compensation there shall be taken into account the following—

- (i) the original cost of materials and construction ;
- (ii) the condition of the buildings and their value at the date of resumption ;
- (iii) the rent or profit (if any) or the equivalent which the Lessee may receive or enjoy from the use of the buildings or on account thereof.

The Lessee shall not at any time during the said term remove the buildings erected on the said land or any part thereof nor make any structural alteration thereof or addition thereto without the like written permission as is mentioned in Condition II hereof.

FORM B.

(See section 264, Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913.)

(Form of lease for an indefinite term to be executed in cases of extensions of existing sites ; or where it is desired to regularise existing grants ; or in other exceptional cases where the grant of leases in Forms A, C and D is not suitable).

THIS INDENTURE, made the _____ day of _____ BETWEEN THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL (hereinafter called the Secretary of State which expression where the context so admits shall include his successors in office and assigns), of the one part and _____ son of _____ of _____ (hereinafter called the Lessee which expression where the context so admits shall include his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns), of the other part.

WHEREAS the Lessee has applied for permission to occupy for the purpose of a building-site, the land belonging to the Government in the _____ Cantonment which is delineated in the site-plan hereto appended, and has submitted with his application the particulars and documents required by sections 261 and 262 of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913 ;

AND WHEREAS the said application has received the sanction of the Officer Commanding the _____ Division ;

NOW THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH AS FOLLOWS :—

1. The Secretary of State doth hereby grant unto the Lessee liberty and license to enter into and upon the piece or parcel of land delineated in the site-plan hereto appended, and to occupy the same as a site for the erection of buildings and henceforth to hold and enjoy the same and any buildings erected by him thereon * subject to the conditions set forth in the annexure hereto.

* Fill in as the case may be "free of rent but" or "subject to the payment of the yearly rent of rupees and"

2. The Lessee doth hereby covenant with the Secretary of State that the Lessees shall and will duly († pay the said rent in the manner provided in the annexure hereto and) observe all and every the conditions hereinbefore referred to and on his part to be observed.

† The words in brackets to be omitted, if the land is rent free.

When the parties execute on separate dates, omit the words "the day and the year first above written" and add the dates below the signatures. The last of such dates will be entered in the commencement as the day of making the indenture.

In witness whereof the said parties hereto have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the

Officer Commanding the

of the Secretary of State for India in Council,
in the presence of

signed, sealed and delivered by the above-named in the presence of

Divison, acting in the premises for and on behalf

NOTE.—Copies of this Form and annexure can be obtained gratis on application to the Cantonment Magistrate.

ANNEXURE TO FORM B.

CONDITIONS.

In these conditions—

- (a) "house" means the house erected on the land occupied by the Lessee, and includes the land and buildings appurtenant to the house; and if any question arises whether any land or building is appurtenant to the house, it shall be decided by the Cantonment Magistrate, whose decision thereon shall, subject to revision by the First Assistant Resident, be final;
- (b) the expression "repairs" to a house shall be deemed to include such repairs as are usually made in the neighbourhood to buildings of the same class as that to which the house belongs, but does not include additions, improvements or alterations except in so far as they are necessary to carry out such repairs as aforesaid or have been made with Lessee's consent;
- (c) "military officer" means a commissioned or warrant officer of the army on military duty in the cantonment, and includes a chaplain, a Cantonment Magistrate and any person in army departmental employment whom the Officer Commanding the Division may, for the purposes of these Conditions, place on the same footing as a military officer; and
- (d) "civil officer" means a gazetted civil officer of the Government, and includes any other person in the service of the Government, not being a military officer whom the Resident at Hyderabad may, for the purposes of these Conditions, place on the same footing as a civil officer.

Condition I.—The buildings to be erected on the land shall be commenced within six months from the execution of the lease, and shall be completed within the period specified in the note endorsed on the site-plan annexed hereto or within such further period (if any) as the authority which sanctioned the application under Chapter XXI of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, may, by order in writing, allow.

Condition II.—(1) The said buildings shall be erected in accordance with the particulars specified in the Lessee's application under sections 261 and 262 of the said Cantonment Code and the plans and documents accompanying the same and the site plan appended hereto or where a proposed building, alteration or addition is not in accordance herewith then in accordance with such further application under Chapter XXI of the said Code.

(2) Any such permission may be given subject to any conditions which may be agreed upon between such authority and the Lessee.

Condition III.—The land shall not be used for any purpose other than those specified in the Lessee's application under section 261, clause (d), of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913; nor shall the buildings erected on the land be permitted to fall into such a state as absolutely to prevent their being used for the purpose so specified:

Use of land and maintenance of buildings. Provided always that if the said buildings or any part thereof shall at any time be destroyed by earthquake, fire, cyclon or other act of God or shall be so injured thereby as to render them unfit for the purposes above specified then and in such case the Lessee shall within six calendar months from such destruction or injury as aforesaid commence to rebuild the same and shall reinstate the same fit for use for the purposes aforesaid within such period not exceeding two years after the same shall have been so destroyed as aforesaid as to the Officer Commanding the Division shall seem fit. Provided nevertheless that in no such case shall the Lessee be required to reinstate the same fit for use as aforesaid within a shorter period than twelve calendar months from the date of such destruction or injury.

Condition III-(A).*—The Lessee shall pay the said yearly rent of rupees

by equal monthly instalments of rupees
* This clause to be struck out if the land is rent free. and the said instalments shall be paid on the 15th day of every month, during the continuance of this demise for the month immediately preceding.

Condition IV.—(1) Whenever the Lessee intends to transfer, by sale, gift, mortgage, or exchange, his interest in the land or in the buildings, erected on the land, or in any part of the land or buildings he or the intended transferee shall give the Cantonment Magistrate one month's notice in writing before the transfer is completed.

Power to veto transfer of Lessee's interests in certain cases. (2) The Officer Commanding the Division shall have power, within the said period of one month, and with the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad, to impose, by order in writing, his veto on any such transfer; and, if in any case the cantonment authority considers it desirable that the said power of veto should be exercised, it shall report the case to such Officer Commanding the Division without delay.

(3) If notice of any such transfer is not given as aforesaid, or if any such transfer is made after the same has been vetoed, the transfer shall be void.

Condition V.—Every person on whom the Lessee's interest in the land, or in the buildings erected on the land, may devolve, by transfer, by succession or by operation of law, shall send to the cantonment authority, within one month from the date of such devolution, a report in writing of the fact, together with such particulars as may be required by that authority for entry in the register maintained under section 271 or section 272 as the case may be of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913.

Condition VI.—The Government reserves a right subject to the conditions hereinafter contained, to appropriate the house at any time for occupation by any military officer or civil officer.

Condition VII.—If the Lessee lets the house to any person other than a military officer or (if the house has been set apart in accordance with Condition X for occupation by civil officers) a civil officer, possession of the house shall not be given until—

(a) such person has executed a stamped agreement undertaking to vacate the house whenever required so to do in pursuance of a notice issued under Condition VIII or Condition X without claiming any compensation, and has registered such agreement under the law for the time being in force relating to the registration of documents, and

(b) the Lessee has forwarded an attested copy of such agreement to the cantonment authority.

Condition VIII.—Whenever the cantonment authority considers that the right reserved by Condition VI should be exercised on behalf of any military officer, it may, if the house is not already occupied by a military officer, and if it has not been set apart in accordance with Condition X for occupation by civil officers by notice in writing,—

(a) require the Lessee to let the house to the military officer named in the notice, and

(b) require the existing tenant (if any) to vacate the same.

Condition IX.—If the house is occupied by a departmental military officer and the cantonment authority considers that the right reserved by Condition VI should be exercised in behalf of a regimental officer, or *vice versa*, it may by notice in writing require the officer in occupation to vacate the house; and may, if necessary, by further notice in writing, require the Lessee to accept the change of tenancy.

Appropriation of house for a military officer where it is occupied by another military officer.

Condition X.—(1) The cantonment authority may, at any time, with the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the Division, given with the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad, set apart the house for occupation by civil officers.

(2) If the house has been so set apart, the arrangement shall not be revoked without the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad.

(3) If, while the house is so set apart, the cantonment authority at any time considers that the right reserved by Condition VI should be exercised in behalf of any civil officer, it may if the house is not already occupied by a civil officer, by notice in writing,—

(a) require the Lessee to let the house to the civil officer named in the notice, and

(b) require the existing tenant (if any) to vacate the same.

Condition XI.—(1) Whenever a military officer or a civil officer considers that a notice should be issued in his behalf under Condition VIII, Condition IX or Condition X, he may request (in the case of a regimental officer) the Commanding Officer of his regiment, or (in the case of a departmental military officer) the local head of his Department, or (in the case of a civil officer) the Cantonment Magistrate, to make an application to that effect to the cantonment authority.

(2) On receipt of any such application the cantonment authority shall enquire into the case, and it shall not issue the notice unless it is satisfied—

(a) that the officer ought to reside in the cantonment, and

(b) that the circumstances are such as to require its intervention, and

(c) that the rent offered by the officer for the house is reasonable, and

(d) if the house is vacant, that it is suitable for the residence of the officer, and

(e) if the house is occupied, that it is suitable for the residence of the officer and that there is no vacant house in the cantonment which is suitable for his residence.

Explanation.—In considering whether a house is suitable for the residence of an officer regard shall be had to (i) the locality in which his duties chiefly lie, and (ii) his rank.

Condition XII.—(1) The house shall not be occupied for the purposes of a hospital, bank, hotel, shop, or school, or by a railway administration without the previous written sanction of the Officer Commanding the Division, given with the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad.

(2) Before application is made for such sanction the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment shall certify whether or not in his opinion the number of houses in the Cantonment as compared with the strength of the existing or probable garrison renders it likely that such occupation as aforesaid would—

(a) cause any difficulty in obtaining accommodation in the cantonment or in the part of the cantonment in which the house is situate for military officers or civil officers, or

(b) necessitate the acquisition of land at some future time for the extension of the cantonment.

House not to be appropriated for military or civil officer if it is occupied with sanction as a hospital, bank, hotel, shop or school or by a railway administration or is otherwise appropriated by the Government.

Condition XIII.—No notice shall be issued under Condition VIII or Condition X if the house—

(a) is occupied with the sanction required by Condition XII as a hospital, bank, hotel, shop or school, and has been so occupied continuously during the three years immediately preceding the time when the occasion for issuing the notice arises, or

(b) is occupied with the sanction aforesaid by a railway administration, or

(c) is appropriated by the Resident at Hyderabad with the concurrence of the Officer Commanding the Division or by the Governor-General in Council for use as a public office or for any other purpose.

Condition XIV.—Every notice to the Lessee issued under Condition VIII, Condition IX or Condition X, shall state the amount of monthly rent which the proposed tenant offers to pay for the house.

Condition XV.—(1) If the house is unoccupied any notice issued under Condition VIII or Condition X may require the Lessee to give possession of the same to the proposed tenant within four days from the service of the notice.

(2) If the house is occupied no such notice as aforesaid shall require its vacation in less than thirty days from the service of the notice.

Condition XVI.—(1) Subject to the terms of any agreement in writing between the Lessee and a military officer or a civil officer, and to the terms of this Condition, every lease of the house to such an officer shall be deemed to be a lease from month to month, terminable—

Terms of tenancy applicable to military and civil officers.

(a) without notice, in the case of the departure of the officer from the cantonment on duty or under medical certificate, or in the case of a committee of arbitration deciding that the house has become unfit for occupation, or

(b) by one month's notice in writing to the Lessee in any other case.

(2) A notice under clause (1) of this condition must be signed by or on behalf of the officer concerned; and the Cantonment Magistrate shall, if such officer so desires, cause it to be served on the Lessee free of charge.

(3) When a military officer or a civil officer has, in pursuance of clause (1) of this Condition, given up his occupation of the house without notice, and has occupied the house during a portion only of the calendar month in which his occupation ceased, he shall be liable to pay as rent for that portion a sum bearing the same proportion to the monthly rent as the said portion bears to the whole month:

Provided, that the sum shall not, in any case, be less than one-fourth of the monthly rent.

Condition XVII.—If any tenant of the house, being a military officer or a civil officer, sub-lets the same without the consent of the Lessee, the sub-lease shall be voidable at the option of the Lessee.

Sub-lease voidable at option of Lessee.

Condition XVIII.—(1) If the Lessee considers that any rent offered by a proposed tenant, and stated in a notice in accordance with Condition XIV is insufficient, he may, within a period of fifteen days from the service of such notice, require that the matter be referred by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to a committee of arbitration.

Right of Lessee to require reference to arbitration on question of rent.

(2) If the Lessee does not make such a requisition within the said period, he shall be deemed to have accepted the rent so offered.

(3) After such acceptance or the decision of a committee of arbitration, the amount of such rent shall not be called in question by either party except in the circumstances mentioned in clause (a) of Condition XXI.

Condition XIX.—(1) If the Lessee fails to execute any repairs to the house which any tenant, being a military or civil officer, may consider necessary, the cantonment authority may, at the request of the tenant, and if it is satisfied that such repairs or any of them are necessary, by notice in writing, require the Lessee to execute such repairs or such of them as it may consider necessary, within a period, not less than fifteen days, to be specified in the notice.

Right of Lessee to require reference to arbitration on question of repairs.

(2) If the Lessee objects to comply with any notice issued under clause (1) of this Condition, he may, within fifteen days from the service of the notice, require that the matter be referred by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to a committee of arbitration.

Condition XX.—If any tenant of the house, being a military or civil officer, considers that his lease should be terminable without notice in consequence of the house having become unfit for occupation, he may apply to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to refer the matter to a committee of arbitration.

Power of tenant to apply for reference to arbitration on question whether house has become unfit for occupation.

Condition XXI.—If the Lessee and any tenant of the house, being a military or civil officer, disagree—

Power of either Lessee or tenant to apply for reference to arbitration on other questions.

(a) as to any change in the rent of the house which is proposed in consequence of dilapidations or additions to buildings or for any other similar reason, or

(b) on any matter relating to rent or repairs, other than a matter referred to in clause (a) of this Condition or in Condition XVIII, Condition XIX or Condition XX, either the Lessee or the tenant may apply to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to refer the matter to a committee of arbitration.

Condition XXII.—Whenever any matter is referred to a committee of arbitration in pursuance of Condition XVIII, Condition XIX, Condition XX or Condition XXI, the committee shall be constituted as provided in Chapter XX of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, and the Lessee and his tenant shall be bound by the decision of the committee.

Constitution of committee of arbitration; its decision to be binding on Lessee and his tenant.

Condition XXIII.—If the Lessee fails to comply with any notice issued under clause (1) of Condition XIX and has not, within fifteen days from the service of such notice, required that the matter be referred to a committee of arbitration, or

Right of tenant to execute repairs and deduct cost from rent.

if any committee of arbitration constituted under Chapter XX of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, decides that repairs are necessary, and the extent to which they are

necessary, and the Lessee fails to execute such repairs within a period to be specified in a notice issued by the cantonment authority in that behalf,

the tenant of the house may himself cause the repairs specified in the notice to be executed at rates not exceeding those paid in the cantonment by the Military Works Department or the Public Works Department, and may deduct the cost thereof from the rent, or otherwise recover it from the Lessee.

Condition XXIV.—(1) If the Lessee does not commence or complete as required by Condition I the buildings to be erected on the land, the cantonment authority may by notice in writing require him to remove all or any buildings or materials which he may have erected or collected thereon; and, if he fails to comply with such notice the cantonment authority may after giving him six hours' further notice in writing, cause such removal to be effected and recover the cost from him, and may also cancel the lease.

(2) If the Lessee erects any building or makes any alteration or addition otherwise than as allowed by or under Condition II the cantonment authority may by notice in writing require him to remove the building or to alter the same to its satisfaction; and if he fails to comply with such notice, the cantonment authority may, after giving him six hours' further notice in writing, cause such removal or alteration to be effected and recover the cost from him.

Condition XXV.—(1) So long as the Lessee shall * [duly pay the said rent of rupees and] observe the conditions hereinbefore specified and on his part to be observed, he may, subject to Condition XXVII hold the land for ever without interruption by the Secretary of State.

* The words in brackets to be omitted if the land is rent free.

(2) If the Lessee shall † [fail to pay the said rent of rupees , for twenty one days after the same shall have become due or shall] in the event of the said buildings being destroyed or injured, by earthquake, fire, cyclone or other act of God, fail to commence rebuilding the same as provided in Condition III hereof within six months of such destruction or injury, and to reinstate the same fit for use as provided in the said Conditions III hereof, and within such period as therein provided, or shall break any of the conditions hereinbefore specified, other than condition I or Condition II, and on his part to be observed, the Resident at Hyderabad may, after giving one month's notice in writing, resume the land or any portion thereof, and may, on such resumption, declare all or any part of the right and interest of the Lessee, in the buildings erected on the land to be forfeited.

† The words in brackets to be omitted if the land is rent free.

Condition XXVI.—The Lessee shall not be entitled to compensation for any loss incurred by reason of anything done in pursuance of Condition XXIV, or Condition XXV, clause (2).

Condition XXVII.—The Resident at Hyderabad may resume the land or any portion thereof at any time after giving one month's notice in writing, and on payment of compensation for such buildings standing on the land or portion thereof as shall have been erected under proper authority. If there shall be any dispute as to the amount of such compensation, the same shall be referred to a committee of arbitration, which shall be constituted as provided in Chapter XX of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, and the Lessee shall be bound by the decision of the committee of arbitration.

Right of the Government to resume the land on payment of compensation for buildings.

FORM C.

(See section 261.)

(Form of Lease for a term of years.)

THIS INDENTURE, made the _____ day of _____ 191____, BETWEEN THE SECRETARY [OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL (hereinafter called the Secretary of State which expression where the context so admits shall include his successors in office and assigns) of the one part and _____, son of _____, of _____, (hereinafter called the Lessee which expression where the context so admits shall include his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns) of the other part.

WHEREAS the Lessee has applied for permission to occupy, for the purpose of a building site, the land belonging to the Government in the _____ Cantonment which is delineated in the site plan hereto appended, and has submitted with his application the particulars and documents required by sections 261 and 262 of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, AND WHEREAS the said application has received the sanction of the Officer Commanding the Division.

Now THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH as follows :—

1. The Secretary of State doth hereby grant unto the Lessee liberty and license to enter into and upon the piece or parcel of land delineated in the site-plan hereto appended, and henceforth to occupy the same as a site for the erection of buildings, and henceforth to hold and enjoy the same and any buildings erected by him thereon,* subject to the conditions set forth in the annexure hereto.

* Fill in as the case may be, "free of rent but," or "subject to the payment of the yearly rent of rupees and."

2. The Lessee doth hereby, covenant with the Secretary of State, that the Lessee, shall and will duly [† pay the said rent in the manner provided in the annexure hereto and] observe all and every the conditions hereinbefore referred to, and on his part to be observed.

† Strike out words in brackets if no rent is payable.

‡ When the parties execute on separate dates, omit the words "the day and the year first above written" and add the dates below the signatures. The last of such dates will be entered in the commencement as the day of making the indenture.

In witness ‡ whereof the said parties hereto have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the officer Commanding the Division acting in the premises for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council, in the presence of

Signed, sealed and delivered by the above-named , in the presence of

Note.—Copies of this form, with the annexure, will be obtainable gratis on application to the Cantonment Magistrate.

ANNEXURE TO FORM C.

CONDITIONS.

Condition I.—The buildings to be erected on the land shall be commenced within six months from the execution of the lease and shall be completed within the period specified in the note endorsed on such plan, or within such further period (if any) as the authority which sanctioned the application under Chapter XXI of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, may by order in writing allow.

Condition II.—(1) The said buildings shall be erected in accordance with the particulars specified in the Lessee's application under sections 261 and 262 of the said Cantonment Code and the plans and documents accompanying the same and the site-plan appended hereto or, where a proposed building, alteration or addition is not in accordance therewith then in accordance with such further or other particulars as may be permitted in writing by the authority which sanctioned the application under Chapter XXI of the said Code.

(2) Any such permission may be made subject to any conditions which may be agreed upon between such authority and the Lessee.

Condition III.—The land shall not be used for any purposes other than those specified in the Lessee's application under section 261, clause (d), of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, nor shall the buildings erected on the land be permitted to fall into such a state as absolutely to prevent their being used for the purposes so specified:

Provided, always, that if the said buildings or any part thereof shall at any time be destroyed by earthquake, fire, cyclone or other act of God, or shall be so injured thereby as to render them unfit for the purposes above specified, then and in such case, the Lessee shall within six calendar months from such destruction or injury as aforesaid commence to rebuild the same and shall reinstate the same fit for the purposes aforesaid within such period not exceeding two years, after the same shall have been so destroyed or injured as aforesaid as to the Cantonment Authority of shall seem fit. Provided nevertheless, that in no such case shall the Lessee be required to reinstate the same fit for use as aforesaid within a shorter period than twelve calendar months from date of such destruction or injury.

*Condition III-A.**—The Lessee shall pay the said yearly rent of rupees by equal monthly instalments of rupees , and the said instalments shall be paid on the fifteenth day of every month during the continuance of this demise for the month immediately preceding.

* This clause to be struck out if the land is rent free.

Condition IV.—(1) Whenever the Lessee intends to transfer, by sale, gift, mortgage or exchange, his interest in the land, or in the buildings erected on the land, or in any part of the land or buildings, he or the intended transferee shall give the Cantonment Magistrate one month's notice in writing before the transfer is completed.

Power to veto transfer of Lessee's interest in certain cases.

(2) The Officer Commanding the Division shall have power, within the said period of one month, and with the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad, to impose, by order in writing, his veto on any such transfer; and, if in any case the Cantonment Authority considers it desirable that the said power of veto should be exercised, it shall report [the case to such Officer without delay.

(3) If notice of any such transfer is not given as aforesaid, or if any such transfer is made after the same has been vetoed, the transfer shall be void.

Condition I. Every person on whom the Lessee's interest in the land, or in the buildings erected on the land, may devolve, by transfer, by succession or by operation of law, shall send to the Cantonment Authority, within one month from the date of such devolution, a report in writing of the fact, together with such particulars as may be required by that authority for entry in the register maintained under section 271 or 272, as the case may be, of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913.

Condition II.—(1) If the Lessee does not commence or complete, as required by Condition I, the buildings to be erected on the land, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require him to remove all or any buildings or materials which he may have erected or collected thereon; and, if he fails to comply with such notice, the Cantonment Authority may, after giving him six hours' further notice in writing, cause such removal to be effected and recover the cost from him, and may also cancel the lease.

(2) If the Lessee erects any building or makes any alteration or addition otherwise than as allowed by or under Condition II, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require him to remove the building or to alter the same to its satisfaction; and, if he fails to comply with such notice, the Cantonment Authority may, after giving him six hours' further notice in writing, cause such removal or alteration to be effected and recover the cost from him.

Condition III.—(1) So long as the Lessee shall duly [pay the said rent of rupees and]* observe the conditions hereinbefore specified, and on his part to be observed, he may, subject to Condition IX, hold the land for the term of—years computed from the day of—without interruption by the Secretary of State.

Forfeiture for breach of any other condition.

* The words in brackets to be omitted if the land is rent free.

(2) At the expiry of the said term of—years the Lessee may be granted a renewal of the lease for a further period of—years, such renewal and the period thereof to be at the discretion of the Officer Commanding the Division.

(3) If the Lessee shall [fail to pay the said rent of rupees for twenty-one days after the same shall become due, or shall† in the event of the said buildings being destroyed or injured by earthquake, fire, cyclone or other act of God, fail to commence re-building same as provided in Condition III thereof within six months of such destruction or injury and to reinstate the same fit for use as provided in the said Condition III hereof, and within such period as therein provided, or shall break any of the conditions hereinbefore specified, other than Condition I or Condition II, and on his part to be observed, the Resident at Hyderabad may, after giving one month's notice in writing, resume the land or any portion thereof and may, on such resumption, declare all or any part of the right and interest of Lessee in the buildings erected on the land to be forfeited.

† The words in brackets to be struck out if the land is rent free.

Condition IV.—The Lessee shall not be entitled to compensation for any loss incurred by reason of anything done in pursuance of Condition VI or Condition VII, clause (2).

Condition IX.—(1) At the expiration of the said term of—years the Lessee shall deliver

Land and building to be delivered up at end of term without compensation and right of Government to resume land prior to expiration of term on payment of compensation.

To be struck out when sub-clause (2) is to be used.

up to the Resident at Hyderabad and without receiving any compensation whatever the land comprised in this demise together with all erections and buildings which may be then standing thereon.

(2) If at the expiry of the said term of—years the Officer Commanding the Division in the exercise of his discretion declines to renew the lease, the Lessee shall deliver up to the Resident at Hyderabad and without any compensation whatever therefor the land comprised in this demise together with all erections and buildings which may be standing thereon on payment of compensation for such erections and buildings only as shall have been erected under proper authority.

If there shall be any dispute as to the amount of such compensation, the same shall be referred to a Committee of Arbitration as hereinafter provided.

Provided always that the Resident at Hyderabad may, at any time prior to the expiration of the said term, resume, possession of the said land or any portion thereof upon giving one calendar month's previous notice in writing in that behalf to the Lessee under the hand of some duly authorised officer and upon paying to the Lessee compensation for such erections and buildings standing on the land of which possession shall be resumed as aforesaid as shall have been erected during the said term under proper authority. If there shall be any dispute as to the amount of such compensation the same shall be referred to a committee of arbitration which shall be constituted as provided in Chapter XX of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code of 1913, and the Lessee shall be bound by the decision of such Committee. In calculating the amount of such compensation there shall be taken into account the following—

- (i) the original cost of materials and construction ;
- (ii) the condition of the buildings and their value at the date of resumption ;
- (iii) the rent or profit (if any) or the equivalent which the Lessee may receive or enjoy from the use of the buildings or on account thereof ;
- *(iv) the period within which the buildings would become the property of Government without payment of any compensation to the Lessee.

* To be struck out if Conditions VII (2) and IX (2), first and second clauses, are retained.

The Lessee shall not at any time during the said term remove the buildings erected on the said land or any part thereof nor make any structural alteration thereof or addition thereto without the like written permission as is mentioned in Condition II hereof.

" *Note.*—Condition VII (1) and (2) and Condition IX (1) and (2), first and second clauses.

These conditions provide for alternative leases. In the first, the buildings on the site become the property of the Local Government on the termination of the period for which the lease is granted. In the second alternative, the lease is renewable at the discretion of the Officer Commanding the Division, but when renewal is refused the lessee must deliver up the site and all buildings and erections thereon receiving compensation for such buildings and erections as have been made under proper authority. In the first alternative, Condition VII (2) and IX (2), first and second clauses, will be struck out ; in the second alternative, they will be retained and IX (1) struck out. In the latter form, renewals can be granted by the Officer Commanding the Division from time to time as often as may be considered desirable since the second and subsequent leases may, if the Officer Commanding the Division thinks fit, contain the Conditions VII (2) and IX (2), first and second clauses."

FORM D.*

(Form of lease to be executed in all cases other than those for which Forms A, B and C are prescribed.)

THIS INDENTURE, made the _____ day of _____, BETWEEN THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL (hereinafter called the Secretary of State which expression where the context so admits shall include his successors in office and assigns) of the one part and _____ son of _____, of _____ (hereinafter called the Lessee which expression where the context so admits shall include his heirs, executors, administrators, representatives and assigns) of the other part.

WHEREAS the Lessee has applied for permission to occupy for the purposes of a building site the land belonging to the Government in the _____ Cantonment which is delineated in the site plan hereto appended and has submitted with his application the particulars and documents required by sections 261 and 262 of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, AND WHEREAS the said application has received the sanction of the Officer Commanding the Division.

Now this Indenture witnesseth as follows :—

1. The Secretary of State doth hereby grant unto the Lessee liberty and license to enter

* Fill in as the case may be " free of rent but " or " subject to the payment of the yearly rent of Rs. _____ and "

into and upon the piece or parcel of land delineated in the site-plan hereto appended and to occupy the same as a site for the erection of buildings and henceforth to hold and enjoy the same and any buildings erected by him thereon* subject to the conditions set forth in the annexure hereto.

* Copies of this form with the annexure will be obtainable gratis on application to the Cantonment Magistrate.

2. The Lessee doth hereby covenant with the Secretary of State that the Lessee shall and

Strike out words in brackets if no rent payable.
When the parties execute on separate dates omit the words "the day and year first above written" and add the dates below the signatures. The last of such dates will be entered in the commencement as the day of making the indenture.

will duly [pay the said rent in the manner provided in the annexure hereto and] observe all and every the conditions hereinbefore referred to and on his part to be observed. In witness whereof the said parties hereto have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed and sealed and delivered by

the Officer Commanding the Division acting
in the premises for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council in the
presence of

Signed, sealed and delivered by the above-named

in the presence of

ANNEXURE TO FORM D.

CONDITIONS.

In these conditions—

- (a) "house" means the house erected on the land occupied by the Lessee and includes the land and building appurtenant to the house; and if any question arises whether any land or building is appurtenant to the house, it shall be decided by the Cantonment Magistrate, whose decision thereon shall be subject to revision by the First Assistant Resident be final;
- (b) the expression "repairs" to a house shall be deemed to include such repairs as are usually made in the neighbourhood to buildings of the same class as that to which the house belongs, but does not include additions, improvements or alterations, except in so far as they are necessary to carry out such repairs as aforesaid or have been made with the Lessee's consent;
- (c) "military officer" means a commissioned or warrant officer of the army on military duty in the cantonment, and includes a chaplain, a Cantonment Magistrate and any person in Army departmental employment whom the Officer Commanding the Division may, for the purposes of these Conditions, place on the same footing as a military officer; and
- (d) "civil officer" means a gazetted civil officer of the Government, and includes any other person in the service of the Government, not being a military officer, whom the Resident at Hyderabad may, for the purposes of these Conditions, place on the same footing as a civil officer.

Condition I.—The buildings to be erected on the land shall be commenced within six months from the execution of the lease and shall be completed within the period specified in the note endorsed on such plan or within such further period (if any) as the authority, which sanctioned the application under Chapter XXI of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, may, by order in writing, allow.

Condition II.—(1) The said buildings shall be erected in accordance with the particulars specified in the Lessee's application under section 261 and 262 of the said Cantonment Code and the plans and documents accompanying the same and the site-plan appended hereto or, where a proposed building, alteration or addition is not in accordance therewith then in accordance with such further or other particulars as may be permitted in writing by the authority which sanctioned the application under Chapter XXI of the said Code.

(2) Any such permission may be given subject to any conditions which may be agreed upon between such authority and the Lessee.

Condition III.—The land shall not be used for any purposes other than those specified in the Lessee's application under section 261, clause (d), of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, nor shall the buildings erected on the land be permitted to fall into such a state as absolutely to prevent their being used for the purposes so specified:

Provided, always, that if the said buildings or any part thereof shall at any time be destroyed by earthquake, fire, cyclone or other act of God or shall be so injured thereby as to render them unfit for the purposes above specified then and in such case the Lessee shall within six calendar months from such destruction or injury as aforesaid commence to rebuild the same and shall reinstate the same fit for use for the purposes aforesaid within such period, not exceeding two years after the same shall have been so destroyed or injured, as aforesaid, as to the Officer Commanding the Division shall seem fit. Provided nevertheless that in no such case shall the Lessee be required to reinstate the same fit for use as aforesaid within a shorter period than twelve calendar months from the date of such destruction or injury.

Condition III-A.—*The Lessee shall pay the said yearly rent of rupees

* This clause to be struck out, if the and is rent free.

by equal monthly instalments of rupees , and the said instalments shall be paid on the fifteenth day of every month during the continuance of this demise for the month immediately preceding.

Condition IV.—(1) Whenever

Power to veto transfer of Lessee's interest in certain cases.

the Lessee intends to transfer, by sale, gift, mortgage or exchange, his interest in the land, or in buildings erected on the land, or in any part of the land or buildings, he or the intended transferee shall give the Cantonment Magistrate one month's notice in writing before the transfer is completed.

(2) The Officer Commanding the Division shall have power, within the said period of one month, and with the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad to impose, by order in writing, his veto on any such transfer; and, if in any case the Cantonment Authority considers it desirable that the said power of veto should be exercised, it shall report the case to such Officer Commanding the Division without delay.

(3) If notice of any such transfer is not given as aforesaid, or if any such transfer is made after the same has been vetoed, the transfer shall be void.

Condition V.—Every person on whom the Lessee's interest in the land, or in the

Report of devolution of Lessee's interest.

buildings erected on the land may devolve, by transfer, by succession or by operation of law, shall send to the Cantonment Authority, within one month from the date of such devolution, a report in writing of the fact, together with such particulars as may be required by that authority for entry in the register maintained under section 271 or 272 as the case may be, of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913.

Condition VI.—The Secretary of State reserves a right, subject to the conditions herein-

Right of the Government to appropriate the house for occupation by any military or civil officer.

after contained, to appropriate the house at any time for occupation by any military officer or civil officer.

Condition VII.—If the Lessee lets the house to any person other than a military officer

Agreement to vacate to be executed when house is let to any person other than a military or civil officer.

or (if the house has been set apart in accordance with Condition X for occupation by civil officers) a civil officer, possession of the house shall not be given until—

(a) such person has executed a stamped agreement undertaking to vacate the house whenever required so to do in pursuance of a notice issued under Condition VIII or Condition X without claiming any compensation, and has registered such agreement under the law for the time being in force relating to the registration of documents, and

(b) the Lessee has forwarded an attested copy of such agreement to the Cantonment Authority.

Condition VIII.—Whenever the Cantonment Authority considers that the right reserved

Appropriation of house for military officer where it is not already occupied by a military officer.

by Condition VI should be exercised on behalf of any military officer, it may, if the house is not already occupied by a military officer, and if it has not been set apart in accordance with Condition X for occupation by civil officers by notice in writing—

(a) require the Lessee to let the house to the military officer named in the notice, and

(b) require the existing tenant (if any) to vacate the same.

Condition IX.—If the house is occupied by a departmental military officer and the

Appropriation of house for a military officer where it is occupied by another military officer

Cantonment Authority considers that the right reserved by Condition VI should be exercised in behalf of a regimental officer, or *vice versa*, it may, by notice in writing, require the officer in occupation to vacate the house; and may, if necessary, by further notice in writing, require the Lessee to accept the change of tenancy.

Condition X.—(1) The Cantonment Authority may, at any time, with the previous sanc-

Appropriation of house for civil Officers.

tion of the Officer Commanding the Division, given with the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad, set apart the house for occupation by civil officers.

(2) If the house has been so set apart, the arrangement shall not be revoked without the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad.

(3) If, while the house is so set apart, the Cantonment Authority at any time considers that the right reserved by Condition VI should be exercised in behalf of any civil officer, it may, if the house is not already occupied by a civil officer, by notice in writing,—

(a) require the Lessee to let the house to the civil officer named in the notice, and

(b) require the existing tenant (if any) to vacate the same.

Condition XI.—(1) Whenever a military officer or a civil officer considers that a notice should be issued in his behalf under Condition VIII, Condition IX or Condition X, he may request (in the case of a regimental officer) the Commanding Officer of his regiment, or (in the case of a departmental military officer) the local head of his Department, or (in the case of a civil officer) the Cantonment Magistrate, to make an application to that effect to the Cantonment Authority.

(2) On receipt of any such application the Cantonment Authority shall inquire into the case, and it shall not issue the notice unless it is satisfied—

- (a) that the officer ought to reside in the Cantonment, and
- (b) that the circumstances are such as to require its intervention, and
- (c) that the rent offered by the officer for the house is reasonable, and
- (d) if the house is vacant, that it is suitable for the residence of the officer; and
- (e) if the house is occupied, that it is suitable for the residence of the officer, and that there is no vacant house in the Cantonment which is suitable for his residence.

Explanation.—In considering whether a house is suitable for the residence of an officer, regard shall be had to (i) the locality in which his duties chiefly lie, and (ii) his rank.

Condition XII.—(1) The house shall not be occupied for the purposes of a hospital, bank, hotel, shop or school, or by a railway administration without the previous written sanction of the Officer Commanding the Division, given with the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad.

(2) Before application is made for such sanction, the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment shall certify whether or not in his opinion the number of houses in the Cantonment, as compared with the strength of the existing or probable garrison, renders it likely that such occupation as aforesaid would—

- (a) cause any difficulty in obtaining accommodation in the Cantonment, or in the part of the Cantonment in which the house is situated, for military officers or civil officers, or
- (b) necessitate the acquisition of land at some future time for the extension of the Cantonment.

House not to be appropriated for military or civil officer if it is occupied with sanction, as a hospital, bank, hotel, shop or school, or by a railway administration, or is otherwise appropriated by the Government.

Condition XIII.—No notice shall be issued under Condition VIII or Condition X if the house—

- (a) is occupied with the sanction required by Condition XII, as a hospital, bank, hotel, shop or school, and has been so occupied continuously during the three years immediately preceding the time when the occasion for issuing the notice arises, or
- (b) if occupied with the sanction aforesaid by a railway administration, or
- (c) is appropriated by the Resident at Hyderabad with the concurrence of the Officer Commanding the Division or by the Governor-General in Council for use as a public office or for any other purpose.

Condition XIV.—Every notice to the Lessee issued under Condition VIII, Condition IX or Condition X shall state the amount of monthly rent which the proposed tenant offers to pay for the house.

Rent offered to be stated in notice to Lessee.

Condition XV.—(1) If the house is unoccupied, any notice issued under Condition VIII or Condition X may require the Lessee to give possession of the same to the proposed tenant within four days from the service of the notice.

Time to be allowed for giving possession of house.

(2) If the house is occupied, no such notice as aforesaid shall require its vacation in less than thirty days from service of the notice.

Condition XVI.—(1) Subject to the terms of any agreement in writing between the Lessee and a military officer or a civil officer, and to the terms of this Condition, every lease of the house to such an officer shall be deemed to be a lease from month to month, terminable—

Terms of tenancy applicable to military and civil officers.

- (a) without notice, in the case of the departure of the officer from the cantonment on duty or under medical certificate, or in the case of a committee of arbitration deciding that the house has become unfit for occupation, or
- (b) by one month's notice in writing to the Lessee in any other case.

(2) A notice under clause (1) of this Condition must be signed by or on behalf of the officer concerned; and the Cantonment Magistrate shall, if the officer so desires, cause it to be served on the Lessee from of whom it is received.

(3) When a military officer or a civil officer has, in pursuance of clause (1) of this condition, given up his occupation of the house without notice, and has occupied the house during a portion only of the calendar month in which his occupation ceased, he shall be liable to pay as rent for that portion a sum bearing the same proportion to the monthly rent as the said portion bears to the whole month :

Provided that the sum shall not, in any case be less than one-fourth of the monthly rent.

Condition XVII.—If any tenant of the house, being a military officer or a civil officer, sub-lets the same without the consent of the Lessee, the sub-lease shall be voidable at the option of the Lessee.

Condition XVIII.—(1) If the Lessee considers that any rent offered by a proposed tenant and stated in a notice in accordance with Condition XIV is insufficient, he may within a period of fifteen days, from the service of such notice, require that the matter be referred by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to a Committee of Arbitration.

(2) If the Lessee does not make such a requisition within the said period, he shall be deemed to have accepted the rent so offered.

(3) After such acceptance or the decision of a Committee of Arbitration, the amount of such rent shall not be called in question by either party except in the circumstances mentioned in clause (a) of Condition XXI.

Condition XIX.—(1) If the Lessee fails to execute any repairs to the house which any tenant being a military or a civil officer, may consider necessary, the Cantonment Authority may, at the request of the tenant, and if it is satisfied that such repairs or any of them are necessary, by notice in writing, require the Lessee to execute such repairs, or such of them as it may consider necessary, within a period, not less than fifteen days, to be specified in the notice.

(2) If the Lessee objects to comply with any notice issued under clause (1) of this condition, he may within fifteen days from the service of the notice, require that the matter be referred by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to a Committee of Arbitration.

Condition XX.—If any tenant of the house, being a military or civil officer, considers that his lease should be terminable without notice in consequence of the house having become unfit for occupation, he may apply to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to refer the matter to a Committee of Arbitration.

Condition XXI.—If the Lessee and any tenant of the house, being a military or civil officer, disagree—

(a) as to any change in the rent of the house which is proposed in consequence of dilapidations or additions to buildings or for any other similar reason, or

(b) on any matter relating to rent or repairs, other than a matter referred to in clause (a) of this Condition or in Condition XVIII, Condition XIX or Condition XX,

either the Lessee or the tenant may apply to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to refer the matter to a Committee of Arbitration.

Condition XXII.—Whenever any matter is referred to a Committee of Arbitration in pursuance of Condition XVIII, Condition XIX, Condition XX or Condition XXI, the Committee shall be constituted as provided in Chapter XX of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, and the Lessee and his tenant shall be bound by the decision of the Committee.

Condition XXIII.—If the Lessee fails to comply with any notice issued under clause (1) of Condition XIX, and has not, within fifteen days from the service of such notice, required that the matter be referred to a Committee of Arbitration, if any Committee of Arbitration constituted under Chapter XX of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, decides that repairs are necessary, and the extent to which they are necessary, and the Lessee fails to execute such repairs within a period to be specified in a notice issued by the Cantonment Authority in that behalf, the tenant of the house may himself cause the repairs specified in the notice to be executed at rates not exceeding those paid in the cantonment by the Military Works Department or the Public Works Department, and may deduct the cost thereof from the rent, or otherwise recover it from the Lessee.

Condition XXIV.—(1) If the Lessee does not commence or complete as required by Condition I the buildings to be erected on the land, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing require him to remove all or any buildings or materials which he

may have erected or collected thereon; and if he fails to comply with such notice, the Cantonment Authority may, after giving him six hours' further notice in writing, cause such removal to be effected and recover the cost from him, and may also cancel the lease.

(2) If the Lessee erects any building or makes any alteration or addition otherwise than as allowed by or under Condition II, the Cantonment Authority may, by notice in writing, require him to remove the building or to alter the same to its satisfaction; and, if he fails to comply with such notice, the Cantonment Authority may, after giving him six hours' further notice in writing, cause such removal or alteration to be effected and recover the cost from him.

Condition XXV.—(1) So long as the Lessee shall [duly pay the said rent of rupees and*] observe the conditions hereinbefore specified, and on his part to be observed, he may, subject to Condition XXVII, hold the land for the term of—years computed from the day of—without interruption by the Secretary of State.

Forfeiture for breach of any other condition.

*The words in brackets to be omitted if the land is rent free.

(2) At the expiry of the said term of years the Lessee may be granted a renewal of the lease for a further period of years, such renewal and the period thereof to be at the discretion of the Officer Commanding the Division.

To be struck out in cases where it is intended that the lease shall not be renewable.

(3) If the Lessee shall [fail to pay the rent of Rs. for 21 days after the same shall become due or shall] in the event of the said buildings being destroyed or injured by earthquake, fire, cyclone or other act of God, fail to commence rebuilding the same as provided in Condition III hereof within six months of such destruction or injury and to reinstate the same fit for use as provided in the said Condition III hereof, and within such period as therein provided, or shall break any of the conditions hereinbefore specified, other than Condition I or Condition II, and on his part to be observed, the Resident at Hyderabad may, after giving one month's notice in writing, resume the land or any portion thereof, and may, on such resumption, declare all or any part of the right and interest of the Lessee in the buildings erected on the land to be forfeited.

The words in brackets to be omitted if the land is rent free.

Condition XXVI.—The Lessee shall not be entitled to compensation for any loss incurred by reason of any thing done in pursuance of Condition XXIV or Condition XXV, clause (2).

Claims to compensation barred.

Condition XXVII.—(1) At the expiration of the said term of—years the Lessee shall deliver up to the Resident at Hyderabad and without receiving any compensation whatever the land comprised in this demise together with all erections and buildings which may be then standing thereon:

Land and buildings to be delivered up at expiration of term without compensation and right of Government to resume land prior to expiration of term on payment of compensation.

To be struck out when sub-clause (2) is to be used.

(2) If at the expiry of the said term of years the Officer Commanding the Division in the exercise of his discretion declines to renew the lease, the Lessee shall deliver up to the Resident at Hyderabad and without any compensation whatever therefor the land comprised in this demise together with all erections and buildings which may be standing thereon on payment of compensation for such erections and buildings only as shall have been erected under proper authority.

To be struck out when it is intended that the lease shall be absolutely terminable at the end of the fixed period and the buildings are to lapse to Government.

If there shall be any dispute as to the amount of compensation, the same shall be referred to a Committee of Arbitration as hereinafter provided.

Provided always that the Resident at Hyderabad may, at any time prior to the expiration of the said term, resume possession of the said land or any portion thereof upon giving one calendar month's previous notice in writing in that behalf to the Lessee under the hand of some duly authorised officer and upon paying to the Lessee compensation for such erections and buildings standing on the land of which possession shall be resumed as aforesaid as shall have been erected during the said term under proper authority. If there shall be and dispute as to the amount of such compensation the same shall be referred to a Committee of Arbitration which shall be constituted as provided in Chapter XX of the Secunderabad Cantonment Act of 1913, and the Lessee shall be bound by the decision of such Committee. In calculating the amount of such compensation there shall be taken into account the following—

- (i) the original cost of materials and construction;
- (ii) the condition of the buildings and their value at the date of resumption;
- (iii) the rent or profit (if any) or the equivalent which the Lessee may receive or enjoy from the use of the buildings or on account thereof;
- (iv) the period within which the buildings would become the property of Government without payment of any compensation to the Lessee.

*To be struck out if conditions XXV (2) and XXVII (2), first and second clauses are retained.

The Lessee shall not at any time during the said term remove the buildings erected on the said land or any part thereof nor make any structural alteration thereof or addition thereto without the like written permission mentioned in Condition II hereof.

Note.—Conditions XXV (1) and (2), and Conditions XXVII (1) and (2), first and second clauses.

These conditions provide for alternative leases. In the first, the buildings on the site become the property of the Local Government on the termination of the period for which the lease is granted. In the second alternative, the lease is renewable at the discretion of the Officer Commanding the Division but when renewal is refused the lessee must deliver up the site and all buildings and erections thereon receiving compensation for such buildings and erections as have been made under proper authority. In the first alternative, Conditions XXV (2) and XXVI (2), first and second clauses, will be struck out; in the second alternative, they will be retained and XXVII (1) struck out. In the latter form, renewals can be granted by the Officer Commanding the Division from time to time as often as may be considered desirable, since the second and subsequent leases may, if the Officer Commanding the Division thinks fit, contain the Conditions XXV (2) and XXVII (2), first and second clauses."

FORM E.

Conditions referred to in the second proviso to section 92, clause (1).

In these Conditions—

- (a) "house" means the house erected on the land occupied by the applicant and includes the land and buildings appurtenant to the house; and, if any question arises whether any land or building is appurtenant to the house, it shall be decided by the Cantonment Magistrate, whose decision thereon shall be final;
- (b) the expression "repairs" to a house shall be deemed to include such repairs as are usually made in the neighbourhood to buildings of the same class as that to which the house belongs, but does not include additions, improvements or alterations, except in so far as they are necessary to carry out such repairs as aforesaid or have been made with the applicant's consent;
- (c) "military officer" means a commissioned or warrant officer of the army on military duty in the cantonment, and includes a chaplain, a Cantonment Magistrate and any person in army departmental employment whom the Officer Commanding the Division may, for the purposes of these Conditions, place on the same footing as a military officer; and
- (d) "civil officer" means a gazetted civil officer of the Government, and includes any other person in the service of the Government, not being a military officer, whom the Resident at Hyderabad may, for the purposes of these Conditions, place on the same footing as a civil officer.

Condition I.—The buildings to be erected on the land in accordance with the site-plan appended to the application shall be commenced within six months from the execution of the agreement, and shall be completed within the period specified in the note endorsed on such plan.

Condition II.—(1) Buildings may be erected on the land only in accordance with the site-plan appended to the application or, where a proposed building, alteration or addition is not in accordance with such plan, with the written permission of the authority which sanctioned the application.

(2) Any such permission may be given subject to any conditions which may be agreed upon between such authority and the applicant.

Condition III.—The land shall not be used for any purpose other than those specified in the applicant's application under section 92 of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913; nor shall the buildings erected on the land be permitted to fall into such a state of ruin as absolutely to prevent their being used for the purposes so specified:

Provided, always, that it shall be obligatory on the applicant to commence rebuilding the same, if destroyed or injured by earthquake, fire, cyclone or other act of God, within six months of such destruction or injury, and to reinstate the same fit for use for the purposes so specified as aforesaid within such period, not exceeding two years, after the same shall have been so destroyed or injured as aforesaid, as to the cantonment authority shall seem fit, provided, nevertheless, that in no such case shall the applicant be required to reinstate the same fit for use as aforesaid within a shorter period than twelve months from date of such destruction or injury.

Condition IV.—(1) Whenever the applicant intends to transfer, by sale, gift, mortgage or exchange, his interest in the land, or in buildings erected on the land, or in any part of the land or buildings, he or the intended transferee shall give the Cantonment Magistrate one month's notice in writing before the transfer is completed.

(2) The Cantonment Magistrate shall have power, within the said period of one month, and with the concurrence of the cantonment authority, to impose, by order in writing, his veto on any such transfer; and, if in any case the cantonment authority considers it desirable that the said power of veto should be exercised, it shall report the case to the Resident at Hyderabad without delay.

(3) If notice of any such transfer is not given as aforesaid, or if any such transfer is made after the same has been vetoed, the transfer shall be void.

Condition V.—Every person on whom the applicant's interest in the land, or in the buildings erected on the land, may devolve, by transfer, by succession or by operation of law, shall send to the cantonment authority, within one month from the date of such devolution, a report in writing of the fact, together with such particulars as may be required by the cantonment authority for entry in the register maintained under section 273 of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913.

Condition VI.—The Government reserves a right, subject to the conditions hereinafter contained, to appropriate the house at any time for occupation by any military officer or civil officer.

Condition VII.—If the applicant lets the house to any person other than a military officer or (if the house has been set apart in accordance with Condition X for occupation by civil officers) a civil officer, possession of the house shall not be given until—

(a) such person has executed a stamped agreement undertaking to vacate the house whenever required so to do in pursuance of a notice issued under Condition VIII or Condition X without claiming any compensation, and has registered such agreement under the law for the time being in force relating to the registration of documents, and

(b) the applicant has forwarded an attested copy of such agreement to the cantonment authority.

Condition VIII.—Whenever the cantonment authority considers that the right reserved by Condition VI should be exercised in behalf of any military officer, it may, if the house is not already occupied by a military officer, and if it has not been set apart in accordance with Condition X for occupation by civil officers, by notice in writing—

(a) require the applicant to let the house to the military officer named in the notice, and

(b) require the existing tenant (if any) to vacate the same.

Condition IX.—If the house is occupied by a departmental military officer and the cantonment authority considers that the right reserved by Condition VI should be exercised in behalf of a regimental officer or *vice versa*, it may, by notice in writing, require the officer in occupation to vacate the house;

and may, if necessary, by further notice in writing, require the applicant to accept the change of tenancy.

Condition X.—(1) The cantonment authority may, at any time, with the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the Division, given with the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad, set apart the house for occupation by civil officers.

(2) If the house has been so set apart, the arrangement shall not be revoked without the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad.

(3) If, while the house is so set apart, the cantonment authority at any time considers that the right reserved by Condition VI should be exercised in behalf of any civil officer, it may, if the house is not already occupied by a civil officer, by notice in writing—

(a) require the applicant to let the house to the civil officer named in the notice, and

(b) require the existing tenant (if any) to vacate the same.

Condition XI.—(1) Whenever a military officer or a civil officer considers that a notice should be issued in his behalf under Condition VIII, Condition IX, or Condition X, he may request (in the case of a regimental officer) the Commanding Officer of his regiment, or (in the case of a departmental military officer) the local head of his

Department, or (in the case of a civil officer) the Cantonment Magistrate, to make an application to that effect to the cantonment authority.

(2) On receipt of any such application the cantonment authority shall inquire into the case, and it shall not issue the notice unless it is satisfied—

- (a) that the officer ought to reside in the cantonment, and
- (b) that the circumstances are such as to require its intervention, and
- (c) that the rent offered by the officer for the house is reasonable, and
- (d) if the house is vacant, that it is suitable for the residence of the officer, and
- (e) if the house is occupied, that it is suitable for the residence of the officer, and that there is no vacant house in the cantonment which is suitable for his residence.

Explanation.—In considering whether a house is suitable for the residence of an officer, regard shall be had to (i) the locality in which his duties chiefly lie, and (ii) his rank.

Condition XII.—(1) The house shall not be occupied for the purposes of a bank, hotel, shop or school, or by a railway company, without the previous sanction in writing of the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment given with the concurrence of the Resident at Hyderabad.

(2) Before application is made for such sanction, the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment shall certify whether or not in his opinion the number of houses in the cantonment, as compared with the strength of the existing or probable garrison, renders it likely that such occupation as aforesaid would—

- (a) cause any difficulty in obtaining accommodation in the cantonment, or in the part of the cantonment in which the house is situate, for military officers or civil officers, or
- (b) necessitate the acquisition of land at some future time for the extension of the cantonment.

House not to be appropriated for military or civil officer if it is occupied, with sanction, as a bank, hotel, shop or school, or by a railway company, or is otherwise appropriated by the Government.

Condition XIII.—No notice shall be issued under Condition VIII or Condition X if the house—

- (a) is occupied, with the sanction required by Condition XII, as a bank, hotel, shop or school, and has been so occupied continuously during the three years immediately preceding the time when the occasion for issuing the notice arises, or
- (b) is occupied with the sanction aforesaid by a railway company, or
- (c) is appropriated by the Resident at Hyderabad or by the Governor-General in Council for use as a public office or for any other purpose.

Condition XIV.—Every notice to the applicant issued under Condition VIII, Condition IX or Condition X shall state the amount of monthly rent which the proposed tenant offers to pay for the house.

Condition XV.—(1) If the house is unoccupied, any notice issued under Condition VIII or Condition X may require the applicant to give possession of the same to the proposed tenant within four days from the service of the notice.

(2) If the house is occupied, no such notice as aforesaid shall require its vacation in less than thirty days from the service of the notice. ●

Condition XVI.—(1) Subject to the terms of any agreement in writing between the applicant and a military officer or a civil officer, and to the terms of this Condition, every lease of the house to such an officer shall be deemed to be a lease from month to month, terminable—

- (a) without notice, in the case of the departure of the officer from the cantonment on duty or under medical certificate, or in the case of a committee of arbitration deciding that the house has become unfit for occupation, or
- (b) by one month's notice in writing to the applicant in any other case.

(2) A notice under clause (1) of this Condition must be signed by or on behalf of the officer concerned; and the Cantonment Magistrate shall, if the officer so desires, cause it to be served on the applicant free of charge.

(3) When a military officer or a civil officer has, in pursuance of clause (1) of this Condition, given up his occupation of the house without notice, and has occupied the house during a portion only of the calendar month in which his occupation ceased, he shall be

liable to pay as rent for that portion a sum bearing the same proportion to the monthly rent as the said portion bears to the whole month :

Provided that the sum shall not, in any case, be less than one-fourth of the monthly rent.

Condition XVII.—If any tenant of the house, being a military officer or a civil officer sub-lets the same without the consent of the applicant, the sub-lease shall be voidable at the option of the applicant.

Condition XVIII.—(1) If the applicant considers that any rent offered by a proposed tenant and stated in a notice in accordance with Condition XIV is insufficient, he may, within a period of fifteen days from the service of such notice, require that the matter be referred by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to a committee of arbitration.

(2) If the applicant does not make such a requisition within the said period, he shall be deemed to have accepted the rent so offered.

(3) After such acceptance or the decision of a committee of arbitration, the amounts of such rent shall not be called in question by either party except in the circumstances mentioned in clause (a) of Condition XXI.

Condition XIX.—(1) If the applicant fails to execute any repairs to the house which any tenant, being a military or civil officer, may consider necessary, the cantonment authority may, at the request of the tenant, and if it is satisfied that such repairs or any of them are necessary, by notice in writing, require the applicant to execute such repairs, or such of them as it may consider necessary, within a period, not less than fifteen days, to be specified in the notice.

(2) If the applicant objects to comply with any notice issued under clause (1) of this Condition, he may, within fifteen days from the service of the notice, require that the matter be referred by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to a committee of arbitration.

Condition XX.—If any tenant of the house, being a military or civil officer, considers that his lease should be terminable without notice in consequence of the house having become unfit for occupation, he may apply to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to refer the matter to a committee of arbitration.

Condition XXI.—If the applicant and any tenant of the house, being a military or civil officer, disagree—

(a) as to any change in the rent of the house which is proposed in consequence of dilapidations or additions to buildings or for any other similar reason or

(b) on any matter relating to rent or repairs, other than a matter referred to in clause (a) of this Condition or in Condition XVIII, Condition XIX or Condition XX,

either the applicant or the tenant may apply to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment to refer the matter to a committee of arbitration.

Condition XXII.—Whenever any matter is referred to a committee of arbitration in pursuance of Condition XVIII, Condition XIX, Condition XX or Condition XXI, the committee shall be constituted as provided in Chapter XX of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, and the applicant and his tenant shall be bound by the decision of the committee.

Condition XXIII.—If the applicant fails to comply with any notice issued under clause (1) of Condition XIX, and has not within fifteen days from the service of such notice, required that the matter be referred to a committee of arbitration, or,

if any committee of arbitration constituted under Chapter XX of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, decides that repairs are necessary, and the applicant fails to execute such repairs within a period to be specified in a notice issued by the Cantonment authority in that behalf,

the tenant of the house may himself cause the repairs specified in the notice to be executed at rates not exceeding those paid in the cantonment by the Military Works Department or the Public Works Department, and may deduct the cost thereof from the rent, or otherwise recover it from the applicant.

Condition XXIV.—(1) If the applicant does not commence or complete, as required by Condition I the buildings to be erected on the land, the cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require him to remove all or any buildings or materials which he

Proceedure on breach of Condition I or Condition II.

may have erected or collected thereon ; and, if he fails to comply with such notice, the cantonment authority may, after giving him six hours' further notice in writing, cause such removal to be effected and recover the cost from him, and may also cancel the agreement.

(2) If the applicant erects any building or makes any alteration or addition otherwise than as allowed by or under Condition II, the cantonment authority may, by notice in writing, require him to remove the building or to alter the same to its satisfaction ; and, if he fails to comply with such notice, the cantonment authority may, after giving him six hours' further notice in writing, cause such removal or alteration to be effected and recover the cost from him.

Condition XXV.—(1) So long as the applicant, his heirs, administrators, representatives or assigns, shall observe the conditions hereinbefore specified and on his or their part to be observed, he or they may, subject to Condition XXVII, hold the land for ever without interruption by the Secretary of State, his successors and assigns.

(2) If the applicant, his heirs, executors, administrators, representatives or assigns, shall in the event of the said buildings being destroyed or injured by earthquake, fire, cyclone or other act of God, fail to commence rebuilding the same as provided in Condition III hereof within six months of such destruction or injury and to reinstate the same fit for use as provided in the said Condition III hereof, and within such period as therein provided, or shall break any of the remaining conditions hereinbefore specified, other than Condition I or Condition II, and on his or their part to be observed, the Resident at Hyderabad may, after giving one month's notice in writing, cancel the grant or any portion thereof, and, may, on such cancellation, declare all or any part of the right and interest of the applicant, his heirs, executors, administrators, representatives or assigns, in the buildings erected on the land to be forfeited.

Condition XXVI.—The applicant, his heirs, executors, administrators, representatives and assigns, shall not be entitled to compensation for any loss incurred by reason of anything done in pursuance of Condition XXIV or Condition XXV, clause (2).

Condition XXVII.—The Resident at Hyderabad may cancel the grant or any portion thereof at any time after giving one month's notice in writing, and on payment of compensation for such buildings or portion thereof as shall have been erected under proper authority. If there shall be any dispute as to the amount of such compensation, the same shall be referred to a committee of arbitration, which shall be constituted as provided in Chapter XX of the Secunderabad Cantonment Code, 1913, and the applicant, his heirs, executors, administrators, representatives and assigns, shall be bound by the decision of the committee of arbitration.

FORM F.

I, _____, owner of the land specified in the application made by _____, son of _____, and dated the _____, do hereby agree on behalf of myself, my heirs, executors, administrators, representatives and assigns, to abide by the agreement and conditions entered into by the said applicant on the expiration of the lease or in the event of the land in question otherwise reverting to my possession.

No. 3634-I. B.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 25, sub-section (1), of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), as applied to the Cantonment of Aurangabad by the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 582-I. B., dated the 22nd March 1913, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that on and with effect from the 1st December 1913, the Secunderabad Cantonment Code of 1913, which is an adaptation of the British Indian Cantonment Code of 1912, shall be in force in the Cantonment of Aurangabad, subject to the modifications set forth below.

The Secunderabad Cantonment Code of 1903, which is now in force in the Cantonment of Aurangabad in virtue of the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3694-I. B., dated the 7th October 1904, is hereby rescinded.

But committees constituted, appointments, orders, bye-laws and requisitions made, notifications, notices and summonses issued, and licenses granted under the said Code, shall be deemed to have been respectively constituted, made, issued and granted under the rules and applied enactments hereby directed to be in force.

Modifications.

- (1) Except where the context otherwise requires references to Secunderabad shall be read as referring to the Aurangabad Cantonment throughout the Code.
- (2) For Section 2 (1)(a) substitute—"Accountant-General" means the Comptroller, Central Provinces.

(3) Insert the following as Section 2 (1)(c)—

"Brigade" means any body of troops, placed for administrative purposes under a Commander of one or more stations having the status of a Brigadier-General or Colonel on the staff.

- (4) For Section 2 (1)(cc) substitute —"Division" means the 6th (Poona) Division.
 (5) For Section 2 (1)(g) substitute —"Officer Commanding the Division" means the Officer Commanding the 6th (Poona) Division.
 (6) For Section 2 (1)(u) substitute —"Sanitary Officer" means any Medical Officer appointed to perform the duties of the Sanitary Officer of the Cantonment or, when no such Sanitary Officer has been specially appointed, the Senior Executive Medical Officer in military employ on duty in the Cantonment.
 (7) For Section 3 clauses (1) and (2) substitute the following—

Ordinary members of the Cantonment Committee. "3. (1) The Cantonment Committee, Aurangabad, shall ordinarily consist of the following members, namely:—

- (a) the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment;
 (b) the Officer Commanding Regiments in the Cantonment;
 (c) the Sanitary Officer;
 (d) the Cantonment Magistrate; and
 (e) the Executive Engineer.

(2) The Commanding Officer of the Cantonment shall be President and the Cantonment Magistrate shall be the Secretary of the Committee."

(8) Insert the following as Section 6.

"6. (1) The Resident at Hyderabad after consultation with the Officer Commanding the Division, may, by notification direct, in case the Cantonment Committee has ceased to exist, or cannot be convened, that any of the functions of the Cantonment authority under this Code—

- (a) shall be in abeyance; or
 (b) shall, with such modifications as may be prescribed in the notification, be discharged by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment.
 (2) Subject to any notification for the time being in force under sub-section (1), the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment may discharge any of the functions of the Cantonment authority under this Code."

- (9) In Section 10 (2), omit the words "and to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment".
 (10) In Sections 13 (1), 14, 15 (1) (a), 16, 18 (2) Proviso, 32 (1), 32 (3), 32 (6) (b), 33 (1) (a) and (b), and (2), 233 and 276 (2), for the words "Commanding Officer of the Cantonment" substitute "Officer Commanding the Brigade."
 (11) In Section 13 (2) omit the words "through the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment" occurring after the word "Hyderabad" and substitute "Officer Commanding the Brigade" for "Commanding Officer of the Cantonment" occurring at the end.
 (12) At the end of the explanation to Section 24, add the following words—"or when there is no Cantonment Committee to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment".
 (13) In Section 30 (c), references to the Cantonment Committee and Secretary to the Cantonment Committee shall be read as referring to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment when there is no Cantonment Committee.
 (14) In Section 34 (1) add "or when there is no Cantonment Committee to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment", at the end.
 (15) In Section 34 (2), after the words "the Secretary" add "or the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment".
 (16) In Section 36 (2), add at the end "or when there is no Cantonment Committee by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment".
 (17) In Section 36 (5), substitute the words "the Officer authorised to sign cheques by sub-section (2)" for "the Secretary to the Cantonment Committee".
 (18) In Section 36 (7), substitute the words "the officer authorised to sign cheques" for "the Secretary to the Cantonment Committee".
 (19) In Section 36 (8), substitute the words "officer whose duty it would be under sub-section (2) to sign cheques" for "Secretary to the Cantonment Committee".

- (20) In Section 37 (1), substitute "one hundred and fifty rupees" for "three hundred rupees".
- (21) In Section 44 (3), add at the end "or when there is no Cantonment Committee by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment".
- (22) In Section 45 (2), add "or when there is no Cantonment Committee by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment" before the word 'namely'.
- (23) In Sections 51 (1) and 57, substitute "Comptroller, Central Provinces" for "Accountant-General, Madras".
- (24) In Section 51 (2) and (4), substitute "Comptroller" for "Accountant-General".
- (25) In Section 54, substitute "treasury" for "Hyderabad Residency Treasury".
- (26) Omit proviso to Section 55 (2).
- (27) In Section 55 (3), substitute "officer in charge of the treasury" for "treasury officer".
- (28) In Section 59 omit the words "through the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment".
- (29) In Section 60 omit the words "Cantonment Magistrate and" and insert at the end "or when there is no Cantonment Committee by the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment".
- (30) In Section 63 and in the proviso to it omit the words "Cantonment Magistrate and".
- (31) In Section 69 omit clause (e), and the reference to clause (e) occurring in clause (f).
- (32) In the proviso to Section 73 (2), substitute "Officer Commanding the Division" for "Commanding Officer of the Cantonment."
- (33) In the proviso to Section 74 (1) and in Section 74 (2) and in the proviso to Section 82, substitute the words "Officer Commanding the Division" for "Commanding Officer of the Cantonment."
- (34) In Section 118, substitute "Officer Commanding the Division" for "Commanding Officer of the Cantonment."
- (35) In Section 263 (3) add "through the Officer Commanding the Brigade" after the word "Division" and before the words "for sanction."
- (36) In proviso (b) to Section 263 (3), insert "the Officer Commanding the Brigade" after "the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment."
- (37) In Section 293 insert "Officer Commanding the Brigade" after "Officer Commanding the Division."
- (38) In Form 3 of Schedule I (Pass Book), omit "the Hyderabad Residency Civil Treasury" and leave space for the name of the banker concerned to be entered.
- (39) For the forms in Schedule II substitute the forms appended to this notification.
- (40) In Schedule V, against the entries 78 (e) and 95 in column 3, substitute "Officer Commanding the Division" for "Commanding Officer of the Cantonment."

FORM I.

Assessment Register.

NAME OF THE LOCALITY IN WHICH THE PROPERTY IS SITUATE.		NUMBER ON THE PROPERTY.		Description of the property.	Name of owner.	Name of occupier.	Whether the house possesses private latrine or not.	Annual value of the property.	Annual value of property.	PRESENT ASSESSMENT.						REMARKS.
1	2	3	4							5	6	7	8	9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16
										Quarterly tax calculated on the figures in column 10. The gross annual letting value finally fixed by the Cantonment Committee. House tax at 7½ per cent. per annum. Latrine tax on houses possessing latrines at 7½ per cent. per annum. Latrine tax on houses without latrines at 2½ per cent. per annum. Water tax at 7 per cent. per annum. Water tax on private connection at H. S. Rs. 2 per ½" and Rs. 4 for 1" per annum. Water tax on private connection at H. S. Rs. 2 per ½" and Rs. 4 for 1" per annum.						

NOTE :—The register should be interleaved, so as to show the demand and recovery of each tax on one and the same page.

Form II.

Demand and Recovery Register of house, latrine and water taxes for the year 191 -1 .

Assessment number	Name of party.	ASSESSMENT.				QUARTERLY COLLECTIONS.								Balance outstanding at the end of the year.	REMARKS.	
		First quarter.	Second quarter.	Third quarter.	Fourth quarter.	First quarter.		Second quarter.		Third quarter.		Fourth quarter.				Remitted or written off.
		Amount due.	Amount due.	Amount due.	Amount due.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.	Date.				Number in Re-mission Register.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14			
		Rs. a.p.	Rs. a.p.	Rs. a.p.	Rs. a.p.	Rs. a.p.		Rs. a.p.		Rs. a.p.		Rs. a.p.		Rs. a.p.		

Form III.

Register of daily collections of taxes.

[illegible]

FORM IV.

Register of Remissions.

Date of entry in this register.	House rent No.	Nature of tax remitted.	Period for which remission granted.	Amount remitted.	Cantonment Commit- tee's Resolution No. and date sanctioning remission.	Initials of the Secretary.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
				Rs. p. d.			

FORM V.

BILL No.

Owner of House No.
Tenant Bungalow

Dr.

To

Aurangabad Cantonment Committee,

Aurangabad.

The following taxes for the quarter ending

House tax

Latrine tax

Water tax

H. S. Rs.

CANTONMENT COMMITTEE OFFICE,
Aurangabad, the

Secretary to Cantonment Committee.

Form VI.

No. dated

Received from

assessment No.

The sum of H. S. Rs. () Rupees
and mentioned taxes for the quarter ending the

House tax

Latrine tax

Water tax

Total H. S. Rs.

Tax collector.

NOTE—Receipts should be duplicated by means of carbon paper on both sides.

FORM VII.

DOG LICENSE.

No.

6-

being the license fee for keeping one dog. II. S. Re. 1. One only.

Date of issue.

Date of expiry.

Dated Aurangabad, the

Secretary, Cantonment Committee.

Form IX.

Counterfoil to be filed.

1913

Receipt for animals impounded.

Number of receipt
Name of cattle pound
Date and hour of impoundment of cattle
Name and residence of person impounding the cattle
Name and residence of the owner, if known
Kind and description of the cattle impounded

Signature of Pound Moharir.

To be given to person impounding the cattle.

Receipt for animals impounded.

Number of receipt
Name of cattle pound
Date and hour of impoundment of cattle
Name and residence of person impounding the cattle
Name and residence of the owner, if known
Kind and description of the cattle impounded

Signature of Pound Moharir.

Form X.

Counterfoil to be filed.

Cattle fines.

Number of receipt

Number of receipt of form IX

Name of cattle pound

Date and hour of impoundment of cattle

Kind and description of cattle impounded

Name and residence of the person impounding the cattle

Name of the owner

Date and hour of release of cattle

Amount of fine

Feeding charges with rates

Total

Signature of Pound Moharir.

To be given to the person releasing the cattle.

Cattle fines.

Number of receipt

Number of receipt of form IX

Name of cattle pound

Date and hour of impoundment of cattle

Kind and description of cattle impounded

Name and residence of the person impounding the cattle

Name of the owner

Date and hour of release of cattle

Amount of fine

Feeding charges with rates

Total

Signature of Pound Moharir.

Form XII.

AURANGABAD.

HACKNEY CARRIAGE LICENSE, 191

First Class.

License No. Fee H. S. Rs.

Owner's name

Do. residence

Description of carriage

To carry

To be drawn by

Date of issue

Date of expiry, 31st December 191

The animal branded with the number of this license may be used with other vehicles of a different license number, but the vehicles must be of the same class and belong to the owner of this license.

District Superintendent of Police,
Registering Officer.

AURANGABAD.

HACKNEY CARRIAGE LICENSE, 191

First Class.

License No. Fee H. S. Rs.

Owner's name

Do. residence

Description of carriage

To carry

To be drawn by

Date of issue

Date of expiry, 31st December 191

The animal branded with the number of this license may be used with other vehicles of a different license number, but the vehicles must be of the same class and belong to the owner of this license.

District Superintendent of Police,
Registering Officer.

Form XIII.

AURANGABAD.

HACKNEY CARRIAGE DRIVER'S LICENSE, 191 .

Serial No. _____

License No. _____

Fee H. S. Rs. _____

Driver's name {

Father's name {

Age and caste _____

Residence in full {

In what stable employed _____

Date of issue _____

Date of expiry, 31st December 191 .

District Superintendent of Police,
Registering Officer.

AURANGABAD.

HACKNEY CARRIAGE DRIVER'S LICENSE, 191 .

Serial No. _____

License No. _____

Fee H. S. Rs. _____

Driver's name {

Father's name {

Age and caste _____

Residence in full {

In what stable employed _____

Date of issue _____

Date of expiry, 31st December 191 .

District Superintendent of Police,
Registering Officer.

FORM XIV.

Miscellaneous Demand Register.

[NOTE.—At the top of all items coming under the same head of receipt, the nature of the revenue should be written in red ink and a total made for the items. Some lines may be left blank above the line for total in case it becomes necessary during the year to enter in the register new items of the same class. A red line should be drawn across the register after each such total with a view to separate it from the entries on account of other revenue that follows. The collections on account of penal interest should be shown in red ink separately below the entry for kist. Composition fees should be shown as a realization of the month concerned against the renter, if according to the contract they are payable to him, otherwise they should be shown in a separate line with a separate entry for demand in column 9.]

Serial number.	Name of place or number of stalls.	From whom due.	Authority and No. and date of agreement, if any.	Amount of each instalment or monthly rent.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Total amount due in the year.	Realization made each month.												Total.	Balance unrealized.	Remarks.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	33	34	35		
									Amount.	Amount.	Amount.	Amount.	Amount.	Amount.	Amount.	Amount.	Amount.	Amount.	Amount.	Amount.	Amount.				
									Date.	Date.	Date.	Date.	Date.	Date.	Date.	Date.	Date.	Date.	Date.	Date.	Date.				

FORM XVI.

RECEIPT.

[Form of receipt to be used in the case of slaughter house fees, sale of rubbish, sale of drywood, fruits, flowers, etc., rent of butchers' stalls, sale of old materials and quarry receipts]

No. _____, dated _____

Received from _____

on account of _____

Rs. _____

(Signed) _____

Collector.

NOTE.—Receipt should be duplicated by means of carbon paper on both sides.

FORM XXII.

No.

Chalan of money paid to
Cantonment, for credit to

Bankers, Aurangabad

No.

Chalan of money paid to
Cantonment, for credit to

Bankers, Aurangabad

By whom brought.

Heads of account.

Amount.

H S. Rs. a. p.

By whom brought.

Amount.

H. S. Rs. a. p.

AURANGABAD.

191

Secretary, Cantonment Committee.

Received.

Banker.

Cashier.

AURANGABAD,

191

Secretary, Cantonment Committee.

Received.

Banker.

Cashier.

Simla, the 24th November 1913.

No. 2950-Est. A.—Mr. B. J. Glancy, Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is reappointed to the effective list of the Political Department and is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with special leave for 3 months, with effect from the 19th November 1913, under Articles 233 and 316, Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2951-Est. A.—Captain R. H. Chenevix-Trench of the Political Department, on return from leave, is reappointed to be Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 19th November 1913.

No. 2956-Est. A.—Major W. R. Battye, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, on return from leave, is posted as Residency Surgeon, Mewar, with effect from the 2nd November 1913.

The 25th November 1913.

No. 2986-Est. A.—Hafiz Saifullah Khan, British Representative at Kandahar, is appointed British Agent at Kabul, with effect from the 4th November 1913.

The 26th November 1913.

No. 2995-Est. A.—Major J. W. Watson, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, on return from leave, is posted as Agency Surgeon, Bhopal, with effect from the 18th November 1913.

No. 3001-Est. A.—Mr. O. V. Bosanquet, C.I.E., of the Political Department, on return from leave, is appointed to be a Resident of the 1st class and Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with effect from the 15th November 1913.

No. 3004-Est. A.—Captain H. W. Pierpoint, Indian Medical Service, an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is appointed to be Medical Officer of the Turco-Persia Frontier Commission, with effect from the 25th November 1913.

The 27th November 1913.

No. 3011-Est. A.—Captain W. G. Hutchinson of the Political Department, on return from leave, is posted as Second Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, with effect from the 12th November 1913.

No. 3014-Est. A.—Major J. R. J. Tyrrell, I.M.S., an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is posted as Civil Surgeon, Khyber, with effect from the 13th November 1913.

No. 3018-Est. A.—Major P. M. Sykes, C.M.G., C.I.E., of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for eight months, with effect from the 20th November 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 3019-Est. A.—Captain H. H. Thorburn, I.M.S., an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, and Agency Surgeon at Meshed, and *ex-officio* Assistant to His Britannic Majesty's Consul-General and Agent to the Government of India in Khorasan, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of His Britannic Majesty's Consul-General and Agent to the Government of India in Khorasan, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 20th November 1913, and until further orders.

No. 3024-Est. A.—*Corrigendum.* In Foreign Department Notification No. 2995-Est. A., dated the 26th November 1913, posting Major J. W. Watson, Indian Medical Service as Agency Surgeon, Bhopal, *delete* the words "on return from leave."

No. 3027-Est. B.—Major A. F. Ferguson-Davie, C.I.E., D.S.O., 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force), is appointed Inspecting Officer, Rajputana and Central India States, Imperial Service Infantry, with effect from the 17th November 1913.

No. 2198-G.—With reference to Notification, No. 1468-G., dated the 4th August 1913, Cavaliere G. Saint Martin, Consul-General for Italy at Calcutta, resumed charge of his office on the 9th November 1913.

J. B. WOOD,

Officiating Secretary to the Government of India

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

Delhi, the 29th November 1913.

No. 10136-179.—Mr. I. C. Thomas, Director of Telegraphs, 2nd class, is appointed to be Director of Telegraphs, 1st class, Temporary, with effect from the 6th October 1913.

Mr. R. T. Gibbs, Director of Telegraphs, 3rd class, is appointed to be Director of Telegraphs, 2nd class, Temporary, with effect from the 6th October 1913.

Mr. H. C. A. Goodall, Director of Telegraphs, 4th class, is appointed to be Director of Telegraphs, 3rd class, Temporary, with effect from the 14th October 1913.

Mr. I. C. Thomas, Director of Telegraphs, 2nd class, and 1st class, Temporary, is appointed to be Director of Telegraphs, 1st class, Permanent, with effect from the 17th October 1913.

Mr. H. E. Chappel, Director of Telegraphs, 3rd class, is appointed to be Director of Telegraphs, 2nd class, Permanent, with effect from the 17th October 1913.

Mr. R. Meredith, Director of Telegraphs, 4th class, and 3rd class, Temporary, is appointed to be Director of Telegraphs, 3rd class, Permanent, with effect from the 17th October 1913.

Mr. W. Sutherland, Superintendent of Telegraphs, is appointed to be Director of Telegraphs, 4th class, Permanent, with effect from the 17th October 1913.

TELEGRAPHS.

The 29th November 1913.

No. 10054-87.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), and in supersession of the Notification No. 7571-163 dated the 8th October 1909, as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to issue the following revised rules and orders governing the exchange by radio-telegraph of public correspondence between stations on the coast of India and ships at sea.

Duration of Service.

1. The service at coast stations in India will be according to the hours notified for such stations in the *India Telegraph Guide*. Those coast stations at which the service is of limited duration must not close before they have transmitted all their radio-telegrams to such ships as are within their range of transmission and have received from these ships all the radio-telegrams of which notice has been given. This applies also when ships notify their presence before work has actually ceased.

Form and Acceptance of Telegrams.

2. The form and acceptance of telegrams will be in accordance with the rules for Foreign telegrams as given in the rules published in Notification No. 6975-137, dated the 16th of September 1909 (reproduced as Section III of the *Indian Telegraph Guide*).

Special rules for Radio-telegrams to ships

3. The sender is in every case responsible for the sufficiency and accuracy of the address of his radio-telegram.

The address of radio-telegrams intended for ships should be drawn up as follows :—

- (1) Name or description of addressee, with supplementary particulars if necessary.
- (2) Name of the ship as in the first column of the Official List of Wireless Telegraph Stations; and, if intended to be transmitted through a coast station.
- (3) Name of the coast station as it appears in the Official List of Wireless Telegraph Stations.

If desired, the name of the ship may, at the risk of the sender, be replaced by the particulars of its voyage.

In the case of radio-telegrams accepted on board ship for places on land, it is the duty of the operator to see that the office of destination is written as shown in the first column of the International List of Telegraph Offices.

The name and permanent address of the sender should be written on the form for purposes of record.

Preamble.

4. The preamble of every radio-telegram should begin with the word "Radio".
5. On transmitting a radio-telegram from a ship over the ordinary telegraph system the coast station inserts for office of origin the name of the ship of origin as it appears in the Official List, and also, when the case arises, the name of the last ship which acted as intermediary, should any retransmission have occurred, and the name of the coast station. The code time (*i. e.*, the time of receipt of the radio-telegram at the coast station), should also be inserted, and this, together with the service instructions, the date and time of handing in, and the number of words signalled by the ship should be transmitted.

Charge for Radio-telegram.

6. The charge for a radio-telegram must in every case be prepaid by the sender. For a radio-telegram exchanged between a ship and a telegraph office on land the charge comprises:—

- (a) the ship-station charge;
- (b) the coast-station charge;
- (c) the charge for ordinary telegraph transmission;
- (d) the special charges, if any;
- (e) the charge for re-transmission, if any, one ship-station charge for each retransmitting ship.

In the case of a radio-telegram exchanged between two ships the charge consists of:—

(i) via coast-stations.

- (a) the ship-station charge of the ship of origin;
- (b) one coast-station charge for each coast-station;
- (c) the ship-station charge for the ship of destination;
- (d) the charge for ordinary telegraph transmission, if any;
- (e) the special charges, if any;
- (f) charge for retransmission, if any, one ship-station charge for each retransmitting ship.

NOTE.—In cases where one coast-station only is employed in the transmission and the rates applicable to communications exchanged with the ships concerned are different, the higher coast-station charge must be applied.

(ii) Not via coast-stations.

The same charges as above will apply except (b) and (d).

The coast-station charge and the ship-station charge can be ascertained from the Official List of Stations published by the International Bureau at Berne. The Indian coast-station charge is 3½ annas a word.

Radio-telegrams for Delivery by Post from a Port of call of the ship to which they are transmitted.

7. Radio-telegrams may be accepted for a ship with the object of being forwarded by post from a port of call. Re-transmission by radio-telegraphy is not permitted in such cases.

The address must be drawn up as follows:—

- (a) The paid instruction "Poste," followed by the name of the port where the radio-telegram is to be posted.
- (b) Name and address of the addressee.
- (c) Name of the ship-station which is to carry out the posting.
- (d) Name of the coast-station in communication with the ship, unless the message is exchanged directly between two ships.

Example:—

"=Poste Buenosaires=Smith 14 Calle Prat Valparaiso Avon Lizard."

A charge of 2½/ for postage should be collected in addition to the radio-telegraph charges.

A radio-telegram of this nature received on board a ship must be posted as a paid letter at the port indicated, and particulars of posting noted on the duplicate form, which must be prepared and disposed of in the same way as those relating to radio-telegrams delivered on a ship.

Classes of telegrams not admitted in the Radio-telegraphic Service.

8. Certain special classes of telegrams, which are admitted in the international telegraph service, cannot be accepted in the radio-telegraphic service. They are as follows:—

- (a) Telegraphic money orders.

- (b) Telegrams "to follow the addressee."
- (c) Paid service telegrams asking for repetition or information, except as regards transmission over the ordinary telegraph system.
- (d) Urgent telegrams, except as regards transmission over the telegraph system of Administrations which accept such telegrams.
- (e) Telegrams at deferred rates.

Priority of Messages.

9. In the transmission of radio-telegrams priority must be assigned first of all to messages of distress and then according to the order given in Rule 158 of the rules published in Notification No. 6975-137, dated the 16th of September 1909. (Reproduced as Section III of the *Indian Telegraph Guide*), viz.:

- (a) State (or Government) telegrams.
- (b) Service telegrams.
- (c) Private telegrams.

Undelivered Radio-telegrams from ships.

10. When a radio-telegram from a ship at sea cannot be delivered to the addressee on land, the coast-station should be informed by the office of destination. The operator must then compare the address on the original form with that given in the advice of non-delivery and send a correcting service message if any discrepancy appears. In the absence of any discrepancy, the information must be transmitted, if possible, to the ship of origin, if necessary, by way of another coast-station of the same country or of a neighbouring country, or another ship-station. The ship-station operator must, in his turn, compare the address on the notice with that on the form handed in by the sender, and, if possible, correct any error by means of a service advice, transmitted by way of the original coast-station, another coast-station of the same or a neighbouring country, or another ship-station. Should no error be disclosed, the sender should be informed of the non-delivery of his message and the reason assigned for it. A sender desiring to alter or add to an address can only do so by means of a paid service advice.

Undelivered Radio-telegrams addressed to ships.

11. When a radio-telegram reaching a ship at sea cannot be delivered, the office or ship-station of origin must be informed by service advice. In the case of radio-telegrams received through coast-stations this information should be sent, if possible, through the coast-station concerned; but, if circumstances require, it may be sent through another coast-station of the same country, or of a neighbouring country, or through another ship-station.

The sender of a radio-telegram to a ship may indicate the maximum period for which he desires the message to be kept at the coast-station. If the ship does not communicate with the coast-station within that period it will be the duty of the operator at that station to send a service advice to the office of origin accordingly.

If the sender does not specify any period, the office of origin should be informed by service advice on the morning of the 5th day after the despatch of the radio-telegram that it has not been possible to deliver the message to the ship of destination. The sender, who will be informed by the office of origin, may then, if he chooses, request, by means of a paid service advice to the coast-station (the prepayment being at the rate for a message to the coast-station, without payment of the wireless rate either for the coast-station or for the ship) that the radio-telegram may be retained for a further period of 9 days, and so on. If no such request is received, the radio-telegram should be treated as undeliverable at the end of the 9th day, not including the day of handing in.

However, if the coast-station knows that the ship has passed beyond its range of transmission before the radio-telegram could be transmitted to it, the office of origin should be informed accordingly by service advice without delay. The sender may, by paid service advice, request the coast-station to transmit the radio-telegram when the ship next passes.

Distress Signal.

12. As soon as a station perceives the distress signal, it must suspend all correspondence and must not resume work until it has made sure that the communication consequent on the call for assistance has been completed.

Procedure when signals become doubtful.

13. When signals become doubtful, it is important that recourse should be had to all possible means for effecting transmission. For this purpose, the radio-telegram is repeated, at the request of the receiving station, but not more than three times. If in spite of this triple transmission, the signals are still unreadable the radio-telegram is cancelled. If an acknowledgment of receipt is not received, the transmitting station again calls the receiving station.

If no reply is made after three calls, transmission is not continued. In such case, the sending station shall have the right to obtain the acknowledgment of receipt through the medium of another radio-telegraph station, using, when necessary, the lines of the telegraph system. If the receiving station, in spite of defective reception, thinks that the radio-telegram may be delivered, it inserts the Service Instruction "Reception doubtful" at the end of the preamble and sends on the radio-telegram. If the ship-station later on transmits the radio-telegram to another coast station of the same administration, the charges for a single transmission only can be claimed.

Message forms to be preserved.

14. The originals of radio-telegrams and the documents relating to them are kept for seven days only in Government telegraph offices, after which they are sent to the Assistant Accountant-General, Telegraph Check Office, Calcutta, where they are preserved for at least fifteen months, reckoned from the month following that of handing in.

Refunds.

15. Refunds will be governed by Rules 348 to 358 of the rules published in Notification No. 6975-137, dated the 16th September 1909, subject to the reservations given in Rule 6 of these rules.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 28th November 1913.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 973.—The following extract is published for general information :—

" London Gazette, " dated the 4th November 1913, page 7684.

India Office,

November 4th, 1913.

The KING has approved of the retirement of the undermentioned Officers of * * and Indian Army Departments :—

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Arthur Gale. Dated 24th October 1913.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 974.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Percy Clare Elliott-Lockhart, D.S.O., Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's),—23rd November 1913.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 975.—The following promotion is made subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

George Yeates Cobb Hunter,—17th November 1913.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 976.—2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Jemadar, Raje! Khán to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar, and

No. 163, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Krishna Hari to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar ;

vice 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar, Shaikh Husánu-d-din retired ; with effect from the 1st November 1913.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

Supply and Transport Corps.

No. 977.—The following promotion is made in the Reserve of the Supply and Transport Corps :—

To be Ressaidar.

Jemadar Ahmad Khan of the Hazara District.

ARMY REMOUNT DEPARTMENT.

No. 978. The following promotion is made :—

Jemadar Murad Ali Khan to be Ressaidar, 3rd class, with effect from the 1st November 1913.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS, AND DISCHARGES.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Madras Establishment.

No. 979.—No. 1231, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon A. Jagannatha Pillai is removed from the service with effect from the 15th June 1913.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 980.—No. 358, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Laxmansingh Dalchandsing Chowhan is removed from the service with effect from the 9th August 1913.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 981.—Lieutenant-Colonel William George Hatherell has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 22nd October 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS, AND RESIGNATIONS.

Southern Provinces Mounted Rifles.

No. 982.—Major Llewellyn Eddison Buckley to be Lieutenant-Colonel, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st November 1913.

Captain Bernard Edward Malcolm to be Major, *vice* L. E. Buckley, promoted. Dated the 1st November 1913.

Captain William Watkin Phillips to be Major, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st November 1913.

Captain Archibald Young Gibbs Campbell, C.I.E., to be Major, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st November 1913.

Lieutenant Reginald Holland Law Lushington to be Captain, *vice* B. E. Malcolm, promoted. Dated the 1st November 1913.

Lieutenant David Thomas Chadwick to be Captain, *vice* W. W. Phillips, promoted. Dated the 1st November 1913.

Second Lieutenant Francis Loftus Cowley Brown to be Lieutenant, *vice* R. H. L. Lushington, promoted. Dated the 1st November 1913.

Second Lieutenant Edward Fairless Barber to be Lieutenant, *vice* D. T. Chadwick, promoted. Dated the 1st November 1913.

Edward Oakes King to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st November 1913.

Archibald Henry Morin to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st November 1913.

Colin Warner Lacey to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st November 1913.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

No. 983.—John Smith McCann to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 20th October 1913.

Harold Agnew to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 20th October 1913.

Nagpur Volunteer Rifles.

No. 984.—Lieutenant Meredith Fitzwalter Wren to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st October 1913.

Bangalore Rifle Volunteers.

No. 985.—Richard Allan Gray to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 31st October 1913.

Nidgiri Volunteer Rifles.

No. 986.—Captain James Cochrane Bain resigns his commission. Dated the 18th October 1913.

East Coast Volunteer Rifles.

No. 987.—James Ironside Smith to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 31st October 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 28th November 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 90.—The services of Engineer G. N. Rowe, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, for employment with the River Police, for a period of three years; with effect from 6th November 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.**(RAILWAY BOARD.)****NOTIFICATIONS.***Simla, the 22nd November 1913.*

No. 345.—The combined leave for 6 months, *viz.*, privilege leave for 3 months and special leave for 3 months, granted to Mr. C. Pratt, Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 1, with effect from the 22nd March 1912, in Railway Board's Notification No. 79, dated the 19th June 1912, is commuted under Article 232, Civil Service Regulations, into privilege leave for 6 weeks and special leave for the remaining period.

The 25th of November 1913.

No. 346.—The following is published for general information :—

No. 457-R.P.**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.****RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.****(RAILWAY BOARD.)***Simla, the 14th November 1913.*

Terms on which the Government of India are prepared to consider offers for the construction by the Agency of private companies of branch lines forming feeders either to State lines worked by the State or to railways worked by companies.

RESOLUTION.—In supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the following information is published detailing the conditions on which the Government of India will be prepared to receive applications for the grant of financial assistance to companies formed to provide capital for the construction of such branch railways as Government may be prepared to entrust to companies. The terms offered have been made considerably more liberal in several respects.

2. No concession can be granted for the construction of a branch line until the line has been surveyed and detailed estimates of its cost and an adequate report on its traffic prospects have been prepared by an agency approved by the Government of India. When promoters are desirous that such a survey should be made an application should be submitted to the Railway Board in the form prescribed in memorandum B, attached.

3. The conditions on which concessions for the construction of branch lines will be granted are as follows :—

- (i) The prospectus of the company to be formed for the purpose of providing capital for the line must be submitted to, and approved by, the Government of India before issue. The capital of the company must be expressed in rupees, and subscription must be invited only in India. The amount of capital to be raised will be subject to the approval of the Government of India and the construction of the line will not be begun until the Government of India are satisfied that capital sufficient to meet the estimated expenditure has been subscribed.
- (ii) The railway shall be built according to plans and estimates approved by the Government of India, and must conform to the fixed and moving dimensions for the time being prescribed. The gauge of the line, the route followed, the situation of stations, and details of a similar character shall be subject to the approval of the Government.
- (iii) All land in British Territory which is, in the opinion of the Government of India required for the construction of the line, will be provided free of charge, including land permanently or temporarily required for quarrying ballast, for brickfields, and similar purposes.
- (iv) The results of existing surveys will be made available to persons applying for concessions under these rules. In cases where this is considered advisable by the Railway Board, fresh surveys will be made at the request of promoters inquiring into the probable prospects of any projected line on the understanding that no preferential claim to a concession for the construction of the line is thereby established. If permission be eventually given for the construction of

any line, the cost of all surveys, whether special surveys or surveys previously made at the cost of or with the approval of Government, shall be included in the capital cost of the railway. The Government of India expressly disclaim all responsibility for the accuracy of any survey, plan, estimate, or other information supplied by them.

- (v) Electric telegraphs and telegraphic appliances will be supplied and maintained by the Government of India at the charges and on the conditions in force for the time being for similar services on State railways.
- (vi) Railway materials for the construction of the branch line will be carried over railways owned and worked by the State at the special rates charged for similar materials belonging to State railways.
- (vii) The Government of India will grant financial assistance to approved companies either in the shape of a guarantee of interest, or of a rebate to the branch line company from the net earnings of the main line from traffic interchanged with the branch. Assistance in the latter form can only be promised where the main line is worked by the State: but the Government of India will, in other cases, endeavour to arrange on behalf of the branch line company a similar agreement with the company working the parent line. A rebate and a guarantee of interest cannot be granted simultaneously in respect of the same branch line. In cases where the entire capital is raised by the issue of shares the following terms will apply:—

(a) *Guarantee of interest.*—The Government of India will be prepared to guarantee from the close of the period during which interest is payable out of capital interest at the rate of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum on the approved paid-up share capital of the company to the end of the financial year in respect of which the dividend is declared, subject to the condition that all surplus profits which may be earned by the company after paying interest on the paid-up share capital at the rate of 5 per cent. shall be equally divided between the Government and the company. This guarantee, where given, will remain in force until the line is purchased by the Government. Any sums payable by the Government under the guarantee shall be payable in rupees.

(b) *Rebate.*—When the branch line connects with a railway owned and worked by the State, the Government of India will be prepared to allow the company in respect of and at the end of each financial year by way of rebate, such a sum, not exceeding in any year the net earnings (exclusive of earnings derived from the carriage of revenue stores) from traffic interchanged between such State railway and the branch line as shall, together with the net earnings of the branch line, make up an amount equal to interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum on the approved paid-up share capital of the company. This undertaking will be subject to the proviso that, when the net earnings of the Company, without the assistance of a rebate, suffice to pay interest at a rate exceeding 5 per cent. on the paid-up share capital, the surplus shall be divided equally between the Government and the company. The payment of rebate shall commence at the close of the period during which interest is payable from capital. Payments on account will, subject to subsequent adjustment, be permissible at the end of each half-year. For the purpose of calculating the rebate, the net earnings of the main line from traffic interchanged with the branch will be assumed to bear the same proportion to the gross earnings of the main line from such traffic as the net earning of the whole main line system, including the branch, bear to the gross earnings of the whole system.

- (viii) (a) If, in the case of a concession granted under either of the conditions of the foregoing paragraph, it be intended by the branch line company to construct and work the branch line itself, the amount to be spent each year on working expenses will be subject to the approval and sanction of the Government of India.
- (b) In such cases the Government of India may from time to time appoint any one person to be a Director of the branch line company who shall be *ex-officio* a member of all committees appointed by the Board of Directors of the company or by the company in relation to the undertaking or any other matter connected therewith, and shall have power to exercise at his discretion an absolute veto in all proceedings of the Board of Directors and shall not be removable except by the Government of India and may act by a Deputy appointed by the Government of India.
- (c) If a branch line company, which has been granted financial assistance under clause vii (a) above and permitted to work the railway by its own agency, be guilty of any breach of contract or of gross mismanagement, or if the working expenses of the railway exceed the gross earnings for six consecutive half-years, the Government of India may at any time, after giving six months' notice assume the working of the railway by State or any other agency. If the

working of the line is so assumed, the terms of working will be fixed by Government.

- (ix) Where the main line is a railway owned and worked by the State, the main line administration will, if it is so desired, work the branch line for a percentage of the gross earnings of the branch. When the branch and main line are of the same gauge this percentage will usually be that obtaining on the whole system, including the branch, from time to time, but will not in any case exceed 50 per cent. of the gross earnings of the branch from all sources, and will include all charges on account of the use of the main line rolling stock subject to the condition that the company shall, if and when required to do so during the continuance of the working contract, bear the capital portion of the cost as stated by Government of strengthening the permanent-way and bridges of the branch line to enable the rolling stock for the time being of the working railway to be used on it without restriction. Where the gauges are not the same, special working terms will be fixed in each case. When the main line is not worked by State agency, the Government of India, if desired to do so by the branch line company, will endeavour to negotiate similar terms for working with the main line administration.
- (x) No capital expenditure by the branch line company shall be recognised, as between the Government of India and the company, unless the prior sanction of the Government of India to that expenditure has been obtained. The company shall have no power to increase its share or stock capital without the sanction of the Government of India or the Secretary of State, or to borrow money, otherwise than for purely temporary purposes, except on conditions to be specified by these authorities.
- (xi) Any unexpended capital which the company may have shall be invested or deposited at interest in a manner to be approved by the Government of India and in the name of the company, not in that of the Managing Agents, and the return therefrom shall be treated as net earnings of the railway.
- (xii) The branch line company, if so required, shall keep accounts in forms approved by the Government of India, and they shall supply, free of charge, all accounts required by the Government. The accounts will be subject to audit by officers appointed by the Government.
- (xiii) Funds for the execution of new works chargeable to capital, which may be found to be necessary for the safety, economy, or efficiency of working after the branch railway has been open to public traffic, shall be provided by the branch line company. Such works, and their cost shall, when the branch railway is worked by the main line administration, be agreed upon between the branch line company and the main line administration before they are undertaken; in the event of any difference of opinion as to the necessity for, or the cost of, any such work, the matter shall be referred to the Railway Board, whose decision shall be final.
- In the event of the branch line company failing to provide, after six months' notice, any additional capital for work required under this condition or conditions (ii) and (ix) above, the Government of India shall be at liberty to supply the necessary funds, and to carry out the work, and shall be entitled to receive from the sums payable to the branch line company, by way of net earnings or rebate, interest at 5 per cent. (or any lower rate that it may, in special cases agree to accept) on funds so applied.
- (xiv) Subject to the law for the time being in force, payment out of capital will be sanctioned, during a period which may extend to the close of the half-year in which the railway shall have been opened throughout for public traffic, of such sums as, with the interim net earnings, shall be required to pay interest at a rate to be agreed upon on the paid-up capital of the company.
- (xv) Such expenses on account of administration of the branch line company as the Government of India may sanction may be charged during construction to the capital account of the company, and with effect from the date on which the line is opened for traffic throughout will be charged as follows:—
- (a) if the branch line company works its own line, as part of the working expenses of the line;
 - (b) if the company's line is worked by the main line administration,
 - (1) when the net earnings do not suffice to pay interest at 5 per cent. (or suffice to pay only 5 per cent.) on the paid-up share capital of the company, as part of the working expenses to be met out of the stipulated percentage of the earnings of the branch taken by the working agency;
 - (2) when the net earnings exceed 5 per cent. on the paid-up share capital of the company, as a first charge on surplus profits before division; provided that, if the surplus profits are insufficient to meet the administration

charges, the balance will be paid by the working agency out of the stipulated percentage of the earnings of the branch taken by it.

- (xvi) The rates and arrangements in force on State railways as regards services rendered to other departments of State shall apply to the branch line. The branch line company shall also be liable when called on to provide, at such stations as may be ordered by Government, buildings for post office and quarters for post office staff at a charge not exceeding $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum on the capital cost of the said buildings and quarters.
- (xvii) The Government of India reserve the right to fix and vary from time to time the classification of goods for tariff purposes, and the maximum and minimum rates for each class of goods and for passengers. They also reserve a general right of control in respect of the number and timing of trains.
- (xviii) During the first year after opening of the branch line, or part thereof, the expenditure incurred on the maintenance of the line may be charged to capital.
- (xix) Notwithstanding anything in the preceding clauses, expenditure due to extraordinary accidents and casualties, or to defects and their consequence in the construction of the line or in any part thereof, shall be met by the branch line company, in addition to the percentage of earnings payable to the main line as working expenses, and shall be charged against the branch line net earnings, or against capital, according to circumstances, in accordance with the general usage on Indian railways.
- (xx) All agreements for lines constructed under these terms shall include a special purchase clause permitting the Government of India to purchase the lines at any time, after giving one year's notice, in the following cases :
 - (1) When the Government of India consider it desirable that the gauge of the branch line should be altered.
 - (2) When it is desired to convert the branch line into a line of through communication.
 - (3) When the Government of India desire to extend the branch line (without altering the gauge or making the line part of a through route), and the branch line company is unable or unwilling to supply the necessary capital for such extension.

In the event of a line being purchased under this clause, the price payable shall be 25 times the average net earnings (excluding payments on account of guarantee or rebate) during the three years preceding the purchase, or 115 per cent. of the capital expenditure on the line, whichever may be the greater. All payments shall be made on a rupee basis.

- (xxi) The agreements shall also include an ordinary purchase clause permitting the Government of India to purchase the lines at the expiry of 30 years from the date on which the railway was declared open for traffic or at subsequent intervals of 10 years, subject to the condition that at least one year's previous notice of the intention to purchase has been given. The price payable on purchase under this clause shall be 25 times the average net annual earnings (excluding payments on account of guarantee or rebate) during the three years preceding the purchase, subject to a maximum of 120 per cent. and a minimum of 100 per cent. of the capital expenditure on the line at the time of purchase. All payments shall be made on a rupee basis.

4. Applications for concessions under these orders should be submitted in the forms prescribed by Memorandum A attached to this Resolution. Copies of the forms may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Railway Board. Requests from promoters for information as regards existing surveys, or for new surveys—*vide* paragraph 3 (iv)—should be addressed to the Secretary to the Railway Board. Applications for new surveys should contain the information required by Memorandum B hereto attached.

The Secretary to the Government of Madras, Public Works Department, Railways.

The Secretaries to the Governments of Bombay, Bengal, Burma, the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, the Punjab, and Bihar and Orissa, Public Works Department.

The Honourable the Resident at Hyderabad.

The Honourable the Resident in Mysore and Chief Commissioner, Coorg.

The Honourable the Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces and Assam.

The Honourable the Agents to the Governor General for Rajputana, Central India and Baluchistan.

The Honourable the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province.

The Assistant General, Railways.

The Bombay, Bengal, Bengal National, Upper India, Punjab, Karachi, Madras, Burma, Chittagong, Southern India, and Indian Chambers of Commerce and the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau.

ORDER.—Ordered that this Re-

solution be forwarded for informa-

tion to the Local Governments

and Administrations, to the officers

and to the Chambers of Commerce

noted in the margin.

Ordered also that the Resolution be published for general information in the *Gazette of India*.

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary to the Railway Board.

Documents accompanying.

Enclosure No. I. Memorandum A for the guidance of persons or syndicates desirous of submitting proposals for the construction of branch or feeder railways, with form A and Appendix A.

Enclosure No. II.—Memorandum B, for the guidance of persons or syndicates desirous of having surveys made for branch or feeder lines of railway by the Railway Board.

Enclosure No. 1 (with Form A and Appendix A) to Government of India Resolution No. 457 R. P. of 1913.

MEMORANDUM A.

For the guidance of persons or syndicates desirous of submitting proposals for the construction of branch railways in India forming feeders either to State lines worked by State or to railways worked by companies.

1. All applications for leave to construct a branch or feeder railway in any part of British India are to be addressed to the Secretary to the Railway Board.
2. All such applications shall be printed, and shall be drawn up, as far as may be in Form A attached hereto, and shall specify—
 - (a) the company, person, or syndicate by whom the application is preferred; the proposed amount of capital, the number of shares and the amount of each share;
 - (b) all the termini, together with the names of all the principal towns from, through, into, or near which the railway is intended to be constructed, as well as the names of each civil division and district to be traversed by the proposed alignment;
 - (c) the length, so far as known, of the proposed railway;
 - (d) the gauge, the weight of rails, etc.;
 - (e) motive power to be employed;
 - (f) the maximum tolls, rates, and fares proposed to be charged on the projected railway;
 - (g) the proposals for working the railway when constructed; and if any agreement is under contemplation, or has been provisionally arranged with any existing Railway Administration under which the proposed line, when constructed, is to be leased out for working by such Railway Administration, the exact nature and terms of such agreement;
 - (h) the charges proposed by the applicants for floating the branch company;
 - (i) the charges proposed on account of the general administration of the branch company's affairs;
 - (j) any further information that may be required to enable Government to thoroughly understand the scope of the proposal.
3. Every such application shall be accompanied by a map to a scale of one mile to one inch, with the line of the proposed railway delineated thereon, so as to show its general course and direction, and also by an estimate as correct as may be of the works proposed to be authorised.
4. When the applicants draw up their own detailed plans and estimates, these documents are invariably to be prepared in strict accordance with the Rules for the preparation of railway projects issued under the authority of the Government of India, of which copies may be obtained on payment from the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta.
5. If Government are prepared to entertain an application put forward in respect of a line that has already been surveyed, permission will be accorded on application to the Secretary to the Railway Board to inspect, at all reasonable hours, the detailed plans, sections, and estimates

at the disposal of Government ; and copies of such plans, sections and estimates will be furnished on payment of the cost of copying.

6. But in regard to all such information, statistics, plans, sections, or estimates, which may be furnished, it is to be recognised that the information thus offered to any person interested in the matter, is simply the best information of the kind at the disposal of Government, and that Government cannot accept any responsibility whatever in regard to the accuracy of any of the documents.

Form A.

To accompany all applications for leave to construct a branch or feeder railway in any part of British India.

	Nature of particulars to be specified.	Particulars.
1	The name of the company, person or persons by whom the application is preferred ; the proposed amount of capital, the number of shares, and the amount of each share.	
2	The termini, together with the names of all the principal towns from, in, through, or into, or near which the railway is intended to be constructed.	
3	The length, as far as known, of the proposed railway.	
4	The gauge proposed and weight of rails, etc.	
5	The motive power to be employed.	
6	The maximum tolls, rates, and fares intended to be charged on the proposed railway.	<i>Reference to an Appendix (vide Appendix A) may be here given if necessary.</i>
7	Details of any agreement which may have been provisionally arranged, or which it is desired to enter into, under which the proposed line, when constructed, is to be leased out for working to any existing Railway Administration.	
8	The charges proposed by the applicants for floating the branch company.	
9	The charges proposed on account of the general administration of the branch company's affairs.	
10	Any further information that may be required to enable the Government of India to thoroughly understand the scope of the proposals.	

Appendix A.

Schedule of maximum and minimum rates and fares intended to be charged on the proposed branch railway.

				Maximum. Pies per mile	Minimum. Pies per mile.
Passenger fares—					
1st class	...	...	...	...	...
2nd class	...	...	...	...	...
Intermediate class	...	...	...	...	...
3rd or lowest class	...	...	...	...	...
				Maximum. Pies per mile.	Minimum. Pies per mile.
Carriages—					
Single carriage	...	...	...	...	...
				Maximum. Pies per truck.	Minimum. Pies per truck.
Two or more carriages on one truck	...	...	...	...	...
				Maximum. Pies per mile.	Minimum. Pies per mile.
Horses—					
Single horse	...	...	...	...	...
				Maximum, Pies per 50 miles or portion thereof.	Minimum, Pies per 50 miles or portion thereof.
Dogs—					
Each	...	...	...	...	...
Parcels and luggage—					
If it is proposed to adopt the rates approved by the Indian Railway Conference Association, it will be sufficient to state this fact ; otherwise the rates proposed should be stated.					
				Maximum. Pies per maund per mile.	Minimum. Pies per maund per mile.
Goods rates—					
5th class	...	...	...	...	...
4th „	...	...	...	...	...
3rd „	...	...	...	...	...
2nd „	...	...	...	...	...
1st „	...	...	...	...	...
Special class	...	...	...	...	...
X class (Explosives, including dangerous goods)	...	...	...	...	...

Enclosure No. II to Government of India Resolution No. 457-R. P. of 1913.

MEMORANDUM B.

Information to be supplied by persons or syndicates desirous of having surveys for branch or feeder lines of railway in India carried out at the cost of Government.

1. All such applications shall specify—

(a) the company, person, or syndicate by whom the application is preferred;

- (b) all the termini, together with the names of all the principal towns from, through, into, or near which the survey is intended to be carried as well as the names of each civil division and district to be traversed by the proposed alignment ;
- (c) the length, so far as known, of the proposed railway ;
- (d) the gauge and the motive power to be employed ;
- (e) the intentions of the applicants as to the construction and working of the railway. If it is intended that the working shall be leased to any existing Railway Administration, the nature of the contemplated agreement shall be specified.

2. Every such application shall be accompanied by a map to a scale of one mile to one inch, with the line of the proposed survey delineated thereon, so as to show the general course and direction.

Dated the 25th November 1913.

No. 347.—Mr. J. L. Heap, Officiating Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 1, Calcutta, is, on the return of Mr. C. Pratt from leave, appointed Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 5, Bombay.

No. 348.—With reference to Notification No. 347, dated 25th November 1913, Major W. K. Russell, R. E., Officiating Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 5, reverts to his substantive appointment of Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 5, and Superintendent, Local Manufactures, Bombay, on relief by Mr. Heap.

The 26th November 1913.

No. 349.—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and in continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department, No. 246, dated the 26th August 1913, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the Administration of the North Western Railway shall be liable to pay, in aid of the funds of the local authority set out in the Schedule hereto annexed, the tax specified in the second column thereof.

SCHEDULE.

Local authority.	Tax.
1	2
Kotri Municipality	House-tax.

No. 350.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, in respect of section 25 (i) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the Railway Board hereby delegate to the Senior Government Inspectors of Railways, Circles Nos. 1—7, the power under section 16 (1) of the said Act in the matter of sanctioning the use of locomotive engines and rolling stock to be drawn or propelled thereby on new lines of railway, within their respective circles, subject to the condition that the said officers shall in the exercise of the said power, act in accordance with the general rules or orders on the subject passed from time to time by the Government of India.

No. 351.—Mr. Krishna Behari Lal Mathur, Qualified Student of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineering Establishment of State Railways, as an Assistant Engineer, with effect from the 30th September 1913, and is posted to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

T. RYAN,
Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 27th November 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 22nd November 1913 is published for general information. —

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern	Bombay City	2	2
		Rawa Kantha Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bulsar Port	1	1
		Surat Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	12	6
		Surat Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bhiwadi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Malad " . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana " . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan "	1	1
		Thana District	4	3
	Central	Ahmednagar District	3	1
		West Khandesh	28	24
		East Khandesh District	18	5
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	97	24
		Poona District	34	26
		Satara "	340	278
		Sholapur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sholapur District	2	2
		Panvel Port	6	2
	Southern	Kolaba District	9	9
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Belgaum "	83	60
		Dharwar District	289	196
		Hubli Town	30	29
		Bijapur "	237	171
		Bijapur Agency	4	3

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	17	16
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges	Baroda State	4	2
		Cutch „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	223	175
		TOTAL	1,428	1,086
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	1	1
		North Arcot „	65 (a)	46 (a)
		Bellary Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	21	18
		Mangalore Town and Port	1	1
		Chittoor District	2 (b)	1 (a)
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore District	114 (d)	79 (c)
		The Nilgiris „	6	6
		Salem District	1 (a)	2 (a)
		Negapatam Town	1	1
		TOTAL	212	155

(a) One imported. (b) Two imported. (c) Six imported. (d) Seven imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Presi- dency	24 Parganahs . . . . .	...	...
		Calcutta	1	1
	Dacca	Dacca Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Pabna District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		1	1
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	37	26
		Gaya Town . . . . .	...	...
		Gaya District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahabad District	23	37
	Tirhut	Saran District	108	98
		Champaran District . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarpur District	17	14
		Darbhanga	5	1

The following corrections should be made in the returns for the week ending 15th November 1913.
 Champaran district read 2 cases 2 deaths for nil.
 Muzaffarpur " " 9 " 10 " " "

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	66	47
		Purnea .. . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur Town	2	2
		Bhagalpur District	4	4
		Sonhal Parganas District . . . . .	...	...
	Chota-Nag- pur	Hazaribagh District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	322	229
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Shaharanpur District	5	4
		Muzaffarnagar District	4	2
		Meerut District	14	7
		Bulandshahr District	16	3
	Agra	Muttra District . . . . .	...	...
		Etah .. . . .	...	...
	Rohil- khand	Bijnor District . . . . .	...	...
		Moradabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Allahabad	Farrukhabad District	10	9
		Etawah District . . . . .	...	...
		Fatehpur	1	1
		Allahabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad District	13	12
	Jhansi	Jalaun District	3	2
		Banda	3	3
	Benares	Mirzapur City . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur District	2	2
		Jaunpur	9	10
		Ghazipur	98	98
		Ballia	410	365

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	210	122
		Basti „	26	17
		Azamgarh „	152	125
	Kumaun	Naini Tal „	8	5
	Lucknow	Lucknow District	1	1
		Unao „	64	50
		Bac Bareilly „	24	16
		Sitapur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi „	1	1
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Fyzabad District	1	5
		Gonda „ . . . . .	...	...
		Bahrnich „	5	5
		Partabgarh „	2	2
		Bara Banki „	29	25
	TOTAL		1,111	892
PUNJAB	Ambala	Hissar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurgaon „	10	12
		Rohtak „	6	6
		Karnal „	6	6
		Ambala „	1	1
	Jullundur	Kangra District . . . . .	...	...
		Hoshiarpur District	8	8
		Jullundur „	5	2
		Ludhiana „	2	1

In the return for the week ending 15th November 1913 against the Kangra district read 3 deaths for 1 death.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur District	4	4
		Sialkot	2	1
		Gujranwala	18	16
	Rawal- pindi	Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhelum	1	1
		Rawalpindi	27	14
		Attock .. . . .	...	...
	Multan	Jhang District	1	...
		Sind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	22	9
	TOTAL		113	81
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	6	6
		Insein District	1	1
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy .. . . .	...	...
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome	4	2
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	4	4
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Henzada	5	5
		Myaungmya .. . . .	...	1
		Maubin	1	1
	Tenas- serim	Amherst District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	14	12
		Katha District	10	10

1 Following corrections should be made in the return for the week ending 18th October 1913.—

Prome district read 5 deaths for nil.

Myaungmya district read 2 deaths for nil.

Maubin 1 death

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Meiktila	Meiktila District . . . . .	...	...
		Yamethin „	2	2
		TOTAL	47	41
MYSORE STATE		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	35	25
		Bangalore City . . . . .	...	...
		Bangalore District	7	7
		Mysore City	1	..
		Mysore District	48	38
		Hassan „	6	6
		Kadur „	12	8
		Kolar „	13	6
		Kolar Gold Fields	4	4
		Tumkur District	5	4
		Shimoga „	20	12
		Chitaldroog „ . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	151	110
HYDERABAD STATE		Raichur District	1,185	933
		Bidar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani „ . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs . . . . .	...	...
		Bir District . . . . .	...	...
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	1,185 (a)	933 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Bhopal State	8	8
		TOTAL	8 (b)	8 (b)

(a) From the 10th to the 16th November 1913.
(b) For the two weeks ending 15th November 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MER- WARA		Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State	2	2
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town " . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh " . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar " . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	9	1
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	11	1
N.-W.-F. PROVINCE		Peshawar District	1	...
		Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	1	...
		GRAND TOTAL	4,590	3,55

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 27th November 1913, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. No rainfall of importance occurred except in south Madras. A few falls were reported from Burma, Assam and Bengal, and one or two thunderstorms occurred in the Bombay Deccan and the Central Provinces.

2. *Burma*.—Only a few scattered falls of rain occurred.

North-east India, including Orissa.—There were a few falls of rain, chiefly in Assam and south-east Bengal.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Seoni had a light shower on the 22nd.

North-west India.—Weather was dry.

The Peninsula.—Fairly general rain occurred in south Madras on the 21st, 25th and 26th. Showers were also reported from Bijapur, Belgaum, Gulbarga and Waltair.

3. The chief daily amounts were as follows :—

November 20th. Waltair 1·54", Negapatam 1·55" and Belgaum 0·80".

„ 21st. Cox's Bazar 3·57", Calicut 0·97", Cochin 1·95" and Ootacamund 0·99".

„ 23rd. Bhaino 1·48".

„ 25th. Madura 1·00", Negapatam 1·48" and Cuddalore 1·13".

„ 26th. Pamban 1·48" and Negapatam 1·60".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent. or more in excess in Upper Burma, Assam, the Bombay Deccan and Malabar. It was within 20 per cent. of the normal in the Bay Islands, Bengal and Madras south-east; and was 20 per cent. or more in defect in all the remaining divisions, except the following where the absence of rainfall is a normal feature at this time of year :—Bihar, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat and the Konkan.

The seasonal rainfall from the 2nd May to date is 20 per cent. or more in excess in Bengal, Bihar, the Punjab south-west, Sind, Gujarat and Madras south-east. It is 20 per cent. or more in defect in the United Provinces, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Central India east, the Central Provinces west, Hyderabad south, Mysore and the Madras Deccan, and differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent. elsewhere.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 27TH NOVEMBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 2ND MAY 1913 TO 27TH NOVEMBER 1913.			SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	2.0	1.8	+0.2	86.9	104.5	-17.6	- 17	- 17
Lower Burma	0.1	0.5	-0.4	153.8	141.1	+12.7	+ 9	+ 9
Upper Burma	0.3	0.2	+0.1	41.7	41.3	+ 3.4	+ 8	+ 8
Assam	0.4	0.2	+0.2	77.9	76.6	+ 1.3	+ 2	+ 1
Bengal	0.1	0.1	0	88.5	69.4	+19.1	+ 28	+ 28
Orissa	0	0.2	-0.2	65.2	58.6	+ 6.6	+ 11	+ 12
Chota Nagpur	0	0.1	-0.1	58.4	49.3	+ 9.1	+ 18	+ 19
Bihar	0	0	0	63.6	49.7	+13.9	+ 28	+ 28
United Provinces, East	0	0	0	31.2	39.4	- 8.2	- 2	- 21
United Provinces, West	0	0	0	20.5	38.7	-18.2	- 47	- 47
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	21.4	21.2	+ 0.2	+ 1	+ 1
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	11.1	7.8	+ 3.3	+ 42	+ 42
Kashmir	0	0.1	-0.1	5.7	8.9	- 3.2	- 36	- 35
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0.1	- 0.1	3.9	5.8	- 1.9	- 33	- 32
Baluchistan	0	0.1	-0.1	0.7	1.3	- 0.6	- 4	- 42
Sind	0	0	0	11.5	4.8	+ 6.7	+ 14	+ 140
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	5.9	11.3	- 5.4	- 48	- 48
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	17.5	22.5	- 5.0	- 22	- 22
Gujarat	0	0	0	31.2	23.5	+ 7.7	+ 33	+ 33
Central India, West	0	0.1	-0.1	32.5	30.0	+ 2.5	+ 8	+ 9
Central India, East	0	0.1	- 0.1	22.6	41.5	-18.9	- 46	- 45
Berar	0	0.1	-0.1	31.4	31.4	0	0	0
Central Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	36.4	45.5	- 9.1	- 20	- 20
Central Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	42.1	47.7	- 5.6	- 12	- 12
Konkan	0	0	0	83.0	96.4	-10.4	- 11	- 11
Bombay Deccan	0.2	0.1	+0.1	23.2	27.4	- 4.2	- 1	- 16
Hyderabad, North	0	0.1	-0.1	31.0	32.9	- 1.9	- 6	- 5
Hyderabad, South	0	0.1	-0.1	21.4	29.8	- 8.4	- 28	- 28
Mysore	0	0.2	-0.2	20.8	27.6	- 6.8	- 25	- 24
Malabar	1.0	0.6	+0.4	91.3	97.7	- 6.4	- 7	- 7
Madras, South-east	1.7	1.6	+0.1	35.2	29.0	+ 6.2	+ 21	+ 22
Madras Deccan	0	0.4	-0.4	17.5	24.4	- 6.9	- 28	- 27
Madras Coast, North	0.3	0.8	-0.5	34.5	35.3	- 0.8	- 2	- 1

GILBERT T. WALKER.

Director General of Observatories.

Dated 27th November 1913.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
22nd November 1913.

Burma.—During the week the rainfall was normal in Lower and Upper Burma but was somewhat irregularly distributed. Agricultural operations are progressing normally. Standing crops are generally in good condition. Pasturage is sufficient and cattle are healthy but sporadic cases of rinderpest and foot and mouth disease have been reported from a few districts. The price of unhusked rice is slightly above normal.

Assam.—During the week light showers fell in most districts which have proved beneficial to the winter crops. Ploughing for and the sowing of mustard, harvesting of winter rice, pressing sugarcane and the manufacture of tea are in progress. In Sylhet the sowing of spring rice continues. The prospects of tea are good and those of transplanted winter rice fair. The average price of common rice has fallen slightly. Cattle disease is reported from four districts. Fodder is insufficient in Sylhet and Kamrup.

Bengal.—During the week light to moderate rain fell throughout the Province facilitating the ploughing of the land for and the sowing of spring crops. Prospects so far are good. Harvesting of winter rice is proceeding and the outturn is reported to be good. Slight damage has been done by rain to ripe paddy in some places. Cattle disease is reported from six districts. The average price of rice has fallen slightly as compared with that of the previous week. Agricultural loans were issued in Midnapore, Hooghly and Howrah.

Bihar and Orissa.—During the week moderate rain fell in Orissa and Chota Nagpur. There was practically no rain in Bihar except in the Sonthal Perganas. The sowings of spring crops are nearing completion. Harvesting of winter paddy continues in Orissa and Chota Nagpur and has commenced in Bihar. Standing crops are doing well. The recent rainfall has been beneficial to the standing paddy and oil seed crops in Orissa. The price of common rice has fallen as compared with that of the previous week. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in parts of Patna. The condition of cattle is on the whole good. The prospects of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa are good.

United Provinces.—The week was rainless. More rain is urgently needed in all but the south-eastern districts. Standing crops are suffering from drought except in the South-East. White ants and locusts have damaged crops in a few districts. *Kacheha* wells are being sunk with the aid of *takavi* advances. Irrigation and preparation of land for spring crops, for sugarcane and for poppy continue. Sowing of poppy is in progress and that of spring crops is nearing completion. Cattle disease is still reported from some districts of the Provinces. Scarcity of fodder is increasing and water has run short in the Bundelkhand and Fatehpur districts. Prices are high.

Punjab.—During the week the weather was dry except in the west and north-west. Rain is required for unirrigated sowings of spring crops which are generally restricted. Germination is on the whole satisfactory. Picking of cotton and pressing of sugarcane continue throughout the Province and harvesting of other autumn crops has been completed except in the districts north of the Beas. Outturns are generally average to good except in the unirrigated tracts of the south-east where they are below average. The condition of the standing sugarcane and cotton crops is average to good except in some of the south-eastern districts where sugarcane on unirrigated lands is in poor condition. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is getting scarce in the south-east. Prices of wheat are generally close to normal and of other grains a little above normal.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless and the weather cold. The condition of standing crops is average. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress and the outturn is expected to be normal. Pressing of sugarcane has commenced in Peshawar and sowing of spring crops is proceeding. The condition of cattle is good and the fodder and water-supply are generally sufficient. Prices of food grains are high and tending to rise in some cases.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 12 to 22 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of a mild type prevails in the Jammu tahsil. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—No rain fell during the week. Cattle disease is reported in some villages of the Anantnag and Baramula districts. Sowing of spring crops is in progress. The harvesting of autumn crops is finished. Prices are normal. Water and fodder are sufficient.

Rajputana.—No rain fell during the week. The weather was clear and cool. Harvesting of autumn crops has been completed in most places. The estimated outturn is unfavourable in the eastern States of Central Rajputana including Ajmer-Merwara, where sowings of spring crops are also generally restricted and fodder is insufficient. Cattle are generally doing well. The supply of water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally high and rising. Cattle emigration continues in Ajmer-Merwara and Marwar, Jaipur, Kishengarh, Bharatpur and Karauli.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week and the weather was occasionally cloudy and cool. More rain is wanted in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and in the Rampura Bhanpura and Alampur pergunas of Indore. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowings of spring crops are in progress except in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand and the Alampur pergunas of Indore where operations have been stopped for want of rain. Standing crops are bad in parts of Gwalior, and the Alampur pergunas of Indore indifferent in Baghelkhand and fair in Bhopal. Rain is badly needed in Bhopal and the Mehidpur district of Indore. Autumn crops are withering in Bundelkhand. The crops have been damaged for want of rain in the Alampur pergunas of Indore, Bhopal, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. Cattle disease prevails in the northern districts of Gwalior, in the Bhanpura district of Indore, in Nagode and in parts of Rewa. The supply of fodder is bad in parts of Gwalior indifferent in Baghelkhand and scarce in the Alampur pergunas of Indore and parts of Bundelkhand. Prices are rising in the Gwalior division, Bhopal and parts of Bundelkhand, are above normal in Baghelkhand and steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—During the week the weather has been clear and occasionally cloudy and Seoni, Wardha and the districts of Chhatisgarh had a sprinkling of rain not exceeding 58 cents. Spring crops are suffering from want of moisture in many places. Reaping and threshing of autumn crops and picking of cotton continued. The supply of fodder and water is adequate except in parts of four districts. Cattle are faring well. Rice rose by 2½ seers per rupee in Seoni.

Feudatory States.—Raigarh, Sarangarh and Udaipur had light showers. Harvesting of autumn crops was in progress. New rice sells cheaper by 3 seers per rupee in Khairagarh. Wheat, gram and rice fell in Udaipur and rice rose in Jashpur by 2 seers.

Bombay.—During the week slight rain fell in parts of Satara, the Karnatak and Kolhapur. Standing crops have been slightly damaged by rats in Karachi, Thar and Parkar. Ahmedabad, Kaira, Palanpur and Rewa Kantha and by insects in parts of Broach and Poona. They are withering in parts of Ahmednagar, Poona and Sholapur and are in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting and threshing of autumn crops continue. The sowing of spring crops is progressing except in the Konkan and the Karnatak. Cotton picking continues in parts of Sindh, the Deccan, Kathiawar and Baroda. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in part of Poona, Sholapur and Satara. Agricultural stock is sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona and is in good condition except in Sholapur. Drinking water is adequate except in parts of Sholapur and Satara and water for irrigation is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Satara. Prices are high but generally steady. Stocks of grain are sufficient.

Hyderabad.—There was no rain during the week. Harvesting of autumn crops is nearing completion, but picking of cotton continues in most parts. The early rice crop is generally fair to good except in the parts mentioned in last week's report. Sowings of spring crops continue. The plants are being weeded in places and show excellent growth. Fodder scarcity prevails in three, water scarcity in four, and cattle disease in two talukas. There has been no variation in the prices of grains.

Mysore.—There was no rainfall during the week. The price of *ragi* has slightly risen in Bangalore, Tumkur and Hassan and of rice in Kadur. The markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in fair condition but rain is urgently needed. Harvesting continues with outturn poor to fair. The prospects of the season are fair to good. Cattle are generally healthy and water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—No rain fell during the week. Agricultural prospects are good. Picking of cardamoms and coffee continues. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—During the week the rainfall was heavy in Ganjam, good in the Nilgiris, fair in the Vizagapatam littoral, Tanjore and Pudukkottai and light or *nil* elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good but require rain in some places. Harvesting of dry crops and paddy is proceeding with outturn fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally for the most part. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of water is insufficient for irrigation in some places. Fodder is generally sufficient. Prices are stationary.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

**Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.**

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B. As regards the figures in column Total earnings, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE FARE PER MILE PER WORK.	MILES WORKED.	TOTAL EARNINGS FOR		EARNINGS PER MILE FOR		TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1st APRIL TO		Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
			1912	1913	15th November 1912	15th November 1913	1st November 1912	15th November 1913			
			Rs.	Macs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
State and Guaranteed Railways.											
Bombay-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	3.0	2,495	2,661		6,93,678	7,36,000	2,41,80,927	2,44,26,000	2,45,073	...	
Bombay Extension	3.1	21	21		3,914	8,000	2,31,053	2,36,000	2,917	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	6.3	946	946		5,66,780	6,00,000	1,92,42,977	2,03,17,000	10,74,023	...	
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	4.0	1,570	1,578		7,91,504	8,50,000	2,60,80,717	2,62,80,000	19,99,283	...	
East Indian	7.4	2,456	2,520		20,40,000	19,40,000	6,48,13,676	6,25,85,000	...	22,25,076	
Great Indian Peninsula (including Indian Mails)	6.4	2,172	2,537		1,25,000	16,70,000	4,40,00,000	4,71,18,000	21,23,634	...	
Assam-Delhi-Chand	8.0	136	136		47,000	6,50,000	12,32,570	13,10,000	48,430	...	
Assam-Kochi	8.0	40	40		2,000	2,000	1,21,000	1,04,000	...	17,603	
Rajput-Rajni	6.0	57	57		27,800	1,10,000	9,81,672	10,60,000	79,328	...	
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3" gauge lines)	4.0	2,585	2,585		6,80,000	6,80,000	2,20,20,324	2,28,75,000	8,54,676	...	
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	4.0	3,812	4,002		1,77,000	15,00,000	5,80,08,431	5,15,75,000	...	38,23,431	
Odisha and Bilkhand (including Ganjam-Burhwal 8' 3" gauge line)	1.95	1,000	1,000		4,33,139	4,30,000	1,52,76,771	1,48,24,000	...	4,52,771	
Chingai-Panama	...	33	33		800	800	21	27,800	27,800	...	
Hardwar-Delhi	2.67	32	32		9,700	8,000	2,33,956	3,06,000	42,044	...	
Assam-Bengal	1.0	807	805		1,41,913	1,58,000	39,34,711	41,45,000	1,90,289	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	6.3	1,808	1,808		5,80,000	6,00,000	1,80,18,253	1,70,02,000	...	10,56,253	
Burma	2.0	1,345	1,345		6,70,000	6,70,000	3,20,80,355	1,36,08,000	17,16,645	...	
Coimbatore-Hyderabad (British Section)	1.00	124	124		27,000	10,200	8,47,037	8,08,000	22,063	...	
Lucknow Bareilly	1.53	591	591		35,000	30,000	13,57,929	13,72,000	14,071	...	
Mysore (including Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	1.72	411	411		57,500	60,000	22,80,256	22,79,000	40,744	...	
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	2.0	1,893	1,451		5,00,000	4,10,000	1,72,20,737	1,76,18,000	4,15,263	...	
Tamil Nadu	1.07	1,000	1,000		27,000	1,10,000	5,26,901	5,55,000	28,069	...	
Tirhoot	2.42	771	792		1,20,000	2,00,000	57,40,000	57,00,000	...	48,076	
Orissa (Provincial)	7.0	32	30		2,400	2,000	74,972	75,000	28	...	
Total	415	25,516	27,163		61,74,230	71,70,000	3,35,57,201	3,35,57,200	...	...

(a) Opened from 21st April 1913.

[illegible]

**C. F. ANDERSON, Major, R.E.
Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.**

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, at the SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING INDIA, Delhi.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 18th October 1913.

On and after the 29th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. After the 22nd November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 p.m. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 29th November 1913.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The attention of persons, possessing an exclusive privilege under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, is drawn to the provisions of section 81 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, under which requests for the conversion of the exclusive privilege into a patent will NOT be received in the Patent Office after 31st December 1913.

The conversion is optional. If the conversion is desired, the request should be made on Form 25 of the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, which must be accompanied by the order under which the exclusive privilege was obtained and by a fee of Rs. 3.

The Patent Office Journal from July to September 1913 is now published and can be obtained (price As. 8) at the Patent Office. It contains details of patents applied for and sealed, a list of designs registered, and name and subject matter indexes.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

November 17.

- 1309. The International Cigar Machinery Co. *Improvements in machines for making long filler cigars.*
- 1310. F. Harrison & F. L. Harrison. *Improvements in or relating to incandescent electric lamps.*
- 1311. J. H. Woodington & E. H. Coles. *Apparatus for indicating sewage accumulations and stoppages in drains and the like.*
- 1312. The Thomas Transmission Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to the driving of rail and road vehicles.*
- 1313. G. Fuller, L. Fuller & G. J. A. Fuller. *Electrical accumulators or secondary or storage batteries.*
- 1314. V. Petit. *Deep drilling apparatus.*
- 1315. J. H. Moore. *Improvements in earth closets.*
- 1316. The Statax Engine Co. Ltd. *Improvements in engines.*
- 1317. R. H. Field. *A mechanical system of interlocking three lines.*

November 18.

- 1318. K. Bakhsh. *Machine for circumcision.*
- 1319. Minerals Separation Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to ore concentration.*
- 1320. H. W. Perry. *The daily renewable and ever clean domestic filter.*

November 19.

- 1321. M. Curdie. *Screw and screw driver therefor.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

- 1077. E. C. Austin Limited. *Improvements in containers.*
- 1130. A. E. M. Call. *Improvements in acetylene gas lamps.*
- 1162. J. Begg. *Improvements in the method of spreading tea leaf in the fermenting house and in apparatus for that purpose and the like.*

1175. J. M. Mackay. *Ceiling tile.*
 1185. J. A. Hill. *Improvements in machine guns.*
 1202. J. F. Saldanha. *Economic system of electric lighting using storage battery under fifty volts in conjunction with high voltage direct current circuits.*
 1216. Blakoe Wheel Co. Ltd. *Improvements in and connected with the wheels of cycles, motor cars, and other vehicles.*
 1236. F. J. Karten & J. H. Mixer. *Valve seats.*
 1237. J. Repetto. *Improvements in refrigerators.*
 1238. R. P. Pietot. *Improvements in and relating to the manufacture of hydrogen and hydrogen mixtures.*
 1239. R. P. Pietot. *Process and apparatus for the separation of gaseous mixtures into their constituents.*
 1240. R. P. Link. *Improved refreshment fountain or like liquid measuring and delivering machine.*
 1241. A. S. Goldie. *Improvements in and connected with furnaces and the like.*
 1242. W. B. White. *Improvements in loom dobbies.*
 1245. A. D. Wiseman. *Tongueless buckle for hobble straps and other leather goods.*
 1250. P. Baxter. *Improved means for converting petroleum or heavy hydro-carbon oils into gaseous fuel for internal combustion engines.*
 1252. Chemische Fabrik Griesheim-Elektron. *Process for producing ice-colours on cotton yarn, cops, cross-reels and loose cotton.*
 1253. Norsk Hydro-Elektrisk Kvaestofaktieselskab. *Process for concentrating dilute nitric acid.*
 1254. W. Webster. *Improvements in means for distributing water in a diffused state.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

740. J. Charanji Lal. *Hinged wooden sole boots and shoes.*
 756. E. L. Joseph & Ozonair, Ltd. *Improved drying apparatus for rubber and the like.*
 990. Shah Din. *Sugarcane mill.*
 1087. B. N. Banerjee. *Screw cane.*
 1093. Hamidulla. *A lock.*
 1157. G. Durrant. *Apparatus for guiding cloth into stentering machines, mangles or the like.*
 1158. A. R. de Vains & J. F. T. Peterson. *Improvements in processes and apparatus for bleaching lingo-cellulose and pecto-cellulose.*
 1159. L. Greenberg & G. Olson. *An improved air circulating device.*
 1164. Thomas Transmission Ltd. *Improvements in and connected with the suspension of rail car bodies and the like.*
 1165. H. A. Stenning. *Improvements in and relating to controlling devices suitable for the cylinders of locomotives.*
 1166. J. Levick, Jr. *Improvements in luggage racks.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| 256. Ranson. | 1068. Angus. |
| 494. Erste Ungarische Schallplatten
fabrick A. D. | 1069. Suisted. |
| 787. Siemens Bros. & Co. Ltd. | 1070. Viesi. |
| 844. Mandal. | 1072. Webb. |
| 925. Ross. | 1073. Hayward and Sanderson. |
| 1001. McRae. | 1074. Wegener. |
| 1034. Jackson. | 1076. Nobel's Explosives Co. Ltd. |
| 1066. Keolan. | 1080. Ashworth and Maclean. |

PATENTS SEALED.

716. Ohman.	1014. Snowdon.
867. Kowastch & Baldus.	1038. Heinke & Munzing.
913. Morgan.	1039. Walker.
941. Schmidt's Superheating Co. (1910) Ld.	1040. Hudson.
961. Bayliss & Clark.	1054. Stevens & Hunter.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

509 of 1904. Price. (To 24 November 1914.)
181 of 1905. Stuckle. (To 21 November 1914.)
253 of 1905. Russell. (To 9 December 1914.)
426 of 1907. Westinghouse. (To 8 April 1915.)
182 of 1908. Sheffield & Twinberrow. (To 24 November 1914.)
506 of 1908. Johnson. (To 14 July 1915.)
190 of 1909. Angus. (To 17 November 1914.)
464 of 1909. Schuetz. (To 4 November 1914.)
472 of 1909. Marshall. (To 10 February 1915.)
667 of 1909. Bandfield. (To 20 January 1915.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.**1908.**

450 (Rutnagar). 545 (Watson & Orrs.).

1909.228 (Partridge). 265 (Parker). 297 (Jenkins). 298 (Cook).
306 (Fuller & Ann.).**DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.****November 17th to 22nd.**

Class 13. Nos. 893-94. The Calico Printers' Association, Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. October 16, 1913.

NOTICES.**THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.****Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.**

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs nor their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. Applications for patents in countries other than India should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

ANMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.	DELHI	Office of the Chief Commissioner.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.	HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.	JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BOMBAY	Record Office.	KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byeulla.	LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.	LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.	MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.	"	College of Engineering.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHINSURAH	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA	College of Engineering.
CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.	ROORKEE	Thomason College.
		SOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore.

8. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

	Price	
	R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each 0	2
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
(d) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0	1
Annual subscription with postage	3	0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter Index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904)	2	0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each 1	0
(g) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly)	each 0	8
(h) Patent Office Journal, 1912	1	0
(i) Specifications of Inventions	each 0	8

H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs.

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE CORONATION DURBAR AND OF THE VISIT OF THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING-EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS TO INDIA, 1911-12.

To meet the repeated demands of the public, the Government of India have decided to publish a complete and authoritative account of the proceedings connected with the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India and with the Coronation Durbar of December 1911.

This book will be compiled from the official records, and will contain lists of all persons taking part in the celebrations and ceremonies. There will also be numerous illustrations, portraits, maps, plans, etc.

It will be published in two editions, a popular one in a cloth binding at a cost not exceeding Rs. 7-8, and a very limited edition *de luxe*, which will contain a list of the subscribers, at a cost of about Rs. 250.

A translation of the popular edition will be made in Urdu and possibly in other languages also, if the demand is sufficient.

It is expected that the work will be ready for publication in about six months' time; names are still being registered for the various editions, and application should be made to the Superintendent, Official History of the Durbar, Foreign Department, Simla.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :—

“Specimens of Persian Manuscripts” for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them. The following collections are available for sale :—

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|----------|---------|
| (1) | Collection for 1902-03, | price | Rs 3 | a copy. |
| (2) | “ | “ | 1903-04, | “ |
| (3) | “ | “ | 1904-05, | “ |
| (4) | “ | “ | 1908-09, | “ |
| (5) | “ | “ | 1909-10, | “ |
| (6) | “ | “ | 1910-11, | “ |
| (7) | “ | “ | 1911-12, | “ |

N.B.—Nos. (1), (3), (4), (5) and (6) contain papers in all the different standards of examination held in Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali; No. (6) contains the High Proficiency Urdu papers also; No. (2) contains all the papers except those for the High Proficiency examinations in Hindi, Arabic and Persian and the Degree of Honour in Arabic and Sanskrit; and No. (7) all except those for the Interpretership and Degree of Honour in Persian, Preliminary, High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Arabic, Degree of Honour in Hindi, Degree of Honour in Bengali and High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Sanskrit.

“Diwan-i-Sarkhush” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

“Kalam-i-Urdu,” the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

“Qaani” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

“Diwan-i-Andalib” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the “Ar-Rauzat-u-Zakiyah,” the text-book for the Higher Standard examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

“Nazm-i-Muntakhab,” one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Raghuvansam”—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

“Akhlāq-i-Jalali” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 5-12 per copy.

The following list of Munshis who are qualified to teach Urdu under India Army Order No. 162 of 1907, is published for the information of all those students of this language, who are desirous of obtaining competent teachers :

ALLAHABAD.

- | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|---|
| 1. M. Jawala Prasad, I. | | Kasauli Hills. The Royal Scots Regiment, Sudder Bazar, Allahabad. |
| 2. M. S. C. Bagchi | | Government Observatory, Allahabad. |

AMBALA.

- | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| 1. M. Mohd. Miyan Khan | | Sudder Bazar, Ambala. |
| 2. M. Mohd. Akbar Khan | | The Oriental Lodge, Ambala. |
| 3. M. Jawala Prasad, II. | | B. I. Bazar, Ambala. |

AMRITSAR.

- | | | |
|-------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1. M. Mohd. Ishaq | | Khazana Gate, Amritsar. |
|-------------------|-----------|-------------------------|

AZAMGARH.

- | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|--|
| J. M. Ram Charan Lal | | Offg. Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools, Azamgarh. |
|----------------------|-----------|--|

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya 17, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.
2. M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A. 8, Manlavi Imdad Ali's Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Hossain Mirza 1, Syed Ismail Lane, Calcutta.
4. M. Mohd. Israil Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
5. M. Syed Nawab Ali 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
6. M. Wahidun Nabi Khan 88/1, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.
7. M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid 152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
8. M. Daliluddin Ahmed 28/1, Kimber Street (Karaya), Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Wajid 89, Jhowtolla Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Syed Mohammad 12, Waliullah Lane, Wellesley Square, Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE.

1. M. Rahim Shah R. A. Munshi, Campbellpore.

DALHOUSIE.

1. M. Abdur Rahim Regimental Munshi, 1st Lancashire Fusiliers, Balun Bazar, Dalhousie.

DELHI.

1. M. Mithan Lal C/o Late M. Chunni Lal Sahib, Government Pensioner, Muhalla Churi Walan, Delhi.

DINAPORE.

1. M. Syed Hadi/Hussain Orderly Bazar, Dinapore.

JHELUM.

1. M. Thakur Das Pahwa Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JULLUNDER.

1. M. Har Bhagat Singh Bains Talhan, Jullunder Cantonment.

KASAUJI.

1. M. Anand Sarup C/o Munshi Kashi Nath, Dagshai Hills, or Depôt, Kasauli.

LAHORE CANTT.

1. M. J. Kishori Lal R. A. Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
2. M. Sham Lal Bhargava Dangar Street, Sudder Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW.

1. M. Abdul Alim Near the Police Post, Husaingunge, Lucknow.
2. M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan Near Royal Hotel, Lucknow.

MULTAN.

1. M. S. Karim Bakhsh Sadar Bazar, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS.

1. M. M. C. Saibgal 2nd Bn., King's Regiment, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.

1. M. Faqir Ulla St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

NOWSHERA.

1. M. Muhammad Din Pay Havildar and Head Clerk, 23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (F. F.).

PESHAWAR.

1. M. Bodh Raj Royal Sussex Regiment (or Sudder Bazar), Peshawar.
2. M. Ahmed Din 81, Cantonments, Peshawar.
3. M. Abdur Rahim Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
4. M. Abdul Karim Dabgari Gate, Peshawar City.

RAWALPINDI.

1. M. Ghulam Muhiuddin R. A. Brigade Munshi, Rawalpindi.
2. M. Ghulam Rasul Sudder Bazar, Rawalpindi.
3. M. Fazal Ahmed Persian House, Rawalpindi.

ROORKEE CITY.

1. M. Fasl-i Haq Mahalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SUBATHU.

1. M. Gulzar Lal South Lancashire Regiment, Subathu.

In addition to the above, the following, who were examined in Urdu previous to the institution of the examination mentioned in the above India Army Order, are also, in the opinion of the Board of Examiners, qualified to teach :—

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Arif 12, Harinbari Lane, Calcutta.
2. Maulavi Syed Abu Zafar 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S. 14, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
4. M. Badru-z Zaman 29, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
5. M. Abdul Badi 5, Ramsanker Roy's Lane, Calcutta.
6. M. A. M. F. Wahhab Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
7. M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat 89, Jhowtollah Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
8. M. Akmal Ali Akmal 9, Dr. Karam Hossain's Lane, Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Karim Nashter 1, Jhowtollah Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Mohd. Yusuf Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.

N.B.—It is requested that Munshis who have passed this examination and whose names do not appear above, should communicate their present addresses to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta, so that their names may be published also.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE AND CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Sulphate of Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased both in powder and 3½-grain tablet forms by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the principal druggists in Calcutta. These drugs are for sale for *cash* only. *On no account drugs are sent per V. P. Post.* These drugs may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur.

The rates for these drugs from 15th November 1912 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	10 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	12 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	5 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	6 „

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ½ lb., ¼ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is sold in ½ lb., ¼ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Cinchona Febrifuge is sold in ½ lb., ¼ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

**Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.
Percentage 29.76.**

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 16TH TO 22ND NOVEMBER 1913.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.														COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.				COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.						Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Sub-sidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
	Pur-chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native State.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern-ment Bullion.	With-drawn and un-current coins.	TOTAL.							
Calcutta	51	...	...	51	44	...	44	8	72*	15	...	95	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	66	...	...	66	59	...	59	...	128†	15	4	147	...	...	...	1	...	1	

* Exclusive of 165 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

†Ditto 208 ditto ditto ditto

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;

Calcutta, the 26th November 1913.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Receipts in the North-West Frontier Province for August 1913 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1913-14.

REVENUE AND RECEIPTS.	BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR 1913-14.			Receipts in September	RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1913 TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1913.		
	Imperial.	Special.	TOTAL.		C.P. Imperial.	Special.	TOTAL.
I.—Land Revenue	Rs. 22,13,000	Rs. 22,13,000	Rs. 22,13,000	Rs. 65,521	Rs. 10,48,550	Rs. 10,48,550	Rs. 10,48,550
II.—Opium	50,000	50,000	50,000	3,723	22,771	22,771	22,771
IV.—Stamps	5,73,000	5,73,000	5,73,000	31,611	2,97,083	2,97,083	2,97,083
V.—Excise	3,50,000	3,50,000	3,50,000	27,164	1,69,718	1,69,718	1,69,718
VI.—Provincial Rates	3,000	3,000	3,000	150	898	898	898
VII.—Customs . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VIII.—Assessed Taxes	6,000	1,42,000	1,48,000	22,968	63,732	63,732	66,008
IX.—Forest . . . . .	...	2,11,000	2,11,000	7,735	76,376	76,376	76,376
X.—Registration . . . . .	...	42,000	42,000	2,435	21,390	21,390	21,390
XI.—Tribute from Native States . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XII.—Interest	21,000	...	21,000	2,773	15,263	15,263	15,263
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law . . . . .	...	1,11,000	1,11,000	7,360	70,396	70,396	70,396
XVIB.—Ditto —Jails . . . . .	...	25,000	25,000	2,895	16,289	16,289	16,289
XVII.—Police . . . . .	...	23,000	23,000	2,877	13,093	13,093	13,093
XVIII.—Education . . . . .	...	...	...	1,206	1,527	1,527	1,527
XIX.—Medical . . . . .	...	...	...	2	40	40	40
XX.—Scientific and other Minor Departments . . . . .	...	6,000	6,000	27	387	387	387
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc. . . . .	...	18,000	18,000	2,550	7,306	7,306	7,306
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing . . . . .	...	17,000	17,000	420	9,400	9,400	9,400
XXV.—Miscellaneous . . . . .	...	1,06,000	1,06,000	4,911	36,173	36,173	36,173
XXIX.—Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts	3,75,000	3,75,000	7,50,000	1,70,511	2,29,586	2,29,586	4,59,172
XXX.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XXXI.—Civil Works . . . . .	...	1,42,000	1,42,000	10,795	60,649	60,649	60,649
ADD—Debt Accounts	4,02,000	44,07,000	48,09,000	3,67,652	2,47,125	21,45,354	23,92,479
TOTAL REVENUE AND RECEIPTS . . . . .	...	...	...	55,31,077	...	...	3,54,42,695
TOTAL . . . . .	...	...	...	58,98,779	...	...	3,78,35,174
Opening Cash Balance . . . . .	...	...	...	(b) 23,39,910	...	...	(a) 14,73,080
GRAND TOTAL . . . . .	...	...	...	82,38,689	...	...	3,93,08,254

(a) On 1st April 1913. (b) On 1st September 1913.

W. ALDER,
Accountant-General, Punjab.

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB,
LAHORE:

The 25th November 1913.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Expenditure in the North-West Frontier Province for August 1913 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1913-14.

EXPENDITURE.	BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR 1913-14.			Disbursement in September 1913.	DISBURSEMENT FROM 1ST APRIL 1913 TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1913.		
	Imperial.	Special.	TOTAL.		Imperial.	Special.	TOTAL.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks	12,000	12,000	24,000	1,503	4,494	4,493	8,987
2.—Assignments and Compensations	9,000	9,000	18,000	281	4,489	4,490	8,979
3.—Land Revenue	4,06,000	2,68,000	6,74,000	42,291	1,77,994	1,30,407	3,08,401
4.—Stamps	12,000	11,000	23,000	969	4,320	4,320	8,640
7.—Excise	9,000	10,000	19,000	939	2,794	2,794	5,588
10.—Assessed Taxes	1,000	...	1,000	84	196	196	392
11.—Forest	63,000	63,000	1,26,000	7,869	22,890	22,890	45,780
12.—Registration	6,000	5,000	11,000	876	2,848	2,848	5,696
13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14.—Interest on other obligations . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18.—General Administration	2,38,000	1,09,000	3,47,000	27,120	1,04,754	43,950	1,50,704
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	4,35,000	1,98,000	6,33,000	50,732	1,95,591	98,307	2,93,898
19B.—Ditto —Jails	80,000	81,000	1,61,000	14,193	52,940	52,939	1,05,879
20.—Police	8,72,000	8,71,000	17,43,000	1,47,478	4,30,427	4,30,426	8,60,853
22.—Education	1,76,000	1,75,000	3,51,000	1,00,371	1,11,033	1,11,033	2,22,066
23.—Ecclesiastical	43,000	...	43,000	4,010	22,311	...	22,311
24.—Medical	1,73,000	1,59,000	3,32,000	13,581	56,270	48,302	1,04,572
25.—Political	17,02,000	15,47,000	32,49,000	2,45,644	7,70,820	7,07,172	14,77,992
26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	46,000	46,000	92,000	5,019	16,528	16,527	33,055
27.—Editorial and Political Pensions	62,000	...	62,000	4,145	31,835	...	31,835
28.—Civ. Furlough and Absentee Allowances . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29.—Gratuation Allowances and Pensions	1,19,000	1,19,000	2,38,000	12,652	40,593	40,594	81,187
30.—Stationery and Printing	64,000	55,000	1,09,000	5,003	21,597	21,597	43,194
31.—Miscellaneous	12,000	11,000	23,000	1,954	10,441	10,041	20,082
32.—Famine Relief . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33.—Reduction or Avoidance of Debt	6,72,000	2,13,000	8,85,000	25,454	55,607	55,666	1,11,333
42.—Major Works—Working Expenses	30,000	31,000	61,000	802	2,877	2,877	5,754
43.—Minor Works and Navigation	16,27,000	16,21,000	32,48,000	1,67,287	3,33,086	3,33,087	6,66,173
45.—Civil Works . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Add—Debt Accounts	68,59,000	56,14,000	1,24,73,000	8,80,257	24,78,895	21,44,956	46,23,851
TOTAL EXPENDITURE . . . . .	...	...	...	51,67,422	...	...	8,24,93,943
Total	...	...	...	60,47,679	...	...	3,71,17,394
Balance on 30th September 1913 . . . . .	...	...	...	21,90,960	...	...	21,90,960
GRAND TOTAL . . . . .	...	...	...	82,38,639	...	...	3,93,08,354

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB,

LAKHNAO:

The 26th November 1913.

W. ALDER,
Accountant General, Punjab.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA.

NOTICE.

INDIAN MINES ACT, 1901.

An examination for first and second class coal mine managers' certificates of competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbaid, on the 25th, 26th and 27th February 1914.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age, and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age, and have had at least three years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year, respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates.

Applications and fees will be received up to the 12th February 1914, after which date no application will be considered.

G. F. ADAMS,

Chief Inspector of Mines in India.

DHANBAID, E. I. R., MANBHUM ;

Dated 19th November 1913.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

At their Annual Meeting in January 1914, the Senate of the Calcutta University will proceed to appoint a whole-time Officer as Registrar of the University on a salary of Rs 600 per mensem rising to Rs 1,000 in five years by four annual increments of Rs 50. Applications for the post are to reach the undersigned on or before the 20th December 1913. Candidates are requested to send printed copies of their testimonials along with their applications.

Canvassing will be considered a disqualification.

The Registrar will be appointed in the first instance for five years only, but at the end of every such term he may be re-appointed. He must be a Graduate of position with experience of University affairs. He may be a Member of the Senate but not of the Syndicate.

The duties of the Registrar will be as follows :—

- (a) To be the custodian of the Records, Library, Common Seal, and such other property of the University as the Syndicate will commit to his charge.
- (b) To act as Secretary to the Syndicate and to attend all meetings of the Senate, Faculties, Syndicate, Boards of Studies, Board of Accounts, Boards of Examiners, and any Committees appointed by the Senate, the Faculties, the Syndicate, or any of the Boards, and to keep minutes thereof.
- (c) To conduct the official correspondence of the Syndicate and the Senate.
- (d) To issue all notices convening meetings of the Senate Faculties, Syndicate, Boards of Studies, Board of Accounts, Boards of Examiners, and any Committees appointed by the Senate, the Faculties, the Syndicate, or any of the Boards.
- (e) To perform such other work as may be, from time to time, prescribed by the Syndicate, and generally to render such assistance as may be desired by the Vice-Chancellor in the performance of his official duties.

It is competent to the Syndicate to grant to the Registrar, on full pay, leave of absence for one month in a year, or for an accumulated period not exceeding four months in five years. It is also competent to the Syndicate to grant him, on half pay, leave of absence which may be added to the period of leave on full pay for a period not exceeding eight months in five years.

It is competent to the Syndicate to grant to the Registrar a gratuity or pension regulated as follows :—

- (a) After a service of less than ten years, a gratuity not exceeding one month's salary for each complete

(b) After a service of not less than ten years, up to 25 years, a pension not exceeding one-sixtieth of the average salary (*i.e.*, the average calculated upon the last three years of service) multiplied by the number of years of completed service.

(c) The pension will, in no case, exceed Rs. 5,000 per annum.

In case of misconduct or neglect of duty, the Registrar shall be liable to suspension, by the Syndicate, and to dismissal by the Senate on the report of the Syndicate.

The selected candidate will be required to join his post on the 1st of April, 1914.

P. BRÜHL,
Offg. Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE;
The 24th November, 1913.

INDIAN MUSEUM.

NOTICE.

ZOOLOGICAL AND ANTHROPOLOGICAL SECTION.

Calcutta, the 22nd November 1913.

Mr. F.H. Gravely, M. Sc., Assistant Superintendent, Zoological and Anthropological Section, Indian Museum, having returned from six months' combined leave (three months, study leave and three months' privilege leave) resumed his duties with effect from the 16th November 1913.

By order,
N. ANNANDALE,
Secretary to the Trustees,
Indian Museum.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Madras, the 17th November 1913.

Under Sections 8 and 86 (paragraph 2) of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, as amended by the Indian Christian Marriage Act Amendment Act, 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Sidney Charles Herbert Robinson, Assistant Superintendent and first class Magistrate, Peermade, to be a Marriage Registrar for the Travancore State, *vice* Mr. A. W. L. Vernede, who has retired from the service.

W. O. HORNE,
Acting Chief Secretary.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 19th November 1913.

No. 59.—With reference to this Office Notification No. 37, dated the 7th August 1913, Lieutenant A. H. L. Mount, R.E., Executive Engineer, has been placed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India on deputation for two months in interruption of furlough and allowed extension of three months' furlough on medical certificate up to the 1st April 1914.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel, R.E.,
Agent, N.-W. Railway.

COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND ABKARI.

NOTICE.

No. 1.

Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at Godhra Distillery in the Panch Mahals District for supply to that district, to the districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira and Broach and to certain villages attached to these districts for Abkari management (a list of which villages can be seen at the offices of the Collectors concerned at any time during office hours). The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Godhra from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows :—

Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals
and Broach Districts.

Kaira District.

25° U. P., 60° U. P.

25° U. P., 60° U. P. and 40° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	Ahmedabad District.		Kaira District.			Panch Mahals District.		Broach District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	40° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	109,367	1,078	26,368	473	..	21,963	106,745	87,437	244
1909-10	101,274	475	24,392	397	..	17,677	96,164	84,107	340
1910-11	97,883	241	30,960	497	102	22,851	106,803	100,116	326
1911-12	93,959	141	31,590	515	521	19,130	93,084	96,909	113
1912-13	91,259	122	32,945	489	559	21,470	103,155	105,519	6,346

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Godhra Distillery and from Warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Godhra and the warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Godhra is Rs. 2,19,568. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the

shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows : Godhra Distillery Rs. 246, Ahmedabad Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, Anand Bonded Warehouse Rs. 16, and the Broach Bonded Warehouse Rs. 40 per mensem, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required, at his own expense, to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or to revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>Ahmedabad.</i>	R a. p.	R a. p.
Ahmedabad City, Cantonment and ten miles round	3 12 0	1 14 0
Prantij	1 8 0	0 12 0
Rest of the District	3 0 0	1 8 0
<i>Kaira.</i>		
Thasra (except Dakor), Kapadvanj and Pandu Mewas	1 8 0	0 12 0 (40 U. P.) (a)
Dakor Town and rest of the District	2 4 0	1 3 3 1 2 0 (40° U. P.) (b) 1 13 0
<i>Panch Mahals.</i>		
Whole District	1 8 0	0 12 0
<i>Broach.</i>		
Whole District	3 12 0	1 14 0

(a) In the Kapadvanj Taluka.

(b) In the Matar and Anand Talukas.

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary, from time to time, and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Godhra Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract-area.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Godhra Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P., at the distillery and at the bonded warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it, will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector of the district concerned. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of these received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of the Panch Mahals a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the same person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 2.

Surat, with the Nandurbar Taluka (including the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture and supply country spirit in the Surat District (including the villages of the Sachin State attached to the district for Abkari management) and in the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District. The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Surat from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit for the five years ended March 1913 was as under:—

	Surat District.		Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	211,971	280,222	25,617	183,219
1909-10	198,756	255,570	27,144	193,920
1910-11	239,232	301,631	35,337	223,231
1911-12	223,301	256,691	42,251	244,043
1912-13	221,236	238,784	35,734	217,128

It is intended that spirit shall be distributed from the Central Distillery at Surat and from warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli and Nandurbar but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still shall be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distilleries or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the distillery at Surat and the warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli and Nandurbar at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at the Surat Distillery is Rs. 2,21,000. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stocks of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishment maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows : Surat Distillery Rs. 143-8-0, Bulsar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 65, Bardoli Bonded Warehouse Rs. 65, and Nandurbar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 16 per mensem ; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of the buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Surat District and the Navapur Petha and the Nandurbar, Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

Area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U.P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U.P.
<i>Surat.</i>	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Surat City and five miles round and Choras Olpad and West Bulsar	3 12 0	1 14 0
Jalalpur, West Bardoli, West Mandki, West Chikhli, Pardi, East Bulsar and East Mandvi.	3 0 0	1 8 0
East Bardoli and East Chikhli	2 4 0	1 2 0
<i>West Khandesh.</i>		
Navapur Petha	1 8 0	0 12 0
Nandurbar, Taloda and Shahada Talukas	3 12 0	1 14 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area

to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Surat Distillery and at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the area, including the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Surat Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. at the distillery and the bonded warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli, and Nandurbar, to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector of Surat. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Surat District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Surat a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreement within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit in the Surat District and in the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

NOTICE.

No. 3.

East Khandesh, West Khandesh [excluding the Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas] and Nasik.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the Dhulia Distillery in the West Khandesh District for supply to the East and the West Khandesh Districts [including certain Native State villages attached to West Khandesh District for Abkari management and excluding the Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas and the Akrani Pargana and a portion of the Kathi Mewas] and to the Nasik District for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Dhulia from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri) provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may from time to time be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorised at present are as follows:—

East Khandesh, West Khandesh and Nasik Districts.
25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	East Khandesh District.		West Khandesh District excluding the Nandur- bar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas.		Nasik District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
908-09 . . .	58,722	253,089	15,924	117,316	88,646	38,294
909-10 . . .	68,879	295,543	20,822	144,175	107,975	36,904
910-11 . . .	87,283	384,360	28,460	168,594	127,288	49,875
911-12 . . .	76,798	376,247	29,933	160,981	139,948	50,113
912-13 . . .	59,147	368,228	19,112	155,791	120,836	52,319

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Dhulia Distillery and from warehouses at Jalgaon, Nasik and Malegaon, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Dhulia and the warehouses at Jalgaon, Nasik and Malegaon at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Dhulia is Rs. 2,63,000. If this contract is not renewed, the contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared, not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the contractor may desire to submit, but the contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915, or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows :—Dhulia Distillery Rs. 227, Jalgaon Bonded Warehouse Rs. 68, Nasik Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, and Malegaon Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25 per mensem. But Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the East and West Khandesh and Nasik Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>West Khandesh.</i>		
	<i>R a. p.</i>	<i>R a. p.</i>
Whole District (except Navapur Petha)	3 12 0	1 14 0
<i>East Khandesh.</i>		
Bhusaval Town	4 8 0	2 4 0
Rest of the District	3 12 0	1 14 0
<i>Nasik.</i>		
Nasik City	4 8 0	2 4 0
Peint Taluka	1 8 0	0 12 0
Rest of the District	3 12 0	1 14 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time, and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates, or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Dhulia Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Dhulia Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. at the distillery and at the Bonded Warehouses at Jalgaon in the East Khandesh District and Nasik and Malegaon in the Nasik District to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector concerned. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the East and West Khandesh and Nasik Districts": this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest or to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of West Khandesh a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*, and if he fails to do so the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the forms of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and, if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the

deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 4.

(Poona, Satara, Sholapur and Ahmednagar Districts.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the Mundhwa Distillery in the Poona District for supply to that district (including Native State villages attached to that district for Abkari management) and to the districts of Satara, Sholapur and Ahmednagar. The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Mundhwa from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows :—

Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts 25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	Poona District.		Satara District.		Ahmednagar District.		Sholapur District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.
1908-09 .	156,063	..	49,787	..	31,200	..	51,126	..
1909-10 .	156,890	..	53,739	..	35,517	..	53,576	..
1910-11 .	168,560	..	61,802	..	43,091	..	58,163	..
1911-12 .	179,708	..	68,256	..	44,309	..	64,336	..
1912-13 .	167,503	..	64,052	..	37,401	..	61,074	..

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Mundhwa Distillery in the Poona District, and from warehouses at Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Mundhwa and the warehouses at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Mundhwa is Rs. 93,000. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared, not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after

considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows: Mundhwa Distillery Rs. 94, Ahmednagar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 12, Satara Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, and Sholapur Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25 per mensem; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charge on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or to revise them from time to time if they deem fit:—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>Poona.</i>		
Poona City Cantonment and ten miles round	Rs. A. P. 5 4 0	Rs. A. P. 2 10 0
Rest of the District	4 8 0	2 4 0
<i>Satara.</i>		
Whole District	4 8 0	2 4 0
<i>Ahmednagar.</i>		
Whole District	4 8 0	2 4 0
<i>Sholapur.</i>		
Whole District	5 4 0	2 10 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor, will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates, or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Mundhwa Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts:" this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

12. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

13. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

14. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Poona a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 11 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

15. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the district concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

16. As soon as the agreements have been executed, the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 5.

Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat).

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the distillery to be erected at Khanapur in the Belgaum District for supply to the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar and Bijapur (including certain Native States villages attached to those districts or Abkari management) and to the above-ghat talukas of the Kanara District for a period of five years from the 1st April 1915 or, if the Khanapur Distillery is not ready for manufacturing operations on that date, from the subsequent date on which that distillery may be ready for the manufacture of spirit.

Government are about to erect a new distillery at Khanapur and it is anticipated, though no guarantee can be given in this respect, that the buildings will be ready for the installation of plant in December 1914. Subject to the proviso contained below the contractor will be required to instal, throughout this distillery, new plant designed to produce and deal with wash the original gravity of which will be readily ascertained by means of Bates' Saccharometer. The distilling apparatus shall be of the "continuous" type, producing at one operation a potable spirit of satisfactory quality. Provided that the contractor will be required to take over such articles of the plant of the present Belgaum and Dharwar Distilleries and of the warehouses at Bijapur, Gadag, Haveri and Sirsi at prices to be fixed by the Collectors of the districts concerned, as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari be suitable for employment in the new distillery or in the bonded warehouses and he shall pay for such plant on or before the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Khanapur from mhowra flowers, or from mcllasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths, as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strength authorized at present are as follows:—

Belgaum and Bijapur Districts.	Dharwar and Kanara above-ghat Districts.
25° U. P., 60° U. P.	25° U. P., 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under:—

Year.	Belgaum District.		Dharwar District.		Bijapur District.		Kanara District, above ghat.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.
1908-09	70,360	..	111,421	..	22,581	..	26,896	..
1909-10	80,494	..	115,273	..	35,979	..	25,729	..
1910-11	96,909	..	141,982	..	53,788	..	27,579	..
1911-12	109,889	..	175,438	..	63,821	..	29,739	..
1912-13	117,347	403	153,427	..	57,604	..	27,715	..

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Khanapur Distillery and from warehouses at Dharwar, Gadag, Haveri, Bijapur and Sirsi, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. If the contract is not renewed at the end of the contract period the contractor shall if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the contractor may desire to submit, but the contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the contractor, subject, however to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows: Khanapur Distillery at 1½ per cent. on the capital cost of the distillery, site quarters, etc., Dharwar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, Gadag Bonded Warehouse Rs. 30, Haveri Bonded Warehouses Rs. 25, Bijapur Bonded Warehouse Rs. 18, and Sirsi Bonded Warehouse Rs. 5 per mensem. But Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required, at his own expense, to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat) are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and Area.		Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Belgaum	{ City, Cantonment and 10 miles round	5 4 0	2 10 0
	{ Rest of the District	4 8 0	2 4 0
Dharwar	. . . . .	4 8 0	2 4 0
Bijapur	. . . . .	4 8 0	2 4 0
Kanara (above ghat)	. . . . .	4 8 0	2 4 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Khanapur Distillery and at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat)," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

12. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reason.

13. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

14. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Belgaum a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 11 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

15. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

16. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 6.

(The talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to supply country spirit to the talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District for a period of three years from 1st April 1915.

2. The spirit may be manufactured at any of the Central Distilleries of the Presidency Proper or at the Uran Distilleries. The contractor will manufacture the spirit from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur), or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District for the five years ending March 1913 was as under:—

Year.	Salsette Taluka.		Bassein Taluka.		Mahim Taluka.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	52,500	162,029	11,446	105,970	8,432	90,813
1909-10	55,981	160,017	11,393	109,157	8,383	103,479
1910-11	53,342	154,665	11,724	106,034	8,069	93,396
1911-12	53,331	156,026	14,585	104,722	8,842	76,988
1912-13	57,153	165,806	15,939	115,243	10,414	89,926

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from warehouses at Thana and Bassein, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

Pending completion of the warehouses to be built at Thana and Bassein the spirit will be distributed from the present depôts established at Thana, Bassein and Kelva Mahim. The contractor will be required to take over at prices to be fixed by the Collector such portions of the plant at those depôts as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner, be serviceable and suitable for use in a bonded warehouse. If the contract is not renewed, the contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the plant in the bonded warehouses on the expiration of the contract to the next contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the contractor may desire to submit, but the contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which in the opinion of the Commissioner is unsuitable or unserviceable.

4. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

5. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the warehouses will be defrayed by Government. The contractor will have to pay such rent for each warehouse occupied as may be determined by the Commissioner, but Government reserve to themselves the power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings.

The contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the warehouse plant in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the warehouses which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

6. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

Area.	Per gallon of 25° U. P.			Per gallon of 60° U. P.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Salsette Taluka	4	8	0	2	4	0
Bassein Town	4	8	0	2	4	0
Rest of Bassein Taluka	3	12	0	1	14	0
Mahim Taluka	3	12	0	1	14	0

7. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

8. Except with the special permission of the Collector the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

9. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

10. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of supply of country spirit in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

11. Government reserve power to accept such tenders as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

12. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

13. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Thana, a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 10 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

14. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of supplying license which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreement within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

15. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Collector will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of supplying country spirit in the talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District.

NOTICE.

No. 7.

(All the talukas of the Kolaba District except Karjat and Panvel.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to supply country spirit to all the talukas of the Kolaba District except Karjat and Panvel, that is, to the talukas of Alibagh, Pen (including Nagothna Petha), Roha, Mangaon, and Mahad and to the villages in the Sudhagad Mahal of the Bhore State attached to that district for Abkari management, for a period of three years from 1st April 1915.

2. The spirit may be manufactured at any of the Central Distilleries of the Presidency Proper or at the Uran Distilleries. The contractor will manufacture the spirit from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur), or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the talukas of the Kolaba District (including Sudhagad Mahal) required to be supplied under this tender for the five years ending March 1913 was as under :—

Year.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	75,535	59,853
1909-10	88,194	31,988
1910-11	83,870	31,755
1911-12	87,470	21,420
1912-13	97,997	22,047

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from warehouses at Ambepura (Poinad), Roha and Mahad, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

Pending completion of the warehouses to be built at Ambepura (Poinad), Roha and Mohad the spirit will be distributed from the present depôts established at Alibag, Pen, Roha and Mahad. The contractor will be required to take over at prices to be fixed by the Collector such portions of the plant at those depôts as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner, be serviceable and suitable for use in a bonded warehouse. If the contract is not renewed, the contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the plant in the bonded warehouses on the expiration of the contract to the next contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the contractor may desire to submit, but the contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which in the opinion of the Commissioner is unsuitable or unserviceable.

4. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

5. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the warehouses will be defrayed by Government. The contractor will have to pay such rent for each warehouse occupied as may be determined by the Commissioner, but Government reserve to themselves the power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the warehouse plant in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the warehouses which will be carried out by Government at their expense.

6. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the talukas of the Kolaba District (including Sudhagad Mahal) required to be supplied under this tender are Rs. 3-12-0 and Rs. 1-14-0 per gallon of 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. ; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit.

	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Whole district	3 12 0	1 14 0

7. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

8. Except with the special permission of the Collector, the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

9. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

10. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of supply of country spirit in the talukas of Alibag, Pen, Roha, Mangaon and Mahad and the Sudhagad Mahal of the Kolaba District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914 after which no tender will be received.

11. Government reserve power to accept such tenders as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

12. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

13. The successful tenderer shall within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Kolaba a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 10 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

14. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the same person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of supplying license which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

15. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Collector will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of supplying country spirit in the Alibag, Pen, Roha, Mangaon and Mahad Talukas and the Sudhagad Mahal of the Kolaba District.

BOMBAY ;

H. O. QUIN,

The 15th October 1913.

Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 27th November 1913.

No. 700.—Mr. P. J. Barrington, Deputy Superintendent, having returned from leave on the forenoon of 8th November 1913, Mr. J. A. Freeman, Officiating Deputy Superintendent, reverted to his substantive appointment of Extra Assistant Superintendent, with effect from the same date.

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Colonel, R.E.,

Offg. Surveyor General of India.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION BANGALORE.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 45 OF 1913.

Bangalore, the 10th November 1913.

Shaik Ismail Saib, son of Shaik Hameed Saib, merchant, residing in Majid Street, Ulsoor, Civil and Military Station Bangalore (petitioner); S. Giritharilal & others (creditors).

Notice, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 10th December 1913 for hearing.

Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

N. S. TIRUMALAI AIYANGER,

District Judge.

IN THE COURT OF BABU MIHAN SINGH BEDI, JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, DELHI.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

FORM NO. 4.

Order of Adjudication.

SECTION 16.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 41 OF 1913.

Delhi, 17th November 1913.

In the matter of Sri Ram and Bakhtawar Singh, sons of Lalu Mal, proprietor of Sri Ram, Bakhtawar Singh and Madho Das, Shadi Ram, of Delhi, debtors.

Pursuant to a petition, dated 24th July 1913, on behalf of the debtors and on reading the said petition and hearing the creditors, it is ordered that the said debtors are hereby adjudged insolvents.

FORM NO. 5.

Order Appointing a Receiver.

SECTION 18.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 41 OF 1913.

Dated 19th November 1913.

In the matter of Sri Ram and Bakhtawar Singh, sons of Lalu Mal, proprietor of Sri Ram, Bakhtawar Singh and Madho Das, Shadi Ram, of Delhi.

Whereas Sri Ram and Bakhtawar Singh were adjudicated insolvents by order of this Court, and it appears to the Court that the appointment of a Receiver for the property of the insolvents is necessary.

It is ordered that a receiving order be made against the insolvents, and a receiving order is hereby made against insolvents, and Assistant Clerk of Court is hereby constituted Receiver of the property of the said insolvents.

SUIT No. 60 OF 1913.

The 21st November 1913.

In the matter of the Insolvency of Tek Chand, son of Med Singh, caste Jat, of Pul Mithai, Delhi.

It is hereby notified, under section 12 of Act III of 1907, that an application, filed by the said Tek Chand to be adjudicated an insolvent, has been admitted in this Court and will be heard on 15th December 1913.

Suit No. 62 of 1913.

The 24th November 1913.

In the matter of the Insolvency of Kallu, son of Nadda, caste Taga, of Moza Basi, Darapur Tehsil, Delhi.

It is hereby notified, under section 12 of Act III of 1907, that an application, filed by the said Kallu to be adjudicated an insolvent, has been admitted in this Court and will be heard on 17th December 1913.

MIHAN SINGH,

Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 138 OF 1912.

Rangoon, the 17th day of November 1913.

In the matter of Maung Ba Tun, of No. 12, Canal Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Ba Tun, of No. 12, Canal Street, Rangoon, on the 17th day of November 1913 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Ba Tun.

CASE No. 118 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 18th day of November 1913.

In the matter of V. Girjashankar, clerk, of No. 254-A, Dalhousie Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court, adjudging the said V. Girjashankar an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 18th day of November 1913.

CASE No. 133 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 18th day of November 1913.

In the matter of Maung Po Tha, of No. 144, Tatauge Quarters, Pazundaung, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Po Tha, of No. 144, Tatauge Quarters, Pazundaung, Rangoon, on the 27th day of October 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 18th day of November 1913 against the said Maung Po Tha.

CASE No. 139 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 18th day of November 1913.

In the matter of Cecil B. P. Walsh, of No. 3, Kaudawglay Road, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Cecil B. P. Walsh, of No. 3, Kaudawglay Road, Rangoon, on the 18th day of November 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Cecil B. P. Walsh.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

No. 585 of 1913.

Bombay, the 19th November 1913.

Re Kesrichand Rupchand, Sobhagechand Naginchand and Naginchand Javerchand all of Bombay Bania Hindu Inhabitants carrying on business at Bombay in partnership under the names, styles and firms of Sobhagechand Naginchand & Co.; Kesrichand Rupchand and Naginchand Javerchand; adjudged Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the order of adjudication made herein on the 1st day of November 1913 against the above named Kesrichand Rupchand has been this day annulled.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 20th November 1913.

No. 187.—The services of the undermentioned Sub-Assistant Surgeons of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department, are placed at the disposal of the Surveyor General of India, with effect from the dates noted against their names.

No. 1431, T. G. Krishnasami Pillai, 8th October 1913.

No. 1387, Munammad Abdur Rauf, 14th October 1913.

No. 223, Kalidas Chhote Lal 16th October 1913.

F. NORMAN WHITE, M.D., Capt., I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER, NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Agra, the 10th October 1913.

No. 177.—Mr. H. O'Donnell, Superintendent of the Lucknow Circle, Upper Division, Internal Branch, is granted privilege leave for one month from the 26th October 1913.

The 1st November 1913.

No. 213.—Mr. A. V. Nash, Superintendent of the Mayo Mine in the Cis-Indus and Kalabagh Mines Division, is granted privilege leave for three months in continuation of and in combination with leave on medical certificate for three months from the 12th November 1913.

No. 214.—Mr. P. A. Kirwan, Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, at present officiating as Superintendent, 4th grade, *vice* Mr. E. D. Bennett, Superintendent, on leave, will continue to officiate as such during the absence on leave of Mr. A. V. Nash, Superintendent, or until further orders.

No. 215.—Mr. Isharat Husain, Inspector, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, during the absence on leave of Mr. A. V. Nash, Superintendent, or until further orders.

The 13th November 1913.

No. 225.—Mr. Abdur Rahim Khan, Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent 4th grade, with effect from the 1st July 1913 during the absence on leave of Mr. C. R. Hunter, Superintendent, and on Mr. Hunter's return to duty to officiate as Superintendent, 4th grade, during the absence on leave of Mr. E. St. C. L. Chopin, Superintendent or until further orders.

No. 226.—Mr. A. H. C. Chill, Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, at present officiating Superintendent, 4th grade, *vice* Mr. C. S. Haygarth, Assistant Commissioner, on combined leave will continue to officiate as such during the absence on leave of Mr. E. D. Bennett, Superintendent, with effect from the date Mr. A. V. Nash, Superintendent, proceeds on combined leave or until further orders.

No. 227.—Mr. N. Daly, Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, and officiating Superintendent, 4th grade, *vice* Mr. D. M. Smith, Superintendent, on leave, continued to officiate as such during the absence on leave of Mr. A. G. O. Howard, Superintendent and Personal Assistant to Commissioner, up to 31st October 1913 and from the 1st to the 9th November 1913 during the transit period of Mr. A. V. Nash, Superintendent, on his transfer from Agra to Khewra.

The 15th November 1913.

• **No. 232.**—Mr. P. A. Kirwan, Officiating Superintendent, 4th grade, of the Warthganj Depôt in the Cis-Indus and Kalabagh Mines Division, is granted privilege leave for 15 days from the 5th November 1913.

No. 233.—Mr. N. Daly, Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, 4th grade, from the 10th November 1913 during the absence on leave of Mr. P. A. Kirwan, Officiating Superintendent, or until further orders.

R. A. GAMBLE,

Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st November 1913.

No. 2066s-*Ap*.—Babu Becharam Basu, Superintendent of post offices, officiating in the 1st grade, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 28 days combined with leave on medical certificate for 3 months and 3 days with effect from the 3rd October 1913.

The following officiating appointments are made during his absence on combined leave or until further orders:—

Babu Nirmal Kant Dutt, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Eastern Bengal and Assam, to act as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, from the 3rd to the 15th October 1913 inclusive.

Babu Revati Raman Shome, Inspector of post offices, Munshiganj Sub-Division, to act as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, from the 16th October 1913.

The 22nd November 1913.

No. 2089s *Ap*.—Babu Bijoy Basanta Bhattacharji, Reserve Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, Bengal, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 15th December 1913, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 24th November 1913.

No. 2113s-*Ap*.—The following promotions and appointment are made with effect from the date noted against each, *vice* Mr. G. W. Schöneman, Assistant Director-General of the Post Office, in the grade of Rs. 1,200—1,400, appointed provisionally as Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, from the 17th August 1913:—

Mr. H. S. H. Pilkington, M.V.O., Assistant Director-General of the Post Office, officiating in the grade of Rs. 1,200—1,400, to be provisional in that grade from the 7th August 1913;

Rai Radhika Mohan Lahari Bahadur, Assistant Director-General of the Post Office, officiating in the grade of Rs. 1,000, to be provisional in that grade from the 17th August 1913;

Mr. R. W. Hanson, Superintendent of Post Offices, 2nd grade and officiating Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of Rs. 800, to be sub. *pro tem* in that grade from the 17th August 1913 to the 20th October 1913 inclusive and to officiate as Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of Rs. 800 from the 21st October 1913 and until further orders.

W. MAXWELL.

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 20th November 1913.

No. 1367s-G.—Mr. T. W. E. Axford, Deputy Superintendent, General, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with leave on medical certificate for three months with effect from the 15th July 1913.

Calcutta, the 26th November 1913.

No. 6421-T.—The following Deputy Superintendents (Traffic), 1st class, on attaining the maximum pay of the Rs. 325—400 grade, are permitted to rise, by annual increments of Rs. 25 to Rs. 500 :—

Name.	Office.	Nature of appointment and date.	Date on which first increment is due.
Mr. P. E. Rath	Lucknow	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> 3rd December 1912; Permanent on probation 27th August 1913.	3rd December 1912.
„ W. A. V. D'Rozario	Rangoon	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> 27th August 1913; Permanent on probation 12th September 1913.	1st July 1914.
„ J. W. Hendrick	Agra	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> 12th September 1913	1st July 1914. ●

The appointment of Mr. Rath sanctioned in Notification No. 1888 T., dated the 11th April 1913, is hereby cancelled.

W. MAXWELL,
Director-General, Posts and Telegraphs.

REPORTS OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters, dated at Bombay, this 20th day of November 1913.

<p>Number, Rank and Name—10971, Private, George Herbert Walker. Age—24 years 1 month. Height—5 feet 5 inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, green. Trade—Carter. Date of enlistment—2nd October 1908. Place of enlistment—Derby.</p>	<p>Parish and County in which born—Sheffield. Date of desertion or absence—20th November 1913 Place of desertion or absence—Bombay. Marks—Indistinct tattoo marks on both forearms; scar on head. Under 6 years' service.</p>
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R. H. STRANGER, Lieut., Adjt., for Colonel,
Commanding 1st Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters, dated at Bombay, this 20th day of November 1913.

<p>Number, Rank and Name—10184, Private, George Henry Wilkinson. Age—25 years 7 months. Height—5 feet 11 inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, blue. Trade—Upholsterer. Date of enlistment—8th November 1906.</p>	<p>Place of enlistment—Derby. Parish and County in which born—Settenhall, Staffordshire. Date of desertion or absence—20th November 1913 Place of desertion or absence—Bombay. Marks—Nil. Under 8 years' service.</p>
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R. H. STRANGER, Lieut., Adjt., for Colonel,
Commanding 1st Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, The King's (Shropshire) Light Infantry, dated at Secunderabad, this 20th day of November 1913.

Number, Rank, and Name—9089, Lance-Corporal, Russell Henry Price.

Age—24 years 9 months.

Height—5 feet 6 inches.

Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, grey.

Trade—Groom.

Date of enlistment—14th October 1908.

Place of enlistment—Hereford.

Parish and County in which born—Chicago, Illinois, United States.

Date of desertion or absence—19th November 1913.

Place of desertion or absence—Poona.

Marks—Scar back, neck and right and left knee; scar 3 inches long left calf, from operation; scar right forehead; mole right breast.

Under 6 years' service.

R. A. SMITH, Lieut.-Colonel,

Commanding 2nd Battalion, The King's (Shropshire) Light Infantry.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, dated at Poona, this 22nd day of November 1913.

Number, Rank and Name—9263, Lance-Corporal, John Hamilton.

Age—30 years 2 months.

Height—5 feet 6 inches.

Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, blue.

Trade—Labourer.

Date of enlistment—17th February 1908.

Place of enlistment—Dover.

Parish and County in which born—Plumstead, Woolwich, Kent.

Date of desertion or absence—20th November 1913.

Place of desertion or absence—Wanowrie, Poona.

Marks—Figure of female face left upper arm, male face right upper arm.

Under 6 years' service.

D. P. J. COLLAS, Lieutenant,

Commanding Details 2nd Battalion, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 20th of November 1913.

No. 8631-Home.—Lieutenant-Colonel H. B. Melville, I.M.S., made over charge of the duties of Superintendent of the District Jail at Delhi to Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Ogilvie, I.M.S., on the forenoon of the 4th November 1913.

No. 8634-Education.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Ogilvie, I.M.S., assumed charge of the duties of Health Officer of the Notified Area, Delhi, with effect from the forenoon of the 3rd November 1913, relieving Captain P. M. Rennie, I.M.S.

The 21st November 1913.

No. 8656-C. & I.—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current at the head-quarters of the Province of Delhi are published for information :—

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the head-quarters of the Delhi Province at the close of the half month ending 15th November 1913.

ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.	REMARKS.
	Srs. Chts.	
Wheat	10 0	
Barley	13 0	
Rice { Best sort	3 0	
{ Common sort	5 12	
Jowár (Andropogon sorghum)	14 0	
Bájra (Pennisetum typhoideum)	11 0	
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana) . . . . .	...
Kangni (Setaria Italica) . . . . .	...
Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)	13 0	
Maize	12 8	
Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dál)	10 0	
Firewood	55 0	
Salt, Sambhar { Wholesale . . . . .	...
{ Retail	2 2	
Gur	9 0	
Cotton (unginned)	5 0	
Bejhar	13 0	

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food-grains, etc., in the mart at the head-quarters of the Province of Delhi, during the fortnight ending 15th November 1918.

Items.	Wholesale price in Rupees.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	
Rice, unhusked	3 8 0	
„ husked	6 11 0	
Wheat	3 12 0	
Barley	3 0 0	
Oats . . . . .	...
Jowar	2 10 6	
Lajra	3 8 0	
Maize	3 0 0	
Gram	3 0 0	
Arhar, Dāl	3 12 0	
Linseed	9 0 0	
Rapeseed (Sarshaf)	6 0 0	
Poppyseed . . . . .	...
Til (Jinjili seed)	9 8 0	
Sugar (raw), Gur	4 0 0	
Cotton (cleaned)	20 8 0	
Cotton seed	2 8 0	
Ghi	55 0 0	
Flour (wheat)	4 3 0	
Tobacco leaf (dry)	7 0 0	
Turmeric (unground)	10 0 0	
Salt	1 12 0	
Raw hides (cow)	35 0 0	
Bran	2 0 0	
Grass (dry)	1 2 3	
Bhusa	1 2 3	
Jowar stalks (dry)	1 2 3	
Kerosene oil (per tin, stating the brand)	2 2 0	
Plough bullocks, per pair	150 0 0	
Sheep, per score	80 0 0	
Bejhar	3 0 0	

No. 8659-Home.—The following returns of births and deaths in large municipal towns and rural areas in the Province of Delhi for the month of October 1913, are published for information :—

Births registered during the month of October 1913.

Names of Towns and Rural Circles of the District.	CHRISTIANS.			HINDUS.			MUHAMMADANS.			OTHER CLASSES.			TOTAL.			REMARKS.
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
Delhi	3	5	8	297	285	582	280	277	557	...	...	...	580	567	1,147	
Notified Area . . . . .			...	11	21	13	1	2	3	...	...	...	12	4	16	
TOTAL OF TOWNS	3	5	8	308	287	595	281	279	560	...	...	...	592	571	1,163	
RURAL CIRCLES—																
Alipur . . . . .	...	...	...	108	121	229	16	7	23	...	...	...	124	128	252	
Nangloi . . . . .	...	...	...	78	67	145	2	4	6	...	...	...	80	71	151	
Najafgarh . . . . .	...	...	...	152	136	288	17	23	40	...	...	...	169	159	328	
Sabzimandi . . . . .	...	...	...	10	3	13	1	...	1	...	...	...	11	3	14	
Paharganj . . . . .	...	...	...	21	12	33	11	7	18	...	...	...	32	19	51	
Mehrauli . . . . .	...	...	...	73	68	141	29	19	48	...	...	...	102	87	189	
TOTAL OF RURAL CIRCLES . . . . .	...	...	...	442	407	849	76	60	136	...	...	...	518	467	985	
TOTAL OF TOWNS	3	5	8	308	287	595	281	279	560	...	...	...	592	571	1,163	
TOTAL OF THE DISTRICT	3	5	8	750	694	1,444	357	339	696	...	...	...	1,110	1,038	2,148	

Deaths registered according to age during the month of October 1913.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	Classes of born dead.													
Names of Towns and Rural Circles.	AGES OF DEATH.																														
	Total of all ages.																														
	Total of upwards.																														
Under one year.	1-5		5-10		10-15		15-20		20-30		30-40		40-50		50-60		Total of all ages, including born dead.	Born dead.		Total of all ages, including born dead.											
Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.		Females.	Males.		Females.										
Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.		Females.	Males.		Females.										
TOWNS.																															
Delhi	111	114	48	54	12	13	6	10	5	15	34	14	27	26	34	24	35	22	53	40	368	382	428	446	70	61	2	56	76	..	
Notified Area	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	2	1	1	1	..	..	1	1	5	8	5	8	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total of Towns	112	115	48	55	12	13	6	11	9	15	34	14	28	27	35	25	35	22	54	41	373	390	433	454	70	64	2	56	76	..	
RURAL CIRCLES.																															
Allpur	16	13	3	7	2	2	1	3	2	..	5	2	2	1	3	5	7	3	10	4	51	40	52	40	1	..	..	..	1	..
Nangloi	11	16	4	3	3	2	1	1	..	1	1	4	4	4	2	2	4	1	2	2	32	36	33	36	1	..	..	..	1	..
Najafgarh	28	18	8	11	2	..	3	..	4	5	2	2	5	..	2	3	5	3	8	9	67	51	68	13	1	2	..	..	3	..
Subsimundi	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	1	1	..	2	..	..	8	3	8	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Paharganj	6	3	4	3	2	1	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	..	1	2	..	1	..	17	11	17	11	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mehraulti	16	7	6	6	..	3	1	..	1	1	2	6	3	5	2	5	3	3	4	4	35	40	38	41	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total of Rural Circles	79	57	26	31	9	8	6	4	7	8	11	16	17	12	10	16	23	10	25	19	213	181	216	153	3	2	..	..	5	..
Total of Towns	112	115	48	55	12	13	6	11	9	15	34	14	28	27	35	25	35	22	54	41	373	390	433	454	70	64	2	56	76	..	
Total of Towns and Rural Circles	191	172	74	86	21	21	12	15	16	23	45	32	45	39	45	51	58	32	79	60	586	571	619	637	73	66	2	56	81	..	
TOTAL OF BOTH SEXES	363	360	160	160	42	42	27	39	39	39	117	84	84	96	96	90	90	139	139	1,157	1,206	1,399	1,399	256	256	81	81

The 22nd November 1913.

No. 8682-Home.—Mr. N. L. Keith Wilson assumed charge of his duties as Assistant Superintendent of Police, Delhi, on the forenoon of the 6th November 1913.

The 25th November 1913.

No. 8742-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned municipal towns in the province of Delhi for the week ending 15th November 1913, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17			
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.												Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of Births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of Deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.					
	Delhi . .	230,471	114	104	218	82	63	145	...	...	...	119	1	12	..	13	2	27	15	42	51.6	35.4
	Notified Area.	...	1	2	3	5	1	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	
	Total . .	...	115	106	221	87	64	151	...	...	...	125	1	12	...	13	2	28	15	43	...	...	

No. 8744-Home.—The following return of deaths registered in the province of Delhi during the half month ending 15th November 1913 is published for information :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Names of Towns and Rural Circles in the District.	Deaths registered in previous half month.	Total in present half month.	Death registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age.	
			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.
P. S. Alipar	51	55	...	...	...	35	...	15	...	...	5	2	10	7
Nangloi	34	41	...	...	...	34	...	7	...	...	...	...	11	6
Najafgarh	63	64	...	2	...	38	1	21	...	...	2	1	11	6
Subzimundi	9	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Paharganj	24	8	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1
Mehrauli	40	50	...	1	...	32	1	14	...	...	2	...	5	2
Total of the District .	221	222	...	3	...	149	2	59	...	...	9	3	42	22

By order,
G. F. DEMONTMORENCY,
Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Statement of Unclaimed Sums deposited with the Bengal Military Orphan Society in trust for Soldiers' Children, exclusive of those of minors who have not attained the age of 21.

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.
				Rs. A. P.
Prior to 1842	Collins, —, Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Two children	157 14 1
"	Lee, E., Corporal . . . . .	.....	Two children	111 9 6
"	Smith, Henry, Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Elizabeth	828 0 0
"	Smith, D., Sergeant-Major . . . . .	.....	Margaret	78 6 5
"	Story, —, Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Thomas	117 5 4
"	MacConnell, Sergeant . . . . .	.....	John	77 15 3
"	Rutherford, Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Margaret	138 10 8
"	Hewatson, William, Gunner . . . . .	.....	John	47 5 7
"	Taylor, John, Private . . . . .	.....	John	214 11 1
"	Conroy, Peter, Corporal . . . . .	.....	Thomas	274 14 6
"	McCullum, —, Conductor . . . . .	.....	John	354 6 10
"	Gordon, James	59th Foot	James	589 2 2
"	Casey, Jeremiah	87th Foot	Daniel	109 12 4
"	Corbolly, Thomas, Private	59th Foot	Samuel	62 12 3
"	Cassidy, —, Corporal . . . . .	.....	John	61 3 9
"	Hyde, Henry, Conductor . . . . .	.....	Thomas	187 1 10
"	Hedgkinson, E., Troop Sergeant-Major	11th Dragoons	William	64 8 0
"	Anderson, William, Corporal	H. C. 1st En. Regt.	Mary Anne Margaret	124 11 6
"	White, W., Private	3rd Buffs	George and Mary Anne	13 13 9
"	Minogue, T., Private	3rd Buffs	Thomas	23 11 0
"	Taylor, John, Bombardier . . . . .	.....	Elizabeth	43 0 0
"	Neal, James, Private	59th Foot	James	43 0 0
"	Sherrock, J., Corporal . . . . .	.....	Joseph	160 0 0
"	Moore, Bombardier . . . . .	.....	Dorothy	5 9 5
"	Lawson, Henry, Laboratory Sergeant . . . . .	.....	George	11 8 2
"	Creighton, James, Corporal	13th L. Infy.	Mary Ann	16 12 0
"	McCoy, —, Sub-Conductor . . . . .	.....	John and George	958 3 2
"	Long, R., Sergeant	Allahabad Magazine Establishment	Ann and Robert D.	137 3 9
"	Baker, H., Gunner	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	James	32 1 4
"	Hills, —, Gunner	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Sophia	30 1 1
"	Burns, James, Gunner	Artillery	Hannah	10 6 9
"	McKenney, R., Bombardier	1st Co., 4th Bn. Arty.	Ann Eliza	134 6 5
"	Smith, J., Gunner	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Margaret	6 6 5
"	Byrne, F., Hospital Sergeant	2nd Bn., Arty.	Charles	123 13 4
"	Flynn, J., Gunner	3rd Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Elizabeth	6 1 4
"	Fagan, J., Gunner	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Mary and James	11 12 9
"	Johnson, C., Gunner	1st Co., 5th Bn. Arty.	William	3 0 6
"	Twoomey, M., Gunner	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Michael, William and Margaret	21 2 11
"	Ahern, William, Gunner	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	John	65 11 9
"	McCormick, J., Gunner	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Bernard	116 10 9
"	Gavin, J., Gunner	2nd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Thomas and James	189 3 6
"	Bryan, D., Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Mortimer	12 10 11
"	Reid, —, Sergeant	Sappers and Miners	Eleanor and Eunice	68 6 5
"	South, —, Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Elizabeth Martha	310 0 0
"	Cunningham, Mathew, Private	44th Foot	Michael	37 14 6
"	Blyth, John, Conductor . . . . .	.....	Children (names not recorded).	12 12 3
"	Smith, T., Sergeant . . . . .	.....	Esther and Amelia	23 15 0
"	Pierce, Qr. Mr. Sergeant	20th N. I.	Thomas	711 15 2
"	Driver, J., Sergeant-Major . . . . .	.....	Robert Charles and John	141 7 1
"	Davis, D., Farrier Sergeant	4th Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Thomas	23 15 2
"	Canty, John, Bombardier	3rd Co., 4th Bn. Arty.	John (died, 11th May 1842).	272 2 8
June 29, 1853	(Not recorded) . . . . .	.....	Bryan, Margaret, and William	53 8 3
" 29, 1849	(Not recorded) . . . . .	.....	Daly Robert	23 9 1
Mar. 24, 1843	Nowlon, L., Farrier Sergeant	4th Troop, 2nd B. H. A.	Ellen	112 9 0
Apl. 3, 1843	Farrel, James, Gunner	2nd Co., 5th Bn. Arty.	Charlotte	4 2 8
" 3, 1843	Roach, Edward, Private	1st En. Lt. Infy.	David and Austel	7 13 3
Mar. 9, 1843	Sheahan, B., Gunner	3rd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	John and Patrick	2 1 8
June 21, 1844	Evaus, George, Sergeant	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Mary Ann and Catherine	19 14 9
Sept. 19, 1844	Andrews, —, Private	44th Foot	George	200 0 0
Oct. 30, 1887	Ward, J., Gunner	O. Batty., 3rd Bde., R.A.	Julia	277 11 11
Dec. 31, 1887	Bunn, T., Gunner	G. Batty., B. Bde., R.H.A.	(William Thomas	63 9 8
			(James John	63 9 8

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.
Mar. 29, 1888	Oxford, W., Private	2nd Royal Lanc. Regt.	A., L., A. and J. T.	Rs. A. P. 27 3 2
Nov. 16, 1844	Gale, —, Private	10th Foot	John Thomas	28 12 0
" 20, 1844	Sullivan, John, Bombardier	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	John	130 0 0
Jan. 6, 1845	Monaghan, Michael, Sergeant	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	James	156 12 5
" 15, 1845	Godfrey, —, Sergeant-Major	.....	Harriett M. and James.	31 14 1
Feb. 14, 1845	Fry, —, Bugle Major	6th Bn. of Arty.	James	12 6 9
" 3, 1842	Wilson	.....	Sophia, Thomas and Elizabeth.	204 7 8
" ... 1842	McCarthy, Qr. Mr. Sergeant	.....	John	61 2 3
" 14, 1845	Hannoo, J., Drummer	68th Regt., N. Infy.	Mary	28 8 3
July 7, 1845	Hay, A., Sergeant-Major	.....	Thomas	101 5 4
" 9, 1845	Meaney, John, Sergeant-Major	2nd Bde., H. Arty.	Henry and James	292 15 8
" 9, 1845	Murphy, Thomas, Bombardier	2nd Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty.	Ellen	77 4 11
" 9, 1845	Fate, William, Staff Sergeant	4th Co., 15th Bn. of Arty.	Catherine Ann	167 15 5
" 9, 1845	Daley, Owen, Gunner	3rd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	Owen	7 1 7
Sept. 1, 1845	Ryan, —, Sergeant	.....	Julia B. and George J	120 13 0
Aug. 8, 1846	McEnerney, Thomas, Sub-Conductor.	.....	Hannah	152 0 9
" ...	Glasscan, John, Corporal	.....	Ellen Sarah	66 10 3
" ...	Ridley, Henry, Gunner	.....	Henry	34 9 3
Oct. 16, 1846	Lewis, Thomas, Gunner	Arty.	Thomas	20 5 3
July 6, 1847	Dobbins, Francis, Gunner	.....	Martha	83 3 6
" 19, 1847	Lunn, Adam, Farrier	.....	Adam T. and John	79 14 0
" 19, 1847	Clarke, William, Bombardier	1st Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty.	Not recorded	104 10 8
" 19, 1847	Prince, W., Sergeant	1st Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Ditto	125 15 10
Jan. 11, 1848	Byrnes, —, Corporal	.....	Maria	59 0 0
July 6, 1848	Braithwaite, W., Staff Sergeant.	.....	C. William and William H.	148 3 5
Oct. 16, 1848	Butcher, H., Sergeant-Major	Sirmoor Bn.	Johannah, Frederick and David Edwin.	99 6 1
May 9, 1849	Sheehan, P., Private	2nd En. Regt.	James	36 5 6
June 2, 1849	Moore, Benjamin, Private	1st En. B. F.	Sarah C.	9 8 4
" 2, 1849	Crowley, Charles, Private	1st En. B. F.	John	7 6 0
Oct. 12, 1849	Doore, W., Conductor	.....	Emeline	50 0 0
Nov. 21, 1849	Mogot, —, Sergeant-Major	.....	George	69 14 4
Feb. 18, 1850	Boote, Daniel, Gunner	1st Co., 4th Bn. of Arty.	James and another	26 3 5
June 29, 1850	Unick, Patrick, Sergeant	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty.	John and another	29 15 0
Aug. 19, 1850	Sheehan, P., Gunner	Arty.	Patrick	23 5 6
Oct. 29, 1850	Lees, James, Corporal	2nd En. Regt.	Elizabeth	25 14 6
Nov. 4, 1852	Hodgins, Adam, Gunner	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	William	9 11 11
Feb. 1, 1853	Edwards, Michael, Sergeant	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	Jane and Bridget	36 5 9
Apl. 21, 1853	Staples, Edward, Sergeant	Sappers and Miners	E. W. H.	97 2 6
Sept. 13, 1853	Brown, Michael, Sergeant	Arracan Bn.	John	49 10 3
Jan. 24, 1854	Galway, Robert, Bombardier	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty.	William	206 1 2
" 18, 1855	Munrowd, George, Sub-Conductor.	Ordnance Dept.	Georgiana	61 10 3
Sept. 24, 1855	Franks, G., Bazar Sergeant	.....	Mary Harriet	283 1 11
Oct. 15, 1857	Earle, Edward, Sergeant	Calcutta Town Guard	William Edward	209 14 0
Dec. 4, 1860	MacDonnel, John, Private	97th Foot	Charles	25 15 6
June ... 1862	Keddie, J., Private	2nd En. B. F.	Jane and James	86 0 0
July 22, 1863	Lawton, William, Color-Sergeant.	24th Foot	William and Joseph	152 14 2
Jan. 25, 1864	Jones, John, Gunner	G. Battery, 22nd Bde., Royal Arty.	Henrietta Dalzell	39 5 10
Mar. 10, 1864	Anderson, William, Gunner	(5th Bn., 25th Bde., Royal Arty.	Duncan	35 4 11
May 19, 1864	Rowland, J., Private	2nd Dragoon Guards	Sophia M. and Elizabeth Ann.	8 0 0
June 25, 1866	Mead, William, Bombardier	4-25th Royal Arty.	Mary and Thomas	4 0 0
Oct. 9, 1871	York, R., Sergeant	Arty.	Henry J.	21 1 4
May 8, 1884	Claydon, Daniel, Color-Sergeant.	2nd Lanc. Fus.	Thomas Patrick	60 0 0
July 6, 1887	Simons, J., Lance-Corporal	{ 2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt.	John Thomas	176 15 1
June 2, 1888				
Sept. 7, 1888	Hyland, M., Drummer	{ 2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt.	Patrick, Emily Matilda and Rosanna.	558 9 8
Apl. 11, 1889				
Aug. 31, 1889	Neil, Thomas, Color-Sergt.	2nd West York Regt.	Alfred William and Joseph Thomas.	399 3 7
Nov. 26, 1889	Foster, G., Private	2nd West York Regt.	George E. Ernest	113 13 9

Application for payment of the deposits should be made to the Controller of Military Accounts, Eastern Circle, Lucknow.

M. E. L. BRUCE, Major,

Deputy Controller, 8th (Lucknow) Division, and *ex-officio* Secretary, Military Orphan Schools.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,

8TH (LUCKNOW) DIVISION,

Lucknow, the 8th November 1913.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 25th November 1913.

No. 1987.—The following reversion of an officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade Military Accounts Department, is made with effect from the date specified :—

From the 14th November 1913, the date of Captain E. S. J. Anderson's return from privilege leave.

Mr. V. R. Kalyanasundram, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to his own grade.

No. 1988-G.—The following officiating appointments and reversions of officers of the Military Accounts Department are made with effect from the dates specified :—

I. From the 2nd November 1913, the date of Major F. W. Bagshawe's return from leave out of India.

Major F. W. Bagshawe, Military Accountant, 2nd class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 1st class.

Major D. A. E. Will, Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 2nd class.

Major M. E. L. Bruce, Military Accountant, 4th class, and officiating Military Accountant, 2nd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain H. N. F. MacDonnel, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, and officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain C. W. Butler, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 4th class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

Captain P. Ashfield, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.

II. From the 11th November 1913, the date of Colonel T. A. Harrison's resuming charge of his duties as Controller of Military Supply Accounts.

Major G. S. Sheppard, Military Accountant, 1st class, and officiating Controller of Military Accounts, to revert to Military Accountant, 1st class.

Major H. G. W. Chandler, Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to Military Accountant, 2nd class.

Major K. H. Jackson, Military Accountant, 4th class, and officiating Military Accountant, 2nd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain H. C. Szczepanski, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, and officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain S. G. V. Ellis, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 4th class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

Captain R. H. S. Whitechurch, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class sub. *pro tem.*, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, sub. *pro tem.*

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

THE CO MISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.***FORM B.**

NOTICE UNDER SECTION 6 OF THE TALUKDARS LOAN REGULATION (II OF 1911).

Ajmer, the 19th November 1913.

Whereas Bhumia Tej Nath Singh of Harmara and Tilornia has applied for a loan under this Regulation, all persons having claims against the said Bhumia Tej Nath Singh or his immoveable property are called upon to submit a statement of the same in writing in Form C below, to the Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, within six months from the date of the publication of this notice.

Every claim against the applicant or his immoveable property (other than a claim on the part of the Government) not submitted to the Commissioner in compliance with this notice, shall, save in the cases provided for by sections 6 and 13 of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, be deemed for all purposes and on all occasions to have been duly discharged, unless in any suit or proceeding instituted by the claimant or by any person claiming under him in respect of any such claim, it is proved to the satisfaction of the Court that he was unable to comply with the directions contained in this notice.

Every claim so admitted by the Court shall, notwithstanding any law, contract, decree or award to the contrary, cease to carry interest after the expiry of six months from the date of the publication of this notice.

2. With effect from the date of the publication of this notice, the consequences prescribed in sections 7, 8, 16, 17, 18 of the Regulation, a copy of which is published herewith, shall also ensue.

Copy of Sections 7, 8, 16, 17, and 18.

7. With effect from the date of the publication of a notice under section 6, sub-section (1), the following consequences shall ensue, namely :—

- (a) the applicant shall be incompetent to transfer or create any charge on, or interest in, his property or any part thereof, or to enter into a contract which may involve him in any pecuniary liability ; and
- (b) all suits and proceedings in any Civil Court in respect of any claim against the applicant shall be stayed, and no fresh suit or proceeding shall be instituted in respect of any such claim in any Civil Court.

8. Nothing in section 7, clause (a), shall—

- (a) apply to debts due for liabilities incurred to Government,
- (b) apply to debts or liabilities which are incurred for necessities for the maintenance of the applicant or his family, or for the due observance of funeral and other ceremonies to the extent approved by the Commissioner, or
- (c) affect the capacity of the applicant to enter into a contract of marriage,

provided that he shall not incur in connection with such contract of marriage any pecuniary liability except such as the Commissioner, having regard to the personal law to which he is subject, and his rank and circumstances, may, in writing, declare to be reasonable.

16. (1) No suit shall be brought in any Civil Courts against any Talukdar upon any promise made after he has repaid a loan under this Regulation, to pay any debt contracted during the period between the grant and the repayment of such loan, or upon any ratification made after such loan has been repaid of any promise or contract made during such period whether there is or is not any new consideration for such promise or ratification.

(2) Nothing in sub-section (1) shall apply to the debts or liabilities specified in section 8.

17. (1) If any Talukdar to whom a loan has been granted under this Regulation :—

- (a) infringes any condition imposed under section 13, sub-section (1), clause (b), or
- (b) attempts to do any act which, under section 7, clause (a), he is incompetent to do,

the Chief Commissioner may by order in writing declare such Talukdar to be disqualified from managing his own property and such Talukdar shall be deemed to be a landholder who is disqualified to manage his own property within the meaning of the Ajmer Government Wards Regulations, 1888, and the Court of Wards shall thereupon assume the superintendence of the property of such Talukdar.

(2) The Court of Wards shall withdraw its superintendence from any property of which it has assumed superintendence under sub-section (1) as soon as all instalments of the loan have been repaid to Government with the interest thereon.

18. In each of the following cases, namely :—

- (a) when a loan made under section 13 has been repaid to Government with the interest thereon, or
- (b) when the amount so lent with interest has been recovered by the management of the property under section 17, or
- (c) when an order rejecting an application has been passed under section 13, the Commissioner shall notify, in the *Gazette of India* and in such other manner as the Chief Commissioner may, by special or general order, direct, that the Talukdar has ceased to be subject to the disabilities mentioned in section 7, with effect from the date of the publication of such notification.

A. T. HOLME, I.C.S.,
Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara

FORM C.

UNDER SECTION 9 OF THE AJMER TALUKDARS LOAN REGULATION (II OF 1911).

[illegible]

THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA IN THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Ajmer, the 19th November 1913.

Notification under section 6 of Act I of 1894.

No. 1724-C.-S.—The land designated below being required for a public purpose declaration is made accordingly.

District	Parganah.	Mauza.	Approximate area.	For what purpose.	Authority.	REMARKS.
Ajmer	Ajmer	Ajmer	<p>0.009 acre of Gangaram, with building standing thereon.</p> <p>0.147 acre belonging to the Ajmer Municipality.</p> <p>0.156 acre Total.</p> <p align="center"><i>Boundaries.</i></p> <p><i>North.</i>—Carriage and Wagon Shops.</p> <p><i>South.</i>—Carriage and Wagon Timber Yard.</p> <p><i>East.</i>—Railway Road.</p> <p><i>West.</i>—Railway line to Nasirabad.</p>	Required for the extension of the Carriage and Wagon Shops.	Letter No. 13011-W-308, dated 13th August 1913, from the Agent, R., B. & C. I. Railway, to the Secretary to the Agent to the Governor General in the P. W. D., Rajputana.	The plan can be seen in the office of the Executive Engineer, R. M. Railway, at Ajmer.

This declaration is made under section 6 of Act I of 1894 (Land Acquisition), and under section 7 of that Act the Collector is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the land specified above.

H. C. SANDERS,

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara,
in the P. W. D., Rajputana.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL
AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 15th November 1913.

No. 4050-R.—Under the provisions of Article 465 of the Civil Service Regulations and with effect from the afternoon of the 10th November 1913, Diwan Udhe Dass, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 4th grade, and Treasury Officer, Quetta, is permitted to retire from the public service.

No. 4051-R.—On the expiry of the privilege leave granted to him in this Office Order No. 3566, dated the 29th September 1913, Mr. J. W. N. Cumming, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd grade, is posted as Extra Assistant Commissioner and Treasury Officer, Quetta.

By order,

T. W. HAIG, Lieut.-Col.,
First Assistant.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
AJMER-MERWARA.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Dated Mount Abu, the 20th November 1913.

No. 1746-1093.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Honourable the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following amendments in conditions 1 and 3 of license Form F appended to the Ajmer-Merwara Petroleum Rules issued in this office Notification No. 1530-1093, dated the 14th October 1909 :—

Condition 1.—Add the following words at the beginning of the condition :—

“ When not carried in a receptacle forming part of a motor-vehicle.”

Condition 3.—Delete the words “ not forming part of a motor-vehicle.”

No. 1752-390.—First Grade Assistant Surgeon Nand Lal, attached to the Victoria Hospital at Ajmer, is promoted to the senior grade of Assistant Surgeons and will draw pay at the rate of Rs.300 a month.

By order,

H. GOUGH, Major,

First Assistant to the Hon'ble the
Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

**PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT SECRETARIAT.
DELHI PROVINCE.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 25th November 1913.

TRANSFER.

No. 775-E.—Mr. H. J. Bell, Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the 5th Project Division, which he left on the forenoon of the 22nd July 1913, to the Office of the Superintendent of Works, 1st Circle, which he joined at the same time.

Mr. Bell remained attached to the latter office as Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Works till the afternoon of the 19th September 1913.

ERRATUM.

No. 778-E.—In Public Works Department Notification No. 409-E., dated the 30th September 1913, regarding the transfer of Mr. H. J. Bell, Assistant Engineer, for the words “ from the Vth Project Division ” read “ from the Office of the Superintendent of Works, 1st Circle.”

H. T. KEELING,

Secretary, Public Works Department, Delhi.

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List No. 1 of 1913, dated 30th June 1913, of Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. 1s. (1a.)

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. VI (Index of Cases) Edition 1913. Super-Royal. 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 6 or 9s. (10a.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Classification and Uses of Finger Prints (Fourth Edition) by Sir E. R. Henry, G.C.V.O., K.C.B., C.S.I. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 2 or 2s. (3a.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India, October to December 1913. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Scientific Memoirs New Series, No. 60. Studies on the Mouth Parts and Sucking Apparatus of the Blood Sucking Diptera, No. 4. The Comparative Anatomy of the Proboscis in the blood Sucking Muscidae. Super Royal. 8vo. Board. Rs. 1-2 or 1s. 9d. (5s.)

Indian Educational Policy, 1913. (Being a Resolution issued by the Governor General in Council on the 21st February 1913. Demy 8vo. Cloth. 4s. or 5d. (2s.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

The Indian Forest Records, Vol. V, Part III, Report on the investigation of Savannah Grasses as Material for Production of Paper Pulp. By W. Raitt, F.C.S. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (2s.)

Classified List of Forest Officers of the Imperial and Provincial Services in India and Burma on 1st July 1913. Royal 8vo. Board. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d. (4s.)

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List of Officers in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, Government of India, and in the Departments under its Administrative Control, corrected to 1st July 1913. Royal 8vo. Board. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

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The Quarterly List of the Foreign Department, No. 28, corrected up to the 1st October 1913. Super-Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-8 or 3s. 9d. (4s.)

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Upamitibhayaprapancha Katha. Fasc. 3. Part 2, by Dr. H. Jacobi at As. 10.
Munta Khab-ul Tawarikh, Part 3. Fasc. 2, by Lieutenant-Colonel T. W. Haig at Re. 1.
Kiranavall. Fasc. 3, by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhauma at As. 10.
Sri Surisarvasyam. Fasc. 1, by Jagannath Misra at As. 10.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 10, by Rai Sarat Chandra Das Bahadur at Re. 1.
Samarajicca Kaha. Fasc. 5, by Dr. H. Jacobi at As. 10.
Saduktikaranamrita. Fasc. 1, by Ramavatara Sarma at As. 10.
Smriti Prokas. Fasc. 1, by M. M. Sadasiva Misra at As. 10.
Amar Tika Kamadhenuh, by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at Re. 1.

**LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1913.**

Monthly Weather Review, November 1912 to April 1913. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1 per month.
Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VI. By G. C. Simpson, D.Sc. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. 8a.
Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VII. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S., and Rai Bahadur Hem Raj. Quarto. Paper cover. 8a.
Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXII, Part I. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. Quarto. Paper cover. Re.1-8.

**LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.**

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXII, Part II. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1-8.
Monthly Weather Review, May 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates). Quarto. Paper cover. Price Re. 1.
Monthly Weather Review, June 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price Re. 1.

**LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA
DURING THE WEEK ENDING 22ND NOVEMBER 1913.**

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume V, Memoir No. 1 C. Diener, Ph. D. Triassic Faunae of Kashmir (with plates I to XIII) Rs. 3-4.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. B-030841, B-030842 and B-030843 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rupees one hundred each originally standing in the name of Saporjee Sorabjee and last endorsed to Dinshaw D. Romer and Meherbai D. Romer, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned Securities.

Name of the Advertiser—DINSHAW D. ROMER,

Residence—Humum Street, Bombay.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

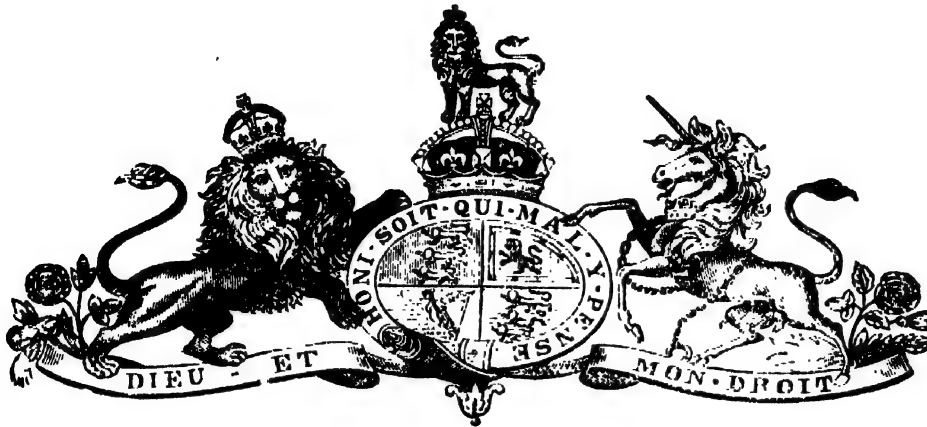
IN THE GOODS OF CHARLES EDWARD McEWAN, DECEASED.

Pursuant to Sections 320 of Act X of 1865 and 42 of Act XXVIII of 1866 all persons having claims against the estate of Charles Edward McEwan deceased who was formerly Manager of Kumlai Tea Estate, Doars and who died at the Great Eastern Hotel, Calcutta, on 9th September 1913 intestate and to whose estate Letters of Administration were granted to Frank Ernest McEwan of 22 Strand Road, Calcutta, on 17th November 1913 by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal are hereby required to submit particulars in writing of their claims with vouchers attached to the said Frank Ernest McEwan on or before the 30th December 1913 after which date no claims will be admitted and the Estate will be distributed. All persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make payment of their respective debts without delay.

FRANK ERNEST McEWAN,

Administrator to the Estate of Charles Edward McEwan, deceased.

Dated this 24th day of November 1913.



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 48. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1913.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, of which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE SECOND HALF OF
OCTOBER 1913 OF :**

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
RAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE
GRAM

ARHAR DÁL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)
SALT

TOBACCO
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA (WHITE)
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		BAGI
	1918	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1918	1912	1918	1912	1918	1912	1918	1912	
Burma*—															
<i>Tenasserim—</i>															
Mergui . . .	...	...	40	38.55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	25.91	37.43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . .	...	...	35.75	51.61	55.65	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>															
Rangoon . . .	...	...	37.87	47.06	51.61	49.23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . .	...	...	38.55	45.71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	...	...	36.99	44.44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>															
Henzada . . .	...	...	38.79	57.14	70.19	67.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . .	...	...	38.32	37.21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>															
Mandalay . . .	...	...	35.75	48.85	48.48	46.38	...	...	...	...	22.38	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	40	58.72	...	...	...	...	...	...	22.38	22.38	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>															
Akyab . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam*—															
<i>Surma—</i>															
Balaganj (Sylhet)	27.5	22.5	40.25	41.87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>															
Goalpara . . .	31.25	20	55	33.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . .	25	15	53.75	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Chittagong . . .	25	25	43.12	47.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	...	...	57.5 to 65	45	46.25	28.75 to 41.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>															
Calcutta . . .	...	...	62.5	53.75	45	36.25	...	...	32.5	30	35	37.5	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Bardwan . . .	...	...	42.5 to 47.5	44.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . .	...	...	57.5	41.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Pabna . . .	35	23.75	57.5	12.19	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . .	30	20	75	45	45	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa*—															
<i>Bihar, north—</i>															
Bhagalpur . . .	...	...	53.12	48.12	45	36.87	...	...	28.75	25.62	...	25.62	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . .	...	...	57.19	50	40	36.25	...	...	26.56	28.59	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>															
Patna . . .	...	...	41.25	46.87	33.12	36.25	...	...	18.75	25	24.37	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>															
Cuttack . . .	...	...	44.79	38.07	38.07	38.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provin- ces*—															
<i>(a) AGRA—</i>															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Benares . . .	25.31	25.31	55.10	46.98	37.97	34.58	42.81	39.32	25.81	27.5	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Cawnpore . . .	26.87	21.04	50	40	40	32.66	50	36.35	30	25.42	28.12	21.93	30	25.78	...
Jhansi . . .	...	...	54.37	55.16	36.56	37	...	...	31.25	25.78	31.25	24.53	...	25.47	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Meerut . . .	30.78	...	61.56	53.28	38.12	31.41	42.03	37.19	28.59	25.78	30.78	...	34.84	...	...
Agra . . .	57.13	47.08	59.22	50	39.01	33.33	67.4	40.62	33.33	26.67	31.98	26.07	33.03	26.67	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>															
Shahjahanpur . . .	33.75	26.56	95	...	42.5	31.41	47.5	35.62	32.5	24.37	...	...	...	24.06	...
<i>(b) OUDH—</i>															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Lucknow . . .	...	23.54	47.03	44.43	40	32.6	47.03	38.12	31.98	25	28.59	...	31.98	23.54	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Fyzabad . . .	28.75	22.81	51.25	46.87	35.62	33.12	...	...	26.72	25.31	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAGI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DÁL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPESEED		DISTRICTS
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
...	Burma—
...	61.54	61.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Tenasserim—</i>
...	40.76	40.76	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Mergui</i>
...	<i>Tavoy</i>
...	37.21	34.41	50.39	48.12	54.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Moulmein and</i>
...	45.07	51.61	51.61	51.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Amherst</i>
...	46.38	47.06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>
...	39.02	49.61	55.17	52.46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Rangoon</i>
...	<i>Manbin</i>
...	<i>Bassein</i>
...	39.02	49.61	55.17	52.46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>
...	<i>Henzada</i>
...	<i>Toungoo</i>
...	17.11	21.26	34.41	32.49	54.7	51.61	57.66	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Upper Burma—</i>
...	25	31.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Mandalay</i>
...	44.44	44.44	57.14	57.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Pakokku</i>
...	<i>Arakan—</i>
...	<i>Akyab</i>
...	Assam—
...	<i>Surma—</i>
...	<i>Balaganj (Sylhet)</i>
...	57.5	60	<i>Brahmaputra—</i>
...	60	60.87	<i>Goalpara</i>
...	<i>Gauhati</i>
...	52.5	50	...	...	...	...	65	100	65	75	Bengal—
...	52.5	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	68.75	<i>Eastern—</i>
...	<i>Chittagong</i>
...	35	...	35	32.5	47.5	37.5	35	27.5	...	...	52.5	75	65	62.5	<i>Dacca</i>
...	{ 31.25 to 37.5 }	32.5	48.12	38.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	{ 52.5 to 67.5 }	62.5	<i>Deltaic—</i>
...	50	72.5	{ 67.5 and 73.75 }	{ 67.5 and 80 }	<i>Calcutta</i>
...	50	...	...	...	...	...	47.5	...	62.5	70	<i>Western—</i>
...	45	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	60	<i>Bardwan</i>
...	<i>Midnapur</i>
...	<i>Northern—</i>
...	<i>Fabna</i>
...	<i>Rangpur</i>
...	Bihar and Orissa—
...	28.75	24.37	29.06	31.25	45	39.37	37.5	22.5	...	...	50	70	{ 50 and 57.5 }	{ 50 and 62.5 }	<i>Bihar, north—</i>
...	30.78	26.56	30.78	26.56	44.37	36.25	36.25	26.56	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Bhagalpur</i>
22.19	24.37	25	22.5	26.56	30	38.12	25	20	...	...	60	70	60	70	<i>Muzaffarpur</i>
...	38.07	38.07	50.78	44.22	35.94	38.07	...	...	...	...	75	76.15	<i>Bihar, south—</i>
...	<i>Patna</i>
...	<i>Orissa—</i>
...	<i>Cuttack</i>
...	23.7	...	28.96	26.35	48.12	35.52	...	...	...	...	56.41	...	53.02	60.36	United Provinces—
...	28.75	19.48	32.5	21.93	45	31.98	50	32.66	22.5	18.59	52.5	59.22	55	53.33	<i>(a) AGRA—</i>
...	29.22	18.91	32.07	21.87	...	...	...	...	28.75	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Eastern—</i>
...	30.78	21.09	30.16	22.61	40	30.78	50	26.72	...	...	60	55.16	57.08	...	<i>Benares</i>
...	31.98	...	32.66	21.04	42.03	34.70	50	44.43	25.78	22.81	55.16	80	57.13	{ 61.56 and 47.08 }	<i>Central—</i>
...	...	18.12	36.25	21.87	46.25	30	...	...	23.12	20	50	66.56	57.5	60	<i>Cawnpore</i>
...	26.67	19.06	33.33	22.24	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	61.51	63.91	61.51	<i>Jhānsi</i>
...	24.37	19.06	30.78	21.25	...	35.94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Western—</i>
...	<i>Meerut</i>
...	<i>Submontane, west—</i>
...	<i>Shahjahanpur</i>
...	<i>(b) OUDH—</i>
...	<i>Southern—</i>
...	<i>Lucknow</i>
...	<i>Northern—</i>
...	<i>Fyzabad</i>

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912
Burma—														
<i>Tenasserim—</i>														
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	581-82	581-82	...	...	17-16	20-58	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	581-82	581-82	...	...	20-51	20-51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . . . .	...	...	457-14	457-14	...	...	15-76	16-89	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>														
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	581-82	581-82	...	...	18-29	18-55	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	581-82	581-82	...	...	28-44	27-86	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	640	492-31	...	...	22-86	22-86	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>														
Henzada . . . . .	...	...	533-33	492-31	...	...	22-86	21-19	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	24-81	24-81	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>														
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	533-33	533-33	...	...	22-61	23-44	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	711-11	711-11	...	...	22-54	22-54	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>														
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	533-33	533-33	...	...	29-63	30-77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—														
<i>Surma—</i>														
Balaganj (Sylhet) . . . . .	...	...	580	520	65	60	20	18-75	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>														
Goalparr . . . . .	...	...	540	480	70	60	20	22-5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ganhati . . . . .	...	...	540	525	80	85	27-5	27-5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	550	490	70	65	17-5	16-25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	600	490	82-5	72-5	22-5	21-25	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>														
Calcutta	66-25	75	540	480	55	50	16-87	18-75	63-75	67-5	...	...	22-5	15
<i>Western—</i>														
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	510	480	{ 60 to 65 }	60	1-87	19-37	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	{ 550 to 600 }	{ 500 to 550 }	71	77-5	20	19-06	{ 120 and 130 }	{ 90 and 100 }	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>														
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	555	510	56-25	50	21-25	22-5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	560	540	82-5	60	22-5	22-5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihaar and Orissa—														
<i>Bihaar, north—</i>														
Bhagalpur	8-0	80	540	480	50	47-5	19-69	19-06	120	100	...	...	...	...
Musaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	492-5	457-5	50	40	20-94	22-19	266-56	266-56	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihaar, south—</i>														
Patna	66-25	65	490	420	45	40	20	20-62	20	20	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>														
Cuttack	75	76-15	609-37	476-15	60-88	47-6	16-25	16-87	92-34	69-9	...	...	5	5
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Benares	68-67	81-41	510-26	488-91	47-34	45-36	24-53	23-7	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Cawnpore	{ 80 and 90 }	100	510	492-29	42-5	51-61	17-5	17-76	130	75	90	102-5	...	...
Jhansi	77-97	61-56	441-25	441-56	...	50	19-69	20	110	...	133-33	...	4-53	...
<i>Western—</i>														
Meerut	89-37	...	533-28	533-28	55-16	60-78	17-03	17-34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	94-11	88-91	492-29	495-21	57-13	57-13	17-76	17-4	105	90	125	127-5	11-41	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>														
Shahjahanpur	80	68-91	485	480	70	61-56	20	20	180	180	{ 70 and 100 }	{ 120 and 130 }	...	...
(b) OUEH—														
<i>Southern—</i>														
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	485	505	...	...	20-94	20-94	...	...	90	115	3-75	3-12
<i>Northern—</i>														
Fyzabad . . . . .	...	...	510	450	40	35	20-62	20-94	...	...	...	...	...	...

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BHUSA (WHITE)		BEAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
...	14.19	21.26	...	...	...	...	4.5	...	Burma—
...	11.9	11.85	...	...	...	...	2	2	Tenasserim—
...	Mergui
...	Tavoy
...	Moulmein and Amherst
...	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	1.81	1.75	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	11.43	14.29	...	...	...	...	1.87	1.75	Bangoon
...	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	Pegu (inland)—
...	2	1.94	Henzada
...	Toungoo
...	28.83	30.92	...	...	...	...	2	2	Upper Burma—
...	Mandalay
...	Pakokku
...	2.25	2.25	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Assam—
...	1.95	1.94	Surma—
...	2.62	2.37	Balaganj (Sylhet)
...	Brahmaputra—
...	2.06	2.06	Goalpara
...	Gauhati
...	Bengal—
...	1.81	1.8	Eastern—
...	2.25	2.09	Chittagong
15	11.25	...	...	...	...	22.5	23.75	...	...	...	...	2.02	2.02	Dacca
...	Deltaic—
10	5	...	...	...	...	22.5	22.5	...	...	...	...	2.27	2.11	Calcutta
5.62	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.14	2.06	Western—
...	Bardwan
...	Midnapur
...	3.12	3.1	Northern—
...	2.37	2.19	Pabna
...	Rangpur
...	21.25	...	...	...	...	...	1.97	2	Bihar and Orissa—
...	6.56	5	15.94	15.94	...	...	...	...	2.03	2.03	Bihar, north—
...	7.5	7.5	17.5	20	...	...	...	...	1.87	2	Bhagalpur
5.62	5.62	...	...	...	...	7.5	6.25	...	...	...	...	2.19	2.06	Musaffarpur
...	Bihar, south—
...	Patna
...	Orissa—
...	Cuttack
...	United Provinces—
...	7.97	23.7	25.26	...	...	...	...	2.75	2.75	(a) AGRA—
...	16.25	6.14	21.25	20	{ 60 to 70 }	75	...	...	2.37	2.25	Eastern—
...	2.2	2.19	Banarès
...	10	6.56	22.19	22.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central—
10	8.12	...	...	13.33	6.67	25.78	24.23	...	...	80	80	2.56	2.37	Cawnpore
...	10	6.87	33.75	30.82	{ 60 and 65 }	60 and 65	60 and 80	40 and 60 }	2.5	2.37	Jhānsi
...	10	5.62	28.75	31.25	40	40	...	...	2.47	2.37	Western—
...	6.25	6.25	...	...	...	...	50	45	2.37	2	Meerut
...	Agra
...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjānpur
...	(b) OUDH—
...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND-HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer	26.67	26.67	...	...	43.12	39.63	...	...	34.01	30.78	31.98	30.78	31.98	33.28	...
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozpur . . .	26.72	26.25	58.28	47.5	32.08	30.62	36.25	34.37	25.78	25	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Lahore	25.62	28.59	48.75	48.28	35	33.28	40	37.34	23.44	25.78	25	21.09	28.75	35	...
South-eastern—															
Delhi	35	30	66.87	68.75	37.5	35	41.87	37.5	32.03	27.5	26.56	21.56	33.12	37.5	...
Submontane—															
Amritsar . . .	28.75	26.72	51.56	50	30.62	29.37	33.28	32.66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Rawalpindi . .	...	...	56.25	56.25	34.37	34.37	38.12	38.12	25.62	24.37	18.75	27.5	27.81	32.5	...
Western—															
Lyallpur . . .	...	...	52.5	50	30	32.5	38.75	35.62	22.5	23.75	...	...	...	...	...
Multan	25.62	24.06	42.5	43.12	31.72	33.12	35.62	37.5	23.44	25.62	...	22.81	22.5	31.56	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar . . . .	...	...	59.79	61.51	35.52	34.22	40.99	39.74	25.62	23.12	19.22	19.22	30.78	31.35	...
Dera Ismael Khan .	...	...	...	...	35.94	32.81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi . . . .	...	...	47.5	52.25	37.5	38.75	...	...	...	27.5	29.37	33.75	27.81	37.5	...
Shikarpur . . . .	...	27.5	65.16	54.37	32.5	33.75	...	...	26.09	29.53	...	38.75	...	...	...
Quetta . . . .	...	...	...	...	37.5 to 40	39.37 to 41.25	62.5	65	80	30.62	28.75	36.25	...	...	...
Bombay—															
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar . . . .	...	...	...	...	39.53	...	...	...	...	...	29.84	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . .	...	...	...	...	47.08	42.66	...	...	...	...	32.24	26.61	31.09	...	...
Poona . . . .	...	...	63.38	57.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36.09	38.18	47.24	...
Khandesh and N.-E.															
Deccan—															
Ahmadnagar . .	...	...	...	...	41.09	47.13	...	...	...	...	30.31	37.55	31.35	43.28	...
Dhulia . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43.49	...
Gujarat—															
Surat . . . .	...	...	...	...	40.36	49.01	...	...	...	...	32.45	46.15	38.18	...	...
Ahmadabad . . .	...	...	57.5	43.75	40	40	...	...	27.5	36	30	35	37.5	85	...
Central Provinces *—															
Western—															
Nagpur . . . .	...	...	42.25	41.12	37.25	33.37	44.5	46.5	...	...	30.37	30.37	...	...	...
Central—															
Jubbulpore . . .	...	...	42.12	38.12	38.12	36.37	47.12	44.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—															
Raipur . . . .	...	...	44.5	38	36	33.5	47	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berar—															
Akola . . . .	...	...	49.25	41.75	41.5	39.75	...	...	...	...	26	26	...	...	...
Amratoti . . . .	...	...	44.75	44.75	35.75	35.75	...	...	...	...	26.25	22.25	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32.9	35.8	36.5	36.5	...
Salem . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32.2
Central—															
Bellary . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	29.9	...	...	...
Cuddapah	38.4	39.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.9	35.3	40.8	44.3	...
Karnul . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.8
East Coast, south—															
Madras	34.5	38.5	54.7	56.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	35.2	35.2	66.8	60.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32.4
Southern—															
Madura . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.1	39.1	46.2	46.1	...
Mysore—															
Mysore	26.5	32	66	72	60	64	51.98	55.09	...	...	26	26	...	...	30
Bangalore	32	32	70	70	60	60	67.76	67.76	...	...	39	...	...	...	28

* The figures under "Rice, husked," represent the prices of cleaned rice

RAGI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
...	30.78	27.6	34.79	26.67	...	...	61.61	...	...	...	94.06	100	...	...	Rajputana—
...	25	24.06	44.37	40	...	...	30.78	25	80	70	100	...	Eastern— Ajmer
...	25.62	26.56	27.5	26.56	50	36.25	40	31.87	27.03	25.78	57.5	66.56	61.25	57.19	Punjab—
...	30	21.25	31.25	22.81	37.5	35	...	...	25	23.44	90	100	60	60	Southern— Ferozpur
...	27.5	26.25	...	...	...	...	26.25	25.94	50	57.5	60	63.12	Central— Lahore
...	27.19	23.75	27.19	27.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52.5	South-eastern— Delhi
...	20 25	...	25.94 27.81	26.09 27.81	...	...	...	...	25 25	25.63 24.84	...	...	61.87	64.37	Submontane— Amritsar
...	29.22	27.71	27.4 25.52	29.63 27.81	35.16	37.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	32.5 32.5	29.22 29.37	51.25 49.06 46.37 to 61.87	41.25	...	...	...	29.97 27.5	...	...	...	40	Western— Lyallpur Multan
...	31.87	30	...	...	...	60	56.87	40.94	...	...	...	...	...	...	N.W. Province—
...	Frontier
...	Poshwar Dera Ismael Khan
...	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	Karachi Shikarpur
...	Quetta
...	Bombay—
...	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	Dharwar Sholapur Poona
...	Khandesh and N.—
...	Deccan— Ahmadnagar Dhulia
...	Gujarat—
...	Surat Ahmadabad
...	Central Provinces—
...	Western— Nagpur
...	Central— Jubbulpore
...	Eastern— Raipur
...	Berar—
...	Akola Amratoti
...	Madras—
...	South, central— Coimbatore Salem
...	Central— Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
...	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	East Coast, south— Madras Tanjore Trichinopoly
...	Southern— Madras
...	Mysore— Mysore Bangalore

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER—concluded

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gdri)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer	84.06	86.41	492.34	533.28	50	67.66	...	...	...	...	...	...	14.58	6.67
Punjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur	80	90	475	510	58.28	52.5	16.72	16.25	80	80	114.22	120	...	...
Central—														
Lahore	80	84.06	556.25	533.12	48.12	66.56	14.84	14.84	75	66.25	114.37	150	13.28	15
South-eastern—														
Delhi	95	80	500	550	40	45	17.5	17.5	70	80	100	130	11.41	10
Submontane—														
Amritsar	80	72.5	530	490	44.37	66.72	14.37	14.37	...	...	70	115	...	...
Northern—														
Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	...	530	440	40	43.75	13.75	13.75	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western—														
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	505	500	40	52.5	15	15	80	80	...	...	10	10
Multan . . . . .	...	70	525	505	...	41.87	15.78	...	...	83.28	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar . . . . .	...	...	457.13	457.13	49.22	62.76	15.1	15.57	116.35	114.27	...	...	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi . . . . .	...	...	452.5	560	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	480	535	...	...	...	...	47.5	48.12	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	{ 540 to 580 }	{ 500 to 570 }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	71.09	69.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	71.93	63.18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	529.84	519.32	...	...	...	...	263.18	189.48	64.9	94.74	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E.														
Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	504.17	491.67	66.67	66.67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	71.67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat . . . . .	...	...	497.20	616.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad . . . . .	...	...	500	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur . . . . .	...	...	600	566.62	...	...	23.37	22.37	83.37	100	120	120	...	7.5
Central—														
Jubbulpore	72.75	80	490	450	...	...	22.25	22.25	114.25	106.62	100	123.12	8	6.62
Eastern—														
Raipur . . . . .	...	...	480	460	...	...	20	21	160	160	80	...	...	...
Berar—														
Akola	76	...	635	440	...	...	19	19	119	100	...	...	...	...
Amratoti	75.75	83.37	480	480	...	...	20	20	124.5	173.87	...	...	...	...
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore	80.8	90.5	548.9	452.9	51.2	48	22.4	21.9	...	...	57.7	96	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	445.2	405.2	...	...	...	...	188.4	205.5	85.7	114.7	...	...
Central—														
Bellary	66.2	...	571.5	571.5	47.7	67.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah . . . . .	...	...	592.1	427.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	49.5	79.1	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150	116.6	65.8	74.1	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	568.6	400	...	...	15.7	15.7	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	79.1	79.1	592.5	493.8	49	56.1	12.8	12.8	131.7	131.7	45.3	82.3	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	600	466.6	...	...	13.1	13.1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	675.7	574.4	...	...	17.6	17.6	123.4	102.8	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura	87	87	675.7	675.7	...	...	...	...	106.8	106.8	...	...	...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	80	70	685.08	505.73	68.54	68.54	...	...	205.68*	205.68*	120	120	3.65	3.65
Bangalore	84	72	685.68	531.41	51.41	68.54	...	...	240*	240*	154.27	171.41	5.68	5.68

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 108 per 10 maunds

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BHUSA (WHITE)		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
9.37	6.67	12.34	7.97	...	...	30.78	...	110	100	85	85	2.31	2.91	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	7.97	7.97	13.75	...	90	90	150	150	2.5	2.41	Punjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	9.37	9.37	25.62	27.5	150	140	170	170	2.58	2.41	Central— Lahore
...	...	11.41	13.12	11.41	10	20	18.75	80	80	150	150	2.17	2.17	South-eastern— Delhi
...	7.81	7.97	20	22.19	100	100	130	...	2.60	2.5	Submontane— Amritsar
...	15	12.5	...	28.75	90	90	120	120	2.37	2.25	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	5.62	5.62	22.5	25	100	100	140	140	2.69	2.5	Western— Lyallpur
...	24.06	...	...	...	...	2.64	2.52	Multan
...	N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	6.35	7.71	17.55	17.5	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 200 }	{ 60 to 200 }	2.79	2.66	Peshawar
...	3	2.81	Dera Ismael Khan
...	2.15	2.03	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	5	10	...	18.75	...	...	...	...	2.47	2.31	Karachi
...	5.62	5.62	21.25	30.62	{ 100 to 200 }	{ 100 to 200 }	...	...	2.44	2.37	Shikarpur
...	3.59	...	Quetta
...	75	85	...	...	2.34	...	Bombay—
...	2.97	2.2	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	21.41	...	...	...	...	2.34	2.11	Dharwar
...	Sholapur
...	Poona
...	30	28.59	...	...	...	...	2.06	2.03	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	2.36	2.19	Ahmadnagar
...	Phulia
...	2.5	...	Gujarat—
...	22.5	23.75	...	...	...	...	2.5	2.25	Surat
...	Ahmadabad
...	50	50	100	100	1.87	1.87	Central Provinces—
...	Western—
...	Nagpur
...	6.62	30	60	60	70	70	1.87	1.70	Central—
...	Jabalpore
...	2.25	2.25	Eastern—
...	Raipur
...	92	88	53	58	2	1.87	Berar—
...	33.37	60	69	80	75	2.25	2.25	Akola
...	Amraoti
...	...	3.2	4	...	...	90.4*	115.2*	...	...	60	60	2.04	2.19	Madras—
7.8	8.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	80†	...	...	2.23	2.11	South, Central—
...	...	6.8	6.8	...	...	...	...	100†	100†	140	140	2.38	2.25	Coimbatore
...	2.31	2	Salem
...	2.68	2.38	Central—
...	Bellary
...	Cuddapah
...	Karnul
3.6	3.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.78	1.7	East Coast, central—
...	26.4	26.4	135†	98.75†	...	...	1.79	1.76	Nellore
...	13.5	14	135†	130†	...	...	2.06	1.82	East Coast, south—
...	25.3	19.4	...	...	...	...	2.43	2.39	Madras
15	15	...	...	...	...	20.4	20.4	...	...	40	40	2	2	Tanjore
...	Trichinopoly
...	South-east—
...	Madura
3.65	5.16	4.43	3.65	...	...	36.72	36.72	80	80	100	100	2.62	2.37	Mysore—
...	Mysore
5.88	5.88	...	4.27	...	...	33.8	33.8	160	160	{ 120 to 150 }	{ 120 to 150 }	2.5	2	Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,

Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1913

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
Burma—												
<i>Tenasserim—</i>												
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 13	10 13	15 6	15 6	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	...	...	9 5	9 5	10 7	10 7	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>												
Pegu . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	11 3	11 3	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	7 4	7 4	...	...	9 11	9 11	9 15	9 15	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 1	10 6	9 11	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 1	10 1	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>												
Tharawadi . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 10	8 10	10 9	10 9	...	...	...	...
Henzada	5 2	5 2	...	...	8 1	8 1	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Prome . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	9 6	9 6	8 12	8 12	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>												
Mandalay	6 6	8 9	...	...	8 9	8 9	10 13	10 13	16 5	...	...	...
Bhamo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	8 15	11 8	9 11	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 3	8 11	8 1	9 10	15 3	20 3	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>												
Sandoway	3 4	3 4	...	...	10 10	10 10	12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpada	4 —	5 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
<i>Burma—</i>												
Sylhet . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 —	8 12	8 8	...	...	...	...
Cachar	7 —	7 12	...	...	6 6	6 6	8 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Hill tracts—</i>												
Khási and Jaintia Hills	5 12	6 —	...	...	3 8	3 8	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	3 —	3 —	5 8	5 4	...	...	...	...
Manipur	8 —	8 —	...	...	17 —	16 —	19 —	18 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 —	5 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>												
Goalpara	9 —	10 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	9 —	7 —	...	...	5 4	5 —	7 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 8	6 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 8	4 4	7 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 —	...	...	...	...
Tippera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 5	6 6	...	...	...	...
Dacca	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>												
Khulna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	8 12	8 12	11 12	11 12	...	...	5 10	5 12	11 12	11 12	...	...
Hooghly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 4	6 —	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	10 —	10 —	12 4	12 4	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Jessore	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	5 12	...	...	...	...

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MAHUA OR BAGI (<i>Blouine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Selaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR MUNAGA (<i>Cicer arielinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL.		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	6 6	6 6	14 —	14 —	Burma— Tenasserim— Mergui Tavoy Moulmein and Amherst
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	17 12	17 12	
...	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 14	6 14	18 9	18 9	
...	9 13	9 13	7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	Pegu (deltaic)— Pegu Rangoon Manbin Bassein
...	8 14	7 12	...	...	7 12	7 12	14 1	17 8	
...	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	
...	13 2	13 2	10 1	10 1	14 —	14 —	Pegu (inland)— Tharawadi Henzada Prome Tonngoo Thayetmyo
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	17 —	17 —	
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 3	8 3	14 4	14 4	
...	9 7	9 7	14 3	14 3	Upper Burma— Mandalay Bhamo Pakokku Meiktila
...	8 4	8 4	18 4	18 4	5 13	5 13	14 —	14 —	
...	11 2	11 2	21 6	21 6	7 1	7 1	16 —	16 —	
...	5 9	5 9	11 6	11 6	Arakan— Sandoway Kyaukpyn Akyab
...	14 4	14 4	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	
...	11 13	13 5	20 —	24 6	8 2	8 14	14 —	14 —	
...	4 —	4 —	4 —	4 —	6 13	6 13	Assam— Surma— Sylhet Cachar
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	15 —	15 —	
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 8	12 8	
...	9 8	9 —	8 —	8 —	17 8	17 8	Hill tracts— Khási and Jaintia Hills Garo Hills Manipur Naga Hills Lushai Hills
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	
...	7 7	7 7	9 8	9 8	5 13	5 13	9 11	9 11	
...	6 —	6 —	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Bráhmáputra— Goalpara Kámrúp Darrang Nowgong Sibságar Lakhimpur
...	5 —	5 —	17 —	19 —	5 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	10 —	10 —	
...	5 —	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Bengal— Eastern— Chittagong Noakhali Backerganj Maimensingh Tippera Dacca Deltai— Khulna 24 Parganas Howrah Calcutta Hooghly Nadia (Krishnagarh) Jenore Faridpur
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	
...	9 12	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	
...	8 —	8 —	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Dacca Deltai— Khulna 24 Parganas Howrah Calcutta Hooghly Nadia (Krishnagarh) Jenore Faridpur
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	
...	9 —	8 —	6 8	7 —	15 —	15 —	Dacca Deltai— Khulna 24 Parganas Howrah Calcutta Hooghly Nadia (Krishnagarh) Jenore Faridpur
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	22 —	23 —	
...	9 —	9 8	...	...	...	...	16 —	18 —	
...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Dacca Deltai— Khulna 24 Parganas Howrah Calcutta Hooghly Nadia (Krishnagarh) Jenore Faridpur
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	
...	16 —	16 —	
...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Dacca Deltai— Khulna 24 Parganas Howrah Calcutta Hooghly Nadia (Krishnagarh) Jenore Faridpur
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 13	7 12	16 —	16 —	
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	
...	8 —	8 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Dacca Deltai— Khulna 24 Parganas Howrah Calcutta Hooghly Nadia (Krishnagarh) Jenore Faridpur
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	
...	11 12	11 12	12 —	12 —	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Dacca Deltai— Khulna 24 Parganas Howrah Calcutta Hooghly Nadia (Krishnagarh) Jenore Faridpur
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	
...	13 5	13 5	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	
...	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Dacca Deltai— Khulna 24 Parganas Howrah Calcutta Hooghly Nadia (Krishnagarh) Jenore Faridpur
...	6 8	6 —	16 —	17 —	
...	

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoidesum</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month
Bengal—continued												
Western—												
Bankura	8 8	9 4	...	...	...	...	8 12	9 —	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	...	9 —	...	...	...	...	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	10 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	9 12	10 —	...	...	...	...	7 14	8 4	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 3	8 4	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 14	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	9 12	9 12	12 12	12 —	...	...	6 12	6 6	...	...	...	...
Malda	10 —	10 8	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	9 10	9 10	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	6 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa												
Eihar, north—												
Purnea	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 8	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	10 —	10 —	13 14	14 6	...	...	7 4	7 10	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	11 —	11 —	14 —	...	...	...	7 3	7 12	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	10 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Saran	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Champaran	10 8	10 8	16 —	16 8	...	...	7 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Santhal Parganas	8 8	8 8	15 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	10 4	10 —	15 8	16 —	...	...	7 10	7 —	...	...	...	...
Gaya	9 8	10 —	13 8	12 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 —	14 —	...	...
Patna	12 —	12 —	18 —	20 —	...	...	9 8	10 —	17 —	17 —	...	...
Shahabad	10 12	10 —	11 —	13 —	...	...	10 2	9 19	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	9 —	9 8	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Mainbhum	9 8	10 —	12 —	11 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Ranchi	9 —	9 —	13 —	13 4	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Palamau	9 —	9 6	10 11	11 13	...	...	8 7	8 7	...	...	...	...
Hazaribagh	8 8	8 —	10 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	9 3	9 13	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	...	...	...	...
Balesore	8 12	8 8	...	...	...	...	9 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	9 4	9 —	...	...	...	...	9 9	9 9	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(a) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	8 4	8 12	12 12	13 4	5 —	5 4	7 —	7 4	15 —	15 8	11 —	12 12
Benares	10 —	10 —	15 3	15 3	6 2	6 2	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Ghazipur	9 12	9 15	14 5	14 4	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 5	15 11	15 11	12 8	12 8
Jaunpur	10 —	10 —	15 9	16 6	4 3	4 3	7 6	8 2	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	8 —	8 —	13 —	13 —	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 8	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 —
Central—												
Ánda	10 4	10 4	11 —	11 —	4 8	4 8	7 8	7 4	...	12 8	...	13 —
Fatehpur	9 8	9 8	11 —	11 8	...	3 8	7 3	7 —	...	...	11 8	...
Hamirpur	9 4	9 4	10 4	10 12	5 4	5 4	7 —	6 12	11 —	11 8	11 —	11 8
Jaloun	9 12	9 12	11 —	12 —	4 7	4 —	6 8	6 8	14 —	...	...	...
Cawnpore	9 12	9 12	12 8	12 —	...	...	7 4	7 4	12 8	13 8	12 12	13 8
Jhansi	10 11	10 10	12 9	12 11	4 12	4 12	7 2	7 —	12 9	12 12	12 6	12 8
Etawah	9 12	9 —	11 8	11 —	...	3 —	5 8	7 8	...	...	11 12	10 —
Farukhabad	8 9	8 8	11 2	10 3	4 3	3 7	6 13	6 13	13 —	13 —	10 8	11 12
Mainpuri	9 —	8 8	11 —	10 8	4 8	4 8	7 8	7 —	...	10 —	11 —	11 —
Etah	9 4	9 —	11 4	11 4	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	10 —	...
Western—												
Meerut	10 4	11 —	13 8	14 —	3 —	3 —	6 12	6 12	13 —	14 —	11 8	...
Agra	9 8	10 —	11 8	11 8	3 —	3 —	6 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	11 9
Muttra	9 —	9 —	11 4	11 —	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 4	11 8	11 8	10 —	10 —
Áligerh	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 8	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 —	11 8	12 —	11 8	11 8
Unlaidshahr												
Submontane, etc.—	9 9	10 —	12 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	{ to } 7 —		12 8	12 —	11 8	11 —
Ballia	10 6	10 11	14 11	15 9	5 3	5 3	7 2	7 2	15 10	16 4	...	13 —
Azamgarh	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	5 4	5 4	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	10 13	10 13	16 14	16 4	7 2	7 2	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Basti	11 4	11 8	15 —	16 —	5 —	5 —	9 4	9 8	...	...	...	...

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Esteria italica</i>)		GRAM, OHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	12 —	11 8	...	...	8 8	8 12	20 —	20 —	Bengal—continued
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 8	...	<i>Western—</i>
...	11 —	11 4	...	...	7 —	7 2	18 —	18 —	Bankura
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	20 —	20 —	Burdwan
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Birbhum
...	8 —	7 8	18 2	18 2	Midnapur
...	13 8	13 8	...	...	8 4	8 4	16 —	16 —	Murshidabad
...	10 8	13 —	13 —	15 —	7 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	<i>Northern—</i>
...	10 —	9 8	...	...	7 14	7 14	19 8	19 8	Pabna
...	9 10	10 13	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Rajshahi
...	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Malda
8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 —	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Bogra
...	Jalpaiguri
...	Dinajpur
...	Rangpur
...	<i>Hills—</i>
...	Darjeeling
...	Bihar and Orissa—
...	12 —	12 —	14 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	<i>Bihar, north—</i>
13 12	15 8	...	...	13 12	12 10	13 14	15 —	8 8	8 14	18 12	19 —	Purnea
...	13 2	13 2	13 2	14 3	9 14	9 14	17 8	17 9	Bhagalpur
...	13 —	13 —	13 —	14 —	9 —	9 —	19 —	19 —	Darbhanga
15 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	14 —	15 —	9 8	10	19 8	12 8	Muzaffarpur
18 —	18 —	...	...	12 —	14 —	17 —	17 —	8 8	8 8	18 —	18 —	Saran
...	12 —	11 —	13 —	13 —	8 8	8 —	16 —	16 —	Champaran
...	14 —	14 8	15 4	16 —	9 —	9 —	18 14	18 14	<i>Bihar, south—</i>
16 —	...	12 —	12 —	12 —	13 8	13 —	13 —	9 —	9 8	18 —	17 8	Santhal Parganas
...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	Monghyr
...	14 —	14 —	13 —	14 —	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Gaya
...	10 —	10 12	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Patna
...	11 —	11 8	12 —	11 —	8 8	8 8	16 —	17 —	Shahabad
20 —	23 —	...	...	11 8	11 —	13 —	14 —	4 8 to 7 —	5 8 to 8 4	15 —	16 —	<i>Chota Nagpur—</i>
...	14 10	15 3	13 8	16 14	8 7	9 —	19 3	18 9	Singbham
18 —	17 —	...	...	11 —	11 8	14 8	13 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Mánbhum
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	25 —	21 5	Ranchi
...	10 8	10 6	...	...	7 14	7 14	24 9	22 13	Paláman
...	9 4 and 10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	Hazáribágh
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 4	16 —	16 —	<i>Orissa—</i>
...	Puri
...	Cuttack
...	Balasore
...	Sambalpur
...	United Provinces—
...	...	12 —	14 4	12 8	12 12	15 —	15 8	8 —	8 4	16 8	16 8	(a) AGRA—
...	...	15 8	15 11	13 —	13 —	16 4	16 4	8 6	8 6	16 5	16 5	<i>Eastern—</i>
...	...	11 14	11 14	13 12	13 12	15 11	15 11	9 10	9 5	17 —	17 4	Mirzapur
...	12 2	12 —	15 9	16 5	9 5	9 5	16 3	17 7	Benares
...	18 —	13 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	19 —	19 —	Ghazipur
...	12 4	12 12	...	...	8 —	9 8	18 —	18 —	Jaunpur
...	11 12	11 8	10 —	...	8 8	8 4	18 —	18 —	Allahabad
...	11 —	11 8	...	...	8 4	8 4	17 —	17 —	<i>Central—</i>
...	11 4	11 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	19 —	19 —	Bánda
...	Fatehpur
...	Hamirpur
...	Jalaun
...	...	15 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	13 8	13 4	9 8	9 8	22 —	22 —	Cawnpore
8 10	9 6	...	...	11 14	11 12	13 7	13 12	7 14	8 —	20 —	20 —	Jhánu
...	11 8	11 8	12 8	11 —	10 4	13 4	19 8	19 8	Etáwah
...	10 8	10 2	11 13	11 —	7 13	8 3	20 1	20 2	Farukhabad
...	11 8	11 —	12 —	11 8	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Mainpuri
...	11 4	11 4	12 —	11 8	8 —	8 8	18 —	18 —	Etah
...	13 12	15 —	13 —	13 4	10 —	10 —	23 —	22 8	<i>Western—</i>
...	12 —	11 8	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —	23 —	23 —	Meerut
...	12 4	11 12	...	...	9 —	9 4	21 8	21 8	Agra
...	6 —	11 —	11 8	12 —	13 —	8 8	8 —	21 —	21 —	Muttra
...	11 10	12 2	12 —	12 8	9 8	9 8	20 —	20 —	Aligarh
...	13 10	14 5	14 11	15 9	10 6	10 11	16 4	16 4	Bulandshahr
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	17 —	17 —	<i>Submontane, east—</i>
...	...	16 —	16 —	13 14	13 4	15 6	17 —	9 10	9 10	17 13	17 13	Ballia
...	12 8	13 —	18 —	18 —	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	Azamgarh
...	Gorakhpur
...	Basti

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
United Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
(a) AGRA— <i>continued</i>												
<i>Submontane, west—</i>												
Shahjahanpur	9 —	10 —	12 —	14 —	2 8	3 —	6 —	7 —	12 —	12 8	14 —	15 —
Budaun	9 4	9 6	12 6	13 2	3 8	3 8	5 8	5 8	12 —	12 —	11 8	12 —
Pilibit	9 4	9 4	12 8	13 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	13 —	12 —	...	...
Bareilly	10 —	10 8	13 2	14 6	3 12	3 12	6 9	6 9	13 8	14 6	14 4	15 —
Moradabad	9 10	10 2	11 6	13 14	3 2	3 2	6 2	6 4	...	...	...	...
Bijnor	10 4	10 4	13 8	14 —	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	...	...	11 8	...
Musaffarnagar	11 9	11 4	14 5	14 5	3 —	3 —	7 2	7 2	15 6	16 8	11 —	11 8
Saharanpur	10 2	10 14	14 6	14 14	3 8	3 8	6 14	6 14	16 —	16 —	...	...
Dehra-Dun	9 4	9 4	15 —	15 —	3 —	3 —	7 8	7 8	13 —	14 —	12 —	13 —
<i>Hills—</i>												
Naini Tal	7 —	7 8	11 —	11 —	3 —	3 —	5 8	5 8	12 —	10 —	9 —	9 —
Almora	9 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	3 8	3 8	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Garhwal	11 —	11 8	15 —	15 —	4 —	3 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Partabgarh	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	12 —	...
Sultanpur	11 8	11 8	17 —	17 —	5 —	5 —	9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...
Rae-Bareilly	10 4	10 5	14 —	14 8	4 —	4 —	8 8	9 —	14 —	14 8	14 8	14 8
Unao	9 4	9 2	11 6	11 10	5 8	5 8	8 2	8 4	...	...	11 12	...
Lucknow	9 12	10 —	12 8	13 —	4 —	4 —	7 4	7 4	13 8	14 —	12 8	...
Hardoi	10 8	10 —	14 —	13 8	3 —	3 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	14 —	13 8
<i>Northern—</i>												
Fyzabad	10 12	10 12	14 10	14 10	...	4 12	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Barabanki	10 —	10 8	12 4	11 —	4 —	4 —	8 4	7 —	13 4	14 4	12 4	13 4
Gonda	10 7	10 4	12 12	13 12	4 12	4 12	7 4	7 4	15 —	15 —	16 —	16 —
Bahraich	10 12	11 4	15 —	15 8	5 —	5 8	7 —	7 8	...	17 —	...	14 8
Sitapur	10 8	11 —	14 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
Kheri	10 —	11 —	14 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	...	20 —	...	18 —
Rajputana—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mewar (Udaipur)	11 2	11 5	17 9	17 15	5 14	5 14	6 9	6 9	16 1	17 15	10 10	10 10
Ajmer	9 8	9 4	11 8	11 8	5 —	5 —	6 8	6 8	12 8	12 8	12 8	12 8
Kishangarh	9 8	9 8	12 8	12 8	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	11 —	11 —
Tonk	8 —	9 4	10 13	12 13	4 —	4 10	5 —	5 12	10 13	12 12	10 2	11 9
Jaipur* . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Karauli	9 6	9 1	10 15	11 4	6 4	5 —	7 8	6 9	...	...	9 7	9 11
Dholpur	10 4	...	11 8	...	4 12	...	5 —	...	12 4	...	12 —	...
Bharatpur	9 8	9 8	11 8	11 12	4 8	4 8	4 14	4 14	12 —	12 4	11 10	11 10
Alwar	10 8	10 2	12 6	12 4	5 4	5 4	6 12	6 12	12 11	12 12	11 9	11 8
Deoli	10 5	10 9	13 9	14 2	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	14 6	14 12	12 —	12 —
Nasirabad	9 8	9 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	13 8	13 8	12 —	12 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Bikaner	9 8	9 8	13 ^c	13 8	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 8	8 8	9 8
Jaisalmer	9 —	9 1	...	...	5 1	5 1	5 10	5 10	11 1	11 5	11 1	11 5
Jodhpur	{ 9 4 and 9 12 }	{ 9 4 and 9 14 }	12 12	12 12	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	13 —	12 8	{ 12 — and 14 8 }	{ 11 14 and 13 — }
Central India—												
Indore	12 —	12 —	18 5	14 4	5 —	7 —	6 —	7 12	12 3	16 8	18 13	14 10
Nimach	11 —	11 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	14 —	15 —	18 —	18 —
Gwalior	10 —	10 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 12	5 12	...	...	...	...
Punjab—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Hissar	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 —	13 —	12 —	12 —
Ferozpur	12 —	12 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Lahore	11 4	11 4	16 8	16 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	15 8	15 8	13 8	12 8
Gujranwala	12 8	12 8	17 8	17 8	...	...	7 12	7 8	...	...	...	...
Gujrat	12 —	12 —	18 —	17 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	18 —	18 —	16 —	16 —
Jhelam	11 8	11 4	17 —	16 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	20 —	20 —	15 —	14 —

* Not reported yet.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
United Provinces— continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontane, west—												
...	...	10 —	10 —	10 8	11 —	12 8	12 8	8 —	8 —	19 —	19 —	Shahjahanpur
...	11 14	12 2	12 —	12 —	8 8	9 —	20 —	20 —	Budaun
...	11 10	11 8	12 —	12 —	8 —	8 12	20 —	20 —	Pilibit
...	12 5	12 8	13 2	13 2	10 —	10 8	21 —	21 —	Bareilly
...	12 2	12 12	11 10	13 14	9 4	9 10	20 10	20 10	Moradabad
...	12 —	12 4	...	...	8 12	8 12	19 —	19 —	Bijnor
...	12 10	13 3	15 6	15 6	6 10	6 10	20 14	20 14	Muzaffarnagar
...	12 —	13 —	13 13	14 14	8 8	8 8	21 4	21 4	Saharanpur
15 —	15 —	...	...	12 —	13 —	16 8	...	10 —	14 8	16 —	16 —	Dehra-Dun
Hills—												
...	8 8	8 8	10 —	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Naini Tal
12 —	12 —	...	...	9 4	9 4	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 8	12 —	Almora
20 —	18 —	20 —	16 —	7 8	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 —	10 —	Garhwal
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
...	14 —	14 —	15 —	17 —	8 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	Partabgarh
...	14 4	15 4	...	...	9 8	9 12	22 —	22 —	Sultanpur
19 —	19 —	12 —	14 —	14 4	14 8	14 —	14 —	9 8	10 —	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareilly
...	11 6	11 6	13 —	13 —	8 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	Unao
...	11 8	12 8	15 —	15 —	9 8	9 8	19 —	18 —	Lucknow
...	12 8	11 8	...	...	8 —	8 8	19 —	19 —	Hardoi
Northern—												
...	...	12 8	12 8	12 12	12 12	15 14	16 —	8 10	8 12	19 —	19 —	Fyzabad
...	...	12 4	12 —	11 —	11 12	15 —	15 —	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Barabanki
13 —	12 —	11 —	11 —	12 12	13 4	15 8	16 8	9 10	9 14	18 —	18 —	Gonda
...	...	12 —	12 4	13 8	14 4	15 —	18 —	10 —	10 8	18 —	18 —	Bahraich
8 —	9 —	14 —	16 —	12 —	13 8	15 —	16 —	9 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Sitapur
...	24 —	...	13 —	12 —	12 8	15 —	18 —	9 8	10 4	18 —	18 —	Kheri
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
...	...	12 1	12 1	11 11	12 1	17 9	17 15	8 1	8 1	18 5	18 5	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	6 8	6 8	11 8	11 —	13 —	13 —	9 8	9 8	24 —	24 —	Ajmer
...	12 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Kishangarh
...	9 6	11 9	10 5	11 —	...	...	18 —	20 13	Tonk
...	Jaipur
...	11 4	11 4	...	...	10 5	10 15	21 4	21 4	Karauli
...	...	9 8	...	12 8	...	...	...	13 4	...	21 —	...	Dholpur
...	...	8 —	8 —	12 10	12 10	11 13	11 13	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Bharatpur
...	...	9 8	9 8	12 15	12 14	12 6	12 —	15 8	18 —	25 4	25 4	Alwar
...	12 2	12 8	12 —	15 8	8 —	8 —	22 10	22 14	Deoli
...	11 12	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	25 —	25 —	Nasirabad
Western—												
...	12 8	13 —	...	...	8 —	7 8	23 —	22 —	Bikaner
...	9 —	9 1	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Jaisalmer
...	12 3	12 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	24 —	24 —	
...	16 5	16 5	Jodhpur
Central India—												
...	15 —	14 7	16 1	16 8	8 13	8 12	20 5	20 8	Indore
...	12 —	12 4	...	...	8 —	8 4	22 —	22 —	Nimach
...	...	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	20 —	20 —	Gwalior
Punjab—												
Southern—												
...	14 8	14 8	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Hissar
...	15 8	15 —	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Ferozpur
Central—												
...	...	18 8	10 8	14 —	15 —	15 —	15 —	7 8	7 8	24 —	24 —	Lahore
...	15 4	16 —	15 8	15 8	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujranwala
...	15 —	14 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujrat
...	14 —	15 —	15 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	28 —	28 —	Jhelam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Punjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	10 —	10 —	12 8	13 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	13 —	14 —	11 8	13 —
Delhi	10 —	10 —	12 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	5 12	5 12	14 —	14 —	11 8	12 —
Rohtak	10 8	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	9 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	18 —	18 —
Karnal	10 14	11 8	14 8	15 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	18 —	...	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	11 —	11 8	16 8	16 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 8	19 8	10 12	10 12
Ludhiāna	11 —	11 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 —	15 8	10 8	10 8
Jullundur	13 4	13 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 8	16 —	12 —	12 —
Hoshiarpur	12 12	12 12	16 —	16 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	8 —	8 —
Gurdāspur	14 —	14 —	16 8	16 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	...	...
Amritsar	12 12	13 —	16 8	16 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —
Siālkot	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Simla	9 8	10 —	18 4	15 —	...	...	6 12	7 —	12 4	14 —	11 8	11 8
Kāngra	12 —	12 —	18 8	18 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Rāwalpindi	11 8	11 —	15 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —
Attock	10 8	10 12	15 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	14 —	13 6	14 8	12 —
Western—												
Shāhpur	14 12	14 12	18 —	18 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Jhang	13 —	13 —	16 8	16 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	21 —	21 —	14 —	11 —
Lyalpur	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 4	...	...	7 6	7 8	...	...	...	...
Multan	12 4	12 —	16 8	16 —	...	...	9 —	8 8	20 —	20 —	17 —	14 8
Montgomery	11 13	11 15	15 —	15 —	...	...	6 8	6 —	15 —	15 —	12 —	10 —
Muzaffargarh	12 4	12 —	14 8	14 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 8	...	...
Dera Ghazi Khan	11 8	11 8	15 —	13 12	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	17 4	17 —
N.W. F. Province—												
Hasāra	9 6	9 8	14 8	14 6	3 9	3 9	6 12	6 5	...	...	10 —	9 18
Peshāwar	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	20 —	20 —	12 —	12 —
Kohāt	10 14	10 14	14 13	14 6	4 13	4 13	7 12	7 12	12 12	12 12	14 —	14 8
Bannu	12 15	12 8	20 —	18 7	4 6	4 6	8 2	8 2	18 12	16 4	14 13	15 —
Dera Ismael Khan	10 15	10 15	14 8	14 12	3 12	3 12	6 —	6 —	21 4	20 —	15 —	15 —
Tochi	14 8	14 8	23 4	23 4	...	...	10 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	11 8	12 —	20 —	20 —	8 4	7 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	11 8	12 —	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Wano	9 6	9 9	10 11	10 10	3 4	3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karāchi	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	12 —	12 —
Hyderabad	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 —	12 —	12 —	14 —	13 —
Thar and Parkar (Mirpur Khas)	10 8	10 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 —	7 8	15 —	14 —	14 —	13 8
Shikārpur	11 8	11 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 —	15 —	15 —
Upper Sind Frontier	11 4	11 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	15 —	16 —	16 —
Quetta	{ 10 — to 10 11 }	{ 10 — to 10 11 }	12 9	12 9	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	12 13	12 9	10 11	10 11
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	6 13	6 13	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 6	7 6	9 10	9 10	9 12	8 12
Ratnagiri	6 12	6 12	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 13	7 13	8 7	8 7	9 15	9 15
Alibāg	7 6	7 6	...	...	7 3	6 5	8 2	7 8	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	7 13	7 13	...	...	5 2	5 2	7 13	7 13	9 13	8 9	10 10	10 10
Thanna	8 12	8 12	...	...	5 6	5 6	6 9	6 9	10 3	10 3	10 12	10 12
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	9 6	9 13	...	...	6 13	7 6	7 13	7 13	12 5	12 5	9 12	10 10
Belgaum	8 11	8 11	...	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	12 7	11 7	13 7	12 7
Satara	7 1	7 1	...	...	5 3	5 14	5 11	6 1	12 —	12 —	10 11	10 11
Sholapur	8 4	8 4	...	...	6 10	6 10	7 8	7 12	11 15	12 14	11 9	12 7
Bijapur	8 4	8 7	...	...	5 6	5 6	7 1	7 1	11 —	11 —	11 5	10 15
Poona	8 2	8 2	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 6	6 6	10 3	10 3	9 10	10 8
Khandesh and N.E.												
Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	9 9	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 10	6 10	12 6	11 —	11 14	10 8
Nāsik	10 9	10 9	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 11	6 11	...	...	10 15	10 15
Dhulia	10 4	10 4	...	...	6 2	6 2	6 6	6 6	12 8	12 8	12 15	12 15
Jalgaon	9 5	9 10	...	...	6 1	5 15	6 9	6 9	11 12	12 3	11 4	11 4
Gujarat—												
Surat	9 4	9 8	...	...	5 6	5 6	8 3	8 8	11 9	11 9	10 10	10 10
Broach	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	12 12	12 12	11 —	11 —
Kaira	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	12 8	12 8	11 —	11 —
Baroda	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	11 8	11 8	10 —	10 —
Ahmadabad	9 8	9 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 8	12 8	12 8	10 8	10 8
Godhra	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	12 —	12 8
Dasa	9 8	10 4	...	...	4 12	4 12	5 4	5 4	13 4	13 12	11 8	12 8
Kathawar—												
Rajkot	12 4	13 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	14 4	15 —	12 4	13 —
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	10 8	10 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	6 11	6 11	12 3	12 3	...	...
Hoshangabad	12 —	12 —	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	...	...	...	...
Betul	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 8	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara	11 6	11 7	...	...	5 11	5 11	9 5	7 10	13 11	12 11	...	...
Nagpur	10 8	10 8	...	...	5 3	5 3	9 2	9 2	13 11	12 11	...	...
Wardha	10 —	9 11	...	...	4 12	4 7	5 5	8 15	11 1	11 1	...	...

MAHUA OR EAST (<i>Blechnum cernuum</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, OHOLA, KADALAT, OR SUNAGA (<i>Oleria aristatum</i>)		'MAIEN (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ANJAN DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
...	13 8	14 —	11 —	11 —	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Punjab—continued
...	12 4	13 —	12 8	12 8	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	South-eastern— Gurgaon
...	14 —	14 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	Delhi
...	13 14	14 8	14 —	15 —	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Rohtak
17 8	17 8	14 12	14 12	18 12	14 4	15 —	16 8	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Karnal
...	...	8 8	8 —	14 8	14 8	16 —	16 —	9 —	8 8	25 8	25 8	Submontane—
...	...	9 —	9 —	14 4	14 4	17 8	17 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Ambala
...	14 —	14 —	17 —	17 —	7 8	...	24 —	24 —	Ludhiana
...	...	8 —	8 —	14 8	14 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Jullundur
...	...	14 8	13 8	14 —	14 4	15 8	...	8 8	9 —	26 8	26 8	Hoshiarpur
...	14 8	14 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Gurdaspur
...	10 8	11 —	15 14	15 —	6 4	6 8	17 —	17 —	Amritsar
...	11 —	11 —	12 —	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Sialkot
...	...	13 —	13 —	14 8	14 4	14 8	14 8	7 —	7 —	27 —	27 —	Hills—
...	14 —	14 —	13 8	13 8	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Simla
17 —	17 —	17 —	17 —	15 8	15 8	14 —	14 —	9 —	9 —	23 —	23 —	Kangra
...	15 —	15 —	19 —	19 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Northern—
...	...	13 8	12 —	13 8	13 12	15 8	12 4	9 —	9 —	24 —	24 —	Rawalpindi
...	15 —	15 2	15 —	14 —	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Attock
...	14 4	14 4	12 —	12 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Western—
...	12 8	12 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	22 —	23 —	Shahpur
...	11 4	11 4	12 8	12 —	...	...	19 —	19 —	Jhang
...	...	14 —	14 —	14 —	14 —	13 —	13 —	11 —	11 —	26 —	26 —	Lyallpur
...	13 9	13 8	13 6	12 12	...	...	23 1	28 1	Multan
...	15 15	15 15	18 7	16 4	...	...	30 —	30 —	Montgomery
...	15 5	14 11	18 7	12 8	...	...	27 8	27 8	Musaafargarh
...	19 4	15 12	...	...	20 —	20 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	9 —	9 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	19 —	19 —	N.W. F. Province—
...	12 9	12 8	14 —	14 —	...	...	18 —	18 —	Hasara
...	Peshawar
...	11 —	11 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	25 —	25 —	Kohat
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	21 —	20 —	Bannu
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	12 —	12 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Tochi
...	13 —	12 8	...	...	8 —	8 8	16 —	16 —	Kurram
...	10 12	10 12	11 10	11 7	{ 6 — to 7 — }	6 5 1	16 —	16 —	Malakand
12 8	12 8	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 2	7 2	20 10	20 10	Wano
9 6	9 6	...	...	10 5	10 5	...	...	6 12	6 12	23 13	20 13	Sind and Baluchistan—
9 —	9 —	...</										

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1918—concluded

Districts	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR OUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Central Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	10 5	10 5	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Saugor	11 8	11 4	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Damoh	11 2	11 1	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 2	7 1	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore	10 —	10 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla	10 11	10 4	...	...	5 1	5 1	8 2	7 1	...	...	...	...
Seoni	10 11	12 —	...	...	5 13	5 13	8 —	8 12	...	...	...	...
Balaghāt	9 9	8 9	...	...	5 7	5 7	8 7	8 7	...	...	...	...
Bhandāra	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 4	6 4	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Chānda	8 12	8 12	...	...	4 13	4 13	8 2	8 2	12 14	12 14	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilāspur	9 14	9 14	...	...	7 2	7 2	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Raipur	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 12	6 8	9 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Drug	11 —	11 8	...	...	6 8	9 2	9 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	9 10	9 10	...	...	4 12	4 12	6 12	5 15	15 —	13 12	...	...
Akola	9 4	9 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 7	7 7	15 1	15 —	...	...
Amrāoti	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	14 —	14 —	...	...
Yectmal	9 —	9 11	...	...	4 1	4 1	7 2	8 11	16 —	16 —	...	...
Hyderabad— Secunderabad	7 4	7 —	12 4	11 10	3 12	8 8	7 2	7 —	11 4	11 6	10 13	10 8
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	...	...	...	...
South, Central—												
Coimbatore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	12 3	12 3	10 15	10 15
Nilgiris . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	...	...	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 6	5 6	9 13	9 13	8 14	8 14
Central—												
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 4	13 4	...	...
Anantapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	6 14	13 4	13 4	...	...
Cuddapah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	12 9	12 9	10 7	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 9	12 9	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...
Visagapatam . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 7	...	...	14 14	16 12
Godāvari . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 9	7 9	13 12	13 12	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	10 13	10 13	...	...
Guntur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	12 9	12 9	12 —	12 —
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	12 8	12 8	11 8	11 8
East Coast, south—												
Madras . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...
Chingleput . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 9	6 9	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	9 9	9 9
S. Arcot . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 13	6 18	...	...	10 15	10 15
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	11 12	11 —	11 10	11 10
Southern—												
Tinnevely . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 12	12 15	13 —	11 8	11 10
Madura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	11 12	11 12	10 15	10 15
Mysore—												
Mysore	6 8	6 8	5 8	5 8	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Bangalore	6 8	6 8	5 12	5 12	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	10 —	10 —	...	...
Coorg—												
Coorg	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	8 8	8 12	...	...	...	...
Aden	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 10	4 —	5 9	5 1	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, NOVEMBER 29, 1913.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee.]

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, OHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAT, OR SUNAGA (<i>Oicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	...	...	14 6	14 7	...	...	10 5	10 5	16 —	16 —	Central Provi
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	19 —	19 —	—continued
...	...	...	...	13 14	13 14	...	...	7 2	7 2	16 —	16 —	Central—
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	14 7	14 7	...	...	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	Saugor
...	...	...	...	12 —	13 11	...	...	7 2	7 2	16 —	16 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	10 11	11 14	...	...	6 5	6 5	15 12	15 12	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	6 4	6 4	16 13	16 13	Mandla
...	...	...	...	9 7	10 12	...	...	7 14	8 11	18 —	18 —	Seoni
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	7 2	7 2	12 13	12 13	Balaghāt
...	...	...	...	11 —	12 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	15 8	17 —	Bhandāra
...	...	...	...	11 —	11 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	17 —	Chānda
...	...	...	...	14 2	12 13	...	...	8 12	8 6	16 —	16 —	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	11 11	11 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	15 —	16 —	Bilāspur
...	...	...	...	13 —	14 —	...	...	9 3	9 3	17 2	17 2	Raipur
...	...	...	...	11 1	10 11	...	...	9 —	9 2	16 —	16 —	Drug
13 12	13 4	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	11 11	11 9	14 —	14 —	Berar—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Buldāna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Akola
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amratoti
12 3	12 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Yestmal
13 9	18 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hyderabad—
13 14	18 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Secunderabad
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Malabar Coast—
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Malabar
14 10	18 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	S. Canara
12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	South, central—
12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coimbatore
10 18	10 18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nilgiris
18 14	18 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Salem
11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central—
10 10	10 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bellary
11 13	12 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Anantapur
11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuddapah
12 15	12 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Karnul
18 5	18 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, north—
18 7	18 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ganjam
11 13	11 18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Vizagapatam
15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 8	16 8	Godavari
14 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	18 —	18 —	East Coast, central—
16 8	16 8	...	...	13 —	11 8	...	...	6 8	6 —	15 —	16 —	Kistna
...	...	...	...	9 5	9 12	...	...	8 5	8 —	22 —	22 —	Guntur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nellore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chingleput
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	N. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	S. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tanjore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tinnevely
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madura
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Aden

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,

Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India,

Calcutta, November 26, 1913

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TARIFF VALUATION OF SUGAR.

The following statement shows in respect of each of the descriptions of sugar distinguished in the Tariff Schedule IV (excepting molasses and all other kinds of sugar), *firstly*, the total imports into India in the month of October, 1913, and the average value per cwt. as calculated on the returns received from the Customs Houses; and, *secondly*, a running total showing the total imports into India since the beginning of the year (1st October to 30th September) and the average net value per cwt. so far established. It is published in conformity with the procedure laid down in Customs Circular No. V of 1911, in order to enable merchants to compute the probable rate of duty for the year 1915 :—

Description of sugar.	IMPORTED DURING THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1913.		IMPORTED SINCE 1st OCTOBER 1913.	
	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.
	Cwt.	R a.	Cwt.	R a.
Sugar, crystallised, beet	2,038	8 12	2,038	8 12
„ and soft, refined in China	8,266	10 8	8,266	10 8
„ „ „ from Java, 23 Dutch Standard and above.	1,113,036	9 4	1,113,036	9 4
„ „ „ from Java, 16 to 22 Dutch Standard.	778,828	8 0	778,828	8 0
„ „ „ from Java, 15 Dutch Standard and under.	...	...	...	...
„ „ „ from Mauritius equal to 16 Dutch Standard and over.	296,761	9 4	296,761	9 4

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence
R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

CALCUTTA ;
The 25th November 1913

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

IMPORTS (in hundredweights) of COTTON (raw), WHEAT, RICE (including paddy), GRAM and PULSE, LINSEED, RAPE and MUSTARD SEED, JUTE, and TEA, into certain ports in September 1913, and from 1st April to 30th September 1913 and in the corresponding period of 1912

Whence exported		COTTON, RAW										Whence exported	
		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL			
		1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913		
Imports in September													
By Rail and River—		10	417	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	417	By Rail and River—	
Assam		334	4,392	...	...	...	...	...	...	334	4,392	Assam	
Bengal		12	813	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	813	Bengal	
Bihar and Orissa		3,140	11,383	1,294	73,574	...	...	...	...	4,434	84,957	Bihar and Orissa	
U. P. of Agra and Oudh		23	...	223	5,673	912	8,957	...	...	1,158	14,630	U. P. of Agra and Oudh	
Panjab		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Panjab	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan		741	...	1,826	9,235	...	...	...	...	2,567	9,235	Sind and Br. Baluchistan	
Raj. and C. India		...	20	1,088	66,425	...	...	294	669	1,382	67,114	Raj. and C. India	
Bombay		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay	
Central Provinces and Berar		360	15,278	1,500	14,502	...	...	...	...	1,860	29,780	Central Provinces and Berar	
Nizam's Territory		...	...	3,305	10,216	...	...	9,146	9,782	12,451	25,998	Nizam's Territory	
Madras		234	...	169	1,301	...	...	63,197	95,251	63,600	96,552	Madras	
Mysore		...	...	...	...	...	...	535	498	535	498	Mysore	
TOTAL		4,854	32,303	9,405	186,926	912	8,957	73,172	106,200	88,343	334,386	TOTAL	
By Sea—		769	144	3,346	...	...	...	...	...	4,115	144	By Sea—	
Bengal		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bengal	
Bihar and Orissa		...	2,637	...	...	...	19	700	701	700	3,357	Bihar and Orissa	
Bombay		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan		...	...	140	3,304	...	...	...	...	140	3,304	Sind and Br. Baluchistan	
Madras		182	3,788	44,631	5,907	...	...	...	...	44,813	9,645	Madras	
Burma		400	964	...	...	...	...	...	...	400	964	Burma	
Non-Br. Ports in India		...	...	19,143	44,593	...	...	...	...	19,143	44,593	Non-Br. Ports in India	
Foreign countries		...	...	15,386	1,467	...	...	27	22	15,413	1,489	Foreign countries	
TOTAL		1,351	7,483	82,646	55,271	...	19	727	723	84,724	63,496	TOTAL	
TOTAL IMPORTS		6,205	39,786	92,051	242,197	912	8,976	73,899	106,923	173,067	397,882	TOTAL IMPORTS	
Imports to end of September													
By Rail and River—		7,817	8,904	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,817	8,904	By Rail and River—	
Assam		91,793	81,568	676	...	...	...	...	...	92,408	81,568	Assam	
Bengal		11,510	9,988	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,510	9,988	Bengal	
Bihar and Orissa		18,913	18,393	31,350	95,353	232	3	...	...	58,495	113,749	Bihar and Orissa	
U. P. of Agra and Oudh		163	5,470	38,900	18,271	123,965	118,056	...	...	173,028	141,797	U. P. of Agra and Oudh	
Panjab		...	...	...	...	153,099	163,478	...	...	153,099	163,478	Panjab	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan		1,529	1,861	261,537	238,678	65	...	...	...	263,131	240,539	Sind and Br. Baluchistan	
Raj. and C. India		803	954	217,732	1,369,612	...	...	6,012	11,991	224,547	1,384,557	Raj. and C. India	
Bombay		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay	
Cent. Provs. and Berar		27,073	63,092	565,392	628,750	...	...	...	...	592,475	693,442	Cent. Provs. and Berar	
Nizam's Territory		68	466	266,519	157,382	...	...	116,032	27,999	342,619	185,847	Nizam's Territory	
Madras		1,289	607	42,546	34,061	...	...	1,066,516	786,615	1,110,351	821,233	Madras	
Mysore		28	...	1,239	915	...	...	19,345	13,96	20,603	14,311	Mysore	
TOTAL		160,995	191,903	1,428,891	3,543,022	287,361	281,537	1,207,895	840,001	3,085,142	3,856,463	TOTAL	
By Sea—		29,485	20,521	10,707	2,006	...	...	2	...	40,194	22,527	By Sea—	
Bengal		1	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	65	Bengal	
Bihar and Orissa		6,276	14,768	782	2,438	253	386	14,306	25,715	21,562	43,307	Bihar and Orissa	
Bombay		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan		...	1,057	88,737	59,637	...	...	...	...	88,737	60,694	Sind and Br. Baluchistan	
Madras		28,024	2,329	133,178	91,591	...	...	45	3	158,247	112,323	Madras	
Burma		36,177	37,970	2,147	10,791	...	...	...	10	38,324	48,771	Burma	
Non-Br. Ports in India		...	...	550,517	807,650	37	...	...	...	550,554	807,650	Non-Br. Ports in India	
Foreign countries		10,868	4	424,994	38,501	...	...	10,318	2,172	446,180	40,677	Foreign countries	
TOTAL		107,831	94,714	1,211,012	1,012,914	290	386	24,671	27,900	1,343,804	1,135,914	TOTAL	
TOTAL IMPORTS		268,826	286,617	2,639,903	3,555,936	287,651	281,923	1,232,566	867,901	4,428,946	4,992,377	TOTAL IMPORTS	

N.B.—Provinces named in the first and last columns include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" includes the port of Madras, French Ports (Pondicherry with its suburb Villianur and Karikal, exclusive of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Nagapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cochin, Cannanore, Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, and Badagora.

Whence exported	WHEAT								RICE (INCLUD			
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		Calcutta		Karachi	
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913
Imports in September												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
Assam	298	...	...	...	...	...	298	...	2,057	188	...	...
Bengal	6,834	7,959	...	...	...	...	6,834	7,959	580,221	440,387	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	104,265	5,120	198	...	...	...	104,463	5,120	79,640	107,183	...	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	357,504	119,050	287,303	4,323	887,047	7,298	1,531,854	130,671	579	3,227	...	1
Panjab	312	1,468	19,363	926	2,287,299	657,231	2,306,974	659,625	82	253	4,671	11,211
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	102	...	...	...	7,792	48,944	7,891	48,944	...	...	70,588	128,014
Raj. and C. India	304	9,697	116,678	106,094	...	...	116,982	115,791	371	...	...	...
Bombay	...	4	106	3,762	...	...	106	3,766	...	...	...	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	...	55,191	188,940	336,964	...	...	188,940	392,158	44	13,914	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	155	3,240	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	469,619	198,492	612,588	452,070	3,182,138	713,473	4,264,345	1,304,035	663,140	579,892	75,259	139,236
<i>By Sea—</i>												
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,001	1,526	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	95	42	187	42	282	...	...	398	640
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	21	...	...	...	24	...	...	...	3,322	1,854
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,039	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,202,666	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	123	6,598	...	...	123	6,598	...	...	...	238
Foreign countries	...	...	245	...	623	...	868	...	4	421	...	54
TOTAL	...	...	392	6,693	665	187	1,057	6,880	8,005	1,222,652	3,720	2,795
TOTAL IMPORTS	469,619	198,492	612,980	458,763	3,182,803	713,660	4,265,402	1,370,915	671,154	1,802,044	78,979	142,031
Imports to end of September												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
Assam	549	...	...	...	...	...	549	...	78,265	4,238	...	...
Bengal	77,645	31,170	5	3	...	...	77,650	31,173	5,836,436	2,755,441	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	738,304	137,900	201	...	...	...	738,505	137,900	1,242,493	567,506	...	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	3,657,363	2,687,363	1,207,354	425,922	4,811,096	3,101,535	9,675,813	6,214,820	7,883	6,100	2	384
Panjab	590	4,240	118,399	26,092	16,450,916	13,390,576	16,569,014	13,429,908	1,076	1,583	18,268	54,127
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	102	...	...	...	56,620	522,495	56,722	522,495	1	...	526,899	812,816
Raj. and C. India	10,351	94,508	1,045,290	2,338,548	10,828	10,012	1,075,469	2,443,068	371	...	18	...
Bombay	...	216	85,940	226,626	...	...	85,940	226,840	...	1	...	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	120,463	539,973	1,866,703	2,330,271	...	1,548	1,987,166	2,861,792	14,261	44,045	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	8,418	163	...	...	8,418	163	...	548	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,645	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	2,606	...	2,606	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	4,614,376	3,495,370	4,332,310	5,337,623	21,331,166	17,035,166	30,277,852	25,868,159	7,181,834	9,393,559	545,177	867,327
<i>By Sea—</i>												
Bengal	...	...	48	112	...	...	48	112	202	1,568	112	22
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60,562	102,082	...	...
Bombay	...	...	1	4,549	383	246	384	4,795	3	...	1,820	2,227
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	12,071	...	...	...	12,071	...	...	...	15,513	20,468
Madras	...	...	...	766	...	...	...	766	...	18,039	4	3
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2,616,751	...	458
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	2,437	328,282	...	20,443	2,437	348,725	...	...	...	238
Foreign countries	127	...	48,916	47	962	11	50,005	58	270	2,224	...	112
TOTAL	127	...	63,473	333,756	1,345	20,700	64,945	354,456	61,042	2,740,664	17,449	23,528
TOTAL IMPORTS	4,614,503	3,495,370	4,395,783	5,671,379	21,332,511	17,055,866	30,342,797	26,222,615	7,242,376	6,133,223	562,626	890,855

RICE (PADDY)*				GRAM AND PULSE								Whence exported
Madras ports		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		
1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
Imports in September												
...	...	2,057	188	3	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	By Rail and River—
23,744	723	603,935	450,110	38,553	79,758	...	...	...	...	38,553	79,758	Assam
18,259	...	97,899	107,183	219,471	98,423	...	...	...	...	219,471	98,423	Bengal
4	...	583	3,228	366,304	157,651	156,770	10,175	35,767	3,418	558,841	171,244	Bihar and Orissa
...	...	4,753	11,464	1,789	1,317	66,301	29,618	217,825	170,505	285,915	201,440	U. P. of Agra and
...	...	70,588	128,014	116	2	...	...	11,368	10,956	11,484	10,958	Oudh
...	...	371	...	3,847	913	38,912	12,361	4,245	3,042	46,504	16,316	Panjab
17	5	17	5	49	2,574	9,530	47,394	...	...	9,579	49,968	Sind and Br. Balu-
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	chistan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Raj. and C. India
800	4	934	15,918	4,864	56,743	65,041	86,246	...	...	69,905	142,989	Bombay
239	711	239	711	...	87	541	131	...	...	541	218	Cent. Provs. and
212,429	393,370	212,584	336,610	...	5,957	...	...	...	...	...	5,957	Berar
54	236	54	236	...	328	...	...	...	...	...	328	Nizam's Territory
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kashmir
255,636	335,049	904,014	1,053,667	634,496	403,754	337,095	185,925	269,205	187,921	1,240,796	777,600	TOTAL
Imports to end of September												
171,397	5,272	171,397	5,272	...	...	11	3	...	...	11	3	By Sea—
6,746	...	14,747	1,526	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bengal
1,418	5,366	1,816	6,015	...	...	320	1,404	332	1,756	652	3,160	Bihar and Orissa
23,987	41,192	27,309	43,046	...	...	691	...	3	27	694	27	Bombay
2,305	7,282	2,305	25,321	258	10,455	...	...	...	...	258	10,455	Sind and Br. Balu-
8,911	302,624	8,911	1,505,290	2,082	40	482	491	...	...	2,564	530	chistan
...	...	...	238	...	...	430	2,457	946	...	1,376	2,457	Madras
25	29	29	504	76	393	81	1,200	349	293	506	1,886	Burma
214,789	361,765	226,514	1,587,212	2,416	70,888	2,015	5,554	1,630	2,076	6,061	18,518	Non-Br. Ports in
470,425	696,814	1,220,558	2,640,879	636,912	414,642	339,110	191,479	270,835	189,997	1,246,857	796,118	India
TOTAL												TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of September												
...	...	78,265	4,238	520	202	...	...	...	...	520	202	By Rail and River—
36,183	33,863	5,972,619	2,789,304	485,212	762,325	...	...	...	...	485,212	762,325	Assam
43,756	103,742	1,486,249	671,248	1,348,622	653,150	30	...	...	...	1,348,622	653,150	Bengal
4	...	7,839	6,184	2,295,006	1,572,886	667,568	252,483	91,850	47,385	3,051,424	1,872,754	Bihar and Orissa
6	3	19,350	55,713	15,301	2,889	393,688	171,705	1,102,931	939,585	1,511,923	1,164,179	U. P. of Agra and
...	...	526,896	812,816	116	16	...	...	110,324	96,012	110,440	96,928	Oudh
...	...	389	...	46,153	15,200	132,091	117,524	22,128	43,341	200,372	176,065	Panjab
164	142	164	143	51	2,577	57,530	192,975	...	...	57,581	195,532	Sind and Br. Balu-
13,105	8,513	27,366	52,558	78,129	208,774	465,379	426,451	...	...	543,503	335,225	chistan
1,368	2,158	1,384	2,158	...	393	3,546	515	...	...	3,546	908	Raj. and C. India
86,248	1,890,093	1,286,793	1,912,738	20,468	23,632	5,094	76	...	...	25,563	23,708	Bombay
7,771	139	7,771	1,339	...	328	...	267	...	...	...	595	Cent. Provs. and
...	105	...	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Berar
88,625	2,048,938	9,415,136	6,308,841	4,289,578	3,242,372	1,721,926	1,161,906	1,327,236	1,177,223	7,341,740	5,581,591	Nizam's Territory
TOTAL												TOTAL
72,302	196,199	1,372,616	197,789	...	...	21	3	...	...	21	3	By Sea—
22,950	8,792	83,512	110,874	10	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	Bengal
17,280	24,236	19,103	26,463	19	2	2,511	6,836	3,214	4,507	5,714	11,345	Bihar and Orissa
56,860	215,471	72,393	235,939	...	...	16,827	5,719	77	106	16,904	5,825	Bombay
19,518	37,409	19,522	55,442	7,699	17,366	187	10	...	...	7,683	17,376	Sind and Br. Balu-
81,834	2,570,061	581,839	5,187,270	2,322	6,855	4,421	3,302	...	...	6,743	10,157	chistan
6	...	6	238	...	...	918	8,831	1,204	118	2,122	8,949	Madras
175	993	445	3,323	259	1,210	24,765	3,130	5,139	361	30,091	4,701	Burma
70,945	3,053,151	2,149,436	5,817,343	10,300	25,433	49,530	27,831	9,634	5,092	69,521	58,356	Non-Br. Ports in
TOTAL												TOTAL

Whence exported	LINED						RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED					
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913
Imports in September												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
Assam . . . . .	...	352	...	...	...	352	96	9,911	...	...	96	9,911
Bengal	12,884	40,664	...	...	12,884	40,664	1,613	2,220	...	...	1,613	2,220
Bihar and Orissa	99,383	155,126	267	...	99,650	155,126	9,533	44,055	150	...	9,683	44,055
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	69,646	101,183	51,264	48,451	121,010	149,636	141,454	118,942	14,201	10,429	155,655	129,371
Panjab . . . . .	...	325	2,126	...	2,126	325	37,351	1,264	1	...	37,352	1,264
Sind and Br. Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...	...	280	...	280	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	298	2,285	20,504	86,249	20,802	88,554	31,466	9,652	4,593	4,025	36,064	13,677
Bombay . . . . .	...	...	403	2,623	403	2,623	...	...	754	4,867	754	4,867
Cent. Provs. and Berar . . . . .	...	2,205	19,014	75,678	19,014	77,883	1,618	145	416	1,078	2,084	1,323
Nizam's Territory . . . . .	...	...	496	29,873	496	29,873	...	...	335	12	335	12
Madras . . . . .	...	...	...	164	...	164	58	819	...	...	58	819
Mysore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	182,211	302,142	94,174	243,338	276,385	545,430	223,189	187,008	20,455	19,911	243,644	206,919
<i>By Sea—</i>												
Bengal . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	64	...	...	...	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Br. Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	286	...	286
Madras . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	405	...	...	...	495	...
Burma . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India . . . . .	...	...	...	4,268	...	4,268	...	...	113	2	113	2
Foreign countries . . . . .	...	...	3,457	1,805	3,457	1,805	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	64	...	3,457	5,578	3,521	5,573	495	...	113	288	608	288
TOTAL IMPORTS	182,275	302,142	97,631	248,911	279,906	551,053	223,684	187,008	20,568	20,199	244,252	207,207
Imports to end of September												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
Assam	7,137	2,563	...	...	7,137	2,563	8,954	84,426	...	...	8,954	84,426
Bengal	337,420	460,257	...	...	337,420	460,257	11,184	12,852	399	...	11,583	12,852
Bihar and Orissa	1,171,274	1,623,488	352	332	1,171,626	1,623,820	60,475	300,379	1,269	22	61,744	300,401
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	1,270,779	1,129,863	741,395	717,105	2,012,174	1,846,968	1,227,095	1,459,304	800,316	393,835	2,027,411	1,833,189
Panjab	2,157	325	14,802	289	16,959	614	230,415	21,961	17,710	5,927	245,125	27,888
Sind and Br. Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...	...	280	...	280	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	20,510	107,440	857,125	1,440,171	877,685	1,547,611	223,964	94,743	86,282	143,486	310,246	238,229
Bombay . . . . .	...	...	46,735	84,077	46,735	84,077	...	8	22,800	168,673	22,800	168,681
Cent. Provs. and Berar	43,562	131,588	742,963	797,379	786,545	923,967	9,368	5,240	17,645	25,184	37,018	30,484
Nizam's Territory . . . . .	...	...	307,267	564,181	307,267	564,181	...	...	1,872	370	1,872	370
Madras . . . . .	...	...	1,172	8,215	1,172	8,215	7,578	3,554	...	...	7,578	3,554
Mysore . . . . .	...	...	18	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	2,852,839	3,455,524	2,711,844	3,612,029	5,564,633	7,067,553	1,779,033	1,982,467	948,293	737,497	2,727,326	2,719,964
<i>By Sea—</i>												
Bengal . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	596	...	...	...	596	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay . . . . .	...	...	...	69	...	69	...	...	...	9	...	9
Sind and Br. Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...	590	474	590	474	...	...	5,139	7,977	5,139	7,977
Madras . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,078	...	...	...	12,078	...
Burma . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,291	...	...	...	1,291
Non-Br. Ports in India . . . . .	...	...	21,849	102,157	21,849	102,157	143	...	1,212	1,961	1,355	1,961
Foreign countries	40	36	6,958	2,559	6,998	2,595	...	2	...	84	...	86
TOTAL	636	36	29,397	105,259	30,033	105,295	13,321	1,298	6,351	9,961	18,572	11,274
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,853,475	3,455,560	2,741,241	3,717,288	5,594,716	7,172,848	1,791,354	1,983,765	954,644	747,478	2,745,908	2,731,238

JUTE						TEA						Whence exported
Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		
1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
Imports in September												
52,458	77,581	...	...	52,458	77,581	172,977	220,989	90,253	99,474	263,280	320,454	By Rail and River—
3,099,223	3,212,409	301,761	243,532	3,400,984	3,456,031	77,243	117,964	369	444	77,612	118,408	Assam
230,007	216,440	...	...	230,007	216,440	428	236	...	...	428	236	Bengal
1,176	...	...	...	1,176	...	126	689	...	...	126	689	Bihar and Orissa
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	10	U. P. of Agra and
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	...	...	...	44	Oudh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Panjab
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Raj. and C. India
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	Bombay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cent. Provs. and Berar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territory
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
3,382,864	3,506,520	301,761	243,532	3,684,625	3,750,052	250,777	339,924	90,622	99,918	341,399	439,842	TOTAL
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,389	...	...	...	1,389	By Sea—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bengal
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bihar and Orissa
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
...	180	...	...	...	180	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	12	6	...	...	12	6	Burma
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Non-Br. Ports in India
...	...	...	...	...	...	21	39	...	...	21	39	Foreign countries
...	180	...	...	...	180	33	1,434	...	...	33	1,434	TOTAL
3,382,864	3,506,700	301,761	243,532	3,684,625	3,750,232	250,810	341,358	90,622	99,918	341,432	441,276	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of September												
147,279	162,853	...	...	147,279	162,853	659,147	602,877	335,405	299,382	994,552	901,259	By Rail and River—
7,427,461	7,470,258	540,237	436,581	7,967,698	7,906,839	305,245	381,719	1,135	1,377	306,880	383,096	Assam
549,864	433,740	...	...	549,864	433,740	1,449	1,681	...	...	1,449	1,681	Bengal
2,612	...	...	...	2,612	...	727	2,608	...	...	727	2,608	Bihar and Orissa
...	...	...	...	...	...	221	434	...	...	221	434	U. P. of Agra and
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	...	...	...	44	Oudh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Panjab
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
741	...	...	...	744	...	1	2	...	...	1	2	Raj. and C. India
...	...	...	...	...	...	81	3	...	...	31	3	Bombay
...	...	...	...	...	...	5	9	...	...	5	9	Cent. Provs. and Berar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territory
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	Mysore
8,127,960	8,066,851	540,237	436,581	8,668,197	8,503,432	966,828	989,379	336,540	299,759	1,303,368	1,289,138	TOTAL
648	...	5	28	653	28	3,083	4,278	9	...	3,093	4,278	By Sea—
9,261	20,220	...	...	9,261	20,220	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bengal
...	...	...	...	...	...	62	1	...	...	62	1	Bihar and Orissa
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	0	Bombay
...	180	...	...	...	180	43	82	...	...	43	82	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
3	...	...	...	3	...	13	80	...	...	13	80	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Burma
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Non-Br. Ports in India
232	8,760	...	...	232	8,760	106	231	...	...	106	231	Foreign countries
10,144	29,160	5	28	10,149	29,188	3,907	4,678	9	...	3,916	4,678	TOTAL
8,138,104	8,096,011	540,242	436,609	8,678,346	8,532,620	970,185	994,057	336,549	299,759	1,306,684	1,293,816	TOTAL IMPORTS



SUPPLEMENT TO

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OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

	IN THE EIGHT MONTHS, APRIL TO NOVEMBER, OF										
	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	
SEA CUSTOMS											
IMPORTS											
Special Import Duties											
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	2,72	2,63	2,69	3,54	3,40	3,31	3,29	3,17	4,08	4,34	
Liquors—											
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	1,81	1,80	1,97	1,88	3,26	3,27	5,17	5,09	5,63	5,28	
Spirits and liqueurs	49,03	51,93	48,43	59,94	61,01	61,02	69,14	71,23	69,71	74,56	
Wines	2,23	2,49	2,38	2,52	2,48	2,40	3,64	3,68	3,46	3,68	
Opium and its alkaloids*	3	2	2	3	2	2	4	4	5	4	
Petroleum	29,25	26,05	23,15	29,92	35,35	30,56	35,97	48,14	44,36	40,36	
Silver, bullion and coin (a)	26,26	18,32	29,48	33,46	49,52	37,18	1,21,32	74,96	77,62	83,60	
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1899)	10	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	11	...
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1902)	8	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Tobacco (a)	1,66	2,03	1,94	2,46	2,22	2,98	19,54	17,62	17,84	19,50	
General Import Duties											
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar)	10,97	12,18	12,66	15,56	17,25	15,54	16,27	16,97	18,61	19,69	
Sugar (ordinary duties)	20,23	22,01	32,42	29,17	34,79	39,45	42,22	39,47	47,18	63,60	
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics (excluding opium and its alkaloids* and tobacco), and dyeing and tanning materials	7,02	7,25	7,75	9,68	8,65	9,38	10,90	10,68	11,63	12,39	
Cotton manufactures—											
Piece goods, grey	36,93	41,69	43,26	45,25	36,06	39,95	37,39	41,38	57,13	58,47	
" white	17,89	18,68	15,88	25,49	19,78	14,98	20,18	24,66	28,96	32,84	
" coloured	21,43	21,93	22,26	25,33	25,29	18,65	26,90	29,51	32,90	45,04	
Other goods	3,81	4,23	4,54	4,71	1,60	4,14	5,89	6,23	6,61	9,49	
Metals (excluding silver, bullion and coin) and manufactures thereof	24,40	20,67	22,38	26,60	32,53	28,88	33,75	33,77	32,22	46,09	
Wool (excluding petroleum)	58	76	1,38	1,83	98	81	92	74	97	1,21	
Manufactured articles	55,84	56,15	55,63	65,23	66,77	61,19	76,85	84,70	91,63	1,06,00	
Raw materials and unmanufactured articles	6,67	8,02	7,55	9,33	11,08	9,65	9,59	9,79	12,20	9,30	
TOTAL IMPORTS	3,18,94	3,18,87	3,35,78	3,91,93	4,15,64	3,83,66	5,39,29	5,24,83	5,62,95	6,05,50	
EXCISE DUTY ON COTTON GOODS	13,47	15,98	16,28	18,30	19,05	20,93	22,13	27,99	28,99	29,38	
EXPORT DUTIES—											
Rice, husked or unhusked, including rice-flour	71,48	65,87	54,64	52,96	38,68	43,43	64,77	69,84	80,00	69,86	
AND CUSTOMS AND MISCELLANEOUS	6,15	5,60	6,05	6,79	5,85	6,58	6,46	7,55	8,54	8,90	
GRAND TOTAL	4,13,34	4,06,32	4,12,75	4,69,98	4,78,62	4,50,65	6,32,65	6,30,21	6,81,08	7,13,64	
Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports											
Bengal	{ Imports	1,14,07	1,17,03	1,18,55	1,48,39	1,32,49	1,37,38	1,67,80	1,83,58	1,92,40	2,19,14
	{ Exports	11,31	14,23	7,20	4,96	3,50	7,16	11,27	13,99	17,36	11,37
Bihar and Orissa	{ Imports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	{ Exports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	64	71	—
Bombay	{ Imports	1,21,12	1,19,81	1,26,67	1,44,49	1,57,81	1,40,28	2,43,75	2,01,19	2,21,41	2,18,04
	{ Exports	1,55	1,14	1,10	97	1,35	2,05	1,31	89	1,09	1,45
Sind	{ Imports	24,96	27,13	31,86	32,28	41,76	35,84	46,79	51,30	54,55	59,13
	{ Exports	1,18	95	2,46	2,61	1,18	1,54	1,33	1,23	1,23	2,08
Madras	{ Imports	27,41	25,61	26,75	30,34	37,61	32,86	38,37	42,30	43,30	49,14
	{ Exports	5,05	3,05	5,65	7,75	6,85	4,30	3,84	5,32	4,14	5,52
Burma	{ Imports	31,38	29,29	31,93	36,43	45,37	37,80	42,58	46,46	51,29	60,05
	{ Exports	55,44	46,50	38,14	36,67	25,80	33,43	47,02	48,41	56,09	48,73

* The duty on alkaloids of opium for the years previous to 1910-11 is included under the head "Chemicals, drugs, etc."
(a) Figures for the years previous to 1910-11 represent "General Import Duties"

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director General of Commercial Intelligence



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 49.} DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 3rd December 1913.

No. 62.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Surgeon-General Aylmer Martin Crofts, C.I.E., of his office of Additional Member of the Governor General's Legislative Council.

No. 63.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Viet., c. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General of India, published under Notification No. 61, dated the 14th November 1912, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Surgeon General Sir Charles Pardoy Lukis, K.C.S.I., I.M.S., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council *vice* Surgeon-General A. M. Crofts, resigned.

W. H. VINCENT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Delhi, the 3rd December 1913.

No. 187-C.—Captain R. B. Lloyd, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to officiate as Chemical Examiner, Bengal, and Professor of Chemistry in the Medical College, Calcutta, with effect from the 24th November 1913.

PUBLIC.

The 29th November 1913.

No. 2470.—The Governor General in Council directs that the following shall be substituted for sub-rules (a) and (b) under Rule IV of the Rules regarding the use of uniform by officers in civil employ, which were published with the Home Department notification No. 3580-Public, dated the 6th September 1911 :—

IV.—(a) A military officer who is appointed substantively to any civil office for which uniform is prescribed, shall wear the uniform of that office.

Exception.—Royal Engineer officers in civil employ, who are liable to recall to military duty and are required to maintain their military uniform, are not required to wear civil uniform, but shall wear military uniform on all occasions when military officers wear uniform.

(b) On all State and other occasions when military officers wear uniform, military officers who are in permanent civil employ, but who do not hold an appointment which carries the right to wear civil uniform, may at their option wear either military uniform or plain clothes.

Exception.—Royal Engineer officers, officers of the Survey of India and Cantonment Magistrates wear military uniform on all occasions when military officers wear uniform.

H. WHEELER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Delhi, the 5th December 1913.

No. 642.—The Most Revd. the Lord Bishop of Calcutta has appointed the Revd. J. Godber, M.A., to be His Lordship's Domestic Chaplain with effect from the 3rd November 1913, or the subsequent date on which he took over charge of the appointment.

I. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

EDUCATION.

Delhi, the 5th December 1913.

No. 2324.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c), and section 10 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate the Revd. Dr. G. Howell, M.A., B. Litt., B.D., Ph.D., to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University.

H. SHARP,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

SANITARY.

Delhi, the 5th December 1913.

No. 1878.—The services of Captain H. G. Stiles Webb, I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of the North-West Frontier Province for employment in the Sanitary Department.

L. C. PORTER,

*Secretary to the Government of India.**Delhi, the 5th December 1913.*

No. 1903.—The services of Captain K. K. Mukerjee, I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for employment in the Sanitary Department.

MAHARAJ SINGH,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 3rd December 1913.

No. 1855.—Whereas the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Srirangam in the Trichinopoly taluk of the Trichinopoly district of the Madras Presidency, if persons from the Mysore State and the cities of Bombay and Calcutta are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Vaikuntha Ekadasi festival.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, sub-section (1) of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Trichinopoly Junction, Trichi-Palakarai, Trichinopoly Fort, Srirangam Road, Murungappettai, Tiruchchandurai, Elamanur, Perugamani Sholagampatti, Tiruverumbur, Manjattidal, Punggudi and Kolattur on the South Indian Railway, shall be sold from the 19th December 1913, to 18th January 1914 (both days inclusive) within the Mysore State and the cities of Bombay and Calcutta, to any person intending or believed to be intending to proceed to the Vaikuntha Ekadasi festival at Srirangam.

No. 1862.—Whereas the Governor General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Trivellore in the Trivellore taluk of the Chingleput district, if persons from the Mysore State are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Tai New Moon and Brahmotsavam festival of Sri Viraraghavaswami.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Timmanur, Sevvapet Road, Trivellore, Kadamabattur, Manur and Tiruvelangadu on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, shall be sold from the 18th to 31st January 1914 (both days inclusive) within the Mysore State to any person intending or believed to be intending to proceed to the Tai New Moon and Brahmotsavam festival at Trivellore.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

AGRICULTURE.

Delhi, the 5th December 1913.

No. 33-C.—Mr. T. Bainbrigge-Fletcher, F.E.S., F.Z.S., Entomologist to the Government of Madras, is appointed to be Imperial Entomologist in the Imperial Department of Agriculture in India with effect from the date on which he took over charge of the appointment from Mr. A. J. Grove, Officiating Imperial Entomologist.

FORESTS.

The 5th December 1913.

No. 27-C.—On return from the privilege leave granted in this Department's notification No. 808-F-254-2, dated the 21st August 1913, Mr. W. H. Miller, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, resumed charge of his duties in the Andamans Forest Division on the forenoon of 13th November 1913.

No. 31-C.—Consequent on the grant of privilege leave for 3 months to Mr. C. E. Muriel, Conservator of Forests, Bengal, 1st grade, Sir H. A. Farrington, *Bart.*, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, with effect from the afternoon of 26th November 1913, the date on which he relieved Mr. Muriel.

LAND SURVEYS.

The 5th December 1913.

No. 24-C.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. D. Ryder, D.S.O., R.E., officiating Superintendent, Survey of India, is appointed to be a Superintendent, *sub-pro tem.*, with effect from the 28th October 1913, *vice* Brevet-Colonel G. B. Hodgson, I. A., Superintendent, retired.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 4th December 1913.

No. 52-E.—Mr. C. D. Gee, Executive Engineer, Punjab, is attached to the Public Works Department of the Government of India Secretariat with effect from the 25th November 1913.

R. P. RUSSELL,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 1st December 1913.

No. 3718-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 40 of the Indian Income Tax, Act 1886 (II of 1886), the Governor General in Council is pleased to invest the First Assistant Resident at Hyderabad with the powers of a Collector under the said Act within the Cantonment of Secunderabad for the purpose of assessing British subjects, in the service of Government, under Part IV of Schedule II of the Act.

The 3rd December 1913.

No. 2242-G.—With reference to Notification No. 945-G., dated the 14th May 1913, Mr. C. W. Rhodes, Acting Consul General for the Argentine Republic at Calcutta, resumed charge of his office on the 20th November 1913.

No. 2245-G.—With reference to Notification No. 2110-G., dated the 17th November 1913, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Egon, Graf von Thurn und Valsassina as Consul General for Austria-Hungary at Calcutta, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 2246-G.—With reference to Notification No. 2154-G., dated the 21st November 1913, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Herr W. R. Czerwenka as Consul for Austria-Hungary at Bombay, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 3056-Est. A.—The following changes are sanctioned among Agency Surgeons under the Foreign Department:—

Consequent on the creation of an appointment of Consular Surgeon, Mohammerah, and with effect from the 13th July 1913, Major N. E. H. Scott, Indian Medical Service, to be confirmed as an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class.

Consequent on the creation of an appointment of Civil Surgeon, Sibi, and with effect from the 26th September 1913 :—

Captain G. D. Franklin, Indian Medical Service, to be confirmed as an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class.

No. 3058-Est. A.—Malik Talib Mahdi Khan, Extra-Assistant Commissioner, Punjab, and lately British Agent at Kabul, is placed on special duty under the Government of India in the Foreign Department for one month, with effect from the 4th November 1913.

No. 3062-Est. A.—Mr. J. L. Maffey, of the Political Department, is posted, on return from leave, as Assistant Commissioner, Mardan, with effect from the 21st November 1913.

The 11th December 1913.

No. 3103-Est. A.—Mr. W. R. [Howson, His Britannic Majesty's Vice-Consul at Birjand, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-five days, combined with furlough for four months and six days, with effect from the 19th November 1913, under Articles 233 and 338 of the Civil Service Regulations.

Delhi, the 2nd December 1913.

No. 4-D.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. R. Stratton, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is posted as Resident at Jaipur with effect from the 15th November 1913.

The 3rd December 1913.

No. 7-D.—Lieutenant-Colonel K. D. Erskine, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is appointed to officiate as a Resident of the 2nd class, and Political Resident in Turkish Arabia and His Britannic Majesty's Consul-General, Baghdad, with effect from the 25th November 1913.

The 4th December 1913.

No. 13-D.—Captain W. G. Neale of the Political Department is posted as Assistant to the Political Agent in the Eastern States of Rajputana with effect from the 8th November 1913.

No. 16-D.—Major H. A. K. Gough of the Political Department is posted as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana and Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara with effect from the 10th November 1913.

No. 17-D.—Major R. E. A. Hamilton of the Political Department is posted as Assistant Resident, Mewar, with effect from the 10th November 1913.

J. B. WOOD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATION.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

Delhi, the 6th December 1913.

No. 10273-2.—Mr. W. J. Ward, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is transferred from Bengal to Burma, with effect from the 22nd November 1913.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Delhi, the 24th November 1913.

No. 1343-F.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

October 1913.

Lakhs of Rupees.

	OCT.		TO END OF OCT.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	Budget, 1913-1914.	Actuals, 1912-1913.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	31	39	12.38	11.93	34.35	34.47
Opium	12	67	1.42	5.91	2.17	7.61
Salt	36	42	2.72	2.72	5.11	4.99
Stamps	46	52	4.51	4.42	7.83	7.41
Excise	1,06	1,03	7.53	6.94	12.68	12.88
Provincial Rates	2	3	31	43	4	84
Customs	91	93	6.19	5.93	10.29	10.79
Assessed Taxes	25	25	1.60	1.38	2.48	2.45
Forests	24	22	1.36	1.35	3.04	3.10
Registration	5	5	47	44	74	72
Tributes from Native States	5	4	28	25	93	93
Other Civil Revenue	21	26	2.06	2.04	4.72	4.49
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	4,04	4,81	40.83	43.74	84.38	90.18
Major Irrigation Revenue	2	3	2.14	2.05	3.91	3.66
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue	3	5	29	30	70	65
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works)	4,09	4,89	43.26	46.09	88.99	94.49
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	—5	—12	—2.63	—2.68	—4.79	—4.74
Opium	—17	—1	—87	—84	—1.70	—90
Famine Relief (Civil)	—	—1	—3	—13	—6	—23
Other Civil Expenditure	—3,52	—3.15	—21.08	—23.01	—18.96	—12.48
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	—3,54	—3,32	—27.61	—26.66	—55.51	—48.35
Major Irrigation Working Expenses	—11	—12	—91	94	—1.74	—1.54
Buildings and Roads Expenditure	—14	—55	—3.13	—3.03	—8.01	—6.22
Famine Relief (Public Works)	—1	—	—34	—6	—1	—6
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure	—11	—11	—67	—86	—1.31	—1.92
Irrigation Capital Expenditure	—15	—23	—97	—1,03	—2.07	—1.12
Delhi Capital Expenditure	—4	—	—23	—1	—1.99	—16
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works)	—4,40	—4,31	—53.86	—32.59	—70.64	—59.07
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments.						
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.						
Post Office (Net)	+19	+23	+1,14	+1.86	+3.04	+2.55
Telegraph (Net)	—9	—9	—61	—63	—1.08	—1.09
Marine (Net)	—3	—3	—25	—25	—50	—43
Military Works (Net)	10	—8	—58	—53	1.20	—1,15
Military Receipts	+6	+10	+56	+55	+1.23	+1.11
Military Issues	—1,70	—1,72	—11,84	—11.52	—20.75	—20.99
Railway Receipts.						
East Indian Railway	+53	+69	+4,94	+4.95	+57.90	+57.53
Other Railways	+522	+3,90	+28.35	+27.99		
TOTAL	+4,65	+4,59	+33.29	+32.94	+57.90	+57.53
Railway Issues.						
East Indian Railway	—39	—39	—2.60	—2.71	—37.34	—36.36
Other Railways	—2,56	—2,51	—18.83	—17.45		
TOTAL	—2,95	—2,81	—21.43	—20.16	—37.34	—36.36
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	+3	+19	+28	+2,26	+1,50	+1,47
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more,—Receipts less than payments)	—	—	+3,00	+3,00	+2.87	+2.87
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	—4	+18	+2	—5	—	—10
Currency Transfers for Gold in England	—	—	—	—	—	+2,40
Do. for Silver in transit	+2,60	+1,81	+2,60	+5,86	+10	+10,59
Deposits of District Funds	—11	—14	+44	+33	—16	+45
Loans by Government	—28	+18	—14	—22	—	—11
Exchange on Remittance Accounts	—	+1	—	+5	—	+14
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs 15 per £	—6,37	—3,08	—21.23	—17.21	—32.47	—36.97
Other Debt Heads	—31	—3,34	—1,89	—3,43	—68	—3,64
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	—4,51	—4,38	—16,70	—11,67	—33,34	—26,87
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	—4,79	—3,68	—7,02	+4,09	—10,49	+10,52
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	26,71	26,14	28,04	18,42	29,31	18,42
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	21,92	22,51	21,92	22,51	18,82	28,94

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Delhi the 5th December 1913.

No. 1547-F.E.—Mr. T. H. Puce, Chief Accountant, office of the Accountant General, Punjab, has been granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 24th November 1913.

Mr. B. N. Sen, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Punjab, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, Class II, in that office with effect from the same date and during the absence on leave of Mr. Puce.

No. 1548-F. E.—Mr. J. C. Mitra has been granted privilege leave for 22 days, with effect from the 27th October 1913.

No. 1549-F. E.—Mr. J. M. Hartley, Government Examiner of Accounts, East Indian Railway, has been appointed to hold charge of the office of Government Examiner of Accounts, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, in addition to his own duties with effect from the 18th November 1913.

No. 1550-F. E.—The privilege leave granted to Mr. J. R. Gunjkar, Assistant Accountant-General and Examiner of Local Fund Accounts, Madras, in this Department Notification No. 1417-F. E., dated 7th November 1913, has been extended by 3 days.

No. 1551-F. E.—Mr. J. F. Graham, I.C.S., has been posted as Accountant-General United Provinces, with effect from the 22nd November 1913.

No. 1659-F.E.—Mr. M. K. Mitra has been posted as Government Examiner of Accounts, Assam Bengal Railway, with effect from the 1st November 1913.

Mr. L. S. Deane has been posted to the office of the Chief Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the 4th November 1913.

J. R. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 5th December 1913.

COMMANDS.

No. 988.—Major-General P. S. Wilkinson, British Service, to be a Brigade Commander, *vice* Brigadier-General F. G. Bond, C.B., British Service. Dated 17th November 1913.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 989.—Subadar-Major Sardar Khan, *Khan Bahadur*, C.I.E., Extra Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, was on privilege leave for two months, from the 15th April 1911 to 14th July 1911.

No. 990.—Subadar-Major Sardar Khan, *Khan Bahadur*, C.I.E., Extra Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, was granted privilege leave under article 246, Civil Service Regulations, from the 25th April 1912 to 20th May 1912, and extraordinary leave without allowances from the 21st May 1912 to 16th July 1912, under article 339, Civil Service Regulations.

No. 991.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 289, dated the 4th April 1913, Major R. W. Burton, Indian Army, has been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, an extension of leave on private affairs, for two months.

No. 992.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 626, dated the 25th July 1913, Captain J. H. G. Buller, Indian Army, has been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, an extension of leave on private affairs, for six months.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 993.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

" London Gazette," dated the 11th November 1913, pages 7876 and 7877.

* * * * *

India Office,
November 11th, 1913.

The KING has approved of the transfer of the undermentioned officer of the Indian Army to the Unemployed Supernumerary List :—

Lieutenant-Colonel Ernest Leonard Wright. Dated 28th October 1913.

* * * * *

" London Gazette," dated the 14th November 1913, page 7965.

* * * * *

India Office,
November 14th, 1913.

The rank as Captain of the following officer of the Indian Army has been post-dated as under by sentence of a General Court Martial :—

Captain Ernest Wilfred Holland Pritchard, from the 10th October 1910 to the 10th October 1911.

* * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 994.—The following promotions are made subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Lionel Arthur Watson, Commandant, 74th Punjabis,—13th November 1913.

Edward Victor Martin, 5th Light Infantry,—16th November 1913.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Hubert Massey Whittell, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force)	}	—3rd December 1913
Sidney Stratton Whitaker, 7th Gurkha Rifles		
Martin Louis Alan Gompertz, 108th Infantry		
Percival Kinnear Wise, 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry		
Norman Hopkins Hargreaves Ralston, 9th Bhopal Infantry		
Charles Philipps Gardner, 73rd Carnatic Infantry		

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Harold Edward Silver, 18th Infantry	}	—30th November 1913.
Geoffrey Watson, 96th Berar Infantry		
Richard John Frederick Philip Meade, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs	}	—6th December 1913.
John Gilbert Byrne, 37th Dogras		
Cuthbert Neil Harding, 88th Carnatic Infantry		
Benbow William Richard Reynolds, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry		
Brian Walton Onslow, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers, (Probyn's Horse)		
George Pierce Armstrong, 34th Sikh Pioneers		
Keith Francis Channer, 36th Jacob's Horse		

George Chamberlain Hockin, 7th Gurkha Rifles
 Harold Hamilton Marshall, 48th Pioneers
 Edward Wollaston Geidt, 107th Pioneers
 Alan Patrick Rodgers, 113th Infantry
 Donald Gordon Rule, 27th Punjabis
 Gerard Oliver Simson, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse
 Francis Richard Cubbon, 72nd Punjabis
 Henry Augustus Wellesley, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force)
 Neville Godfray Hind, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles)
 Eric James Shearer, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers
 Arthur Verney Hammond, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's)
 Francis Benton Newport Tinley, 20th Deccan Horse
 Evelyn Seigfried MacLeod Prinsep, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse)
 Roy Thornhill Sweet, 63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry
 Richard Edward John Thomson, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs
 Roderic Arthur Graham, 31st Punjabis
 Ian Campbell, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse)
 Herbert Gordon Rivett-Carnac, 79th Carnatic Infantry
 Eric Edward Watson, 62nd Punjabis
 Alured Phayre Cuninghame, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry
 Brian Reginald Mullaly, 10th Gurkha Rifles
 Charles Francis Linnaeus Stevens, 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse)
 Cyril George Royston, 18th King George's Own Lancers
 Reginald Heber Marion Durand, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse
 Charles Frere Marriott, 10th Jats
 William Gerald Cowley, 88th Carnatic Infantry

—6th December 1913.

NATIVE INDIA LAND FORCES.

No. 995.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—
 Second Lieutenant Aga Murtaza Khan to be Lieutenant. Dated 1st December 1913.

INDIAN MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 996.—Conductor John Christopher Swinnerton to be Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,
 Sub-Conductor Charles Hammond Baker to be Conductor, and
 Staff-Sergeant George William Bryant Bailey to be Sub-Conductor,
vice Supernumerary Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Arthur Gale, retired;
 with effect from the 24th October 1913.

No. 997.—Sub-Conductor John George Stratton to be Conductor, and
 Staff-Sergeant Charles Thomas Morrow to be Sub-Conductor,
vice Henry Thomas Owen, deceased; with effect from the 2nd November 1913.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

No. 998.—Jemadar Sansar Chand, appointed on probation in Army Department Notification No. 537, dated the 23rd June 1910, is confirmed in that rank; with effect from the 9th June 1910.

No. 999.—The following promotions are made:—

32nd Lancers.

Risaldar Thakur Ranjit Singh to be Risaldar-Major, Ressaidar Waryam Singh to be Risaldar, Jemadar Jus Singh to be Ressaidar, and Kot-Dafadar Rewat Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Harnam Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 5th December 1913.

35th Scinde Horse.

Jemadar Sardar Khan to be Ressaidar and Kot-Dafadar Fazi Haq to be Jemadar, *vice* Sher Khan, deceased; with effect from the 7th December 1912.

Jemadar Malik Muzaffar Khan to be Ressaidar and Kot-Dafadar Nur Muhammad to be Jemadar, *vice* Jan Muhammad Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 17th October 1913.

The Frontier Garrison Artillery.

Havildar-Major Rahim Ali, on transfer from No. 8 Mountain Battery, Royal Garrison Artillery, to be Jemadar, *vice* Muhammad Husain, promoted; with effect from the 1st November 1913.

19th Punjabis.

Jemadar Lal Akbar to be Subadar and Havildar Ajab Khan to be Jemadar on probation, *vice* Azimullah, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st November 1913.

23rd Sikh Pioneers.

Jemadar Kishan Singh to be Subadar, and Havildar Sundar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Narayan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 19th November 1913.

57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Chur Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Gurdit Singh, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 8th November 1913.

99th Deccan Infantry.

Jemadar Matabalal Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Jugraj Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Raghubir Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st October 1913.

103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

Jemadar Krishna Ghatge to be Subadar and Havildar Tukaram Jagtap to be Jemadar, *vice* Shankar Rao Pawse, deceased; with effect from the 8th November 1913.

105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Jemadar Maroti Bodke to be Subadar and Havildar Narayan Rao Gaekwad to be Jemadar, *vice* Datu Bhosle, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 26th September 1913.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIA MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 1000.—Major Edward Surman Peek, M.B., Indian Medical Service, Bengal, has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 6th December 1913.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 1001.—The undermentioned departmental commissioned officer, with honorary rank is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 1st December 1913:—

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Joseph Seymour Summers.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Punjab Light Horse.

No. 1002.—Herbert Aubrey Francis Metcalfe to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 14th October 1913.

Chota Nagpur Light Horse.

No. 1003.—Andrew McWilliam to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st February 1913.

James Cave to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st February 1913.

Second Lieutenant Archie Chalmers Hills to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 13th February 1913.

Edmund Theodore Tesch to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st February 1913.

Cecil Ralph Darlington to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* A. W. Cook, resigned. Dated the 4th June 1913.

Major Algernon Francis Stevens, I.M.S., Medical Officer, resigns his commission. Dated the 2nd November 1913.

Lieutenant-Colonel Ralph Henry Maddox, I.M.S., to be Medical Officer, *vice* A. F. Stevens, resigned. Dated the 2nd November 1913.

Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles.

No. 1004.—Lieutenant George Augustus Webb to be Captain, *vice* F. E. Motealfe, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 30th November 1911.

Second Lieutenant John Lincoln Durant to be Lieutenant, *vice* G. A. Webb, promoted. Dated the 30th November 1911.

Second Lieutenant Horace Fletcher Ward to be Lieutenant, *vice* F. H. McNaught, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 1st April 1912.

Edward Montague Woodcock to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* J. L. Durant, promoted. Dated the 30th November 1911.

William Kempson Webb to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* H. F. Ward, promoted. Dated the 1st April 1912.

James Alexander Macbean to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st April 1912.

Alexander Stormouth MacAlister to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st September 1912.

Gossipore Artillery Volunteers.

No. 1005.—John Bell Robertson to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 21st October 1913.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 1006.—George Lawson Johnston, M.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., to be Surgeon-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 10th November 1913.

2nd Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 1007.—Robert Vickers Clayton to be Surgeon-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st September 1913.

2nd Battalion, North Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 1008.—Major Richard William Anthony, M.B., F.R.C.S.E., I.M.S., to be Medical Officer. Dated the 1st September 1913.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 1009.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer:—

Assam Valley Light Horse.

Surgeon-Captain John Hewan, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

JUDICIAL.

No. 1010.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 12 of the Indian Lunacy Act, 1912 (IV of 1912), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare the following

lunatic asylums to be duly authorised lunatic asylums for the reception of Europeans subject to the provisions of the Army Act who have been declared to be lunatics, in accordance with the military regulations in force for the time being, and for whose admission into a lunatic asylum an administrative medical officer has, under the said section, made a reception order :—

Madras.
Rangoon.
Bhowanipur (Calcutta).
Yeravda.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 5th December 1913.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 19th November and 1st December 1913 :—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decese.	Place of Decese.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
37th Dogras . . .	Captain Geoffrey Somers Bowyer Lewis.	22nd November 1913.	Jhelum .	...	...
96th Berar Infantry .	Major Frank Vernon Leslie Pritchard.	23rd November 1913.	England .	...	...
Indian Subordinate Medical Department.	Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Albino Rodrigues.	24th November 1913.	Poona .	...	..

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st December 1913.

No. 352.—Mr. W. I. Cooke, Assistant Traffic Superintendent in class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue establishment of State Railways (on furlough), is permitted at his own request to resign the service of Government with effect from the 13th October 1913.

The 3rd December 1913.

No. 353.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order that the railways extending from Ruk Junction on the North Western Railway to Sibi, and from thereon by alternative routes *via* the Mushkaf Bolan and the Harnai Valleys to Bostan, with extensions from Bostan to Chaman, from Spezand to Nushki and from Bolan to Nari Bank and Rindli shall be known as the Sindh-Pishin section of the North Western Railway.

Public Works Department Notification No. 133, dated the 28th April 1887, is hereby cancelled.

No. 354.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that the Government of India have sanctioned the construction by the Cutch Durbar of the Anjar-Bhachan Section of the Cutch State Railway, a length of 23·75 miles.

No. 355.—It is notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned the construction of a railway on the 5' 6" gauge from Mandra to Bhon, a distance of 46·5 miles, by the agency of the North Western Railway on behalf of the Mandra-Bhon Railway Company.

The 4th December 1913.

No. 356.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that the Government of India have sanctioned surveys being carried out by the Patiala Durbar for the following lines of railways on the 2' 6" gauge, aggregating about 158 miles :—

From Patiala *via* Pihewa to Dhand.

„ Sirhind *via* Sanghol to Roopar.

„ Patiala to Sirhind.

„ Samana *via* Sonam to Mansa.

„ Samana to Ghuram.

„ Chhintanwala to Amargarh.

These surveys will be known as the Patiala Feeder Railways Surveys.

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 4th December 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 29th November 1913 is published for general information.—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Western	Bombay City	2	2
		Bewa Kantha Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	9	8
		Surat Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bhiwandi Port	4	3
		Malad " . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana " . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana District	2	2
		Ahmednagar District . . . . .	...	...
		West Khandesh "	4	2
	Central	East Khandesh "	10	15
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	91	84
		Poona District	45	35
		Satara "	154	103
		Sholapur Town	*1	*1
		Sholapur District . . . . .	...	...
	Southern	Panvel Port	2	1
		Kolaba District	6	6
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Belgaum "	138	92
		Dharwar "	284	167
		Hubli Town	38	34
		Bijapur District	229	170
		Bijapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kannara District	*1	*1

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	22	23
		Karachi District	8	5
	Political Charges	Baroda State . . . . .	...	...
		Cutch " . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	297	214
		Janjira State	1	...
		TOTAL	1357	998
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	1	1
		North Arcot "	147 (c)	111 (d)
		Bellary Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	31 (b)	21 (a)
		Mangalore Town and Port	6	1
		Chittoor District	7 (e)	1 (a)
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore District	133 (c)	97 (e)
		The Nilgiris "	1	1
		Salem District	1 (c)	1 (a)
		Malabar "	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Nogapatam Town	4	1
		TOTAL	346	242

(a) One imported. (b) Three imported. (c) Four imported. (d) Eight imported. (e) Eleven imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague cases.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Presidency	24 Parganahs . . . . .	...	...
		Calcutta	1	1
	Dacca	Dacca Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Pabna District . . . . .	...	...
	Total		1	1
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	54	23
		Gaya Town . . . . .	...	...
		Gaya District . . . . .	...	...
		Shahabad District	50	50
	Tirhut	Saran District	186	153
		Champan District . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarpur	5	2
		Darbhanga	32	81

In the return for the week ending 22nd November 1913 against Gaya Town and the district read 1 case 1 death for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	71	57
		Purnea " . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur Town	4	4
		Bhagalpur District	6	6
		Sonthal Parganas District . . . . .	...	...
	Chota-Nag- pur	Hazaribagh District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	417	335
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Shaharanpur District	18	5
		Muzaffarnagar District	15	11
		Meerut District	5	7
		Bulandshahr District	2	3
	Agra	Muttra District . . . . .	...	...
		Mainpuri "	5	5
		Etah " . . . . .	...	...
	Rohil- khand	Bijnor District . . . . .	...	...
		Moradabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Allahabad	Farrukhabad District	6	5
		Etawah District . . . . .	...	...
		Fatehpur "	3	3
		Allahabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad District	25	25
	Jhansi	Jalaun District . . . . .	...	...
		Banda " . . . . .	...	...
	Benares	Mirzapur City . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur District	5	5
		Jaunpur "	54	47
		Ghazipur "	203	177
		Ballia "	528	475

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	358	179
		Basti "	27	24
		Azamgarh "	178	150
	Kumaun	Naini Tal "	7	4
	Lucknow	Lucknow District	11	11
		Unao "	35	32
		Rae Bareilly "	34	22
		Sitapur "	"	"
		Hardoi "	2	1
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	"	"
		Fyzabad District	26	23
		Gonda "	5	3
		Bahraich "	3	4
		Sultanpur District	2	2
		Partabgarh "	4	1
		Bara Banki "	17	16
	TOTAL		1,532	1,242
PUNJAB	Ambala	Hissar District	9	6
		Gurgaon "	42	43
		Bohtak "	7	5
		Karnal "	53	32
		Ambala "	"	"
	Jullundur	Kangra District	"	"
		Hoshiarpur District	4	4
		Jullundur "	5	3
		Ludhiana "	11	2

In the return for the week ending 22nd November 1913 against the Sultanpur district read 4 cases 2 deaths for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District	9	...
		Gurdaspur „	5	5
		Sialkot „	3	3
		Gujranwalla „	12	4
	Rawal- pindi	Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhelum „	4	3
		Rawalpindi „	13	8
		Attock „	1	...
	Multan	Jhang District	2	3
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	9	9
	TOTAL		159	154
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	5	5
		Tharrawaddy District	6	5
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome „	8	9
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Henzada „	1	1
		Myaungmya „ . . . . .	...	...
		Maubin „	1	1
	Tenas- serim	Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	7	7
		Bhamo District	3	3
		Katha „ . . . . .	...	...

The following footnotes should be made in the return for the week ending 22nd November 1913.
The figure against the Myaungmya district is for the week ending 15th November 1913.
The figures against Mandalay Town are for the two weeks ending 22nd November 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Meiktila	Meiktila District	8	2
		Yamethin „ . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	39	33
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	35	27
		Bangalore City	1	...
		Bangalore District	22	17
		Mysore City	2	2
		Mysore District	60	59
		Hassan „	3	1
		Kadur „	23	17
		Kolar „	16	12
		Kolar Gold Fields	8	3
		Tumkur District	7	2
		Shimoga „	27	19
		Chitaldroog „ . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL			204	150
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Raichur District	121	101
		Bidar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani „ . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs . . . . .	...	...
		Bir District . . . . .	...	...
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL			121 (a)	101 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Bhopal State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL		

(a) From the 17th to the 23rd November 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MER- WARA		Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh „ . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	18	16
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	18	16
N.-W. F. PROVINCE		Peshawar District . . . . .	...	...
		Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	4,274	3,272

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 4th December 1913, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Weather was feebly unsettled in north-west India owing to the advance into that area from Persia of two disturbances of the cold weather type; and light to moderate precipitation occurred in Baluchistan, Sind and the western half of Rajputana while there were a few light falls in Kashmir, the Punjab, and the hill districts of the United Provinces.

A stationary depression lay over Ceylon during the week and was the cause of moderate to heavy rain in the south of the Peninsula.

Several depressions of extra-Indian origin have been recorded in the north during the past month, and it appears that winter conditions are setting in earlier than usual in northern India.

2. *Burma*.—Except for a light fall of rain at Victoria Point on the 27th dry weather prevailed throughout the week.

North-east India, including Orissa.—The only rainfall in the division consisted of two light falls at Cox's Bazar in the latter part of the week.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—No rain fell beyond light showers at Chakrata and Mussooree on the 30th.

North-west India.—Local precipitation was recorded in Baluchistan on the first three days of the week and nearly general precipitation on the 2nd. In Sind there was local rain on the 2nd and nearly general rain on the 3rd. Several showers occurred in Rajputana but over the remainder of the division only scattered falls were reported.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall occurred each day in the south-east of the division and on the 3rd extended into Malabar. There were local falls in the Madras Deccan towards the end of the week.

3. The chief daily amounts were as follows:—

November 27th.	Negapatam 3·20" and Pamban 3·82".
„ 28th.	Pamban 3·10" and Negapatam 5·15".
„ 29th.	Quetta 0·37", Montgomery 0·23", Cuddalore 2·75", Madras 2·51" and Negapatam 2·36".
„ 30th.	Sonamarg 0·75", Kotah 0·38", Madras 2·58" and Negapatam 2·00".
December 1st.	Trivandrum 3·52" and Tinnevely 2·90".
„ 2nd.	Quetta 0·32", Chaman 0·45", Kalat 0·62", Robat 0·60", Jacobabad 0·75", Coimbatore 2·36", Madras 1·64", Cuddapah 0·96" and Nellore 3·17".
„ 3rd.	Jacobabad 0·55", Bikaner 0·53", Udaipur 0·33", Calicut 1·06", Negapatam 6·05", Cuddalore 4·69" and Madras 3·71".

4. The week's rainfall was more than 20 per cent. in excess in the Punjab Southwest, Kashmir, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana and the whole of Madras: it was 20 per cent. or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Burma, Assam, Orissa, the North-West Frontier Province, Central India West and Mysore, but in all these areas with the exception of the Bay Islands little or no rain is received even under normal conditions.

As a new rainfall period begins with this week, the departures from normal of the seasonal rainfall are the same as those of the week.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 4TH DECEMBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH NOVEMBER 1913 TO 4TH DECEMBER 1913.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0	3.0	-3.0	0	3.0	-3.0	-100	-17
Lower Burma	0	0.2	-0.2	0	0.2	-0.2	-100	+9
Upper Burma	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	+8
Assam	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	+2
Bengal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+28
Orissa	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	+11
Chota Nagpur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+18
Bihar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+28
United Provinces, East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-21
United Provinces, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-47
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+1
Punjab, South-west	0.2	0	+0.2	0.2	0	+0.2	0	+42
Kashmir	0.2	0.1	+0.1	0.2	0.1	+0.1	+100	-36
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	-33
Baluchistan	1.1	0.2	+0.9	1.1	0.2	+0.9	+450	-46
Sind	0.3	0	+0.3	0.3	0	+0.3	0	+149
Rajputana, West	0.4	0	+0.4	0.4	0	+0.4	0	-48
Rajputana, East	0.2	0	+0.2	0.2	0	+0.2	0	-22
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+33
Central India, West	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	+8
Central India, East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-46
Berar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central Provinces, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-20
Central Provinces, East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-12
Konkan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-11
Bombay Deccan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-15
Hyderabad, North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-6
Hyderabad, South	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-28
Mysore	0	0.2	-0.2	0	0.2	-0.2	-100	-25
Malabar	1.6	0.5	+1.1	1.6	0.5	+1.1	+220	-7
Madras, South-east	7.2	1.6	+5.6	7.2	1.6	+5.6	+350	+21
Madras Deccan	0.5	0.2	+0.3	0.5	0.2	+0.3	+150	-28
Madras Coast, North	1.1	0.5	+0.6	1.1	0.5	+0.6	+120	-2

GILBERT T. WALKER.

Director General of Observatories.

Dated 4th December 1913.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 29th November 1913.

Burma.—During the week there was practically no rain in Lower Burma. In Upper Burma the rainfall was slight and irregularly distributed. Agricultural operations are progressing normally. Standing crops are generally in good condition. Pasturage is sufficient and cattle are healthy but slight outbreaks of disease are reported from a few districts. Price of unhusked rice is slightly above normal.

Assam.—During the week light showers fell in some parts of the province. The sowing of mustard is nearly finished. Harvesting of winter rice and pressing of sugarcane are in progress. The sowing of spring rice continues in Sylhet. The tea season has practically closed in Cachar and Nowgong. The outturn is on the whole good. Prospects of transplanted winter rice are fair. Some damage to crops by hail storms is reported from the western parts of the Brahmaputra Valley and Manipur. The average price of common rice is nearly the same as it was last week. Cattle disease is reported from five districts. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Sylhet, Kamrup and Darrang.

Bengal.—During the week no rain fell throughout the Province except some slight showers in parts of Dinajpur, Darjeeling and Chittagong. The sowing of spring crops continues. Prospects so far are good. Harvesting of winter rice is in rapid progress and the outturn is reported to be good. The condition of the sugarcane crop is fairly good. Cattle disease is reported from eight districts. The average price of common rice has fallen by about 1·3 per cent. as compared with that of the previous week. Agricultural loans were issued in Bankura, Midnapore and Howrah and gratuitous relief was given in Midnapore.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week and the weather was seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice is going on and pressing of sugarcane has commenced. Sowing of spring crops still continues in Bihar. The standing crops are doing well. The average price of common rice has remained almost stationary as compared with that of the preceding week. The supply of fodder is insufficient in the flood affected areas of Patna. Cattle disease is reported from ten districts. Prospects of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa are good.

United Provinces.—The week was rainless. More rain is urgently needed in all but the south eastern districts. Standing crops are suffering from drought except in the east of the Provinces, while locusts and white ants have damaged the crops in the Bijnor, Budaun, Hardoi and Fatehpur districts. *Takari* advances are being given for *Kachcha* wells, ropes, bullocks and seed. Irrigation and preparation of land for sugarcane and for poppy continue. Sowing of poppy is in progress while that of spring crops is almost complete. Cattle disease is still reported from some districts of the Provinces. Scarcity of fodder is increasing but Government hay is being distributed freely for agricultural stock which is in fairly good condition. Water is running short in the Bundelkhand and Unao districts. Prices are fluctuating with an upward tendency.

Punjab.—The slight rain which fell in parts of the Western and Central Punjab was insufficient. More is generally wanted for unirrigated sowings of spring crops which are restricted except in the west and north-west. Germination is generally satisfactory but unirrigated spring crops are in places suffering from drought. Picking of cotton and pressing of sugarcane continue. Harvesting of other autumn crops has been completed except in the west and north-west. Outturns are generally average to good except in the south-east where they are below average in unirrigated lands. Standing sugarcane and cotton crops are average to good except in the south-east where sugarcane on unirrigated land is in poor condition. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is getting scarce in the south-east. The price of wheat is generally close to normal and that of other grains a little above normal.

North-West Frontier Province.—During the week slight showers fell in Hazara, Peshawar, Kohat and Bannu. The weather was cold and at times cloudy. The condition of standing crops is average. Pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of autumn crops are in progress and the outturn is expected to be normal. The sowings of spring crops are proceeding. Cattle are in good condition. The supply of fodder and water is generally sufficient. Prices of food grains are high and tending to rise in Bannu. Prices of wheat are also rising in Peshawar.

Jammu.—There was slight rain during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 12 to 21 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—There was slight rain during the week. The sowings of spring crops are in progress. Cattle disease is reported in some villages of the Anantnag and Baramulla districts. Prices are normal. Fodder and water are sufficient.

Rajputana.—During the week slight showers of rain fell in Jaisalmer. The weather was generally clear and cool. Harvesting of autumn crops is nearly completed. The estimated outturn is unfavourable in the Eastern States of Central Rajputana including Ajmer-Merwara where sowings of spring crops are also restricted and fodder is insufficient. Cattle are doing well. The supply of water is generally sufficient. Prices are high in most places and stationary. Cattle emigration continues in Ajmer-Merwara and Marwar, Jaipur, Kishengarh, Bharatpur and Karauli. Prospects are causing anxiety in Ajmer-Merwara. Test works have been started in Merwara and forty-six persons are employed on them.

Central India.—During the week the rainfall was 14 cents in Barwani. Elsewhere no rain fell. The weather was clear and cool. More rain is badly wanted in parts of Gwalior, Bhopal, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and in Mehidpur, the Rampura Bhanpura and the Alampur pergana of Indore. Harvesting of autumn crops is completed in Gwalior and is in progress elsewhere. The sowing of spring crops is completed in Indore, Bhopal and parts of Baghelkhand and Malwa and is in progress elsewhere. Operations have been stopped in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and the Alampur pergana of Indore for want of rain. Standing crops are bad in parts of Gwalior and the Alampur pergana of Indore, indifferent in Baghelkhand and fair in Bhopal. Autumn crops are withering in Bundelkhand. The crops have been damaged for want of rain in the Alampur pergana of Indore, Bhopal, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Gwalior, Indore, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. The supply of fodder is indifferent in Baghelkhand, scarce in Gwalior, the Alampur pergana of Indore and in Bundelkhand. Prices are rising in Gwalior, Bhopal and parts of Bundelkhand and are above normal in Baghelkhand and steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The weather continues to be clear and occasionally cloudy. The nights and mornings are cold. Spring crops are deteriorating in some places for want of moisture. Harvesting and threshing of autumn crops and picking of cotton are well advanced. Fodder and water are reported to be insufficient in parts of five districts. Agricultural stock is in good condition. Variations in prices are unimportant but generally indicate an upward tendency.

Feudatory States. Only Jashpur had eighty-three cents of rain. Reaping of autumn crops continues. Wheat in Sarangarh and wheat and gram in Jashpur fell by four seers per rupee. Rice sells cheaper in Sarangarh and dearer in Udaipur by two seers per rupee.

Bombay.—During the week rain fell in parts of the Thar and Parkar, Kaira, Ratnagiri, Satara, Bijapur, Savantvadi and Kolhapur Districts. Standing crops have been slightly damaged by rats in Ahmedabad, Kaira, Palanpur, and Rewa Kantha and by grasshoppers in parts of Broach and Serat. They are withering in parts of Ahmednagar, Poona and Sholapur and are good elsewhere. Harvesting and threshing of autumn crops generally continue. The sowing of spring crops is progressing except in the Konkan, the Deccan and the Karnatak. Cotton picking continues in parts of Thar and Parkar, Nawabshah, the Deccan, Kathiawar and Baroda. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in parts of Poona, Sholapur, Satara and Bijapur. Agricultural stock is sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona and is in good condition except in Sholapur. Drinking water is adequate except in parts of Sholapur and Satara and water for irrigation is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Satara and Dharwar. Prices are high but generally steady. Stocks of grain are sufficient.

Hyderabad.—During the week light isolated showers fell in a few districts. Autumn cotton is being picked. The harvesting of other autumn crops has been almost completed. The early rice crop is generally fair to good but has suffered in parts of the Gulbarga, Mahbubnagar, Warangal and Karimnagar districts and in a few other isolated parts. The spring crops are being sown and weeded. The crop is fair to good except in parts of the Warangal district. The wheat crop has been damaged by insects in parts of the Rajura taluka of the Adilabad district. Lands are being prepared for late rice and sowings have commenced. Scarcity of fodder prevails in four and water scarcity in eleven districts. Cattle disease prevails in one taluka. Variations in prices of grains are insignificant. The highest price in districts is eight seers per rupee in Mahbubnagar and Karimnagar and the lowest, eighteen in Bidar.

Mysore.—There was no rainfall during the week. The price of rice has slightly risen in Hassan and fallen in Chitaldroog and that of *ragi* has slightly risen in Kadur. The markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in fair condition except in parts of the state where they are withering but want of rain is generally felt. Harvesting continues with outturn poor to fair. Cattle are generally healthy and water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Agricultural prospects are good. Picking of cardamoms is nearly completed and that of coffee continues. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall during the week was very heavy in Tanjore, heavy in Ramnad, fair to good in Trichinopoly, Travancore, the Karnatak except Nellore and in the south except Tanjore and nil or light elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good but require rain in some places. Harvesting of dry crops and paddy is proceeding with outturn fair to normal. Generally sowings of paddy are ending and those of dry crops are proceeding normally for most part. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of water is insufficient for irrigation in many places. Fodder is insufficient in some places. Prices are stationary.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

**Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of India
Railways.**

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	EARNINGS PER MILE OPEN FOR WEEK.												REMARKS.
	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		MEAN MILEAGE WORKED.		TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK ENDING		EARNINGS PER MILE OPEN FOR WEEK.		TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1st APRIL TO		Increase.		
	During official year 1912-13	Rs	1912.	1913.	Miles.	Miles	22nd November 1912.	22nd November 1913.	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	
State and Guaranteed Railways.													
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	319	2,495	2,051	7,759,797	7,144,000	292	268	2,40,08,524	2,51,40,000	2,31,476	(a) Opened from 21st April 1913.
Bezwa Extension	356	21	21	7,702	7,200	367	343	2,61,755	2,44,000	3,245	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India.	663	946	946	6,41,340	6,00,000	678	739	1,96,84,277	2,10,16,000	11,31,723	...	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	430	1,570	1,578	8,22,483	8,73,000	723	553	2,18,01,200	2,36,61,000	18,59,800	...	...
East Indian	793	2,456	2,550	19,73,731	19,76,000	803	779	6,67,87,407	6,51,43,000	...	16,44,407	...	
Great Indian Peninsula (including Indian Midland)	626	2,472	2,537	10,23,137	17,78,000	661	701	4,66,27,803	4,89,96,000	22,68,197	...	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	339	126	126	49,551	70,000	391	402	13,12,121	13,61,000	48,879	...	17,791	
Baran-Kotah	83	40	40	2,188	3,000	75	75	1,24,791	1,07,000	...	...	...
Bhopal-Itarsi	584	57	57	32,132	33,300	557	584	10,13,824	10,91,000	80,176	...	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3" gauge lines)	209	2,585	2,555	5,92,713	6,35,000	220	244	2,26,13,037	2,35,10,000	8,90,933	...	...
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	446	3,812	4,012	15,11,119	16,00,000	301	399	5,99,12,629	5,61,75,000	...	37,37,629	...	
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3" link)	295	1,020	1,000	4,52,312	4,61,000	283	290	1,57,29,083	1,52,88,000	28,700	...	4,41,083	
Cawnpore-Banda (a)	...	32	32	11,412	7,200	357	225	2,75,368	3,13,000	37,632	...	...
Hardwar-Dehra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam-Bengal	178	805	805	1,41,943	1,43,000	177	178	40,96,654	42,83,000	1,91,346	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	328	1,828	1,828	6,30,978	5,88,000	317	322	1,93,48,431	1,76,50,000	...	16,98,331	...	
Burma	250	1,552	1,552	3,82,683	1,40,000	248	281	1,26,01,038	1,4,39,000	17,74,902	...	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	209	124	124	27,707	4,700	223	197	8,73,644	8,58,000	14,356	...	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	153	257	257	42,700	36,000	122	129	14,00,608	14,10,000	9,302	...	...
Mysore (including Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6")	172	411	411	58,614	62,000	143	152	22,95,900	23,42,000	45,100	...	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	379	1,393	1,451	4,00,394	4,51,000	320	313	1,76,63,131	1,80,73,000	4,09,869	...	...
Travancore Branch	147	108	108	16,771	15,900	151	147	5,43,232	5,71,000	27,798	...	...
Tirhoot	242	774	791	2,12,389	2,13,000	274	269	59,69,467	60,12,000	51,533	...	...
Jorhat (Provincial)	78	32	30	2,347	2,000	73	67	77,319	77,000	...	319	...	
TOTAL	415	25,516	26,163	1,04,35,011	1,08,27,200	409	414	31,61,55,203	34,77,25,700	15,70,497	...	...

Station	179	114	111	20,271	2,350	177	159	7,07,576	6,74,000	28,731	33,076
Bhopal-Ujjain	179	114	111	20,271	2,350	177	159	7,07,576	6,74,000	28,731	33,076
Bina-Gaona-Baran	71	145	145	8,552	14,500	54	70	3,30,200	3,59,000	...	...
Delhi-Umbala-Kalka	332	192	192	33,227	33,300	332	329	21,10,162	20,59,000	...	51,162
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	101	16	16	3,331	3,000	196	188	51,939	72,300	19,361	...
Jullundur Doab (b)	...	...	69	...	4,000	...	40	...	20,100	1,36,000	...
Khanpur-Chachran	25	...	...	...	500	21	23	18,151	20,100	...	...
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	182	79	79	11,038	13,000	177	165	4,51,200	4,28,000	...	21,200
Nagda-Ujjain	169	84	84	2,852	4,000	113	118	1,91,877	1,70,000	...	26,877
Nizam's Guaranteed State	311	34	34	1,27,905	1,00,000	81	407	35,51,985	38,58,000	3,05,615	...
Petlad-Cambay	172	...	...	...	...	147	141	1,22,872	1,83,000	...	1,872
Rejpur-Bhatinda	318	63	63	26,862	18,500	239	261	13,16,390	11,91,000	...	1,23,399
Southern Punjab	230	425	425	94,092	9,700	223	226	33,81,357	32,06,000	...	88,357
Southern Punjab—"Ludhiana" Extension	142	155	155	19,705	23,000	128	148	7,32,485	8,47,000	1,14,515	...
Sutlej Valley	47	208	208	8,286	14,000	40	67	3,02,700	4,04,000	1,01,240	...
Tapti Valley	176	155	155	23,177	23,500	149	152	8,37,699	7,77,000	...	60,699
Tarakesur	333	22	22	7,877	5,500	357	259	2,50,591	2,23,000	...	27,596
Ahmedabad-Dholka	70	34	34	2,212	2,200	65	65	83,000	78,400	...	4,000
Ahmedabad-Parantij (including Brahmanakher Extension)	76	59	59	5,852	5,000	66	66	2,12,837	2,28,000	15,143	...
Bengal and North-Western	132	1,177	1,177	1,06,000	2,20,000	107	178	9,27,440	9,87,000	...	48,440
Bengal-Doars	151	153	153	33,842	41,100	221	268	9,27,118	10,51,000	1,26,882	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	124	52	52	5,722	7,800	110	112	2,01,780	2,17,000	12,020	...
Bhavnagar (including Dhrangadia)	170	194	217	27,075	32,000	140	141	2,30,888	9,38,000	7,012	...
Cooch Behar	183	33	33	7,528	7,100	37	215	1,73,115	1,06,000	...	7,115
Dibru-Sadiya	299	87	86	25,206	22,000	39	266	8,34,113	8,69,000	34,887	...
Geekwar's Melasana (including Vijapur-Kaloh Kadi)	78	181	181	13,110	13,000	73	73	4,72,522	4,95,000	22,478	...
Gondal-Forbandar (including Jetalpur-Rajkot)	121	194	211	21,118	27,700	100	131	7,51,838	8,65,000	1,13,062	...
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley (including Hingoli Branch)	192	112	442	72,379	84,100	164	190	25,52,620	23,42,000	...	2,19,620
Jaipur	87	73	73	4,937	4,800	66	66	2,02,085	1,87,000	...	15,865
Jamnagar	50	54	54	1,177	3,600	77	104	1,43,688	1,81,000	34,312	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	167	910	1,019	10,149	45,000	111	87	34,69,476	3,30,000	60,524	...
Junagadh	93	100	113	9,153	11,500	92	103	3,68,916	3,71,000	62,084	...
Kolhapur	210	29	29	5,551	4,700	174	162	1,75,233	1,92,000	16,767	75,062
Mirpur Khair-Jhudo (including Khadro Section)	49	169	100	3,681	5,000	37	51	1,46,552	1,33,000	26,448	...
Morvi (including Vankar-Morvi, 2' gauge)	118	93	93	1,561	12,000	124	126	4,46,062	3,71,000	...	59,156
Mysensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	132	55	55	10,096	10,500	195	191	2,20,335	3,15,000	91,665	...
Rohilkhand and Kunsan	143	278	295	29,032	1,11,000	146	414	13,81,156	13,22,000	...	...
Sangli	146	5	5	804	700	161	160	22,053	22,900	...	...
Shoranur-Cochin	177	65	65	11,990	11,800	183	182	3,93,721	4,12,000	18,279	...
Tanjore District Board	175	103	103	15,348	11,900	149	145	6,08,231	6,71,000	62,766	...
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	95	67	67	5,935	5,800	88	87	1,96,916	1,77,000	...	19,916
Barvi	97	116	116	25,506	55,800	218	222	5,78,517	6,92,000	1,13,483	...
Champaner Shivrajpur	92	20	20	1,198	1,600	75	80	53,031	59,800	6,769	...
Geekwar's Dabhoi	92	118	142	9,100	9,000	77	65	3,30,386	3,62,000	31,364	...
Kosamba-Zankhvar	14	26	26	315	300	12	12	(c) 1,2,782	15,300	2,518	...
Nadad-Kajedvanj (d)	...	...	28	...	1,300	...	46	...	62,300	62,300	...
Rajpipla	62	37	37	1,911	1,900	51	51	6,63,311	75,600	9,289	...
Darjeeling Himalayan	440	51	51	21,418	22,000	420	431	7,70,785	8,05,000	34,215	...
Pipar Road-Bhavi (e)	...	...	25	...	400	...	16	...	16,100	...	...
TOTAL	163	7,130	7,450	11,33,424	12,76,200	161	171	3,83,54,415	3,92,55,800	9,01,385	...
GRAND TOTAL	740	32,545	33,615	11,15,08,465	1,21,03,400	355	360	38,45,09,619	38,69,81,500	24,71,892	...

(c) From 1st June 1912.
(d) Opened from 5th March 1913

(e) Earnings reported from March 1913.

C. F. ANDERSON, Major, R.E.,
Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.

Simla, the 4th December 1913.

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Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 18th October 1913.

On and after the 29th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. After the 22nd November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

ENGLAND.						INDIA.							
WHOLE YEAR.			APRIL TO SEPTEMBER.			WHOLE YEAR.			APRIL TO SEPTEMBER.				
Preliminary Accounts, 1912-1913.	Budget, 1913-1914.		1912-1913.	1913-1914.	Increase.	Decrease.	Preliminary Accounts, 1912-1913.	Budget, 1913-1914.		1912-1913.	1913-1914.	Increase.	Decrease.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
DISBURSEMENTS.													
Expenditure.													
Direct Demands on the Revenues													
Interest (including in India that on Capital Expenditure on Railways and Irrigation Works)													
Post Office, Telegraph and Mint													
Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments													
Miscellaneous Civil Charges													
Famine Relief and Insurance													
Railway Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)													
Irrigation Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)													
Other Public Works													
Military Services													
TOTAL EXPENDITURE, IMPERIAL AND PROVINCIAL													
Add—Provincial Surpluses, that is, portion of allotments to Provincial Governments not spent by them in the year													
Deduct—Provincial Deficits, that is, portion of Provincial Expenditure defrayed from provincial balances													
TOTAL EXPENDITURE CHARGED AGAINST REVENUE													
Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.													
Capital Outlay on Railways and Irrigation Works													
Capital Charge involved in redemption of Liabilities													
Capital of Railway Companies (net payments)													
Initial expenditure on new Capital at Delhi													
TOTAL													
Debt, Deposits, and Advances.													
Permanent Debt (net discharged)													
Temporary do. (do.)													
Unfunded do. (do.)													
Deposits and Advances (net)													
Loans and Advances by Imperial Government													
Do. do. by Provincial Governments													
Remittances (net)													
Secretary of State's Bills paid													
Do. do. exchange													
Drafts on London (net)													
TOTAL													
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS													
Closing Balance													
GRAND TOTAL													

M. F. GAUNTLET,
Comptroller General.

Delhi, 3rd December 1913.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 6th December 1913.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The attention of persons, possessing an exclusive privilege under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, is drawn to the provisions of section 81 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, under which requests for the conversion of the exclusive privilege into a patent will NOT be received in the Patent Office after 31st December 1913.

The conversion is optional. If the conversion is desired, the request should be made on Form 5 of the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, which must be accompanied by the order under which the exclusive privilege was obtained and by a fee of Rs. 3.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

November 24.

- 1322. The Fearless Brush Co. Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to brushes.*
- 1323. G. B. Bowles & S. W. Bowles. *Improvements in brake apparatus for railway wagons and like vehicles.*
- 1324. R. H. Paus. *Improvements in flushing cisterns for water closets.*
- 1325. J. Mucklow. *A mechanical cultivator or plough.*

November 25.

- 1326. R. P. Van Calcar, J. Ellerman & H. J. Martijn. *Process of an apparatus for drying and sterilising air.*
- 1327. R. C. Dyrianatha Modelier. *A new composition of matter for spreading on road surface to suppress dust.*

November 29.

- 1328. H. H. Deane & W. S. Fraser. *Cast iron sleeper.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

- 1105. E. C. Dozey. *Automatic disappearing footboard for railway vehicles.*
- 1180. E. A. Walter. *A new or improved support for the cradle of the continuous draw gear of a railway wagon.*
- 1181. B. K. Bomanjee. *Rapidly adjustable embroidery or needlework frame.*
- 1199. T. A. White. *Improvements in code or combination locks.*
- 1200. S. T. Dutton. *Improvements in connection with railway signalling.*
- 1219. Abdul Aziz & Mola Buksh. *Improved padlock.*
- 1222. C. F. E. Meares. *Automatic safety letter box pillar form.*
- 1247. J. D. Gil. *Improvements in multi-colour printing processes and apparatus therefor.*
- 1251. M. U. Schoop. *Improved process of and apparatus for applying coatings or deposits to surfaces.*
- 1255. Nobel's Explosives Co., Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to explosives.*
- 1261. C. H. Brooke. *Improvements in or relating to roofs, floors and the like.*
- 1262. G. T. Platts & Co., Ltd. and A. R. Stuart. *An improved key with wedge for securing railway rails in their supporting chairs.*
- 1265. R. Lantzsch. *Improvements in and relating to plant for purifying water and removing the iron contained therein.*
- 1266. J. S. Sparkes. *Improvements in connection with caps or couplings for cables, ropes, and for like purposes.*

1267. J. Venning & A. J. Downes. *Improvements in or relating to cut-outs for electrical instruments, glow-lamps and the like.*
 1268. F. A. Byrne. *Improvements in or relating to the coagulating and curing of india-rubber.*
 1273. T. M. Munro. *Improvements in distributors for sand pump dredgers and the like.*
 1274. N. Jagjiwandas. *Improvements in boots and shoes.*
 1277. C. A. J. Hendry. *Elevator with adjustable frame and portable foundation.*
 1278. T. K. Irwin. *Improvements relating to the treatment of sewage.*
 1280. G. Whitfield. *Improvements in or relating to means for supporting mosquito nets or like coverings in position upon bedsteads or cots.*
 1281. Triester Mineral-Oel Raffinerie & K. Opl. *A process of separating paraffin from paraffin oil mixtures and for separating the different paraffins.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

679. Minerals Separation, Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to ore concentration.*
 802. G. Cassady, C. F. Mendham and R. A. Barber. *Improvements relating to mechanism for the conversion of reciprocating into rotary motion.*
 936. Gulam Hussain & Nabi Bukhsh. *Grooved cricket bat.*
 1071. No Ice Refrigerator Co. *Refrigerator.*
 1143. G. Perfect. *Improvements in Sugarcane Machines.*
 1160. Van Nostrand Rotary Plow Co. *Improvements in tillage machines.*
 1171. B. W. Evans. *Improvements in and relating to drag coke ovens.*
 1172. Tyler & Co., Ltd. *Improvements in apparatus for controlling the traffic on single line railways.*
 1177. J. Ashford. *Gates or valves for use with syphons or tubes or in similar situations.*
 1178. J. Ashford. *Improvements in and relating to filter points and strainers for tube wells.*
 1182. P. de Brunn. *Improvements in and relating to the manufacture of zeolites.*
 1183. P. de Brunn. *Improvements relating to the manufacture of base exchanging bodies.*
 1184. E. A. Lauste. *Improvements in and relating to recording and reproducing devices and the like.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 451. Sayer. | 1092. Hawthorn and Bishop. |
| 806. Nueva Espana S. A. | 1094. Leeds Forge Co., Ltd., and Sharpe. |
| 1082. Martin. | 1095. Buchholtz. |
| 1083. Raven. | 1096. Buchholtz. |
| 1085. Evans. | 1097. Sedneff. |
| 1088. Kalianjee and Paranjape. | 1098. Busma. |
| 1090. Singh, Singh, Singh and Singh. | 1099. Island. |
| 1091. Mengelbier. | 1100. Danilevsky. |

PATENTS SEALED.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 417. Constantin. | 1031. Jagenberg. |
| 472. Hargreaves & Hargreaves. | 1036. Saldanha. |
| 491. Williams. | 1044. Munro & R. E. T. Construction Co. Ltd. |
| 573. Macphail. | 1045. Scott. |
| 653. Jean. | 1047. Matthews, Bliss, & Elder. |
| 772. Perrot. | 1057. Gossel. |
| 808. Roberts. | 1059. Spalding and Valentine Ltd., and Campbell. |
| 843. Parsons & Dormer. | 1060. Marsden, Leech & Bradley. |
| 955. Remington Typewriter Co. Ltd. | 1062. Hawkins. |
| 977. Ruckstuhl. | 1063. Jagenberg. |
| 1017. Vansteenkiste, Charbonneau, & Dangoise. | |
| 1030. Jagenberg. | |

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

212 of 1902. Lobnitz. (To 6 January 1915.)
 351 of 1903. Cook. (To 3 December 1914.)
 26 of 1904. Birkeland & Eyde. (To 18 January 1915.)
 203 of 1904. Shaw. (To 2 December 1914.)
 540 of 1904. Window Glass Machine Co. (To 8 February 1915.)
 481 of 1905. Clarke Chapman & Co. and another. (To 24 January 1915.)
 286 of 1906. Lock. (To 17 January 1915.)
 11 of 1907. Highfield. (To 14 February 1915.)
 12 of 1907. Highfield. (To 14 February 1915.)
 13 of 1907. Highfield. (To 14 February 1915.)
 14 of 1907. Highfield. (To 14 February 1915.)
 270 of 1907. Little. (To 18 December 1914.)
 311 of 1907. Lock & others. (To 24 January 1915.)
 520 of 1908. Wynberg. (To 22 July 1915.)
 271 of 1909. Newton. (To 7 December 1914.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.**1902.**

456 (Farlow).

1904.

192 (Dougarsingh).

1905.

39 (Kudlicz André & Friederici).

1907.

173 (Subba Row).

1908.

468 (Taylor).

530 (Barr).

1909.

37 (Remfry). 45 (Konomax Rock Drill Syndicate Ltd.). 67 (Acme Bottle Manufacg. Co. Ltd.). 69 (Barker). 71 (Aktieselskabet Aas's Laas Verdenspatent). 78 (Valveless Ltd.). 86 (Arbuckle & Osborne). 96 (T. Coulthard & Co. Ltd.). 117 (Andreac). 136 (Bana). 159 (Leyenthal). 177 (Smith). 205 (Marsland). 215 (Gates). 260 (Reich). 293 (Wright & Armstrong).

PATENTS SEALED UNDER SECTION 81.

638 of 1910.—Clayton.

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.**November 24th to 29th.**

Class 3. No. 922. The Dunlop Rubber Company Limited, of Manor Mills, Salford Road, Aston, Birmingham, Warwick, England. November 11, 1913.
 Class 5. No. 923. H. Bronnley & Co., Ltd., of Warple Way, Uxbridge Road, London, England. November 24, 1913.
 Class 13. No. 860. The Calico Printers' Association, Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. November 11, 1913.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. All communications relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the

Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs nor their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. Applications for patents in countries other than India should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.	DELHI	Office of the Chief Commissioner.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.	HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.	JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BOMBAY	Record Office.	KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.	LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parul.	LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.	MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.	"	College of Engineering.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHINSURAH	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA	College of Engineering.
CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.	ROORKEE	Thomason College.
		SOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore.

8. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

	Price	
	Rs.	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 11 of 1911	0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 11 of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each 0	2
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
(d) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0	1
Annual subscription with postage	3	0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter Index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904).	2	0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each 1	0
(g) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly)	each 0	8
(h) Patent Office Journal, 1912	1	0
(i) Specifications of Inventions	each 0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books published under the authority of the Government of India, can be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :—

“Specimens of Persian Manuscripts” for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour, High Proficiency, and Interpretership examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them. The following collections are available for sale :—

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|----------|-----------|
| (1) | Collection for 1902-03, | price | Rs 3 | a copy. |
| (2) | “ | “ | 1903-04, | “ “ 3 “ |
| (3) | “ | “ | 1904-05, | “ “ 3 “ |
| (4) | “ | “ | 1908-09, | “ “ 3 “ |
| (5) | “ | “ | 1909-10, | “ “ 3-8 “ |
| (6) | “ | “ | 1910-11, | “ “ 3-8 “ |
| (7) | “ | “ | 1911-12, | “ “ 2-8 “ |
| (8) | “ | “ | 1912-13, | “ “ 2-8 “ |

N.B.—Nos. (1), (3), (4), (5) and (6) contain papers in all the different standards of examination held in Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali; No. (5) contains the High Proficiency Urdu papers also; No. (2) contains all the papers except those for the High Proficiency examinations in Hindi, Arabic and Persian and the Degree of Honour in Arabic and Sanskrit; No. (7) all except those for the Interpretership and Degree of Honour in Persian, Preliminary, High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Arabic, Degree of Honour in Hindi, Degree of Honour in Bengali and High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Sanskrit, and No. (8) all except those for the Degree of Honour in all languages and the Preliminary test in Arabic.

“Diwan-i-Sarkhush” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

“Kalam-i-Urdu,” the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

“Qaani” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

“Diwan-i-Andalib” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the “Ar-Rauzat-u-Zakiyah,” the text-book for the Higher Standard examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

“Nazm-i-Muntakhab,” one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Raghuvansam”—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

“Akhlai-i-Jalali” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 5-12 per copy.

The following list of Munshis who are qualified to teach Urdu under India Army Order No. 162 of 1907, is published for the information of all those students of this language, who are desirous of obtaining competent teachers :

ALLAHABAD.

- | | | | |
|----|----------------------|-----------|---|
| 1. | M. Jawala Prasad, I. | | Kasauli Hills. The Royal Scots Regiment, Sudder Bazar, Allahabad. |
| 2. | M. S. C. Bagchi | | Government Observatory, Allahabad. |

AMBALA.

- | | | | |
|----|-----------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. | M. Mohd. Miyan Khan | | Sudder Bazar, Ambala. |
| 2. | M. Mohd. Akbar Khan | | The Oriental Lodge, Ambala. |
| 3. | M. Jawala Prasad, II. | | B. I. Bazar, Ambala. |
| 4. | M. Sita Ram Malita. | | Near Kali Bari, Sadar Bazar, Ambala. |
| 5. | M. H. Ahmad Fakhrizy | | Sadar Bazar, Ambala Cantonment. |

AMRITSAR.

- | | | | |
|----|----------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1. | M. Mohd. Ishaq | | Khazana Gate, Amritsar. |
|----|----------------|-----------|-------------------------|

AZAMGARH.

1. M. Ram Charan Lal Offg. Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools, Azamgarh.

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya 17, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.
2. M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A. 8, Maulavi Imdad Ali's Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Hossain Mirza 1, Syed Ismail Lane, Calcutta.
4. M. Mohd. Israil Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
5. M. Syed Nawab Ali 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
6. M. Wahidun Nabi Khan 88/1, Baitakkhann Road, Calcutta.
7. M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid 152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
8. M. Daliluddin Ahmed 9/1, Jhowtola Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Wajid 89, Jhowtolla Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Syed Mohammad 12, Waliullah Lane, Wellesley Square, Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE.

1. M. Rahim Shah R. A. Munshi, Campbellpore.

DALHOUSIE.

1. M. Abdur Rahim Regimental Munshi, 1st Lancashire Fusiliers, Balun Bazar, Dalhousie.

DELHI.

1. M. Mithan Lal C/o Late M. Chunni Lal Sahib, Government Pensioner, Muhalla Churi Wala, Delhi.

DINAPORE.

1. M. Syed Hadi Hussain Orderly Bazar, Dinapore.

JHELM.

1. M. Thakur Das Pahwa Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JULLUNDER.

1. M. Har Bhagat Singh Bains Talhan, Jullunder Cantonment.

KASAULI.

1. M. Anand Sarup C/o Munshi Kashi Nath, Dagshai Hills, or Depot, Kasauli.

LAHORE CANTT.

1. M. J. Kishori Lal B. A. Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
2. M. Sham Lal Bhargava Dangar Street, Sudder Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW.

1. M. Abdul Alim Near the Police Post, Husaingunge, Lucknow.
2. M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan Near Royal Hotel, Lucknow.

MAYMYO (BURMA).

1. M. Farzand Ali Khan C/o 1st Border Regiment, Maymyo, Burma.

MULTAN.

1. M. S. Karim Bakhsh Sadar Bazar, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS.

1. M. M. C. Saihgal 2nd Bn., King's Regiment, Lower Ghazial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.

1. M. Faqir Ulla St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

NOWSHERA.

1. M. Muhammad Din Pay Havildar and Head clerk, 23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (F. F.).

PATNA.

1. M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.

PESHAWAR.

1. M. Bodh Raj Royal Sussex Regiment (or Sudder Bazar), Peshawar.
2. M. Ahmed Din 81, Cantonments, Peshawar.
3. M. Abdur Rahim Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
4. M. Abdul Karim Dabgari Gate, Peshawar City.

RAWALPINDI.

1. M. Ghulam Muhiuddin R. A. Brigade Munshi, Rawalpindi.
2. M. Ghulam Rasul Sudder Bazar, Rawalpindi.
3. M. Fazal Ahmed Persian House, Rawalpindi.

ROORKEE CITY.

1. M. Fazl-i-Haq Mahalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SUBATHU.

1. M. Gulzar Lal South Lancashire Regiment, Subathu.

In addition to the above, the following, who were examined in Urdu previous to the institution of the examination mentioned in the above India Army Order, are also, in the opinion of the Board of Examiners, qualified to teach :—

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Arif 12, Harinbari Lane, Calcutta.
2. Maulavi Syed Abu Zafar 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S. 14, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
4. M. Badru-z-Zaman 29, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
5. M. Abdul Badi 5, Ramsanker Roy's Lane, Calcutta.
6. M. A. M. F. Wahhab Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
7. M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat 9, Ahiripuker 2nd Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
8. M. Akmal Ali Akmal 9, Dr. Karam Hossain's Lane, Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Karim Nashter 1, Jhowtollah Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Mohd. Yusuf Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.

N.B.—It is requested that Munshis who have passed this examination and whose names do not appear above, should communicate their present addresses to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta, so that their names may be published also.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE CORONATION DURBAR AND OF THE VISIT OF THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING- EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS TO INDIA, 1911-12.

To meet the repeated demands of the public, the Government of India have decided to publish a complete and authoritative account of the proceedings connected with the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India and with the Coronation Durbar of December 1911.

This book will be compiled from the official records, and will contain lists of all persons taking part in the celebrations and ceremonies. There will also be numerous illustrations, portraits, maps, plans, etc.

It will be published in two editions, a popular one in a cloth binding at a cost not exceeding Rs. 7-8, and a very limited edition *de luxe*, which will contain a list of the subscribers, at a cost of about Rs. 250.

A translation of the popular edition will be made in Urdu and possibly in other languages also, if the demand is sufficient.

It is expected that the work will be ready for publication in about six months' time ; names are still being registered for the various editions, and application should be made to the Superintendent, Official History of the Durbar, Foreign Department, Simla.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 30th November 1913.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT. OF 1866-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS					4 PER CENT. LOANS						4½ PER CENT. LOANS		GRAND TOTAL.	
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	TOTAL.	of 1862-83.	of 1885-96.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	TOTAL.		Transfer Loan of 1879, 4½ per cent. Portion.	TOTAL.
Balance of 15th November 1913	83,91,800	1,15,20,400	6,19,94,400	1,66,95,400	86,35,600	17,55,100	10,06,30,900	6,933	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	2,000	10,40,75,233
Add—																
Amount of transferred to in London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to 27th October 1913	...	24,000	5,000	17,500	5,500	11,800	63,800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	63,800
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to 15th November 1913	...	...	300	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 16th and 30th November 1913	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
Deduct—																
Amount written off in the London Registers	...	1,15,44,400	6,20,01,700	1,67,12,900	86,41,100	17,96,900	10,06,97,000	6,933	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	2,000	10,41,41,333
	...	5,500	3,09,000	19,300	94,200	13,200	4,41,200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,41,200
Balance on 30th November 1913	83,91,800	1,15,38,900	6,16,92,700	1,66,93,600	85,46,900	17,83,700	10,02,55,800	6,933	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	2,000	10,37,00,133

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 30th Sept. 1913. Enfaced from India 12,265 lakhs, re-transferred from London 12,561 lakhs.

1st Oct. 1913 " 15th Oct. " 31st " 1st Nov. " 15th Nov. " 16th " " 30th " "

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 2nd December 1913.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 2nd December 1913.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 30th November 1913.

TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.				RESERVE.										REMARKS.
				COIN AND BULLION.						SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).				
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.		In India.		In England.		In Transit between India and England.		Held in India.	Held in England.	TOTAL.		
1	2	3		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
				R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta	4,25,77,100	23,78,29,210	28,04,16,310	3,57,60,088	1,24,08,928	1,22,92,670	9,15,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	29,26,56,582
Cannore	...	2,62,51,455	2,62,51,455	1,59,38,772	1,78,67,100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,38,25,873
Lahore	...	8,41,89,495	8,41,89,495	1,31,94,688	1,33,38,315	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,64,72,998
Bombay	2,50,00,805	15,18,54,155	17,68,54,460	3,25,75,800	15,32,95,912	1,52,17,505	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,43,59,217
Karachi	...	1,77,02,175	1,77,02,175	29,52,000	6,21,855	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33,73,855
Madras	90,83,600	6,84,24,980	7,25,14,520	2,51,65,915	1,70,84,205	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,22,50,120
Rangoon	...	4,00,01,380	4,00,01,380	3,49,54,101	93,52,050	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,47,96,151
				16,08,01,309	22,44,43,365	3,12,10,175	9,15,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	64,79,54,795
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of issue													25,000	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R											TOTAL RESERVE R		64,79,29,795	

₹220,000 (H83,00,000) was transferred in Gold from the Paper Currency Reserve to the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 30th November 1913.

Rs. 2,00,000 (1,00,000,000)	was transferred in Gold from the Paper Currency Reserve to the Gold Standard Reserve during the year 1918-19.				
The Silver held in the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 30th November 1918 to 4.50 lakhs in coined rupees.					
" Gold		"	"	"	2,75 " in sovereigns.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,

Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 23RD TO 30TH NOVEMBER 1913.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.													COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.		COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.						Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar Closing balance and of paid over.	Receipt of Bullion for sub-sidiary coinage.	Sub-sidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.		
	Pur-chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native State.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern-ment Bullion.	With-drawn and un-current coins.						TOTAL.	
Calcutta	43	10	...	53	48	...	48	9	66*	17	8	100	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	67	2	1	70	62	...	62	1	132†	17	5	155	...	...	...	...	1

* Exclusive of 122 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

† Ditto 142 ditto ditto ditto

His Majesty's Mint;

Calcutta, the 4th December 1913.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE AND CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bond fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Sulphate of Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased both in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ -grain tablet forms by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the principal druggists in Calcutta. These drugs are for sale for *cash* only. On *no account* drugs are sent *per V. P. Post*. These drugs *may be obtained* from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur.

The rates for these drugs from 15th November 1912 are as follows :—

• SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	10 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	12 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	5 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	6 „

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.
Cinchona Febrifuge is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT SECRETARIAT. DELHI PROVINCE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 1st December 1913.

No. 820-E.—The services of Mr. W. B. Richards, Executive Engineer, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India, with effect from the afternoon of the 6th November 1913, for re-employment in the United Provinces.

2. Notification No. 714-E., dated 14th November 1913, is hereby cancelled.

H. T. KEELING,
Secretary, Public Works Department, Delhi.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 27th November 1913.

No. 60.—Mr. H. Jackson, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani held at Lahore Cantonment on the 1st October 1913.

The 28th November 1913.

No. 61.—Mr. J. F. McMichael, Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India 7 days' special leave on medical certificate, in continuation of the leave notified in this office Notification No. 55, dated 30th October 1913.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel, R.E.,
Agent, N.-W. Railway,

COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND ABKARI.

NOTICE.

No. 1.

Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at Godhra Distillery in the Panch Mahals District for supply to that district, to the districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira and Broach and to certain villages attached to these districts for Abkari management (a list of which villages can be seen at the offices of the Collectors concerned at any time during office hours). The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Godhra from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows :—

Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals
and Broach Districts.

Kaira District.

25° U. P., 60° U. P.

25° U. P., 60° U. P. and 40° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	Ahmedabad District.		Kaira District.			Panch Mahals District.		Broach District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	40° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	109,367	1,078	26,368	473	..	21,963	106,745	87,437	244
1909-10	101,274	475	24,392	397	..	17,677	96,164	84,107	340
1910-11	97,883	241	30,960	497	102	22,851	106,803	100,116	326
1911-12	93,959	141	31,590	515	521	19,130	93,084	96,909	113
1912-13	91,259	122	32,945	489	559	21,470	103,155	65,519	6,340

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Godhra Distillery and from Warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Godhra and the warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Godhra is Rs. 2,19,568. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the

shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows : Godhra Distillery Rs. 246, Ahmedabad Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, Anand Bonded Warehouse Rs. 16, and the Broach Bonded Warehouse Rs. 40 per mensem, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required, at his own expense, to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or to revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>Ahmedabad.</i>	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>
Ahmedabad City, Cantonment and ten miles round	3 12 0	1 14 0
Prantij	1 8 0	0 12 0
Rest of the District	3 0 0	1 8 0
<i>Kaira.</i>		
Thasra (except Dakor), Kapadwanj and Pandu Mewas	1 8 0	0 12 0 (40 U. P.) (a) 1 3 3
Dakor Town and rest of the District	2 4 0	1 2 0 (40° U. P.) (b) 1 13 0
<i>Panch Mahals.</i>		
Whole District	1 8 0	0 12 0
<i>Broach.</i>		
Whole District	3 12 0	1 14 0

(a) In the Kapadwanj Taluka.

(b) In the Matar and Anand Talukas.

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary, from time to time, and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Godhra Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract-area.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Godhra Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P., at the distillery and at the bonded warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it, will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector of the district concerned. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of these received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of the Panch Mahals a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the same person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 2.

Surat, with the Nandurbar Taluka (including the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture and supply country spirit in the Surat District (including the villages of the Sachin State attached to the district for Abkari management) and in the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District. The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Surat from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit for the five years ended March 1913 was as under:—

	Surat District.		Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	211,971	280,222	25,617	183,219
1909-10	198,756	255,570	27,144	193,929
1910-11	239,232	301,631	35,337	223,231
1911-12	223,301	256,691	42,251	244,043
1912-13	221,236	238,784	35,734	217,128

It is intended that spirit shall be distributed from the Central Distillery at Surat and from warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli and Nandurbar but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still shall be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distilleries or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the distillery at Surat and the warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli and Nandurbar at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at the Surat Distillery is Rs. 2,21,000. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stocks of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishment maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows : Surat Distillery Rs. 143-8-0, Bulsar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 65, Bardoli Bonded Warehouse Rs. 65, and Nandurbar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 16 per mensem ; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of the buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Surat District and the Navapur Petha and the Nandurbar, Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

Area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U.P.			Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U.P.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
<i>Surat.</i>						
Surat City and five miles round and Chorasi, Olpad and West Bulsar	3	12	0	1	14	0
Jalalpur, West Bardoli, West Mandki, West Chikhli, Pardi, East Bulsar and East Mandvi.	3	0	0	1	8	0
East Bardoli and East Chikhli	2	4	0	1	2	0
<i>West Khandesh.</i>						
Navapur Petha	1	8	0	0	12	0
Nandurbar, Taloda and Shahada Talukas	3	12	0	1	14	0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area

to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Surat Distillery and at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the area, including the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Surat Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. at the distillery and the bonded warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli, and Nandurbar, to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector of Surat. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Surat District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Surat a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreement within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit in the Surat District and in the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

NOTICE.

No. 3.

East Khandesh, West Khandesh [excluding the Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas] and Nasik.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the Dhulia Distillery in the West Khandesh District for supply to the East and the West Khandesh Districts [including certain Native State villages attached to West Khandesh District for Abkari management and excluding the Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas and the Akrani Pargana and a portion of the Kathi Mewas] and to the Nasik District for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Dhulia from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri) provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may from time to time be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorised at present are as follows:—

East Khandesh, West Khandesh and Nasik Districts.
25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	East Khandesh District.		West Khandesh District excluding the Nandur- bar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas.		Nasik District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	58,722	253,080	15,924	117,316	88,646	38,294
1909-10	68,879	295,543	20,822	144,175	107,975	36,904
1910-11	87,283	384,360	28,460	168,594	127,288	49,875
1911-12	76,798	376,247	29,933	160,981	139,948	50,113
1912-13	59,147	368,228	19,112	155,791	120,836	52,319

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Dhulia Distillery and from warehouses at Jalgaon, Nasik and Malegaon, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Dhulia and the warehouses at Jalgaon, Nasik and Malegaon at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Dhulia is Rs. 2,63,000. If this contract is not renewed, the contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared, not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the contractor may desire to submit, but the contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915, or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows :—Dhulia Distillery Rs. 227, Jalgaon Bonded Warehouse Rs. 68, Nasik Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, and Malegaon Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25 per mensem.⁵ But Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the East and West Khandesh and Nasik Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>West Khandesh.</i>	<i>R a. p.</i>	<i>R a. p.</i>
Whole District (except Navapur Petha)	3 12 0	1 14 0
<i>East Khandesh.</i>		
Bhusaval Town	4 8 0	2 4 0
Rest of the District	3 12 0	1 14 0
<i>Nasik.</i>		
Nasik City	4 8 0	2 4 0
Peint Taluka	1 8 0	0 12 0
Rest of the District	3 12 0	1 14 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time, and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates, or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Dhulia Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Dhulia Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. at the distillery and at the Bonded Warehouses at Jalgaon in the East Khandesh District and Nasik and Malegaon in the Nasik District to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector concerned. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the East and West Khandesh and Nasik Districts": this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest or to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of West Khandesh a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*, and if he fails to do so the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the forms of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and, if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the

deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 4.

(Poona, Satara, Sholapur and Ahmednagar Districts.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the Mundhwa Distillery in the Poona District for supply to that district (including Native State villages attached to that district for Abkari management) and to the districts of Satara, Sholapur and Ahmednagar. The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Mundhwa from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts 25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under:—

	Poona District.		Satara District.		Ahmednagar District.		Sholapur District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.
1908-09	156,063	..	49,787	..	31,200	..	51,126	..
1909-10	156,890	..	53,739	..	35,517	..	53,576	..
1910-11	168,560	..	61,802	..	43,091	..	58,163	..
1911-12	179,708	..	68,256	..	44,309	..	64,336	..
1912-13	167,503	..	64,052	..	37,401	..	61,074	..

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Mundhwa Distillery in the Poona District, and from warehouses at Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions:—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Mundhwa and the warehouses at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Mundhwa is Rs. 93,000. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared, not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after

considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows: Mundhwa Distillery Rs. 94, Ahmednagar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 12, Satara Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, and Sholapur Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25 per mensem; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charge on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or to revise them from time to time if they deem fit:—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>Poona.</i>		
Poona City Cantonment and ten miles round	Rs. A. P. 5 4 0	Rs. A. P. 2 10 0
Rest of the District	4 8 0	2 4 0
<i>Satara.</i>		
Whole District	4 8 0	2 4 0
<i>Ahmednagar.</i>		
Whole District	4 8 0	2 4 0
<i>Sholapur.</i>		
Whole District	5 4 0	2 10 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor, will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates, or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the 'Mundhwa Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts:" this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

12. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

13. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

14. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Poona a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 11 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

15. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the district concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces: and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

16. As soon as the agreements have been executed, the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 5.

Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat).

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the distillery to be erected at Khanapur in the Belgaum District for supply to the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar and Bijapur (including certain Native States villages attached to those districts for Abkari management) and to the above-ghat talukas of the Kanara District for a period of five years from the 1st April 1915 or, if the Khanapur Distillery is not ready for manufacturing operations on that date, from the subsequent date on which that distillery may be ready for the manufacture of spirit.

Government are about to erect a new distillery at Khanapur and it is anticipated, though no guarantee can be given in this respect, that the buildings will be ready for the installation of plant in December 1914. Subject to the proviso contained below the contractor will be required to instal, throughout this distillery, new plant designed to produce and deal with wash the original gravity of which will be readily ascertained by means of Bates' Saccharometer. The distilling apparatus shall be of the "continuous" type, producing at one operation a potable spirit of satisfactory quality. Provided that the contractor will be required to take over such articles of the plant of the present Belgaum and Dharwar Distilleries and of the warehouses at Bijapur, Gadag, Haveri and Sirsi at prices to be fixed by the Collectors of the districts concerned, as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari be suitable for employment in the new distillery or in the bonded warehouses and he shall pay for such plant on or before the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Khanapur from mhowra flowers, or from mcllasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths, as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strength authorized at present are as follows:—

Belgaum and Bijapur Districts.	Dharwar and Kanara above-ghat Districts.
25° U. P., 60° U. P.	25° U. P., 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under:—

Year.	Belgaum District.		Dharwar District.		Bijapur District.		Kanara District, above ghat.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.
1908-09	70,360	..	111,421	..	22,581	..	26,896	..
1909-10	80,494	..	115,273	..	35,979	..	25,729	..
1910-11	96,909	..	141,982	..	53,788	..	27,579	..
1911-12	109,889	..	175,438	..	63,821	..	29,739	..
1912-13	117,347	403	153,427	..	57,604	..	27,715	..

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Khanapur Distillery and from warehouses at Dharwar, Gadag, Haveri, Bijapur and Sirsi, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. If the contract is not renewed at the end of the contract period the contractor shall if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the contractor may desire to submit, but the contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the contractor, subject, however to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows, Khanapur Distillery at 1½ per cent. on the capital cost of the distillery, site quarters, etc., Dharwar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, Gadag Bonded Warehouse Rs. 30, Haveri Bonded Warehouses Rs. 25, Bijapur Bonded Warehouse Rs. 18, and Sirsi Bonded Warehouse Rs. 5 per mensem. But Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required, at his own expense, to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat) are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and Area.						Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
						Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Belgaum	{ City, Cantonment and 10 miles round					5 4 0	2 10 0
	{ Rest of the District					4 8 0	2 4 0
Dharwar	. . . . .					4 8 0	2 4 0
Bijapur	. . . . .					4 8 0	2 4 0
Kanara (above ghat)	. . . . .					4 8 0	2 4 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest,

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Khanapur Distillery and at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat)," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

12. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reason.

13. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

14. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Belgaum a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 11 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

15. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

16. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 6.

(The talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to supply country spirit to the talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District for a period of three years from 1st April 1915.

2. The spirit may be manufactured at any of the Central Distilleries of the Presidency Proper or at the Uran Distilleries. The contractor will manufacture the spirit from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur), or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District for the five years ending March 1913 was as under:—

Year.	Salsette Taluka.		Bassein Taluka.		Mahim Taluka.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	52,560	162,029	11,446	105,970	8,432	90,813
1909-10	55,981	160,017	11,393	109,157	18,383	103,479
1910-11	53,342	154,665	11,724	106,034	18,069	93,396
1911-12	53,331	156,028	14,585	104,722	8,842	76,988
1912-13	57,153	165,806	15,939	115,243	10,414	89,926

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from warehouses at Thana and Bassein, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

Pending completion of the warehouses to be built at Thana and Bassein the spirit will be distributed from the present depôts established at Thana, Bassein and Kelva Mahim. The contractor will be required to take over at prices to be fixed by the Collector such portions of the plant at those depôts as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner, be serviceable and suitable for use in a bonded warehouse. If the contract is not renewed, the contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the plant in the bonded warehouses on the expiration of the contract to the next contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the contractor may desire to submit, but the contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which in the opinion of the Commissioner is unsuitable or unserviceable.

4. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

5. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the warehouses will be defrayed by Government. The contractor will have to pay such rent for each warehouse occupied as may be determined by the Commissioner, but Government reserve to themselves the power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings.

The contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the warehouse plant in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the warehouses which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

6. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

Area.	Per gallon of 25° U. P.			Per gallon of 60° U. P.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Salsette Taluka	4	8	0	2	4	0
Bassein Town	4	8	0	2	4	0
Rest of Bassein Taluka	3	12	0	1	14	0
Mahim Taluka	3	12	0	1	14	0

7. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

8. Except with the special permission of the Collector the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

9. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

10. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of supply of country spirit in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

11. Government reserve power to accept such tenders as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

12. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

13. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Thana, a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 10 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

14. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of supplying license which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreement within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

15. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Collector will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of supplying country spirit in the talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District.

NOTICE.

No. 7.

(All the talukas of the Kolaba District except Karjat and Panvel.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to supply country spirit to all the talukas of the Kolaba District except Karjat and Panvel, that is, to the talukas of Alibagh, Pen (including Nagothna Petha), Roha, Mangaon, and Mahad and to the villages in the Sudhagad Mahal of the Bhor State attached to that district for Abkari management, for a period of three years from 1st April 1915.

2. The spirit may be manufactured at any of the Central Distilleries of the Presidency Proper or at the Uran Distilleries. The contractor will manufacture the spirit from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur), or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows :—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the talukas of the Kolaba District (including Sudhagad Mahal) required to be supplied under this tender for the five years ending March 1913 was as under :—

Year.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	75,535	59,853
1909-10	88,194	31,988
1910-11	83,870	31,755
1911-12	87,470	21,420
1912-13	97,997	22,047

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from warehouses at Ambepura (Poinad), Roha and Mahad, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

Pending completion of the warehouses to be built at Ambepura (Poinad), Roha and Mahad the spirit will be distributed from the present depôts established at Alibag, Pen, Roha and Mahad. The contractor will be required to take over at prices to be fixed by the Collector such portions of the plant at those depôts as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner, be serviceable and suitable for use in a bonded warehouse. If the contract is not renewed, the contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the plant in the bonded warehouses on the expiration of the contract to the next contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the contractor may desire to submit, but the contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which in the opinion of the Commissioner is unsuitable or unserviceable.

4. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

5. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the warehouses will be defrayed by Government. The contractor will have to pay such rent for each warehouse occupied as may be determined by the Commissioner, but Government reserve to themselves the power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the warehouse plant in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the warehouses which will be carried out by Government at their expense.

6. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the talukas of the Kolaba District (including Sudhagad Mahal) required to be supplied under this tender are Rs. 3-12-0 and Rs. 1-14-0 per gallon of 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. ; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit.

	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Whole district	3 12 0	1 14 0

7. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

8. Except with the special permission of the Collector, the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

9. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

10. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of supply of country spirit in the talukas of Alibag, Pen, Roha, Mangaon and Mahad and the Sudhagad Mahal of the Kolaba District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914 after which no tender will be received.

11. Government reserve power to accept such tenders as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

12. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

13. The successful tenderer shall within one week after the decision of Government, has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Kolaba a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 10 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

14. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the same person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of supplying license which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

15. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Collector will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of supplying country spirit in the Alibag, Pen, Roha, Mangaon and Mahad Talukas and the Sudhagad Mahal of the Kolaba District.

BOMBAY ;

H. O. QUIN,

The 15th October 1913.

Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION BANGALORE.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

INSOLVENCY PETITION NO. 45 OF 1913.

Bangalore, the 9th November 1913.

Shaik Ismail Saib, son of Shaik Hameed Saib, merchant, residing in Majid Street, Ulsoor, Civil and Military Station Bangalore (petitioner); S. Giritharilal & others (creditors).

Notice, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 10th December 1913 for hearing.

Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

N. S. TIRUMALAI AIYANGER,

District Judge.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
630—1913	Haji Sakoor Pir Mahomed and Haji Shariff Haji Sakoor.	Mahomedan	.....	Ding business in partnership as merchants in dry fruits at Bengulpura without the Fort in Bombay under the name, style and firm of Hajji Sakoor Pir Mahomed & Co.	16th	November	1913	17th	November	1913
631—1913	Vithaldas Dharamsy and Tricumarai Dalpatram Mehta.	Hindu	.....	Ding business in partnership in gold, silver and jewellery under the name and style of Messrs. G. Mehta & Co., at Pydhani outside the Fort of Bombay.	17th	"	"	"	"	"
632—1913	Yasin Lal Shaik	Mahomedan	Cumballa Hill near Kemp & Co.	Formerly Motor car driver and thereafter keeper of bullock carts and now unemployed.	17th	"	"	18th	"	"
633—1913	Jayabhai Rana Khoja and Nanjibhai Rana Khoja.	"	Dadar	Latelly petty dealers in grocery, etc., in partnership under the name of Javer Rana and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
634—1913	Keroba alias Kero Gunshet Kudu	Hindu	Thakurdwar Road (Surkari Tabela).	Coppersmith in the Reay Art School	"	"	"	"	"	"
635—1913	Vishnoo Naoji More	"	Bomerkhadi	Baiber	18th	"	"	18th	"	"
636—1913	Ganpatrao Atmaram Jayakar and Vinayek Atmaram Jayakar.	"	361-363, Girgaum Road near China Bazar.	Clerks in the Standard Life Office and Wadia & Co, Cumballa Hill, respectively.	"	"	"	"	"	"
637—1913	Savaichand Surchand and Fakirchand Ghellabhai.	"	.....	Trading in partnership under the name and firm of Sobhagchand Naginchand & Co. with Naginchand Javerchand and Sobhagchand Naginchand at Bombay.	13th	"	"	19th	"	"

638—1913	Pararam Ramdandas, Gopikrishna Ramvalabh, Brijkrishna Ramvalabh, Lalchand Ramvalabh and Hemraj Ramgopal.	Hindu	...	.....	19th	"	"	"	"	"
639—1913	Kadambhai Esaji Vegri	Mahomedan	Bara Imam, Bhendy Bazar	Formerly dealer in old iron and now manager in the employ of Chhotalal Ambalal and Co.	"	"	"	"	"	"
640—1913	Lalubhai Parshotum Kansara	Hindu	Chira Bazar	Dealer in Aluminium	"	"	"	"	"	"
641—1913	Cursatji Pallonji Shroff	Parsi	Charin Road, opposite Railway Hotel.	Lately Cloth Merchant trading in the name of Ladies Emporium and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
642—1913	Pirojsha Jamshedji Limbuwala	"	Tardeo	Clerk in the employ of Messrs. Wadia and Co.	20th	"	"	"	"	"
643—1913	Vithoba alias Vithal Ganpat Arte	Hindu	Thakardwar Road, (Surkari Tabela).	Coppersmith.	"	"	"	"	"	"
644—1913	Kasinath Wasudeo Charunkar and his wife Sitabai.	"	Falkland Road (Manek Building).	1st Debtor Compounder in the Bombay Municipality and the 2nd Debtor unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
645—1913	George Chedley Frederick Nelson	European	Dantra House, Apollo Bunder	Lately salesman in the employ of the Indian States and Eastern Agency and now unemployed.	8th	October	"	"	21st	"
646—1913	Luxmon Ramji Gharat	Hindu	Dongri	Lately fitter in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway and now unemployed.	21st	November	"	"	"	"
647—1913	Untoo Parashram Jatar	"	Byrulla	Jobber in the Petit Mills Company, Limited	"	"	"	"	"	"
648—1913	Ramnarayan Shivram alias Shriram Rathi.	"	Parsi Gulli, Pydhoni	Lately alleged partner of Choornilal Jekison-das trading in the name of Tribhownandas Varmalidas and now Mehta in the service of Multanhand Luchmondas.	"	"	"	"	"	"
649—1913	Bhanji Verry	"	Mandir, Vadin Gadi	Carrying on business as fire-wood merchants at Mander near Vad Gadi outside the Fort.	"	"	"	"	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the Petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*contd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Place of Residence in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
649—1913	Mahomed Wajji Khoja .	Mahomedan .	Dongri .	Dealer in corkery and glassware .	21st	November .	1913	22nd	November .	1913
650—1913	Bhiva Shiwa Koombhar .	Hindu .	Naigaum .	Jobber in the Dyeing Spring Mills Company, Limited.	22nd	"	"	"	"	"
651—1913	Tricunddas Premji Thakar and Haridas Pragji.	" .	...	Till recently carrying on business at Mandvi in Bombay and elsewhere, under the name and style of Tricunddas Mulji	24th	November .	1913	24th	November .	1913
652—1913	Anandrao Baba Velkar .	" .	Girgaum, Bhatwadi .	Lately painter in the Traffic Workshop, G. I. P. Railway and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
653—1913	Keshowlal Lakhimechand Sha .	" .	Shaik Memon Street, near Mangaldas Market.	Lately trading in Motor cars, Motor accessories and electric goods under the name of Orient Motor Car and Electric Company and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
654—1913	Chunilal Mahasuk Vania .	" .	Bhuleshwar .	Lately dealer in ghee in partnership with Gurdhan Harivalabh, since deceased, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
655—1913	Luxmibai, widow of Keshow Ganahet Gandhi.	" .	Vadgadi .	Lately petty dealer in tobacco and now unemployed.	25th	"	"	25th	"	"
656—1913	Arthur Griffith .	Eurasian .	Lower Parel .	Engine Driver in the B. B. and C. I. Railway Coy.	"	"	"	"	"	"

657—1913	Jamunadas Keshavji Thacker and Mulji Ludha Khatri.	Hindu	Jambulwadi, Kalbadevi Road and Nall Bazar, respectively.	Carrying on business in partnership as cloth merchants at Gopal Galli, Mulji Jetha Cloth Market in the name, style and firm of Purshotum Keshowji.	26th	"	"	"
658—1913	Nathmal Shivjiram Chandak	"	No. 24-26, Vithalwadi	Carrying on business as Speculator in cotton, seed, silver etc., and also Moonim in the employ, of Ganeshdas Gulabchand.	"	"	"	"
659—1913	Prabhakar Gorind Vaidya	"	Ville Parla	Lately carrying on business in partnership with Shridhar Krishna Kothavle as Secretary, Treasurer and Agent of the Bombay Banking Company, Ltd., under the name of V. N. Apte & Co., and also importer of Machinery and Kerosene oil and Commission Agent under the name of P. G. Vaidya, and unemployed.	27th	"	27th	"
660—1913	Ranchordas Mulji	"	...	Piece-goods merchant carrying on business under the styles of Ranchordas Mulji and Mulji Anandji at Mulji Jetha Market.	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' Petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, FORT, BOMBAY,
Dated this 1st day of December 1913.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 188 of 1912.

Rangoon, the 17th day of November 1913.

In the matter of Maung Ba Tun, of No. 12, Canal Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Ba Tun, of No. 12, Canal Street, Rangoon, on the 17th day of November 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Ba Tun.

CASE No. 118 of 1913.

Rangoon, the 18th day of November 1913.

In the matter of V. Girjashankar, clerk, of No. 254-A, Dalhousie Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court, adjudging the said V. Girjashankar an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 18th day of November 1913.

CASE No. 133 of 1913.

Rangoon, the 18th day of November 1913.

In the matter of Maung Po Tha, of No. 144, Tatauge Quarters, Pazundaung, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Po Tha, of No. 144, Tatauge Quarters, Pazundaung, Rangoon, on the 27th day of October 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 18th day of November 1913 against the said Maung Po Tha.

CASE No. 139 of 1913.

Rangoon, the 18th day of November 1913.

In the matter of Cecil B. P. Walsh, of No. 3, Kaudawglay Road, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Cecil B. P. Walsh, of No. 3, Kaudawglay Road, Rangoon, on the 18th day of November 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Cecil B. P. Walsh.

CASE No. 141 of 1913.

Rangoon, the 24th day of November 1913.

In the matter of C. A. Dias, Sub-Inspector, Rangoon Municipality, residing in 76, 40th Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by C. A. Dias, Sub-Inspector, Rangoon Municipality, residing in 76, 40th Street, Rangoon, on the 24th day of November 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said C. A. Dias.

CASE No. 142 of 1913.

Rangoon, the 25th day of November 1913.

In the matter of James Aloysius Luff, Assistant Station Master, Rangoon, residing at the Burma Railway Station Building, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by James Aloysius Luff, Assistant Station Master, Rangoon, residing at the Burma Railway Station Building, Rangoon on the 25th day of November 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said James Aloysius Luff.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.**NOTIFICATION.****FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.**

Bombay, the 27th November 1913.

No. 42.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on Medical Certificate under the Leave Rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India, *i.e.*, 21st November 1913.

Commander C. Gardner, R.I.M. 12 months.

E. W. HUDDLESTON,

for Director, Royal Indian Marine.

**ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
AJMER-MERWARA.****NOTIFICATION.**

Camp, 29th November, 1913.

No. 1209-C—984.—The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following amendment to the rules published under his Notification No. 83-C—984, dated the 25th January 1900 (as modified by Notification No. 1187-C., dated the 26th November 1906), for regulating the procedure in the acquisition of land under Act I of 1894 and the award and payment of compensation for land acquired thereunder:—

In rule 11-A the words "after taking into due account such information or instructions" shall be substituted for the words "in accordance with those instructions."

By order,

H. GOUGH, Major,

First Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent, Rajputana,
and Chief Commissioner, Ajmere-Merwara.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-
GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.****NOTIFICATIONS.**

Quotta, the 24th November 1913.

No. 4127-R.—Rai Bahadur Dewan Ganpat Rai, C.I.E., an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 1st grade and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sibi, is granted privilege leave for twenty days with effect from the afternoon of the 8th November 1913.

No. 4128-R.—H. Rattan Chand, a Tahsildar of the 2nd grade and Tahsildar Shahrig, is appointed to officiate as an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sibi, from the date of taking over charge and during the absence of Rai Bahadur Dewan Ganpat Rai on leave.

By order,

DENYS BRAY,

First Assistant.

**OFFICE OF THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-
GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 27th November 1913.

No. 4170-R.—Consequent on the retirement of Dewan Udho Das, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 4th grade, from the public service, M. Juma Khan, a Tabsildar of the 2nd grade and *s. p. t.* Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade, is confirmed as an Extra Assistant Commissioner with effect from the 11th November 1913.

No. 4171-R.—Mr. H. G. R. Adie, Superintendent of the office of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General and officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 5th grade and City Magistrate, Quetta, is appointed as *s. p. t.* Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 5th grade with effect from the 11th November 1913.

By order,

DENYS BRAY,

First Assistant.

COMPTROLLER-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

The following is a statement of the cash balances at the Home Treasury of the Government of India on the 1st October 1913 and of the form in which they were held :—

	General Balance.	Gold Standard Reserve.
	£	£
Cash at the Bank of England	8,11,963	...
Short loans to approved borrowers on security	3,157,820	1,142,180
	<u>3,969,783</u>	<u>1,142,180</u>
Total Home Treasury balances as shown in the accounts	5,111,963	

M. F. GAUNTLETT,

Comptroller General.

DELHI;

Dated the 8rd December 1913.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Dated Bombay Castle, 11th November 1913.

No. 10196.—The following agreement executed on behalf of the Bank of Bombay of the one part and the Secretary of State for India in Council of the other part, under section 41 of the Land Acquisition Act, No. I of 1894, is hereby published for general information under section 42 of that Act :—

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT made this Sixth day of November One thousand nine hundred and thirteen BETWEEN THE BANK OF BOMBAY a Banking Company duly constituted a body corporate with perpetual succession and regulated by The Presidency Banks Act 1876 of the Governor General of India in Council as amended by subsequent Acts of the Governor General of India in Council (hereinafter called "the Bank") of the one part and THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL (hereinafter called "the Secretary of State") of the other part WHEREAS the Bank have applied to the Government of Bombay to put in force the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act 1894 (hereinafter referred to as "the said Act") in order to acquire for the Bank the two pieces of land buildings and premises described in the schedule hereunder written and situate and being on the East side of Apollo Street within the Fort of Bombay AND WHEREAS the Government of Bombay having caused an enquiry to be held in conformity with the provisions of section 40 of the said Act and being satisfied on the report of the result of such enquiry that the proposed acquisition is needed for the construction of certain work for the purposes of the Bank namely the construction of a building or buildings adjoining or in extension of the premises at present belonging to and occupied by the Bank and to be used for the purposes of

the Bank and that such work is likely to prove useful to the public has consented to the provisions of the said Act being put in force in order to acquire land for the purposes of the Bank and has pursuant to section 41 of the said Act required the Bank to enter into the agreement with the Secretary of State hereinafter contained FROM THESE PRESENTS WITNESS that it is hereby agreed between the parties hereto as follows :—

- 1.—THE Bank shall and will provide for and reimburse or pay to the Government of Bombay (hereinafter referred to as "the said Government") the entire cost as determined by the said Government of the acquisition under the provisions of the said Act of the said land and premises including all compensation damages interest costs charges and expenses whatsoever which have been or may be paid or incurred in respect of or on account of such acquisition and all law costs and other expenses which have been or may be incurred by the said Government upon or in respect of or incidental to such acquisition or any litigation arising thereout and either before the Collector of Bombay or in the Original or Appellate Courts. As an initial provision for the monies which shall be payable by the Bank as aforesaid the Bank shall deposit with the Collector of Bombay at the time of the completion of this Agreement such sum either in cash or approved securities as the Collector of Bombay may require and thereafter the Bank shall pay to the Collector of Bombay within seven days after demand by him in writing such further amount or amounts in cash as he shall from time to time estimate to be required or provided by the Bank for the purpose of meeting or disbursing any of the compensation damages interest costs charges or expenses hereinbefore referred to.
2. UPON payment of the entire compensation damages interest costs charges and expenses incidental to acquisition as referred to in clause 1 of these presents the said land buildings and premises so acquired shall forthwith after the award of the Collector of Bombay is made in respect thereof and possession has been taken thereof by the Collector of Bombay be handed over by the Collector of Bombay to the Bank and the Secretary of State shall as soon as conveniently may be thereafter at the request and cost of the Bank execute and do all such acts deeds matters and things as may be necessary or proper for effectually vesting the said land buildings and premises in the Bank and giving it an absolute title thereto.
3. THE terms upon which the said land buildings and premises shall be held by the Bank are that the Bank shall (as it hereby undertakes and agrees to do) construct thereon or on part thereof a building or buildings for the purposes of the Bank either adjoining or in extension of the building at present held and used by the Bank as their head Office in Bombay and reconstruct or adapt and alter any building now standing on the said land to the purposes of the Bank and shall so long as the Bank shall have the conduct and management in Bombay of the Government business hereinafter mentioned provide in the building or buildings for the time being standing on the said land and the present building already owned by the Bank (in addition to their use for the general purposes of the Bank) improved accommodation for the Public Debt Office and the Government Account Department and for better enabling the Bank to conduct and carry on the management of the General Banking business of the Secretary of State and of the said Government and of the business of the Registered Public Debt and Securities of the Government of India and the Secretary of State. The Bank shall pay all Municipal assessments and outgoings payable in respect of the said land and premises and all buildings for the time being standing thereon.
4. THE building or buildings to be so constructed or adapted for the purposes of the Bank shall be completed furnished and made fit for use at the expense of the Bank within Three years from the date when the Collector of Bombay shall hand over possession of the said land and premises to the Bank or within such further time as the said Government shall allow and so long as the Bank shall have the conduct and management of the said Government business the Bank shall be bound to maintain and keep all building or buildings standing on the said land in proper repair and sanitary condition and in every respect in accordance with the rules of the Municipality for the time being in force and applicable thereto.
5. THE public subject to the Acts constituting and regulating the Bank and the By-laws made thereunder shall have free admittance into the building or buildings for the time being standing on the said land for the purpose of *bond fide* business with the Bank or in relation to the said Government business.
6. ALL the costs and expenses of and incidental to the preparation and execution of this agreement (including stamp duty and the costs of registration if required by the said Government) shall be paid by the Bank.

IN WITNESS whereof the Bank of Bombay has hereunto set and affixed its Common Seal and by the direction of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor of Bombay in Council the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council has hereunto set his hand and seal the day and year first above written.

The Schedule above referred to.

ALL THAT piece of land situate at the junction of Apollo Street and Green Street within the Sub-registration District of Bombay India containing by recent admeasurement six hundred and thirty-seven decimal thirty-five square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less together with the offices and buildings or building materials (if any) standing thereon and bearing new Survey No. 9320 assessed by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 1011 and 1074 Street Nos. 83-85 Apollo Street and 2-4 Green Street respectively and bounded on the North by the property secondly hereinafter described on the South by Green Street on the East by a portion of a sweeper's passage intervening between the premises now being described and the land and property belonging to the Bank of Bombay and on the West by Apollo Street aforesaid and which said premises firstly described are believed to be now the property of Mr. Phiroze Cursetji Sethna and are more particularly delineated in the plan hereunto annexed being thereon coloured red.

Secondly.—ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage standing thereon situate in the Elphinstone Circle within the Fort of Bombay on the East side of Apollo Street in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement seven hundred and two decimal naught nine square yards or thereabouts bounded on the North by the property known as Remington's Buildings belonging to Robert Baumback and to the estate of the late John Andrew Baumback on the South by the property firstly hereinbefore described on the East by a portion of a sweeper's passage intervening between the premises now being described and the land and property belonging to the Bank of Bombay and on the West by Apollo Street aforesaid assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward No. 1012 Street Nos. 87-89 and 91 and registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay under Survey No. 9320 and which said premises secondly described are believed to be now the property of Purshotumdas Thakordas and Choonilal Vizbhukhandas and are more particularly delineated in the plan hereunto annexed being thereon coloured blue.

THE COMMON SEAL of THE BANK OF BOMBAY
was hereunto set and affixed at Bombay by and in
the presence of—

C. H. ARMSTRONG,
TRIBHOVANDAS VURJIVANDAS, } Directors.

R. AITKEN, Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

SIGNED SEALED AND DELIVERED by the
Honourable Mr. G. CARMICHAEL, C.S.I.,
I.C.S., Chief Secretary to the Government of
Bombay, on behalf of the Secretary of State for
India in Council in the presence of—

G. CARMICHAEL,
Chief Secretary to Government.

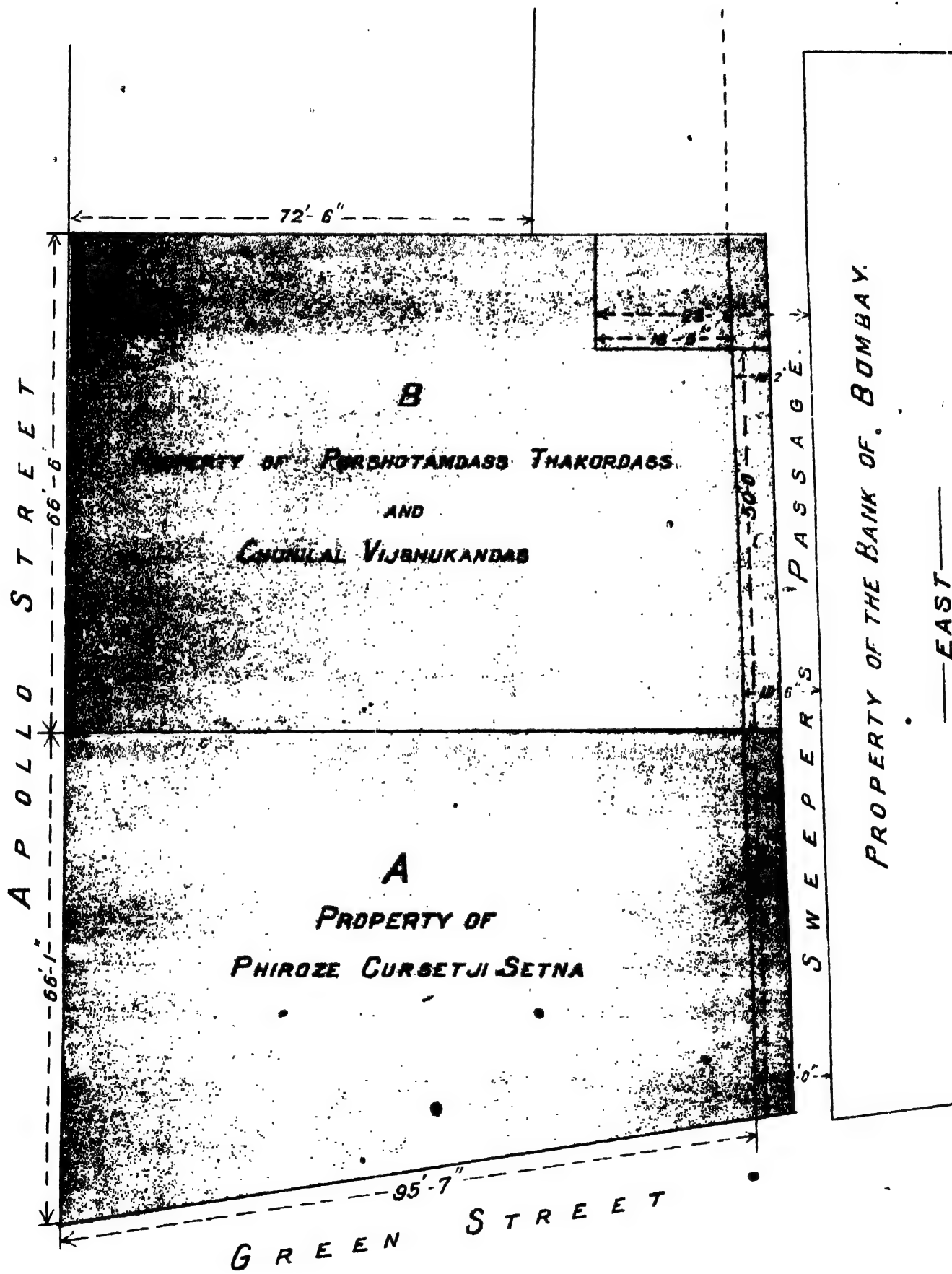
S. T. FERNANDES,
Assistant Superintendent,
Revenue Department.

GANESH YASHAVANT TAMIHANE,
Clerk, Revenue Department, Secretariat.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

G. CARMICHAEL,
Chief Secretary to Government,

NORTH



SOUTH

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATION.****MISCELLANEOUS.**

Dated Allahabad, the 26th November 1913.

No. 590.—The agreement hereinafter set forth entered into by the company known as the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, in accordance with the provisions of Part VII of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, is hereby published for general information.

An agreement entered into this seventeenth day of November 1913, between the Secretary of State for India in Council (hereinafter called the Secretary of State) on the one part and the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram home of service (registered under Act, XXI of 1860, on the other part.

Whereas the aforesaid Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, has made an application to the Government of United Provinces of Agra and Oudh to acquire under the Provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, (I of 1894), land two bighas pucca in area and situate in the suburbs of Kankhal, pargana Jwalapur, Tehsil and Sub-Registry Rurki, District Saharanpur, for the purposes of extending buildings of Ramkrishna Mission, the details of land being described in the schedule hereto annexed, and for the sake of greater clearness, delineated or shown on the plan hereto annexed :

And whereas the aforesaid Local Government is satisfied, that the said Ramkrishna Mission is a company within the meaning required under section 41 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894 (*vide* Government order No. 62V—97—1912, dated Allahabad, 10th February 1913, Medical Department, to the Commissioner, Meerut Division :

And whereas the said Local Government after making and holding such enquiry as is prescribed by law, is satisfied that the acquisition of the aforesaid land is required by the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, is needed for the construction of some work and that such work is likely to prove useful to the public :

And whereas under section 41 of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, is required to enter into an agreement with the Secretary of State for India in Council, regarding matters set forth in the aforesaid section 41 of the said Act :

It is hereby agreed and declared as follows :—

- (1) That the aforesaid Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, will pay to the Local Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, or to such person or persons whom the Government of United Provinces of Agra and Oudh may appoint in this behalf, all such sum or sums of money as shall be awarded under the provisions of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as compensation to any person or persons, who may be found on enquiry held under the provisions of the said Act to be interested in the land hereinbefore mentioned as required by the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram.
- (2) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, will defray and pay to the Local Government from its fund the charges incidental to, and the costs of, the acquisition of the aforesaid land under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894.
- (3) That upon the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, having made the payments mentioned in the foregoing paragraphs Nos. 1 and 2 of this agreement, the Local Government will forthwith in consideration of the repayment of the compensation money and cost of acquisition aforesaid, convey and grant to the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, all that aforesaid piece of land, 2 bighas pucca or six kuchha bighas in area, situate in the suburbs of Kankhal, and described and shown in the schedule and plan annexed hereunto, free from all encumbrances and occupancy rights and together with all rights, easements and appurtenances, thereto in fact or by reputation belonging or now or hitherto enjoyed therewith, to hold the said land into and to the use of Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram.
- (4) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, will perpetually hold and enjoy the aforesaid land and premises and use the said land and premises for the purpose hereby agreed upon.
- (5) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, will use the aforesaid land for building a ward for infectious diseases, the want of which ward has been causing a good deal of inconvenience to the workers and public ; and for the building of an out-door dispensary to meet the growing needs of the public.

- (6) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, on being put in proprietary possession of the land aforesaid, will, as soon as it is convenient, start executing the construction of the ward for infectious diseases, which shall be completed within the time required by the nature of the work.
- (7) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, shall have plenary powers and discretion, to demolish, add to, extend, alter, repair, and rebuild any buildings, which are to be erected on the aforesaid land, and to erect and construct in future any new buildings and to cut down and plant trees, shrubs and hedges and to lay out gardens, lawns, and to dig wells and make other excavations and fill up ditches or wells, or lay water pipes and drainage and to build or pull down huts and farm houses, and do all other things, upon the aforesaid land, at any time for the purposes mentioned in the paragraph 5 of this agreement.
- (8) That the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, will allow the public to have full right and liberty to utilise the aforesaid Mission, known as the Ramkrishna Mission, Kankhal Centre Sevasram, subject to the observance of such rules and regulations, on the part of the public, as are or shall be for the time being fixed and framed by the Governing body of the Ramkrishna Mission, or such person or persons, as Ramkrishna Mission shall appoint on their behalf, or by any higher authority to which the said Ramkrishna Mission is or may be hereafter by law subject.

In witness whereof the parties hereto have hereto set their hands the day and year mentioned above.

Witnesses :—

SANTI RAM GHOSE,
57, Ramkanto Bose's Street,
Calcutta.

NIYANANDA BOSE,
57, Ramkant Bose Street,
Calcutta.

SWAMI BRAHMANANDA,
President, Ramkrishna Mission.

SWAMI SUDDHANANDA, }
SWAMI SANKERANANDA, } *Members of the*
 Governing Body of
 the Ramkrishna
 Mission.

Secretary to Government of the United Provinces of }
Agra and Oudh, Medical Department, for and on behalf } S. P. O'DONNELL.
of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

Witnesses :—

B. H. BOURDILLON, I. C. S.
C. H. MILNER.

SCHEDULE.

No. of Khewat, 25.

No. of Khasra, 373.

Boundaries.

East—Kuchha road to Hardwar.

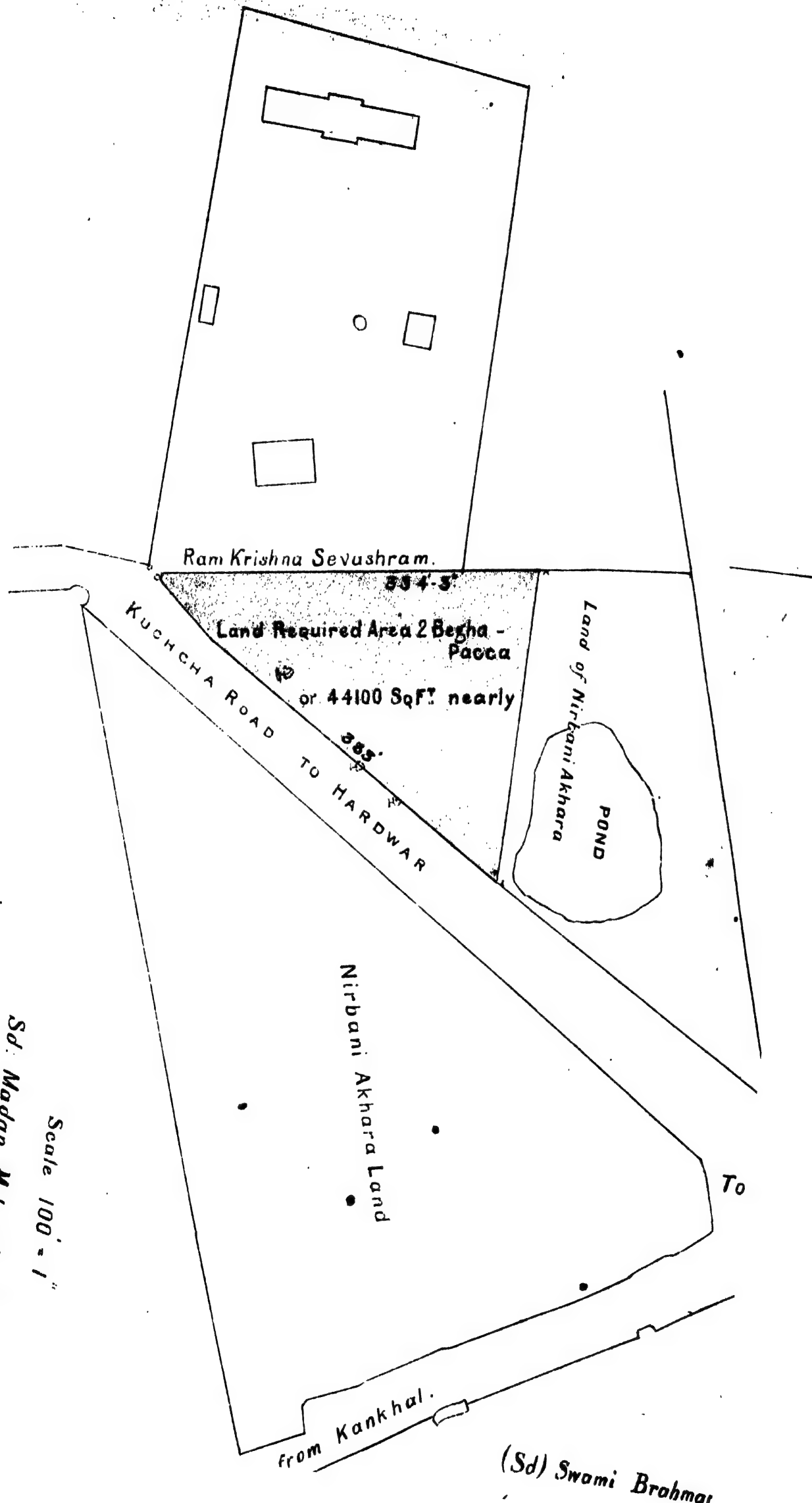
West—Ramkrishna Mission Sevasram and land of Nirbani Akhara.

North—Pond and land of Nirbani Akhara.

For the sake of greater clearness the land, which is to be acquired, is marked red.

SWAMI BRAHMANANDA,
SWAMI SANKARANANDA,
SAWMI SUDDHANANDA.

Secretary to Government of the United Provinces of Agra }
and Oudh, Medical Department, for and on behalf of His } S. P. O'DONNELL.
Majesty's Secretary of State for India.



Ram Krishna Sevashram.

Land Required Area 2 Begha -
Pacca
or 44100 SqFT nearly

Land of Nirbani Akhara
POND

KUCHCHA ROAD TO HARDWAR

Nirbani Akhara Land

From Kankhal.

To

(Sd) Swami Brahmar

Scale 100' = 1"
Sd: Madan Mohan Lall
S. Overseer.

REPORT OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from 85 Company of Royal Garrison Artillery, dated at Bombay, this 28th day of November 1913.

Number, Rank, and Name—32460, Gunner James Pawle. Age—21 years 11 months. Height—5 feet 8½ inches. Colour of—Complexion, fair; hair, light brown; eyes, blue. Trade—Labourer. Date of enlistment—18th December 1909. Place of enlistment—Newport.	Parish and County in which born—Bristol, Gloucester. Date of desertion or absence—26th November 1913. Place of desertion or absence—Colaba, Bombay. Marks—Small scar lumbar region. Under 4 years' service.
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W. H. WEBLEY HOPE, Major, R. G. A.,
Commanding 85 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, dated at Dum Dum, this 1st day of December 1913.

Number, Rank, and Name—8840, Sergeant D. MacCallum. Age—29 years 9 months. Height—5 feet 6½ inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, dark brown; eyes, blue. Trade—Roadman. Date of enlistment—17th December 1902. Place of enlistment—Campbeltown.	Parish and County in which born—Campbeltown, Argyll. Date of desertion or absence—24th November 1913. Place of desertion or absence—Dum Dum. Marks.—Two vaccination marks left arm, two small scars, one above, and one below, left knee-cap. Under 12 years' service.
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R. C. GORE, Major,
Commanding 1st Battalion,
Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th November 1913.

No. 2104s-*Ap.*—Babu Pran Gopal Mukherji, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 15th November 1913 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. C. R. Cave, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Babu Pran Gopal Mukherji, or until further orders.

No. 2107s-*Ap.*—Mr. C. Malone, 3rd Assistant Postmaster, Bombay, pay R200—300, is appointed to officiate as 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Bombay, pay R300—400, with effect from the 1st October 1913 and until further orders.

The 25th November 1913.

No. 2126s-*Ap.*—Mr. E. C. Lalkaka, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted an extension of furlough for one year with effect from the 8th November 1913.

The 26th November 1913.

No. 2142s-*Ap.*—Rai Bahadur Sudarshan Singh Seth, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with leave on private affairs for three months with effect from the 1st October 1913.

W. MAXWELL,
Director-General, Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 27th November 1913.

No. 1421s.-G.—Mr. M. L. Pasricha, Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for three months, with effect from the 16th November 1913.

W. MAXWELL,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Calcutta, the 5th December 1913.

No. 6570-T.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 19th November 1913 to 2nd December 1913.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Allahabad Bahadurganj	United Provinces	1st January 1913	Opened.
Allahabad Colonelganj	Do.	1st " "	"
Coimbatore Agricultural College	Madras Presidency	15th November 1913	"
Haranpur	Punjab	8th " "	"
Islampur (Murshidabad)	Bengal	25th " "	"
Jog	Madras Presidency	16th " "	Closed.
Kallurkot	Punjab	23rd " "	Opened.
Katpadi	Madras Presidency	20th " "	"
Kotah Agency	Rajputana	22nd " "	"
Lakhminia	Bihar and Orissa	26th " "	"
Loiband	Baluchistan	10th " "	Closed.
Mahralli (Delhi)	Punjab	11th " "	Opened.
Matar	Bombay Presidency	17th " "	"
Meiktila Cantonment	Burma	16th " "	"
Phudkipur	Bihar and Orissa	15th " "	Closed.
Sasvad	Bombay Presidency	25th " "	Opened.
<i>Railway Telegraph Office.</i>			
Falimari	Eastern Bengal State Railway	25th November 1913	Opened.

The following alteration in the name of a Government Telegraph Office is notified:—

"Poona North Yeravda" instead of "Poona Yeravda Jail."

The following alteration in the name of a Railway Telegraph Office is notified:—

On the Bengal Nagpur Railway:—

"Joychandipahar" instead of "Chinpina."

H. CHARLES,

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER, NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Agra, the 19th November 1913.

No. 240.—Khan Sahib Muhammad Kazim Husain, Superintendent of the Sambhar Manufacture Circle, Sambhar Lake Division, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 20 days from the 12th November 1913.

The 20th November 1913.

No. 241.—Mr. A. English, Superintendent of the Sambhar Weighment Circle in the Sambhar Lake Division, is granted privilege leave for 2 months from the 15th November 1913.

No. 242.—Mr. R. N. Haygarth, Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, 4th grade, from the 15th November 1913, during the absence on leave of Mr. A. English, Superintendent, or until further orders.

No. 243.—Munshi Maksud Husain, Inspector, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, during the absence on leave of Mr. A. English, Superintendent, or until further orders.

The 21st November 1913.

No. 248.—Mr. H. O'Donnell, Superintendent of the Lucknow Circle, Upper Division, Internal Branch, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 7 days in extension of the period sanctioned by Notification No. 177, dated the 10th October 1913.

R. A. GAMBLE,

Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Delhi, the 24th November 1913.

No. 8734a-Home.—Under the provisions of section 6 of the Indian Registration Act (XVI of 1908), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Mr. V. Connolly, I.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Registrar within the limits of the Province of Delhi.

No. 8734b-Home.—Mr. V. Connolly, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, is invested under section 30 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), with powers to try as a Magistrate all offences not punishable with death.

No. 8734c-Home.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 27, sub-section (1), clause (a) of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887 (XVII of 1887), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to confer on Mr. V. Connolly, I.C.S., the powers of a Collector under the said Act.

No. 8734d-Home.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 105, sub-section (1), clause (a) of the Punjab Tenancy Act, 1887 (XVI of 1887), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to confer on Mr. V. Connolly, I.C.S., the powers of a Collector under the said Act.

No. 8734e-Home.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10, sub-section (2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Mr. V. Connolly, I.C.S., Assistant Commissioner and a Magistrate of the 1st class in the Delhi District to be an Additional District Magistrate for a period of six months from the date of this notification. Mr. V. Connolly is hereby invested with all the ordinary powers of a District Magistrate specified in Part V of Schedule III of the Code of Criminal Procedure, except those entered as (12), (15), (16) and (17) in the same part and schedule.

No. 8734f-Home.—Under the provisions of section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), Mr. V. Connolly, I.C.S., is appointed a Magistrate of the 1st class in the Delhi District.

No. 8734g-Home.—The Chief Commissioner is pleased under the provisions of section 22 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), to appoint Mr. V. Connolly, I.C.S., to be Justice of the Peace within and for the Province of Delhi.

No. 8734h-R. & A.—Under Section 4 of Act VII of 1878 (the Indian Forest Act, 1878), the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the land described in the following Schedule to be a reserved forest.

SCHEDULE.

District.	Tahsil.	Name of Village.	Approximate Area in Acres.	BOUNDARIES.				REMARKS.
				North.	South.	East.	West.	
Delhi.	Delhi.	Dasghara	1948 Acres	Delhi	Narhauia	Delhi	Shadipur	The plan may be inspected in the Office of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.
		Khanpur		Chauki Mubarakabad	Malcha	Panskauli	Khanpur Raya	
		Shadipur		Banskauli	Narhauia	Malcha	Basai Darapur Todapur	
		Dasghara		Sadhara Khurd Sherpur Kalan.	Dasghara	Arakpur Pagh Mochi	Narhauia	
		Band Shikar Khatun.		Shadipur	Band Shikar Khatun	Jor Pagh	Band Shikar Khatun	
		Alipur Pilaui		Dasghara Malcha.	Jawahirpur	Bilipur Raisina.	Dasghara	
		Malcha		Narhauia Khusak. Narhauia.	Arakpur Pagh Mochi	Khanpur	Raisina	
		Narhauia		Khandrat Kalan	Majahadpur Kangam Serai. Alipur Pilaui. Fahurpur Fazilpur.	Indrapat	Malcha	

Under Section 4 of Act VII of 1878 (the Indian Forest Act), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Mr. Vincent Connolly, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, Delhi, to be a forest Settlement Officer to enquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in or over any land comprised within such limits or in or over any forest produce and to deal with the same as provided in chapter II of Act VII of 1878 (the Indian Forest Act of 1878).

The 26th November 1913.

No. 8761-Home.—On return from leave Assistant Surgeon Mahfuz-ullah resumed charge of his duties as House Surgeon, Civil Hospital, Delhi, with effect from the afternoon of the 17th November 1913, relieving Assistant Surgeon Shams-ud-din Sadiq.

The 28th of November 1913.

No. 8829-C. & I.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following amendments in the rules for the importation, possession and transport of petroleum in the Province of Delhi, published with Punjab Government Notification No. 90, dated the 15th February 1909.

Form F., condition 1.—Add the following words at the beginning of the condition :—

“ When not carried in a receptacle forming part of a motor vehicle.”

Form F., condition 3.—Delete the words “ not forming part of a motor vehicle.”

The 1st December 1913.

No. 8847-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned municipal towns in the province of Delhi for the week ending 22nd November 1913 is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.								Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of Births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of Deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.	
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.			Total.
	Delhi . .	230,471	126	114	240	70	78	148	...	...	...	104	2	27	..	15	1	10	19	29	58.4	38.1
	Notified Area.	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	127	114	241	71	78	149	...	...	...	105	2	27	...	15	1	10	19	29	...	...

The 2nd December 1913.

No. 8867-Home.—Under the provisions of sections I and III of Act, IX of 1860, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to invest Mr. V. Connolly, I.C.S., Additional District Magistrate, with the powers of a Magistrate under the said Act, such powers to be exercised within the local limits of the Delhi district.

No. 8883-Home.—The services of Mr. M. H. Harrison, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India for re-employment in the Punjab, with effect from the forenoon of the 24th November 1913.

By order,

G. F. DEMONTMORENCY,

Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 26th November 1913.

No. 188.—No. 984, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kishan Singh, I.S.M.D., appointed to the Medical Store Depôt, Lahore Cantonment, with effect from the 29th October 1913.

J. GOULD, Lieut.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
for Director-General Indian Medical Service

The 2nd December 1913.

No. 189.—3rd class, Assistant Surgeon S. R. Stracey, I. S. M. D., assumed sub-charge of the X-Ray Institute, Dehra-Dun, with effect from the 11th October 1913.

No. 190.—3rd class, Assistant Surgeon S. D. Reiley, I. S. M. D., is granted 3 months' privilege leave, with effect from the 16th October 1913.

This office Notification No. 176, dated the 6th November 1913, is hereby cancelled.

No. 191.—The services of No. 824, 1st class, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Alah Ditta, I. S. M. D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 27th September 1913.

B. G. SETON, Lieut.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 2nd December 1913.

No. 2010-G.—Major E. H. Payne, I.A., Military Accountant, 2nd class, Military Accounts Department, is granted combined leave out of India (private affairs) for four months from the date the duty on which he is now employed will be completed, the first sixty days being privilege leave and the remaining period leave under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army. Pension service 25th year commenced, 21st September 1913.

No. 2011-G.—Mr. W. S. W. Shepherd, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for two months and fifteen days, with effect from the 18th November 1913.

The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made with effect from the date specified :—

From the 18th November 1913 vice Mr. W. S. W. Shepherd, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, granted privilege leave.

Mr. W. S. Browne, to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

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Army Regulations, India, Volume IX, Regulations for the Volunteer Force. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d. (3s.)

Report on the Examination held in India, October 1912. Demy 8vo. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 11d.

Guide to Courts-Martial under the Army Act, 1913. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Army Tables of Fort Armaments, 1913. Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 2-4 or 3s. 6d. (6s.)

India Army Budget Estimate, 1913-14. D'Feap Folio. Limp. Rs. 4-8 or 7s. (8s.)

Army Regulations, India, Vol. VII. "Dress" Corrected up to 1st January 1913. Royal 8vo. Limp cover. 10s. or 11d. (8s.)

Appendices to India Army Budget Estimate for the year 1913-14. March 28th, 1913. Foolscap. Limp. Rs. 2-8 or 3s. 6d. (6s.)

The Quarterly Indian Army List for July 1913. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-12 or 3s. 6d. (8s.)

Infantry Training, 1911, in Hindi and Gurmukhi. Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 10s. or 1s. (3s.)

Manual of Roman Hindustani Containing Instructions for the Transliterations of Urdu, Nagri and Gurmukhi Script into the Roman Character for the use of the Army in India. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

Classified List of the Military Works Services and Public Works Department, Military Subordinates and Distribution Return of the Establishment of the Military Works Services. Corrected up to 30th June 1913. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (1s.)

Hand Book for the 4-inch B. L. Gun, Mark VI, on carriage travelling, S. L. 4-inch. Converted I. P. Land Service, 1913. Super-Royal 8vo. Limp cover. Rs. 4-12 or 7s. 2d. (3s.)

Examination Papers, Parts II and III for Promotion to Accountant, II Grade, for the years 1901 to 1910. Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 5 or 7s. 6d. (4s.)

Report on the Examination held in India in March 1913 of—

- (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular Army to subjects (d), (e), (g), (Captains S. & T. Corps) (h), (Lieutenants R. A. M. C.) (h), II and III (Lieutenants I. M. S.) (f) and (j) for promotion.
- (2) Majors of the Regular Army in Tactical Fitness for Command, Part I.
- (3) Majors of the R. A. M. C. in Technical subjects, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations.
- (4) Majors of the Army Veterinary Corps in Technical subjects, Appendix XV, King's Regulations. Demy 8vo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (2s.)

Drill for 7½ inch B. L. Marks II and II Gun on Mark I Mounting 1913. Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 9s. or 10d. (1s.)

raining Manual—Signalling—Indian Supplement (reprinted with corrections up to July 1913), 3rd Edition, 1913. Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 1s (6p.)

RAILWAY BOARD.

Schedule of Maximum and Minimum Dimensions 2 ft. 6 in. Gauge 1913. Enclosure to Railway Board's Circular No. 1262 R. C. of 1913. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4s. or 5d. (2s.)

Administration Report on the Railways in India for Calendar year 1912. Foolscap. Limp. Rs. 3 or 2s. 6d. (10s.)

Forms referred to in the State Railway Open Line Codes, Account of Open Lines of State Railways, First Edition, 1913, Part I, Central Office, Pay Department and Provident Fund Institution Forms. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 4-4 or 6s. 5d. (8s.)

Forms referred to in the State Railway Open Line Codes, Account of open lines of State Railways, First Edition, 1913, Part II, General, Engineering, Locomotive and Stores Forms. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2-4 or 3s. 5d. (6s.)

Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all Railways corrected up to 30th June 1913. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (1s.)

History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments, corrected to 1st July 1913. Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 2-8 or 3s. 6d. (4s.)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.

Records of Fort St. George—Diary and Consultation Book of 1681 (11th January to 29th December 1681). Foolscap. Board. 14s. or 1s. 3d. (2s.)

Report on the Administration of Land Revenue, Land Records and Agriculture, Estates under the Court of Wards, Government Litigation, and the Alienation of Land Act in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 1-15 or 2s. 7d. (2s.)

Annual Report of Dispensaries in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 1-5 or 1s. 6d. (2s.)

Administration Report of the Jails of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1912. Rs. 1-4 or 1s. 8d. (2s.)

Report on the Sanitary Administration of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 9d. (2s.)

Records of Fort St. George Sundry Book of 1680-1681. Hugli letters sent. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (3s.)

Report of the Civil Veterinary Department, North-West Frontier Province, for the year 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 7s. 6p. or 7½d. (2s.)

Brief Note on Income Tax Operations in the North-West Frontier Province, during the year 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8s. or 8d. (1s.)

Annual Report of the Archaeological Survey of India, Frontier circle, for 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 3s. or 3d. (2s.)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Survey Note Book for Engineers containing explanations and a set of forms for Levelling, Traversing, Triangulation and Astronomy with a worked out example for each. This book is part of the Civil Engineer class course in surveying at the Thomason College. Printed on thin paper with blank pages and bound in cloth. Rs. 2-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 1, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal, Vol. VII. Nos. 9-11 at Rs. 2.

Journal, Vol. VIII. Nos. 1-10 at Rs. 2.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 5. The Vyavahara-Matrika of Jimutavahana, by the Hon'ble Justice Sir Asutosh Mukherji, Saraswati, at Rs. 1-8.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 6. Some current Pushtu Folk Stories by F. H. Malyon, 21st Punjabis, at Rs. 1-8.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 7. The Chank Bangle Industry by James Hornell at Rs. 2.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Munta Khab-ul-Lubab, Part 3. Fasc. by Lieutenant-Colonel T. W. Haig at Rs. 1-4.

Kavi Kalpa Lata. Fasc. I, by Pandit Sarat Chunder Sastri at As. 10.

Tantravartica. Fasc. 11, 12, by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha at Rs. 1-4.

Tattacintamony Didhity Vivrity, Vol. 3. Fasc. I, by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10.

Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 2-4, by H. Beveridge at Rs. 1-4.

Tirtha Cintamani. Fasc. 4, by Kamal Krishna Smrititirtha at As. 10.

Maasir i Rabini. Fasc. 3, by Maulavi Hadyet Hossain at Rs. 2.

Bisvahitam. By Bisvambhar Jyotirnava at As. 10.

Upamitibhayaprapancha Katha. Fasc. 3. Part 2, by Dr. H. Jacobi at As. 10.
Munta Khaf-ul Tawarikh, Part 3. Fasc. 2, by Lieutenant-Colonel T. W. Haig at Re. 1.
Kiranavali. Fasc. 3, by M. M. Shih Nath Sarvabhauma at As. 10.
Sri Surisarvasyam. Fasc. 1, by Jagannath Misra at As. 10.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 10, by Rai Sarat Chandra Das Bahadur at Re. 1.
Samaraicca Kaha. Fasc. 5, by Dr. H. Jacobi at As. 10.
Saduktikaranamrita. Fasc. 1, by Ramavatara Sarina at As. 10.
Smriti Prokas. Fasc. 1, by M. M. Sadasiva Misra at As. 10.
Amar Tika Kamadhenuh. by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhushana at Re. 1.

**LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1913.**

Monthly Weather Review, November 1912 to April 1913. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1 per month.
Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VI. By G. C. Simpson, D.Sc. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. 8a.
Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VII. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S., and Rai Bahadur Hem Raj. Quarto. Paper cover. 8a.
Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXII, Part I. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. Quarto. Paper cover. Re.1-8.

**LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.**

Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXII, Part II. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1-8.
Monthly Weather Review, May 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates). Quarto. Paper cover. Price Re. 1.
Monthly Weather Review, June 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates). Quarto. Paper cover. Price Re. 1.

**LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA
DURING THE WEEK ENDING 22ND NOVEMBER 1913.**

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume V, Memoir No. 1 C. Diener, Ph. D. Triassic Faunae of Kashmir (with plates I to XIII) Rs. 3-4.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

ESTATE DR. J. W. MCCRINDLE DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Dr. John Watson McCrindle who died on 16th July 1913 at 10, Genesta Road, Westcliff-on-Sea, Letters of Administration of whose Estate have been granted to Joseph Carstairs Roberts Johnston of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 10th January next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

J. C. R. JOHNSTON.

CALCUTTA ;
The 28th November 1913.

Abstract statement of the Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund for the quarter ending 31st January 1913, being the third quarter of the year 1912-13, compared with the corresponding quarter of the year 1911-12.

PARTICULARS.	For the quarter ending 31st January 1913.		For the quarter ending 31st January 1912.		Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.		
Balance in favour of the Fund at the end of the previous quarter	1,49,61,351	8 11	1,51,62,304	9 6	.....	1,37,953 0 7
ADD INCOME—						
Subscriptions from 1st November to 31st January in the Widows' Fund	84,839	8 0	87,696	10 0	.....	2,857 2 0
Subscriptions from 1st November to 31st January in the Children's Fund	35,298	4 0	36,727	4 0	.....	1,429 0 0
Fees and stamps	7	8 0	5	0 0	2 8 0	.....
Income and outlay on office buildings and grounds	990	10 0	799	10 2	190 15 10	.....
Amount of fine imposed on subscription in arrears	14	11 1	3	13 8	10 13 5	.....
Total Income	1,21,150	0 1	1,25,232	5 10	204 5 3	4,286 2 0
GRAND TOTAL	1,50,85,502	2 0	1,52,27,536	15 4	204 5 3	(A) 1,42,239 2 7
DEDUCT EXPENDITURE—						
Pensions payable to incumbents in the Widows' Fund	1,90,576	12 1	1,91,625	7 11	.....	1,048 11 10
Ditto ditto in the Children's Fund	94,847	6 4	97,277	14 5	.....	2,430 8 1
Establishment and contingencies	7,190	2 0	7,343	5 4	.....	153 3 4
Loss by exchange on remittances out of India	12,373	2 11	12,216	4 4	156 14 7	.....
Commission paid for money-orders	657	8 0	669	5 6	.....	11 13 6
Commission to Messrs. Coutts & Co.	2,690	13 4	2,663	10 0	.....	27 12 8
Total Expenditure	3,04,505	12 8	3,11,525	15 0	156 14 7	(B) 3,077 1 5
Balance in favour of the Fund	1,47,77,196	5 4	1,49,15,710	15 10	47 6 8	(C) 1,38,562 1 2
GRAND TOTAL	1,50,85,502	2 0	1,52,27,536	15 4	204 5 3	1,42,239 2 7
Proportion of divisible surplus payable to qualified members of more than five years' standing	79,938	9 0	90,125	4 0	.....	10,186 11 0

	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.
Number of subscribers (on 31st January)	843	474	875	40	...	...	32	17
Number of incumbents (on 31st January)	736	630	740	659	...	...	4	29
Number of subscribers sharing abatement (on 1st May)	560	451	605	462	...	...	45	31

	Rs.	A. P.
A.—Net decrease in grand total of income	1,42,034	13 4
B.—Net decrease in total expenditure	3,620	2 10
C.—Net decrease in balance	1,38,614	10 6

N. HAMILTON, Chartered Accountant, Offg. Auditor,

J. C. C. GRAY, }

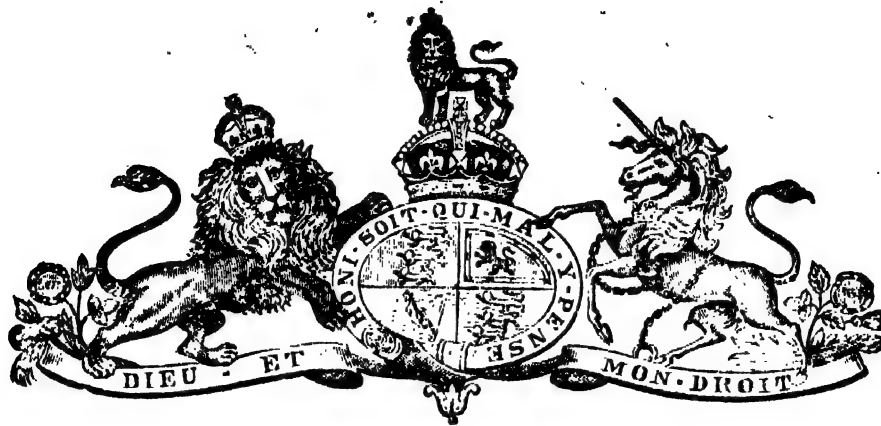
Auditors.

Published by order of the Directors,

S. B. THOMSON,
Accountant.

J. M. MENDES,
Secretary.

U. S. F. P. Fund Office, Calcutta, the 24th November 1913.



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 50.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1913.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees eight if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, of which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE FIRST HALF OF
NOVEMBER 1913 OF :**

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARKY
JAWAR
BAJRA
KAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE

ARIHAR DÁL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSÉED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jiajili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)

TOBACCO
TURNERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA (WHITE)
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		BAGI
	1918	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
Burma*															
<i>Tenasserim—</i>															
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	40	38.55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	25.91	39.26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Monlmein and Amherst . . . . .	...	...	35.75	45.71	55.65	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>															
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	85.75	44.14	51.2	48.48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manbin . . . . .	...	...	88.55	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	36.99	44.41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>															
Henzada . . . . .	...	...	38.79	38.79	76.19	68.82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	38.32	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>															
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	31.04	49.61	51.61	46.38	...	...	...	...	22.38	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	40	48.85	...	...	...	...	...	...	22.38	22.38	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>															
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam*															
<i>Surma—</i>															
Balagnj (Sylhet)	27.5	20	52.5	32.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>															
Goalpara	31.25	20	55	32.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	26.25	15.62	53.75	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Chittagong	23.75	25	41.25	46.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	56.25 to 60	55	45 to 50	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>															
Calcutta . . . . .	...	...	60	53.75	45	36.25	...	...	32.5	30	35	37.5	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	41.25 to 42.5	42.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	50	42.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Pabna	35	26.25	57.5	45	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	30	20	70	45	45	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa*															
<i>Bihar, north—</i>															
Bhagalpur . . . . .	...	...	53.12	45.62	45	36.87	...	...	25.62	25.62	...	25.62	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	57.19	50	40	40	...	...	26.56	25	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>															
Patna . . . . .	...	...	41.25	40	37.5	33.28	...	...	20	25	25.62	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>															
Cuttack . . . . .	...	...	42.63	36.82	43.54	35.94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provin- ces*															
<i>(a) AGRA—</i>															
Eastern— Benares	25.31	25.31	55.1	50.57	37.97	34.58	42.81	39.32	26.56	28.02	...	...	28.50	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Cawnpore	26.67	21.61	50	40.99	41.25	32.66	50	36.85	31.25	25	28.12	20.52	33.75	23.54	...
Jhansi . . . . .	...	...	53.75	55.16	35.73	34.22	...	...	31.3	23.28	31.25	22.5	...	24.69	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	61.56	53.28	36.25	30.78	42.03	37.19	30.78	25.78	30.78	21.56	36.25	25	...
Agra	57.18	47.08	59.22	50	29.01	33.33	47.4	43.54	32.66	26.67	31.98	25	38.12	25.78	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>															
Shahjahanpur	32.5	26.56	95	...	30.37	30.62	44.37	35.81	30	24.37	...	...	...	22.81	...
<i>(b) OUDH—</i>															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	47.03	44.43	40	32.6	50	34.07	34.63	25	...	19.53	31.41	22.24	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Fyzabad	30	22.81	52.5	47.29	38.75	32.03	...	...	27.5	25	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAGI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DÁL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
...	Burma—
...	61.54	61.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tenasserim—
...	Mergui
...	40.76	40.76	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	Monimoin and
...	Amherst
...	37.43	34.04	50.39	45.71	54.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	51.61	51.61	51.61	51.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangoon
...	46.38	47.06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	39.02	49.61	55.17	52.46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (inland)—
...	Henzada
...	Toungoo
...	17.11	1.34	34.41	32.40	54.7	51.61	57.66	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	25	34.41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	Pakokku
...	44.44	44.44	57.14	57.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Assam—
...	Surma—
...	Balaganj (Sylhet)
...	58.12	62.5	Brahmaputra—
...	60	62.5	Goalpara
...	Gauhati
...	52.5	55	...	...	...	...	70	100	62.5	75	Bengal—
...	50	45.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	77.5	80	Eastern—
...	Chittagong
...	35	...	35	32.5	47.5	37.5	35	27.5	...	...	52.5	75	65	62.5	Dacca
...	82.5 to 38.12	31.25	48.12	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	52.5 to 67.5	62.5	Deltaic—
...	67.5 and 73.75	67.5 and 80	Calcutta
...	53.75	...	...	...	...	...	47.5	...	61.87	70	Western—
...	45	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	70	Bardwan
...	Midnapur
...	Northern—
...	Pabna
...	Bangpur
...	Bihar and Orissa—
...	27.5	22.5	29.37	29.37	45	39.37	37.5	25	...	...	50	70	53.75 and 57.5	50 and 62.5	Bihar, north—
...	30.78	25	30.78	26.56	44.37	36.25	36.25	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhagalpur
18.75	25.62	21.87	25.62	23.75	33.12	33.12	...	22.5	...	...	80	63.75	66.25	70	Muzaffarpur
...	38.07	38.07	50.78	41.22	43.54	38.07	...	...	...	...	75	76.15	Bihar, south—
...	Patna
...	Orissa—
...	Cuttack
...	United Provinces—
...	23.7	...	26.96	26.35	44.43	35.52	...	...	...	...	56.41	...	55.1	60.36	(a) AGRA—
...	28.75	18.18	32.5	21.04	47.5	31.95	50	52.66	23.5	18.18	50	59.22	56.25	55.16	Eastern—
...	29.22	18.59	33.12	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	50.78	...	...	...	Benares
...	30.78	20	30.78	23.28	40	30.72	50	26.56	...	...	61.56	...	57.08	55.16	Central—
...	30.02	...	32.66	21.61	48.14	38.07	50	44.43	23.85	21.61	55.16	80	57.13	47.08 and 61.56	Cawnpore
...	...	18.12	36.25	21.56	40	30	...	...	21.87	20.47	50	66.25	57.5	60	Jhabsi
...	29.37	18.18	33.33	21.04	...	30	...	...	...	...	50	53.33	63.91	61.51	Western—
...	26.72	19.37	36.25	20.62	36.25	34.84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Meerut
...	Aggra
...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	(b) OUDH—
...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER—*continues*

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912
Burma—														
<i>Tenasserim—</i>														
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	581-82	581-82	...	...	17-16	20-58	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	581-82	581-82	...	...	20-51	20-51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . . . .	...	...	457-14	457-14	...	...	15-76	16-89	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>														
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	581-82	581-82	...	...	18-20	18-55	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	581-82	581-82	...	...	28-44	22-86	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	640	492-31	...	...	22-86	22-86	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>														
Hensada . . . . .	...	...	533-33	492-31	...	...	22-86	21-84	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	24-81	24-81	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>														
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	533-33	533-33	...	...	22-61	23-44	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	711-11	711-11	...	...	22-54	22-54	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>														
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	533-33	533-33	...	...	29-63	30-77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—														
<i>Surma—</i>														
Balaganj (Sylhet) . . . . .	...	...	580	520	60	62-5	20-62	18-75	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>														
Goalpara . . . . .	...	...	540	500	65	60	20-62	20-62	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Ganhati . . . . .</i>	...	...	545	535	80	85	27-5	27-5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	550	480	65	65	17-5	18-12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	560	400	82-5	77-5	22-5	21-25	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>														
Calcutta	66-25	75	540	490	55	50	16-87	18-75	63-75	67-5	...	...	22-5	15
<i>Western—</i>														
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	510 to 520	480 to 500	65 to 72-5	57-5	16-75	19-37	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	550 to 620	500 to 550	72-5	77-5	20	20	{ 122-5 and 130 }	{ 100 and 110 }	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>														
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	560	510	63-33	50	21-25	22-5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	560	500	80	60	22-5	22-5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—														
<i>Bihar, north—</i>														
Bhagalpur	80	80	540	480	50	45	19-69	20-31	125	102-5	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	492-5	457-5	50	36-25	20-94	20-94	266-56	266-56	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>														
Patna	66-67	60	480	420	42-5	40	20	20-62	18-75	20	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>														
Cuttack	75	76-15	609-37	457-5	60-88	46-87	16-25	15-62	92-34	79-37	...	...	5	5
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Benares	66-67	66-67	510-26	488-91	42-66	45-36	24-53	23-7	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Cawnpore	80	100	510	492-29	43-75	50	17-5	17-76	130	75	90	102-5	...	...
Jhansi	65-31	60-04	433-75	441-56	55	50	21-56	20	110	...	133-33	...	...	4-2
<i>Western—</i>														
Meerut	80	...	522-5	512-19	57-03	50	18-75	17-34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	94-11	...	492-29	495-21	56-67	57-13	17-76	17-4	105	90	125	130	13-33	6-6
<i>Sulmonlane, west—</i>														
Shahjahanpur	80	68-91	435	500	44-37	61-56	20	20	180	180	{ 70 and 100 }	{ 120 and 130 }	...	...
(b) OUTH—														
<i>Southern—</i>														
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	485	500	...	...	20	20-94	...	...	90	115	5	3-7
<i>Northern—</i>														
Fyzabad . . . . .	...	...	620	470	41-25	32-5	20-62	20-94	...	...	...	...	...	...

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BHUSA (WHITE)		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCOR		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
...	14.19	21.26	...	...	...	...	4.5	...	Burma—
...	11.9	11.9	...	...	...	...	2	...	Tenasserim—
...	2	2	Mergui
...	Taroy
...	Moulmein and Amherst
...	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	1.81	1.75	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	11.43	14.29	...	...	...	...	1.87	1.75	Rangoon
...	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	Pegu (inland)—
...	2	1.94	Henzada
...	Toungoo
...	28.83	30.92	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	2	2	Mandalay
...	Pakokku
...	2.25	2.25	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Assam—
...	1.95	1.94	Surma—
...	2.62	2.37	Balaganj (Sylhet)
...	Brahmaputra—
...	2.05	2.06	Goalpara
...	Ganhati
...	Bengal—
...	1.81	1.8	Eastern—
...	2.25	2.06	Chittagong
...	Dacca
15	11.25	...	...	...	...	22.5	23.75	...	...	...	...	2.02	2.02	Deltaic—
...	Calcutta
10	4.37	...	...	...	...	22.81	23.12	...	...	...	...	2.27	2.09	Western—
5.62	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.14	2.06	Bardwan
...	Midnapur
...	2.09	2.1	Northern—
...	2.37	2.25	Pabna
...	Rangpur
...	Bihar and Orissa—
...	21.25	...	...	...	...	...	1.97	1.97	Bihar, north—
...	6.56	5	15.94	15.94	...	...	...	...	2.03	2.03	Bhagalpur
...	8.75	6.87	18.75	20	...	...	...	...	1.87	1.87	Muzaffarpur
5.62	5.02	...	...	...	...	7.5	6.25	...	...	...	...	2.19	2.06	Bihar, south—
...	Patna
...	Orissa—
...	Cuttack
...	United Provinces—
...	7.97	23.7	25.26	...	...	...	...	2.75	2.75	(a) AGRA—
...	13.12	5.73	20	20	{ 60 to 70 }	75	...	...	2.37	2.25	Eastern—
...	2.53	2.19	Benares
...	12.5	6.56	22.19	20.91	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central—
10	8.75	...	5	13.33	6.67	25.78	23.54	...	...	80	80	2.56	2.37	Cawnpore
...	10	6.87	83.75	30.82	{ 60 and 65 }	60 and 65	60 and 80	40 and 60 }	2.5	2.37	Jhansi
...	Western—
...	Meerut
...	Agra
...	Suhmontans, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	10	5.62	23.75	20	...	40	...	...	2.44	2.31	(b) OUDH—
...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	6.87	6.25	...	...	...	...	50	45	2.37	2	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
ajputana—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Ajmer	26.67	26.67	...	...	43.12	43.23	...	...	34.01	32.13	31.98	31.98	30.41	33.33	...
unjab—															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Ferozpur	27.5	26.67	53.28	48.44	32.03	32.03	36.25	34.84	23.59	25	...	25	...	20.72	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Lahore	25.62	29.39	50	48.28	35	35	38.75	37.07	23.44	26.56	24.37	25.78	28.75	35	...
<i>South-eastern—</i>															
Delhi	35	30	66.87	63.75	37.5	35	41.87	37.5	30	27.5	26.56	21.56	35	27.5	...
<i>Submontane—</i>															
Amritsar	30	28.75	53.28	50	31.25	29.69	33.28	33.28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	...	56.25	56.25	34.37	34.37	37.5	37.5	25.62	25	18.75	...	27.81	32.5	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	52.5	48.75	30.62	31.87	34.37	35	23.75	25	...	...	26.25	...	...
Multan	25	24.37	42.5	43.12	31.72	33.12	35.62	37.81	23.44	...	17.5	...	25.78	28.12	...
W. Frontier Province—															
<i>Peshawar . . . . .</i>	...	...	61.51	61.51	36.15	34.22	40.99	39.74	25.1	23.12	19.26	19.22	31.51	31.35	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	35.94	33.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.67	...	...
Ind and Baluchistan—															
<i>Karachi . . . . .</i>	...	...	45.75	52.5	35.78	38.75	...	...	28.12	...	...	35	33.75	35	...
Shikarpur	24.69	...	...	57.19	34.06	35	...	...	27.03	30.78	29.37	34.84	26.87	31.25	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	...	...	37.5	39.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					to 3.87	to 41.25	62.5	62.5	30.62	31.09	27.5	35	...	...	...
ombay—															
<i>Deccan and Karnatak—</i>															
Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	...	58.44	39.06	...	...	...	...	...	27.55	28.02	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	52.55	...	45.83	...	...	...	...	...	30	32.6	30.03	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	...	66.67	...	...	...	...	38.75	...	...	36.09	38.91	42.34	...
<i>Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—</i>															
Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	55.36	57.86	39.63	43.7	...	...	...	...	34.11	36.98	33.07	33.07	...
Dhulia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37.5	34.06	...	...
<i>Gujarat—</i>															
Surat . . . . .	...	...	...	...	41.82	...	...	...	...	...	32.45	45.42	38.91	41.82	...
Ahmedabad . . . . .	...	...	57.5	48.75	40	40	...	...	27.5	30	30.62	31.25	38.75	32.5	...
entral Provinces *—															
<i>Western—</i>															
Nagpur . . . . .	...	...	42.25	42.12	37.25	33.37	47	47.75	...	...	30.37	30.37	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Jubbulpore . . . . .	...	...	42.12	38.12	35.12	38.12	47.12	44.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Raipur . . . . .	...	...	44.5	38	36	33.5	47	44.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
erlar—															
<i>Akola . . . . .</i>	...	...	49.25	42	41.5	40	...	...	...	...	26	26	...	...	...
Amratoti . . . . .	...	...	44.75	44.75	39.25	35.75	...	...	...	...	26.25	22.25	...	...	...
Madras—															
<i>South, central—</i>															
Coimbatore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32.9	35.7	30.5	35.8	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32
<i>Central—</i>															
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33.4	29.9	38	32	...
Cuddapah	39.7	39.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24.9	35.8	...	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>East Coast, central—</i>															
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30
<i>East Coast, south—</i>															
Madras	34.5	28.6	58	56.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	35.2	35.2	71.4	60.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28
<i>Southern—</i>															
Madura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39.1	39.1	46.2	46.2	...
Mysore—															
Mysore	25	32	62	72	55	64	50	55.99	...	...	23	26	...	...	24
Bangalore	32	32	70	70	60	60	67.76	67.76	...	...	39	...	...	...	30

* The figures under "Rice, husked," represent the prices of cleaned rice

RAGI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	
...	31.2	28.54	33.44	25.83	...	...	61.61	...	...	...	94.06	100	...	...	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	23.59	21.56	25	24.37	...	...	...	...	32.19	28.59	80	...	...	...	Punjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	24.37	25.78	27.5	26.56	50	30.25	42.5	31.87	27.5	24.69	57.5	66.56	61.25	57.19	Central— Lahore
...	80	21.25	30	22.81	37.5	35	...	...	25	23.14	90	100	60	60	South-eastern— Delhi
...	...	...	28.12	26.25	...	...	...	...	26.87	25	50	65	60	64.06	Submontane— Amritsar
...	25.62	25	27.5	28.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	55	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	25	21.56	26.25 27.5	26.56 27.03	...	...	...	...	25.16	...	50	70	61.87	53.75	Western— Lyallpur Multan
...	26.77	27.71	27.4 25.78	29.22 28.91	86.15	37.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	57.13 40	...	N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshawar Dera Ismael Khan
...	...	...	...	29.27 29.37	51.25 49.05 56.87 to 61.87	42.5 60	...	...	...	26.87	...	...	...	...	Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi Shikarpur
...	31.25	30	...	...	...	...	56.87	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	Quetta
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay— Deccan and Karnata!— Dharwar Sholapur Poona
...	...	...	36.09 37.13	27.5	54.17	...	...	...	...	...	44.79	...	...	...	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar Dhulia
...	...	...	37.24 35.31	30.05	...	...	...	...	19.17	28.75 24.48	...	...	...	...	Gujarat— Surat Ahmadabad
...	...	...	33.12	30	48.75	42.5	...	...	25	29.53 30	...	...	...	...	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	...	...	33.62	32.62	49	36.75	...	...	22.5	25	...	...	...	...	Central— Jubbulpore
...	...	...	28.62	26.62	44.5	33.37	44.5	38.12	23.5	23.5	47	66.62	...	...	Eastern— Raipur
...	...	...	36	32	50	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Berar— Akola Amraoti
...	...	...	34 28.75	34.25 30	46 41.5	39.5 34.12	...	...	20 18.62	27.25 22.25	58 55.37	...	...	...	Madras— South, central— Coimbatore Salem
38.2	...	...	49.4	60.1	...	34.9	34.9	...	38.5	38.5	...	...	...	...	Central— Bellary Cuddapah Karnal
...	...	...	30.9	46.2	35.3	...	...	...	23.1	23.1	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central— Nellore
29.1	...	...	...	...	35.7	34.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south— Madras Tanjore Trichinopoly
...	...	...	39.7	37.3	...	...	...	46.2	32.4	32.4	...	...	...	...	Southern— Madura
32.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	53.2	50.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore— Mysore Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	34	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
80 28	...	...	28 32	28 30	60 64	56 56	68.59	68.59	...	...	...	...	...	...

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER—*concluded*

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912
Rajputana—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Ajmer	84.06	86.41	492.19	533.28	51.69	67.68	...	...	...	...	...	...	14.53	7.97
Punjab—														
<i>Southern—</i>														
Ferozpur	80	...	492.34	490	53.28	53.28	16.72	16.72	80	80	114.23	123.12	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Lahore	80	80	556.25	533.12	48.12	61.56	14.84	14.84	75	66.25	114.37	145	13.28	15.9
<i>South-eastern—</i>														
Dellu	95	80	550	555	40	40.5	17.5	17.5	70	80	100	130	11.41	10
<i>Submontane—</i>														
Amritsar	80	73.75	520	500	47.03	61.56	14.37	14.37	...	30	65	110	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>														
Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	...	520	440	38.75	45	13.75	13.75	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>														
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	500	482.5	51.25	52.5	15	15	80	80	...	...	10	10
Multan	77.5	75	520	515	44.06	43.12	15.78	15.78	...	...	105	137.5	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar . . . . .	...	...	474.06	457.13	55.62	61.01	15.1	15.57	127.97	...	...	...	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi . . . . .	...	...	475	512.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	490	529.37	...	...	...	...	47.5	51.25	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	540 to 580	480 to 550	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
<i>Deccan and Karnatak—</i>														
Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	567.19	...	79.13	66.93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	536.82	522.81	84.22	67.66	...	...	263.18	192.97	...	105.26	...	...
<i>Khandesh and N.-E.</i>														
<i>Deccan—</i>														
Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	...	500	67.5	63.33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia . . . . .	...	87.01	...	...	...	73.33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Gujarat—</i>														
Surat . . . . .	...	77.81	518.91	583.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad . . . . .	...	...	500	620	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
<i>Western—</i>														
Nagpur	86.62	...	600	566.62	...	...	23.37	23.37	83.37	100	120	120	7.5	6.8
<i>Central—</i>														
Jubbulpore	66.62	70.25	500	450	...	...	22.25	22.25	106.62	111.25	100	123.12	8	6.6
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Raipur . . . . .	...	...	480	460	...	...	20	21	160	140	80	115	...	...
Berar—														
Akola	76	...	635	475	...	...	19	19	119	101	...	...	...	...
Amratoti	75.75	83.37	480	480	...	...	19	20	121.5	173.87	...	...	...	...
Madras—														
<i>South, central—</i>														
Coimbatore	93.1	90.5	548.9	487.9	56	48.2	22.4	21.9	...	...	57.7	96	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	445.2	428.2	...	...	...	...	188.4	188.4	85.7	85.7	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Bellary	66.2	...	571.5	571.5	47.7	67.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah . . . . .	...	...	592.1	427.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	49.5	70.8	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150	116.6	65.8	74.1	...	...
<i>East Coast, central—</i>														
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	500	416.6	...	...	15.7	15.7	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>East Coast, south—</i>														
Madras	79.1	79.1	592.5	493.8	49	56.1	12.8	12.8	131.7	131.7	42.8	82.3	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	600	466.6	...	...	13.1	13	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	675.7	574.4	...	...	17.6	17.6	123.4	123.4	...	...	...	...
<i>Southern—</i>														
Madura	87	87	675.7	675.7	...	...	...	...	106.8	106.8	...	...	...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	74	70	617.13	505.73	68.54	68.54	...	...	205.68*	205.48*	120	120	3.65	3.6
Bangalore	80	72	651.41	514.27	55.73	68.54	...	...	240*	240*	154.27	171.41	5.88	5.8

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 108 per 10 maund.

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOWH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	1913	1912	
9.87	6.2	12.84	7.97	...	...	...	...	110	100	85	85	2.5	...	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	6.72	7.97	13.75	...	90	90	150	150	2.5	2.37	Punjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	10	8.75	25.62	26.56	150	140	170	170	2.58	2.41	Central— Lahore
...	...	11.41	10	11.41	10	20	20	80	80	150	150	2.17	2.17	South-eastern— Delhi
...	7.81	7.97	26	22.66	100	100	...	100	2.69	2.5	Submontane— Amritsar
...	12.5	13.75	...	...	90	90	120	120	2.37	2.25	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	6.25	6.57	23.12	25	100	100	140	140	2.69	2.56	Western— Lyallpur
...	7.34	20	...	...	...	...	...	2.64	2.52	Multan
...	7.13	7.71	17.55	18.38	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 200 }	{ 60 to 200 }	2.8	2.66	N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshawar
...	2.87	2.87	Dera Ismael Khan
...	5	10	...	17.5	...	...	...	...	2.16	2.03	Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi
...	2.47	2.34	Shikarpur
...	5.94	5.62	21.25	29.22	{ 100 to 200 }	{ 100 to 200 }	...	...	2.44	2.47	Quetta
...	77.5	62.5	...	...	2.41	2.22	Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar
...	21.41	...	...	...	...	2.08	...	Sholapur
...	2.37	2.11	Poona
...	26.59	28.59	...	...	...	...	2.06	2.03	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar
...	2.41	...	Dhulia
...	2.5	...	Gujarat— Surat
...	22.5	23.75	...	...	...	...	2.5	2.25	Ahmadabad
...	50	50	100	100	1.87	1.87	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	26.62	30	60	60	70	70	2	1.75	Central— Jubbulpore
...	2.25	2.25	Eastern— Raipur
...	92	88	58	58	2	1.87	Berar— Akola
...	33.37	60	69	80	75	2.25	2.25	Amroli
...	...	3.2	4	...	...	90.4*	115.2*	...	...	60	60	2.44	2.19	Madras— South, Central— Coimbatore
7.8	7.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	80†	80†	...	...	2.23	2.11	Salem
...	...	6.8	6.8	...	...	...	...	100†	100†	140	140	2.38	2.25	Central— Bellary
...	2.31	2	Cuddapah
...	2.68	2.38	Karnul
3.6	3.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.78	1.7	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	16.4	25.7	135†	98.75†	...	...	1.79	1.76	East Coast, south— Madras
...	13.5	14	135†	130†	...	...	2.06	1.82	Tanjore
...	25.3	29.4	...	...	...	...	2.52	2.39	Trichinopoly
15	15	...	...	...	...	20.4	20.4	...	...	40	40	2	2	Southern— Madura
3.65	5.16	4.37	3.65	...	...	36.72	36.72	80	80	100	100	2.62	2.37	Mysore— Mysore
5.88	5.88	...	4.27	...	...	33.8	33.8	160	160	{ 120 to 150 }	{ 120 to 150 }	2.5	2	Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,

Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Calcutta, December 10, 1913

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1913

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 13	10 13	15 6	15 6	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	...	...	9 5	9 5	10 7	10 7	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	11 3	11 3	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	7 4	7 4	...	...	9 11	9 11	9 15	9 15	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 1	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 6	10 1	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 10	8 10	10 9	10 9	...	...	...	...
Benzada	5 2	5 2	...	...	8 1	8 1	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Frome . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Tonungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	9 6	9 6	8 12	8 12	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	7 5	8 —	...	...	8 9	8 9	10 13	10 13	16 5	16 5	...	...
Bhamo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 9	9 11	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 3	7 3	9 8	8 1	17 13	15 3	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	3 4	3 4	...	...	10 10	10 10	12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpada	4 —	4 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
Surma—												
Sylhet . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 9	7 4	7 14	8 12	...	...	...	...
Cachar	7 —	7 —	...	...	6 6	6 6	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jaintia Hills	5 8	5 12	...	...	3 8	3 8	6 8	6 4	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	3 —	3 —	6 —	5 8	...	...	...	...
Manipur	8 —	8 —	...	...	19 —	17 —	21 —	19 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Jaintia Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpara	9 —	9 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	8 —	9 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Darrang . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 12	4 8	8 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 12	6 4	...	...	...	...
Tippera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 5	...	...	...	...
Dacca	8 4	8 8	12 —	12 — to 13 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—												
Khulna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	8 12	8 12	11 12	11 12	...	...	5 12	5 10	11 12	11 12	...	...
Hoochly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krisnanagarh)	10 —	10 —	12 4	12 4	...	...	7 7	7 4	...	...	...	...
Jessore	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Burma—
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	17 12	17 12	Tenasserim—
...	11 9	11 10	...	...	6 14	6 14	18 9	18 9	Mergui
...	9 13	9 13	...	...	7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	Tavoy
...	7 12	8 14	...	...	7 12	7 12	14 1	14 1	Moulmein and
...	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Amherst
...	13 2	13 2	...	...	10 1	10 1	14 —	14 —	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	17 —	17 —	Pegu
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 3	8 3	14 —	14 4	Rangoon
...	9 7	9 7	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Manbhin
...	8 4	8 4	18 4	18 4	5 13	5 13	14 —	14 —	Bassein
...	11 2	11 2	21 6	21 6	7 1	7 1	16 —	16 —	Pegu (inland)—
...	14 4	14 4	...	...	5 9	5 9	11 6	11 6	Tharawadi
...	13 6	11 3	21 9	20 —	8 9	8 2	17 12	17 12	Henzada
...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 12	6 13	Prome
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	15 —	15 —	Tongoo
...	9 —	9 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 8	17 8	Thayetmyo
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	17 —	17 —	Upper Burma—
...	7 7	7 7	9 8	9 8	5 11	5 13	9 11	9 11	Mandalay
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Bhamo
...	5 —	5 —	18 —	17 —	5 —	5 —	11 —	12 —	Pakokku
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	10 —	10 —	Meiktila
...	5 8	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Arakan—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Sandoway
...	9 12	9 12	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Kyaukpada
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Akyab
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Assam—
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	Surma—
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	15 —	15 —	Sylhet
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	22 —	22 —	Cachar
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 12	7 8	16 —	16 —	Hill tracts—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 12	7 8	16 —	16 —	Kháisi and Jainti
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Hills
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 8	8 —	20 —	20 —	Garo Hills
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 8	8 —	20 —	20 —	Manipur
...	11 12	11 12	12 —	12 —	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Naga Hills
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Lushai Hills
...	13 5	12 5	...	...	8 —	8 —	21 5	20 —	Brahmaputra—
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Goalpara
...	6 4	6 8	16 —	16 —	Kamrup
...	Darrang
...	Nowgong
...	Sibsagar
...	Lakhimpur
...	Bengal—
...	Eastern—
...	Chittagong
...	Noakhali
...	Backerganj
...	Maimensingh
...	Tappera
...	Dacca
...	Deltic—
...	Khulna
...	24 Parganas
...	Howrah
...	Calcutta
...	Hooghly
...	Nadia (Kishnag)
...	Jessore
...	Faridpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR GUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month
Bengal—continued												
<i>Western—</i>												
Bankura	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...	9 8	8 12	...	...	...	...
Burdwan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	10 —	9 12	...	...	...	...	8 4	7 14	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 4	8 3	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>												
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 6	6 12	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	9 —	9 12	12 12	12 12	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Malda	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Dogra . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	10 4	9 10	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Hills—</i>												
Darjeeling	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—												
<i>Bihar, north—</i>												
Purnea	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	6 14	6 12	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	10 —	10 —	14 6	13 14	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	9 14	11 —	13 2	14 —	...	...	7 12	7 3	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Saran	11 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Champaran	9 12	10 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>												
Santhal Parganas	8 8	8 8	13 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	10 —	10 4	15 —	15 8	...	...	7 4	7 16	...	...	...	...
Gaya	9 8	9 8	13 8	13 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	12	12 —	...	...
Patna	11 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	9 4	9 8	...	17 —	...	...
Shahabad	10 —	10 12	12 —	14 —	...	...	...	10 2	...	...	...	...
<i>Chota Nagpur—</i>												
Singbhum	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Mánbhum	9 —	9 8	18 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Ranchi	9 8	9 —	11 —	13 —	...	...	9 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Paláman	9 9	9 —	10 11	10 11	...	...	8 7	8 7	...	...	...	...
Hazáribágh	8 —	8 8	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>												
Puri	8 8	9 3	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	9 3	10 8	...	...	...	...	9 7	8 13	...	...	...	...
Balasore	8 —	8 12	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...	11 2	9 9	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
<i>(a) AGRA—</i>												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mirzapur	8 4	8 4	18 —	12 12	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	18 8	11 —
Benares	10 —	10 —	14 10	15 3	6 2	6 2	6 8	6 8	...	...	13 9	...
Ghazipur	9 12	9 12	15 —	14 5	5 —	5 —	7 14	7 4	14 12	15 11	13 6	12 3
Jaunpur	10 —	10 —	16 —	15 9	4 3	4 3	6 11	7 6	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	8 —	8 —	13 —	13 —	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 8	13 12	15 —	13 4	13 —
<i>Central—</i>												
Hánda	10 —	10 4	11 4	11 —	4 8	4 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur	9 4	9 2	10 1	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 4	...	...	10 4	11 8
Hamirpur	8 6	9 4	9 6	10 4	5 4	5 4	7 —	7 —	9 10	11 —	9 10	11 —
Jalaun	9 6	9 12	11 —	11 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	...	14 —	...	...
Cawnpore	9 12	9 12	12 8	12 8	...	...	7 4	7 4	12 8	12 8	11 8	12 12
Jhansi	10 15	10 11	12 8	12 9	4 15	4 12	7 3	7 2	12 9	12 9	12 1	12 6
Etáwah	9 12	9 12	11 8	11 8	3 —	...	8 —	5 8	...	...	10 12	11 12
Farukhabad	8 9	8 9	11 3	11 2	4 3	4 3	7 2	6 13	...	13 —	10 1	10 8
Mainpuri	10 —	9 —	11 8	11 —	4 8	4 8	8 —	7 8	11 —	...	11 4	11 —
Etah	9 4	9 4	11 4	11 4	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	10 —	10 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Meerut	10 12	10 4	18 —	13 8	3 —	3 —	6 12	6 12	13 —	13 —	11 —	11 8
Agra	10 4	9 8	12 8	11 8	3 4	3 —	8 —	6 —	11 —	12 —	...	10 —
Muttra	9 4	9 —	11 12	11 4	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 4	11 8	11 8	10 —	10 —
Aligarh	9 12	10 —	11 8	11 —	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 —	12 —	11 8	10 8	11 8
Bulandshahr	9 12	9 9	12 —	12 —	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Submontane, east—</i>												
Ballia	10 6	10 6	14 14	14 11	5 3	5 3	7 2	7 2	...	15 10	...	...
Assamgarh	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	5 4	5 4	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	10 7	10 13	16 7	16 14	7 2	7 2	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Basti	11 4	11 4	15 —	15 —	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 4	...	...	...	...

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR HUNAGA (<i>Cicer arielinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ABHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	11 8	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	20 —	20 —	Bengal—continued
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 8	20 8	<i>Western—</i>
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	Bankura
...	Bardwan
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	20 —	20 —	Birbhum
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Midnapur
...	Murshidabad
...	12 12	13 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 2	18 2	<i>Northern—</i>
...	10 8	10 8	...	13 —	8 4	8 4	16 —	16 —	Pabna
...	7 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	Rajshahi
...	7 14	7 14	19 14	19 8	Malda
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Bogra
...	9 10	9 10	...	...	8 6	8 6	18 —	18 —	Jalpaiguri
...	9 —	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Dinajpur
8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 —	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Rangpur
...	<i>Hills—</i>
...	Darjeeling
14 3	13 12	...	...	11 —	12 —	13 —	14 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Bihar and Orissa—
...	12 10	13 12	13 12	13 14	8 14	8 8	18 12	18 12	<i>Bihar, north—</i>
...	13 2	13 2	13 2	13 2	8 13	9 14	17 8	17 8	Purnea
...	13 —	13 —	13 —	13 —	9 —	9 —	19 —	19 —	Rhagapur
14 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	12 —	14 —	14 —	14 —	9 —	9 8	19 —	19 8	Darbhanga
...	18 —	...	...	13 —	12 —	16 8	17 —	8 12	8 8	17 8	18 —	Muzaffarpur
...	11 8	12 —	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 8	16 —	16 —	Saran
...	13 12	14 —	14 12	15 4	8 8	9 —	18 14	18 14	Champaran
...	16 —	12 —	12 —	13 —	12 —	13 8	13 8	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	<i>Bihar, south—</i>
...	...	12 —	12 —	15 —	16 —	15 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	Santal Parganas
...	14 —	14 —	12 —	13 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	20 —	Monghyr
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	16 —	16 —	Gaya
...	11 —	11 —	11 —	12 —	5 —	4 8	18 —	16 —	Patna
26 —	20 —	...	...	10 —	11 8	12 —	13 —	to	to	16 —	15 —	Shahabad
...	15 8	14 10	13 8	13 8	8 —	8 7	19 8	10 3	<i>Chota Nagpur—</i>
...	11 —	11 —	14 5	14 8	9 —	...	16 —	16 —	Singbhum
18 —	16 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 14	8 8	26 —	25 —	Mandbhum
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 14	7 14	24 9	24 9	Ranchi
...	8 8	9 4	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Palamanu
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Hazaribagh
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
United Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
(a) AGRA— <i>continued</i>												
<i>Submontane, west—</i>												
Shahjahanpur	10 4	9 —	13 —	12 —	2 12	2 8	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	14 —	14 —
Budaun	9 6	9 4	11 6	12 6	3 8	3 8	5 12	5 8	12 —	12 —	10 8	11 8
Pilibit	9 4	9 4	10 12	12 8	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	—	—
Bareilly	10 8	10 —	12 8	13 2	3 12	3 12	6 9	6 9	13 12	13 8	13 12	14 4
Moradabad	9 10	9 10	11 6	11 6	3 2	3 2	6 2	6 2	—	—	—	—
Rijnor	9 12	10 4	13 8	13 8	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	—	—	11 8	11 6
Muzaffarnagar	11 —	11 9	13 —	14 5	3 —	3 —	7 2	7 2	14 14	15 6	11 —	11 —
Saharanpur	10 2	10 2	14 6	14 6	3 8	3 8	6 14	6 14	16 —	16 —	—	—
Dehra-Dun	9 —	9 4	15 —	15 —	3 —	3 —	7 —	7 8	12 —	13 —	11 —	12 —
<i>Hills—</i>												
Naini Tal	8 —	7 —	11 —	11 —	3 —	3 —	5 8	5 8	10 —	12 —	9 —	9 —
Almora	9 —	9 —	12 8	13 —	3 8	3 8	6 12	6 12	—	—	—	—
Garhwal	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	—	—	—	—
(b) OUDH—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Partabgarh	10 8	11 —	13 —	15 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	—	—	11 —	12 —
Sultanpur	10 8	11 8	13 8	17 —	5 —	5 —	9 4	9 4	—	—	—	—
Rae-Bareilly	10 2	10 4	14 —	14 —	4 —	4 —	8 3	8 8	14 —	14 —	14 —	14 8
Unao	9 4	9 4	11 10	11 6	5 8	5 8	7 8	8 2	11 8	—	12 4	11 12
Lucknow	9 8	9 12	12 —	12 8	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 4	—	13 8	12 4	12 8
Hardoi	10 —	10 8	13 4	14 —	3 8	3 —	8 —	7 —	—	—	13 —	14 —
<i>Northern—</i>												
Fyzabad	10 2	10 12	14 4	14 10	—	—	7 4	7 8	13 —	—	—	—
Barabanki	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 4	4 —	4 —	8 6	8 4	13 —	13 4	14 —	12 4
Gonda	10 4	10 7	12 4	12 12	4 8	4 12	7 4	7 4	15 —	15 —	15 4	16 —
Bahraich	11 —	10 12	15 —	15 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	15 8	—	14 —	—
Sitapur	10 8	10 8	14 —	14 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 —	13 —	15 —	13 —	14 —
Kheri	10 4	10 —	14 —	14 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	—	14 —	—
Rajputana—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mewar (Udaipur)	10 13	11 2	17 5	17 9	5 13	5 14	6 8	6 9	16 4	16 1	—	10 10
Ajmer	9 4	9 8	11 12	11 8	5 —	5 —	6 8	6 8	12 8	12 8	11 —	12 8
Kishangarh	9 4	9 8	12 4	12 8	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	10 —	11 —
Tonk	8 —	8 —	10 12	10 13	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	11 —	10 13	10 —	10 2
Jaipur	9 15	10 2	12 13	12 12	5 —	5 1	5 12	5 13	12 9	12 8	12 —	12 3
Karauli	9 11	9 6	11 4	10 15	6 4	6 4	7 8	7 8	—	—	9 2	9 7
Dholpur	10 4	10 4	11 4	11 8	4 12	4 12	5 —	5 —	12 4	12 4	11 14	12 —
Bharatpur	9 8	9 8	11 8	11 8	4 8	4 8	4 14	4 14	12 —	12 —	10 9	11 10
Alwar	10 —	10 8	12 4	12 6	5 4	5 4	6 12	6 12	13 —	12 11	11 6	11 9
Deoli	9 11	10 5	12 14	13 9	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	13 12	14 6	12 —	12 —
Nasirabad	9 8	9 8	—	—	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	13 8	13 8	12 —	12 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Bikaner	9 8	9 8	13 —	13 —	5 —	4 8	7 —	6 8	12 —	12 —	9 —	8 8
Jaisalmer	8 14	9 —	—	—	4 7	5 1	5 9	5 10	11 2	11 1	10 9	11 1
Jodhpur	{ 9 — and 9 12 }	{ 9 4 and 9 12 }	12 12	12 12	5 8	5 3	6 8	6 8	12 12	13 —	{ 10 6 and 12 4 }	{ 12 — and 14 8 }
Central India—												
Indore	11 13	12 —	13 5	13 5	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	16 —	12 3	13 3	13 13
Nimach	11 —	11 —	—	—	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	14 8	14 —	12 —	13 —
Gwalior*	—	10 —	—	—	—	4 8	—	5 12	—	—	—	—
Punjab—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Hissar	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	—	—	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	11 8	12 —
Ferozpur	12 —	12 —	16 8	15 —	—	—	7 8	7 4	—	—	—	—
<i>Central—</i>												
Lahore	11 4	11 4	16 8	16 8	—	—	7 8	8 —	16 —	15 8	13 8	13 8
Gujranwala	12 8	12 8	16 8	17 8	—	—	7 12	7 12	—	—	—	—
Gujrat	11 8	12 —	17 8	18 —	—	—	7 8	7 8	18 —	18 —	16 —	16 —
Jhelum	11 8	11 8	17 —	17 —	—	—	7 8	7 8	19 —	20 —	15 —	15 —

* Not reported yet.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Housine</i> <i>coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUM, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria</i> <i>italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, GHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer</i> <i>aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ABHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half-month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	
United Provinces— <i>continued</i>												
(a) AGRA— <i>continued</i>												
<i>Submontane, west—</i>												
...	11 —	10 8	...	...	10 —	8 —	19 —	19 —	Shahjahanpur
...	...	10 —	10 —	11 10	11 14	13 —	12 8	7 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	Budaun
...	11 14	11 10	13 —	12 —	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Pilibit
...	12 15	12 5	14 —	13 2	10 —	10 —	21 —	21 —	Barili
...	12 6	12 2	11 10	11 10	8 14	9 4	20 10	20 10	Moradabad
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	8 12	19 —	19 —	Bijnor
...	12 10	12 10	14 14	15 6	6 9	6 10	20 14	20 14	Muzaffarnagar
...	12 7	12 7	13 13	13 13	8 8	8 8	21 4	21 4	Saharanpur
15 —	15 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	14 —	16 8	9 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Dehra-Dun
<i>Hills—</i>												
...	8 8	8 8	10 —	10 —	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Naini Tal
12 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	9 4	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 8	12 8	Almora
20 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 —	10 —	Garhwal
(b) OUDH—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
...	12 —	14 —	...	15 —	8 —	8 8	20 —	20 —	Partabgarh
...	12 —	14 4	...	...	8 —	9 8	22 —	22 —	Sultanpur
17 8	19 —	12 —	12 —	13 7	14 4	13 —	14 —	8 4	9 8	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareilly
...	11 4	11 6	13 —	13 —	8 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	Unao
...	12 —	11 8	13 —	15 —	8 8	9 8	19 —	19 —	Lucknow
...	12 —	12 8	...	...	8 8	8 —	19 —	19 —	Hardoi
<i>Northern—</i>												
...	...	12 8	12 8	11 —	12 12	14 10	15 14	7 14	8 10	19 —	19 —	Fyzabad
...	...	12 4	12 4	11 —	11 —	14 —	15 —	8 8	9 —	18 —	18 —	Barabanki
12 —	12 —	12 —	11 —	12 12	12 12	14 12	15 8	8 12	9 10	19 —	18 —	Gonda
...	...	12 —	12 —	13 —	13 8	15 —	15 —	9 4	10 —	17 —	18 —	Bahraich
8 —	8 —	12 8	14 —	12 8	12 —	14 —	15 —	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Sitapur
...	12 —	12 —	15 —	15 —	9 8	9 8	18 —	18 —	Kheri
Rajputana—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
...	...	11 9	12 1	11 9	11 11	17 5	17 9	7 3	8 1	16 4	18 5	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	6 8	6 8	11 12	11 8	12 13	13 —	9 8	9 8	24 —	24 —	Ajmer
...	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Kishanganj
...	9 8	9 6	11 —	10 5	...	...	17 8	18 —	Tonk
...	11 4	11 3	13 9	12 12	14 10	14 13	24 —	24 6	Jaipur
...	...	7 9	7 11	12 13	12 8	11 14	...	10 —	10 5	21 4	21 4	Karanli
...	11 9	11 4	...	...	9 8	13 4	21 —	21 —	Dholpur
...	...	9 8	9 8	12 6	12 8	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Bharatpur
...	...	8 —	8 —	12 6	12 10	12 6	11 13	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Alwar
...	...	9 —	9 8	13 2	12 15	12 14	12 6	15 8	15 8	23 11	25 4	Deoli
...	11 8	12 2	12 —	12 —	8 —	8 —	20 10	22 10	Nasirabad
...	11 12	11 12	...	...	8 —	8 —	25 —	25 —	...
<i>Western—</i>												
...	12 8	12 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	22 —	23 —	Bikaner
...	10 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Jaisalmer
...	12 —	12 3	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 5	16 5	Jodhpur
Central India—												
...	14 8	15 —	16 13	16 1	8 8	8 13	20 5	20 5	Indore
...	11 12	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Nimach
...	8 —	12 —	...	...	...	9 8	...	20 —	Gwalior
Punjab—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
...	14 —	14 8	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Hissar
...	15 8	15 8	16 8	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Ferozpur
<i>Central—</i>												
...	...	13 8	13 8	14 —	14 —	16 —	15 —	7 8	7 8	24 —	24 —	Lahore
...	15 4	15 4	15 8	15 8	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujranwala
...	14 —	15 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujrat
...	14 4	14 —	15 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	28 —	28 —	Jhelam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
Punjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	13 —	13 —	11 4	11 8
Delhi	10 —	10 —	13 —	12 —	3 —	3 —	5 12	5 12	14 —	14 —	11 —	11 8
Rohtak	10 8	10 8	14 —	14 —	...	...	9 4	9 —	14 —	14 —	12 8	13 —
Karnal	11 4	10 4	16 —	14 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	18 —	16 —	12 —	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	9 8	11 —	15 8	16 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 8	19 8	10 12	10 12
Ludhiana	11 4	11 —	16 —	15 —	...	...	6 8	6 —	15 8	15 —	11 —	10 8
Jullundur	13 —	13 4	17 —	17 —	...	...	8 —	7 —	16 —	16 8	12 —	12 —
Hoshiarpur . . . . .	...	12 12	16 —	16 —	...	...	...	6 —	...	16 —	...	8 —
Gurdaspur	14 —	14 —	16 8	16 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	...	...
Amritsar	12 8	12 12	16 8	16 8	...	...	7 4	7 8	18 —	18 —	12 8	12 —
Sialkot	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	14 —	...
Hills—												
Simla	9 8	9 8	13 4	13 4	...	...	6 12	6 12	12 —	12 4	12 —	11 8
Kangra	12 —	12 —	19 —	18 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Rawalpindi	11 8	11 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —
Attock	11 —	10 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	13 8	14 —	13 8	14 8
Western—												
Shahpur	13 12	14 12	18 —	18 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Jhang	13 —	13 —	17 —	16 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	19 —	21 —	16 —	14 —
Lyallpur	12 8	13 —	16 8	17 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	15 —	...
Multan	12 4	12 4	16 8	16 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	21 —	20 —	15 —	17 —
Montgomery	12 1	11 13	15 —	15 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	15 —	15 —	12 8	12 —
Muzaffargarh	12 4	12 4	14 8	14 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 —	15 8	...	...
Dera Ghazi Khan	11 4	11 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	10 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	17 8	17 4
N.-W. F. Province—												
Hazara	9 10	9 8	14 8	14 8	3 9	3 9	6 12	6 12	...	...	10 —	10 —
Peshawar	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	5 3	5 3	6 3	6 8	20 —	20 —	12 —	12 —
Kohat	10 5	10 14	14 13	14 13	4 13	4 13	7 7	7 12	15 5	12 12	14 5	14 —
Bannu	11 4	12 15	18 2	20 —	4 8	4 6	9 6	8 2	18 12	18 12	16 4	14 13
Dera Ismael Khan	10 15	10 15	15 —	14 8	3 12	3 12	6 —	6 —	20 —	21 4	15 —	15 —
Tochi	11 8	14 8	23 4	23 4	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	11 8	11 8	20 —	20 —	8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	11 8	11 8	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Wano	9 12	9 6	11 4	10 11	3 5	3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 4	6 —	7 4	7 —	13 —	13 —	12 —	12 —
Hyderabad	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	13 —	12 —	13 —	14 —
Thar and Parkar (Mirpur Khas)	10 8	10 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
Shikarpur	12 —	11 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 —	15 —	15 —
Upper Sind Frontier	11 4	11 4	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	18 —	16 —	15 8	16 —
Quetta	10 3 to 10 11	10 — to 10 11	12 5	12 9	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	13 5	12 13	10 11	10 11
Bombay—												
Deccan—												
Karwar	7 1	6 13	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 6	8 6	9 10	9 10	9 12	9 12
Ratnagiri	6 12	6 12	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 13	7 13	8 7	8 7	9 15	9 15
Alibag	7 6	7 6	...	...	7 3	7 3	8 2	8 2	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	7 13	7 13	...	...	5 2	5 2	7 13	7 13	9 13	9 13	10 10	10 10
Thanna	8 12	8 12	...	...	5 6	5 6	6 9	6 9	10 3	10 3	10 12	10 12
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	9 6	9 6	...	...	6 13	6 13	7 13	7 13	12 5	12 5	10 10	9 12
Belgaum	9 7	8 11	...	...	7 8	7 —	8 1	7 8	12 7	12 7	13 7	13 7
Satara	6 5	7 1	...	...	5 3	5 3	5 11	5 11	9 14	12 —	9 15	10 11
Sholapur	8 4	8 4	...	...	6 10	6 10	7 —	7 8	12 6	11 15	11 9	11 9
Bijapur	8 4	8 4	...	...	5 6	5 6	7 1	7 1	11 —	11 —	11 5	11 5
Poona	8 2	8 2	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 6	6 6	10 3	10 3	9 10	9 10
Ahmednagar	9 9	9 9	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 10	6 10	11 11	12 6	11 3	11 14
Nasik	10 9	10 9	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 11	6 11	...	...	10 15	10 15
Dhulia	10 4	10 4	...	...	6 2	6 2	6 6	6 6	11 3	12 8	11 2	12 15
Jalgaon	9 5	9 5	...	...	6 1	6 1	6 9	6 9	11 3	11 12	10 9	11 4
Gujarat—												
Surat	9 4	9 4	...	...	5 9	5 6	8 5	8 3	11 9	11 9	10 10	10 10
Broach	8 8	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 —	7 8	12 8	12 12	8 8	11 —
Baria	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 8	7 —	12 8	12 8	9 —	11 —
Baroda	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	11 8	11 8	9 —	10 —
Ahmadabad	9 8	9 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 8	10 —	10 8
Godhra	8 8	9 —	...	...	7 —	6 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	12 —	12 —
Disa	9 6	9 8	...	...	4 12	4 12	5 4	5 4	12 —	13 4	10 8	11 8
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	12 —	12 4	...	...	4 4	4 —	5 8	5 8	14 4	14 4	11 —	12 4
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	10 8	10 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	6 11	6 11	12 13	12 3	...	...
Hoshangabad	11 6	12 —	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	...	...	...	...
Betul	12 1	12 —	...	...	...	...	6 14	7 3	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara	10 15	11 6	...	...	6 11	5 11	7 11	9 5	12 11	12 11	...	...
Nagpur	10 3	10 3	...	...	5 3	5 3	9 2	9 2	12 11	12 11	...	...
Wardha	9 6	10 —	...	...	4 7	4 12	8 5	8 5	11 1	11 1	...	...

* Not reported yet

The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee.]

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	13 —	13 8	11 —	11 —	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Punjab—continued
...	13 —	12 4	12 8	12 8	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	South-eastern—
...	13 8	14 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	Gurgaon
...	14 4	13 14	15 —	14 —	11 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Delhi
17 8	17 8	14 12	14 12	13 12	13 12	15 4	15 —	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Rohtak
...	...	9 —	8 8	14 12	14 8	17 —	16 —	8 8	9 —	25 8	25 8	Karnal
...	...	9 —	9 —	14 12	14 4	17 —	17 8	...	...	25 —	25 —	Submontane—
...	14 —	14 —	...	17 —	...	7 8	...	24 —	Ambala
...	...	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ludhiana
...	...	14 8	14 8	14 —	14 —	15 —	15 8	7 12	8 8	26 8	26 8	Jullundur
...	14 —	14 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Hoshiarpur
...	10 8	10 8	14 4	15 14	6 —	6 4	16 —	17 —	Gurdaspur
...	11 —	11 —	17 —	12 —	8 —	8 —	17 —	18 —	Amritsar
...	...	13 —	13 —	14 4	14 8	15 —	14 8	7 —	7 —	27 —	27 —	Siakot
...	14 —	14 —	13 8	13 8	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Hills—
...	15 8	15 8	14 —	14 —	9 —	9 —	23 —	23 —	Simla
17 —	17 —	17 —	17 —	14 4	15 —	19 —	19 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Kangra
...	15 —	15 —	...	19 —	9 —	9 —	24 —	24 —	Northern—
...	13 8	14 —	13 8	15 8	15 8	...	...	24 —	24 —	Bawalpindi
...	14 12	15 —	15 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Attock
...	14 —	14 4	12 —	12 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Western—
...	12 8	12 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	21 —	22 —	Shahpur
...	11 4	11 4	13 —	12 8	...	...	19 —	19 —	Jhang
...	...	13 —	14 —	14 —	14 —	14 —	13 —	10 —	11 —	26 —	26 —	Lyallpur
...	14 —	13 9	14 —	18 6	...	...	28 1	23 1	Multan
...	15 12	15 15	17 3	18 7	...	...	30 10	30 —	Montgomery
...	15 8	15 5	14 —	...	...	...	27 8	27 8	Muzaffargarh
...	20 —	19 4	...	...	20 —	20 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	9 —	9 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	19 —	19 —	N.W. F. Province—
...	12 9	12 9	14 —	14 —	...	...	18 —	18 —	Hazara
...	Peshawar
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	25 —	25 —	Kohat
...	10 8	11 —	...	...	...	...	22 —	21 —	Bannu
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Tochi
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Kurram
...	11 1	10 12	11 13	11 10	6 — to 7 —	6 — to 7 —	16 —	16 —	Malakand
...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 2	7 2	20 10	20 10	Wano
12 8	12 8	...	...	10 5	10 5	...	...	6 12	6 12	20 13	20 13	Sind and Baluchistan—
9 6	9 6	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 3	7 3	22 6	22 6	Karachi
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 5	7 10	18 14	16 13	Hyderabad
10 8	10 8	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	21 11	21 11	Thar and Parkar
...	9 2	9 9	...	...	7 5	7 5	19 8	19 8	(Mirpur Khas)
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 4	6 12	19 8	19 8	Shikarpur
...	11 6	11 6	...	...	8 8	8 8	15 7	15 7	Upper Sind Frontier
...	11 1	10 10	...	...	6 15	6 15	18 —	18 —	Quetta
...	9 1	9 2	...	...	7 14	7 14	20 8	20 8	Bombay—
...	10 5	10 5	...	...	6 14	6 14	17 13	17 13	Konkan—
...	10 9	11 5	...	...	7 11	7 11	16 2	16 2	Karwar
14 4	14 4	...	...	12 11	12 11	...	...	8 2	8 2	21 —	21 —	Ratnagiri
...	11 11	12 10	...	...	7 5	8 11	18 14	18 14	Alibag
...	11 14	11 14	...	...	7 14	7 14	19 8	19 8	Bombay
...	10 14	10 14	...	...	7 6	7 10	26 13	26 13	Thanna
...	8 12	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	24 9	24 9	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	7 —	26 8	26 8	Dharwar
...	10 —	10 8	...	...	8 —	7 8	21 —	21 —	Bolgaum
...	11 8	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	26 8	26 8	Satara
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	25 —	25 —	Sholapur
...	9 8	8 12	...	...	6 8	6 8	25 —	25 —	Bijapur
...	9 8	10 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	90 —	90 —	Poona
...	12 15	12 15	...	...	8 8	8 8	17 4	18 11	Khandesh and N.E.
...	13 6	14 6	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Deccan—
...	11 9	15 2	...	...	7 15	9 1	13 —	10 11	Ahmadnagar
...	12 11	12 11	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 —	16 —	Nasik
...	11 5	11 5	...	...	7 15	7 15	16 —	16 —	Dhulia
...	9 1	10 —	...	...	9 1	9 1	17 1	17 —	Jalgaon
...	Gujarat—
...	Surat
...	Broach
...	Kaira
...	Baroda
...	Ahmadabad
...	Godhra
...	Dise
...	Kathiawar—
...	Rajkot
...	Central Provinces—
...	Western—
...	Nimar
...	Hoshangabad
...	Betul
...	Chhindwara
...	Nagpur
...	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1913—concluded

Districts	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces—												
<i>continued</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur . . .	9 —	10 5	...	...	4 8	4 8	7 3	8 —	...	...	...	...
Saugor . . .	11 4	11 8	...	...	4 4	4 8	6 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Damoh . . .	10 7	11 2	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 2	7 2	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore . . .	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla . . .	10 12	10 11	...	...	5 1	5 1	8 2	8 2	...	...	...	...
Seoni . . .	10 11	10 11	...	...	5 13	5 13	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Balaghat . . .	7 7	9 9	...	...	5 6	5 7	8 7	8 7	...	...	...	...
Bhandara . . .	10 14	10 —	...	...	5 14	6 4	9 —	8 12	16 7	...	...	...
Chanda . . .	8 12	8 12	...	...	4 13	4 13	8 2	6 2	12 13	12 14	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilaspur . . .	10 11	9 14	...	...	7 2	7 2	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Raipur . . .	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 12	8 12	9 4	9 8	...	...	...	...
Drug . . .	11 8	11 —	...	...	6 —	6 8	9 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana . . .	9 10	9 10	...	...	4 12	4 12	6 12	6 12	13 12	15 —	...	...
Akola . . .	9 4	9 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 7	7 7	15 1	15 1	...	...
Amratoli . . .	9 7	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	14 —	14 —	...	...
Yeotmal . . .	8 —	9 —	...	...	4 —	4 1	7 —	7 2	16 —	16 —	...	...
Hyderabad—												
Secunderabad . . .	7 —	7 4	11 5	12 4	8 9	8 12	6 12	7 2	10 9	11 4	10 10	10 13
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 5	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	...	...	...	...
South, Central—												
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	12 3	12 3	10 15	10 15
Nilgiris . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	...	...	...	...
Salem . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 6	5 6	10 10	9 13	8 14	8 14
Central—												
Bellary . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	6 8	14 —	13 4	...	...
Anantapur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	13 4	13 4	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	11 8	12 9	10 14	10 7
Karnul . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 9	12 9	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...
Visagapatam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	6 3	...	...	14 14	14 14
Godavari . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 9	13 12	18 12	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 5	8 8	10 13	10 13	...	...
Guntur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	12 9	12 9	12 —	12 —
Nellore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	12 8	12 8	11 8	11 8
East Coast, south—												
Madras . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...
Chingleput . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 9	6 9	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 —	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	9 9	9 9
Tanjore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 13	6 13	...	...	10 15	10 15
Trichinopoly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 10	11 —	11 12	12 5	11 10
Southern—												
Tinnevely . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	12 15	12 15	11 5	11 8
Madura . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	11 12	11 12	10 15	10 15
Mysore—												
Mysore . . .	6 12	6 8	6 4	5 8	5 —	5 —	6 8	6 —	17 —	16 —	...	...
Bangalore . . .	6 8	6 8	5 12	5 12	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	10 —	10 —	...	...
Coorg—												
Coorg . . .	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Aden . . .												
Aden . . .	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 10	4 10	7 —	5 9	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee.]

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Hleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ASHAB DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	...	...	12 —	14 6	...	...	9 —	10 5	16 —	16 —	Central Provinces
...	...	...	...	12 8	13 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	19 —	19 —	<i>—continued</i>
...	...	...	...	12 13	13 14	...	...	7 2	7 2	16 —	16 —	<i>Central—</i>
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	14 7	14 7	...	...	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	Bangor
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 2	7 2	16 —	16 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 5	6 5	15 12	15 12	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	11 15	12 8	...	...	7 9	6 4	15 3	16 13	Mandla
...	...	...	...	8 6	9 7	...	...	7 14	7 14	18 —	18 —	Seoni
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	8 —	7 2	12 13	12 13	Balaghāt
...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	15 8	15 8	Bhandāra
...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	7 —	15 —	16 —	Chānda
...	...	...	...	14 2	14 2	...	...	8 6	8 12	16 —	16 —	<i>Eastern—</i>
...	...	...	...	11 11	11 11	...	...	7 8	7 8	15 —	15 —	Bilāspur
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 3	9 3	18 1	17 2	Raipur
...	...	...	...	10 —	11 1	...	...	8 2	9 —	16 —	16 —	Drug
11 15	13 12	...	...	10 9	10 8	...	...	11 5	11 11	14 —	14 —	Berar—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Buldāna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Akola
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amrāoti
12 11	12 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Yectmal
14 9	13 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hyderabad—
13 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Secunderabad
13 8	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Malabar Coast—</i>
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 2	19 13	Malabar
14 10	14 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 11	19 3	S. Canara
12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>South, central—</i>
12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	Coimbatore
10 18	10 18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Nilgiris
13 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	Salem
11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>Central—</i>
10 —	10 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 9	16 9	Bellary
12 9	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 15	19 15	Anantapur
11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 12	20 12	Cuddapah
12 15	12 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 2	17 2	Karnul
14 1	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>East Coast, north—</i>
13 8	13 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 5	20 13	Ganjam
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Visagapatam
16 —	15 —	...	...	7 8	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	24 —	24 —	Godavari
13 —	14 —	...	...	6 —	8 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	...	...	<i>East Coast, central—</i>
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	Kistna
16 8	16 8	...	...	11 8	13 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	26 6	26 6	Guntur
...	...	...	...	8 15	9 5	...	...	8 —	8 5	28 13	28 13	Nellore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	<i>East Coast, south—</i>
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 11	27 13	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 3	27 3	Chingleput
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 2	23 2	N. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 6	22 12	S. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 7	23 7	Tanjore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 15	21 15	Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22 15	22 18	<i>Southern—</i>
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 13	23 13	Tinnevely
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madura
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 —	16 8	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 —	15 —	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32 —	32 —	Aden

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,

Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, December 10, 1913



The Gazette of India.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 12th December 1913.

No. 64.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 17 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Tuesday, the 6th January 1914, at 11 A.M. as the time, and the Council Chamber in the Imperial Secretariat, Delhi, as the place, for a meeting of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

*

(1927)

I A

No. 65.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., c. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 4) and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General of India, published under Notification No. 61, dated the 14th November 1912, the Governor-General is pleased to nominate the Hon'ble Mr. Lionel Maling Wynch, C.I.E., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, *vice* Mr. R. C. C. Carr, resigned.

No. 66.—The Governor-General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Honourable Mr. W. Maude of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General.

No. 67.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., c. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General of India, published under Notification No. 61, dated the 14th November 1912, the Governor-General is pleased to nominate the Hon'ble Mr. Ernest Herbert Cooper Walsh, C.S.I., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. W. Maude, resigned.

No. 68.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., c. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General, the Governor-General is pleased to nominate the Hon'ble Mr. William Hey Cobb, I.C.S., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, *vice* Mr. A. L. Saunders, C.S.I., I.C.S., resigned.

No. 69.—The Governor-General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. Herbert Lovely Eales, C.S.I., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General.

No. 70.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., c. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General of India, published under Notification No. 61, dated the 14th November 1912, the Governor-General is pleased to nominate the Hon'ble Mr. Walter Francis Rice, C.S.I., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. H. L. Eales, C.S.I., resigned.

W. H. VINCENT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 5th December 1913.

No. 2665.—The services of Mr. M. H. Harrison, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab with effect from the 24th November 1913.

The 16th December 1913.

No. 2683.—The services of Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 1st November 1913.

JUDICIAL.

The 11th December 1913.

No. 304-C.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Courts Act, 1884 (XVIII of 1884), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following

appointments in the Chief Court, Punjab, in the vacancy which will be caused by the retirement of the Hon'ble Sir A. H. S. Reid, Kt., Bar.-at-Law, Chief Judge of that Court, on the 13th January 1914:—

The Hon'ble Mr. A. Kensington, I.C.S., one of the Judges of the Chief Court to be Chief Judge.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. Chevis, I.C.S., first temporary Additional Judge of the Chief Court, to be a Judge of that Court.

The Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel G. C. Beadon, second temporary Additional Judge of the Chief Court, to be first temporary Additional Judge of that Court.

Mr. H. Scott-Smith, I.C.S., a Divisional Judge in the Punjab, to be second temporary Additional Judge of the Chief Court.

MEDICAL.

The 5th December 1913.

No. 1055.—The services of Surgeon-General A. M. Crofts, C.I.E., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the afternoon of the 15th November 1913.

The 10th December 1913.

No. 1061.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 85 of the Indian Lunacy Act, 1912 (IV of 1912), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that Magistrates or Courts exercising jurisdiction in the Province of Bihar and Orissa may send European Lunatics to the Bhowanipore Lunatic Asylum in the presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 6th December 1913.

No. 1908.—Whereas the Governor-General in Council is satisfied that there is a danger of an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease at Chidambaram taluk of the South Arcot district of the Madras Presidency if persons from the Mysore State are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Arudra Darsanam festival.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway to the stations of Alapakam, Puduchattiram, Porto Novo, Kille, Chidambaram, Vallampadugai, Coleroon, Arasir and Shiyali on the South Indian Railway shall be sold from the 26th December 1913 to the 11th January 1914 (both days inclusive) within the Mysore State to any person intending or believed to be intending to proceed to the Arudra Darsanam festival at Chidambaram.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

APPOINTMENTS.

Delhi, the 10th December 1913.

No. 19-E.—Camp.—Mr. A. W. Schönemann, a Superintendent in the office of the Adjutant-General in India, is appointed to officiate as a 3rd grade Superintendent, Financial Adviser's Office, Military Finance, with effect from the 10th December 1913, *vice* Mr. G. M. Turner granted leave.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 12th December 1913.

No. 1593-F. E.—The combined leave granted to Mr. Madhav Prasad Sinha, Chief Superintendent, office of the Accountant General, United Provinces, in this Department Notification No. 647-F. E., dated 23rd May 1913, has been extended by two months on medical certificate.

No. 1594-F. E.—Mr. W. A. W. Ford has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, Bihar and Orissa, with effect from the 1st December 1913.

No. 1595-F. E.—Mr. V. C. French, Officiating Deputy Auditor General, has been granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 28th November 1913.

No. 1596-F. E.—Mr. J. C. Mitra has been appointed to officiate as Deputy Auditor General, with effect from the 28th November 1913.

PENSIONS.

The 10th December 1913.

No. 20-A.—Camp.—Mr. J. Gainsford, Assistant Controller, Military Accounts Department, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 27th November 1913.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 6th December 1913.

No. 33-D.—Lieutenant-Colonel S. F. Bayley of the Political Department is posted as Political Agent in Bhopawar with effect from the 21st November 1913.

Simla, the 10th December 1913.

No. 2288-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Mr. Felix Willoughby Smith as Consul for the United States of America at Aden.

No. 2291-G.—With reference to Notification No. 1360-G., dated the 16th July 1913, Mr. Hormasji Cowasji Dinshaw, Consul for Portugal at Aden, resumed charge of his office on the 15th October 1913.

No. 2294-G.—With reference to Notification No. 1090-G., dated the 5th June 1913, Mr. J. C. Fernel, Consular Agent for France at Tellicherry, resumed charge of his office on the 22nd November 1913.

No. 2297-G.—With reference to Notification No. 1146-G., dated the 12th June 1913, Herr A. Bueler, Consul for Germany at Cochin, resumed charge of his office on the 10th November 1913.

Delhi, the 11th December 1913.

No. 61-D.—The following treaty was concluded on the 26th November 1913 between the British Government and His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore :—

TREATY between the British Government and His Highness Maharaja Sri Krishnaraja Wadiyar Bahadur, the IV, G.C.S.I., Maharaja of Mysore, and his successors, executed on the one part by the Honourable Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Hugh Daly, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., in virtue of the full powers vested in him by the Governor-General of India in Council, and on the other part by His Highness Maharaja Sri Krishnaraja Wadiyar Bahadur aforesaid, in person, 1913.

WHEREAS the Rulers of the territories of Mysore have, since the restoration to them of the said territories in 1881, evinced their zeal and attachment to the Crown, and whereas the administration of the Mysore State has been conducted during the past thirty-two years to the satisfaction of the British Government, and whereas, in order to mark the high esteem in which His Highness the Maharaja is held by the British Government, the Governor-General of India in Council is desirous of making certain changes in the conditions laid down at the time of such restoration, the following Articles are hereby agreed upon :—

ARTICLE 1.

The Maharaja Sri Krishnaraja Wadiyar Bahadur and those who succeed him in manner hereinafter provided shall be entitled to hold possession of, and administer, the said territories perpetually, subject to the conditions hereinafter prescribed.

ARTICLE 2.

The succession to the administration of the said territories shall devolve upon the lineal descendants of the said Maharaja Sri Krishnaraja Wadiyar Bahadur, whether by blood or adoption, according to the rules and usages of his family, except in case of disqualification through manifest unfitness to rule :

Provided that no succession shall be valid until it has been recognised by the Governor-General in Council.

In the event of a failure of lineal descendants, by blood and adoption, of the said Maharaja Sri Krishnaraja Wadiyar Bahadur, it shall be within the discretion of the Governor-General in Council to select as a successor any member of any collateral branch of the family whom he thinks fit.

ARTICLE 3.

The Maharaja Sri Krishnaraja Wadiyar Bahadur and his successors (hereinafter called the Maharaja of Mysore) shall at all times remain faithful in allegiance and subordination to His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor of India, His Heirs, and Successors, and perform all the duties which in virtue of such allegiance and subordination may be demanded of them.

ARTICLE 4.

The British Government having undertaken to defend and protect the said territories against all external enemies, and to relieve the Maharaja of Mysore of the obligation to keep troops ready to serve with the British Army when required, there shall, in consideration of such undertaking, continue to be paid from the revenues of the said territories to the British Government an annual sum of Government Rupees thirty-five lakhs in two half-yearly instalments.

ARTICLE 5.

The British sovereignty in the island of Seringapatam having ceased and determined, the said island shall continue part of the said territories and be held by the Maharaja upon the same conditions as those subject to which he holds the rest of the said territories.

ARTICLE 6.

The Maharaja of Mysore shall not, without the previous assent of the Governor-General in Council, build any new fortresses or strongholds, or repair for military purposes the defences of any existing fortresses or strongholds in the said territories.

ARTICLE 7.

The Maharaja of Mysore shall not, without the permission of the Governor-General in Council, import, or permit to be imported, into the said territories, arms, ammunition or military stores, and shall prohibit the manufacture of arms, ammunition and military stores throughout the said territories, or at any specified place therein, whenever required by the Governor-General in Council to do so.

ARTICLE 8.

The Maharaja of Mysore shall not object to the maintenance or establishment of British cantonments in the said territories whenever and wherever the Governor-General in Council may consider such cantonments necessary. He shall grant free of all charge such land as may be required for such cantonments, and shall renounce all jurisdiction within the lands so granted. He shall carry out in the lands adjoining British cantonments in the said territories such sanitary measures as the Governor-General in Council may declare to be necessary. He shall give every facility for the provision of supplies and articles required for the troops in such cantonments, and on goods imported or purchased for that purpose no duties or taxes of any kind shall be levied without the assent of the British Government.

ARTICLE 9.

The military force employed in the Mysore State for the maintenance of internal order and the Maharaja's personal dignity, and for any other purposes approved by the Governor-General in Council, shall not exceed the strength which the Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, fix. The directions of the Governor-General in Council in respect to the enlistment, organisation, equipment and drill of troops shall at all times be complied with.

ARTICLE 10.

The Maharaja of Mysore shall abstain from interference in the affairs of any other State or Power, and shall have no communication or correspondence with any other State or Power, or the Agents or Officers of any other State or Power, except with the previous sanction and through the medium of the Governor-General in Council.

ARTICLE 11.

The Maharaja of Mysore shall not employ in his service any person not a native of India without the previous assent of the Governor-General in Council, and shall, on being so required by the Governor-General in Council, dismiss from his service any person so employed.

ARTICLE 12.

The coins of the Government of India shall be a legal tender in the said territories in the cases in which payment made in such coins would, under the law for the time being in force, be a legal tender in British India; and all laws and rules for the time being applicable to coins current in British India shall apply to coins current in the said territories. The separate coinage of the Mysore State, which has long been discontinued, shall not be revived.

ARTICLE 13.

The Maharaja of Mysore shall grant free of all charge such land as may be required for the construction and working of lines of telegraph in the said territories wherever the Governor-General in Council may require such land, and shall do his utmost to facilitate the construction and working of such lines. All lines of telegraph in the said territories, whether constructed and maintained at the expense of the British Government, or out of the revenues of the said territories, shall form part of the British telegraph system and shall, save in cases to be specially excepted, by agreement between the British Government and the Maharaja of Mysore, be worked by the British Telegraph Department; and all laws and rules for the time being in force in British India in respect to telegraphs shall apply to such lines of telegraph when so worked.

ARTICLE 14.

If the British Government at any time desires to construct or work, by itself or otherwise, a railway in the said territories, the Maharaja of Mysore shall grant such lands as may be required for that purpose, and shall transfer to the Governor-General in Council plenary jurisdiction within such land ; and no duty or tax whatever shall be levied on through traffic carried by such railway which may not break bulk in the said territories.

ARTICLE 15.

The Maharaja of Mysore shall cause to be arrested and surrendered to the proper officers of the British Government any person within the said territories accused of having committed an offence in British India, for whose arrest and surrender a demand may be made by the British Resident in Mysore, or some other officer authorised by him in this behalf ; and he shall afford every assistance for the trial of such persons by causing the attendance of witnesses required, and by such other means as may be necessary.

ARTICLE 16.

Plenary criminal jurisdiction over European British subjects in the said territories shall continue to be vested in the Governor-General in Council, and the Maharaja of Mysore shall exercise only such jurisdiction in respect to European British subjects as may from time to time be delegated to him by the Governor-General in Council.

ARTICLE 17.

The Maharaja of Mysore shall comply with the wishes of the Governor-General in Council in the matter of prohibiting or limiting the manufacture of salt and opium, and the cultivation of poppy, in Mysore ; also in the matter of giving effect to all such regulations as may be considered proper in respect to the export and import of salt, opium and poppy-heads.

ARTICLE 18.

All laws and rules having the force of law, which existed at the time of the restoration of the said territories in 1881 and are shewn in the schedule hereto annexed, shall, in so far as they are in force at the date of this Treaty, be maintained and efficiently administered, and, except with the previous consent of the Governor-General in Council, the Maharaja of Mysore shall not repeal or modify such laws, or pass any laws or rules inconsistent therewith.

ARTICLE 19.

No material change in the system of administration now in force shall be made without the consent of the Governor-General in Council.

ARTICLE 20.

All title-deeds granted and all settlements of land-revenue made during the administration of the said territories by the British Government, and in force at the time of the rendition of the said territories, shall be maintained in accordance with the respective terms thereof, except in so far as they may be rescinded or modified either by a competent court of law, or with the consent of the Governor-General in Council.

ARTICLE 21.

While disclaiming any desire to interfere with the freedom of the Maharaja of Mysore in the internal administration of his State in matters not expressly provided for herein, the Governor-General in Council reserves to himself the power of exercising intervention, in case of necessity, by virtue of the general supremacy and paramount authority vested in him, and also the power of taking such precautionary or remedial action as circumstances may at any time appear to render necessary to provide adequately for the good government of the people of Mysore or for the security of British rights and interests within that State.

ARTICLE 22.

This Treaty shall supersede all other documents by which the position of the British Government with reference to the said territories has been formally recorded. And if any

question arise as to whether any of the above conditions has been faithfully performed, or as to whether any person is entitled to succeed, or is fit to succeed, to the administration of the said territories, the decision thereon of the Governor-General in Council shall be final.

Signed, sealed and exchanged at Mysore on the twenty-sixth day of November in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen of the Christian era.

KRISHNARAJA WADIYAR.

Seal.

H. DALY.

Seal.

HARDINGE OF PENSHURST.

This Treaty was ratified by His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India at Bankipore on the first day of December 1913.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India,

Foreign Department.

Schedule.

Schedule showing the Laws in force and Rules having the force of Law in the Territories of Mysore, on the 25th March 1881, and annexed to the Treaty of 1913.

PART I.**GENERAL ACTS.**

Number and year.	Title or short title.	Enactment, if any, by which Act repealed in part or amended.	Local extent and personal application, if any, prescribed.	Modifications.
1	2	3	4	5
XX of 1847	For the encouragement of learning in the territories subject to the Government of the East India Company, by defining and providing for the enforcement of the right called copy-right therein.	Repealed in part by Acts IX of 1871 and I of 1879.	Extends to the whole Province.	.....
XIX of 1850, in part.	Concerning the binding of Apprentices ; in part, namely :— The preamble, Sections 1 to 4 (both inclusive), 8, 9, 10 (except the passage relating to apprentices bound to sea service and the words "or Registering Officer"), 11 and 12 (except in each Section the words "or Registering Officer"), 13 (except the words "in the said territories", 14, 15 (except the words "or on board the vessel to which he belongs"), 16, 17, 18 (except the words "referring to causes of complaint arising on boardship"), 19, 20 (except the words "or Registering Officer"), 21, 24 (except the words "without the said towns and is'and"), and 25, Schedule A (except the words "and seals" and the letters "L. S.") and Schedule B.	.....	Ditto Applies only to European and Eurasian children.	To Section 3, <i>add</i> "or required to find security for good behaviour." In Section 11, <i>for</i> "8" <i>read</i> "9." In Sections 19, 20 and 21, and in Schedules A and B, <i>for</i> "executors or administrators" and "executors and administrators" <i>read</i> "legal representatives."
XIII of 1859	To provide for the punishment of breaches of contract by Artificers, Workmen and Labourers in certain cases.	.....	Extends to the whole Province.	.....
XXVII of 1860	For facilitating the collection of debts on successions and for the security of parties paying debts to the representatives of deceased persons.	.....	Ditto.	.....
XLV of 1860	The Indian Penal Code	Amended by Acts XXVII of 1870 and XIX of 1872.	Ditto.	.....

Number and year.	Title or short title.	Enactment, if any, by which Act repealed in part or amended.	Local extent and personal application, if any, prescribed.	Modifications.
1	2	3	4	5
V of 1861	For the Regulation of Police	Repealed in part by Act IX of 1871.	Extends only to the town of Bangalore.	.....
VI of 1864	To authorise the punishment of whipping in certain cases	Repealed in part by Act X of 1872.	Extends to the whole Province.	.....
X of 1865	The Indian Succession Act, 1865	Repealed in part by Acts VII of 1870 and XV of 1877.	Extends to the whole Province. Does not apply to Native Christians.	.....
XI of 1865	To consolidate and amend the law relating to Courts of Small Causes beyond the local limits of the Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction of the High Courts of Judicature.	Repealed in part by Act VII of 1870 and by Act X of 1877 as amended by Act XII of 1879, Section 99.	Extends to the town of Bangalore, and to the Court of every Subordinate Judge or Munsiff, throughout the whole Province, when such Subordinate Judge or Munsiff is exercising the jurisdiction with which he has been invested under Rule 8 of the Rules regarding the constitution and powers of the Civil Courts in Mysore, which took effect from the 15th September 1879.	.....
V of 1866	To provide a summary procedure on Bills of Exchange, and to amend in certain respects the Commercial Law of British India.	Repealed in part by Act IX of 1872 and by Act X of 1877 as amended by Act XII of 1879, Section 99.	Extends to the whole Province.	.....
X of 1866	The Indian Companies Act, 1866	Repealed in part by Act I of 1879.	Ditto.	.....
XXI of 1866	The Native Converts' Marriage Dissolution Act, 1866	Repealed in part by Act VII of 1870.	Ditto.	.....

III of 1867	To provide for the punishment of public gambling and the keeping of common gaming houses.	.....	Extends only to the town of Bangalore.	.....
XXV of 1867	For the regulation of printing presses and newspapers, for the preservation of copies of books printed in British India and for the Registration of such books.	.....	Extends to the whole Province.	.....
I of 1868, in part	The General Clauses Act, 1868; in part, namely:— The preamble and Sections 1 to 6 (both inclusive)	.....	Ditto.	In Section 2, after "operation," insert "and extended to Mysore." In Section 2, for clause (10) read "Local Government shall mean the person or persons authorised to administer executive Government in Mysore, and shall include a Chief Commissioner"; and for clause (11) read "High Court shall mean the highest Civil Court of Appeal in Mysore."
VII of 1870	The Court Fees Act, 1870	Repealed in part by Act VIII of 1871 amended by Act XV of 1872.	Ditto.	.....
X of 1870	The Land Acquisition Act, 1870	Repealed in part by Act IX of 1871.	Ditto.	.....
XXIII of 1870	The Indian Coinage Act, 1870	.....	Ditto.	.....
XXVI of 1870, in part	The Prisons Act, 1870; in part, namely:— The preamble and Sections 3 to 12 (both inclusive), 13 (except the words "the Magistrate of the District or") and 14 to 56 (both inclusive).	.....	Ditto.	For "Local Government" read "Chief Commissioner of Mysore." In the preamble, for "the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, Oudh, the Central Provinces, and British Burma," read "the territories of Mysore." In Section 6, for the first paragraph read "An Inspector-General of Prisons shall be appointed by the Governor-General in Council." In Section 4 and Section 6, paragraph 2, for "under such Government" read "of Mysore." In Section 6, paragraph 2, for "each" read "the."

Number and year.	Title or short title.	Enactment, if any, by which Act repealed in part or amended.	Local extent and personal application, if any, prescribed.	Modifications.
1	2	3	4	5
XXVII of 1870.	Indian Penal Code, Amendment	Repealed in part by Act X of 1872.	Extends to the whole Province.	.....
I of 1871	The Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 . . . . .	.....	Ditto	.....
X of 1871, in part	The Excise Act, 1871 : in part, namely :— The preamble and Section 3 (except the definition of "Chief Revenue Authority", 5 to 9 (both inclusive), 11 to 20 (both inclusive), 21 (paragraphs 1, 2 and 3), 22, 23 (except the words "with the sanction of the Local Government"), 24 to 54 (both inclusive), 56 to 65 (both inclusive), 66 except in clause (b), the words "or, in British Burma, five tolas", 67 to 82 (both inclusive), 85 and 86.	Repealed in part by Act I of 1878. Amended by Act I of 1878.	Ditto	For "Chief Revenue Authority" and "Local Government" read "Chief Commissioner of Mysore"; for "Authority" read "Chief Commissioner"; and for "British India" read "the territories of Mysore." In the preamble, for "Northern India, British Burma, and Coorg," read "the territories of Mysore."
XXIII of 1871, in part.	The Pensions Act, 1871; in part, namely :— The preamble and Sections 1, 3, 4, 5 (except the words "subject to the general control of the Local Government"), 6, 7, clause 1, 8 to 13 (both inclusive) and 14 (except the words "with the consent of the Local Government").	.....	Ditto	For "Local Government," "Chief Revenue Authority" and "Chief Controlling Revenue Authority," read "Chief Commissioner."
XXVI of 1871, in part.	The Land Improvement Act, 1871; in part, namely :—	Amended by Act XXI of 1876.	Ditto	For "Local Government" read "Chief Commissioner of Mysore."
I of 1872	The preamble and Sections 1 (paragraph 1) and 3 to 18 (both inclusive). The Indian Evidence Act, 1872	Amended by Act XVIII of 1872.	Ditto	.....
IX of 1872	The Indian Contract Act, 1872	Repealed in part by Act I of 1877.	Ditto	For the explanation to Section 265 read "The Court in this section shall be taken to mean a court not inferior to the Court of the Judicial Assistant Commissioner."

X of 1872	The Code of Criminal Procedure	. . . . .	Repealed in part by Act XI of 1874.	Extends to the whole Province.	For "British India" read "the territories of Mysore."
XV of 1872, in part.	The Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872; in part, namely:— The preamble, Sections 2 to 7 (both inclusive), 9 except the words "or so far as regards any Native State, the Governor-General in Council," 10 to 27 (both inclusive), 37 to 42 (both inclusive), 41, 45 and 46 (except those expressions which refer to the jurisdiction of a Judge of the High Court), 48 except the last three clauses and such expressions as refer to the jurisdiction of a Judge of the High Court, 49 to 53 (both inclusive), 57 to 83 (both inclusive), 85, 87 and 88, and Schedules I, II and V.	. . . . .	Amended by Act XI of 1874.	Ditto.	For "Local Government" read "Chief Commissioner of Mysore."
XVIII of 1872	The Indian Evidence Act, Amendment Act	. . . . .	Repealed in part by Act X of 1872.	Extends to the whole Province.	.....
XIX of 1872	Indian Penal Code Amendment (Definition of "Coin")	. . . . .	.....	Ditto.	.....
V of 1873	The Government Savings Banks Act, 1873	. . . . .	.....	Ditto.	.....
X of 1873	The Indian Oaths Act, 1873	. . . . .	.....	Ditto.	In section 7, for "High Court" read "Judicial Commissioner of Mysore."
XI of 1874	To amend the Code of Criminal Procedure	. . . . .	.....	Ditto.	.....
XXI of 1875	To amend the Land Improvement Act, 1871	. . . . .	.....	Ditto.	For section 1, read "This Act shall be read with and taken as part of the said Land Improvement Act, 1871."
					In Section 2, for "one" read "three."
					In Section 4, after "advanced under this Act" insert "or chargeable on account of interest according to the rules made hereunder."
					In Section 5, for "Local Government" read "Chief Commissioner of Mysore."

r and year.	Title or short title.	Enactment, if any, by which act repealed in part or amended.	Local extent and personal application, if any, prescribed.	Modifications.
1	2	3	4	5
17, in part	The Specific Relief Act, 1877, in part, namely:— The preamble, Sections 1 to 44 (both inclusive) and 52 to 57 (both inclusive) and the Schedule.	...	Extends to the whole Province.	.....
1877	The Indian Registration Act, 1877	Amended by Act XII of 1879.	Ditto.	.....
77, in part	The Code of Civil Procedure, in part, namely:— The preamble, Sections 1 to 340, 341 (except the word "third" in the proviso), 342 to 418 (both inclusive), 422, 423, 424 (except the words "against the said Secretary of State in Council or" and "in the case of the Secretary of State in Council delivered to, or left at the office of a Secretary to the Local Government or the Collector of the District, and in the case of a public officer"), 425 to 428 (both inclusive), 429 (except the words "against the said Secretary of State in Council or"), 434 to 585 (both inclusive), 587 to 593 (both inclusive), 617 to 630 (both inclusive) and 639 to 652 and the Schedules.	Repealed in part by Act XII of 1879. Amended by Act XII of 1879.	Ditto.	For "High Court" read "Court of the Judicial Commissioner." For "British India" read "the territories of Mysore." For "Collector" read "Deputy Commissioner." For "Local Government" read "Chief Commissioner of Mysore." In Section 339, for "proper officer of the Court" read "officer in charge of the Civil Jail." For Section 416 read "suits by the Government shall be instituted by the State of Mysore." For Section 418 read "In suits by the State of Mysore, instead of inserting in the plaint the name and description and place of abode of the plaintiff, it shall be sufficient to insert the words 'the State of Mysore';"

<p>XV of 1877</p>	<p>The Indian Limitation Act, 1877. Amended by Act XII of 1879.</p> <p>Extends to the whole Province.</p>	<p>In Section 443, for "Indian Majority Act, 1875, Section 3" read "rules for the care of the persons and property of minors, published with Government of India Notification No. 75-J., dated 25th April 1872."</p> <p>In Section 547, for "Secretary of State for India in Council, or" read "State of Mysore."</p> <p>For "first day of October 1877," read "first day of January 1878."</p> <p>For "High Court" read "Court of the Judicial Commissioner."</p> <p>For "Court of District Judge" read "Court of a Subordinate Judge or District Judge."</p> <p>For "British India" read "the territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore."</p> <p>Ditto.</p> <p>For "the Local Government," "any Local Government," "The same Local Government," "such Government" and "such Local Government" read the "Chief Commissioner of Mysore."</p> <p>For the last two clauses of Section 1, read "and it shall come into force in Mysore on the 1st day of April 1880."</p> <p>In Section 6, for "British India" read "Mysore."</p>
<p>of 1878, in part</p>	<p>The Opium Act, 1878, in part, namely:—</p> <p>The preamble, and Sections 1, 3 (except in the definition of "Magistrate" the words "in the Presidency towns, a Presidency Magistrate and elsewhere"), 4 to 11 (both inclusive), 12 (except in the third paragraph, the words "Collector of the District or"), 13 to 18 (both inclusive), 19 (except the words "Collector of the District"), 20, 21, 22 (except the last paragraph), 23, 24 (except the words "Collector of the District," "Collector" and "Collector, Deputy Collector or other") and 25.</p>	

Number and year.	Title or short title.	Enactment, if any, by which Act repealed in part or amended.	Local extent and personal application, if any, prescribed.	Modifications.
I of 1879, in part.	The Indian Stamp Act, 1879; in part, namely:— Sections 1 to 72, Schedule I, Schedule II except in No. 15 (a), the words "in the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay," and Schedule III.	3	4	5
			Extends to the whole Province.	For "British India" and "Local Government," read "the Territories of Mysore" and "Chief Commissioner of Mysore" respectively. In Section 1, last paragraph, and in Section 5, clause (a), for "April" read "June." For clauses (7) and (8) of Section 3 read "Chief Controlling Revenue Authority" means the Chief Commissioner or such officer as the Chief Commissioner may, from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint in this behalf by name or in virtue of his office." "Collector" means a Deputy Commissioner and any officer whom the Chief Commissioner may, from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint in this behalf by name or in virtue of his office. For Section 43 read "the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority may state any case referred to it under Section 45 or otherwise coming to its notice, and refer such case, with its own opinion thereon, to the court of the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore or other court exercising the functions of a High Court within the Territories of Mysore." In Sections 47, 48 and 49, for "High Court or Chief Court," read "Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore or other such Court as aforesaid."

IV of 1879, in part.

The Indian Railways Act, 1879, in part, namely :—
The preamble, sections 1 (except the second paragraph), 2 (except the third paragraph), 3 (except in the definition of "Railway Administration" the words, "or a Native State"), 4 to 49 (both inclusive), 50 (except the words, "a Presidency Magistrate and") and 51 to 54 (both inclusive) and the Schedules.

XII of 1879, in part.

To amend the Code of Civil Procedure, the Registration Act, 1877, and the Limitation Act, 1877 : in part, namely :—
The preambles and Sections 1 (except the words and figures "In Section 638, the figures 201", 2 to 92 (both inclusive) and 94 to 108 (both inclusive).

XIV of 1880, in part.

The Indian Census Act, 1880, in part, namely :—

The preamble and Sections 1 to 4 (both inclusive), 5 [except (1), in clause (a) the words "or naval," in both places in which they occur and the words "or of any vessel of war," and (2) in the last paragraph but one, the words "or in the towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, by such officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf" and the words "or officer"], 6 to 11 (both inclusive), 12 (except in the last paragraph, the words "in the towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay," and the words "before a Presidency Magistrate, and elsewhere"), and 13 (except the words and figures "or chapter eighteen of the Presidency Magistrate's Act, 1877").

Ditto

.....

Ditto

.....

Ditto

.....

In section 1, paragraph 19, for "proper officer of the court" read "officer in charge of the Civil Jail."

For "a High Court" and "the High Court" read "the Court of the Judicial Commissioner."

For "British India" read "Territories of Mysore."

For "Collector" read "Deputy Commissioner."

For "Local Government" read "Chief Commissioner of Mysore."

For "British India" read "the territories of Mysore."

For "Local Government" read "Chief Commissioner of Mysore."

For Section 6 read :—

"The Magistrate of the District may, by an order, written, printed, or lithographed, call upon all owners and occupiers of land, tenure-holders, farmers, and assignees of land revenue in his District, or their agents, to give such assistance as he needs towards the taking of a census of the persons who are at the time of taking the census on the land of such owners, occupiers, holders, farmers and assignees.

"Such order shall specify the nature of the assistance required, and such owners, occupiers, holders, farmers and assignees, or their agents shall be bound to obey it."

PART II.
MADRAS ACTS.

Number and year.	Title or short title.	Enactment, if any, by which Act repealed in part or amended.	Local extent and personal application, if any, prescribed.	Modifications.
1	2	3	4	5
II of 1869	To empower Revenue officers to summon persons to attend at their cutcherries for the settlement of matters connected with revenue administration.	.....	Extends to the whole Province.	
of 1873	To prevent the indiscriminate destruction of wild elephants	.....	.....
VIII of 1878	The Madras Coffee Stealing Prevention Act, 1878	.....	Extends to the whole Province.	In Section 1, for "Madras" read "Mysore." In Section 2, for "Presidency of Fort St. George" read "Province of Mysore," and for "Governor in Council" read "Governor General in Council."

PART III.

BOMBAY ACTS.

Number and year.	Title or short title.	Enactment, if any, by which Act repealed in part or amended.	Local extent and personal application, if any, prescribed.	Modifications.
1	2	3	4	5
I of 1865, in part	Lombay Survey and Settlement Act; in part, namely:— The preamble and Sections 1 to 40 (both inclusive)	Repealed in part by Bombay Act IV of 1888.	.....	For "Governor in Council" read "Chief Commissioner of Mysore." For "Revenue Commissioner" read "Superintendent of Division." For "Collector" read "Deputy Superintendent of District." For "Assistant Collector" read "Assistant Superintendent of District." For "Presidency of Bombay" read "Province of Mysore."

Act for City Surveys and Amendment of Bombay Survey and Settlement Act, 1868.	.....	Ditto	For "Revenue Commissioner" read "Superintendent of Division."
			For "Collector" read "Deputy Superintendent of District."
			For "Assistant Collector" read "Assistant Superintendent of District."
PART IV.			
BENGAL ACT.			
For the prevention of cruelty to animals; in part, namely:— The preamble and Sections 1 to 7 (both inclusive), 9 and 10 . . . . .	.....	Ditto.	In Sections 6 and 7, for "town of Calcutta" read "town and cantonment of Bangalore."
			For Section 9 read:— "This Act shall extend to the town and its Municipal limits, as fixed by the Chief Commissioner."
			In Section 10, for "Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal" read "Chief Commissioner of Mysore" and for "Calcutta Gazette" read "Mysore Gazette."
PART V.			
RULES MADE UNDER THE FOREGOING ACTS.			
All rules made by the proper authority under any of the foregoing Acts and in force on the 25th March 1891.	.....	.....	.....

PART VI.

RULES AND REGULATIONS MADE OTHERWISE THAN UNDER THE FOREGOING ACTS.

Title or subject-matter.	Authority.	Extent.
	3	4
Inam Rules for Mysore, dated 14th December 1857.	Letter from Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 122, dated the 21st April 1858.	Extend to the whole Province.
Rules for the settlement of Ready Money Grants in Mysore.	Letter from Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 309, dated the 21st April 1858.	Ditto.
Municipal Regulations	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 51-J., dated the 31st March 1871.	Extend only to the town of Bangalore.
Rules for the inspection and control of Prostitutes and Brothels.	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 1535-J., dated the 20th July 1871.	Ditto.
Rules for the care of the persons and property of minors, as modified by paragraph 11 of notification by the Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 235-J., dated the 27th August 1879.	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 75-J., dated the 25th April 1872.	Extend to the whole Province.
Empowering Revenue Officers in the investigation of Judicial cases to exercise the powers which may be exercised by the Civil Courts in Mysore.	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 123-J., dated the 26th June 1872.	Ditto.
Rules for the organisation and regulation of village and regular Police.	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 230-J., dated the 16th October 1872.	Extend to the whole Province, with the exception of the town of Bangalore.
	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 322, dated the 21st November 1879.	
	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 20, dated the 30th April 1879; published under the authority of the Government of India.	
Rules defining the jurisdiction of Civil Courts in suits relating to imams.	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 40, dated the 15th May 1872; published under the authority of the Government of India, conveyed in letter from Foreign Department, No. 113-R., dated the 29th April 1872.	Extend to the whole Province.

1874	Rules for punishment of breaches of Salt Laws	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 287, dated the 6th February 1874; published under the authority of the Government of India.	Ditto.
"	Rules for the establishment of local Committees for the administration of local funds in Mysore.	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 110, dated the 4th July 1874; published under the authority of the Government of India, conveyed in letter from Foreign Department, No. 1249-G., dated the 6th June 1874.	Ditto.
"	Rules relating to Lunatics	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 141, dated the 31st July 1874; published under the authority of the Government of India.	Ditto.
"	Revised Rules for the remunerating of Patels and Shanbhogs.	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 219, dated the 27th October 1874; published under the authority of the Governor-General in Council.	Ditto.
1875	Rules for the administration of the District Irrigation Fund.	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 341, dated the 11th February 1875; published under the authority of the Governor-General in Council.	Ditto.
1876	Rules for the levy of tolls on public roads and bridges	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 62, dated the 7th May 1875.	Ditto.
1877	Rules for the enfranchisement of Kodagi Inams in Mysore.	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 274, dated the 4th November 1876; published under the authority of the Government of India.	Ditto.
"	Rules for the preservation of Inam lands unauthorisedly alienated from religious or charitable institutions.	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 389, dated the 23rd January 1877; published under the authority of the Governor-General in Council.	Ditto.
1878	Forest rules	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 266, dated the 17th November 1877; published under the authority of the Governor-General in Council.	Ditto.
"	Notification for execution of Criminal Processes issued by Magistrates in British India.	Notification by Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, No. 588, dated the 8th June 1878.	Ditto.
"	Notification for execution of Decrees of, and Civil Processes issued by, Courts in British India.	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 111, dated the 27th July 1878; published under the authority of the Governor-General in Council.	Ditto.
"	Rules for the remuneration of minor village servants (Talvars, Totis and Nirsantis).	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 112, dated the 27th July 1878; published under the authority of the Governor-General in Council.	Ditto.
"	Rules corresponding with Sections 30 and 31 of Act V of 1871 (The Prisoners Act).	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 123, dated the 1st August 1878; published under the authority of the Governor-General in Council.	Extend only to Districts of Bangalore, Kolar and Tumkur.
1879	Rules relating to Court adjournments and holidays.	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 182-J., dated the 8th November 1878.	Extend to the whole Province.
"	Regulations with regard to Paper Currency	Letter from Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 9-J., dated the 20th January 1879.	Ditto.
"		Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 658, dated the 7th February 1879.	Extend only to the town of Bangalore.

Year.	Title or subject-matter.	Authority.	Extent.
1	2	3	4
1879	Advocates' and Pleaders' Rules	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 273, dated the 18th February 1879; published under the authority of the Governor-General in Council.	Extend to the whole Province.
"	Rules for restraining the manufacture and sale of fireworks.	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 18, dated the 23rd April 1879; published under the authority of the Governor-General in Council.	Extend only to the town of Bangalore.
"	Rules defining the constitution and powers of the Civil Courts in Mysore.	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 235-I. J., dated the 27th August 1879, and No. 31-I. J., dated the 28th January 1880.	Extend to the whole Province.
"	Rules defining the constitution and powers of the Criminal Courts in Mysore.	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 235-I. J., dated the 27th August 1879.	Ditto.
"	Rules regarding the constitution of a Bench of Judges in Civil cases.	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 281-I. J., dated the 10th October 1879.	Ditto.
"	Rules regarding the constitution of a Bench of Judges in Criminal cases.	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 282-I. J., dated the 10th October 1879.	Ditto.
"	Rules for the levy of local cess in the unsurveyed taluks of Mysore.	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 105, dated the 10th June 1871; published under the authority of the Government of India.	Ditto.
"	Rules relating to the agreements of Legal Practitioners with clients.	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 43, dated the 24th November 1879; published under the authority of the Government of India.	Ditto.
1880	Rules relating to the agreements of Legal Practitioners with clients.	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 37-I. J., dated the 1st March 1880.	Ditto.
"	Rules declaring the validity of Registration of certain documents by the Registrar in the Presidency town of Madras.	Notification by Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 74-I. J., dated the 3rd June 1880.	Ditto.
1881	Rules for licensing and regulating Talimkhanas	Notification by Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 173, dated the 11th February 1881; published under the authority of the Governor-General in Council.	Ditto.

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident in Mysore.

The 26th November 1913.

M. VISVESVARAYA,
Dewan of Mysore.*

The 26th November 1913.

J. B. WOOD,
Secretary to the Government of India
in the Foreign Department.

The 1st December 1913.

Delhi, the 11th December 1913.

No. 63-D.—Lieutenant-Colonel Sir P. Z. Cox, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Political Resident in the Persian Gulf and His Britannic Majesty's Consul-General for the provinces of Fars, Khuzistan and Laristan and the district of Lingah and for the Coasts and Islands of the Persian Gulf being within the dominions of Persia, is granted privilege leave for three and a half months with effect from the 8th December 1913.

No. 64-D.—Mr. J. G. Lorimer, C.I.E., a Resident of the 2nd class, is posted as Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, and His Britannic Majesty's Consul-General for the provinces of Fars, Khuzistan and Laristan and the district of Lingah and for the Coasts and Islands of the Persian Gulf being within the dominions of Persia, with effect from the 8th December 1913.

J. B. WOOD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MERCHANT SHIPPING.

Delhi, the 13th December 1913.

No. 10548-37.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 68 A. of the Inland Steam-vessels Act, VI of 1884, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that in the section substituted for section 28 of the Inland Steam-vessels Act, VI of 1884 by clause 4 of the Notification in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 6155-28, dated the 17th August 1912, the following amendment shall be made namely :—

In sub-section (2) clause (b) for the words "a person possessing a 1st or 2nd class Engine-driver's certificate", the words "a person possessing an Engine-driver's certificate" shall be substituted.

No. 10549-37.—In accordance with the provisions of section 47 of Act VI of 1884 (the Inland Steam-vessels Act), as amended up to date, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the following articles shall be deemed to be dangerous goods for the purposes of the Act:—

1. "Explosives" as defined in section 4, clause (I), sub-clauses (a) and (b), of the Indian Explosives Act, IV of 1884.

2. "Petroleum" as defined in section 2 of the Indian Petroleum Act, VIII of 1899, except petroleum required for use as fuel by the steam or motor-vessel carrying the same.

3. "Sulphuric acid".

Finance and Commerce Department Notification No. 3384 (Statistics and Commerce—Commerce and Trade—Merchant Shipping), dated Simla, the 7th October 1885, is hereby superseded.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

Delhi, the 13th December 1913.

No. 10535-155.—Mr. J. M. Coode, Director of Telegraphs, 3rd class, is appointed to be Director of Telegraphs, 2nd class, temporary, with effect from the 29th October 1913.

Mr. R. T. Gibbs, Director of Telegraphs, 2nd class, temporary, reverts to his substantive rank of Director of Telegraphs, 3rd class, with effect from the 29th October 1913.

Mr. H. Mayston, Director of Telegraphs, 3rd class, temporary, is appointed to officiate in that class, with effect from the 30th October 1913.

Mr. G. P. Roy, Superintendent of Telegraphs, and Director of Telegraphs, 4th class, temporary, is appointed to officiate as Director of Telegraphs, 4th class, with effect from the 30th October 1913.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.*Delhi, the 12th December 1913.***APPOINTMENTS.****CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.****No. 1011.**—The following changes in officiating appointments are notified :—

Rank and Name.	From	To	With effect from	Remarks.
Major F. S. Walker .	3rd grade . .	Officiating grade. 2nd	23rd November 1913.	Consequent on his return from leave ex-India.
Lieutenant-Colonel M. Stevens.	Officiating grade.	2nd 3rd grade . .	23rd November 1913.	Consequent on the return of Major F. S. Walker from leave ex-India.

LONDON GAZETTE.**No. 1012.**—The following extract is published for general information :—*" London Gazette, " dated the 21st November 1913, page 8173.*

* * * * *

*India Office.**21st November, 1913.*

* * * * *

The King has approved of the admission of the undermentioned officer to the Indian Army :—

To be Captain.

Captain Gerald Aylmer, by exchange from the Army Service Corps. Dated 22nd November 1913, but to rank from 23rd October 1910.

The date of Captain Aylmer's lieutenancy is postdated to 23rd January 1904.

* * * * *

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.**CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.**

No. 1013.—Major J. H. Peck, Indian Army, is granted combined leave out of India for one year, the first month being privilege leave, and the remainder leave on private affairs ; with effect from the 7th March 1914, or subsequent date of availing.

PROMOTIONS.**INDIAN ARMY.****No. 1014.**—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—*Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.*

Alexander Percy Dunbar Carmatt Stuart, 104th Wellesley's Rifles, 7th December 1913.

~~THE CAPTAINS-TO-BE MAJORS.~~

Charles Henry Kemble Chauncy, 124th Duchess of	}	—7th December 1913.
Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry		
Charles Vernon Ommanney, 109th Infantry		
Edward Colson 41st Dogras		
Wilfrith Gerald Key Green, 36th Jacob's Horse		
Gerald Patrick Ogilvy Carnegie, 7th Madras Lancers		

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

General List.

No. 1015.—Staff-Sergeant Cecil Byrne to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor Charles Henry Parsons, appointed Assistant Overseer, Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore, and *seconded*; with effect from the 14th September 1913.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(Late) Bengal-Punjab List.

No. 1016.—Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain William Henry Grindley to be Commissary,

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant George Taylor to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Conductor George Gilbertson to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Sub-Conductor William Duncan Gordon to be Conductor, and

Staff Sergeant Albert Edward Lambourne, Amalgamated List, to be Sub-Conductor on the Amalgamated List,

vice Commissary and Honorary Captain Harry Willasey Willasey, retired; with effect from the 23rd November 1913

(Late) Bombay List.

No. 1017.—Staff Sergeant Alfred Percy Fitch, Amalgamated List, to be Sub-Conductor on the Amalgamated List,

vice Sub-Conductor Charles States, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st December 1913.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 1018.—In Army Department Notification No. 586, dated the 14th June 1912, conferring the honorary rank of Jemadar, on retirement, on Dafadar (Orderly Room Clerk) Ghulam Muhiyuddin, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse), *for* "16th April 1912," *read* "16th March 1912."

REWARDS.

No. 1019.—With the approval of the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of the undermentioned Warrant Officer in recognition of his long and exceptionally meritorious services at the Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanawar.

The promotion will be supernumerary and will have effect from the 23rd November 1913.

To be Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval.

Conductor Frederick Sidney Cousins, India Miscellaneous List.

PENSIONS.

No. 1020.—The undermentioned Warrant Officer of the Supply and Transport Corps, *(late) Bombay List*, has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st December 1913.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 1021.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the dates specified:—

Colonel William Arthur D'Oyly O'Malley, C.B., Unemployed Supernumerary List—8th November 1913.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Parkin, C.I.E., Supernumerary List—10th December 1913.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Percy Dunbar Carmath Stuart, 104th Wellesley's Rifles—8th December 1913.

No. 1022.—Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Cecil Rynd, Supply and Transport Corps, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 7th December 1913.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(Late) Bengal-Punjab List.

No. 1023. The undermentioned departmental officer with honorary rank is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 23rd November 1913:—

Commissary and Honorary Captain Harry Willasey Wilsey.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

*United Provinces Horse.**2nd (Northern) Regiment.*

No. 1024.—The Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel (Honorary Colonel) John Alexander Broun, C.S.I., V.D., Honorary Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Viceroy, resigns his commission. Dated the 14th November 1913.

Southern Provinces Mounted Rifles.

No. 1025. The name of Lieutenant Francis Loftus Cowley-Brown is as now stated and not as notified in Army Department Notification No. 982, dated the 28th November 1913.

*Bombay Volunteer Artillery.**Artillery Companies.*

No. 1026.—Lieutenant Hilary Gilbert Allum resigns his commission. Dated the 3rd November 1913.

Cossipore Artillery Volunteers.

No. 1027.—Lieutenant John Alexander Tower Robertson to be Captain, *vice* J. McPherson, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 2nd October 1913.

Second Lieutenant Charles Stewart Cunningham to be Lieutenant, *vice* J. A. P. Robertson, promoted. Dated the 2nd October 1913.

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

No. 1028.—Lieutenant Malcolm Nicholson Hogg resigns his commission. Dated the 13th October 1913.

Rangoon Volunteer Rifles.

No. 1029.—Captain John Louis Leo Goss resigns his commission. Dated the 8th November 1913.

JUDICIAL.

No. 1030.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 113 of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the

Rules published with the Army Department Notification No. 911, dated the 3rd November 1911, shall be amended with effect from the 1st July 1914, as follows, namely :—

- (1) In Table annexed to Rule 13, for the existing item (i) the following shall be substituted :—

(i) On transfer to the pension establishment		
(a) At his own request with less than 32 years' service.	Commanding Officer.	Under (a), discharge should be carried out within 2 months of application unless war is imminent or existing.
(b) On completion of 32 years' service, unless retained on the active list as a special case for a further specified period, with the sanction of the Commander-in-Chief.	Ditto . . .	Under (b), Commanding Officers who consider it desirable to retain on the active list a Native Officer who is desirous of continuing to serve beyond the date on which he would ordinarily be retired, should forward an application to that effect 6 months before that date. In all other cases, discharge should be carried out in accordance with the provisions of Rule 11.

- (2) In item (iv) in the said Table for the words "at his own request, or under item (iii)" in the second column, the words "under items (i) and (ii)" shall be substituted.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 12th December 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 91.—The following appointment is made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 6th October 1913 :—

To be Assistant Engineer.

Arthur John Williams.

LEAVE.

No. 92.—The undermentioned officer is granted an extension of leave for 2 days on private affairs :—

Lieutenant J. F. Vibart, Royal Indian Marine.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 93.—Chief Engineer C. T. Amor, Royal Indian Marine, on Rs. 850 per mensem, is advanced to the grade of Chief Engineers on Rs. 400 per mensem, with effect from the 6th November 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 9th December 1913.

No. 357.—Mr. J. A. Tomlinson, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is promoted to class III, grade 2, of that Establishment, with effect from the 18th November 1913.

No. 358.—Mr. W. A. Johns, C.I.E., Chief Engineer, 1st Class, and Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 4, Lahore, is permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Article 650, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 6th December 1913.

No. 359.—With reference to Notification No. 358, dated 9th December 1913, Mr. C. D. Dove Wilson, Superintending Engineer, temporarily attached to Circle No. 4, is appointed Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 4, Lahore.

The 11th December 1913.

No. 360.—Mr. C. C. T. Brereton, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent in class II of that Establishment with effect from the 11th November 1913, during the absence of Mr. J. H. Chase, District Traffic Superintendent, on privilege leave.

No. 361.—With reference to Railway Board's Notifications Nos. 128 and 336, dated respectively the 29th April and the 19th November 1913, Mr. T. Ryan is confirmed in the appointment of Secretary to the Railway Board with effect from the 12th November 1913.

No. 362.—Mr. Horace Frederick Dayr has been appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India as Assistant Laboratory Officer, Government Test House, Alijore.

No. 363.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by Messrs. Martin and Company for a line of railway between Chaparmukh station on the Assam Bengal Railway and Nowgong, a distance of sixteen miles.

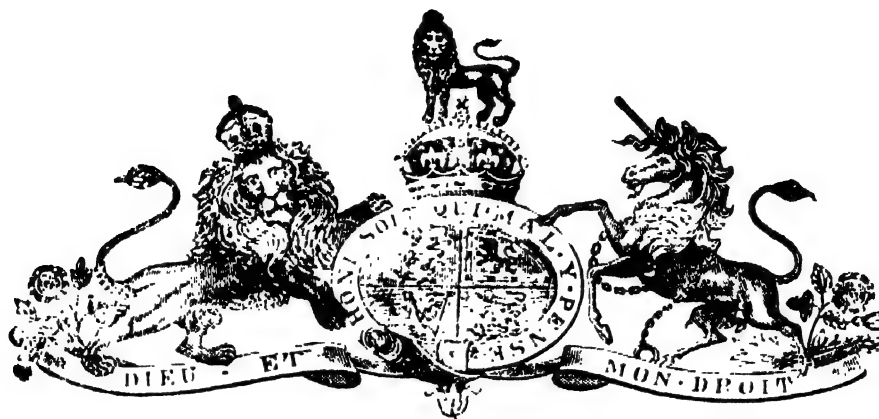
This survey will be known as the Chaparmukh-Nowgong Railway Survey.

No. 364.—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and in continuation of the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department, No. 49, dated the 13th February 1913, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the Administration of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway shall be liable to pay in aid of the funds of the local authority set out in the schedule hereto annexed, the tax specified in the second column thereof.

SCHEDULE.

Local authority.	Tax.
Dahad Municipality	House-tax.

T. RYAN,
Secretary, Railway Board.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART V.

Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 23.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 12th December 1913.

No. 71.—The Governor General has been pleased, under Rule 23 of the Rules for the conduct of the Legislative Business of the Council of the Governor General, to order the publication in the Gazette of India and in the local gazettes in English of the following Bill, together with a Statement of Objects and Reasons relating thereto, and the Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons are accordingly hereby published for general information.

No. 13 of 1913.

A Bill further to amend the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, so as to remove doubts as to the validity of the making and endorsing of negotiable instruments in certain forms; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Negotiable Instruments (Amendment) Act, 1913.

2. In section 13 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (hereinafter called the said Act), after the figures "13" insert the

Amendment of section 13, Act XXVI of 1881.

figures and signs "(1)", and to the same section add the following sub-section, namely:—

"(2) A negotiable instrument may be made payable to two or more payees jointly or it may be made payable in the alternative to one of two, or one or some several payees."

3. In section 16 of the said Act, after the figures "16" insert the figure and signs "(1)" and to the same section add the following sub-section, namely:—

"(2) The provisions of this Act relating to a payee shall apply with the necessary modifications to an indorsee."

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

It has long been the practice in this country to endorse negotiable instruments, particularly Government promissory notes, in such a way as to make them payable to two or more payees jointly, or in the alternative to one or some of several payees. Doubts have arisen as to the legal validity of such endorsements, and the present Bill is designed to place their validity beyond question. The amending Bill will affect all three forms of negotiable instruments, *viz.*, cheques, promissory notes, and bills of exchange, and will result in a close approximation of the Indian to the English law on the subject.

W. S. MEYER.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 12th December, 1913.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 11th December 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 6th December 1913 is published for general information.—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern.	Bombay City	6	4
		Rewa Kantha Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	17	9
		Surat Agency	4	1
		Bhiwandi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Malad " . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana "	1	1
		Kalyan " . . . . .	...	...
		Kurla "	1	1
		Thana District . . . . .	...	...
	Central.	Ahmednagar District	3	1
		West Khandesh " . . . . .	...	...
		East Khandesh "	31	21
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	94	88
		Poona District	31	26
		Satara "	144	103
		Sholapur Town . . . . .	...	...
	Southern.	Sholapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel Port	4	2
		Kolaba District	9	8
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Belgaum "	109	79
		Dharwar "	332	230
		Habli Town	37	36
		Bijapur District	210	131
		Bijapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kanara District . . . . .	...	...

2208 SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DECEMBER 13, 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	7	7
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges.	Baroda State	12	4
		Cutch „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	301	204
		Janjira State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	1,356	949
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Araniapur District	1 (a)	1 (a)
		North Arcot „	133 (a)	115 (a)
		Bellary Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	22 (a)	21 (a)
		Mangalore Town and Port	7	5
		Chittoor District . . . . .	...	...
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore District	129 (c)	80 (c)
		The Nilgiris „	5 (a)	1
		Salem District	7 (b)	1 (a)
		Malabar „	1 (a)	2 (b)
		Negapatam Town . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	305	226

(a) One imported. (b) Two imported. (c) Three imported. (d) Four imported. (e) Five imported.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DECEMBER 13, 1913. 2209

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL.	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Presi- dency.	24-Parganahs . . . . .	...	...
		Calcutta . . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Pabna District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		...	...
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna	Patna Town . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	65	50
		Gaya Town	7	7
		Gaya District	29	13
		Shahabad District	51	57
	Tirhut	Saran District	288	203
		Champaran District . . . . .	...	...
		Musaffarpur	23	23
		Darbhanga	40	56

In the return for the week ending 29th November 1913 against Gaya Town and the district read 4 cases 4 deaths and 38 cases 18 deaths, respectively, for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	91	67
		Purnea " . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur Town	4	4
		Bhagalpur District	6	6
		Sonthal Parganas District . . . . .	...	...
	Chota-Nagpur.	Hazaribagh District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	604	495
	Meerut	Shaharanpur District	40	23
		Muzaffarnagar District	9	7
		Meerut District	9	7
		Bulandshahr District	2	1
	Agra	Muttra District	7	5
		Mainpuri "	7	4
		Etah "	1	1
	Rohilkhand.	Bijnor District . . . . .	...	...
		Moradabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Allahabad	Farrukhabad District	8	6
		Etawah District	8	8
		Cawnpore "	2	2
		Fatehpur "	13	11
		Allahabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad District	28	24
	Jhansi	Jalaun District	1	1
		Banda City	2	2
		Banda District . . . . .	...	...
	Benares	Mirzapur City . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur District	13	12
		Jaunpur "	20	16
		Ghasipur "	197	188
		Ballia "	404	435

In the return for the week ending 29th November 1913 against the Jalaun district read 1 case 1 death for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Gorakhpur.	Gorakhpur District	358	107
		Basti „	29	20
		Asamgarh „	283	222
	Kumaun	Naini Tal „ . . . . .	...	...
	Lucknow	Lucknow District	5	5
		Unao „	70	54
		Rae Bareilly „	28	26
		Sitapur „	1	1
		Hardoi „	20	16
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	1	1
		Fyzabad District	9	8
		Gonda „	9	4
		Bahraich „	4	4
		Sultanpur District	3	3
		Partabgarh „	1	1
		Bara Banki „	54	52
	TOTAL		1,701	1,327
PUNJAB.	Ambala	Hissar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurgaon „	14	13
		Rohtak „	5	1
		Karnal „	17	17
		Ambala „	9	9
	Jullundur	Kangra District	4	2
		Hoshiarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jullundur „	6	2
		Ludhiana „	4	4

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB.	Lahore	Amritsar City . . . . .	...	...
		Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur „	20	20
		Sialkot „	7	0
		Gujranwala „	11	0
	Rawalpindi	Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhelum „ . . . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi „	1	...
		Attock „ . . . . .	...	...
	Multan	Jhang District	2	1
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	21	21
		Kalsia State	10	2
	TOTAL		140	113
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	12	11
		Insein District	1	1
		Tharrawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome „	8	5
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	5	5
		Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Henzada „	3	8
		Myaungmya „	4	4
		Maubin „	2	2
	Tenasserim	Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhamo District . . . . .	...	...
		Katha „	8	3

In the return for the week ending 29th November 1913 against the Amritsar district read nil case for 9 cases.
The following foot-notes should be made in the return for the week ending 29th November 1913.
The figures against the Prome district include 1 case 1 death for the week ending 15th November 1913.
The figures against Mandalay Town include 2 cases 2 deaths for the week ending 8th November 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Meiktila	Meiktila District . . . . .	...	...
		Yamethin „	13	12
		TOTAL	51	46
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	27	21
		Bangalore City	2	3
		Bangalore District	37	27
		Mysore City	2	1
		Mysore District	59	26
		Hassan „	7	2
		Kadur „	28	18
		Kolar „	10	10
		Kolar Gold Fields	1	5
		Tumkur District	2	5
		Shimoga „	20	15
		Chitaldroog „ . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	195	143
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Baichur District	156	119
		Bidar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani „ . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs . . . . .	...	...
		Bir District . . . . .	...	...
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Aurangabad District	1	1
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	TOTAL	157 (a)	120 (a)
		Bhopal State	3	...
		TOTAL	3(b)	...

(a) From the 24th to the 30th November 1913.
(b) For the week ending 23rd November 1913.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MER- WARA.		Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State	12	12
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh " . . . . .	...	...
		Bevar " . . . . .	...	...
		Kurauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State	8	5
		Alwar State	13	9
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
			TOTAL	33	26
N.-W. F. PRO- VINCE.	{	Peshawar District . . . . .	...	...
		Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
			TOTAL
		GRAND TOTAL	4,545	3,445

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

CIRCULAR No. 2-C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FORESTS.

**REGULATIONS FOR APPOINTMENT OF PROBATIONERS TO
INDIAN FOREST SERVICE.**

Delhi, the 11th December 1913.

The following Regulations for the selection and training of probationers for the Indian Forest Service are published :—

INDIAN FOREST SERVICE.

Regulations as to the appointment of Probationers, 1914.

1 *Appointments.*—The Secretary of State for India in Council will, in the summer of 1914, make **not less than five appointments** of Probationers for the Indian Forest Service, provided that so many candidates are considered to be in all respects qualified.

In making these appointments, he will act with the advice of a Selection Committee.

2 *Applications for Appointment.*—Applications for appointment must be made on a printed form to be obtained from the Secretary, Revenue Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W., and to be returned to him not later than **Wednesday the 1st July 1914**. Candidates must be prepared, if called upon, to attend at the India Office, at their own expense, for a personal interview with the Selection Committee within three weeks from that date.

3 *Age Limit.*—Candidates must be not less than 19 but under 22 years of age on the 1st January 1914.

NOTE.—For the year 1914 only, candidates who have taken an honours course (or other course specified in paragraph 5) which, under the Regulations of the University, occupies four years, will be subject to the age limits which have hitherto been in force, viz., 19 and 23 on the 1st July of the year in which selection is made.

4 *Nationality, etc.*—Every candidate must be a natural-born subject of His Majesty. He must be prepared to give an undertaking, if selected, that he will not marry before he reaches India. If he does so, he will forfeit his appointment. He must be of good physique, and must produce evidence of character to satisfy the Secretary of State for India in Council that he is suited for the Indian Forest Service.

5 *Qualifications.*—Candidates must have obtained a degree *with Honours* in some branch of Natural Science* in a University of England, Wales, or Ireland, or have passed the Final Bachelor of Science Examination in Pure Science in one of the Universities of Scotland.† A degree in Applied Science will not be considered as fulfilling these conditions. Candidates will be required to produce evidence that they have a fair knowledge of either German or French.

Note.—Applications for appointment will be accepted from candidates who on the 1st July 1914 have already sat at an examination for a degree as mentioned above, but have not learned the result of the examination.

* A Moderatorship in Natural Science or in Experimental Science at the University of Dublin will be considered as fulfilling these conditions.

† Graduates in Forestry at the University of Edinburgh are regarded as satisfying the requirements of the paragraph if they pass the Final Examination of that University in some one branch of Natural Science embraced in the degree in Pure Science.

6. Should there be more candidates considered to be qualified in every respect than vacancies to be filled, the Secretary of State reserves the right to require them to pass a competitive examination conducted by the Civil Service Commissioners, on the results of which their final selection would depend. Particulars of this examination, which would be held in August, will be found in Appendix I.

7. *Medical Examination.*—Selected candidates will be required to undergo a strict examination by a Medical Board at the India Office, at which particular stress will be laid on good vision and hearing, and to satisfy the Secretary of State for India that they are physically fit for service in the Indian Forest Department (see Appendix VI).

Candidates who do not satisfy the Secretary of State for India that they are physically fit for appointment to the Indian Forest Service will not be admitted to the competitive examination mentioned in Regulation 6.

8. *Period of Probation.*—Before appointment to the Indian Forest Department, a probationer will be required :—

- (i) to have obtained, either before selection as probationer, or within the period of two years' probation, the degree or diploma in Forestry at one of the Universities named in the margin* ;
- (ii) to have undergone a special course of instruction in Forestry, under the direction and supervision of the Director of Indian Forest Studies appointed by the Secretary of State for India in Council, in such British and Continental localities as may be selected for the purpose ;
- (iii) to have passed an examination in certain special subjects, namely, Systematic Botany of Indian trees, Indian Geology, Forest Law, Indian Working Plans, and, if required, an Indian vernacular language ;
- (iv) to have undergone a final competitive examination in Forestry (See Appendix II) ;
- (v) to have satisfied the Secretary of State, in such manner as may be determined, of his ability to ride.

* Cambridge, Oxford, or Edinburgh.

The period of probation will in ordinary cases be two years. The Director of Indian Forest Studies will instruct probationers in each case as to the order and manner in which they should fulfil these various requirements.

9. *Charges.*—The probationers will be required to defray all expenses of lodging, board, tuition, and excursions, while at the University, and on practical instruction in Great Britain and on the Continent, with the exception of fees payable to local forest officers in Great Britain and on the Continent.

10. *Allowances.*—The Secretary of State for India in Council will make payments to each probationer at the rate of 120*l.* annually, not exceeding a total of 240*l.* (besides the fees to local officers mentioned above) These payments will ordinarily be made on the following dates in each year :—

	£
On the 1st December	30
On the 1st March	30
On the 1st June	60

The cases of probationers whose probation does not extend over the full two years will be specially considered.

The grant of the allowances is subject to the following conditions :—

- (a) that the progress of the probationer in his studies is satisfactory ;
- (b) that the probationer gives security to refund the payments in respect of this advance, as well as such payments, not exceeding 60*l.* in all, as may have been incurred by the Secretary of State on the probationer's behalf in respect of fees to local forest officers, in the event of his failing to qualify for an appointment in the Indian Forest Service, or not signing the articles of agreement as specified in paragraph 13, or failing to join the Indian Forest Service at the end of the period of probation.

11. *Conduct.*—Every Probationer will be required to conduct himself during the period of probation in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary of State, and to give evidence of satisfactory progress in his studies in such a manner as may be required, failing which, or in the event of serious misconduct, he will be liable to have his name removed from the list of Probationers.

12. *Appointment and Seniority.*—Probationers who comply with the requirements of Regulation 8 within the sanctioned period of time, and also satisfy such other tests as may be prescribed, will be appointed Assistant Conservators in the Indian Forest Department, provided they are of sound constitution and free from physical defects which would render them unsuitable for employment in the Indian Forest Service. Their position in the provincial Forest Lists will be determined by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the report of the Director of Indian Forest Studies; but in making selections for the post of Conservator, officers joining the service in the same year are reckoned as equal in seniority unless the Secretary of State for India in Council shall for special reasons have directed otherwise in any particular case or cases.

Probationers will be allowed at the end of the period of probation to state their preference in respect to the Provinces to which they desire to be allotted; but the distribution will be made to the several Provinces according to the needs of the public service, at the discretion of the Secretary of State for India in Council. Officers are, however, at all times liable to be transferred from one Province to another at the pleasure of the Government of India.

13. *Articles of Agreement.*—A probationer is required, on qualifying for appointment as Assistant Conservator, to sign articles of agreement setting forth the terms and conditions of his appointment; he must embark for India when required to do so by the Secretary of State, and must engage his own passage. Failure to embark at the stated time will, in the absence of satisfactory explanation, lead to forfeiture of appointment.

14. *Passage allowance.*—An allowance on account of passage to India will be paid to each probationer on appointment to the Indian Forest Service, to the amount of 37*l.* 10*s.* for passage to Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, and 43*l.* for passage to Rangoon.

Note.—The above is the normal rate of passage allowance. In consequence of the surtax of 10 per cent. at present charged by shipping companies in respect of passages to India the above rates of passage allowance have been raised to 41*l.* 5*s.* and 46*l.* 5*s.* respectively. Should this surtax be removed, these rates will be reduced to those given in paragraph 14.

15. *Salary.*—An Assistant Conservator of Forests will draw pay at the rate of Rs. 380 a month (equivalent to 30*l.* a year, when the rupee is at 1*s.* 4*d.*) from the date of his reporting his arrival in India.

16. *Promotion, Leave, Pension, and Provident Fund.*—Promotion, leave and pension will be governed by the Regulations laid down by the Government of India, and applicable to Forest officers, such regulations being subject to any modifications or alterations which may be made in them from time to time by the Government of India, and their interpretation in case of any doubt arising being left to that Government. A copy of the existing regulations can be seen on application at the India Office.

Certain information regarding appointments in the upper controlling staff of the Indian Forest Service, the pay of which has been recently improved, will be found in Appendix III; a summary of information regarding Leave is contained in Appendix IV; and regarding Pensions and the Provident Fund in Appendix V.

INDIA OFFICE,
October 1913.

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX I.—COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.

In the event of the Civil Service Commissioners being requested by the Secretary of State for India in Council to hold an examination in any year of

candidates nominated by him to compete for appointment as Probationers for the above Service, the following will be the subjects in which such candidates will be examined :—

	Maximum marks.		Maximum marks.
1. English Composition	. 100	5. Physics	. 100
2. German <i>or</i> French	. 100	6. Geology	. 100
3. Elementary Chemistry	. 50	7. Botany	. 100
4. Higher Chemistry	. 100	8. Zoology	. 100

Not more than three of the subjects numbered 4 to 8 may be offered.

Candidates must pass to the satisfaction of the Civil Service Commissioners in the first three subjects.

In the subjects numbered 4 to 8, only marks showing real attainment will be counted towards the order of merit, so that a candidate who has a thorough knowledge of one or two of the optional subjects may obtain on that knowledge alone as many marks as a candidate who offers the maximum number of the optional subjects on a lower standard.

SYLLABUS.

Languages.—The examination in German and French will include translation, composition, and conversation.

Sciences.—The standard of the examination in Higher Chemistry, Physics, Geology, Botany, and Zoology will be that of the Honours Schools of the Universities.

The examination in Elementary Chemistry will consist of a written paper on the more elementary parts of Inorganic Chemistry, together with the outlines of Organic Chemistry.

APPENDIX II.—FINAL EXAMINATION.

1. With a view to the allocation of the annual Currie Scholarship for Indian Forest Students (value about 35*l*), and to facilitate the allotment of probationers to the several provinces in accordance with paragraph 12 of the Regulations as to appointments in the Indian Forest Service, probationers who have completed their prescribed course of training will be required to undergo a competitive final examination in Forestry.

2. A list of the probationers in order of merit will be prepared by adding together (a) the marks obtained at the final examination, and (b) the marks obtained during the course of practical training in forestry under the control of the Director of Indian Forest Studies. The maximum of marks obtainable under (a) will be the same as under (b).

3. The final examination will consist of an oral examination and three or more papers, as follows:—

(i) One or more papers in Silviculture, Forest Protection (including Forest Botany and Forest Entomology), and Forest Utilisation (including Forest Engineering).

(ii) One or more papers in Forest Management, Forest Mensuration, Forest Valuation, and Forest Administration.

(iii) A paper in General Forestry (Practical) dealing with the work done and with the forests visited during the course of practical training.

4. The final examination will be held at the beginning of October. Arrangements as to the date and place of examination will be made by the Director of Indian Forest Studies. Probationers will not be required to pay any fee for the examination.

APPENDIX III.—LIST OF APPOINTMENTS OPEN TO MEMBERS OF THE IMPERIAL BRANCH OF THE INDIAN FOREST SERVICE.

NOTE.—This list is liable to alteration at any time.

Appointment.	Salary. Rs.
(a) 1 Inspector-General of Forests	2,650 a month.
(b) *1 Assistant Inspector-General of Forests	—
(c) 2 Chief Conservators (Burma and Central Provinces.)	2,150 „
(d) 22 Conservators, in three grades including President, Forest Research Institute and College.)	{ 1,900 „ } respectively. 1,700 „ 1,500 „
(e) 187 Deputy and Assistant Conservators.	† Rs. 380 a month, rising by annual increments of Rs. 40 a month to Rs. 700 a month; thereafter, by annual increments of Rs. 50 a month to Rs. 1,250 a month, in the twentieth year of service.
Total 213†	
These appointments are included in (d) and (e). { 5 Foreign Service appointments	} after, by annual increments of Rs. 50 a month to Rs. 1,250 a month, in the twentieth year of service.
{ § 10 Officers employed at the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun	

APPENDIX IV.

[NOTE.—Appendices IV and V are intended merely to show the principal leave and pension rules in the Civil Service Regulations at present applicable to officers appointed to the Indian Forest Service by the Secretary of State from the United Kingdom, without going into minute details, and do not profess to deal with every case that may arise. The rules are subject to alteration, and any disputed question must be decided with reference to the authorised text of the Civil Service Regulations for the time being.]

LEAVE.

Long Leave.

1. Furlough and special leave with allowances (*see* paragraph 5) are admissible to an aggregate maximum amount of six years during an officer's service. The amount of furlough "earned" is one-fourth of an officer's active service, and the amount "due" is that amount less any enjoyed.

2. Furlough without medical certificate can, if due, be generally taken after eight years' active service, and again after intervals of not less than three years' continuous service. It is limited to two years at a time.

3. Furlough on medical certificate may be granted (a) to an officer who has rendered three years' continuous service, for not more than two years, but capable of extension up to three years; and (b) to an officer who has not rendered three years' continuous service, up to one year in any case, and up to such longer period, if any (but not exceeding two years in all), as the officer may have furlough "due" to him.

4. The allowances admissible during furlough are :—

- (1) During the first two years of furlough without medical certificate and during so much of furlough with medical certificate as may be "due"—half average salary, subject to certain maximum and minimum limits.

* The officer holding this appointment draws in addition to the pay of his grade a minimum local allowance of Rs. 200 a month.

† These appointments are allotted to the various provinces as follows :—Burma, 65; Madras, 31; Bombay, 27; Central Provinces, 24; United Provinces, 19; Punjab, 12; Bengal, 12; Assam, 13; and Bihar and Orissa, 5; and 4 Imperial Instructors at Dehra Dun.

‡ Until he has passed the prescribed Departmental examinations, an Assistant Conservator is liable to stoppage of increments of pay. On passing the examinations he will resume drawing pay under the time-scale at the rate to which his length of service entitles him.

§ These draw a local allowance of Rs. 150 a month in addition to their grade pay, with the exception of the President, Forest Research Institute and College, in whose case the allowance is at the rate of Rs. 200 a month. Of these 10 appointments, the four posts of Imperial Instructors have been sanctioned for five years from 1912, for the present.

NOTE.—Under the improved scale of salary shown above, no Exchange Compensation Allowance is granted.

- (2) After the expiration of the period for which the foregoing allowances are admissible—one quarter of average salary, subject to certain maximum and minimum limits.

5. Special Leave may be granted at any time for not more than six months, with intervals of six years' service; allowances, calculated as during furlough, are given during the first six months only, whether taken in one or more instalments.

Short Leave.

6. Privilege Leave is a holiday which may be granted to the extent of one-eleventh part of the time that an officer has been on duty without interruption; and it may be accumulated up to three months, earned by 33 months' duty. During privilege leave, the officer retains a lien on his appointment, and receives the salary which he would have received if on duty. An interval of not less than six months must elapse between two periods of absence on privilege leave.

Privilege leave may be prefixed to furlough, special leave, or extraordinary leave without allowances. The whole period of leave thus taken in combination is known as combined leave. Combined leave may not be granted for a period of less duration than six months, nor, except on medical certificate, may it be extended beyond two years.

7. Subsidiary Leave in India for a minimum of 10 days, usually with half average salary, is granted to an officer proceeding on or returning from leave out of India, or on retirement, to enable him to reach the port of embarkation or to rejoin his appointment. It is admissible only at the end and not at the beginning of combined leave.

8. Short Leave is also granted to enable officers to appear at examinations, etc.

9. Extraordinary Leave without allowances may be granted in case of necessity, and, except in certain specified cases, only when no other kind of leave is by rule admissible. It may be granted in continuation of other leave.

General Rules.

10. Leave of absence can never be claimed as of right, and is given or refused at the discretion of Government.

11. When leave allowances other than privilege leave pay are paid at the Home Treasury, or in a Colony where the standard of currency is gold, rupees are converted into sterling at the rate of exchange fixed for the time being for the adjustment of financial transactions between the Imperial and Indian Treasuries, unless any other rate has been exceptionally authorised. But for the present the rate of conversion is subject to a minimum of 1s. 6d. to the rupee. Privilege Leave pay when issued from the Home Treasury (this is only admissible when privilege leave is combined with other leave) is converted at 1s. 4d. to the rupee.

APPENDIX V.

(See Note under Appendix IV.)

PENSIONS AND PROVIDENT FUND.

1. An officer of the Indian Forest Service is eligible for a pension on voluntary retirement after completing 20 years' qualifying service or attaining the age of 55 years. If at an earlier date he is compelled to retire from the service through ill-health, not occasioned by irregular or intemperate habits, he becomes eligible for an invalid pension or a gratuity according to the length of his service.

The amount of pension or gratuity is regulated as follows:—

After a service of less than 10 years, an invalid gratuity not exceeding one month's emoluments for each completed year of service.

After a service of not less than 10 years, an invalid pension not exceeding the following amounts :—

Years of Completed Service.	Maximum Limit of Pension.
10	Rs. 1,000 a year.
11	1,400 "
12	1,800 "
13	2,200 "
14	2,600 "
15	3,000 "
16	
17	
18	
19	

After a service of not less than 20 years, a retiring pension not exceeding the following amounts :—

Years of Completed Service.	Scale of Pension. Sixtieths of Average Emoluments.	Maximum Limit of Pension.
20 to 24 } 25 and above }	30	{ Rs. 4,000 a year. 5,000 "

Officers who have shown special energy and efficiency during an effective service of three years as Inspector-General of Forests or Conservator may, at the discretion of the Government of India, be allowed an additional pension of Rs. 1,000 a year, subject to the condition that the officer must not retire voluntarily before the completion of a total qualifying service of 28 years.

Subject to certain prescribed conditions, rupee pensions are now issued to pensioners residing in countries where the Indian rupee is not legal tender at the rate of exchange of 1s. 9d. the rupee.

2. A General Provident Fund has also been established on the following basis :—

- (a) The contribution is compulsory up to $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. on salaries, with voluntary contributions of not more than a further $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. Subscriptions on leave of any kind are optional.
- (b) Compound interest on such payments is annually credited by Government to each officer subscribing, the rate being at present 4 per cent. per annum.
- (c) The sum which thus accumulates to the credit of an officer is his absolute property, subject to the rules of the Fund, and is handed over to him, unconditionally, on quitting the service; or, in the event of his death before retirement, to his legal representatives or such other person or persons as, under and subject to the rules of the Fund for the time being in force, may be entitled thereto.
- (d) Other forms of life insurance will, however, if they fulfil certain conditions, be accepted in lieu of the contributions in (a).

APPENDIX VI.

GENERAL PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS.

[*Note.*—These Regulations are published for the convenience of candidates and in order to enable them to ascertain the probability of their coming up to the required physical standard. But it must be clearly understood that the Secretary of State reserves to himself an absolute discretion to reject as unfit any candidate whom he may consider, after hearing the opinion of his medical advisers, to be physically disqualified for the public service; and that his discretion is in no respect limited by these Regulations.]

1. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health, and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with efficient performance of duty.

2. In the examination of candidates the Medical Board will apply the following table of correlation of age, height, and chest girth :—

Age.	Height without Shoes.	Chest.	
		Girth when expanded.	Range of Expansion.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
19 to 20	62½ and under 65	35	2
	65 .. 68	35	2
	68 .. 70	35½	2
	70 .. 72	36	2
	72 and upwards.	36½	2½
21 and upwards	62½ and under 65	35	2
	65 .. 68	35½	2
	68 .. 70	36	2
	70 .. 72	36½	2½
	72 and upwards.	37	2½

3. *Measurement of Height.*—The candidate will be placed against the standard with his feet together, and the weight thrown on the heels, and not on the toes or outside of the feet. He will stand erect without rigidity, and with the heels, calves, buttocks, and shoulders touching the standard; the chin will be depressed to bring the vertex of the head level under the horizontal bar, and the height will be noted in parts of an inch to eighths. No fixed limit of height is imposed.

4. *Measurement of Chest.*—The candidate will be made to stand erect with his feet together, and to raise his hands above his head. The tape will be carefully adjusted round the chest, the posterior upper edge touching the inferior angles of the shoulder blades, and its anterior lower edge the upper part of the nipples. The arms will then be lowered to hang loosely by the side, and care will be taken that the shoulders are not thrown upwards or backwards so as to displace the tape. The candidate will then be directed to empty his chest of air as much as possible. This is best done by continuous whistling with the lips as long as sound can be produced. The tape is carefully gathered in during the process, and when the minimum measurement is reached it is recorded. The candidate will then be directed to inflate his chest to its utmost capacity. This maximum measurement will likewise be noted. The girth with the chest fully expanded and the range of expansion between the minimum and the maximum will then be recorded.

5. The hearing must be good.

6. The speech without impediment.

7. The teeth in good order, *i.e.*, decayed or broken teeth must be properly stopped or crowned, and deficient teeth replaced by artificial teeth where necessary for effective mastication.

8. The chest must be well formed, the lungs and heart sound.

9. Rupture, hydrocele, varicocele, varicose veins in a severe degree, or other condition likely to cause inefficiency will disqualify a candidate, unless such condition is cured by operation.

10. The limbs, feet, and toes must be well formed and developed, with free and perfect motion of all the joints.

11. A candidate must have no congenital malformation or defect likely to interfere with efficiency.

12. A candidate must not be the subject of chronic skin disease.

13. Evidence of previous acute or chronic disease pointing to an impaired constitution will disqualify.

14. Candidates may, not more than two years before they are qualified to compete for an appointment, undergo a preliminary examination by the Medical Board, which meets at the India Office every Tuesday, under the following conditions :—

(a) Applications must be addressed to the Under Secretary of State, India Office, Whitehall, London, accompanied by a fee of two guineas, and a statement of the candidate's age.

(b) Candidates must pay their travelling expenses.

(c) Candidates considered to be unfit by the Medical Board at this preliminary examination are not bound to accept its opinion, but may, *at their own risk*, continue their studies, with the knowledge that they will have to submit themselves for a final medical examination by the Medical Board, prior to their appointment.

(d) On the other hand it must be distinctly understood that the preliminary examination by the Medical Board is held solely for the candidate's information, and that, if after that examination he is reported to be apparently fit, he has not on that account any claim to be accepted as physically fit, when he presents himself for the final Medical Examination, upon which alone his acceptance or rejection will depend. Candidates may be considered fit for the service at the preliminary examination, but may be found at the final examination to be unfit, either on account of some physical defect which did not exist or passed undetected at the preliminary examination, or for other reasons.

REGULATIONS AS TO THE STANDARD OF VISION FOR THE INDIAN FOREST SERVICE.

1. If myopia in one or both eyes exists, a candidate may be passed, provided the ametropia does not exceed 2.5 D, and if with correcting glasses, not exceeding 2.5 D, the acuteness of vision in one eye equals $\frac{6}{6}$, and in the other $\frac{6}{6}$, there being normal range of accommodation with the glasses.

2. Myopic astigmatism does not disqualify a candidate for service, provided the lens or the combined spherical and cylindrical lenses required to correct the error of refraction do not exceed 2.5 D; the acuteness of vision in one eye, when corrected, being equal to $\frac{6}{6}$, and in the other eye $\frac{6}{6}$, together with normal range of accommodation with the correcting glasses, there being no evidence of progressive disease in the choroid or retina.

3. A candidate having total hypermetropia not exceeding 4 D is not disqualified, provided the sight in one eye (when under the influence of atropine) equals $\frac{6}{6}$, and in the other eye equals $\frac{6}{6}$, with + 4 D or any lower power.

4. Hypermetropic astigmatism does not disqualify a candidate for the service, provided the lens or combined lenses required to cover the error of refraction do not exceed 4 D, and that the sight of one eye equals $\frac{6}{6}$ and of the other $\frac{6}{6}$, with or without such lens or lenses.

5. A candidate having a defect of vision arising from nebula of the cornea is disqualified if the sight of one eye be less than $\frac{6}{12}$. In such a case the better eye must be emmetropic. Defects of vision arising from pathological or other changes in the deeper structures of either eye, which are not referred to in the above rules, may exclude a candidate for admission into the service.

6. Squint, or any morbid condition, subject to the risk of aggravation or recurrence, in either eye, may cause the rejection of a candidate. The existence of imperfection of colour sense will be noted on the candidate's papers.

Ordered that a copy of the foregoing Regulations be forwarded for information to the Local Governments and Administrations noted in the margin, the Inspector-General of Forests and the Comptroller, India Treasuries. Also that the Regulations be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

The Secretary to the Government of Madras, Revenue Department.
 „ Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Revenue Department.
 „ Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.
 „ Chief Secretary to the Government of the United Provinces.
 „ Chief Secretary to the Government of the Punjab.
 „ Revenue Secretary to the Government of Burma.
 „ Chief Secretary to the Government of Bihar and Orissa, Revenue Department.
 „ Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Assam.
 „ Honourable the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.
 „ Chief Commissioner of Coorg.
 „ Chief Commissioner of Ajmer.
 „ Honourable the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan.
 „ Honourable the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General in the North-West Frontier Province.
 „ Superintendent of Port Blair.
 „ Chief Commissioner, Delhi Province.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

*For office use
only.*

No.

INDIAN FOREST SERVICE.

Ack

FORM TO BE FILLED UP BY CANDIDATES FOR APPOINTMENT AS PROBATIONER, 1914.

No person will be considered as a Candidate from whom the Secretary, Revenue Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W., shall not have received, on or before Wednesday, the 1st July 1914 at latest, an application on this form.

If Candidates who fill up and return the Application Form do not receive an acknowledgment of it within four complete days, they should communicate with the Secretary Revenue Department.

INDIA OFFICE,

October 1913.

1	Name in full.
2	Address. <i>(Any alteration to be notified to the Secretary, Revenue Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W.)</i>
3	Date and place of Birth. <i>(In the event of the Candidate's selection, he will be required to produce a Birth Certificate or other satisfactory evidence of age.)</i>
4	Profession or occupation, and nationality, of Father.

- 5 The names of any near relatives who have been, or are now, in the service of the Indian Government and the appointments at present, or immediately before retirement or decease, held by them.

- 6 All Institutions where educated, with dates, distinguishing whether or not the Candidate was residence at such Institutions.

From

to

at

From

to

at

From

to

at

From

to

at

- 7 Whether trained at the public expense in any Training College in England and Wales.

- 8 The Candidate should insert here full information with regard to his qualifications under paragraph 5 of the Regulations.

- 9 Whether married or single (*see* paragraph 4 of Regulations).

- 10 Names and Addresses of three persons (of whom at least one should be connected with the Institution at which the Candidate has last studied) who will testify, if applied to, as to conduct and character during the last four years. (*References will not be accepted from persons who are related to or have no personal knowledge of the Candidate.*)

- | | |
|----|--|
| 11 | Whether the Candidate has previously applied, either in England or in India, for an appointment under the Government of India. |
|----|--|

Signature of Candidate _____

Date _____

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

**Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on
Thursday, the 11th December 1913, based on the Indian
Daily Weather Reports of the period.**

1. In the beginning of the week a winter depression gave moderate rainfall in Rajputana and the Central Provinces, and some light rain in Central India, the United Provinces and Bihar and Orissa. There was some local rain also in Assam and the adjacent districts on the 8th and 9th. On the 10th a fresh disturbance of the winter type appeared over north-west India and caused light local precipitation in Baluchistan, the North-West Frontier Province, the Punjab and Kashmir.

In Madras South-east local falls were recorded daily up to the 7th, but over the rest of the country the weather was dry throughout the week.

2. *Burma*.—No rain fell beyond a few light showers towards the end of the week in Upper Burma.

North-east India, including Orissa.—Fairly general rain occurred in Assam on the 8th and 9th and local rain in Bihar on the 5th. Elsewhere there were only a few scattered falls.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—On the 4th and 5th nearly general rain was recorded in the Central Provinces, and fairly general rain in Central India. In the east of the United Provinces light local rain fell on the 5th, but in the west of the United Provinces the week was rainless except for a moderate fall at Jhansi on the 4th.

North-west India.—On the 4th rainfall was nearly general in Rajputana and occurred also at Sirsa and Fort Sandeman. Baluchistan, the North-west Frontier Province, Kashmir and the Punjab had some light precipitation on the 10th.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was restricted chiefly to Madras South-east, where it was fairly general on the 4th, 6th and 7th. Important local rain was reported from Cuddapah on the 6th and from Parbhani on the 4th.

3. The chief daily amounts of rain were as follows :—

December 4th.	Jhansi 0·37", Akola 0·37", Khandwa 0·97", Hoshangabad 0·41", Ajmer 2·23", Jaipur 0·85", Bikaner 0·70", Kotah 0·52", Sirsa 0·58" and Parbhani 1·15".
„ 5th.	Nowgong 0·31", Saugor 0·71", Jubbulpore 0·62", Seoni 0·90", Nagpur 0·59" and Raipur 1·00".
„ 6th.	Cuddapah 1·91".
„ 7th.	Cuddalore 2·09".
„ 9th.	Jalpaiguri 0·92".
„ 10th.	Sonamarg 1·06" and Fort Sandeman 0·62".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent. or more in excess in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar, the United Provinces East, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Rajputana, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces, Malabar, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North. It was upwards of 20 per cent. in defect in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, Orissa, the Punjab South-west, Baluchistan, Hyderabad North and Mysore, but except in the first named division little or no rain is the normal feature.

The seasonal rainfall from the 28th November up to date is 20 per cent. or more in excess in Assam, Bengal, Bihar, the United Provinces East, the Punjab South-west, Kashmir, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces and the whole of Madras. It is 20 per cent. or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, Orissa, Central India West, Hyderabad North and Mysore.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 11TH DECEMBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH NOVEMBER 1913 TO 11TH DECEMBER 1913.			SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0.2	1.7	-1.5	0.2	4.7	-4.5	-96	-100
Lower Burma	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.3	-0.3	-100	-100
Upper Burma	0.2	0.1	+0.1	0.2	0.2	0	0	-100
Assam	0.4	0.1	+0.3	0.4	0.2	+0.2	+100	-160
Bengal	0.2	0.1	+0.1	0.2	0.1	+0.1	+100	0
Orissa	0.1	0.2	-0.1	0.1	0.3	-0.2	-67	-100
Chota Nagpur	0.1	0.1	0	0.1	0.1	0	0	0
Bihar	0.1	0	+0.1	0.1	0	+0.1	...	0
United Provinces, East	0.1	0	+0.1	0.1	0	+0.1	...	0
United Provinces, West	0.1	0.1	0	0.1	0.1	0	0	0
Punjab, East and North	0.1	0.1	0	0.1	0.1	0	0	0
Punjab, South-west	0	0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.1	+0.1	+100	...
Kashmir	0.3	0.2	+0.1	0.5	0.3	+0.2	+67	+100
N.-W. Frontier Province	0.1	0	+0.1	0.1	0.1	0	0	-100
Baluchistan	0.2	0.3	-0.1	1.3	0.5	+0.8	+160	+450
Sind	0	0	0	0.6	0	+0.6	...	...
Rajputana, West	0.4	0	+0.4	0.8	0	+0.8	...	...
Rajputana, East	0.9	0.1	+0.8	1.1	0.1	+1.0	+100	...
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West	0.1	0.1	0	0.1	0.2	-0.1	-50	-100
Central India, East	0.3	0.1	+0.2	0.3	0.1	+0.2	+200	0
Berar	0.9	0.1	+0.8	0.9	0.1	+0.8	+800	0
Central Provinces, West	0.7	0.1	+0.6	0.7	0.1	+0.6	+600	0
Central Provinces, East	0.6	0	+0.6	0.6	0	+0.6	...	0
Konkan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bombay Deccan	0.1	0.1	0	0.1	0.1	0	0	0
Hyderabad, North	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	0
Hyderabad, South	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mysore	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.3	-0.3	-100	-100
Malabar	0.5	0.3	+0.2	2.1	0.8	+1.3	+163	+220
Madras, South-east	1.0	1.1	-0.1	8.2	2.7	+5.5	+204	+350
Madras Deccan	0.7	0.1	+0.6	1.2	0.3	+0.9	+300	+150
Madras Coast, North	0.6	0.4	+0.2	1.7	0.9	+0.8	+80	+120

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director General of Observatories.

Dated 11th December 1913.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Rajputana.—During the week the weather was generally cloudy and rain fell in several districts which has improved the situation in Ajmer and benefited the standing crops in a few other places. More rain is badly needed in the Eastern States and in Central Rajputana where the sowing of spring crops is restricted. Elsewhere the prospects of the spring harvest are fair to good. Cattle are doing well. Fodder is insufficient in the Eastern States and Central Rajputana. The distribution of grass *takavi* is in progress in Merwara. The supply of water is generally sufficient. Prices are high and stationary. The numbers on the test works are as follows :—Merwara 72.

Central India.—During the week the rainfall was general in Bhopal, partial in Baghelkhand and slight in parts of Indore, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. The weather was clear and cool. More rain is badly wanted in parts of Gwalior, Bhopal, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and in Mehidpur, the Rampura Bhanpura district and the Alampur pergana of Indore. Harvesting of autumn crops has been completed in Gwalior and is in progress elsewhere. The sowing of spring crops has been completed in Indore and parts of Baghelkhand and is in progress elsewhere. Operations have been stopped in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and the Alampur pergana of Indore for want of rain. Standing crops are bad in parts of Gwalior and the Alampur pergana of Indore, indifferent in Baghelkhand and fair in Bhopal. Autumn crops are withering in Bundelkhand. The crops have been damaged for want of rain in the Alampur pergana of Indore, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal and Baghelkhand. The supply of fodder is bad in parts of Gwalior and insufficient in the Alampur pergana of Indore, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. Prices are rising in Gwalior, Bhopal and parts of Bundelkhand, are below normal in Baghelkhand and steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—During the week the weather was cloudy and cool. Light to moderate rain fell all over the Provinces nowhere exceeding $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Reaping and threshing of autumn crops and picking of cotton continued. The rainfall has considerably improved the condition of the spring crops. The supply of fodder and water is generally adequate except in parts of Jubbulpore and the Vindhyan districts. Prices of food grains remained fairly steady or fluctuated slightly.

Feudatory States.—During the week nine States had rain ranging from 15 cents to 2 inches. Harvesting and threshing of autumn crops were in progress. The price of rice fell in Bastar and that of wheat rose in Sarangarh by four seers per rupee.

Bombay.—During the week rain fell in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, the Deccan, the Karnatak and Kolhapur and was beneficial to standing crops. The crops have been slightly damaged by rats in Ahmedabad and Palanpur, are withering in parts of Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and are good elsewhere. Harvesting and threshing of autumn crops generally continue. The sowing of spring crops is progressing in Sind and in the Native States of Gujarat. Cotton picking continues in parts of Thar and Parkar, Nawabshah, the Deccan, Kathiawar and Baroda. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in parts of Poona, Sholapur and Satara. Agricultural stock is sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona, and good except in Sholapur. Drinking water is adequate except in parts of Sholapur and Satara and water for irrigation is sufficient except in Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Satara. Prices are rising in Sind and are steady elsewhere. Stocks of grain are sufficient.

Hyderabad.—During the week the weather was cloudy. There was no change in crop prospects.

Mysore.—During the week the rainfall was very slight in Bangalore, Kolar and Kadur and *nil* elsewhere. The price of rice is rising slightly in Kolar and Chitaldroog and has fallen in Hassan and Kadur. That of *ragi* has risen slightly in Tumkur and Mysore and has fallen in Kadur. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in fair condition except in some parts of the State where they are withering but want of rain is generally felt. Harvesting continues with outturn poor to fair. Cattle are generally healthy and water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Agricultural prospects are good. Picking of coffee continues. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—During the week the rainfall was good to very heavy in Cuddapah, the Karnatak, Central Travancore, the Nilgiris and in the south except Madura, fair in the Banganapalle State, Madura, Malabar and Cochin and light or *nil* elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good but require rain in some places. Harvesting of dry crops and paddy is proceeding with outturn fair to normal. Generally sowings of paddy are ending and those of dry crops are proceeding normally for the most part. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of water is insufficient for irrigation in a few places chiefly in the Deccan and the Circars. The supply of fodder is generally sufficient. Prices show a downward tendency.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 6th December 1913.

Burma.—During the week light rain fell in four districts. Reaping of winter rice has commenced. Prospects are favourable. Standing crops are generally in good condition. Farm stock is healthy and pasturage is sufficient. The price of unhusked rice is still somewhat above normal.

Assam.—During the week the weather was generally seasonable and favourable to the standing crops. Harvesting of winter rice and pressing of sugarcane are in progress. The sowing of mustard is nearing completion. The outturn of transplanted winter rice as well as the prospects of mustard are fair. The average price of common rice has fallen slightly. Cattle disease is reported from three districts. Fodder is insufficient in Sylhet and Kamrup.

Bengal.—During the week no rain fell throughout the Province. The sowing of spring crops is nearing completion and the reaping of winter rice is going on briskly. The outturn is fairly good. The condition and prospects of standing winter crops are good. Cattle disease is reported from seven districts. Gratuitous relief and agricultural loans were given in Midnapore only. The average price of common rice remained almost stationary as compared with that of the previous week.

Bihar and Orissa.—During the week light to moderate rain was fairly general over the Province. Harvesting of paddy and pressing of sugarcane are going on. The standing spring crops are doing well. The price of common rice has fallen as compared with that of the previous week. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in the flood-affected areas of Patna. Cattle disease is reported from nine districts. The prospects of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa are good.

United Provinces.—During the week light showers have fallen throughout the Provinces except in the central sub-montane and Almora districts and in the Rampur State. More rain is urgently needed in all but the south-eastern districts. Standing crops are suffering from drought except in the east of the Provinces and white ants have caused damage in the Budaun, Shahjahanpur, Kheri and Fatehpur districts. Germination is generally good. *Takavi* advances are being given for wells, ropes, bullocks and seed. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are almost complete. Irrigation and sowing of sugarcane and of poppy continue. Cattle disease is still reported from some districts of the Provinces. One test work has been opened at Bara in the Allahabad district and two in Banda and one will be opened in Hamirpur on 12th December 1913. The numbers employed on test works are :—Bara 217 and Banda 369, total 586. Scarcity of fodder is increasing and Government hay is being distributed freely for agricultural stock which is in fairly good condition. Water is running short in the Bundelkhand and Unao districts. Prices are high and fluctuating.

Punjab.—During the week slight rain fell in the south-east of the Province. More rain is generally wanted. Picking of cotton and pressing of sugarcane are in progress with yield average to good except in parts of the south-east where outturn of cotton is below average on unirrigated lands. The sowings of spring crops continue and are normal on irrigated lands but are restricted for want of rain on unirrigated lands (except in the west and north-west). The condition of standing spring crops is generally average to good but crops on unirrigated lands in the south-east are suffering from drought. Harvesting of *toria* has commenced in some districts with average outturn. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is getting scarce in the south-east. Prices of wheat are generally close to normal and of other grains a little above normal.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless and the weather cold and at times cloudy. The condition of standing crops is average. Pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of autumn crops are proceeding and the outturn is expected to be normal. The sowings of spring crops continue. The condition of cattle is good. The supply of fodder and water is generally sufficient. Prices of food grains are high and still tending to rise in Bannu tehsil. The price of maize is also rising in Peshawar.

Jammu.—There was no rain during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 12 to 27 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in Rampur tehsil. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—During the week slight rain fell. The sowing of spring crops is in progress. Cattle disease is abating. Water and fodder are sufficient. Prices are normal.

**Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.**

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column Total earnings, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.	MEAN MILEAGE WORKED.		TOTAL EARNINGS WEEK ENDING.		EARNINGS PER MILE OPEN FOR WEEK.		TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1st APRIL TO		REMARKS.
		1912.	1913.	29th November 1912.	29th November 1913.	1912.	1913.	29th November 1912.	29th November 1913.	
	Rs.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
State and Guaranteed Railways.										
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	319	2,495	2,659	7,57,466	7,41,000	316	279	2,56,95,990	2,59,60,000	
Benarades Extension	356	21	21	7,333	6,500	349	310	2,48,314	2,48,000	314
Bombay, Baroda and Central India.	660	946	946	6,89,980	6,81,000	720	720	2,05,94,957	2,16,97,000	
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3½" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	430	1,570	1,572	8,07,004	8,38,000	514	533	2,26,05,204	2,44,90,000	
East Indian	793	2,456	2,550	20,03,946	20,06,000	815	787	6,87,91,253	6,71,49,000	16,42,253
Great Indian Peninsula (including Indian Midland)	626	2,472	2,537	15,91,201	19,00,000	644	761	4,82,19,004	5,08,26,000	
Agra-Delhi Chord	389	126	126	41,875	45,000	383	357	13,53,986	14,06,000	
Baran-Kotah	86	40	40	3,061	3,300	76	82	1,27,852	1,11,000	16,852
Bhopal-Itarsi	586	57	57	31,355	36,100	553	633	10,45,179	11,30,000	
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3½" gauge lines)	209	2,585	2,585	6,32,733	6,61,000	245	256	4,32,45,770	2,41,72,000	
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	446	3,812	4,012	15,31,691	15,60,000	402	889	6,14,44,329	5,77,35,000	
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3½" link)	295	1,000	1,000	5,20,127	4,44,000	326	278	1,62,40,210	1,57,32,000	
Cawnpore-Banda (a)	...	32	32	12,251	8,300	383	259	2,87,619	3,22,000	
Hardwar-Dehra	267	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam-Bengal	158	805	805	1,41,943	1,43,000	177	178	42,38,597	44,30,000	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	328	1,828	1,828	6,13,415	6,08,000	386	393	1,99,51,746	1,82,58,000	
Burma	260	1,552	1,552	4,32,292	4,32,000	292	278	1,31,00,330	1,48,49,000	
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	209	124	124	27,707	21,700	234	175	9,01,351	9,10,000	
Lucknow-Bareilly	153	287	287	37,159	39,400	132	137	14,87,857	14,49,000	
Mysore (including Kolar Gold Fields, 5' 6" lines)	172	411	411	62,397	67,000	152	163	23,55,497	24,09,000	
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	379	1,396	1,451	4,84,712	4,61,000	347	318	1,81,47,843	1,86,33,000	
Travancore Branch	147	108	108	17,065	15,700	158	145	5,60,287	5,86,000	
Tirhoot	242	774	791	2,60,397	1,99,000	386	282	62,20,861	62,11,000	
Forhat (Provincial)	78	32	30	2,532	2,200	79	73	79,851	79,200	651
Total	415	25,516	26,117	1,07,34,522	1,09,50,100	421	419	35,68,89,951	35,87,70,700	18,80,749

(a) Opened from 21st April 1913.

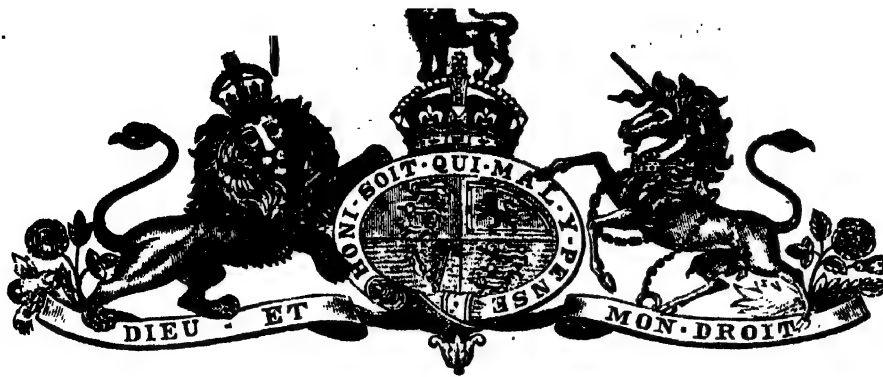
ALL OTHER RAILWAYS.

[illegible]

Similar to the 11th December 1918.

**C. F. ANDERSON, Major, R.E.,
Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.**

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, at the SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, Delhi.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 18th October 1913.

On and after the 29th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. After the 22nd November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*.

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India."

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 13th December 1913.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The attention of persons, possessing an exclusive privilege under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, is drawn to the provisions of section 81 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, under which requests for the conversion of the exclusive privilege into a patent will NOT be received in the Patent Office after 31st December 1913.

The conversion is optional. If the conversion is desired, the request should be made on Form 25 of the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, which must be accompanied by the order under which the exclusive privilege was obtained and by a fee of Rs. 8.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

December 1.

- 1329. W. Klapproth. *An improved process of coagulating caoutchouc milk.*
- 1330. J. R. Kinney. *Improvements in rotary pumps.*
- 1331. S. M. Herber. *Oil distillation.*
- 1332. C. H. Alexander. *The improved electric switch.*
- 1333. G. N. Barooah. *Buoyancy or gravity motors.*
- 1334. G. de Bobory. *Improvements in car protectors.*
- 1335. J. P. Nadar. *A perpetual dial English calendar.*
- 1336. W. E. Cox. *Improvements in or relating to concentrating apparatus for separating metals, ores and other substances in wet recovery processes.*
- 1337. "Kristallit" Sporteis-Gesellschaft, m. b. H. *Improvements in the methods of manufacturing and laying or supporting imitation ice surfaces.*
- 1338. A. Rutter. *Process of sterilizing milk, cream, beverages and other alimentary substances.*

December 6.

- 1339. R. L. Powell. *Compensator for the contraction and expansion of signal wires.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

- 1234. J. F. Saldanha. *Improved system of raising water by air pressure.*
- 1272. R. T. Park. *An improved differential or reduction gear.*
- 1284. J. H. Shekleton. *An improved lock-nut.*
- 1286. E. S. G. Rees. *Improvements in centrifugal pumps, turbines, condensers and the like.*
- 1288. J. N. Ellis. *Positive automatic steam regulator for boiler feed.*
- 1289. A. Granger. *Improvements in pulverizing apparatus.*
- 1291. R. Sumner. *An improved machine for the purpose of curling hair, wool, fibres and the like.*
- 1292. A. B. Haes, J. Wheeler, and Thomas French & Son, Ltd. *Improvements in attaché cases and like handbags.*

1293. R. F. Venner. *Improvements in electric heating and cooking apparatus.*
 1294. A. C. Armstrong. *Combination adjustable hygienic desk and seat.*
 1298. V. Petit. *Improvements in or relating to drilling and boring apparatus.*
 1299. T. W. Ridley. *Improvements relating to concrete piles.*
 1305. Metals Extraction Corporation Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to the extraction of zinc from its ores or products.*
 1307. Societa Agganciamento Crescimbeni. *An automatic coupling for railway vehicles and the like.*
 1310. F. Harrison & F. L. Harrison. *Improvements in or relating to incandescent electric lamps.*
 1311. J. H. Woodington & E. H. Coles. *Apparatus for indicating sewage accumulations and stoppages in drains and the like.*
 1312. Thomas Transmission Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to the driving of rail and road vehicles.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

568. Vibrocel Co., Ltd. *Improvements relating to the construction of sea walls, piers, pontoons, floating stages, foundations and other structures.*
 726. C. Dressler. *Improvements in or relating to ovens, suitable for use in the manufacture of tiles, pottery and analogous ware and for other purposes.*
 1046. Baker Sewing Machines Trust, Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to sewing machines.*
 1121. L. W. Campbell. *Improvements in electrical heating units and resistances coils and method of manufacturing same.*
 1148. Prein-Gewebe Aktien-Gesellschaft & E. Prein. *Apparatus for the weaving of fabrics in which the filaments all lie close to the yarn.*
 1173. Sisk Universal Concrete Railroad Tie Co., Inc. *Railway tie and spike.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|
| 393. Sayer. | 1109. Price. |
| 1101. York. | 1114. Vickers Ltd. |
| 1102. Jagenberg. | 1115. Vickers Ltd. |
| 1103. Crosbie. | 1117. Fernbach & Strange. |

PATENTS SEALED.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 256. Ranson. | 1061. Greenhalgh. |
| 345. Wilkins. | 1069. Suisted. |
| 601. Angus. | 1070. Viesi. |
| 836. Chitambarachary. | 1072. Webb. |
| 888. British Tyre Filling Co., Ltd. | 1073. Hayward & Sanderson. |
| 915. Stanley Paper Fibre Co. | 1074. Wegener. |
| 925. Ross. | 1076. Nobel's Explosives Co., Ltd. |
| 1001. McRae. | 1080. Ashworth & Maclean. |
| 1034. Jackson. | |

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

- 184 of 1903. Wilson. (To 8 December 1914.)
 230 of 1904. Graff. (To 23 December 1914.)
 341 of 1905. Mudaliar. (To 24 January 1915.)
 387 of 1905. Ramji. (To 17 February 1915.)
 410 of 1905. Tice. (To 18 December 1914.)
 441 of 1905. Wheatley. (To 12 December 1914.)
 291 of 1906. Gieseler. (To 9 January 1916.)
 262 of 1907. Jost. (To 17 December 1914.)
 330 of 1907. Price & Wallen. (To 14 December 1914.)
 408 of 1907. Tice. (To 16 December 1914.)
 605 of 1907. Schoop. (To 26 March 1915.)
 240 of 1908. Bellini & Tosi. (To 5 January 1915.)
 521 of 1908. Fowler & O'meara. (To 21 January 1915.)
 539 of 1908. Hood & Salamon. (To 29 January 1915.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.**1905.**78 (Brennan).
117 (Bowen).**1907.**

46 (Bradshaw & Lomax).

1908.

44 (Wallace). 434 (De Dion Bouton (1907) ;Ld.). 474 (Cox). 492 (De Dion Bouton (1907) Ld.).

1909.

12 (Oliver-Roche Co.). 13 (Oliver-Roche Co.). 29 (Ross). 47 (De Dion Bouton (1907) Ld.). 126 (Hay & Tennent). 132 (Yarrow). 140 (British Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Co. Ld.). 150 (Roubinowitch). 152 (Aktiebolaget Elektrometall). 153 (Aktiebolaget Elektrometall). 171 (Kirkegaard). 172 (Kirkegaard).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

373 of 1909. The Burmah Oil Co., Ltd. *Improvements in treating or purifying paraffin wax and apparatus therefor.*

PATENTS SEALED UNDER SECTION 81.

203 of 1910. A. Rahim. *Improved street watering cart with an automatic and adjustable spray distributor.*

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs nor their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. Applications for patents in countries other than India should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These

specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.	DELHI	Office of the Chief Commissioner.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.	HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.	JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BOMBAY	Record Office.	KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.	LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.	LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.	MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.	"	College of Engineering.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSORE	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHINSURAH	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA	College of Engineering.
CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.	ROORKEE	Thomason College.
		SOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore.

8. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

	Price
	R a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0 10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each 0 2
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0 2
(d) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	3 0
(e) Inventions (consolidated subject matter Index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904)	2 0
(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each 1 0
(g) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly)	each 0 8
(h) Patent Office Journal, 1912	1 0
(i) Specifications of Inventions	each 0 8

H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs.

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE CORONATION DURBAR AND OF THE VISIT OF THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING-EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS TO INDIA, 1911-12.

To meet the repeated demands of the public, the Government of India have decided to publish a complete and authoritative account of the proceedings connected with the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India and with the Coronation Durbar of December 1911.

This book will be compiled from the official records, and will contain lists of all persons taking part in the celebrations and ceremonies. There will also be numerous illustrations, portraits, maps, plans, etc.

It will be published in two editions, a popular one in a cloth binding at a cost not exceeding Rs. 7-8, and a very limited edition *de luxe*, which will contain a list of the subscribers at a cost of about Rs. 250.

A translation of the popular edition will be made in Urdu and possibly in other languages also, if the demand is sufficient.

It is expected that the work will be ready for publication in about six months' time; names are still being registered for the various editions, and application should be made to the Superintendent, Official History of the Durbar, Foreign Department, Simla.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books published under the authority of the Government of India, can be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :—

“Specimens of Persian Manuscripts” for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour, High Proficiency, and Interpretership examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them. The following collections are available for sale :—

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|----------|-----------|
| (1) | Collection for 1902-03, | price | Rs 3 | a copy. |
| (2) | “ | “ | 1903-04, | “ “ 3 “ |
| (3) | “ | “ | 1904-05, | “ “ 3 “ |
| (4) | “ | “ | 1908-09, | “ “ 3 “ |
| (5) | “ | “ | 1909-10, | “ “ 3-8 “ |
| (6) | “ | “ | 1910-11, | “ “ 3-8 “ |
| (7) | “ | “ | 1911-12, | “ “ 2-8 “ |
| (8) | “ | “ | 1912-13, | “ “ 2-8 “ |

N.B.—Nos. (1), (3), (4), (5) and (6) contain papers in all the different standards of examination held in Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali; No. (5) contains the High Proficiency Urdu papers also; No. (2) contains all the papers except those for the High Proficiency examinations in Hindi, Arabic and Persian and the Degree of Honour in Arabic and Sanskrit; No. (7) all except those for the Interpretership and Degree of Honour in Persian, Preliminary, High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Arabic, Degree of Honour in Hindi, Degree of Honour in Bengali and High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Sanskrit, and No. (8) all except those for the Degree of Honour in all languages and the Preliminary test in Arabic.

“Diwan-i-Sarkhush” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

“Kalam-i-Urdu,” the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

“Qaani” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

“Diwan-i-Andalib” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the “Ar-Rauzat-ul-Zakiyah,” the text-book for the Higher Standard examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

“Nazm-i-Muntakhab,” one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Raghuvansam”—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

“Akhlāq-i-Jalali” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 5-12 per copy.

The following list of Mugshis who are qualified to teach Urdu under India Army Order No. 162 of 1907, is published for the information of all those students of this language, who are desirous of obtaining competent teachers :

ALLAHABAD.

- | | | |
|----|----------------------|---|
| 1. | M. Jawala Prasad, I. | Kasauli Hills. The Royal Scots Regiment, Sudder Bazar, Allahabad. |
| 2. | M. S. C. Bagchi | Government Observatory, Allahabad. |

AMBALA.

- | | | |
|----|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. | M. Mohd. Miyan Khan | Sudder Bazar, Ambala. |
| 2. | M. Mohd. Akbar Khan | The Oriental Lodge, Ambala. |
| 3. | M. Jawala Prasad, II. | B. I. Bazar, Ambala. |
| 4. | M. Sita Ram Mahla | Near Kali Bari, Sadar Bazar, Ambala. |
| 5. | M. H. Ahmad Fakhrizy | Sadar Bazar, Ambala Cantonment. |

AMRITSAR.

- | | | |
|----|----------------|-------------------------|
| 1. | M. Mohd. Ishaq | Khazana Gate, Amritsar. |
|----|----------------|-------------------------|

AZAMGARH.

1. M. Ram Charan Lal Offg. Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools, Azamgarh.

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya 17, Noorallah Dostor's Lane, Calcutta.
 2. M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A. 8, Maulavi Imdad Ali's Lane, Calcutta.
 3. M. Hossain Mirza 1, Syed Ismail Lane, Calcutta.
 4. M. Mohd. Israil Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
 5. M. Syed Nawab Ali 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
 6. M. Wahidun Nabi Khan 88/1, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.
 7. M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid 152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
 8. M. Daliluddin Ahmed 9/1, Jhowtola Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
 9. M. Abdul Wajid 89, Jhowtola Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
 10. M. Syed Mohammad 12, Waliullah Lane, Wollesley Square, Calcutta.

CAMPBELLPORE.

1. M. Rahim Shah R. A. Munshi, Campbellpore.

DALHOUSIE.

1. M. Abdur Rahim Regimental Munshi, 1st Lancashire Fusiliers, Balun Bazar, Dalhousie.

DELHI.

1. M. Mithan Lal C/o Late M. Chunni Lal Sahib, Government Pensioner, Muhalla Churi Walan, Delhi.

DINAPORE.

1. M. Syed Hadi Hussain Orderly Bazar, Dinapore.

JHELUM.

1. M. Thakur Das Pahwa Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JULLUNDER.

1. M. Har Bhagat Singh Bains Talhan, Jullunder Cantonment.

KASAUJI.

1. M. Anand Sarup C/o Munshi Kashi Nath, Dagshai Hills, or Dep't, Kasauli.

LAHORE CANTT.

1. M. J. Kishori Lal R. A. Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
 2. M. Sham Lal Bhargava Dengar Street, Sudder Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW.

1. M. Abdul Alim Near the Police Post, Husaingunge, Lucknow.
 2. M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan Near Royal Hotel, Lucknow.

MAYMYO (BURMA).

1. M. Farzand Ali Khan C/o 1st Border Regiment, Maymyo, Burma.

MULTAN.

1. M. S. Karim Bukhsb Sadar Bazar, Multan Cantonment.

MURREK HILLS.

1. M. M. C. Saibgal 2nd Bn., King's Regiment, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.

1. M. Faqir Ulla St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

NOWSHERA.

1. M. Muhammad Din Pay Havildar and Head Clerk, 23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (F. F.).

PATNA.

1. M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.

PESHAWAR.

1. M. Bodh Raj Royal Sussex Regiment (or Sudder Bazar), Peshawar.
2. M. Ahmed Din 81, Cantonments, Peshawar.
3. M. Abdur Rahim Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
4. M. Abdul Karim Dabgari Gate, Peshawar City.

RAWALPINDI.

1. M. Ghulam Muhiuddin R. A. Brigade Munshi, Rawalpindi.
2. M. Ghulam Rasool Sudder Bazar, Rawalpindi.
3. M. Fazal Ahmed Persian House, Rawalpindi.

ROORKEE CITY.

1. M. Fazl-i-Haq Mahalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SUBATHU.

1. M. Gulzar Lal South Lancashire Regiment, Subathu.

In addition to the above, the following, who were examined in Urdu previous to the institution of the examination mentioned in the above India Army Order, are also, in the opinion of the Board of Examiners, qualified to teach :—

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Arif 12, Harinbari Lane, Calcutta.
2. Maulavi Syed Abu Zafar 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S. 14, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
4. M. Badru-z-Zaman 29, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
5. M. Abdul Badi 5, Ramsanker Roy's Lane, Calcutta.
6. M. A. M. F. Wahhab Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
7. M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat 9, Ahiripukur 2nd Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
8. M. Akmal Ali Akmal 9, Dr. Karam Hossain's Lane, Calcutta.
9. M. Abdul Karim Nashter 1, Jhowtollah Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Mohd. Yusuf Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.

N.B.—It is requested that Munshis who have passed this examination and whose names do not appear above, should communicate their present addresses to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta, so that their names may be published also.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal :—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Lieut.-Col., R.E.
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

• The rates for these drugs from 15th November 1912 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	10 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	12 "

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	5 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	6 "
Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.	
Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.	
Cinchona Febrifuge is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.	

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 9th December 1913.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	2,15,04,850	0	0
				Other authorized Investments	1,22,86,148	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,88,00,000	0	0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	4,02,23,696	6	5
	Rs.	A.	P.	Accounts of Credit on Govern- ment and other authorized Securities	6,41,28,745	1	1
Public Deposits at Head Office 99,32,416 0 2)				Bills discounted and purchased	3,21,32,263	1	10
				Balances with other Banks	8,11,782	10	9
				Bullion . . . . .	.....	
Public Deposits at Branches 2,05,07,811 4 3 }				Dead Stock	24,45,097	4	6
				Stamps	12,829	15	4
				Sundries	3,55,271	4	7
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	17,76,44,234	13	2				
Bank Post Bills, etc.	10,11,416	0	0	Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office * 3,06,13,670 3 10	17,39,00,683	12	6
Sundries	29,58,627	8	7	Cash and Currency Notes at Branches † 4,63,40,151 9 10	7,69,53,821	13	8

BANK OF BENGAL ;
Calcutta, 11th December 1913.

C. W. W. CARBERRY,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

**Rate for Demand Loans 7 per cent.
Percentage 36.28.**

By order of the Directors.
L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL.**NOTICE.**

Calcutta, 11th December 1913.

The Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's European Establishment :—

Mr. L. G. Dunbar on return from leave to resume the office of Secretary and Treasurer.

Mr. N. H. Y. Warren to revert to his appointment of Deputy Secretary and Treasurer.

TREASURE TROVE.**NOTICE.**

Notice is hereby given, under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, 1878, that treasure consisting of the undermentioned pieces of gold to the value of Rs 137-12-0 were found on 24th June 1913, in the side channel of the public street near Ramulavari temple in the Zamin village of Viravalli, Nuzvid Taluk, Kistna District :—

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Number of articles.	Estimated value.	Date on which found.	Persons by whom found.
			<i>R a. p.</i>		
1 and 2	Gold pieces weighing 4 $\frac{7}{8}$ tolas . . .	2	137 12 0	24th June 1913.	Achanta Gangaraju and Appakawami.

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent duly authorised, before the Collector of Kistna on 16th March 1914 at 11 A.M. at Masulipatam in view to the claim being enquired into and determined according to law.

KISTNA COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
MASULIPATAM;

Dated 1st November 1913.

J. M. TURING,
Acting Collector.

TREASURE TROVE.**NOTICE.**

It is hereby notified under section V of the Indian Treasure Trove Act (VI of 1878) that on or about the 17th day of July 1913, treasure consisting of the undermentioned articles valued at about Rs 200 was found hidden in the land to one Vania Chinnakolandai Chetti, in the village of Nedungunam, Wandiwash Taluk, North Arcot District.

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of North Arcot at his office on the 25th day of March 1914 in order to the matter being enquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Description of property.	Value.
2 iron cannons, one measuring 11 feet by 5 feet and another 11 feet by 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet.	About Rs 200.

NORTH ARCOT COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
VELLORE;

Dated 28th November 1913.

(Illegible)
for Collector.

TREASURE TROVE.**NOTICE.**

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act of 1878 that, on 21st October 1913, the treasure described hereunder was found in the inner prakaram of the Karur Sri Abhaya Pradhana Ranganathaswami temple bearing S. F. No. 847-a of Karur village, Karur Taluk, Trichinopoly District, Madras Presidency, by the temple servant Seshagiri Achar, son of Bhima Achar of Karur, Trichinopoly District.

A stone image of Ranganadaswami reclining on a serpent and measuring 10 feet 4 inches long, 4 feet wide and 5 feet thick at the head-end and 3½ feet wide and 2½ feet thick at the foot-end whose estimated cost is from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,000.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector at Karur on or after 1st July 1914 and before 15th with a view to the matter being enquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

L. E. BUCKLEY,

Collector.

TRICHINOPOLY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,

Dated 5th December 1913.

TREASURE TROVE.**NOTIFICATION.**

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that about the beginning of October 1913 the undermentioned treasure is said to have been found in S. F. No. 1284 in Venkataraoipalli, a hamlet of Udayagiri of Udayagiri taluk by Irla Achayya and Gottaboyina Puttayya, while grazing their cattle.—

Details of property.	Estimated value.
7 gold coins (5 ashafis or mohurs and 2 half mohurs; two of the former have been melted and made into finger rings. These bear the names of Allauddin Toglak Shah and Allauddin Sekandarsani, Emperor of Delhi).	R173-11-9.
3 pieces of gold rope	
2 pieces of gold necklace	
1 gold rope with two hooks	

N. B.—Of the gold coins three are in tact and two are in parts.

All persons claiming the said treasure or any portion thereof are requested to appear in person or by agent before the Collector of Nellore at his office in Nellore on 15th May 1914 in view to their claims being enquired into and disposed of according to law.

M. R. NAIDU,

for Collector.

NELLORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,

Dated the 4th December 1913.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Simla, the 3rd December 1913.

No. 192.—The services of the undermentioned 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department, are placed at the disposal of the Surveyer General of India for employment in the Survey Department with effect from the dates noted against their names.

No. 631, Mirza Mohammad Yusuf Beg, 1st November 1913.

No. 855, Ram Parshad Sharma, 7th November 1913.

B. G. SETON, Brevet-Col., I.M.S.,

for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 9th December 1913.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th December 1913.

TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			RESERVE.										REMARKS.	
			COIN AND BULLION.						SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).					TOTAL.
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	In India.			In England.			In Transit between India and England.		Held in India.	Held in England.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R		
Calcutta .	3,95,05,535	24,26,09,105	4,00,34,272	1,15,26,548	1,04,57,094	9,15,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	29,35,17,890	(a) Nominal value— R10,30,81,500
Cawnpore .	...	2,75,29,655	1,71,48,351	1,73,10,415	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,45,08,668	(b) Nominal value— R4,69,96,571
Lahore .	...	3,66,71,710	1,23,52,568	1,22,13,150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,45,65,688	
Bombay .	1,96,93,740	15,87,24,795	3,51,92,725	15,43,26,832	1,42,17,506	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,57,37,063	
Karachi .	...	1,82,91,000	28,27,065	34,56,990	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	62,84,055	
Madras .	64,77,780	6,46,23,865	2,41,09,415	1,03,62,375	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,10,71,790	
Rangoon .	...	4,07,10,200	3,47,29,676	97,86,380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,44,98,056	
	6,46,77,055	58,91,57,380	16,64,44,074	22,55,32,500	2,46,74,600	9,15,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	64,81,51,180	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of issue			Deduct—Amount due on Bills drawn by one Circle on another										7,25,000	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R			TOTAL RESERVE R										64,74,26,180	

2,202,000 (Rs. 30,000)	was transferred in Gold from the Paper Currency Reserve to the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 7th December 1913.		
	The Silver held in the Indian Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 7th December 1913 to 4.50 lakhs in coined rupees.		
" Gold	" "	" "	2.08 in sovereigns.

3,08 " in sovereign.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,

Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 1ST TO 7TH DECEMBER 1913.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

NAME OF MINTS.	COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.										COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLE- MENTS GOVERNMENT.		
	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.		BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.					Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar Closing and paid over.	Closing balance of Bul- Hon.	Receipt of Bullion for sub- sidary coinage.	Sub- sidary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasures, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees small silver coins delivered to Treasures or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native State.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and un- current coins.	Total.				
Calcutta	44	1	...	45	51	...	51	8	60*	23	3	94	...	...	...	..
Bombay	32	...	...	32	61	...	61	...	105†	20	2	127	...	...	..	1

* Exclusive of 172 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

† Ditto 109 ditto ditto ditto

His Majesty's Mint;
Calcutta, the 14th December 1913.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND ABKARI.

NOTICE.

No. 1.

Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at Godhra Distillery in the Panch Mahals District for supply to that district, to the districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira and Broach and to certain villages attached to these districts for Abkari management (a list of which villages can be seen at the offices of the Collectors concerned at any time during office hours). The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Godhra from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows :—

Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals
and Broach Districts.

Kaira District.

25° U. P., 60° U. P.

25° U. P., 60° U. P. and 40° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	Ahmedabad District.		Kaira District.			Panch Mahals District.		Broach District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	40° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	109,367	1,078	26,368	473	..	21,963	106,745	87,437	244
1909-10	101,274	475	24,392	397	..	17,677	96,164	84,107	340
1910-11	97,883	241	30,960	497	102	22,851	106,803	100,116	326
1911-12	93,959	141	31,590	515	521	19,130	93,084	96,909	113
1912-13	91,259	122	32,945	489	559	21,470	103,155	65,519	6,346

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Godhra Distillery and from warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Godhra and the warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Godhra is Rs. 2,19,568. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the

shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows : Godhra Distillery Rs. 246, Ahmedabad Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, Anand Bonded Warehouse Rs. 16, and the Broach Bonded Warehouse Rs. 40 per mensem, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required, at his own expense, to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or to revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>Ahmedabad.</i>	<i>R a. p.</i>	<i>R a. p.</i>
Ahmedabad City, Cantonment and ten miles round	3 12 0	1 14 0
Prantij	1 8 0	0 12 0
Rest of the District	3 0 0	1 8 0
<i>Kaira.</i>		
Thasra (except Dakor), Kapadvanj and Pandu Mewas	1 8 0	0 12 0 (40 U. P.) (a)
Dakor Town and rest of the District	2 4 0	1 3 3 1 2 0 (40° U. P.) (b) 1 13 0
<i>Panch Mahals.</i>		
Whole District	1 8 0	0 12 0
<i>Broach.</i>		
Whole District	3 12 0	1 14 0

(a) In the Kapadvanj Taluka.

(b) In the Matar and Anand Talukas.

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary, from time to time, and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Godhra Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract-area.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Godhra Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P., at the distillery and at the bonded warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it, will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector of the district concerned. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of the Panch Mahals a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the same person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 2.

Surat, with the Nandurbar Taluka (including the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture and supply country spirit in the Surat District (including the villages of the Sachin State attached to the district for Abkari management) and in the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District. The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Surat from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit for the five years ended March 1913 was as under:—

	Surat District.		Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	211,971	280,222	25,617	183,219
1909-10	198,756	255,570	27,144	193,929
1910-11	229,232	301,631	35,337	223,231
1911-12	223,301	256,691	42,251	244,043
1912-13	221,236	238,784	35,734	217,128

It is intended that spirit shall be distributed from the Central Distillery at Surat and from warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli and Nandurbar but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still shall be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distilleries or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the distillery at Surat and the warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli and Nandurbar at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at the Surat Distillery is Rs. 2,21,000. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stocks of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishment maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows : Surat Distillery Rs. 143-8-0, Bulsar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 65, Bardoli Bonded Warehouse Rs. 65, and Nandurbar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 16 per mensem ; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of the buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Surat District and the Navapur Petha and the Nandurbar, Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

Area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U.P.			Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U.P.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
<i>Surat.</i>						
Surat City and five miles round and Chorasi, Olpad and West Bulsar	3	12	0	1	14	0
Jalalpur, West Bardoli, West Mandki, West Chikhli, Pardi, East Bulsar and East Mandvi.	3	0	0	1	8	0
East Bardoli and East Chikhli	2	4	0	1	2	0
<i>West Khandesh.</i>						
Navapur Petha	1	8	0	0	12	0
Nandurbar, Taloda and Shahada Talukas	3	12	0	1	14	0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area

to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Surat Distillery and at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the area, including the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Surat Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. at the distillery and the bonded warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli, and Nandurbar, to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector of Surat. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Surat District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Surat a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreement within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit in the Surat District and in the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

NOTICE.

No. 3.

East Khandesh, West Khandesh [excluding the Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas] and Nasik.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the Dhulia Distillery in the West Khandesh District for supply to the East and the West Khandesh Districts [including certain Native State villages attached to West Khandesh District for Abkari management and excluding the Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas and the Akrani Pargana and a portion of the Fathi Mewas] and to the Nasik District for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Dhulia from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri) provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may from time to time be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorised at present are as follows:—

East Khandesh, West Khandesh and Nasik Districts.
25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	East Khandesh District.		West Khandesh District excluding the Nandur- bar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas.		Nasik District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09 . . .	58,722	253,089	15,924	117,316	88,646	38,294
1909-10 . . .	68,879	295,543	20,822	144,175	107,975	36,904
1910-11 . . .	87,283	384,360	28,460	168,594	127,288	49,875
1911-12 . . .	76,798	376,247	29,033	166,831	139,948	50,113
1912-13 . . .	50,147	368,228	19,112	155,791	120,836	52,319

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Dhulia Distillery and from warehouses at Jalgaon, Nasik and Malegaon, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Dhulia and the warehouses at Jalgaon, Nasik and Malegaon at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Dhulia is Rs. 2,63,000. If this contract is not renewed, the contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared, not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915, or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows :—Dhulia Distillery Rs. 227, Jalgaon Bonded Warehouse Rs. 68, Nasik Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, and Malegaon Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25 per mensem. But Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the East and West Khandesh and Nasik Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>West Khandesh.</i>	<i>R a. p.</i>	<i>R a. p.</i>
Whole District (except Navapur Petha)	3 12 0	1 14 0
<i>East Khandesh.</i>		
Bhusaval Town	4 8 0	2 4 0
Rest of the District	3 12 0	1 14 0
<i>Nasik.</i>		
Nasik City	4 8 0	2 4 0
Peint Taluka	1 8 0	0 12 0
Rest of the District	3 12 0	1 14 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time, and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates, or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Dhulia Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Dhulia Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. at the distillery and at the Bonded Warehouses at Jalgaon in the East Khandesh District and Nasik and Malegaon in the Nasik District to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector concerned. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the East and West Khandesh and Nasik Districts": this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest or to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of West Khandesh a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*, and if he fails to do so the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the forms of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and, if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the

deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 4.

(Poona, Satara, Sholapur and Ahmednagar Districts.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the Mundhwa Distillery in the Poona District for supply to that district (including Native State villages attached to that district for Abkari management) and to the districts of Satara, Sholapur and Ahmednagar. The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Mundhwa from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows :—

Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts 25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	Poona District.		Satara District.		Ahmednagar District.		Sholapur District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.
1908-09	156,063	..	49,787	..	31,200	..	51,126	..
1909-10	156,890	..	53,739	..	35,517	..	53,576	..
1910-11	168,560	..	61,802	..	43,091	..	58,163	..
1911-12	179,708	..	68,256	..	44,309	..	64,336	..
1912-13	167,503	..	64,052	..	37,461	..	61,074	..

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Mundhwa Distillery in the Poona District, and from warehouses at Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 8° proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Mundhwa and the warehouses at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Mundhwa is Rs. 93,000. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner; and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared, not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after

considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows: Mundhwa Distillery Rs. 94, Ahmednagar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 32, Satara Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, and Sholapur Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25 per mensem; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charge on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or to revise them from time to time if they deem fit:—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>Poona.</i>		
Poona City Cantonment and ten miles round	Rs. A. P. 5 4 0	Rs. A. P. 2 10 0
Rest of the District	4 8 0	2 4 0
<i>Satara.</i>		
Whole District	4 8 0	2 4 0
<i>Ahmednagar.</i>		
Whole District	4 8 0	2 4 0
<i>Sholapur.</i>		
Whole District	5 4 0	2 10 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor, will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates, or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Mundhwa Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts:" this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

12. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

13. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

14. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Poona a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 11 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

15. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the district concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces: and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

16. As soon as the agreements have been executed, the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE

No. 5.

Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat).

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the distillery to be erected at Khanapur in the Belgaum District for supply to the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar and Bijapur (including certain Native State's villages attached to those districts for Abkari management) and to the above-ghat talukas of the Kanara District for a period of five years from the 1st April 1915 or, if the Khanapur Distillery is not ready for manufacturing operations on that date, from the subsequent date on which that distillery may be ready for the manufacture of spirit.

Government are about to erect a new distillery at Khanapur and it is anticipated, though no guarantee can be given in this respect, that the buildings will be ready for the installation of plant in December 1914. Subject to the proviso contained below the Contractor will be required to instal, throughout this distillery, new plant designed to produce and deal with wash the original gravity of which will be readily ascertained by means of Bates' Saccharometer. The distilling apparatus shall be of the "continuous" type, producing at one operation a potable spirit of satisfactory quality. Provided that the Contractor will be required to take over such articles of the plant of the present Belgaum and Dharwar Distilleries and of the warehouses at Bijapur, Gadag, Haveri and Sirsi at prices to be fixed by the Collectors of the districts concerned, as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari be suitable for employment in the new distillery or in the bonded warehouses and he shall pay for such plant on or before the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Khanapur from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths, as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strength authorized at present are as follows:—

Belgaum and Bijapur
Districts.
25° U. P., 60° U. P.

Dharwar and Kanara,
above-ghat Districts.
25° U. P., 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under:—

Year.	Belgaum District.		Dharwar District.		Bijapur District.		Kanara District, above ghat.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.
1908-09	70,360	..	111,421	..	22,581	..	26,896	..
1909-10	80,494	..	115,273	..	35,979	..	25,729	..
1910-11	96,909	..	141,982	..	53,788	..	27,579	..
1911-12	109,889	..	175,438	..	63,821	..	29,739	..
1912-13	117,347	403	153,427	..	57,604	..	27,715	..

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Khanapur Distillery and from warehouses at Dharwar, Gadag, Haveri, Bijapur and Sirsi, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. If the contract is not renewed at the end of the contract period the Contractor shall if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the said plant to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, or making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor, subject, however to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows, Khanapur Distillery at 1½ per cent. on the capital cost of the distillery, site quarters, etc., Dharwar Bonded Warehouse, Rs. 25, Gadag Bonded Warehouse Rs. 30, Haveri Bonded Warehouses Rs. 25, Bijapur Bonded Warehouse Rs. 18, and Sirsi Bonded Warehouse Rs. 5 per mensem. But Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required, at his own expense, to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat) are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and Area.				Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.			Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.		
				Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Belgaum	City, Cantonment and 10 miles round			5	4	0	2	10	0
	Rest of the District			4	8	0	2	4	0
Dharwar				4	8	0	2	4	0
Bijapur				4	8	0	2	4	0
Kanara (above ghat)				4	8	0	2	4	0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Khanapur Distillery and at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat)," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

12. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reason.

13. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

14. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Belgaum a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 11, and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

15. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

16. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 6.

(The talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to supply country spirit to the talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District for a period of three years from 1st April 1915.

2. The spirit may be manufactured at any of the Central Distilleries of the Presidency Proper or at the Uran Distilleries. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur), or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District for the five years ending March 1913 was as under:—

Year.	Salsette Taluka.		Bassein Taluka.		Mahim Taluka.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09 . . .	52,560	162,029	11,446	105,970	8,432	90,813
1909-10 . . .	55,981	160,017	11,393	100,157	8,383	103,479
1910-11 . . .	53,342	154,665	11,724	106,034	8,069	93,396
1911-12 . . .	53,331	156,026	14,585	104,722	8,842	76,988
1912-13 . . .	57,153	165,806	15,939	115,243	10,414	89,926

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from warehouses at Thana and Bassein, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

Pending completion of the warehouses to be built at Thana and Bassein the spirit will be distributed from the present depôts established at Thana, Bassein and Kelva Mahim. The Contractor will be required to take over at prices to be fixed by the Collector such portions of the plant at those depôts as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner, be serviceable and suitable for use in a bonded warehouse. If the contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the plant in the bonded warehouses on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which in the opinion of the Commissioner is unsuitable or unserviceable.

4. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

5. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the warehouses will be defrayed by Government. The Contractor will have to pay such rent for each warehouse occupied as may be determined by the Commissioner, but Government reserve to themselves the power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings.

The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the warehouse plant in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the warehouses which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

6. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

Area.	Per gallon of 25° U. P.			Per gallon of 60° U. P.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Salsette Taluka	4	8	0	2	4	0
Bassein Town	4	8	0	2	4	0
Rest of Bassein Taluka	3	12	0	1	14	0
Mahim Taluka	3	12	0	1	14	0

7. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

8. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

9. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

10. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of supply of country spirit in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

11. Government reserve power to accept or reject tenders as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

12. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

13. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Thana, a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 10 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

14. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of supplying license which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreement within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

15. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Collector will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of supplying country spirit in the talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District.

NOTICE.

No. 7.

(All the talukas of the Kolaba District except Karjat and Panvel.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to supply country spirit to all the talukas of the Kolaba District except Karjat and Panvel, that is, to the talukas of Alibagh, Pen (including Nagothna Petha), Roha, Mangaon, and Mahad and to the villages in the Sudhagad Mahal of the Bhore State attached to that district for Abkari management, for a period of three years from 1st April 1915.

2. The spirit may be manufactured at any of the Central Distilleries of the Presidency Proper or at the Uran Distilleries. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur), or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the talukas of the Kolaba District (including Sudhagad Mahal) required to be supplied under this tender for the five years ending March 1913 was as under :—

Year.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	75,535	59,853
1909-10	88,194	31,988
1910-11	83,870	31,755
1911-12	87,470	21,429
1912-13	97,997	22,047

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from warehouses at Ambepura (Poinad), Roha and Mahad, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduced to 60° with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

Pending completion of the warehouses to be built at Ambepura (Poinad), Roha and Mahad the spirit will be distributed from the present depôts established at Alibag, Pen, Roha and Mahad. The Contractor will be required to take over at prices to be fixed by the Collector such portions of the plant at those depôts as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner, be serviceable and suitable for use in a bonded warehouse. If the contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the plant in the bonded warehouses on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which in the opinion of the Commissioner is unsuitable or unserviceable.

4. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

5. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the warehouses will be defrayed by Government. The Contractor will have to pay such rent for each warehouse occupied as may be determined by the Commissioner, but Government reserve to themselves the power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the warehouse plant in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the warehouses which will be carried out by Government at their expense.

6. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the talukas of the Kolaba District (including Sudhagad Mahal) required to be supplied under this tender are Rs. 3-12-0 and Rs. 1-14-0 per gallon of 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. ; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit.

7. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

8. Except with the special permission of the Collector, the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

9. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

10. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of supply of country spirit in the talukas of Alibag, Pen, Roha, Mangaon and Mahad and the Sudhagad Mahal of the Kolaba District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914 after which no tender will be received.

11. Government reserve power to accept such tenders as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

12. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

13. The successful tenderer shall within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Kolaba a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 10 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

14. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the same person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of supplying license which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

15. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Collector will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of supplying country spirit in the Alibag, Pen, Roha, Mangaon and Mahad Talukas and the Sudhagad Mahal of the Kolaba District.

BOMBAY ;
The 15th October 1913.

H. O. QUIN,
Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 11th December 1913.

No. 701.—Captain L. G. Crosthwait, I. A., Officiating Deputy Superintendent, sub. *pro tem.* with effect from the 28th October 1913, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. D. Ryder, D. S. O., R. E., appointed to be a Superintendent, sub. *pro tem.*

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Colonel, R.E.,
Offg. Surveyor General of India.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 141 of 1913.

Rangoon, the 24th day of November 1913.

In the matter of C. A. Dias, Sub-Inspector, Rangoon Municipality, residing in 76, 40th Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by C. A. Dias, Sub-Inspector, Rangoon Municipality, residing in 76, 40th Street, Rangoon, on the 24th day of November 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said C. A. Dias.

CASE No. 142 of 1913.

Rangoon, the 25th day of November 1913.

In the matter of James Aloysius Luff, Assistant Station Master, Rangoon, residing at the Burma Railway Station Building, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by James Aloysius Luff, Assistant Station Master, Rangoon, residing at the Burma Railway Station Building, Rangoon on the 25th day of November 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said James Aloysius Luff.

CASE No. 143 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 27th day of November 1913.

In the matter of Babu Pokermull Anandroy, Merchant and Commission Agent, No. 2, Mogul Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Dhunjee Devsey & Co. of Rangoon, creditors of Babu Pokermull Anandroy, Merchant and Commission Agent, No. 2, Mogul Street, Rangoon, on the 27th day of November 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Babu Pokermull Anandroy was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day.

CASE No. 111 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 2nd day of December, 1913.

In the matter of Adaikalam Colandasawmy, son of A. Pillay, residing at No. 29, Bow Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Adaikalam Colandasawmy, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 2nd day of December 1913.

CASE No. 145 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 2nd day of December 1913.

In the matter of Nathuni Prasad, Clerk, No. 21, 33rd Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Nathuni Prasad, son of S. Lall, Clerk, No. 21, 33rd Street, Rangoon, on the 2nd day of December 1913 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Nathuni Prasad.

CASE No. 74 OF 1912.

Rangoon, the 3rd day of December 1913.

In the matter of Joseph Michael Xavier, Barrister-at-Law, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Joseph Michael Xavier, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 2nd day of December 1913.

CASE No. 92 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 3rd day of December 1913.

In the matter of Maung Chit Maung, Barrister-at-Law, Rangoon.

• Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Maung Chit Maung, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 3rd day of December 1913.

• CASE No. 115 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 3rd day of December 1913.

In the matter of Ismail Mahomed Mamsa, No. 12, China Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Ismail Mahomed Mamsa, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 2nd day of December 1913.

CASE No. 146 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 3rd day of December 1913.

In the matter of Maxmillian Edward Moss, Trader, No. 33, 32nd Street, Rangoon Insolvent.

• Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maxmillian Edward Moss, son of H. E. Moss, Trader, No. 33, 32nd Street, Rangoon, on the 2nd day of December 1913 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maxmillian Edward Moss.

CASE No. 147 OF 1913.

Dated Rangoon, the 3rd day of December 1913.

In the matter of Francis Anthony, Clerk, No. 46, 39th Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Francis Anthony, Clerk, No. 46, 39th Street, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of December 1913 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Francis Anthony.

CASE No. 148 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 5th day of December 1913.

In the matter of Rajarathnum, Goldsmith, No. 36, 40th Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Rajarathnum, Goldsmith, No. 36, 40th Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of December 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Rajarathnum.

CASE No. 149 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 5th day of December 1913.

In the matter of Edward Charles Pegg, son of E. W. Pegg, Clerk, residing at No. 54, Ohu Ghine Road, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Edward Charles Pegg, son of E. W. Pegg, Clerk, residing at No. 54, Ohu Ghine Road, Rangoon, on the 5th day of December 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Edward Charles Pegg.

CASE No. 150 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 6th day of December 1913.

In the matter of Abdul Rahman, Abdul Mamin, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Abdul Rahman, Abdul Mamin, son of A. Mamin, piece-goods trader, residing at No. 91, Dalhousie Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of December 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Abdul Rahman, Abdul Mamin.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION,
BANGALORE.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 40 OF 1913.

Bangalore, the 26th November 1913

Abdulla Saib, native doctor, son of Abdul Kareem, residing in Shoolay, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore *Petitioner*
S. P. Mason and others *Creditors*

Notice, under clause 12 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, is hereby given that the above named petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 7th January 1914 for hearing.

Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

N. S. TIRUMALAI AIYANGAR,
District Judge.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

No. 547 of 1912.

Fort, Bombay, the 3rd day of December 1913.

Re Abdul Satar Ismail Memon, of Bombay Mahomedan inhabitant, residing at Bhu. Moholla (Abba Gaya's house), a petty dealer in mats, etc., an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the order of adjudication made herein on the 28th day of September 1912 against the abovenamed insolvent has been this day annulled.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk

IN THE COURT OF THE POLITICAL AGENT IN BHOPAL.

[NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.]

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 1 OF 1913.

(Notice under section 12 of Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of the Insolvency of Harry Eastland Redman, Captain, 99th Infantry Schore.

Whereas Captain Harry Eastland Redman aforesaid has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, and your name appears in the list of creditors filed by the aforesaid debtor, this is to give you notice that the Court has

fixed 5th day of January, 1914, for the hearing of the aforesaid petition. If you desire to be represented in the matter, you should attend in person or by duly instructed pleader. The particulars of the debt alleged in the petition to be due to you are as follows :—

Names and addresses of Creditors.	Amount.		
	R	a.	p.
(1) Messrs. Pemchand Recubdas & Co., Sholapur Bazaar, Poona	6,200	0	0
(2) Messrs. J. B. Johnson & Sons, Sackville Street, London, W.	1,200	0	0
(3) Messrs. R. B. Rodda, Wellesly Place, Calcutta	165	0	0
(4) Messrs. North and Talbott, c/o L. D. Robinson, 108, New Oxford Street, London, W. E.	280	0	0
(5) Messrs. Marks & Co., Poona	98	3	0
Messrs. Oakes & Co., Ltd., Madras	109	4	0
Messrs. Robinson & Co., 26 Raffles Place, Singapore	363	8	0
Messrs. Spencer & Co., Secunderabad	172	9	0
J. B. Stewart & Sons, 1, Sholapur Road, Poona	29	0	0
Weber & Scheuch, Secunderabad	182	2	2
R. S. Seth Gyanchand, Sehore	775	12	0
Messrs. Badham, Pile & Co., Secunderabad	80	0	0
Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Bombay	300	0	0
East Indian Cycle Company, Bangalore	36	3	0
Messrs. Rose & Co., Bombay	32	6	0
Messrs. Lund & Blockley, Bombay	43	0	0
Messrs. Thompson & Taylor, Poona	55	0	0
Messrs. Treacher & Co., Poona	86	2	0
Vishnu Subajee & Sons, Main Street, Poona	25	0	0
Messrs. Phillips & Co., Poona	220	0	0
Choddi Lal, Sehore	120	0	0
Seth Bansi Lal, Sehore	485	0	0
The Officers Loan Fund, 99th Infantry	50	0	0
Hassan Ali Bohra, Sehore			
Total	11,284	7	2

W. S. DAVIS,
Political Agent in Bhopal.

SEHORE, C. I.,
The December, 1913.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL OF FORESTS.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 4th December, 1913.

No. 1305—265-9.—On return from special leave on urgent private affairs granted in this notification No. 1056—265-7, dated the 16th October, 1913, Dr. A. D. Blascheck, Deputy Conservator of Forests, resumed charge of his duties as Instructor at the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, with effect from the forenoon of the 23rd November, 1913.

G. S. HART,
Inspector-General of Forests.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Abu the 1st December, 1913.

No. 1793.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 15, sub-section (1) (a), of the Cantonment Act, XV of 1910, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, is pleased to impose in the Cantonment of Deoli, with effect from the 1st January 1914, a tax on persons carrying on the trades and callings enumerated below at the following rates per annum:—

	Rs.
1. Wholesale merchants, <i>i.e.</i> , importers and exporters of ghi, grain, sugar, cotton, etc.	50
2. Retail merchants of ghi, grain, sugar and other food stuffs	10
3. Beetlenut sellers	2
4. Tobacco sellers	2
5. Money changers	10
6. Vegetable sellers	50
7. Master tailors	1
8. Tailors with machines	10
9. Tailors without machines	2
10. Telis	1
11. Butchers	1
12. Hide Merchants	3
13. Master goldsmiths	15
14. Journeymen goldsmiths	5
15. Pedlars	2
16. Pansari sellers (drugs, etc.)	10
17. Master carpenters	5
18. Journeymen carpenters	2
19. Mochis	1
20. Master blacksmiths	5
21. Journeymen blacksmiths	2
22. Dyers	2
23. Dhobis	1
24. Grocers	50
25. Hardware merchants	20
26. First class cloth merchants, <i>i.e.</i> , sellers of silk, serge and suiting cloth	30
27. Second class cloth merchants, <i>i.e.</i> , sellers of mullmull, nainsook, latha, etc.	20
28. Third class cloth merchants, <i>i.e.</i> , sellers of Razza and inferior latha, etc.	10
29. Lakheras	1
30. Booksellers	1
31. Master masons	5
32. Journeymen masons	2

No. 1794.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 15 (1) (a) of the Cantonment Act, XV of 1910, and with previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, is pleased to impose in the Cantonment of Deoli, with effect from the 1st January 1914, a scavenging tax on all persons owning private latrines in the Sadar Bazar. The rate of the said tax is fixed at annas 6 per latrine per mensem. The Cantonment authority undertakes the conservancy of all such latrines.

No. 1795.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 15, sub-section (2), of the Cantonment Act, XV of 1910, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, is pleased to apply to the Cantonment of

Deoli, the following rules being provisions adapted from the Ajmer Municipalities Regulation, 1886 (V. of 1886), for the assessment and collection of the following taxes :—

Dog Tax.

Property Tax.

Tax on Trades and Callings.

Scavenging Tax.

The rules published with Notification No. 530-C—1229, dated the 2nd March 1911, and No. 1347—1271, dated the 22nd December, 1911, are hereby cancelled.

General rules for collection of all taxes.

1. Owner defined :—“Owner” includes the person for the time being receiving the rent of lands and buildings, or either of them, whether on his own account or as agent or trustee for any person or society or for any religious or charitable purpose, or who would so receive the same if the land or building were let to a tenant.

Ajmer Municipalities
Regulations, Sec. 2 (6).

2. “Annual value” means :—The gross annual rent for which buildings and lands liable to taxation may reasonably be expected to let.

Ajmer Municipalities
Regulations, Sec. 41 (2).

Provided that :—When a building is situated in a compound and the building and compound are ordinarily occupied by the same person, the annual rent of the building and compound shall be calculated jointly.

3. Every person liable to a tax shall be served with a notice demanding payment within a specified time. A separate notice shall be issued for each tax. If the amount of taxes is not paid within the period specified in the notice, the tax shall be considered to be an arrears of tax.

Ajmer Municipalities
Regulations, Sec. 63.

4. Arrears of tax may be recovered on application to a Magistrate having jurisdiction within the limits of the Cantonment or in any other place where the defaulter may for the time being be residing, by the distress and sale of any moveable property within the jurisdiction of such Magistrate, a jurisdiction belonging to such defaulter. For every warrant of distress and sale, a fee is prescribed payable by the defaulter to the Cantonment Authority, to cover the cost of its execution, and such fee together with the Court fee, paid on the application to the Magistrate, may be recovered in the same manner as if it were arrears of a tax.

Ajmer Municipalities
Regulations, Sec. 153.

5. For all sums paid under these rules a receipt stating the amount, and the tax on account of which it is paid, shall be given by the person receiving the same to the person making the payment.

Ajmer Municipalities
Regulations, Sec. 50.

6. Preparation of Assessment Lists :—The Cantonment Authority shall cause assessment lists to be prepared containing :—

Ajmer Municipalities
Regulations, Sec. 55.

(a) In the case of the property tax a list of all buildings and lands showing—

- (i) The name of the street or division in which the property is situated.
- (ii) The designation of the property, either by name or number, sufficient for identification.
- (iii) The names of the owner and occupier, if known.
- (iv) The annual value on which the property is assessed.
- (v) The amount of the tax assessed thereon by the Cantonment Authority.

(b) In the case of the dog tax :—

- (i) The names of the persons liable to pay the tax.
- (ii) The residence of such persons.
- (iii) The number of dogs in possession of such persons.
- (iv) The amount of the tax assessed by the Cantonment Authority.

(c) In the case of the tax on Trades and Callings :—

- (i) The nature of the Trade or Calling.
- (ii) The name of the person carrying on the Trade or Calling.
- (iii) The amount of the tax assessed by the Cantonment Authority.

7. For the purpose of preparing these assessment lists, the Cantonment Authority may require the owner of any property or animals liable to be taxed or occupiers of buildings or lands, to furnish it with returns within 7 days giving :—

Ajmer Municipalities
Regulations, Sec. 55 (2).

(a) In the case of the Property Tax :—

- (i) The gross annual rent at which it may reasonably be expected to let from year to year.

(ii) in the case of any house or building not erected for letting purposes, and not ordinarily let, the estimated present cost of erecting the house or building as it stands on the date of declaration.

(b) In the case of the dog tax, the number of dogs in possession.

(c) In the case of the scavenging tax, any latrines attached to the house of the occupier and used by him.

8. (a) Publication of the notice of assessment:—When the assessment lists have been completed, the Cantonment Authority shall give public notice thereof and of the place where the lists or copies thereof may be inspected; and every person claiming to be either owner or occupier of property included in the lists, or the agent of such person, shall be at liberty to inspect the lists and to take extracts therefrom without charge.

(b) Any person not entitled under the preceding rule to inspect and to obtain extracts from the assessment lists free of charge, shall be permitted to do so on payment of such fees as the Cantonment Authority may from time to time prescribe.

9. The Cantonment Authority shall at the same time give public notice of a time, not less than one month from the publication of the notice, when it will proceed to revise the valuation and assessment; and in all cases in which any property for the first time assessed, or the assessment thereof is increased, it shall also give notice thereof to the owners or occupiers of the property.

10. All valuations and assessments shall be made in writing; shall be properly attested by the person affected by the assessment lists or agent and shall be delivered at the office of the Cantonment Authority, addressed to the Secretary, before or at the time fixed in the notice, and shall set forth briefly the grounds of objection.

11. Settlement of lists:—After the objections have been enquired into and the persons in respect of whom they have been allowed an opportunity of being heard either in person or by authorized agents as they think fit, and the revision of the valuation and assessment has been completed, the amendments made in the lists shall be authenticated by the signature of the Secretary to the Cantonment Authority who shall at the same time certify that no valid objection has been made to the valuation and assessment contained in the lists, except in the cases in which amendments have been entered therein; and, subject to such amendment as may thereafter be duly made, the tax so assessed shall be deemed to be the tax for the whole year for which it is leviable.

12. The list when amended shall be deposited in the Office of the Cantonment Authority, and shall there be open during office hours to all owners or occupiers of animals or property comprised therein, and a public notice that it is so open shall forthwith be published.

13. Further amendment of assessment lists:—The Cantonment Authority may at any time amend the lists by inserting the name of any person whose name ought to be inserted, or by inserting any property which ought to have been inserted, or by altering the assessment on any property which has been insufficiently valued or assessed through mistake, oversight or fraud, after giving notice to any person interested in the amendment, of a time not less than one month from the date of service of such notice, at which the amendment is to be made.

14. Any person interested in any such amendment may tender his objection to the Secretary to the Cantonment Authority in writing before the time fixed in the notice, or orally or in writing at that time, and shall be allowed an opportunity of being heard in support of the same in person or by authorized agent as he thinks fit.

15. New list need not be prepared every year:—It shall be at the discretion of the Cantonment Authority to prepare new assessment lists every year; or to adopt the valuation and assessment contained in the lists for any year, with such alterations as may in particular cases be deemed necessary, as the valuation and assessment for the year following, giving the same notice of the valuation and assessment as if new assessment lists had been prepared.

16. An appeal against any orders passed under the foregoing rules shall lie to the Cantonment Authority if preferred within two months from the date of the order.

17. The Cantonment Authority shall upon considering the said appeal pass such orders as it may think proper, and any necessary amendment in the assessment lists shall be made in accordance with such orders.

18. Any notice or requisition issued under these rules shall be deemed to be sufficiently served, if it has been tendered to the owner or occupier or his agents in person, or in his or his agent's absence, has been affixed to the house where he or his agent last dwelt and a copy of it to the house on which the tax is assessed.

19. Taxes shall be payable in advance as follows:—

Ajmer Municipalities Regulations, Sec. 49. (a) Property tax half-yearly, provided that:—Any person so desirous may pay the whole year's tax in advance.

(b) The dog tax shall be paid by the persons liable for the same either in person or by agent at the Office of the Cantonment Authority on or before the first day of May in each financial year for which the tax is leviable.

(c) The tax on trades and callings shall be payable half-yearly, and shall be deemed to be due on the first day of April and October, respectively.

(d) The scavenging tax shall be paid by any occupier of a house in the Sadar Bazar which has a private latrine attached and which is used by the occupier or his household. This tax is payable quarterly in advance.

20. Punishment for breach of rules:—A breach of any provision of the rules shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.
Ajmer Municipalities Regulations, Sec. 145 (2).

Special rules for the collection of Property Tax.

21. Tax by whom payable:—Property tax shall be payable by the owner. In the event of the owner not being discoverable, the tenant or occupier will be held responsible for the payment of the tax assessed.
Ajmer Municipalities Regulations, Sec. 62 (1).

22. The owner claiming exemption from the tax payable in any month shall on or before the third of the month send a notice to the Secretary of the Cantonment Authority, who may direct that collection of the tax be in abeyance. At the close of the month the owner shall send an application declaring that the house has been vacant for the whole of the month. The Secretary may there upon direct that the tax shall not be collected for the month, but he may enquire in cases of doubt, and if he finds that the house was in fact occupied, the tax shall be paid as usual.

In case of houses whose year's assessment is one rupee or under, no exemption shall be granted unless the house is vacant for a whole half-year.

Special rules for collection of Tax on Trades and Callings.

23. Persons carrying on combined trades:—Persons carrying on more than one of the trades or callings enumerated, shall pay the highest tax leviable on any one of such trades or callings, provided that such trades or callings are exercised at one place of business. If a person carries on two trades or callings at different shops he shall be deemed taxable for both callings.

SCHEDULE B.

Schedule of fees payable on distraint.

Sums distrained for:—

	Under Rs. 5	R s. p.
Rs. 5 and "	15	0 4 0
" 15 "	20	0 8 0
" 20 "	25	0 12 0
" 25 "		1 4 0

Camp Kishangarh, the 6th December 1913.

No. 1243-c-390.—Mr. Nand Lal, Assistant Surgeon attached to the Victoria Hospital at Ajmer, is granted leave on medical certificate for three months with effect from the 1st December 1913, or the subsequent date on which he may be allowed to avail himself of the leave.

Mr. Suraj Narain, Assistant Surgeon of Beawar, is posted to the Victoria Hospital at Ajmer during Assistant Surgeon Nand Lal's absence on leave or pending further orders.

Camp Ajmer, the 9th December, 1913.

No. 1259-c-4.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 25 of the Ajmer Municipalities Regulation (V of 1886), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to notify the reappointment of Babu Abdul Gafur as a member of the Kekri Municipal Committee for a period of three years with effect from the 8th October 1913.

By order,

H. A. K. GOUGH, Major,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in
Rajputana and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 1st December, 1913.

No. 3571.—The undermentioned candidate is declared to have passed the prescribed tests in the Brahui language at an examination held at Quetta on the 24th November, 1913:—M. Nabi Bakhsh, Naib Tahsildar, Nasirabad.

By order,
DENYS BRAY,
First Assistant.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, the 2nd December, 1913.

No. 67.—The list of text books approved by the Resident in Mysore for use in all schools in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore is the same as for the Madras Presidency published in Part IB of the *Fort Saint George Gazette*, dated the 21st October 1913.

By order,
P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 4th December 1913.

No. 8951-*Education*.—The following bye-laws framed by the Municipal Committee of Delhi under the provisions of section 31 of Act III of 1911 (Punjab Municipal Act) regulate the business of the Committee, superseding those published in Punjab Government Notification No. 366, dated 9th May 1891, are approved by the Chief Commissioner of Delhi Province, and are hereby published for general information.

The bye-laws will come into force six weeks after the date of publication of the notification.

BYE-LAWS.

Under Section 31 of Act III, 1911 (Punjab Municipal Act, 1911).

(a) Time and Place of Meeting.

1. Special Meeting shall ordinarily be held on the first Tuesday in every month. Ordinary Meetings on all Tuesdays, but the President, if he thinks fit, may convene an Ordinary or Special Meeting on any other date during the month.

NOTE.—See also in this connection section 25 (2) of Act III, 1911, regarding meetings to be called requisition.

2. The time of Meeting shall be fixed by the convening officer and specified in the notice of Meeting.

3. All Meetings, both Ordinary and Special, shall ordinarily be held in the Durbar Hall of the Municipal Buildings, but the President may, for special reasons, convene a Meeting at any other place.

(b) The manner in which notice of Ordinary and Special Meetings and Adjourned Meetings shall be given.

4. A notice of Meeting shall be sent or circulated to every member at least three days before the date fixed.

Provided that the President may, in cases of special emergency, convene an Ordinary or Special Meeting after 24 hours' notice.

No business not on the agenda shall be considered without the sanction of the Chairman.

- 5. The notice to attend a meeting shall specify the business proposed to be transacted thereat, and shall state the place, the day and the hour of the meeting.

(c) *The quorum necessary for the transaction of business at Ordinary Meetings.*

- 6. At Ordinary Meetings 6 members shall form a quorum.

NOTE.—The quorum necessary for a Special Meeting is regulated by section 27 (1) of Act III, 1911.

(d) *Conduct of proceedings at meetings, and adjourned meetings.*

- 7. Save when procedure is taken under the provisions of section 25 (2) of the Act.

(1) No matter shall be laid before a Special Meeting except by direction of an Ordinary Meeting or Standing Sub-committee or by order of the President, Vice-President, or Secretary.

(2) Any member wishing to bring any subject before the Committee should send his proposal to the Secretary who shall submit it to the President for information. The President will send the proposal to the Committee except in special cases in which he may think it desirable, when he will record his reasons in writing for refusing.

3. No member may be represented at a meeting by a proxy.

- 9. The following procedure shall be followed at meetings :—

(a) All business shall be conducted in English or Urdu.

(b) The Chairman of the meeting shall regulate the course of all business to be brought forward, and preserve order.

(c) Any member may submit a point of order to the Chairman, but there shall be no discussion on any such point unless the Chairman is fit to ask the members present for their opinion thereon.

(d) Every motion or amendment proposed shall be seconded before it is discussed.

(e) In all proposals and discussions, each member shall speak from his place, and address the Chairman.

(f) Members shall stand when addressing the meeting, if required to do so by the Chairman.

(g) The Chairman shall determine who has the ear of the meeting.

(h) No member except the proposer of the resolution shall speak more than once on the matter thereof and he only in conclusion after hearing all others who wish to speak.

(i) All questions from one member to another, relating to the business of the meeting shall be put through the Chairman.

(j) No proceeding, if opposed, shall be entered as passed, until it has been put to the vote.

It shall not be necessary to record the names of the members voting, but any member shall be entitled to have his name recorded if he so desire.

(k) Amendments if duly proposed and seconded shall be first put to the vote. If rejected, the original motion shall then be put.

(l) When the discussion has been closed by the Chairman, he or the Secretary acting under his orders, shall proceed to take the vote.

(m) Written speeches may not be read without the permission of the Chairman.

10. The Chairman may adjourn any meeting from time to time, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice that such business will be brought forward has been given.

11. All meetings shall be held with open doors unless a question, order, or other special matter shall arise when the Chairman may order the room to be cleared of strangers.

12. A copy of the minutes of meetings shall be supplied to any local newspaper which may apply for them subject to the decision of the Committee.

(c) *The custody of the Common Seal and the purposes for which it shall be used.*

13. A Common Seal of the Committee shall remain in the custody of the Secretary, Municipal Engineer and Health Officer and shall be used on all notices issued under the Municipal Act and bye-laws, rules, directions and orders thereunder and on all contracts, proclamations, copies of documents and any other important document requiring the same.

(f) The appointment of Sub-committees and their duties, the division of duties among the members of the Committee and the powers to be exercised by such members as are primarily responsible for the current executive administration, whether President, Vice-President, Members of Sub-committees or individual members.

14. There shall be the following Standing Sub-committees, which shall consist of the number of members noted against each :—

- | | | | |
|-----|------------------------------------|----|----------------------|
| (1) | Building Sub-committee, | 13 | including President. |
| (2) | Direct Tax and Nazul Sub-committee | 7 | " |
| (3) | Education Sub-committee | 6 | " |
| (4) | Finance and Executive | 8 | " |
| (5) | Thela | 4 | " |
| (6) | Lighting | 4 | " |
| (7) | Octroi | 7 | " |
| (8) | Public Works | 5 | " |
| (9) | Sanitation | 6 | " |

and such other Sub-committees as the Committee may from time to time appoint.

The President shall be *ex-officio* a member of all Standing Sub-committees, the Assistant Commissioner shall be *ex-officio* a member of the Direct Tax and Nazul, Education Sub-committees and the Civil Surgeon shall be *ex-officio* a member of the Sanitation and the Finance and Executive Sub-committees. The other members shall be appointed at a Special Meeting held in the month of October in each year.

15. The term of office of each appointed member of a Sub-committee shall be such that it may elapse between the Special Meeting at which he was appointed a member of the Sub-committee, and the Special Meeting held in the month of October of the following year for the purpose of appointing members of Sub-committees for the year then next ensuing.

16. When the place of a member of a Sub-committee becomes vacant, it shall be filled by the Committee at a Special Meeting as soon as may be after the occurrence of the vacancy.

17. If, when any meeting of a Sub-committee is held, the office of Chairman is vacant, or the Chairman is absent, the members present shall elect one of their number to be the Chairman of the meeting.

Provided that the President shall be *ex-officio* Chairman of all Sub-committees when he is present at their meetings.

18. Directions which may be issued for the guidance of Sub-committees and officers shall be approved by Special Meeting.

19. Sub-committees may draw up their own rules of business. All such rules shall be subject to confirmation by the Committee. The quorum in all cases shall be two.

The Chairman shall, as far as possible, be guided in the conduct of the business by the rules of procedure laid down for Chairman of the meetings of the Committee.

20. Matters within the cognizance of a Sub-committee will ordinarily not be brought up for discussion in Committee until disposed of by the Sub-committee concerned and the matters which shall be within the cognizance of any Sub-committee shall be those mentioned in bye-law 21 and those delegated to it by the Committee, under any special or general direction and those specially sent to it by the President or Secretary.

The President or Secretary may for the sake of expedition or for other reason withdraw any business from the cognizance of any Sub-committee and may send it to any other Sub-committee or to the Committee for disposal.

21. The following subjects shall be submitted to the Standing Sub-committees.

To the Building Sub-committee.

- All applications to deposit building materials under section 170.
- All applications to erect or re-erect buildings under section 189.
- All reports and complaints of contravention of Sections 170, 189, 190.

To the Direct Tax and Nazul Sub-committee.

- All matters connected with collection of Direct Taxes, i.e., House Tax, Wheel Tax, Vehicle Taxes, Animal Taxes, Water Rates contained in Chapter VI.
- All matters connected with the collection of rents of Municipal or Nazul land.

Education Sub-committee.

- All matters pertaining to or connected with education.

Finance and Executive Sub-Committee.

All matters connected with the framing and revision of the budget.
All matters connected with the imposition of rates and taxes.

All matters in connection with the obtaining and repayment of loans.

All matters connected with the compilation and alteration of bye-laws.

All matters connected with the issue of executive directions to Sub-Committees and Heads of Departments.

All other matters which the President may direct.

Thela Sub-Committee.

All matters connected with the issue of licenses to country carts and thelas.

Lighting Sub-Committee.

All matters connected with the lighting of the city, including purchase of stores.

Octroi Sub-Committee.

All matters concerning the collection, remissions and refund of octroi.

Public Works Sub-Committee.

All matters connected with Public Works or the Water Works (except water rates).

Sanitation Sub-Committee.

All matters concerning slaughter-houses, the sale of articles intended for human consumption, burning or burial grounds, offensive trades, outbreak of disease, sanitation and public health generally.

Proceedings of all Sub-Committees (except those of the Thela Sub-Committee) shall be placed before the Committee for confirmation.

22. The following is the standard programme of meetings of the Municipal Committee and Sub-Committees, which may be varied as circumstances necessitate. All meetings will begin between the hours of 7 A.M. and 8-30 A.M., according to the season of the year:—

Sub-Committee or Committee.	Detail.	Day.	Place.	REMARKS.
1. Thela	1st and 3rd	Monday.	Tis Hazari.	
2. Building	Every	Monday. Thursday.	Town Hall.	
3. Municipal Committee .	Every	Tuesday.	Town Hall.	Secretary in attendance.
4. Octroi	1st and 3rd	Tuesday.	Do.	
5. Direct Tax	2nd and 4th	Wednesday.	Do.	
6. Lighting	3rd	Thursday.	Do.	
7. Education	3rd	Do.	Do.	
8. Sanitation	Every	Friday.	Do.	Health Officer in attendance.
9. Public Works	Every	Do.	Do.	Municipal Engineer in attendance.
10. Finance and Executive .	3rd	Saturday.	Do.	Secretary in attendance.

23. In the absence of the President, the Senior Vice-President, or, if the latter is also absent, the Junior Vice-President, will perform all the duties of the President and have the same powers. Either of the Vice-Presidents may also have imposed on him by resolution of the Committee any special duties.

Ward members shall generally supervise all Municipal matters in their respective wards and bring defects to the notice of the Secretary or Heads of Departments. Heads of Departments are directed to consult ward members freely and to ask them for their assistance and advice whenever it may be required. Such applications and complaints as the Committee may subsequently direct shall be submitted to Ward Members for opinion.

(g) *The persons by whom receipts shall be granted on behalf of the Committee for money received under the Act.*

24. Receipts shall be granted on behalf of the Committee for money received by or on behalf of the Committee by the following officers in their respective departments :—

1. The Secretary.
2. The Assistant Secretary.
3. The Civil Surgeon.
4. The Health Officer.
5. Assistant Health Officer.
6. The Tax Superintendent.
7. The Tax Inspectors.
8. The Octroi Superintendent.
9. The Nazul Darogha.
10. The Garden Superintendent.
11. Moharrirs in charge of Octroi receiving barriers, and
12. Such other persons as may be empowered by the Committee from time to time in this behalf.

(h) *The appointment, duties, executive powers, suspension and removal of officers and servants.*

Under the provisions of section 38 of Act III of 1911 the officers and servants of the Committee shall be appointed as follows :—

- (a) If their salaries exceed Rs 300 per mensem, by the Committee.
- (b) If their salaries exceed Rs 100 but do not exceed Rs 300 per mensem, by the President.
- (c) If their salaries do not exceed Rs 100 per mensem, by the Secretary, Civil Surgeon, Municipal Engineer and Health Officer in the departments under their control. Appointments of servants drawing more than Rs 50 per mensem shall be subject to the sanction of the Committee.

26. The Secretary shall generally superintend his English and Vernacular Office, the Record Room, the Octroi Branch, the Tax Branch, the Executive Branch, the Accounts Office, the Lighting Branch, the Nazul Branch, and all other branches not controlled by the Civil Surgeon, the Municipal Engineer, or Health Officer, and shall so far as may be convenient possible conduct the correspondence of the Committee under the control of the President.

He shall assist the President in every matter connected with business of the Committee and whenever required to do so, shall also assist and advise members of the Committee in connection with the business of the Committee. He shall be present at all meetings of the Committee.

He shall also be responsible that—

1. All orders of the Committee affecting the Medical, Engineering, and Sanitation Departments are communicated to those Departments.
2. All other orders of the Committee are carried out.
3. No money is expended without proper sanction.
4. All monies are paid to the right parties.
5. Registers and records are properly kept up.
6. The income from all sources is duly realized and credited in the accounts.

27. The Civil Surgeon is in Executive charge of the Civil Hospital and various dispensaries. He will be responsible for the care of the sick and analogous matters.

28. The Municipal Engineer is in immediate charge of the public works of the Municipality and their management is vested in him. He will arrange the details of their construction and maintenance; superintend the work and the accounts; he will be responsible for the proper custody and efficient repair of every work or building, including the Town Hall, and for the exact performance of all duties connected with the department under his control and for the punctual execution of orders issued by the President or by the Committee. He will have charge of, and be responsible for, all machinery, plant and stores, other than those belonging to the Sanitation Department. He will act as Secretary to the Public Works Sub-Committee. He shall also exercise the responsibilities vested in him by bye-law 38.

29. The Health Officer shall control the Sanitation Department. He shall attend to the sanitary conditions of all buildings and land, burial and burning places, markets, slaughter houses, streets, drain and sewage connections; the overcrowding of houses, offensive trades, foods and drugs, and epidemics. He shall also carry out such duties connected with sanitation and public health as the Committee may from time to time direct. He will act as Secretary to the Sanitation Sub-Committee.

30. The Assistant Secretary shall be responsible for the immediate supervision of the various offices and branches under the Secretary, and shall see that these offices carry out their work promptly and efficiently. He shall advise and report to the Secretary on all matters con-

nected with the working of these offices, and shall carry out such general and special orders relating to the work of the Secretary's Department as the President and Secretary may give him.

He shall also carry out such duties of the Secretary as the Committee may from time to time delegate to him.

31. (a) All officers and servants of the Committee shall carry out all orders issued to them by the Heads of their Departments and by those under whose orders they work.

(b) The officers and servants of the Committee who draw more than Rs30 per mensem shall not engage in any other profession, trade or calling, without the sanction, in writing, of the President or Secretary.

NOTE.—This rule does not apply to any dealings in which a person may have to take part on account of his membership of a Hindu joint family.

32. All leave and leave allowances shall be granted to Municipal officers and servants in accordance with the rules in force for Government servants, so far as they can be made applicable.

The Committee shall have power to grant furlough, leave on private affairs, leave on medical certificate and such other leave and allowances to the Heads of Departments, and that in cases of emergency the President may grant leave on medical certificate in anticipation of the sanction of the Committee.

The President shall have the power to grant privilege and absence to officers.

The Heads of Departments shall have power to grant all leave up to two months to servants under their control who draw less than Rs100 per mensem and for an indefinite period in the case of servants drawing less than Rs20 per month.

In the case of leave granted to Heads of Departments, the Committee shall sanction any arrangement necessary for carrying out the duties of the officer proceeding on leave. In all other cases the authority granting the leave may also sanction any arrangement necessary for carrying out the duties of the officer or servant proceeding on leave.

The President may suspend for one month and fine any member of the Committee to the extent of one month's salary.

34. The Head of a Department shall have the same powers as the President with reference to suspension of and imposition of fines upon persons in his Department drawing less than Rs100 per mensem.

Subject to the provisions of sections 40, 44 (2) and 45 of Act III of 1911 the officers or servants of the Committee may be removed as follows :—

(a) If their salaries exceed Rs300 per mensem, by the Committee.

(b) If their salaries do not exceed Rs300 per mensem, by the President.

(c) If their salaries do not exceed Rs100 per mensem, by the Secretary, Municipal Engineer, and Health Officer in the departments under their control.

NOTE.—Nothing in the foregoing rules shall be deemed to set aside the powers of the Committee which are granted by the Municipal Act, to appoint, punish or remove any officer or servant of the Committee.

(i) *The term for which a Vice-President shall hold office.*

35. The Vice-Presidents shall hold office from the date of their appointment by a Special Meeting to be held in October till the date of the Special Meeting held in October of the succeeding year when the new Vice-Presidents are appointed, provided that the Vice-Presidents shall be eligible for re-appointment.

(j) *Appeal from executive orders of Sub-Committees, the President, Vice-President, Members, Officers and Servants of the Committee.*

36. Any servant of the Committee who is aggrieved or affected by an order passed by a Head of a Department may appeal therefrom provided that the order is an executive order passed for the control of establishment. Such appeal must be submitted to the President who will send the case with such remarks as he may consider suitable to the Ordinary Meeting for disposal.

(k) *All other similar matters.*

FINANCIAL PROCEDURE.

37. The following Financial Procedure shall be observed :—

(a) The annual and revised budget shall be brought before the Special Meeting in October or November in each year.

(b) Once a month the Secretary shall lay on the table a statement of the income and expenditure of the Committee from the beginning of the financial year to the end of the preceding month under each budget head and sub-head with a comparative statement of the corresponding figures for the previous year.

(c) Once a month the Secretary shall cause to be printed in the agenda a statement showing in abstract the comparative amounts for the current year and the

preceding year received and expended under the major budget heads from the beginning of the financial year to the end of the preceding month; also an abstract of the expenditure under loans works and expenditure financed from Government grants.

38. The Accountant shall be authorized to pass all public works bills presented to him for payment under the signature of the Municipal Engineer up to the amount sanctioned by the Committee for any such works. The Municipal Engineer shall alone be responsible for seeing that such payments are made only for works and details included in the estimate sanctioned by the Public Works Sub-committee.

39. Tender for public works to the value of R500 or over will not be sent to the Committee for sanction till its original estimate has been sanctioned by the Public Works Sub-committee, and when the tender does so come for sanction, the exact amount which it is for, shall be stated and the Committee shall dispose of the question of contract, if any, in the same resolution.

40. In anticipation of sanction of the Municipal Committee the President and in the case of Public Works charges, the Public Works Sub-committee shall have the power to sanction expenditure, if provided for in the budget to the ~~amount of Rs.1,000 in any~~ one case.

and the Health Officer shall have the power to sanction the expenditure of Rs. 100 in each case, provided that no one of them shall so sanction the expenditure of more than Rs. 500 in any one month.

42. The Secretary shall have the power to allocate all vacant poor-fund pensions, after having made due inquiry into the propriety of the allocation.

GENERAL MATTERS.

43. For the purpose of statistical administration the area within Municipal limits divided into wards.

One elected member shall represent each ward; in his absence or for any other reason the President may depute another member to carry on his business.

44. The Municipal Office shall be open on all days, except on holidays observed in the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, and the office hours shall be from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.

45. On all ~~the~~ days any member of the Committee may call for and inspect in the office any papers connected with Municipal business, except any particular file on which the President may have passed orders to a contrary effect.

The 4th December 1913.

No. 8954-Home.—The services of Mr. S. M. Jacob, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India for reversion to the Punjab with effect from the 1st November 1913.

The 8th December 1918.

No. 8998-C. & I.—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current at the head-quarters of the Province of Delhi are published for information :—

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the head-quarters of the Delhi Province at the close of the half month ending 30th November 1918.

ITEMS.		Amount per Rupee.
W heat		10 0
Barley		13 0
Rice	{ Best sort	3 0
	{ Common sort	5 12
Jowár (Andropogon sorghum)		13 0
Bájra (Pennisetum typhoideum)		10 0
Mandwa (Eleansine Coracana)		...
Kangni (Setaria Italica)		...
Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)		12 12
Maize		12 8
Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dál)		12 8
Firewood		55 0
Salt,	{ Wholesale	...
	{ Retail	22 0
Gur		9 0
Cotton (unginned)		6 12
Bejhar		5 0
		13 0

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food-grains, etc., in the mart at the head-quarters of the Province of Delhi, during the fortnight ending 30th November 1913.

ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees.		
	Rs.	A.	P.
Rice, unhusked	3	8	0
" husked	6	11	0
Wheat	3	12	0
Barley	3	15	0
Oats	2	14	0
Jowar	3	12	0
Bajra	3	0	0
Maize	3	0	0
Dal	4	4	0
Peas	9	0	0
Mustard seed (Sarshaf)	6	0	0
Soyseed	3	8	0
Linjili seed	4	0	0
Sugar (raw), Gur	5	8	0
Cotton (cleaned)	20	8	0
Cotton seed	2	8	0
" (wheat)	53	0	0
Leaf (dry)	4	8	0
Turkey ground	7	0	0
Salt	10	0	0
Raw hides (cow)	1	12	0
Bran	35	0	0
Grass (dry)	2	0	0
Bhusa	1	2	3
Jowar stalks (dry)	1	0	10
Kerosene oil (per tin, stating the brand)	1	2	3
Plough bullocks, per pair	2	2	9
Sheep, per score	150	0	0
Bejhar	8	0	0
	3	0	0

No. 9000-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned municipal towns in the province of Delhi for the week ending 29th November 1913 is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.								Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of Births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of Deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.	
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.			Total.
	Delhi . . .	230,471	181	111	242	110	100	210	...	...	...	139	7	50	..	14	1	39	24	63	57.1	50.0
	Notified Area.	...	1	1	2	1	1	2	...	...	...	2	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	182	112	244	111	101	212	...	...	...	141	7	50	...	14	1	39	24	63	...	...

ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL.

Notice of Deaths sent to the Administrator-General of Bengal under section 64 of Act II of 1874.

Name of deceased.	Place of death.	Date of death.	By whom death reported, and when.	REMARKS.
Mr. Simon Baroni, a pilot of Bassein.	Bassein . . .	21st Sept. 1913 .	District Judge, Bassein, on 29th October 1913.	Application for probate of the Will of the deceased has been made by Mr. George Booth of Bassein.
Mr. Felix John Finzi	Seleng Tea Estate in the district of Sib-sagar.	3rd Aug. " . .	Judge of the Assam Valley Districts on 3rd November 1913.	The deceased left a Will which is inoperative, he having died a minor. The assets of the estate appear to be under Rs. 1,000 in value. It has been suggested by the
Mrs. Isabel Bloomfield Fraser.	Naini Tal . . .	3rd Oct. " . .	Commissioner and District Judge, Kumaun Division, on 6th November 1913.	that any application for a certificate under section 36 of Act II of 1913 will be considered him.
Captain George William Murphy of the I.S.M.D., retired.	Udaipur . . .	5th " " . .	District Judge, Sabarnapur, on 5th November 1913.	The deceased died intestate and the property left by her consisting of a nominal value and cash Rs. 12- The Administrator-General does not propose to take any action in the matter.
Mr. A. Kinghorn, an employee of Burma Development Syndicate, Ltd., Maliwun.	Maliwun . . .	3rd July " . .	District Judge, Mergui, on 31st October 1913.	The deceased died intestate and the assets of the estate appear to consist of household furniture and a rifle which are in the custody of the widow. The Administrator-General does not propose to interfere in this estate.
Mr. John Richard D'Souza, late of Simla.	Calcutta . . .	21st December 1911 .	District Judge, Simla, on 18th November 1913.	No Will of the deceased has been found and one has yet applied for probate or Letters of Administration. Further report from the District Judge is awaited.
Mr. E. Florence, Manager, Malnicherra Tea Garden, Sylhet.	Ditto . . .	11th July 1913 .	District Judge, Sylhet, on 24th November 1913.	The value of the estate not known. No application for Letters of Administration has been made, the deceased widow has partly disposed with the assets of the estate and it is not proposed to interfere in the estate to consider application of any order under section 37 Act II of 1874.
Mr. Maurice Power .	Darjeeling . .	31st October 1913 .	District Judge, Dinajpur, on 25th November 1913.	Rev. J. W. Robert Missionary, Sylhet, who has been appointed Executor, is applying for probate of the Will left by the deceased.
Mr. L. Bromley Moulson, an employee in the Empress Mills, Nagpur.	Nagpur . . .	27th September 1913	District Judge, Nagpur, on 11th November 1913.	The probate of the Will left by the deceased was granted by the District Judge of Dinajpur on 1 November 1913.
				The deceased appears to have left no Will and application for Letters of Administration has been made. The Administrator-General is in communication with the District Judge regarding the assets and liabilities of the estate.

ALEX. KINNEY,

Offg. Administrator-General of Bengal

No. 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET,
CALCUTTA;
The 29th November 1913.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 4th December 1913.

No. 1698-*Ap.*—The following promotions and appointments are made with effect from the 11th November 1913, *vice* Mr. H. C. Roussac, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, retired :—

- Mr. F. J. Baker to be confirmed in the 1st grade;
- Mr. R. N. Vear to be promoted provisionally to the 1st grade;
- Mr. J. J. Emerson to be confirmed in the 2nd grade; Rao Bahadur Willait Rao, on leave, to be promoted provisionally to the 2nd grade;
- Mr. C. Probyn Smith to be confirmed in the 3rd grade;
- Mr. R. D. Nash to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade;
- Mr. J. H. Owens to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade;
- Chai Narindra Singh to be appointed substantively as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade;
- Babu Jnanendra Nath Datta, probationary Superintendent of post offices, Bengal, a Acting Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, to be appointed provisionally Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade.

The 6th December 1913.

No. 1708-*Ap.*—Mr. T. G. Chiodetti, Postmaster, Agra, 400—500, is granted privilege leave for 15 days with effect from the 1st November 1913.

No. 1712-*Ap.*—Mr. Jogdhyan Vaid, Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 3rd grade, Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, South Bengal, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 2nd January 1914, on the date on which he may avail himself of it.

• Mr. C. N. Ramakrishna Reddy, Assistant Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, a Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, South Bengal, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Jogdhyan Vaid, or until further orders.

The 8th December 1913.

No. 1743-*Ap.*—Mr. S. P. R. Granger, Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, a Personal Assistant to the Postmaster-General, Eastern Bengal and Assam, is granted privilege leave for 20 days with effect from the 9th November 1913.

The 11th December 1913.

No. 1750-*Ap.*—Mr. W. J. Gardiner, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, is granted leave on medical certificate for one month with effect from the 19th November 1913.

• Mr. J. J. Newton, Superintendent, office of the Postmaster-General, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, with effect from the 21st November 1913 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. W. J. Gardiner.

W. MAXWELL.

Director-General, Posts and Telegraphs

POSTAL NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 5th December 1913.

MODE OF ADDRESSING POSTAL ARTICLES FOR TROOPS ON DUTY AT THE DACCA CONCENTRATION CAMP IN JANUARY-FEBRUARY 1914.

Correspondence posted in India for delivery to troops on duty at the Dacca Concentration Camp should be addressed as follows :—

Rank, Name,

Regiment, Battery, Staff appointment or Department, etc., Dacca Concentration.

Care should be taken to specify clearly in each case the regiment, battery, staff appointment or department of the addressee.

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs

REPORT OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, dated at Ahmednagar, this 5th day of December 1913.

Number, Rank and Name—9114, Private, William Sutton.
Age—23 years.
Height—5 feet 9 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, grey.
Trade—Boatman.
Date of enlistment—2nd July 1909.

Place of enlistment—Oxford.
Parish and County in which born—Hinckley, Leicestershire.
Date of desertion or absence—3rd December 1913.
Place of desertion or absence—Ahmednagar.
Marks—Indistinct tattoo marks left forearm.
Under 5 years' service.

E. A. E. LETHBRIDGE, Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding 1st Battalion, The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 13th Hussars, dated at Meerut, this 7th day of December 1913.

Number, Rank, and Name—10041, Private, Albert George Smith.
Age—27 years 7 months.
Height—5 feet 7½ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, dark brown; eyes, blue.
Trade—Farrier.
Date of enlistment—12th March 1913.
Place of enlistment—C.

Parish and County in which born—Buckinghamshire.
Date of desertion or absence—2nd December 1913.
Place of desertion or absence—Meerut.
Marks—Tattoo:—Crossed hands and 2 ft front of chest; lancer right lower arm; left arm Buffalo Bill; heart transfixed day left forearm.
Under 1 year's service.

J. J. RICHARDSON, Major,
Commanding 13th Hussars.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATION.**

Simla, the 9th December 1913.

No. 2038-G.—Lieutenant-Colonel T. H. Henderson, I.A., Controller of Military Accounts, is granted privilege leave for sixty days with effect from the 12th February 1914.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA,
8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

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Manager, Educational Book Depôts, Nagpur and Jubbulpore.
Manager of the Imperial Book Depot, 63, Chandni Chalk Street, Delhi.
Manager, East Coast News, Vizagapatnam.
Manager, "The Agra Medical Hall and Co-operative Association, Limited" (Successors to A. John & Co., Agra).
Mr. T. K. Seetharam Aiyar, Kumbakonam.
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Messrs. D. C. Anand & Sons, Peshawar.
Mr. Ram Dayal Agarwala, 134, Kutra Allahabad.

* Agents for sale of the Legislative Department publications.

NOTICE.—Books and Acts required for private use only can be purchased. Applications should be accompanied by a remittance, unless it is wished that the books should be sent by value-payable post, in which case, besides the ordinary postage, an additional charge is made for registration and commission.

Books and Acts required for the public service should be obtained through the Local Government to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agent to the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

List No. 1 of 1913, dated 30th June 1913, of Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. 1a. (1a.)

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. VI (Index of Cases) Edition 1913. Super-Royal. 8v. Cloth. Rs. 6 or 9s. (10a.)

A Collection of Statutes relating to India, Vol. II (From 1888 up to 1912) Edition 1913. Super-Royal. 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 6 or 9s. (10a.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Classification and Uses of Finger Prints (Fourth Edition) by Sir E. R. Henry G.C.V.O., K.C.B., C.S.I. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 2 or 2s. (3a.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India, October to December 1913. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

- Scientific Memoirs New Series, No. 60. Studies on the Mouth Parts and Sucking Apparatus of the Blood Sucking Diptera, No. 4. The Comparative Anatomy of the Proboscis in the blood Sucking Muscidae.** Super Royal. 8vo. Board. Rs. 1-2 or 1s. 9d. (5a.)
- Indian Educational Policy, 1913. (Being a Resolution issued by the Governor General in Council on the 21st February 1913.** Demy 8vo. Cloth. 4a. or 5d. (2a.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

- The Indian Forest Records, Vol. V, Part III, Report on the investigation of Savannah Grasses as Material for Production of Paper Pulp.** By W. Raitt, F.C.S. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.)
- Classified List of Forest Officers of the Imperial and Provincial Services in India and Burma on 1st July 1913.** Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)
- The Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part II, Economy Series.—On the Economic Value of Shorea Robusta (Sal) by R. S. Pearson, F.L.S.** Super-Royal. 4to. Board. Rs. 1-12 or 3s. (5a.)
- List of Officers in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, India, and in the Departments under its Administrative Control, corrected to 1st July 1913.** Royal 8vo. Board. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)
- Proceedings of the Conference of Registrars of Co-operative Societies with Appendix.** Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

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Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 2-4, by H. Beveridge at Rs. 1-4.

Tirtha Cintamani. Fasc. 4, by Kamal Krishna Smrititirtha at As. 10.

Maasir-i-Rahini. Fasc. 3, by Maulavi Hadyet Hosain at Rs. 2.

Bisvahitam. By Bisvambhar Jyotisaravata at As. 10.

- Upamitibhayaprapancha Katha.** Fasc. 3. Part 2, by Dr. H. Jacobi at As. 10.
Munta Khab-ul Tawarikh, Part 3. Fasc. 2, by Lieutenant-Colonel T. W. Haig at Re. 1.
Kiranavall. Fasc. 3, by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhauma at As. 10.
Sri Surisarvasyam. Fasc. 1, by Jagannath Misra at As. 10.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 10, by Rai Sarat Chandra Das Bahadur at Re. 1.
Samaraloca Kaha. Fasc. 5, by Dr. H. Jacobi at As. 10.
Saduktikaranamrita. Fasc. 1, by Ramavatara Sarma at As. 10.
Smriti Prakas. Fasc. 1, by M. M. Sadasiva Misra at As. 10.
Amar Tika Kamadhenuh, by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at Re. 1.

**LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1913.**

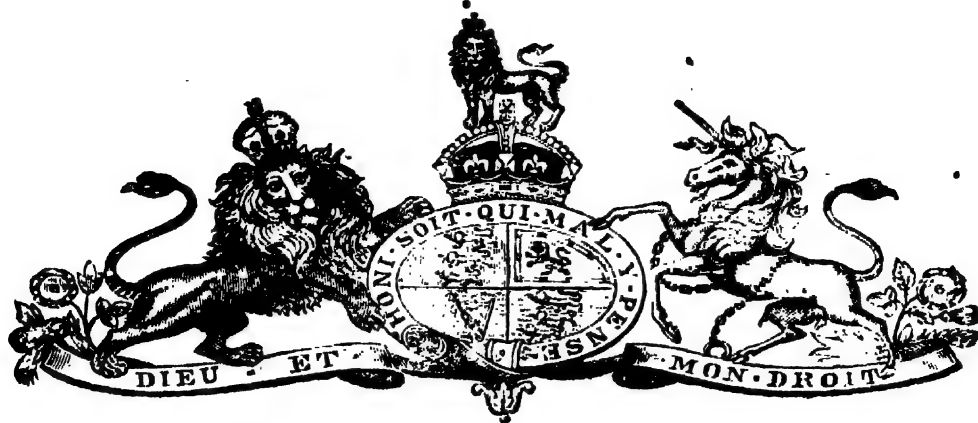
- Monthly Weather Review, November 1912 to April 1913.** (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1 per month.
Potential Gradient at Simla, India, Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VI. By G. C. Simpson, D.Sc. (Illustrated by 2 plates.) Paper cover. 8a.
The Cold Weather of Northern India, Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXII, Part VII. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. and Rai Bahadur Raj. Quarto. Paper cover, 8a.
Monthly and Annual rainfall normals, Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXII, Part I. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 8.

**LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.**

- Monthly and Annual rainfall of number of rainy days, Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXII, Part II.** By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1-8.
Monthly Weather Review, May to July 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price Re. 1 each.
Monthly Weather Review, June 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price Re. 1.
Monthly Weather Review, July 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price Re. 1.

**LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA
DURING THE WEEK ENDING 22ND SEPTEMBER 1913.**

- Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palaeontologia Indica, New Series Volume V, Memoir No. 1** C. D. Dyer, Ph. D. Triassic Faunae of Kashmir (with plates I to XII) Rs. 3-4.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

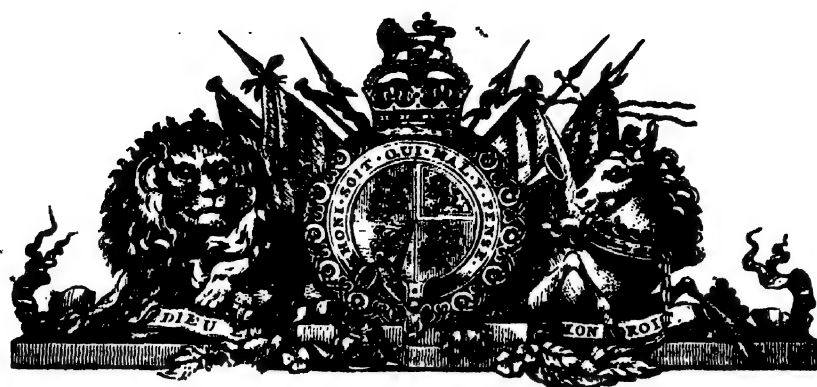
ESTATE DR. J. W. McCrindle

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Dr. John son McCrindle, who died on 16th July 1913 at 10, Penesta Road, Westcliff-on-Sea, Messrs of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to Joseph Carstairs Roberts Messrs Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same

January next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said administrator will proceed to administer the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

J. C. R. JOHNSTON.

CALCUTTA ;
The 28th November 1913.



The Calcutta Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY

MONDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1913

GOVERNMENT OF

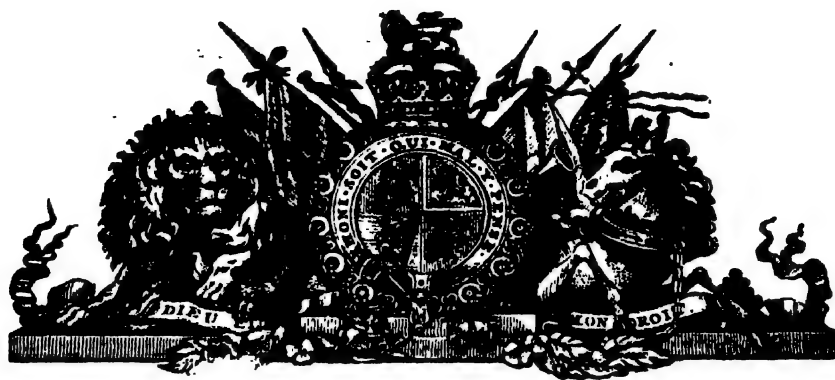
POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION

No. 9159P.—*The 15th December 1913.*—I exercise the powers conferred by section 12, sub-section (1) of the Indian Press Act, 1910 (No. 10 of 1910), the Governor in Council hereby declares all copies, ~~over and above~~ of the printed leaflet in the English language, headed ~~as~~ *Arise, awake and stop not till the goal is reached,* and beginning with the words "O to struggle against odds, to meet ~~us~~ *undaunted,*" and ending with the words "Bande Mataram" in *magri* character, to be forfeited to His Majesty on the grounds that the said leaflet contains exhortations to rebel against the British Government and to commit murder, and it appears to the Governor in Council that the said leaflet contains words which are likely to lead to acts of violence and to excite disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India.

J. G. CUMMING,

Offg. Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION

No. 9277P.—*The 17th December 1913.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12, sub-section (1) of the Indian Press Act, 1910, of 1910, the Governor in Council hereby declares all copies ever found of the leaflet cyclostyled in English, headed "Yogantra," "Yogantra," and ending with the words "Members of the Managing Committee, Yogantra Paper," to be forfeited to His Majesty the Governor in Council that the said leaflet contains words which are likely to incite to acts of violence and to excite disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

DELHI, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 17 1912

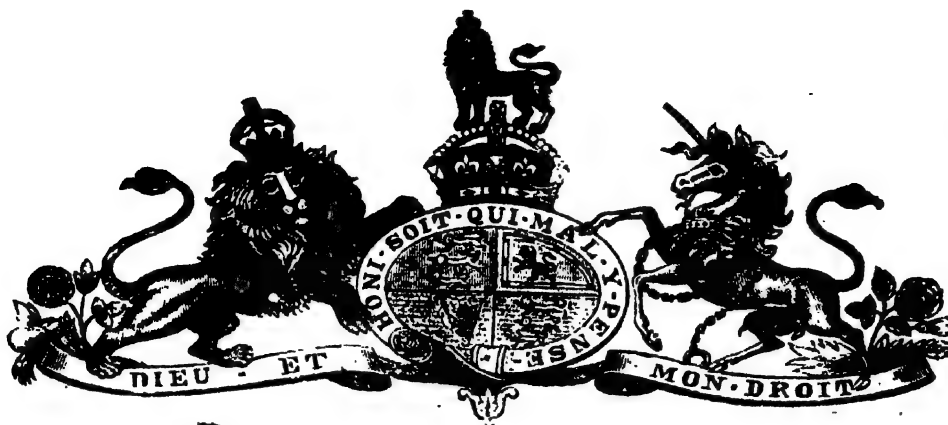
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Delhi, the 17th Decembe

No. 76.—In pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XVIII of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General of India, published under Notification No. 61 dated the 14th November, 1912, the Governor General is pleased to call upon the electorates mentioned below to elect, in accordance with the said Regulations, the Member or Members assigned to them respectively by the tenth day of January, 1913 :—

- | | Members. |
|---|----------|
| (I) The non-official Additional Members of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George | 2 |
| (II) The Landholders in the Presidency of Fort St. George | - |
| (III) The Muhammadan community in the Presidency of Fort St. George | - |



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1913

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be used as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 19th December 1913.

No. 5179-M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General will leave Delhi by special train on the night of Sunday, the 21st December. The departure will be private.

A Viceregal salute will be fired on M

The Viceroy will arrive at Calcutta on the morning of the 23rd, the arrival being public, and will leave on the night of the 27th December, the departure being private.

Viceregal salutes will be fired on the mornings of the 23rd and 28th December to announce His Excellency's arrival at, and departure from, Calcutta.

His Excellency will arrive at Delhi on the morning of the 29th instant. The arrival will be private. A Viceregal salute will be fired to announce His Excellency's return to Delhi.

All covers intended to reach His Excellency the Viceroy and party during the tour should be addressed "Viceroy's Camp" without the addition of any post town.

The party accompanying His Excellency will be:—

Her Excellency the Lady Hardinge.

Sir James DuBoulay, K.C.I.E., Private Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. A. Maxwell, V.C., C.S.I., D.S.O., Military Secretary.

Captain W. W. Muir, A.-D.-C.

Captain A. A. Tod, A.-D.-C.

Captain J. J. Astor, A.-D.-C.

Captain R. L. B. A.-D.-C.

Captain F. St. J. A.-D.-C.

All communications for than those of an urgent nature, should, as usual, be addressed to the headquarters of the Viceroy at Delhi.

By Command,

F. A. MAXWELL, *Lieut. Col.*

Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

ACTIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 19th December 1913.

No. 72.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Honourable Mr. Michael William Fenton, C.S.I., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

No. 73.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., c. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General of India, published under Notification No. 61, dated the 14th November 1912, the Governor General is pleased to nominate the Honourable Mr. Alexander Henderson Diack, C.V.O., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, *vice* Mr. M. W. Fenton, C.S.I., resigned.

The 19th December 1913.

No. 74.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7 Cap. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation I. B. (a) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General of India, published under Notification No. 61, dated the 14th November 1912, the Governor General is pleased to re-nominate the Hon'ble Mr. Ludovic Charles Porter, C.I.E., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, with effect from the 23rd instant.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.****ESTABLISHMENTS.***Delhi, the 12th December 1913.*

No. 2700.—The services of Mr. V. Connolly, of the Indian Civil Service, an Assistant Commissioner in the Punjab, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, with effect from the 24th November 1913, for employment as Additional District Magistrate, Delhi.

No. 2703.—Mr. A. Broun, C.S.I., has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 10th November 1913.

The 15th December 1913.

No. 402-C.—Mr. W. Booth-Gravely, of the Indian Civil Service, Officiating Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, is confirmed in that appointment with effect from the 13th December 1913.

JAILS*The 16th December*

No. 265.—The notification of the Government of India, Home Department, no. 231, dated the 14th November 1913, placing the services of Mr. R. E. Flowerdew, M.B., I.M.S., temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Madras for employment in the Jail Department, is hereby cancelled.

The 15th December 1913.

No. 407-C.—Mr. B. K. Mullick, Indian Civil Service, took his seat as an Additional Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the 22nd November 1913.

PORT BLAIR.*Simla, the 15th December 1913.*

No. 364.—In the Home Department notification no. 248, dated the 27th August 1913, announcing the grant of ninety days' privilege leave to Engineer E. Guppy, R.I.M., Engineer and Harbour Master, Port Blair, for "with effect from the 29th September 1913" substitute "with effect from the afternoon of the 4th October 1913".

H. WHEELER,*Secretary to the Government of India.*

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Delhi, the 15th December 1913.

No. 652.—The Reverend J. A. Thomson has been appointed to be a chaplain on probation on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment to fill an existing vacancy.

MAHARAJ SINGH

*for Secretary to the Government of India.**The 16th December 1913.*

No. 657.—The services of the undermentioned chaplains of the Church of Scotland, Bombay, are placed at the disposal of the Army Department:—

The Revd. J. Matthew.

The Revd.

The 19th December 1913.

No. 658.—Mr. H. McNeill, a Junior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland, Ecclesiastical Establishment, is promoted to be a Senior Chaplain from the 31st October 1913.

SANITARY.

The 16th December 1913.

No. 2004.—Major A. C. MacGilchrist, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Rajshahi, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Director General, Indian Medical Service, with effect from the 30th October 1913, or any subsequent date on which he may be relieved of his duties.

The Department of Education, notifications nos. 1663 and 1769-Sanitary dated the 22nd October 1913 and 19th November 1913 respectively.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FORESTS.

Delhi, the 18th December 1913.

No. 110-C.—Mr. J. A. G. Douglas Hamilton, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Bombay Presidency, is attached to the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, for duty till further orders, with effect from the forenoon of 17th November 1913.

METEOROLOGY.

The 18th December 1913.

No. 113-C.—Dr. T. Royds, Assistant Director, Kodaikanal Observatory, is appointed to act as Director, Kodaikanal and Madras Observatories, with effect from the afternoon of the 10th December 1913, during the absence of Mr. J. Evershed on deputation to New Zealand or until further orders.

FAMINE.

The 18th December 1913.

* **No. 120-C.**—With reference to Rule 3, clause (b) of the Rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 1616-F., dated the 25th July 1900, the Government of Madras have appointed the Honourable Nawab Saiyid Muhammad Sahib Bahadur, an additional Member of the Council of His Excellency the Governor General, to be a Member of the Board of Management of the Indian People's Famine Trust in place of Raja Vaivichevla Virabhadra Razir, Zamindar of Kurupam, resigned.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 16th December 1913.

No. 2325-G.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that the Consulate-General for Portugal at Calcutta has been raised by the Portuguese Government to the rank of a Consulate, and that, with the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Government in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Monsieur C. J. de Almeida as Consul-General.

No. 16 **st. A.**—Major S. Hunt, Indian Medical Service, 2nd class, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from 1 November, 1918.

The 17th December 1913.

No. 2335-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Governor-General and Council is pleased to recognise Baron E. Von Rosen as attaché d'ambassade at Calcutta with power to act as the representative of the German Government at Calcutta in the event of the latter's absence.

No. 3173-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel R. C. Meewat, ~~in~~ Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, on being relieved of the duties of Officiating Agency Surgeon of the 1st class, and Civil Surgeon, Ajmer, and Chief Medical Officer in Rajputana, is posted as Agency Surgeon, ~~Muzir, District of~~ ~~with effect from the 7th November~~ 1913.

The 18th December 1973.

No. 3799-I.B. -In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions shall be made to the notifications of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 780-I.B. and No. 782-I.B., dated the 9th April 1913, as subsequently amended, providing for the administration of justice on certain railways in Kathiawar, namely : -

After the entries relating to the Botad-Vinchhi section of the Botad-Jasdan Branch of the Bhavnagar Railway, in the schedule to notification No. 780-I.B., dated the 9th April 1913, the following shall be added, namely:—

[illegible]

After the entries relating to the Botad-Vinchhia section of the Botad-Jasdan Branch of the Bhavnagar Railway, in the schedule to notification No. 782-I.B., dated the 9th April 1913, the following shall be added, namely : —

[illegible]

No. 3800-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 784-I. B., dated the 9th April 1913, (as subsequently amended) applying the provisions of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and of the Indian Railway Board Act, 1905 (IV of 1905), to railway lands in certain Native States, namely :—

After the entries relating to the Botad-Vinchhia section of the Botad-Jasdan Branch of the Bhavnagar Railway system, the following shall be added, namely :—

Vinchhia-Jasdan	Bhavnagar Jasdan	The Government of Bombay.
-----------------	---------------------	---------------------------

Delhi, the 18th December 1913.

No. 129-D.—Captain T. G. M. Harris of the Political Department is posted as Assistant Political Agent, Zhob, with effect from the 28th November 1913.

No. 134-D.—~~of~~ E. Hamilton of the Political Department is posted as First Assistant to the Agent, a Governor General in Rajputana and Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara with effect from the 12th December 1913.

J. B. WOOD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Delhi, the 15th December 1913.

No. 1602/E.—Mr. L. Majumdar has been appointed to officiate as Comptroller, India Treasury, with effect from the 2nd December 1913.

Delhi, the 19th December 1913.

No. 1626/E.—Mr. P. B. Wood has been appointed as Deputy Accountant, Railways, with effect from the 1st December 1913.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Delhi, the 12th December 1913.

No. 10657-4.—The services of the Honourable Mr. S. R. Arthur, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the 4th December 1913.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 20th December 1913.

No. 10692-2.—Mr. E. G. L. Laird MacGregor, I.C.S., is appointed to officiate as a Collector, Class III, in the Imperial Customs Service, with effect from the 5th November 1913, and is posted to Bengal.

	Tariff value per lb.
Figured or coloured goods.	
A. F.	
16. Bedcovers, twilled sheets, quilts, and table-cloths, with borders not over $\frac{1}{4}$ "	9 8
17. Bedcovers, quilts, table-cloths, twilled or plain wove sheets and chadars, coloured warp or weft	10 6
18. Bedcovers, quilts, table-cloths, twilled or plain wove sheets and chadars, coloured warp and weft	11 6
19. Bed ticking, plain or drilled	9 3
20. Check gumchas and check cholias	11 6
21. Cholis and saris (coloured)	12 3
22. Cotton tweed, commonly called hunting cloth, plain or striped, including leheria, Thana susi, Thana drill, Thana twill, and Thana check	11 0
23. English patterned checks, trouserings and coatings	12 0
24. Drills, striped	9 3
25. " checked	9 3
26. " dyed E. I.	11 0
27. Fancy dobby checks, coloured warp and weft	11 6
28. Fents fr.	8 6
29. Flannel pattern susi and dobby susi, grey weft	10 6
30. " " " " " coloured weft	11 6
31. Lungis, coloured	11 6
32. Lungs with coloured stripes and borders	9 0
33. " " " " " " A	9 3
34. " " " " " "	10 3
35. " " " " " "	11 3
36. " " " " " "	11 0
37. " " " " " " coloured warp or weft	11 3
38. " " " " " " ordinary, grey ground	10 0
39. " " " " " " ordinary, coloured stripes, grey ground	10 0
40. " " " " " " weft	11 3
41. Tent cloth blue and red	11 0
42. " " " " " "	11 3
43. Towels Turkish,	11 6
44. " " " " " " blue and red	18 0
45. " " " " " " honeycomb and other sorts, grey	9 3
46. " " " " " " as above	9 3
47. Zephyr cloth	9 9
48. " " " " " " striped and checked	11 9

Provided that any goods specified in the foregoing lists shall, when woven with borders of silk, be assessed to duty *ad valorem*.

CUSTOMS.

Delhi, the 20th December 1913.

No. 10813—128.—IN exercise of the powers conferred by sections 22 and 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), in modification of the tariff values fixed by the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), as amended by the Indian Tariff Act (1894) Amendment Act, 1896 (III of 1896), and as further altered from time to time by Notifications of the Governor General in Council, the Governor General in Council is pleased to fix, with effect from the 1st January 1914, for the articles specified in column 2 of the schedule hereto annexed, the tariff values stated in column 4 of the said schedule.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF).

GENERAL DUTIES.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff • Valuation.	Duty.
	ANIMALS, LIVING.		<i>R a.</i>	
1	HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, and all other living animals of all kinds .	...	...	Free.
	ARTICLES OF FOOD AND DRINK.			
2	COFFEY	cwt.	42 0	Five per cent.
3	FRUITS AND VEGETABLES (except fresh fruits and vegetables not separately enumerated, which are free)—			
	Almonds without shell	"	80 0	"
	" in the shell	"	20 0	"
	" (kigazi)	"	70 0	"
	Cashew or cajoo kernels	"	28 0	"
	Cocoanuts, Straits	"	70 0	"
	" other	"	65 0	"
	" kernel (khopra)	"	22 0	"
	Currents	"	22 0	"
	Dates, dry, in bags	"	7 0	"
	" wet " baskets and bundles	"	6 0	"
	" " in pots, boxes, tins and crates	"	8 0	"
	Figs, Persian, dried	"	9 0	"
	Garlic	"	0 0	"
	Hops	"	"	Free, five per cent.
	Pistachio nuts	"	"	"
	Prunes, Bussora (ulu-Bokhara)	"	"	"
	Raisins, black	"	"	"
	" kishmish, Persian Gulf	"	"	"
	" Munakka " "	cwt	11 0	"
	" other sorts	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Walnuts, all descriptions	"	"	"
	All other sorts of fruits and vegetables	"	"	"
	GRAIN AND PULSE, including broken grain and pulse, but not including flour			Free.
	MINERAL AND AERATED WATERS, and all unfermented and non-alcoholic beverages		<i>ad valorem</i>	Five. per cent.
	PROVISIONS, OILMAN'S STORES, AND GROCERIES—			
	Beef	"	"	"
	Bêche de mer	lb	1 4	"
	Butter	cwt.	12 0	"
	Cassava, Tapioca or Sago	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Cheese	cwt (nett)	24 0	"
	China preserves in syrup	lb	0 5	"
	" " dry, candied	cwt.	4 8	"
	Cocum	"	"	Free.
	Fish-maws	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
	Flour	"	"	"
	Ghi	cwt	75 0	"
	Margarine	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Pork hams	"	"	Free.
	Shark-fins	"	"	"
	Singally and sozille	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	Two and one-half per cent.
	Vinegar, in casks	"	"	Five per cent.
	" not in casks— Persian	"	"	"
	Indian	"	"	"
	All other sorts of provisions, oilman's stores, and groceries	"	"	"
	SPICES—			
	Betelnuts, raw, whole, split, or sliced, from (Goa	cwt	13 8	"
	" " " " " " Straits and Dutch East Indies	"	8 0	"
	" whole, from Ceylon	"	11 0	"
	" raw, split (sun dried) from Ceylon	"	20 0	"
	" all other sorts	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Chillies, dry	cwt	12 0	"
	Cloves	"	52 0	"
	" stems and heads	"	10 0	"
	" in seeds, narlavang	"	13 0	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
ARTICLES OF FOOD AND DRINK— <i>contd.</i>				
7	SPICES— <i>contd.</i>		<i>B a.</i>	
	Ginger, dry			
	Mace	cwt	18 0	Five per cent.
	Nutmegs	lb	1 12	"
	" in shell	"	0 5	"
	Pepper, black	"	0 3	"
	" white	cwt	34 0	"
	All other sorts of spices	"	60 0	"
8	SUGAR, crystallised, beet	cwt	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" " and soft, refined in China	cwt	9 12	"
	" " from Java, 23 Dutch standard and above	"	11 8	"
	" " sks, colour from Java, 16 Dutch standard	"	9 8	"
	" " and white	"	8 12	"
	" dohhy suni	11	6	"
	Molasses from Java	"	8 4	"
	" " other " from Mauritius, equal to 16 Dutch standard and over.	"	9 8	"
	Sugar, all other sorts	"	2 4	"
	confectionery	"	2 8	"
9	TEA, black (A countries)	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" " including saccharine produce of all kinds and	"		"
	" " each	"	0 11	"
	" " English grey	lb	0 10	"
	" " ordinary, grey	"		"
10	CHEMICAL PRODUCTS, DRUGS, MEDICINES AND NARCOTICS, AND TANNING MATERIALS.			
	Acid, sulphuric			
	Alkali, Ind			
	Alum			
	Arsenic (Credic)		<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" " in (sajji-khar)	cwt	2 6	"
	Copperas	"	5 0	"
	" " ina mansil	"	20 0	"
	" " for sorts	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Explosives, and all other sorts	"	"	Two and one-half per cent.
	fuse			
	gelatine, dynamite, roburite, tonite,			
	including detonators and blasting			
	striped and checked		"	Five per cent.
	Sal ammoniac	cwt	31 0	"
	Soda ash	"	3 12	"
	Soda bicarbonate	"	5 0	"
	Sulphate of copper	"	19 0	"
	Sulphur (brimstone), flour	"	5 8	"
	" " roll	"	5 4	"
	" " rough	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	All other sorts of chemical products and preparations, including saltpetre, borax, grape-sugar, and glucose, but excluding nitrate of soda, muriate of potash, sulphate of ammonia, sulphate of potash, kainit salts, nitrate of lime, calcium cyanamide, and mineral superphosphates, which are free	"	"	"
11	DRUGS, MEDICINES, AND NARCOTICS—			
	Aloes, black	"	"	"
	" Socotra	"	"	"
	Aloe-wood	"	"	"
	Anti-plague serum	"	"	"
	Asafoetida (hing)	cwt	115 0	Free. Five per cent.
	" coarse (hingra)	"	30 0	"
	Atary, Persian	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Banslochan (bamboo camphor)	lb	0 6	"
	Brimstone (amalsara)	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Calumba root	cwt	8 0	"
	Camphor, refined, other than powder	lb	1 4	"
	Camphor, in powder	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Cassia lignea	cwt	25 0	"
	China root (chobchint), rough	"	9 0	"
	" " scraped	"	15 0	"
	Cocaine	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Cubebs	cwt	95 0	"
	Galangal, China	"	7 0	"
	Pellitory (akalkara)	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Peppermint, crystals	"	"	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
	CHEMICALS, DRUGS, MEDICINES, AND NARCOTICS, AND DYEING AND TANNING MATERIALS— <i>contd.</i>		R a.	
11	DRUGS, MEDICINES, AND NARCOTICS— <i>contd.</i>			
	Quinine and other alkaloids of cinchona	...	...	Free.
	Salap	cwt	140 0	Five per cent.
	Senna leaves	...	ad valorem	"
	Storax, liquid (rose mollos or salaras)	cwt	33 0	"
	All other sorts of drugs, medicines, and narcotics, except opium and tobacco (for which see Schedule III)	...	ad valorem	"
12	DYEING AND TANNING MATERIALS—			
	Alizarine dye, dry, 40 per cent.	...	1 2	"
	" " " 50 "	...	1 6	"
	" " " 60 "	...	1 10	"
	" " " 70 "	...	1 14	"
	" " " 80 "	...	2 2	"
	" " " 100 "	...	2 2	"
	" " moist, 10 "	...	4	"
	" " " 16 "	...	"	"
	" " " 20 "	...	"	"
	Aniline " indigo blue	...	"	"
	" " dry	...	"	"
	" salts	...	ad valorem	"
	Avar bark	cwt	3 2	"
	Buzgand (gulpista)	...	ad valorem	"
	Cochineal	lb	0 15	"
	Gallnuts (myrabolans)	...	ad valorem	"
	" Persian	cwt	33 0	"
	Madder or manjit	...	ad valorem	"
	Orchilla wood	...	"	"
	Sappan wood and root	...	"	"
	Turmeric	...	"	"
	All other sorts of dyeing and tanning materials	...	"	"

ME

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, including ironmongery, ware, and also including machines, tools, and implements to be worked by manual or animal labour. [Exceptions which are free: (i) Water-lifts, sugar-mills, oil-presses, and parts thereof, and any other machines and parts of machines ordinarily used in processes of husbandry, or for the preparation for use or for sale of the products of husbandry, which the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, exempt; (ii) the following agricultural implements, when constructed so that they can be worked by manual or animal power, namely, winnowers, threshers, mowing and reaping machines, elevators, seed-crushers, chaff-cutters, root-cutters, horse and bull gears, ploughs, cultivators, scarifiers, harrows, clod-crushers, hay tedders, and rakes; (iii) the following dairy appliances when constructed so that they can be worked by manual or animal power, namely, cream separators, milk sterilizing or pasteurizing plant, milk aerating and cooling apparatus, churns, butter dryers, and butter workers; (iv) the following articles used in the manufacture of cotton, namely, bobbins (warping), forks for looms, healds, heald cords, heald knitting needles, laces, lags and needles for dobbies, pickers (buffalo and others), picking bands, picking levers, picking sticks (over and under), reed pliers, reeds, shuttles (for power looms), springs for looms, strappings, and weft forks; (v) box backs and swells and rough unshaped bobbin ends, when imported by or on behalf of a manufacturer or millowner, and certified by him to be intended exclusively for use in his mill.]

MACHINERY, namely, prime-movers and component parts thereof, including boilers and component parts thereof; also including locomotive and portable engines, steam-rollers, fire-engines, and other machines in which the prime-mover is not separable from the operative parts

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*

GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

[illegible]

GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
	METALS AND MANUFACTURES OF METALS--contd.		<i>R a.</i>	
15	METALS, unwrought and wrought, and articles made of metals--contd.			
	Iron rice-bowls	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	One per cent.
	" ridging, guttering, and continuous roofing	...	"	"
	" rivets and washers, all sorts	...	"	"
	" wire, including fencing wire and wire-rope, but excluding wire-netting	...	"	"
	" cans or drums, when imported containing petroleum, which is separately assessed to duty at one anna and six pies per Imperial gallon under No. 16 namely:—			
	Iron cans, tinned, other than petrol tins of two gallons capacity	can	0 3½	Five per cent.
	" " or drums, not tinned of two gallons capacity	"	0 2	"
	" drums, of four gallons capacity:—			
	(a) With faucet caps	drum	1 0	"
	(b) Ordinary	"	0 8	"
	" all other sorts, including discs or circles and wire-netting	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Lametta	...	"	"
	Lead, all sorts, (except sheets for tea chests which are free)	lb	1 10	"
	Quicksilver	cwt	2 0	"
	Shot, bird	...	...	One per cent.
	Steel, anchors and cables	...	...	"
	" blooms	...	...	"
	" angle, T	ton	0	"
	" " and hoop, if galvanised, tinned, or lead-coated	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" bars (other than cast steel)	ton	100 0	"
	" " Swedish and similar qualities	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" nail-rod, round-rod and square, under ½ inch in diameter	ton	105 0	"
	" bar, galvanised, tinned, lead-coated, planished, or polished	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" channel, including channel for carriages	...	...	"
	" plates above ¼ inch thick, and strips	ton	115 0	"
	" sheets up to ½ inch thick	...	120 0	"
	" sheet, (other than corrugated), plates, or strips, if galvanised, tinned, lead-coated, chequered or planished	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" sheets, corrugated, galvanised or black	...	185 0	"
	" hoop	...	135 0	"
	" " also hook and nail rods, if galvanised or black	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" old	cwt	2 8	"
	" beams, joists, pillars, girders, screw-piles, bridge-work, and other such descriptions of steel, imported exclusively for building purposes	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" cast and blistered, including spring and tub steel	...	"	"
	" ridging, guttering, and continuous roofing	...	"	"
	" pipes and tubes, including fittings therefor, such as bends, boots, elbows, tees, sockets, flanges and the like	...	"	"
	" rails, chairs, sleepers and bearing, and fish-plates, spikes (commonly known as dog-spikes, switches and crossings, other than those described in No. 60; also lever-boxes, clips and tie-bars	...	"	"
	" rivets and washers, all sorts	...	"	"
	" wire, including fencing wire and wire rope, but excluding wire-netting	...	"	"
	" cans or drums, when imported containing petroleum, which is separately assessed to duty at one anna and six pies per Imperial gallon under No. 16, namely:—			
	Steel cans, tinned, other than petrol tins of two gallons capacity	can	0 3½	Five per cent.
	" " or drums, not tinned, of two gallons capacity	"	0 2	"
	" drums of four gallons capacity:—			
	(a) with faucet caps	drum	1 0	"
	(b) ordinary	"	0 8	"
	" all other sorts, including discs or circles and wire-netting	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Tin, block	cwt	162 0	"
	" foil, and other sorts	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Zinc or spelter, nails	...	...	"
	" " tiles or slabs, soft	cwt	25 0	"
	" " " hard	"	20 0	"
	" " all other sorts, including boiler tiles	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	All other sorts of metals	...	"	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*

GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
OILS.			
PETROLEUM, including also naphtha and the liquids commonly known by the names of rock-oil, Rangoon oil, Burma oil, kerosene, paraffin oil, mineral oil, petroline, gasoline, benzol, benzoline, benzine, and any inflammable liquid which is made from petroleum, coal, schist, shale, peat or any other bituminous substance, or from any products of petroleum	Imperial gallon.	...	One anna and six pies.
PETROLEUM which has its flashing point at or above two hundred degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer and is proved to the satisfaction of the Customs Collector to be intended for use exclusively for the batching of jute or other fibre, or for lubricating purposes	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
PETROLEUM which has its flashing point at or above one hundred and fifty degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer and is proved to the satisfaction of the Customs Collector to be intended for use exclusively as fuel or for sanitary or hygienic purpose	...	" 32 0	"
Cocconut oil	cwt	" 32 0	"
All other sorts of oil, animal or vegetable (including otto of all kinds), and mineral, including paraffin wax	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
OTHER ARTICLES, UNMANUFACTURED AND MANUFACTURED.			
APPAREL, English, hosiery, haberdashery, and millinery, and military uniforms and accoutrements; but excluding cotton hosiery, CHINA, and boots and shoes (for which see No. 45), and uniforms and accoutrements appertaining to the armed forces of the Government, which are free	...	"	"
ART, WORKS OF, except (1) statuary and pictures intended to be put up for the public benefit in a public place, and (2) memorials of a public character intended to be put up in a public place, including the materials used, or to be used, in their construction, whether worked or not, which are free	...	"	"
BAMBOOS, common, grass, hay, rushes, straw, and leaves	...	"	Free.
BOOKS, printed, and covers for printed books, maps, charts and plans, proofs, and other sorts, and brooms	...	"	"
BRISTLES AND BRUSHES, and all other sorts, and brooms	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
BUILDING AND REPAIRING MATERIALS, namely, asphalt, brick, and other kinds, not otherwise described	...	"	"
CABINETWARE AND FURNITURE	...	"	"
CHALLENGE CUPS OR TROPHIES which have been won by any military unit (including volunteer corps) or by a particular member or members of any such unit in India or which have been sent by donors resident abroad for presentation or competition in India	...	"	Free.
Provided that the articles are certified by the Officer Commanding the unit or brigade or any higher military authority or any of their staff officers as having been offered for competition or presented with the sole or main object of encouraging military efficiency; and that they have had engraved on them before being shipped the object for which presented, and, except in the case of those sent by donors resident abroad, for competition in India, the name of the winner or winners.	...	"	"
CARRIAGES AND CARTS, including motor cars, bicycles, tricycles, jinrikshas, bath chairs, perambulators, trucks, wheelbarrows, and all other sorts of conveyances and component parts thereof but, excluding motor cars designed to carry goods and containing a prime-mover, which are free	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
CHINESE AND JAPANESE WARE, including lacquered-ware, but excluding earthenware, china, and porcelain (for which see No. 32)	...	"	"
CLOCKS, WATCHES, and other time-keepers, and parts thereof	...	"	Free.
COAL, COKE, AND PATENT FUEL	...	"	"
CORDAGE, Rope and Twine made of any vegetable fibre	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
COTTON, AND ARTICLES MADE OF COTTON—			
Cotton, raw	...	"	Free.
" twist and yarn	...	"	"
" sewing and darning thread	...	"	"
" piece-goods, hosiery, crochet cotton thread, and all other manufactured cotton goods not otherwise described	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Three and one-half per cent.

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
	OTHER ARTICLES, UNMANUFACTURED AND MANUFACTURED—<i>contd.</i>		<i>R a.</i>	
31	EARTH, COMMON CLAY, AND SAND . . . . .	...	...	Free.
32	EARTHENWARE (except earthenware piping, for which see No. 23), china, china clay, porcelain, and imitation or false coral . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
33	FANS OF ALL KINDS, except common palm-leaf fans, which are free . . . . .	...	"	"
34	FIREWORKS, all sorts, including fulminating-powder . . . . .	...	"	"
35	FLAX, AND ARTICLES MADE OF FLAX, including linen-thread . . . . .	...	"	"
36	FURNITURE, TACKLE, AND APPAREL, not otherwise described, for steam, sailing, rowing, and other vessels . . . . .	...	"	"
37	GUMS, GUM-RESINS, and articles made of gum or gum-resin—			
	Copal . . . . .	...	" 20 0	"
	Cutch and gambier (natural)	cwt	1 12	"
	Gamboge	lb	30 0	"
	Gum Ammoniac	cwt	22 0	"
	" Arabic	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" Bdellium	"	"	"
	" Benjamin, ras	wt	"	"
	" " cowrie	"	"	"
	" Bysabol (coarse myrrh)	"	0	"
	" Olibanum or frankincense	"	"	Free.
	" Persian (false)	cwt	0	Five per cent.
	Myrrh	"	30 0	"
	Rosin	"	12 0	"
	All other sorts of gums, gum-resins, and articles made of gum or gum-resin, including caoutchouc and gutta-percha . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
38	HEMP, including Manila hemp, and articles made therefrom . . . . .	...	"	"
39	HIDES AND SKINS (except raw or salted hides and skins, which are free), including parchment and vellum, gold-beaters' skins and all other descriptions of hides or skins . . . . .	...	"	"
40	HORN . . . . .	...	"	"
	" articles made of, not otherwise described . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Free. Five per cent.
41	INSTRUMENTS, APPARATUS, AND ACCESSORIES—			
	Computing, Dental, Distilling, Diving, Drawing, Educational, Electric, Electric Lighting, Galvanic, Measuring, Medical, Optical, Philosophical, Phonographic, Photographic (including materials for Photography), Scientific, Surgical, Surveying, Telegraphic, Telephonic, Typewriters, and all other sorts, except Telegraphic instruments and apparatus, and parts thereof, when imported by or under the orders of a railway company, and any instruments, apparatus, and appliances when imported by a passenger as part of his personal baggage and in actual use by him in the exercise of his profession or calling, which are free. All hand instruments (other than stringed instruments), imported by a Native regiment of His Majesty's regular forces in India, or by a unit of the Imperial Service Troops, or by a Military Police Battalion, and certified by the Officer Commanding the regiment or the officer in charge of the Military Police Battalion to be for the bona fide exclusive use of the regimental band, or the band attached to the Military Police Battalion, as the case may be, and the following accessories thereto, are also free of duty:—			
	Bags for bagpipes.			
	Cardholders.			
	Carriages (brown or black).			
	Cases for reeds and mouthpieces.			
	Cases (leather or wooden).			
	Chanters, pipes, and practice.			
	Cleaners for brass and reed instruments.			
	Cord for bagpipes.			
	Crooks.			
	Drones for bagpipes.			
	Drum heads.			
	Drum sticks.			
	Drum flesh hcop.			
	Fingertops.			
	Green broadcloth for drums.			
	Green silk ribbon for drums.			
	Key pads for reed instruments.			
	Ligatures for reed instruments.			
	Mouthpieces and caps therefor.			
	Mutes for brass instruments.			
	Pipe tassels for bagpipes.			
	Reeds.			
	Ribbons for bagpipes.			
	Ropes for drums.			
	Sinks and slides for brass instruments.			
	Silver buckles for drums.			
	Silver buttons for drums.			
	Springs.			
	Sparos.			
	Taps for brass instruments.			
	Valve corks.			
	Valve tops and needles.	...		

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
	OTHER ARTICLES, UNMANUFACTURED AND MANUFACTURED—<i>contd.</i>		<i>R a.</i>	
42	IVORY AND IVORY-WARE—			
	Unmanufactured—			
	Elephants' grinders	cwt	300 0	Five per cent.
	" tusks (other than hollows, centres, and points) each exceeding 20lb in weight and hollows, centres, and points each weighing 10 lb and over	"	800 0	"
	Elephants' tusks (other than hollows, centres, and points) not less than 10lb and not exceeding 20lb each, and hollows, centres, and points each weighing less than 10lb	"	700 0	"
	Elephants' tusks, each less than 10lb (other than hollows, centres, and points)	"	450 0	"
	Sea-cow or moya, each not less than 4lb	"	175 0	"
	Sea-cow or moya, each not less than 3lb and under 4lb	"	150 0	"
	Sea-cow or moya, each less than 3lb	"	120 0	"
	All other sorts, manufactured and unmanufactured	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
43	JEWELLERY AND JEWELS, including plate and other manufactures of gold and silver—			
	Silverware, plate, or other than	tolu	1 2	"
	" chased or chased European	"	1 6	"
	All other except precious stones and pearls, unset, which	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
44	JUTE, including			Free.
	" imported but except secondhand or used gunny bags which are free	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
45	LEATHER, and articles made of leather, including boots and shoes, harness and saddlery, except saddlery of a military pattern imported by an officer of His Majesty's regular forces and forming part of the equipment with which he is required to supply himself under Army Regulations, which is free		"	"
46	MATT		"	"
47	MANURES of all kinds, including animal bones		"	Free.
48	OILCAKE, including seed cake and cattle food of all kinds		"	"
49	OIL-CLOTH AND FLOOR-CLOTH, including linoleum, and tarpaulins		<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
50	PAINTS, COLOURS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS and compositions for application to leather, wood, and metals—			
	Lead, red dry	cwt	18 0	"
	" white, dry	"	22 0	"
	Ochre, other than European, all colours	"	5 0	"
	Paints, composition	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" patent driers	"	"	"
	Turpentine	Imperial gallon.	3 4	"
	Verdigris	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Vermilion, Canton	box of 90 pounds.	115 0	"
	Zinc, white, dry	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	All other sorts, including glue and putty	"	"	"
51	PAPER, PASTEBOARD, MILLBOARD AND CARDBOARD of all kinds including ruled or printed forms and account and manuscript books, labels, advertising circulars, sheet or card albumen and calendars, Christmas, Easter and other cards, including cards in booklet form, including also waste paper and old newspapers for packing, but excluding trade catalogues and advertising circulars imported by packet, book or parcel post which are free		"	"
	PAPER, articles made of paper and papier-mâché	"	"	"
52	PERFUMERY—			
	Gowla, husked and unhusked	cwt	55 0	"
	Kapurkachri (zedoary)	"	17 0	"
	Patch leaves (patchouli)	"	20 0	"
	Rose-flowers, dried	"	27 0	"
	Rose-water	Imperial gallon.	2 6	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
OTHER ARTICLES, UNMANUFACTURED AND MANUFACTURED— <i>contd.</i>			<i>Rs. a.</i>	
53	PITCH, TAR, AND DAMMER— Bitumen . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
	Dammer . . . . .	...	"	"
	Pitch, American and European . . . . .	...	"	"
	" coal . . . . .	...	"	"
	Tar, American and European . . . . .	...	"	"
	" coal . . . . .	...	"	"
	" mineral . . . . .	...	"	"
54	PLANTS AND BULBS, living, also dried for herbaria . . . . .	...	...	Free.
55	PRECIOUS STONES AND PEARLS, unset (including the stones generically known as Cambay stones, such as agates, cornelians, and onyx) . . . . .	...	...	"
56	PULP of wood, straw, rags, paper and other materials . . . . .	...	...
57	PRINTING AND LITHOGRAPHING MATERIALS, namely, presses, type, ink, brass rules, composing sticks, chases, imposing tables, and lithographic stones, stereo-blocks, roller moulds, roller frames and stocks, roller composition, standing screw and hot presses, perforating machines, gold blocking presses, stereotyping apparatus, metal furniture, paper folding machines and paging and numbering machines, but not including paper . . . . .	...	...
58	RAGS . . . . .	...	...
59	RACKS for the withering of tea leaf . . . . .	...	...
60	RAILWAY MATERIAL for permanent-way and rolling-stock, namely, cylinders, girders, and other material for bridges, rails, sleepers, bearing and fish-plates, fish-bolts, chairs, spikes, crossings, sleeper fastenings, switches, interlocking apparatus, brake-gear coupling and springs, signals, turn-tables, weigh-bridges, engines, tenders, carriages, wagons, traversers, trolleys, trucks and component parts thereof; also the following articles when imported by or under the orders of a railway company, namely, cranes, water cranes, water tanks, and standards, wire and other materials for fencing: Provided that the purpose of this exemption shall be to exempt a line of railway subject to the provisions of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, and includes a railway constructed in any State, under the suzerainty of His Majesty, and also such tramways as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i> , specifically include therein . . . . .	...	...
61	SEEDS, except oil-seeds imported into British India by sea from the territories of any Native Prince or Chief in India which are free— All sorts . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
62	SHELLS AND COWRIES— Chanks—large shells, for cameos " white, live " " dead Cowries Cowries, bazar, common " yellow, superior quality " Maldivé " Sankhli Mother-of-pearl, nacre Nakhla Tortoise-shell " nakh All other sorts, including articles made of shell, not otherwise described . . . . .	... ... ... ... cwt " " " cwt " " " " " " " " " "	... " " " 4 0 5 0 7 0 140 0 105 0 13 0 5 8 <i>ad valorem</i>	" " " " " " " " Free. Five per cent. " " "
63	SHIPS AND OTHER VESSELS for inland and harbour navigation, including steamers, launches, boats, and barges, imported entire or in sections . . . . .	...	...	Free.

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*concl'd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*concl'd*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
	OTHER ARTICLES, UNMANUFACTURED AND MANUFACTURED— <i>concl'd.</i>		R a.	
64	SILK AND ARTICLES MADE OF SILK—			
	Bokhara	lb.	6 0	Five per cent.
	Floss . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Piece-goods . . . . .	...	"	"
	Sewing thread, China . . . . .	...	"	"
	Raw silk—Yellow Shanghai, including re-reeled	lb.	4 12	"
	" from Indo-China and places in China other than Shanghai including re-reeled	"	5 0	"
	Mathew not lo	"	3 6	"
	Panjam	"	2 8	"
	Persian	"	4 8	"
	Sis	"	3 6	"
	Crossed or c. ite Shanghai Thonkoon or Duppon except p	"	3 4	"
	" " other kinds including re-reeled	"	6 4	"
	" " other kinds of China, including re-reeled	"	6 12	"
	Kaste and Kachra	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	All other sorts, including cocoons . . . . .	...	"	"
65	SOAP . . . . .	...	"	"
66	SPECIMENS OF MINERALS, OF NATURAL SCIENCE, including also antique coins and medals . . . . .	...	...	Free.
67	STATIONERY, including paper (for which see No. 51) . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
68	STONE AND MARBLE and articles made of stone and marble . . . . .	...	"	"
69	TALLOW AND GREASE, including stearine . . . . .	...	"	"
70	TEA CHESTS of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in sections, provided that the Customs Collector is satisfied that they are imported for the purpose of the packing of tea for transport in bulk . . . . .	...	...	Free.
71	TEXTILE FABRICS, not otherwise described . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
72	TOILET REQUISITES, not otherwise described . . . . .	...	"	"
73	TOYS, including toy-books, and requisites for all games . . . . .	...	"	"
74	UMBRELLAS, parasols, and sun-shades . . . . .	...	"	"
75	WALKING STICKS and sticks for umbrellas, parasols, and sun-shades of all kinds, mounted and unmounted, driving, riding, and other whips, fishing-rods and lines . . . . .	...	"	"
76	WOOD AND TIMBER (except firewood, which is free), and articles made of wood, not otherwise described . . . . .	...	"	"
77	WOOL, raw . . . . .	...	...	Free.
	" articles made of, including felt . . . . .	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	Five per cent.
78	ALL OTHER ARTICLES, manufactured or unmanufactured, not described in the Schedule . . . . .	...	"	"

ARMY DEPARTMENT.*Delhi, the 19th December 1913.***APPOINTMENTS.****INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.****SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.***Bengal Establishment.*

No. 1031.—The undermentioned Indian Military Pupils, having passed their final examination, are admitted into the service as 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons; with effect from the 14th November 1913 :—

1400, Bhagh Ali.

1401, Vishnu Sakharan Panjre.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 1032.—The following extract is published for general information :—

" London Gazette " dated the 25th November 1913, page

1913.

On the recommendation of the Government of India, the King has approved of the appointment of the following Imperial Service cadets to be Second Lieutenants in the Native Indian Land Forces :—

Dated the 11th November 1913.

Rana Jodha Jang Bahadur.

Kunwar Savai Singhji.

Kunwar Raj.

PROMOTIONS.**INDIAN ARMY.**

No. 1033.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Ronald Eustace Chaplin, Commandant, 8th Cavalry,—2nd November 1913.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 1034.—With reference to the Notifications quoted in the margin, the promotion of Major William Gavin Hamilton, published in Army Department Notification No. 282, dated the 7th April 1911, to the present rank of Major, published in Army Department Notification No. 655, dated the 5th July 1912, is antedated from the 28th June 1912 to 28th December 1911.

No. 1035.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Walter Oliphant Walker, M.B.,—22nd October 1913.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Northern Army.

No. 1036.—Sub-Conductor Frederick John Andrews to be Conductor, and Staff-Sergeant Henry George Harris to be Sub-Conductor on the General List, *vice* Frederick Merrell, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th September 1913.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(Late) Madras List.

No. 1037.—Staff Sergeant James Pyc, Amalgamated List, to be Sub-Conductor on the Amalgamated List,

vice Sub-Conductor Frederick Hallas, (late) Madras List, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st December 1913.

(Late) Bengal-Punjab List.

No. 1038.—In Army Department Notification No. 1016, dated 12th December 1913 for "Commissary and Honorary Captain Harry Willasey Willasey" read "Commissary and Honorary Captain Harry Willasey Wilsey."

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 1039.—The following promotion is made:—

47th Sikhs.

Havildar Ganda Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Nihal Singh transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st November 1913.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

50th Camel Corps.

No. 1040.—Kot-Dafadar Ghulam Haidar Khan, appointed Ressaidar on probation, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from the 10th October 1912.

52nd Mule Corps.

No. 1041.—Quartermaster Dafadar Naiz Ahmed Khan, appointed Ressaidar on probation, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from the 10th October 1912.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 1042.—The undermentioned warrant officer of the Ordnance Department, Southern Army, is transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 19th December 1913:—
Conductor Edward Beevor Batcheler.

No. 1043.—The undermentioned warrant officer of the Supply and Transport Corps, (late) Madras List, has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st December 1913:—

Sub-Conductor Frederick Hallas.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 1044.—Colonel Alfred Woodrow Stanley Wingate, Indian Army, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 19th December 1913.

No. 1045.—Major George Philip Roberts Beaman, 69th Punjabis, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 20th December 1913.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 1046.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Lieutenant-Colonel George Henry Baker, M.B.,—24th December 1913.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Henry Gray, M.B.,—24th October 1913.

No. 1047.—Lieutenant Vincent Philip Norman has been transferred by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to the Temporary Half-Pay List, subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 12th November 1913.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 1048.—The undermentioned departmental commissioned officers, with honorary rank, are permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain John Goldsmith, — 1st December 1913.

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Donald Smith, O.C., — 22nd November 1913.

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Arthur David, — 1st December 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Southern Provinces Mounted Rifles.

No. 1049.—Captain John Warwick Illins, I.M.S., M.B., resigns his commission. Dated the 1st October 1913.

William Joseph Ugo Turnbull to be Second Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st November 1913.

Madras Artillery Volunteers. "The Duke's Own."

No. 1050.—Major Henry Kirkpatrick, M.B., I.M.S., to be Medical Officer *vice* R. H. Elliot, resigned. Dated the 14th September 1913.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

Artillery Companies.

No. 1051. Second Lieutenant Percy Eccles to be Lieutenant, *vice* H. G. Allum, resigned. Dated the 4th November 1913.

Calcutta Port Defence Volunteer Corps.

Artillery Companies.

No. 1052.—Captain Alexander Waddell Dods to be Major, *vice* J. Taylor, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 20th November 1913.

Lieutenant James Frank Robertson to be Captain, *vice* A. W. Dods, promoted. Dated the 20th November 1913.

Nagpur Volunteer Rifles.

No. 1053.—Captain Alexander Charles Currie resigns his commission. Dated the 15th November 1913.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 1054.—Major (Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel) Samuel Witherow Jewell, V. D., to be Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice* P. G. Murray, V. D., transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 15th October 1913.

Major Kenneth Smale Laurie, V. D., is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated the 21st October 1913.

Major Robert Mansfield Cowley, V. D., is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated the 25th October 1913.

Captain Bernard Willoughby Holmes to be Major, *vice* S. W. Jewell, V. D., promoted. Dated the 15th October 1913.

Lieutenant Francis LeFeuvre to be Captain, *vice* B. W. Holmes, promoted. Dated the 15th October 1913.

Second Lieutenant Hugh Augustus Macnish Hannay to be Lieutenant, *vice* F. LeFeuvre, promoted. Dated the 15th October, 1913.

Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 1055.—Second Lieutenant Arthur Eric Tylden-Pattenson resigns his commission. Dated the 15th September 1913.

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

No. 1056.—Second Lieutenant Mortimer Innes Ker resigns his commission. Dated the 19th November 1913.

Coorg and Mysore Rifles.

No. 1057.—Second Lieutenant Charles Lake to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* E. C. Kent, promoted. Dated the 14th September 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, this 19th December 1913.

Statement of Deposits on account of estates, in force on the 29th October and 15th December 1913.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Death.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
Bertie Edgar Arthur Pritchard.*	Captain.	3rd Wallajahabad High Infantry.	6th May 1913.	Intestate.	Rs. 3,615 2 3	Claims should be submitted to the Administrator-General of Bengal.

* Next-of-kin—(1) Mother—Mrs. Pritchard.

Address—Camberay, Burghley Road, Wimbledon, London, S. W.

(2) Brother—Captain A. R. Pritchard.

Address—Rangpur, Eastern Bengal State Railway, Bengal.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.*Delhi, the 19th December 1913.***APPOINTMENTS.**

No. 94.—Mr. A. E. Palmer, Cashier, Kidderpore Dockyard, at present officiating Marine Storekeeper, Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Kidderpore, will continue to officiate in that capacity, during the absence of Mr. G. Hainsworth, on leave.

No. 95.—Chief Engineer A. A. MacDonald, Royal Indian Marine, 2nd Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor to the Government of Bengal, is granted an extension in that appointment up to the 5th November 1913.

No. 96.—The services of Chief Engineer C. T. Amor, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, for employment as 2nd Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor to that Government, *vice* Chief Engineer A. A. MacDonald, Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 6th November 1913.

LEAVE.

No. 97.—Mr. G. Hainsworth, Marine Storekeeper, Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Kidderpore, and at present officiating Marine Storekeeper, Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Bombay, is granted 3 months' privilege leave, combined with 9 months' furlough, with effect from the 1st January 1914.

No. 98.—Lieutenant C. O. Campbell, Royal Indian Marine, is granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave of 3 months on medical certificate.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.**(RAILWAY BOARD.)****APPOINTMENTS.***Simla, the 13th December 1913.*

No. 365.—Mr. Percy William Davies qualified student of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineering Establishment of State Railways, as an Assistant Engineer, with effect from the 2nd December 1913, and is posted to the North-Western Railway.

The 15th December 1913.

No. 366.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 147, dated 16th May 1913, Mr. H. Bloor, Officiating Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, will continue to officiate in that rank until further orders.

No. 367.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the Agency of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company for a line of railway on the 2' 6" gauge from Drug, a station on the Bengal-Nagpur Railway *via* Bastar and Jaipur to Salur or to some other point on the Vizianagram Extension of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway, a distance of about 377 miles.

This survey will be known as the Drug-Salur Railway Survey.

The 16th December 1913.

No. 368.—Mr. G. H. Goff, Traffic Inspector, North-Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that Railway, with effect from the 15th September 1913 and until further orders.

No. 369.—Mr. A. K. Homan, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent with temporary rank in class II, grade 5, of that Establishment, with effect from the 1st October 1913 and until further orders.

No. 370.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 261, dated the 18th September 1913, Mr. T. C. Hales, Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, North-Western railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Assistant Traffic Superintendent in class I, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 1st November 1913.

No. 371.—Mr. Henry Neville Irwin is appointed a Probationary Assistant Store keeper, class III, grade 4, of the Superior Stores Establishment of State Railways and posted to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

The 18th December 1913.

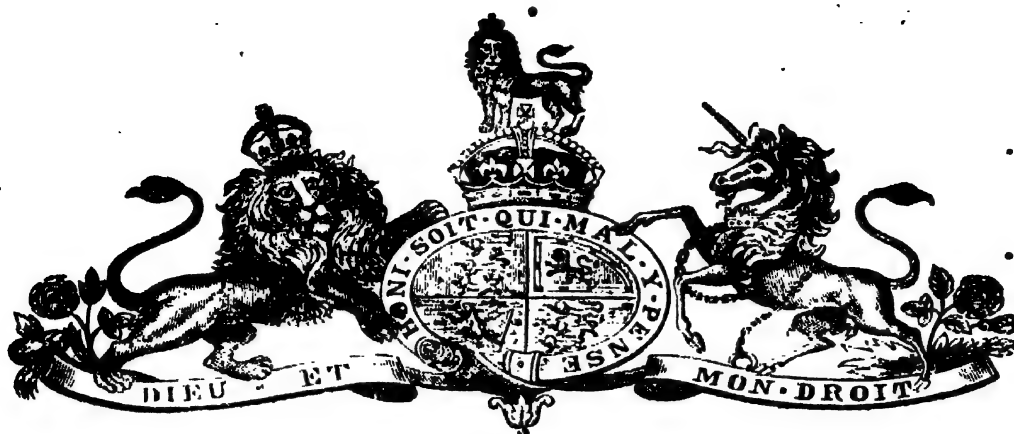
No. 373.—The following officiating promotions are ordered *vice* Mr. T. B. Heysham, Superintendent, 2nd grade, granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 15th December 1913:—

	From	
Mr. Balak Nath	Superintendent, 3rd grade	Superintendent, 2nd grade.
Mr. C. H. L. Harvey	Secretary, Assistant, 2nd grade	Superintendent, 3rd grade.

No. 374.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned the construction of a line of railway on the metre gauge from Podanur, a station on the South Indian Railway, to Pollachi, a distance of about 25.88 miles, by the South Indian Railway. Approved on behalf of the District Board of Coimbatore.

The railway is known as the Podanur-Pollachi Railway.

T. RYAN,
Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 51.} . DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1913.

OFFICIAL PAPERS

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing special papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor-General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 18th December 1913, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

The cold weather disturbance, which lay over north-west India at the end of the previous week, advanced rapidly eastwards, and disappeared over Assam on the 13th. It was attended with light to moderate rain over the tract of country stretching from the North-West Frontier Province to Assam. On the last three days of the week a slight depression passed from the Bay across Ceylon into the Arabian Sea, causing light to moderate rain in south Madras.

2. *Burma*.—Weather was dry throughout the week, except for light falls of rain at Victoria Point, Lashio and Mandalay.

North-east India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was nearly general in Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Chota Nagpur on the 12th, and in Assam alone on the 13th.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain fell in the submontane and south-eastern districts of the United Provinces on the 11th, and in the former locality on the 12th. On these days light falls also were reported from Central India East.

North-west India.—On the 11th precipitation was nearly general in the Punjab East and North, and local in Kashmir and the North-West Frontier Province. During the rest of the week weather was dry.

The Peninsula.—The week was rainless except in the south, where several falls were recorded towards the end of the week.

3. The chief daily amounts of rain were as follows :—

December 11th.	Allahabad 0·45", Meerut 0·36", Dehra Dun 1·07", Mussooree 2·79", Mukteswar 1·61", Nowgong 0·18", Rawalpindi 1·13", Ludhiana 1·07", Ambala 0·60", Delhi 0·30", Simla 1·02", and Cherat 0·78".
„ 12th.	Berhampore 1·32", Bogra 1·07", Purnea 2·10", Naya Dumka 1·40", Darjiling 1·15", Bahraich 0·69", and Mussooree 0·95".
„ 16th.	Cuddalore 1·29" and Pamban 1·20".
„ 17th.	Negapatam 1·54".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent. or more in excess in Assam, Bengal, Bihar, Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces, the Punjab East and North and Madras Southeast. It was in defect by 20 per cent. or more in Burma, Orissa, the Punjab Southwest, Kashmir, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, Mysore and the whole of Madras with the exception of Madras Southeast.

The seasonal rainfall from the 28th November up to date is 20 per cent. or more in excess in Assam, Bengal, Bihar, Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces, the Punjab East and North, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Sind, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces, and the whole of Madras. It is in defect by 20 per cent. or more in the Bay Islands, Burma, Orissa, Kashmir, Central India West, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad North and Mysore, and is normal in the Punjab Southwest and the North-West Frontier Province. In Gujarat, the Konkan and Hyderabad South there has been, as is normally the case, no rain.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 18TH DECEMBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH NOVEMBER 1913 TO 18TH DECEMBER 1913.			SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1.4	1.4	0	1.6	6.1	- 4.5	- 74	- 96
Lower Burma	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.4	- 0.4	-100	-100
Upper Burma	0.1	0.2	-0.1	0.3	0.4	-0.1	- 25	0
Assam	0.6	0	+0.6	1.0	0.2	+ 0.8	+400	+100
Bengal	0.4	0	+0.4	0.6	0.1	+ 0.5	+500	+100
Orissa	0	0.1	- 0.1	0.1	0.4	- 0.3	- 75	- 67
Chota Nagpur	0.4	0.1	+0.3	0.5	0.2	+ 0.3	+150	0
Bihar	1.2	0	+1.2	1.3	0	+ 1.3	...	...
United Provinces, East	0.3	0.1	+0.2	0.4	0.1	+ 0.3	+300	...
United Provinces, West	0.4	0.2	+0.2	0.5	0.3	+ 0.2	+67	0
Punjab, East and North	0.6	0.2	+0.4	0.7	0.3	+ 0.4	+133	0
Punjab, South-west	0	0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.2	0	0	+100
Kashmir	0.1	0.5	-0.4	0.6	0.8	-0.2	- 25	+ 67
N.-W. Frontier Province	0.1	0.1	0	0.2	0.2	0	0	0
Baluchistan	0	0.2	-0.2	1.3	0.7	+ 0.6	+86	+160
Sind	0	0	0	0.6	0	+ 0.6	...	...
Rajputana, West	0	0.1	-0.1	0.8	0.1	+ 0.7	+700	...
Rajputana, East	0	0.1	-0.1	1.1	0.2	+ 0.9	+450	+1,000
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West	0	0	0	0.1	0.2	-0.1	- 50	- 50
Central India, East	0.2	0	0	0.5	0.3	+ 0.2	+67	+200
Berar	0	0.2	-0.2	0.9	0.3	+ 0.6	+200	+800
Central Provinces, West	0	0.2	-0.2	0.7	0.3	+ 0.4	+133	+600
Central Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	0.6	0.1	+ 0.5	+500	...
Konkan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bombay Deccan	0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.2	- 0.1	- 50	0
Hyderabad, North	0	0	0	0	0.1	- 0.1	-100	-100
Hyderabad, South	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mysore	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.4	- 0.4	-100	-100
Malabar	0.2	0.3	-0.1	2.3	1.1	+ 1.2	+109	+163
Madras, South-east	1.2	1.0	+0.2	9.4	3.7	+ 5.7	+154	+204
Madras Deccan	0	0.2	-0.2	1.2	0.5	+ 0.7	+140	+300
Madras Coast, North	0	0.3	-0.3	1.7	1.2	+ 0.5	+42	+ 89

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director General of Observatories.

Dated 18th December 1913.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 13th December 1913.

Burma.—During the week light rain fell in five districts of Upper Burma; also in the Northern Shan States and the Chin Hills. Reaping of the winter rice crop in Lower Burma and cultivation of miscellaneous crops in Upper Burma are progressing normally. The condition of standing crops is generally good. Cattle are healthy and pasturage is sufficient. The price of unhusked rice remains about normal.

Assam.—During the week slight to moderate rain fell in all the districts and caused some damage to the standing *paddy* crops but benefited the cold weather crops. Harvesting of winter rice and pressing of sugarcane are in progress. The sowing of mustard has been finished in some places and that of spring rice (*Boro*) continues in Sylhet. The outturn of transplanted winter rice and the prospects of mustard are fair. The average price of common rice has risen slightly. Cattle disease is reported from four districts. Fodder is insufficient in Sylhet and parts of Darrang.

Bengal.—During the week general rain fell all over the Province facilitating the growth of the spring crops. Harvesting of winter rice is going on briskly but its progress has been retarded in places owing to the recent rainfall. The sowing of spring crops is approaching completion. The outturn of winter rice is reported to be fairly good. The condition and prospects of spring crops are good. Cattle disease is reported from seven districts. The average price of common rice has fallen slightly as compared with that of the previous week. Agricultural loans were issued in Midnapore, Hooghly and Howrah.

Bihar and Orissa.—During the week moderate rain fell in Bihar and Chota Nagpur but there was practically no rain in Orissa. Harvesting of *paddy* and pressing of sugarcane continue. The recent rainfall has done much good to the spring crops which are doing well. The average price of common rice has remained almost stationary as compared with that of the previous week. The supply of fodder is sufficient. Cattle disease is reported from ten districts. Prospects of standing crops in the Prondatory States of Orissa are on the whole good.

United Provinces.—During the week light rain has fallen throughout the Provinces benefiting standing crops generally. More rain is urgently needed in all but the Himalayan and Eastern districts. Standing crops are suffering from drought except in the east of the Provinces and damage from white ants is reported from the Fatehpur district. Germination is generally good. Harvesting of autumn crops is complete. The sowing, irrigation, pressing and ploughing of land for sugarcane are in progress. Cattle disease is still reported from some districts of the Provinces. The scarcity of fodder is increasing but Government hay is being freely distributed for agricultural stock which is in fairly good condition. Water and supplies are sufficient. Prices are generally stationary with a slight upward tendency.

The report on scarcity is as follows:—Scarcity has been declared in the Bundelkhand districts from the 15th December 1913. In Jalaun one test work was opened on eighth, the second will open on the twenty-second and the third on the twenty-ninth December 1913. In Hamirpur one test work was opened on 4th December and in Banda two test works are open. The numbers employed on test works are:—Jhansi 12, Jalaun 549, Hamirpur 11 and Banda 479, total 1,040. *Takavi* is being distributed for well and embankments. In Allahabad scarcity has not been declared but one test work is open. The attendance is 293.

Punjab.—During the week light to moderate rain has been nearly general in the Province. More is still wanted. Picking of cotton (except in the south-east) and pressing of sugarcane are in progress with yield normal to good except in a few districts where the picking of cotton is up to the average. The sowings of spring crops are normal except in the south-east where they are restricted owing to want of rain and the poor supply of canal water. The condition of standing spring crops is average to good except in the south-east where unirrigated crops are suffering from drought. *Toria* is being harvested with average yield. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is scarce in parts of the south-east where prices of wheat are generally close to normal and those of the other grains a little above normal.

North-West Frontier Province.—During the week rain fell throughout the Province except in Dera Ismail Khan. The weather is cold and cloudy. The condition of standing crops is average. Pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of autumn crops is in progress and

the outturn is expected to be normal. The sowings of spring crops are proceeding. Cattle are in good condition. The supply of fodder and water is generally sufficient. Prices of food grains are high and tending to rise.

Jammu.—There was slight rain during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 12 to 25 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in a few tahsils. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—The rainfall during the week was fair in Anantnag and slight in Baramula. Cattle disease is reported in some parts and is in abatement in Anantnag. The sowings of spring crops are in progress. Prices are normal. Water and fodder are sufficient.

Rajputana.—During the week useful rain was reported in parts of Mewar, Kotah, Jhalawar, Tonk and Jaipur and slight rain in the Eastern States and Ajmer-Merwara. The weather is generally cool and clear. The sowings of spring crops are in progress but are restricted in the Eastern States and in Central Rajputana. Prospects have, however, somewhat improved in many parts of these areas owing to the recent rain. Cattle are doing well. Fodder is generally insufficient in the Eastern States and in Central Rajputana. The distribution of grass *takari* is in progress in Merwara. The supply of water is sufficient. Prices are high and are rising in a few places. The numbers employed on the test works in Merwara are ninety-three.

Central India.—During the week the rainfall was partial in Bhopal and Baghelkhand and slight in parts of Indore, Bundelkhand, Malwa and Bhopavar. The weather is clear and cool. Rain is badly wanted in Gwalior, Bhopal, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and in Mehidpur, the Rampur, Bhanpura district and the Alampur pergunah of Indore. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are in progress in some places. Operations have been stopped for want of rain in parts of Bundelkhand and the Alampur pergunah of Indore. Standing crops are bad in parts of Gwalior, Bundelkhand and in the Alampur pergunah of Indore, indifferent in Baghelkhand and fair in Bhopal. The crops have been damaged for want of rain in the Alampur pergunah of Indore and in Bundelkhand. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Gwalior, Bhopal, Baghelkhand and in the Alampur pergunah of Indore. The supply of fodder is bad in parts of Gwalior, fair in Baghelkhand, and scarce in most parts of Bundelkhand and in the Alampur pergunah of Indore. Prices are rising in Gwalior, Bhopal and in parts of Bundelkhand. They are above normal in Baghelkhand and steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The weather continues to be cool and occasionally cloudy. Only Damoh had ten cents of rain during the week. Harvesting, threshing and winnowing of spring crops and picking of cotton are well advanced. The condition of spring crops is fair to good. Fodder and water are sufficient except in parts of the Vindhya districts. Cattle are faring well. *Juar* rose by two seers per rupee in Yeotmal. Variations are unimportant elsewhere.

Fendatory States.—During the week *Juar* received thirty-five cents of rain. Standing crops are generally in good condition. *Juar* and gram fell by two seers per rupee in Chhuikhadan.

Bombay.—During the week rain fell in parts of Hyderabad and Kolhapur. Standing crops are generally good. They have been slightly damaged by rats in Palanpur and are withering in parts of the Deccan except Khandesh. Harvesting and threshing of autumn crops generally continue. The sowing of spring crops is progressing in parts of Sind, the Panch Mahals, the Konkan, Belgaum, Palanpur, Rewa Kantha and Savantvadi. Cotton picking continues in parts of Thar and Parkar, Nawabshah, Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Kathiawar and Baroda. The supply of fodder is sufficient except in parts of Poona, Sholapur, Satara and Bijapur. Agricultural stock is sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona and is good except in Sholapur. Drinking water is adequate except in parts of Sholapur and Satara. Water for irrigation is sufficient except in Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Satara and Dharwar. Prices are generally steady. Grain stocks are sufficient. The daily average on gratuitous relief during the week in Sholapur and Satara was 286.

Hyderabad.—The rainfall during the week was widespread and somewhat injurious to the autumn crops now being harvested but beneficial to the spring crops. The rainfall was from light to fair in the Bhil, Parbhani and Osmanabad districts and very light and partial elsewhere except in Raichur, Nalgonda, Warangal and Karimnagar districts where no rain fell. The average rainfall was seventeen cents. The highest fall was two inches forty-four cents in Ashti taluk, Bhil district. The spring crops are fair to good and are being weeded. Lands for the late rice crop are being prepared and sowings are being commenced in a few parts. Fodder scarcity prevails in six districts, water scarcity in eight districts and cattle disease in two taluks. Variations in the prices of grains are insignificant. The highest price in districts is 7½ seers per rupee in Mahbubnagar and the lowest eighteen seers in Bidar.

Mysore.—The price of food grains is generally steady and markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition but are withering for want of rain almost throughout the whole State. Harvesting continues with outturn poor to fair. The prospects of the season are fair to good. Cattle are healthy except in parts of Kadur and Shimoga. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Agricultural prospects are good. Picking of coffee continues. Prices of food grains are high. Public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—During the week the rainfall was fair to good in Cuddapah, Nellore, South Arcot, North Arcot, Trichinopoly, Malabar, Travancore and the Nilgiris and light or *nil* elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good but require rains in some places and have been damaged by floods in parts of two districts. Harvesting of dry crops and *paddy* is proceeding with outturn fair to normal. Generally sowings of *paddy* are ending and those of dry crops are proceeding normally for the most part. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of water is insufficient for irrigation in a few places chiefly in the Deccan and the Circars. The supply of fodder is generally sufficient. Prices show a downward tendency.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India

No. 10729—10733—179.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

(TELEGRAPHS.)

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT FOR THE
YEAR 1912-13.

16th December 1913.

RESOLUTION

READ—

The Administration Report of the Indo-European Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13.

Ordered that copies of the report be forwarded to the Home and Finance Departments, the Government of Bombay and the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, for information.

Ordered, also, that the Report be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT

FOR

1912—1913.

CAPITAL AND REVENUE ACCOUNT.

1. *Capital*.—The net outlay of the year under this head was *minus* Rs. 2,65,263 which diminished the progressive total to the end of the year to Rs. 1,17,72,828.

The following statement shows how the above decrease is made up:—

	Increase.	Decrease.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(i) Lines	—	3,23,169	—3,23,169
(ii) Buildings	3,401	—	3,401
(iii) Apparatus and Plant	1,147	—	1,147
(iv) Suspense:—			
(a) Stores	57,400	—	57,400
(b) Other Suspense	—	4,092	—4,092
Total	61,948	3,27,261	—2,65,263

(i) *Lines*.—This represents Rs. 532 under Gulf and *minus* Rs. 3,23,701 under Persian Section. Under Gulf Section the sum of Rs. 530 was expended on account of dismantling an existing line from Buhar to Karawari, &c., and Rs. 2 for Jask wireless. There was also a charge of Rs. 1,906 under cash, and Rs. 1,689 under Stores debited against the construction of the Henjam-Bunder Abbas Telegraph Line. This charge having been included in the bill against the Persian Government has been written back and held under advances pending recovery from that Government. Under Persian Section both the sums of Rs. 3,23,647 and Rs. 54 represent credits to the Capital Account. The former is due to an adjustment on account of three quarters' rental of the Central Persia Telegraph Line, withheld by this Department since July 1907, in recoupment of Capital outlay made on behalf of the Persian Government in accordance with Article IV of the Anglo-Persian Convention of 1901, and the latter being a recovery from the Persian Government on account of labour charges incurred for the reconstruction of the line from Teheran to Ardistan.

(ii) *Buildings*.—This sum was expended in the Gulf Section on account of constructing a drain in the compound of Telegraph Buildings at Karachi.

(iii) *Apparatus and Plant*.—This represents Rs. 461 under cash and Rs. 7.6 under Stores spent on account of the purchase of furniture and batteries in the Persian Section.

(iv) *Suspense*.—In the balance under this head there was a net increase of Rs. 53,308, made up of an increase of Rs. 57,400 under Stores, and a decrease of Rs. 4,092 under other suspense heads.

A summary of the year's transactions on Capital is given in Appendix A.

2. *Revenue*.—The earnings of the year were Rs. 20,11,947, or an increase of Rs. 34,618 as compared with those for 1911-12.

The expenditure during the year was Rs. 11,46,822 against Rs. 10,90,646 for 1911-12, or an increase of Rs. 3,56,176 over preceding year.

The net result is a profit of Rs. 5,65,125 as against Rs. 8,86,683, the profit for the year 1911-12. The fall in the profit is chiefly due to the adjustment of the accumulated rent of the Central Persia Telegraph Line referred to above.

3. The following tables show the difference under the principal sub-heads between the earnings and the expenditure* of the year under review and the preceding year; details are given in Appendix B.

EARNINGS.

Head of Account.	1911-12.	1912-13.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Traffic Earnings	11,80,262	13,15,855	1,35,593	—
Common Purse	9,23,133	8,23,575	—	99,558
Australasian Message Fund	— 1,40,350	— 1,47,763	—	7,353
Profit and Loss	— 493	— 446	47	—
Total Message Revenue	19,62,552	19,91,281	1,35,640	1,06,911
Miscellaneous Revenue	14,777	20,666	5,889	—
Total	19,77,329	20,11,947	1,41,529	1,06,911
Net Increase	—	—	34,618	—

EXPENDITURE.

Head of Account.	1911-12.	1912-13.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Persian Gulf Section :—				
General charges	1,37,370	1,25,095	—	12,215
Line maintenance	75,126	78,505	3,379	—
Signalling	2,61,041	2,79,073	18,032	—
Cable maintenance	1,95,001	2,00,012	5,008	—
Persian Section :—				
General charges	1,41,294	1,67,556	3,23,262	—
Line maintenance	1,02,565	1,09,572	7,007	—
Signalling	1,68,252	1,72,955	11,703	—
Expenditure by other Departments	1,051	1,051	—	—
Total	10,90,616	11,46,822	3,68,371	12,215
Net Increase	—	—	3,56,176	—

GULF SECTION.

The decrease under General Charges is principally due to smaller Expenditure under "Director," "Store-keeper," "Subsidies," and "Furlough Allowances," in England. The increase under "Line Maintenance" is chiefly due to the increased Expenditure under "Assistant Superintendent" and on "Repairs to Lines." Under "Cable Maintenance" the increase is mainly due to a larger issue of stores to "Repairs to Cable" than that of the last year, and also to increased expenditure on "Repairs to Cable Steamer 'Patrick Stewart'" counterbalanced by smaller charges against "Provisions" under "Cable Steamer." The increase under "Signalling" is chiefly due to larger charges under "Travelling Allowances" and on account of "Probationary Signallers" appointed during the year.

PERSIAN SECTION.

The increases are partially due to payment of "Famine Prices Compensation Allowances" sanctioned from 1st April 1912 under the heads "General Charges," "Line Maintenance," and "Signalling." The large increase under "General Charges" is chiefly due to an adjustment in connection with the rent of the Central Persia Telegraph Line under "Capital Expenditure." Under "Line Maintenance" the excess is due to larger expenditures under "Assistant Superintendent" and "Repairs to Lines." The increase under "Signalling" is due to larger payments on account of "Travelling Allowances" and "Office Contingencies," counterbalanced by a less payment on account of General Service clerks.

* Excluding the cost of the London Office Establishment (2,509L.), which is included as part of the Establishment of the Secretary of State for India.

NET REVENUE.

4. On a total capital expenditure of Rs. 1,47,72,828 a net profit of Rs. 5,65,125 was earned during the year, which gives a dividend of Rs. 3.825 per cent., *vide* Appendix D. The dividends earned during the past five years are as follows :—

Year.	Interest on Capital Per cent.
	Rs.
1908-1909	2.845
1909-1910	3.939
1910-1911	4.693
1911-1912	5.896
1912-1913	3.825

CIS-INDIAN JOINT PURSE.

5. Appendix C deals with the transactions in connection with this Agreement, which was entered into in 1878.

	£	s.	d.
The Department's share of the whole Purse shows increase of	1,984	0	0

Which is explained as follows:—

Increase on Indian traffic	2,356	0	0
Decrease on Trans-Indian traffic	372	0	0
	1,984	0	0

The payments by the Government of India on account of the Indian Guarantee from 1st March 1902 to 29th February 1912 are shown in Appendix C (1). The Guarantee Agreement terminated on that date.

6 *Interruptions affecting Joint Traffic.*—There were no total interruptions stopping traffic between Karachi and Bushire. The Bushire-Teheran Section was totally interrupted seven times, the interruptions extending altogether over 12 days 13 hours and 35 minutes, but on all these occasions work was carried on by the Central Persia line. Between Teheran and London the Indo-European Company's lines were totally interrupted for an aggregate of 14 days 10 hours and 58 minutes.

7. On the Turkish route interruptions occurred between Fao and Constantinople lasting 33 days 18 hours. The working of this route continues to be unsatisfactory. The Fao-Bushire cable interrupted 9 hours 35 minutes during the year.

During the last five years the Turkish route west of Fao has been interrupted as follows :—

1908-1909.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.
Days. H. M.	Days. H. M.	Days. H. M.	Days. H. M.	Days. H. M.
158 2 55	179 6 10	52 14 30	80 0 45	33 18 0

The Department was liable to the Joint Purse for 20 days' interruptions between Constantinople and Bushire at Rs. 50 per diem.

AUSTRALASIAN MESSAGE FUND.

8. The Departmental receipts for this year show an increase of 860% on the receipts in 1889, on which the original Australasian Message Fund was based. See Appendix C (2).

TRAFFIC.

9. The following table gives the amounts paid into the Joint Purse by the Department as compared with its independent traffic revenue : —*

	For Joint Purse, etc.		Independent Revenue.	Total.
	Indian.	Trans-Indian.		
	Fes.	Fes.	Fes.	Fes.
Persian Gulf Section	1,732,691	83,829	112,110	1,928,630
Persian Section	245,931	9,718	43,971	299,620
Total Frances	1,978,622	93,547	156,081	2,228,250

10. Appendix E gives the number of messages and words carried under the different classes : —1, State ; 2, Commercial and Private ; 3, Press, during the past five years.

11. The average length of " private and commercial " messages was 9 words in 1912-1913 as compared with 9.31 words in the previous year. The average length, calculated from the averages of the past seven years, is 9 words.

12. *Check of Errors* — The accuracy of transmission over the lines of the Department for the past two years is shown below, and is satisfactory. The percentage of errors against words examined was as follows :—

For 1911-1912	0.213 per cent.
„ 1912-1913	0.20 „

13. *Complaints and Errors*.—The number received for investigation amounted to 228 being 97 more than the total for the year 1911-1912. Of this number, 212 were from Europe ; 156 from India.

Of the above, 178 were not admitted by the Administrations concerned, are still being investigated by them, and of the remaining 250 this Department is responsible for 24.

OFFICES.

14. The number of offices open to the public on 31st March 1912, excluding those on the Teheran-Meshed (Persian Government) line, was, in the Persian Section 16, and in the Persian Gulf Section 14 including the office at Bunc Abbas.

PERSIAN GULF SECTION.

CABLES.

15. The total length of the various cables on 31st March 1913 was 1,947.0 knots, as against 1,948.316 knots in the former year, the decrease being due to repairs and renewals.

Six faults occurred during the year and one remained over from the previous year. Four were due to corrosion of guards ; one to the anchor of a ship and one was left over for further development.

The expenditure of cable for repairs and renewals amounted to 42.4 knots, the lengths recovered at sea being 42.173 knots.

Manora Cable Factory.

16. The expenditure of cable during the year and cable in stock at the end of the year was as follows :—

	Knots.
Cable in stock on 31st March 1912	76·788
Manufactured at Manora	35·258
Transferred from cable picked up at sea	1·83
Recovered at sea and retaped	1·753
Excess brought on charge	·030
	<hr/> 111·012
Deduct cable expended, 1912-1913	44·151
	<hr/> 66·861
Balance, 31st March 1913	<hr/> 69·561

The amount of cable stripped for core was 37·499 knots.

17. The cable laid in October 1905, between Henjam and Bunder Abbas, has not yet been taken over by the Persian Government.

Cable Steamer "Patrick Stewart."

18. The cable steamer "Patrick Stewart" steamed 8,803 knots, and the engineering staff, either wholly or in part, was absent from headquarters on cabling work for 139 days during the year. The actual earnings of the ship were Rs. 6,513-4-1.

MEKRAN COAST LAND LINE.

19. The total lengths on the 31st March 1913 were 634·38 miles of line and 1,268·76 miles of wire, showing decreases of 0·92 miles of wire and 1·84 miles of line due to a diversion in the Gwadar Sub-Division.

KARACHI-BELA-PANJGUR-NOK KONDI LINE.

20. The total lengths on the 31st March 1913 were 484·97 miles of line and 917·57 miles of wire, showing an increase of ·25 miles in line and 4·31 miles in wire as compared with last year.

21. The total interruptions (i.e., simultaneous interruptions to both wires) on the Mekran land line wires during the year amounted to 14 hours 16 minutes. On the Baluchistan line there were no total interruptions.

The causes of all faults are summarised as follows :—

	MEKRAN COAST.		KARACHI-NOK-KONDI.	
	Number.	Duration. Hours.	Number.	Duration. Hours.
Definitely traced to preventable causes :				
Faulty maintenance	1	5	...	...
Unpreventable causes :—				
Malice . . . . .	...	...	1	2
Floods	1	14·16	...	...

General Remarks.

22. The Jask district was unsettled during the year owing to raids, but no damage was done to Telegraph property. The other districts were peaceful.

PERSIAN SECTION.

23. The faults from all causes, including contacts between the wire during the past three years, have been :—

Year.	TEHERAN-BUSHIRE.			CENTRAL PERSIA.		
	1 Wire.	2 Wires.	3 Wires.	1 Wire.	2 Wires.	3 Wires.
	Hours.	Hours.	Hours.	Hours.	Hours.	Hours.
1910-1911	641	464	306	192	486	252
1911-1912	1,146	437	515	252	74	116
1912-1913	2,585	913	751	136	82	186

The causes of the faults may be summarised as follows :—

	TEHERAN-BUSHIRE SECTION.		CENTRAL PERSIA SECTION.	
	Number.	Duration, Hours.	Number.	Duration, Hours.
Unpreventable causes :				
Floods	1	42		
Animals, birds, and snakes	2	31		
Malice	227	4,569	14	323
Other unpreventable causes	4	33	2	14
Fault in offices	2	5		
Unknown causes	1	4		

24. *Willful Damage.*—1,652 acts of willful damage were reported during the year, on the two sections, being 425 more than last year. They were distributed along the line as follows :—

Sub-section.	Locality.	No. of Wires.	No. of Acts, 1911-1912.	No. of Acts, 1912-1913.
1st	Teheran to Ardistan	220	390	483
2nd	Ardistan to Abadeh	197	81	129
3rd	Abadeh to Shiraz	157	263	526
4th	Shiraz to Bushire	156	245	297
5th	Ardistan to Anar	256	34	55
6th	Anar to Bam	244	89	107
7th	Bam to Indian Frontier	221	125	55

The amount claimed from the Persian Government for damages on the Teheran-Bushire section was Krans 13,637,* to which must be added the balance outstanding from last year, bringing the total due up to Krans 78,400. Of this sum, Krans 45 was collected locally and Krans 30,000 received from the Persian Government on account, leaving a balance outstanding of Krans 48,355.

General Remarks.

25. The general condition of the country districts during the year has again been most unsafe; murders, brigandage, and robberies being of frequent occurrence. The inspection and repair of the lines have been carried out under conditions of much difficulty and danger. Since the end of the year the conditions have slightly improved.

TEHERAN-MESHED LINE.

26. This line is the property of the Persian Government, but maintained by the Indo-European Telegraph Department. It is 568 miles in length. It was totally interrupted for 1,741 hours. On the two wires between Teheran and Shahrud there were interruptions for 255 hours of one wire or the other, all mainly due to acts of malice.

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

STORES.

27. The principal items of expenditure under this head have been as follows:—

	Rs.
Stores purchased in India	4,506
London stores, including freight, landing charges, and exchange	1,45,997
Stores from other Departments	8,152

The following were the principal issues of stores, including adjustments, to the end of March 1913:—

	Rs.
For repairs to cables	41,940
For cable steamer	17,324

The issues to repairs and renewals of land line and to offices in the Persian Gulf section amounted to Rs. 30,828, and in the Persian section to Rs. 7,954

R. C. BARKER,

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX A.

Summary of Expenditure on Capital Account to 31st March 1913.

	India.			England.			Total.			Credits.			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital expenditure on 31st March 1912																1,50,38,091	0	0
Capital expenditure from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913 :—																		
PERSIAN GULF SECTION.																		
Works	3,935	0	0				3,935	0	0									
Do. (by other Departments)																		
Apparatus and Plant																		
Expense Heads :—																		
Stores	16,387	0	0	1,12,135	0	0	1,59,822	0	0	1,02,422	0	0						
Advances	17,222	0	0				17,222	0	0	15,515	0	0						
Sales	2,490	0	0				2,490	0	0	1,731	0	0						
Purchases	17,752	0	0				17,752	0	0	17,318	0	0						
Balance debited to capital										63,833	0	0						
TOTAL GULF SECTION	57,781	0	0	1,12,135	0	0	2,01,219	0	0	2,01,219	0	0						
PERSIAN SECTION.																		
Works	3,23,701	0	0				3,23,701	0	0									
Apparatus and Plant	1,197	0	0				1,197	0	0									
Expense Heads :—																		
Advances	61,794	0	0				61,794	0	0	71,386	0	0						
Balance debited to capital										3,29,096	0	0				2,65,263	0	0
TOTAL PERSIAN SECTION	3,23,701	0	0				3,23,701	0	0	3,29,096	0	0						
GRAND TOTAL																1,47,72,828	0	0

REVENUE ACCOUNTS for the Year ended 31st March 1913.

NET EARNINGS from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913.		By Expenditure from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913.	
Traffic Earnings. Earnings on Indian, Trans-Indian, and Local Traffic, including mean rate <i>via</i> Turkey. Rs. 4,126,117 —1,897,527 2,228,590 TOTAL 13,15,865		India. England. Total. Rs. Rs. Rs. 1,61,874 23,221 1,25,095 78,505 ... 78,505 2,00,012 ... 2,00,012 2,79,073 ... 2,79,073 TOTAL 6,59,464 23,221 6,82,685	
Cis Indian Common Purse. payable from companies —1,720,937 1,373,452 TOTAL —826		Rs. 13,15,865	
Australasian Message Fund. out of Fund 177,379 —423,552 —246,173 TOTAL Australasian Message Fund —1,47,703		Rs. 8,23,575	
Profit and Loss. by exchange on remittances from Constantinople Ottoman Traffic balance for the year 1911-12 —784 40 —744 TOTAL Profit and Loss 3,354,289		Rs. —1,47,703 —446	
Miscellaneous Receipts. Gulf. Persia. Rs. Rs. 8,966 11,700 ... TOTAL 3,354,289		Rs. 14,46,822	
By Balance 5,65,125		Rs. 5,65,125	

APPENDIX B (I).

STATEMENT showing DETAILS of WORKING EXPENSES for past FIVE YEARS.

Year.	Account Heads.	Establish- ments.	Apparatus and Plant.	Office Expenses.	Store- keeping Charges.	Repairs to Lines and Buildings.	Repairs to Cables.	Cable Steamer.	Subsidies.	Miscellaneous.	Total as per Finance Accounts.	Expenditure by other Departments.	Total as per Administrative Accounts, Appendix D.
1909	General Charges	Rs. 2,01,579	Rs. 115	Rs. 17,216	Rs. 3,375	Rs. 4,841	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. 28,911	Rs. 54,399	Rs. 3,10,345	Rs. ...	Rs. 3,10,345
	Line Maintenance	1,12,833	...	9,074	...	41,021	...	...	...	...	1,63,531	...	1,63,531
	Cable Maintenance	11,842	...	211	...	4,326	97,643	7,517	...	...	2,24,799	...	2,24,799
	Signalling	3,28,490	...	66,593	...	22,270	...	...	...	13,257	4,30,636	...	4,30,636
	TOTAL	6,60,707	...	93,094	3,675	73,984	97,643	1,07,817	98,911	67,656	11,29,311	...	11,29,311
1910	General Charges	Rs. 1,80,357	Rs. 115	Rs. 11,878	Rs. 2,791	Rs. 8,084	...	...	Rs. 21,501	Rs. 33,438	Rs. 2,72,233	...	Rs. 2,72,233
	Line Maintenance	1,23,653	3	5,843	...	45,158	...	...	...	...	1,74,627	6,748	1,81,375
	Cable Maintenance	15,417	...	213	...	3,652	81,654	1,06,811	...	...	2,07,777	...	2,07,777
	Signalling	3,46,714	54	46,769	...	15,875	...	...	...	10,469	4,19,572	...	4,19,572
	TOTAL	6,75,141	202	64,703	5,582	72,719	81,654	1,06,811	26,591	43,908	10,74,509	6,748	10,81,257
1911	General Charges	Rs. 1,92,730	Rs. 453	Rs. 14,912	Rs. 6,304	Rs. 5,634	...	...	Rs. 39,383	Rs. 38,039	Rs. 2,98,064	4,054	Rs. 3,02,118
	Line Maintenance	1,26,190	78	7,380	...	52,392	...	...	...	...	1,90,340	...	1,90,340
	Cable Maintenance	16,280	...	70	...	3,098	78,914	1,12,014	...	...	2,10,376	...	2,10,376
	Signalling	3,40,960	2,000	44,067	...	14,143	...	...	...	16,995	4,18,475	...	4,18,475
	TOTAL	6,76,489	2,541	66,429	6,304	79,567	78,914	1,12,014	39,383	55,035	11,17,255	4,054	11,21,309
1912	General Charges	Rs. 1,35,163	Rs. 1,030	Rs. 10,214	Rs. 4,988	Rs. 5,772	...	...	Rs. 31,700	Rs. 32,677	Rs. 2,81,604	4,054	Rs. 2,85,658
	Line Maintenance	1,26,925	21	7,108	...	42,637	...	...	...	...	1,77,691	...	1,77,691
	Cable Maintenance	15,318	...	144	...	3,768	56,271	1,19,503	...	...	1,95,004	...	1,95,004
	Signalling	3,48,327	1,873	54,461	...	12,171	...	...	...	15,461	4,32,293	...	4,32,293
	TOTAL	6,85,733	2,924	71,947	4,988	65,348	56,271	1,19,503	31,700	48,138	10,86,592	4,054	10,90,646
1913	General Charges	Rs. 1,96,001	Rs. 1,128	Rs. 9,126	Rs. 3,212	Rs. 5,351	...	...	Rs. 28,609	Rs. 3,49,224	Rs. 5,92,651	4,054	Rs. 5,96,705
	Line Maintenance	1,32,266	302	8,087	...	47,422	...	...	...	...	1,88,077	...	1,88,077
	Cable Maintenance	14,220	...	81	...	2,199	64,711	1,18,801	...	...	2,00,012	...	2,00,012
	Signalling	3,65,405	1,919	62,555	...	15,390	...	...	...	16,759	4,62,028	...	4,62,028
	TOTAL	7,07,892	3,349	79,849	3,212	70,362	64,711	1,18,801	28,609	3,65,983	14,42,768	4,054	14,46,822

NOTE.—The total cost of up-keep of the Cable Steamer "Patrick Stewart," including the pay of her Officers and Crew is shown under "Cable Steamer."
The pay of the Subordinate Cable Conservancy Establishment, including Temporary Establishment and the Cost of provisions, is shown under "Repairs to Cables."

APPENDIX C.

JOINT PURSE.

Table A.—Division of Receipts for past Five Years.

INDIAN MESSAGES.										TRANS-INDIAN MESSAGES.										TOTALS.																											
Number of Words.	PROPORTION FOR					Total Net Value.	Number of Words.	PROPORTION FOR					Total Net Value.	Number of Words.	PROPORTION FOR					Total Net Value.	Number of Words.	PROPORTION FOR					Eastern and South African Company.	Indo-European Department.	Indo-European Company.	Indo-European Department.	Eastern and South African Company.																
	£	s.	d.	£	s.			d.	£	s.	d.	£			s.	d.	£	s.	d.			£	s.	d.	£	s.						d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.						
186,915	386,061	15	8	228,151	2	7	81,441	6	1	66,290	7	5	10,208	19	7	5,445	019	542,287	9	423,652	6	0	64,860	0	8	40,770	14	3	13,614	9	9	10,631,033	924,369	5	4,651,293	8	7	140,391	0	9	107,651	1	8	23,823	8	4	
490,836	422,448	4	9	247,983	6	6	89,980	17	2	73,423	4	7	11,154	16	6	5,706	754	574,653	19	450,909	2	9	67,493	11	2	41,683	4	2	14,375	0	8	11,197,580	997,102	3	6,098,782	9	3	157,483	8	4	115,306	8	9	25,529	17	2	
227,059	463,218	0	0	271,919	0	0	99,615	0	0	80,452	0	0	12,232	0	0	6,235	556	11,455	0	495,427	0	0	74,192	0	0	46,049	0	0	15,788	0	0	12,492,615	1,664,673	0	0	707,345	0	0	172,507	0	0	126,550	0	0	28,020	0	0
042,787	517,303	0	0	303,504	0	0	110,211	0	0	89,929	0	0	13,623	0	0	6,320	563	630,299	0	1,684	0	0	73,936	0	0	45,500	0	0	15,745	0	0	13,303,350	1,147,602	0	0	708,162	0	0	184,195	0	0	135,818	0	0	29,424	0	0
495,910	530,070	0	0	310,727	0	0	113,064	0	0	92,285	0	0	13,994	0	0	6,617	873	627,523	0	494,092	0	0	73,519	0	0	45,517	0	0	15,990	0	0	14,113,783	1,157,803	0	0	839,820	0	0	180,552	0	0	137,802	0	0	29,689	0	0

The sums shown in these columns represent the gross receipts of the Indo-European Joint Purse. These receipts are, however, subject to reductions in respect of payments to the Eastern Extension Company on account of Australasian traffic.

Table B.—Division of Traffic as actually carried for past Five Years.

INDIAN MESSAGES.										TRANS-INDIAN MESSAGES.										TOTALS.									
PROPORTION CREDITED BY					PROPORTION CREDITED BY					PROPORTION CREDITED BY					PROPORTION CREDITED BY					PROPORTION CREDITED BY									
Eastern Company.		Indo-European Company.		Indo-European Department.		Eastern and South African Company.		Total Net Value.		Eastern Company.		Indo-European Company.		Indo-European Department.		Eastern and South African Company.		Total Net Value.		Eastern Company.		Indo-European Company.		Indo-European Department.		Eastern and South African Company.		Total Net Value.	
£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
386,061	15 8	239,249	8 0	89,071	4 10	49,355	14 6	9,805	8 4	542,287	9 8	572,142	5 8	337	0 2	4,509	4 6	5,091	7 8	925,369	5 4	770,691	13 8	83,310	4 8	53,634	11 0	15,490	16 0
422,448	4 9	255,540	7 8	101,171	14 3	59,850	6 3	9,155	16 7	574,653	18 9	599,611	17 8	692	14 1	3,795	6 10	4,939	5 4	987,102	3 6	822,152	5 4	100,539	0 2	60,345	13 1	14,095	4 11
463,218	0 0	259,624	0 0	124,390	0 0	70,006	0 0	9,268	0 0	631,455	0 0	623,162	0 0	383	0 0	3,777	0 0	4,900	0 0	1,094,673	0 0	882,736	0 0	123,637	0 0	73,783	0 0	14,167	0 0
517,303	0 0	312,159	0 0	124,560	0 0	70,785	0 0	9,799	0 0	630,299	0 0	622,932	0 0	731	0 0	3,543	0 0	4,985	0 0	1,147,602	0 0	934,991	0 0	123,929	0 0	74,299	0 0	14,484	0 0
530,070	0 0	299,735	0 0	140,008	0 0	79,145	0 0	11,182	0 0	627,823	0 0	617,654	0 0	957	0 0	3,743	0 0	5,439	0 0	1,157,803	0 0	917,389	0 0	140,965	0 0	82,883	0 0	16,651	0 0

Exclusive of the liability of the Indo-European Telegraph Department for interruptions in Turkey under Article X of Joint Purse Agreement, amounting to 401 = Rs. 800.

NOTE.—Paid into Joint Purse 82,888
 Received from Joint Purse 137,902
 Excess drawn out 54,914 = Rs. 8,23,710.

APPENDIX D.

SUMMARY OF CAPITAL AND REVENUE ACCOUNT for the last FIVE YEARS.

Year.	CAPITAL ACCOUNT.		REVENUE ACCOUNT.										Dividend on Capital.	Net Profit or Loss.	REMARKS.
	Capital Expenditure during Year.	Total Capital Expenditure to end of Year.	RECEIPTS.					EXPENDITURE.							
			Net Traffic Earnings.	Common Purse and Australasian Message Fund.	Profit and Loss.	Miscellaneous Revenue.	Total Earnings.	Persian Gulf Section.	Persian Section.	Expenditure by other Department.	Total Expenditure.				
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Per cent. Rs.		
1908-09	15,712	1,40,72,127	8,65,451	6,72,216	—	18,147	15,55,337	6,90,717	4,38,593	...	11,29,310	4,26,027	2-845		
1909-10	31,816	1,50,03,943	9,55,723	6,96,492	—273	20,390	16,72,332	6,63,706	4,10,4...	6,748	10,80,928	5,91,404	3-941		
1910-11	—4,452	1,49,90,491	11,52,057	6,52,928	—1,352	21,675	18,25,308	6,83,526	4,33,651	4,054	11,21,231	7,04,077	4-694		
1911-12	38,600	1,50,38,031	11,80,262	7,82,583	—493	14,777	19,77,329	6,71,661	4,15,111	4,054	10,90,646	8,86,683	5-896		
1912-13	—2,65,263	1,47,72,828	13,15,855	6,75,872	—446	20,666	20,11,947	6,52,685	7,60,083	4,054	14,46,822	5,65,125	3-825		

APPENDIX D.

SUMMARY OF CAPITAL AND REVENUE ACCOUNT for the last FIVE YEARS.

Year.	CAPITAL ACCOUNT.		REVENUE ACCOUNT.										Dividend on Capital.	REMARKS.
	Capital Expenditure during Year.	Total Capital Expenditure to end of Year.	RECEIPTS.					EXPENDITURE.						
			Net Traffic Earnings.	Common Purse and Australasian Message Fund.	Profit and Loss.	Miscellaneous Revenue.	Total Earnings.	Persian Gulf Section.	Persian Section.	Expenditure other than Debtment.	Total Expenditure.			
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Per cent. Rs.	
1908-09	15,712	1,49,72,127	8,65,451	6,72,216	—	18,147	15,55,337	6,90,717	4,38,593	...	1,52,310	4,26,027	2.845	
1909-10	31,816	1,50,03,943	9,55,723	6,96,492	—273	20,390	16,72,332	6,63,706	4,10,444	6,748	10,80,928	5,91,404	3.941	
1910-11	—4,452	1,49,99,491	11,52,057	6,52,928	—1,352	21,675	18,25,308	6,83,526	4,33,651	4,054	11,21,231	7,04,077	4.694	
1911-12	38,600	1,50,38,001	11,80,262	7,82,183	—493	14,777	19,77,329	6,71,481	4,15,111	4,054	10,90,646	8,86,883	5.896	
1912-13	—2,65,263	1,47,72,828	13,15,355	6,75,872	—446	20,666	20,11,947	6,82,685	7,60,083	4,064	14,46,832	5,65,125	3.825	

APPENDIX E.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of MESSAGES and WORDS FORWARDED during the Year 1912-13, compared with Four previous Years.

Year.	STATE.		COMMERCIAL AND PRIVATE.				PRESS.		TOTAL.				GRAND TOTAL.	Add or deduct Messages in transit.	Total.	
	Gulf.	Messages. Words.	Gulf.	Messages. Words.	Persia.	Messages. Words.	Gulf.	Messages. Words.	Gulf.	Messages. Words.	Persia.					
9	3,231	140,344	225,664	2,195,011½	2,016	35,310	597	65,409	220,692	2,400,764½	2,910	35,310½	220,908	2,436,074½	2,636	2,438,757½
0	3,368	137,736	256,166	2,516,707½	4,213	48,755½	345	17,216	269,879	2,671,719½	4,213	48,755½	274,092	2,720,475½	2,636½	2,723,11½
1	3,345	127,806	329,223	3,046,632½	4,268	45,359	234	14,448	332,892	3,188,883½	4,269	45,359	337,161	3,234,245½	656½	3,234,901½
2	4,409	180,102	341,135	3,178,150	5,255	53,597	189	9,054	345,733	3,367,306	5,227	53,597	350,988	3,420,903	—2,814	3,418,089
3	3,644	165,026	387,199	3,633,004	6,081	63,410	255	13,297	391,008	3,811,326	6,081	63,410	397,179	3,874,736	4,193	3,878,929

NOTE.—Under the columns headed "Gulf" are shown messages and words accounted for in Gulf Traffic Accounts.

Under the columns headed "Persia" are shown (1) messages and words originating or terminating in Persia to or from Indo-European Company's line which consequently do not appear in the Gulf Traffic Accounts, and (2) messages terminating in Persia received from Persian Crown lines.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 18th December 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 13th December 1913 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern.	Bombay City	2	1
		Rewa Kantha Agency	1*	1*
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	9	9
		Surat Agency	7	3
		Bhiwandi Port	1	1
		Malad " . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana " . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan " . . . . .	...	...
		Kurla " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana District . . . . .	...	...
	Central.	Ahmednagar District . . . . .	...	1
		West Khandesh " . . . . .	...	...
		East Khandesh "	28	23
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	70	62
		Poona District	33	26
		Satara "	188	117
		Sholapur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sholapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel Port	7	7
	Southern.	Kolaba District	12	9
		Vengurla Port	1	...
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Belgaum "	129	68
		Dharwar "	300	171
		Hubli Town	24	28
		Bijapur District	140	119
		Bijapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kanara District . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague measures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	14	12
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges.	Baroda State	8	4
		Ontoh " . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	211	190
		Satara Agency	4	2
		Janjira State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	1,139	889
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Anantapur District	2	1
		North Arcot "	113 (d)	86 (c)
		Bellary Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	80 (a)	20 (a)
		Mangalore Town and Port	5	6
		Chittoor District . . . . .	...	...
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore District	147 (b)	75 (a)
		The Nilgiris "	2	4
		Salem District	14 (b)	5 (a)
		Malabar " . . . . .	...	...
		Nagapatam Town	4	4
		TOTAL	307	201

(a) One imported. (b) Two imported. (c) Four imported. (d) Seven imported.

In the return for the week ending 6th December 1913 against the Kathiawar Agency read 1 case 1 death (imported) for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL.	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah District . . . . .	...	...
	Presi- dency.	24 Parganahs . . . . .	...	...
		Calcutta . . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Pabna District . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL . . . . .		...	...
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna	Patna Town	2	2
		Patna District	27	17
		Gaya Town	4	1
		Gaya District	17	15
	Tirhut	Shahabad District	105	50
		Saran District	284	251
		Champaran District . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarpur	29	27
		Darbhanga	56	53

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 30,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	98	77
		Purnea .. . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur Town	5	4
		Bhagalpur District	9	7
		Sonthal Parganas District . . . . .	...	...
	Chota-Nagpur.	Hazaribagh District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	636	507
	Meerut	Shaharapur District	25	14
		Muzaffarnagar District	16	15
		Meerut District	14	9
		Bulandshahr District . . . . .	...	...
	Agra	Muttra District . . . . .	...	...
		Mainpuri	4	3
		Etah .. . . .	...	...
	Rohilkhand.	Bijnor District . . . . .	...	...
		Moradabad District	9	2
	Allahabad	Farrukhabad District	5	4
		Etawah District	5	6
		Cawnpore	5	5
		Fatehpur	9	9
		Allahabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad District	29	36
	Jhansi	Jalaun District . . . . .	...	...
		Banda City . . . . .	...	...
		Banda District	5	5
	Benares	Mirzapur City . . . . .	...	...
		Mirzapur District	9	9
		Jaunpur	5	5
		Ghasipur	201	154
		Ballia	656	616

In the return for the week ending 6th December 1913 against the Banda district read 2 cases 2 deaths for nil : delete the figures against Banda City.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	425	182
		Basti "	57	35
		Asamgarh "	211	195
	Kumaun	Naini Tal "	5	4
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	1	1
		Lucknow District	2	2
		Unao "	62	50
		Rae Bareilly "	36	22
		Sitapur " . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi "	6	6
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Fyzabad District	8	17
		Gonda "	7	3
		Bahraich "	7	7
		Sultanpur District	1	1
		Partabgarh " . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki "	56	59
		TOTAL	1,881	1,476
	Ambala	Hissar District	10	5
		Gurgaon "	16	17
		Bohtala "	12	10
		Karnal "	21	21
		Ambala "	2	2
	Jullundur	Kangra District . . . . .	...	...
		Hoshiarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jullundur "	6	5
		Ludhiana " . . . . .	...	...

In the return for the week ending 6th December 1913 against the Naini Tal district read 3 cases 3 deaths for nil.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB.	Lahore	Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur „	10	6
		Sialkot „	3	4
		Gujranwalla „	20	14
	Rawal- pindi	Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Jhelum „ . . . . .	...	1
		Rawalpindi „	2	...
		Attock „ . . . . .	...	...
	Multan	Jhang District . . . . .	...	...
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	1	1
		Kalsia State	21	13
	TOTAL		124	99
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	11	...
		Insein District	2	2
		Tharrawaddy District	3	4
		Pegu District	3	3
		Prome „	19	11
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	9	6
		Bassein District	6	6
		Henzada „	11	10
		Myaungmya „ . . . . .	...	...
		Maubin „	1	1
	Tenas- serim.	Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhamo District . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Meiktila	Meiktila District	14	8
		Yamethin „	12	11
		TOTAL	91	72
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	28	20
		Bangalore City	3	...
		Bangalore District	10	8
		Mysore City	2	1
		Mysore District	59	38
		Hasan „	1	...
		Kadur „	7	3
		Kolar „	1	1
		Kolar Gold Fields	5	3
		Tumkur District	8	7
		Shimoga „	27	20
		Chitaldroog „ . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	151	101
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Raichur District	87	66
		Bidar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Parbhani „ . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs . . . . .	...	...
		Bir District . . . . .	...	...
		Adilabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Aurangabad District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	87 (a)	66 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Bhopal State . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER- MER- WARA.	...	Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State	8	8
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kishangarh " . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar " . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State	9	...
		Alwar State	11	...
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi S . . . . .	...	...
		Dungarpur . . . . .	...	...
N.-W. F. PRO- VINCE.	...	TOTAL	28	17
		Peshawar City	2	1
		Peshawar District . . . . .	...	...
		Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	2	1
GRAND TOTAL			4,446	3,409

• **Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways**

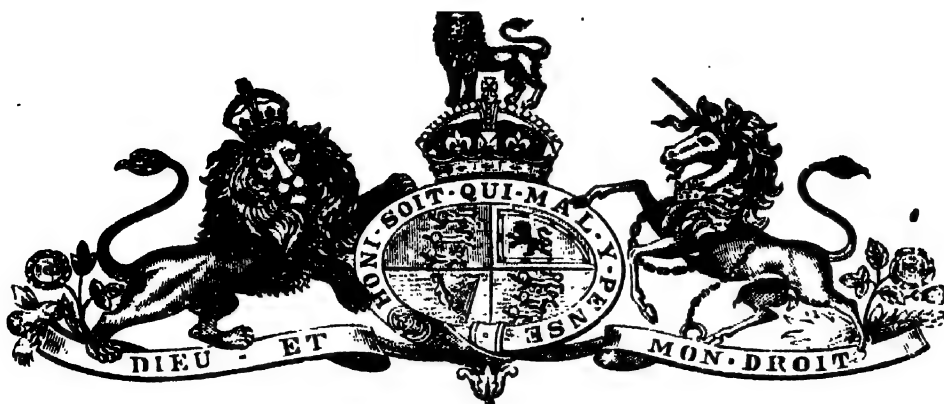
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Name of Station	No. of Trains	Gross Receipts	Net Receipts	Operating Expenses	Maintenance Expenses	Total Expenses	Profit	Grand Total	Remarks
Amritsar-Patti	111	18,179	18,179	5,100	3,743	8,843	9,336	27,515	(b) Opened from 1st January 1913.
Bhopal-Ujjain	148	9,998	9,998	1,000	7,010	8,010	1,988	11,078	
Bina-Goonn-Baran	192	6,317	6,317	1,000	3,015	4,015	2,302	17,155	
Delhi-Umbala-Kalka	16	2,567	2,567	2,000	21,810	23,810	16,887	146,000	
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	99	...	...	5,000	75,200	80,200	1,46,000	2,65,007	
Jullundur-Dob (b)	22	780	780	500	19,492	20,272	5,808	2,950	
Khanpur-Chachra	79	18,022	18,022	14,000	4,870	18,870	3,847	3,847	
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	34	4,736	4,736	4,000	1,790	5,790	1,246	1,246	
Nagda-Ujjain	34	1,235	1,235	1,200	2,087	3,287	1,216	1,216	
Nizam's Guaranteed State	34	6,009	6,009	5,500	37,800	42,800	1,216	1,216	
Pelad-Cambay	108	34,913	34,913	35,000	2,087	37,087	1,216	1,216	
Rajpura-Bhatinda	425	9,059	9,059	1,000	35,700	36,700	1,216	1,216	
Southern Punjab	15	20,681	20,681	22,000	7,744	29,744	1,216	1,216	
Southern Punjab—"Ludhiana" Extension	208	9,153	9,153	20,000	3,200	23,200	1,216	1,216	
Sutlej Valley	155	32,681	32,681	30,000	8,938	38,938	1,216	1,216	
Tapti Valley	22	6,648	6,648	5,000	3,640	8,640	1,216	1,216	
Tarakesur	34	2,308	2,308	2,000	87,520	89,520	1,216	1,216	
Ahmedabad-Dholka	76	6,827	6,827	6,400	2,400	8,800	1,216	1,216	
Ahmedabad-Paranj (including Brahmarshad Extension)	182	23,104	23,104	18,000	72,660	90,660	1,216	1,216	
Bengal and North-Western	153	33,011	33,011	35,000	9,950	44,950	1,216	1,216	
Bengal-Dooars	12	6,349	6,349	5,900	2,178	8,078	1,216	1,216	
Bezwada-Masulipatam	154	40,976	40,976	27,800	10,100	37,900	1,216	1,216	
Bhavnagar (including Dhargadon)	33	2,221	2,221	2,400	1,873	4,273	1,216	1,216	
Cooch Behar	86	24,978	24,978	20,000	8,875	28,875	1,216	1,216	
Dibru-Sadiya	184	11,328	11,328	10,000	5,000	15,000	1,216	1,216	
Gadwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadol)	194	25,821	25,821	23,000	8,220	31,220	1,216	1,216	
Gondal-Forbandar (including Jetalsar-Rajkot)	112	89,009	89,009	88,000	27,280	115,280	1,216	1,216	
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley (including Hingoli Branch)	73	5,852	5,852	5,400	2,107	7,507	1,216	1,216	
Jaipur	54	4,354	4,354	4,000	1,557	5,557	1,216	1,216	
Jamnagar	107	1,030	1,030	1,000	36,879	37,879	1,216	1,216	
Jodhpur-Bikaner	93	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,200	4,200	1,216	1,216	
Junagadh	210	6,485	6,485	4,900	1,870	6,770	1,216	1,216	
Kolhapur	160	5,100	5,100	5,100	1,140	6,240	1,216	1,216	
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (including Khadro Section)	93	14,314	14,314	12,100	4,710	16,810	1,216	1,216	
Morvi (including Vankar-Morvi, 2' 6" gauge)	55	11,343	11,343	9,800	2,400	12,200	1,216	1,216	
Myseningsh-Jamalpur-Jagannathgaon	268	34,170	34,170	35,100	14,500	49,600	1,216	1,216	
Rohilkund and Kumaon	65	7,735	7,735	6,500	2,235	8,735	1,216	1,216	
Saugli	103	15,317	15,317	14,300	4,180	18,480	1,216	1,216	
Shoranur-Cochin	67	7,735	7,735	6,500	2,235	8,735	1,216	1,216	
Tanjore District Board	116	24,616	24,616	25,000	6,250	31,250	1,216	1,216	
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	92	1,835	1,835	1,600	563	2,163	1,216	1,216	
Barri	118	10,899	10,899	9,800	3,065	12,865	1,216	1,216	
Champaner Shivrajpur	26	2,26	2,26	2,000	13,125	15,125	1,216	1,216	
Gadwar's Dabhol	28	1,823	1,823	1,800	70,045	71,868	1,216	1,216	
Kosambi-Zankhva	37	...	...	1,900	70,045	71,945	1,216	1,216	
Nadiad-Kapadvanj (d)	51	23,510	23,510	18,000	8,180	26,180	1,216	1,216	
Rajpura	25	7,115	7,115	11,360	4,080	15,440	1,216	1,216	
Derjeeling Himalayan	163	7,115	7,115	11,360	4,080	15,440	1,216	1,216	
Pipar Road-Bhavi (e)	360	12,197,677	12,197,677	11,360,500	4,080,423	15,440,923	1,216	1,216	
GRAND TOTAL	360	12,197,677	12,197,677	11,360,500	4,080,423	15,440,923	1,216	1,216	
TOTAL	163	7,115	7,115	11,360	4,080	15,440	1,216	1,216	

Simla, the 19th December 1913.

C. F. ANDERSON, Major, R.E.,
Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.(c) From 1st June 1912.
(d) Opened from 5th March 1913.
(e) Earnings reported from March 1913.

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, at the SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING INDIA, Delhi.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2nd, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 18th October 1913.

On and after the 29th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. After the 22nd November all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to the Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future; and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*.

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Rates of subscription.	Per annum.
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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 20th December 1913.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

December 8.

- 1340. G. L. Richards. *Improvements relating to machines for delivering postage stamp tickets and the like.*
- 1341. G. Kent, Ltd. *Improved means for measuring the flow of a fluid through a pipe.*
- 1342. W. Brewitt. *Improvements in the process of welding rails or the like and apparatus to be used therein.*
- 1343. L. Lumiere. *Improvements in and relating to talking machines.*
- 1344. C. Davenport. *Winding and haulage drums.*
- 1345. A. Streiff. *An improved machine for cleaning cotton, wool, silk, hemp, flax and like materials.*
- 1346. W. C. Sutcliffe. *Improved non-refillable bottle.*

December 11.

- 1347. C. F. Donald. *Improvements in or relating to automatic brakes on ropeways.*

December 13.

- 1348. E. H. Kellie. *Bar-lock and label for the detection, location and better means of prevention of thefts of goods from Railway wagons and the firm's responsibility for their greater security.*
- 1349. C. E. Allix. *An improved bicycle lock.*
- 1350. J. Alexander. *A method of making briquets.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent in any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

- 502. Western Electric Co., Ltd. *Improvements in switching apparatus for interconnecting the lines of a telephone system.*
- 503. Western Electric Co., Ltd. *Improvements in switching apparatus for interconnecting the lines of a telephone system.*
- 1209. G. N. Barooah. *Improvements in and relating to tongueless buckles or the like.*
- 1233. F. Orth. *Arch construction for furnaces.*
- 1313. G. Fuller, L. Fuller & G. J. A. Fuller. *Electrical accumulators or secondary storage batteries.*
- 1315. J. H. Moore. *Improvements in earth closets.*
- 1316. Statax Engine Co., Ltd. *Improvements in engines.*
- 1322. Fearless Brush Co., Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to brushes.*
- 1323. G. B. Bowles & S. W. Bowles. *Improvements in brake apparatus for railway wagons and like vehicles.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

511. E. A. Byrde. *Anti-creep rail joint.*
 542. M. L. Severy and G. B. Sinclair. *Improvements relating to musical instruments with electrically operated vibratory sounders.*
 757. A. R. Angus. *Improvements in or relating to railway safe-running devices.*
 758. A. R. Angus. *Improvements in or relating to railway safe-running devices.*
 759. A. R. Angus. *Improvements in or relating to railway safe-running devices.*
 760. A. R. Angus. *Improvements in or relating to railway safe-running devices.*
 761. A. R. Angus. *Improvements in or relating to railway safe-running devices.*
 840. R. S. Hamilton. *Improvements in mechanically driven cultivators.*
 1110. Automatic Stove Co. *Improvements in cookers.*
 1136. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate Ltd. *Improvements in or connected with type casting machines.*
 1189. G. A. Jennings, A. Mann, A. Trinder, J. E. Thomas, & W. March. *Improvements relating to detachable or spare wheel rims for use in the wheels of motor road and other vehicles.*
 1190. M. F. Derrick. *Improvements in suction gas producers.*
 1191. J. Reuse & C. Reuse. *Improvements in resilient wheels.*
 1193. C. H. Moss. *Amusement roundabout with mechanical flight and tilting attachment.*
 1194. Nobel's Explosives Co., Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to the manufacture of hexanitrodiphenylsulphide.*
 1195. Nobel's Explosives Co., Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to the use of explosives for filling projectiles, mines, torpedos, primers, detonators and the like.*
 1196. A. E. W. Gill & Tekchand Davidass. *Train stopping apparatus for railway trains.*
 197. J. C. Gonsalves & J. B. Binto. *A muzzle for cattle.*
 198. F. Schwarzer. *Improvements in whistles.*
 201. W. A. Freymuth. *An improved method of and means for treating lac, lac residues or mixtures of lac and other ingredients.*
 205. D. D. Pudumjee. *Improvements in cotton gins.*
 206. D. D. Pudumjee. *Improvements in cotton machinery.*
 207. E. T. D'Cunha. *Improvements in sleepers.*
 208. G. H. Davies & W. Richards. *Improvements in or relating to the manufacture of pavements.*
 210. W. C. Pitter. *Improvements in and connected with multi-blade propellers, fans and the like.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House, Calcutta.

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| 330. Dennett and Houghton. | 1106. Sri Krishna Joshi. |
| 352. van Calcar, Ellerman and Martijn. | 1111. British Sulphur Co., Ltd. |
| 368. Schuler. | 1112. British Sulphur Co., Ltd. |
| 346. Hakam Chand. | 1113. British Sulphur Co., Ltd. |
| 328. Doms. | 1116. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. |
| 365. Saxby & Farmer, Ltd., and Saxby & Farmer (India) Ltd. | 1118. Claviez. |
| 384. General Electric Co. | 1120. Cotton Gin Patents Corporation. |
| 389. Fraser. | 1123. Jones. |
| | 1125. Von Kramer. |

PATENTS SEALED.

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| 194. Erste Ungarische Schallplattenfabrik, Aktiengesellschaft. | 1092. Hawthorn & Bishop. |
| 187. Siemens Bros. & Co., Ltd. | 1094. Leeds Forge Co., Ltd. & Sharp. |
| 396. Nueva Espana S. A. | 1095. Buchholtz. |
| 167. Champy & Champy. | 1096. Buchholtz. |
| 168. Angus. | 1097. Sedneff. |
| 183. Raven. | 1098. Busma. |
| 191. Mengelbier. | 1099. Island. |
| | 1100. Danilevsky. |

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

469 of 1903. Hamilton. (To 16 February 1915.)
497 of 1904. Dieselhorst & Martin. (To 4 January 1915.)
504 of 1905. Hermann & Lorenz. (To 18 June 1915.)
261 of 1906. Walker. (To 4 January 1915.)
262 of 1906. Walker. (To 4 January 1915.)
541 of 1906. Youlten. (To 6 December 1914.)
407 of 1907. Wilson. (To 18 December 1914.)
557 of 1909. Wall. (To 3 January 1915.)
673 of 1909. Donovan. (To 21 February 1915.)
89 of 1910. Rawlings & others. (To 31 March 1915.)
131 of 1910. Handcock & others. (To 18 April 1915.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1905.

110 (Roberts). 421 (Magnus & Davis).

1906.

127 (Goodwin). 128 (Goodwin). 129 (Goodwin). 130 (Goodwin). 131 (Goodwin). 132 (Goodwin). 133 (Goodwin). 134 (Goodwin). 135 (Goodwin) (Kuzel). 162 (Kuzel). 581 (Andre).

1908.

102 (Mullally). 514 (Rostron & Worman). 546 (Imperial Writing Machine Co).

1909.

61 (Cosserat). 66 (Spence). 144 (Gerrie & Pender). 156 (Farbridge). 157 (Brihave). 341 (Gayley). 368 (Scopes and Alliance Ltd.).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of his intention to the Controller.

211 of 1910. K. Singh. *Lifting water from wells.*

50 of 1911. K. Singh. *A water lift.*

190 of 1910. T. Aiken. *Improvements in or relating to apparatus for distributing liquids on roads.*

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER, DECEMBER 8, 1913

Class 13. Nos. 940-1011. The Calico Printers' Association Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. December 1913.

Class 15. Nos. 925-939. The Calico Printers' Association Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. December 1913.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs nor their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. Applications for patents in countries other than India should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be given free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD	R. C. Technical Institute.	DELHI	Office of the Chief Commissioner.
ALLAHABAD	Public Library.	HYDERABAD	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
BANGALORE	Indian Institute of Science.	JALPAIGURI	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BOMBAY	Record Office.	KARACHI	Office of City Deputy Collector.
"	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.	LAHORE	Punjab Public Library.
"	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.	LONDON	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
CALCUTTA	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.	MADRAS	Record Office, Egmore.
"	Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.	"	College of Engineering.
"	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSON	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
"	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR	Victoria Technical Institute.
"	Office of the Commissioner, Division.	POONA	College of Engineering.
CHITTAGONG	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
DACCA	Office of the District Board, Dacca.	COORKEE	Thomason College.
		SOLAPUR	Office of the Collector.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* is filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore.

8. Publications on sale at the Patent Office:—

	Price
	R a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 11 of 1911	0 10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, 11 of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	each 0 2
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0 2
(d) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage	1 0
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(f) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each 1 0
(g) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly)	each 0 3
(h) Patent Office Journal, 1912	1 0
(i) Specifications of Inventions	each 0 5

H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books published under the authority of the Government of India, can be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta:—

“Specimens of Persian Manuscripts” for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour, High Proficiency, and Interpretership examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William. Price Rs 6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them. The following collections are available for sale:—

- (1) Collection for 1902-03, price Rs 3 a copy.
- (2) “ ” 1903-04, “ ” 3 “
- (3) “ ” 1904-05, “ ” 3 “
- (4) “ ” 1908-09, “ ” 3 “
- (5) “ ” 1909-10, “ ” 3 “
- (6) “ ” 1910-11, “ ” 3-8 “
- (7) “ ” 1911-12, “ ” 2-8 “
- (8) “ ” 1912-13, “ ” 2-8 “

N.B.—Nos. (1), (3), (4), (6) and (7) contain papers in all the different languages of examination held in Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu, Hindi and Bengali; No. (5) contains the High Proficiency Urdu papers also; No. (2) contains all the papers except those for the High Proficiency examinations in Hindi, Arabic and Persian and the Degree of Honour in Arabic and Sanskrit; No. (7) all except those for the Interpretership and Degree of Honour in Persian, Preliminary, High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Arabic, Degree of Honour in Hindi, Degree of Honour in Bengali and High Proficiency and Degree of Honour in Sanskrit, and No. (8) all except those for the Degree of Honour in all languages and the Preliminary test in Arabic.

“Diwan-i-Sarkhush” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 3 per copy.

“Kalam-i-Urdu,” the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price Rs 2-12.

“Qaani” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 7-8 per copy.

“Diwan-i-Andalib” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price Rs 4 per copy.

Glossary to the “Ar-Rauzat-ul-Zakiyah,” the text-book for the examination in Arabic; price Rs 6-4 per copy.

“Nazm-i-Muntakhab,” one of the books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg” (official edition), one of the books recommended for High Proficiency examination in Persian; price Rs 5 per copy.

“Raghuvansam”—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price Rs 2-8.

“Akhlāq-i-Jalali” (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price Rs 5-12 per copy.

The following list of Munshis who are qualified to teach Urdu under India Army Order No. 162 of 1907, is published for the information of all those students of this language, who are desirous of obtaining competent teachers:

ALLAHABAD.

1. M. Jawala Prasad, I. Kasauli Hills. The Royal Scots Regiment, Su Bazar, Allahabad.
2. M. S. C. Bagchi Government Observatory, Allahabad.

AMBALA.

1. M. Mohd. Miyan Khan Sudder Bazar, Ambala.
2. M. Mohd. Akbar Khan The Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
3. M. Jawala Prasad, II. B. I. Bazar, Ambala.
4. M. Sita Ram Mahta Near Kali Bari, Sadar Bazar, Ambala.
5. M. H. Ahmad Fakhriy Sadar Bazar, Ambala Cantonment.

AMRITSAR.

1. M. Mohd. Ishaq Khazana Gate, Amritsar.

AZAMGARH.

1. M. Ram Charan Lal Offg. Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools, Azamgarh.

CALCUTTA.

1. M. Mohd. Gholam Kibriya 17, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.
 2. M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A. 8, Maulvi Imdad Ali's Lane, Calcutta.
 3. M. Hossain Mirza 1, Syed Ismail Lane Calcutta.
 4. M. Mohd. Israil Khan 15, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
 5. M. Syed Nawab Ali 11, Colootola Street, Calcutta.
 6. M. Wahidun Nabi Khan 88/1, Baitakkhana Road, Calcutta.
 7. M. Mohd. Abdul Hamid 152 Harrison Road, Calcutta
 8. M. Daliluddin Ahmed 9/1, Jhowtola Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
 9. M. Abdul Wajid 89, Jhowtolla Road, Balligunge, Calcutta
 10. M. Syed Mohammad 12, Waliullah Lane, Wellesley Square, Calcutta

CAMPBELLPORE

1. M. Ralim Shah R.O. Munshi, Campbellpore.

DALHOUSIE.

1. M. Abdur Rahim Regimental Munshi, 1st Lancers, Dalhousie Bazar, Dalhousie.

DELHI

1. M. Mubashir C/o Late M. Chuni Lal Sahib, Government Pensioner, Muhalla Chuni Wallah, Delhi.

DINAPORI

1. M. Syed Hadi Hussain Orderly Bazar, Dinapore.

JHELUM

1. M. Thakur Das Pahwa Officers' Munshi, Jhelum

JULLUNDER

1. M. Anand Sarup Talim, Jullunder Cantonment.

1. M. Anand Sarup C/o Munshi Kashi Nath, Dargah Hills, or Depot Kasauli

LAHORE CANTT.

1. M. J. Kishori Lal R A Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
 2. M. Sham Lal Bhugvati Duggi Street, Sadler Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW.

1. M. Abdul Alim Near the Police Post, Husungunge, Lucknow
 2. M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan Near Royal Hotel, Lucknow.

MAYMYO (BURMA)

1. M. Faizand Ali Khan C o 1st Border Regiment, Maymyo, Burma.

MULTAN.

1. M. S. Kaum Bukhsh Sadu Bazar, Multan Cantonment

MURREE HILLS.

1. M. M. C. Sahgal 2nd Bn., King's Regiment, Lower Ghazal, Mui Hills

NAINI TAL

1. M. Faqir Ulla St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

NOWSHERA

1. M. Muhammad Din Pay Havildar and Head Clerk, 23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (F. F.).

PATNA

1. M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.

PESHAWAR.

1. M. Bodh Raj Royal Sussex Regiment (or Sudder Bazar), Peshawar
2. M. Ahmed Din 81, Cantonments, Peshawar.
3. M. Abdul Rahim Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
4. M. Abdul Karim Dabgari Gate, Peshawar City.

RAWALPINDI.

1. M. Ghulam Muhiuddin R. A. Brigade Munshi, Rawalpindi.
2. M. Ghulam Rasul Sudder Bazar, Rawalpindi.
3. M. Fazal Ahmed Persian House, Rawalpindi.

ROORKEE CITY.

1. M. Fazl-i-Haq Mahalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SUBATHU.

1. M. Gulzar Lal South Lancashire Regiment, Subathu.

In addition to the above, the following, who were examined in Urdu previous to the institution of the examination mentioned in the above India Army Order, are also, in the opinion of the Board of Examiners, qualified to teach :—

CALCUTTA

1. M. Mohd. Arif 12, Harinbari Lane, Calcutta
2. Waziravi Syed Abu Zafar 30, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
3. M. Khatun Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S. 14, Karaya Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
4. M. Badru-Z-Zaman 29, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
5. M. Abdul Badi 5, Ramnanker Roy's Lane, Calcutta
6. M. A. M. F. Wahhab Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, Calcutta.
7. M. Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat 9, Ahiripukur 2nd Lane, Balligunge,
8. M. Akmal Ak Akmal 9, Dr. Karam Hossain's Lane, Calcutta
9. M. Abdul Karim Nashter 1, 1st Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
10. M. Mohd. Yusuf Khan Reserve Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.

N.B.—It is requested that Munshis who have passed this examination and whose names do not appear above, should communicate their present addresses to the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta, so that their names may be published also.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal :—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE CORONATION DURBAR AND OF THE VISIT OF THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES THE KING- EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS TO INDIA, 1911-12.

To meet the repeated demands of the public, the Government of India have decided to publish a complete and authoritative account of the proceedings connected with the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to India and with the Coronation Durbar of December 1911.

This book will be compiled from the official records, and will contain lists of all persons taking part in the celebrations and ceremonies. There will also be numerous illustrations, portraits, maps, plans, etc.

It will be published in two editions, a popular one in a cloth binding at a cost not exceeding Rs. 7-8, and a very limited edition *de luxe*, which will contain a list of the subscribers, at a cost of about Rs. 250.

A translation of the popular edition will be made in Urdu and possibly in other languages also, if the demand is sufficient.

It is expected that the work will be ready for publication in about six months' time; names are still being registered for the various editions, and application should be made to the Superintendent, Official History of the Durbar, Foreign Department, Simla.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE AND CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. Otherwise, it is not sold to private persons or firms. Sulphate of Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and dealers. Cinchona Febrifuge can be purchased both in powder and $\frac{3}{4}$ -grain tablet forms by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the principal druggists in Calcutta. These drugs are for sale for *cash* only. On no account drugs are sent per *V. P. post*. These drugs may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur.

The rates for these drugs from 15th November 1912 are as follows :—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.	
For quantities not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	13 „
SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.	
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 10 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	12 „
CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.	
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	6 „
Quinine is sold in 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.	
Cinchonidine is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.	
Cinchona Febrifuge is sold in $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 1 lb. tins.	

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

FINANCIAL ADVISER—MILITARY FINANCE.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE.

Delhi, the 10th December 1913.

No. 18.-E.—Camp.—Mr. G. M. Turner, 3rd grade Superintendent, Financial Adviser's Office, Military Finance, is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough for 9 months, with effect from the 10th December 1913.

W. H. MICHAEL,
Financial Adviser, Military Finance.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 16th December 1913.

[illegible]

BANK OF BENGAL ;
Calcutta, 18th December 1915.

C. W. W. CARBERY,
Offg. Chief Accountant.
The to Demand Loans 7 r
Percent 37.0 descri' Ron

By order of the Directors
L. G. Dyer, High Sec.

BANK OF BENGAL.

NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 15th December 1913.

The Directors have made the following changes in the Bank's European Establishment :—

Mr. C. A. Croft, on return from furlough, to be Agent at Moulmein sub. *pro tem.*

Mr. J. Graves, on return from short leave, to be Sub-A. knt, Rangoon, *vice* Mr. MacDonald proceeding on furlough.

Mr. J. R. Fergie to act as Agent at Akyab, *vice* **Mr. A. Eager** proceeding on furlough.

Mr. R. E. Bell, on return from furlough, to act as Agent at Patna, *vice* Mr. Fergie.

Mr. J. R. G. Allen, on return from furlough, to act as Agent at Jalpaiguri, *vice* Mr. Fletcher.

Mr. S. B. W. Fitcher to act temporarily as Agent at Benares, *vice* Mr. C. C. Lumley granted short leave.

By order of the Directors,

L. G. DUNBAR,

Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London; under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th December 1913.

PARTICULARS.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS					4 PER CENT. LOANS						4½ PER CENT. LOANS		GRAND TOTAL.	
	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	TOTAL.	of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	TOTAL.		Transfer Loan of 1879, 4½ per cent. Portion.	TOTAL.
Balance of 20th November 1913	1,15,38,940	6,16,927	56,93,600	85,46,900	17,83,700	10,02,55,800	6,983	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	2,000	10,37,00,133
Add— Amount of transferred to London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to 3rd December 1913	...	5,000	...	...	...	5,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,000
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to 29th November 1913	...	8,500	...	...	...	8,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,500
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th December 1913	1,00,000	1,00,000	4,00,000	1,00,000	...	7,20,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,20,500
Deduct— Amount written off in the London Registers	1,16,3,900	6,18,66,200	1,70,93,600	86,46,900	18,04,200	10,09,81,800	6,983	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	2,000	10,44,34,133
	64,000	45,000	1,10,500	39,500	32,500	2,91,800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,91,800
Balance on 15th December 1913	1,15,74,900	6,17,61,200	1,69,83,100	86,07,400	17,71,00	10,06,98,000	6,983	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	2,000	10,41,42,333

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 15th Oct. 1913. Enfaced from India 12,266 lakhs, re-transferred from London 12,567 lakhs.

" 16th Oct. 1913 " 31st Oct. " ditto
 " 1st Nov. " 15th Nov. " ditto
 " 16th " 30th " ditto
 " 1st Dec. " 15th Dec. " ditto

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
 BANK OF BENGAL;
 Calcutta, the 18th December 1913.

L. G. DUNBAR,
 Secretary and Treasurer.

12,581 lakhs.

12,274 lakhs

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 8TH DECEMBER 1912 TO 15TH DECEMBER 1913.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

NAME OF MINTS.	COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.										COINAGE OF BRITISH DOLLARS.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
	RECEIPTS.					COINAGE.					BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.			TOTAL.		
	Purchased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native State.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	With drawn and uncurrent coins.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar Closing balance and paid over.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	40	...	...	40	41	...	41	6	61*	24	1	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	61	11	...	72	57	...	57	...	117†	14	11	...	...	...	...	1

* Exclusive of 1.3 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

† Ditto 48 ditto ditto

His Majesty's Mint;

Calcutta, the 18th December 1913.

G. H. WILLIS, Captain, R.E.,
(Offg. Master of the Mint.)

COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND ABKARI.

NOTICE.

No. 1.

Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at Godhra Distillery in the Panch Mahals District for supply to that district, to the districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira and Broach and to certain villages attached to these districts for Abkari management (a list of which villages can be seen at the offices of the Collectors concerned at any time during office hours). The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Godhra from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows :—

Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals
and Broach Districts.

Kaira District.

25° U. P., 60° U. P.

25° U. P., 60° U. P. and 40° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	Ahmedabad District.		Kaira District.			Panch Mahals District.		Broach District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	40° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	109,367	1,078	26,368	473	..	21,963	106,745	87,437	24
1909-10	101,274	475	24,392	397	..	17,677	96,164	84,107	340
1910-11	97,883	241	30,960	497	102	22,851	106,803	100,116	326
1911-12	93,959	141	31,590	515	521	19,130	93,084	96,909	113
1912-13	91,259	122	32,945	489	559	21,470	103,155	65,519	116

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Godhra Distillery and from at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach, but Government reserve to themselves the right to new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent distillery must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths may be made in a distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Godhra and the warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is valued. The approximate value of the plant at Godhra is Rs. 2,19,568. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the

shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows : Godhra Distillery Rs. 246, Ahmedabad Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, Anand Bonded Warehouse Rs. 16, and the Broach Bonded Warehouse Rs. 40 per mensem, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required, at his own expense, to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or to revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>Ahmedabad.</i>	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>
Ahmedabad City, Cantonment and ten miles round	3 12 0	1 14 0
Prantij	1 8 0	0 12 0
Rest of the District	3 0 0	1 8 0
<i>Kaira.</i>		
Thasra (except Dakor), Kapadvanj and Pandu Mewas	1 8 0	0 12 0 (40° U. P.) (a)
Dakor Town and rest of the District	2 4 0	1 3 3 1 2 0 (40° U. P.) (b) 1 13 0
<i>Panch Mahals.</i>		
Whole District	1 8 0	0 12 0
<i>Broach.</i>		
Whole District	3 12 0	1 14 0

(a) In the Kapadvanj Taluka.

(b) In the Matar and Anand Talukas.

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary, from time to time, and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other excisable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Godhra Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract-area.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Godhra Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P., at the distillery and at the bonded warehouses at Ahmedabad, Anand and Broach to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it, will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector of the district concerned. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Broach Districts," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of the Panch Mahals a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the same person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 2.

Surat, with the Nandurbar Taluka (including the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture and supply country spirit in the Surat District (including the villages of the Sachin State attached to the district for the Abkari management) and in the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District. The contract will be for a period of five years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Surat from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bars other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit for the five years ended March 1913 was as under:—

	Surat District.		Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	211,971	280,222	25,617	183,219
1909-10	198,756	255,570	27,144	193,920
1910-11	239,232	301,631	35,337	223,231
1911-12	223,301	256,691	42,251	244,043
1912-13	221,236	238,784	35,734	217,128

It is intended that spirit shall be distributed from the Central Distillery at Surat and from warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli and Nandurbar but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still shall be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distilleries or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the distillery at Surat and the warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli and Nandurbar at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at the Surat Distillery is Rs. 2,21,000. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stocks of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishment maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows : Surat Distillery Rs. 143-8-0, Bardoli Bonded Warehouse Rs. 65, Bardoli Bonded Warehouse Rs. 65, and Nandurbar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 16 per mensem ; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent at any time during the term of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of the buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Surat District and the Navapur Petha and the Nandurbar, Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

Area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U.P.			Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U.P.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
<i>Surat.</i>						
Surat City and five miles round and Chorasi, Olpad and West Bulsar	3	12	0	1	14	0
Jalalpur, West Bardoli, West Mandki, West Chikhli, Pardi, East Bulsar and East Mandvi.	3	0	0	1	8	0
East Bardoli and East Chikhli	2	4	0	1	2	0
<i>West Khandesh.</i>						
Navapur Petha	1	8	0	0	12	0
Nandurbar, Taloda and Shahada Talukas	3	12	0	1	14	0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article with

to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Surat Distillery and at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the area, including the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Surat Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. at the distillery and the bonded warehouses at Bulsar, Bardoli, and Nandurbar, to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector of Surat. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Surat District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Surat a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreement, from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit in the Surat District and in the Nandurbar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas of the West Khandesh District.

NOTICE.

No. 3.

East Khandesh, West Khandesh [excluding the Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas] and Nasik.

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the Dhulia Distillery in the West Khandesh District for supply to the East and the West Khandesh Districts [including certain Native State villages attached to West Khandesh District for Abkari management and excluding the Nandurbar Taluka (with Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas and the Akrani Pargana and a portion of the Kathi Mewas] and to the Nasik District for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Dhulia from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri) provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may from time to time be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorised at present are as follows:—

East Khandesh, West Khandesh and Nasik Districts.
25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under :—

	East Khandesh District.		West Khandesh District excluding the Nandur- bar Taluka (with the Navapur Petha) and the Taloda and Shahada Talukas.		Nasik District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	58,722	253,089	15,924	117,316	88,646	38,294
1909-10	68,879	295,543	20,822	144,175	107,975	36,904
1910-11	87,283	384,360	28,460	168,594	127,288	49,875
1911-12	76,798	376,247	29,933	160,981	139,948	50,113
1912-13	59,147	368,228	9,112	155,791	120,836	52,319

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Dhulia Distillery and from warehouses at Jalgaon, Nasik and Malegaon, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Dhulia and the warehouses at Jalgaon, Nasik and Malegaon at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Dhulia is Rs. 2,63,000. If this contract is not renewed, the contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, take over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared, not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be fixed by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915, or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows :—Dhulia Distillery Rs. 227, Jalgaon Bonded Warehouse Rs. 68, Nasik Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, and Malegaon Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25 per mensem. But Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the East and West Khandesh and Nasik Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and area.	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>West Khandesh</i>	<i>R a. p.</i>	<i>R a. p.</i>
Whole District (except Navapur Petha)	3 12 0	1 14 0
<i>East Khandesh.</i>		
Bhusaval Town	4 8 0	2 4 0
Rest of the District	3 12 0	1 14 0
<i>Nasik.</i>		
Nasik City	4 8 0	2 4 0
Peint Taluka	1 8 0	0 12 0
Rest of the District	3 12 0	1 14 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time, and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates, or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Dhulia Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. The manufacture of ordinary flavoured (masala) liquor at the Dhulia Distillery for sale at the prescribed strengths, viz., 25° U. P. and 60° U. P. at the distillery and at the Bonded Warehouses at Jalgaon in the East Khandesh District and Nasik and Malegaon in the Nasik District to such of the retail vendors as may be allowed by the Collector to sell it will be permitted at the discretion of the Collector concerned. The tenderers should, therefore, also state if they desire to manufacture such liquor, and, if so, should quote in their tender the price at which they would be prepared to supply the same.

12. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the East and West Khandesh and Nasik Districts": this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

13. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest or to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

14. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

15. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of West Khandesh a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 12 *ante*, and if he fails to do so the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

16. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the forms of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and, if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the

deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

17. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 4.

(Poona, Satara, Sholapur and Ahmednagar Districts.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the Mundhwa Distillery in the Poona District for supply to that district (including Native State villages attached to that district for Abkari management) and to the districts of Satara, Sholapur and Ahmednagar. The contract will be for a period of three years from the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Mundhwa from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts 25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under:—

	Poona District.		Satara District.		Ahmednagar District.		Sholapur District.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.
1908-09	156,063	..	49,787	..	31,200	..	54,126	..
1909-10	156,890	..	53,739	..	35,517	..	53,576	..
1910-11	168,560	..	61,802	..	43,091	..	58,163	..
1911-12	179,708	..	68,256	..	44,009	..	64,336	..
1912-13	167,503	..	64,052	..	37,401	..	61,074	..

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Mundhwa Distillery in the Poona District, and from warehouses at Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions:—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 10 minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. The Contractor will take over the plant in the Central Distillery at Mundhwa and the warehouses at a price to be fixed by the Collector and shall pay on or before 1st April 1915 the amount at which the said plant is thus valued. The approximate value of the plant at Mundhwa is Rs. 93,000. If this contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared, not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after

considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows: Mundhwa Distillery Rs. 94, Ahmednagar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 52, Satara Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, and Sholapur Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25 per mensem; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charge on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or to revise them from time to time if they deem fit:—

District and area	Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
<i>Poona.</i>		
Poona City Cantonment and ten miles round	Rs. A. P. 5 4 0	Rs. A. P. 2 10 0
Rest of the District	4 8 0	2 4 0
<i>Satara.</i>		
Whole District	4 8 0	2 4 0
<i>Ahmednagar.</i>		
Whole District	4 8 0	2 4 0
<i>Sholapur.</i>		
Whole District	5 4 0	2 10 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area to which his contract for supply of country spirit relates, or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Mundhwa Distillery and the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 which must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Sholapur Districts:" this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

12. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

13. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

14. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Poona a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 11 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

15. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit, which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces: and if he fails or refuses to execute the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

16. As soon as the agreements have been executed, the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 5.

Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat).

1. ~~TENDERERS ARE~~ hereby invited for the contract to manufacture country spirit at the distillery to be erected at Khanapur in the Belgaum District for supply to the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar and Bijapur (including certain Native State's villages attached to those districts for Abkari management) and to the above-ghat taluka of the Kanara District for a period of five years from the 1st April 1915 or, if the Khanapur Distillery is not ready for manufacturing operations on that date, from the subsequent date on which that distillery may be ready for the manufacture of spirit.

Government are about to erect a new distillery at Khanapur and it is anticipated, though no guarantee can be given in this respect, that the buildings will be ready for the installation of plant in December 1914. Subject to the proviso contained below the Contractor will be required to install, throughout this distillery, new plant designed to produce and deal with wash the original gravity of which will be readily ascertained by means of Bates' Saccharometer. The distilling apparatus shall be of the "continuous" type, producing at one operation a potable spirit of satisfactory quality. Provided that the Contractor will be required to take over such articles of the plant as the present Belgaum and Dharwar Distilleries and of the warehouses at Bijapur, Gadag, Veri and Sirsi at prices to be fixed by the Collectors of the districts concerned, as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari be suitable for employment in the new distillery or in the bonded warehouses and he shall pay for such plant on or before the 1st April 1915.

2. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit at the Central Distillery at Khanapur from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur) or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 10 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths, as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

Belgaum and Bijapur Districts.	Dharwar and Kanara, above-ghat Districts.
25° U. P. 60° U. P.	25° U. P. 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the several districts for the five years ended March 1913 was as under:—

Year.	Belgaum District.		Dharwar District.		Bijapur District.		Kanara District, above ghat.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.
08-09	70,360	..	111,421	..	22,581	..	26,896	..
09-10	80,494	..	115,273	..	35,979	..	25,729	..
10-11	96,909	..	141,982	..	53,788	..	27,579	..
11-12	109,889	..	175,438	..	63,821	..	29,739	..

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from the Khanapur Distillery and from warehouses at Dharwar, Gadag, Haveri, Bijapur and Sirsi, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least ten minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

4. If the contract is not renewed at the end of the contract period the Contractor shall if so required by the Commissioner, make over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner, and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option, to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract, of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which is in the opinion of the Commissioner unsuitable or unserviceable.

5. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor, subject, however to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

6. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the distillery and warehouses will be defrayed by Government, but the Contractor will have to pay rent for the distillery and for each warehouse placed in his possession as follows, Khanapur Distillery at 1½ per cent. on the capital cost of the distillery, site quarters, etc., Dharwar Bonded Warehouse Rs. 25, Gadag Bonded Warehouse Rs. 30, Haveri Bonded Warehouses Rs. 25, Bijapur Bonded Warehouse Rs. 18, and Sirsi Bonded Warehouse Rs. 5 per mensem. But Government reserve to themselves power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required, at his own expense, to maintain the distillery and warehouse plant in sound working order and in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the buildings which will be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

7. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat) are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or reduce them from time to time if they deem fit :—

District and Area.		Rate of duty per gallon of 25° U. P.	Rate of duty per gallon of 60° U. P.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Belgaum	{ City, Cantonment and 10 miles round	5 4 0	2 10 0
	{ Rest of the District	4 8 0	2 4 0
Dharwar		4 8 0	2 4 0
Bijapur		4 8 0	2 4 0
Kanara (above ghat)		4 8 0	2 4 0

8. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

9. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

10. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the Khanapur Distillery and at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

11. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of country spirit in the districts of Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara (above ghat)," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

12. Government reserve power to accept such tender as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reason.

13. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

14. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Belgaum a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 11 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

15. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 has been made the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute agreements binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of license to manufacture and supply country spirit which can be seen at the office of the Collector of any of the districts concerned and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

16. As soon as the agreements have been executed the Commissioner will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and supplying country spirit within the area to which the contract relates.

NOTICE.

No. 6.

(The talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to supply country spirit to the talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District for a period of three years from 1st April 1915.

2. The spirit may be manufactured at any of the Central Distilleries of the Presidency Proper or at the Uran Distilleries. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur), or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District for the five years ending March 1913 was as under:—

Year.	Salsette Taluka.		Bassein Taluka.		Mahim Taluka.	
	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09 . . .	52,560	162,029	12,446	105,970	8,432	90,813
1909-10 . . .	55,981	160,017	11,393	109,157	8,383	103,479
1910-11 . . .	53,342	154,665	11,724	106,034	8,069	93,396
1911-12 . . .	53,331	156,026	14,585	104,722	8,842	76,988
1912-13 . . .	57,153	165,806	15,939	115,243	10,414	89,926

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from warehouses at Thana and Bassein but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

- (1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for at least 1 minutes.
- (2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 6 proof degrees.

Pending completion of the warehouses to be built at Thana and Bassein the spirit will be distributed from the present depôts established at Thana, Bassein and Kelva Mahim. The Contractor will be required to take over at prices to be fixed by the Collector such portions of the plant at those depôts as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner, be serviceable and suitable for use in a bonded warehouse. If the contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the plant in the bonded warehouses on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which in the opinion of the Commissioner is unsuitable or unserviceable.

4. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Collector) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

5. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the warehouses will be defrayed by Government. The Contractor will have to pay such rent for each warehouse occupied as may be determined by the Commissioner, but Government reserve to themselves the power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings.

The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the warehouse plant in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the warehouses which may be carried out by Government agency and at the expense of Government.

6. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District are shown in the subjoined table, but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit :—

Area.	Per gallon of 25° U. P.	Per gallon of 60° U. P.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Salsette Taluka	4 8 0	2 4 0
Bassein Town	4 8 0	2 4 0
Rest of Bassein Taluka	3 12 0	1 14 0
Mahim Taluka	3 12 0	1 14 0

7. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

8. Except with the special permission of the Collector the Contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

9. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

10. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of supply of country spirit in the Salsette, Bassein and Mahim Talukas of the Thana District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914, after which no tender will be received.

11. Government reserve power to accept such tenders as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

12. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned, and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

13. The successful tenderer shall, within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Thana, a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 10 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

14. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the said person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of supplying license which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces; and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreement within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

15. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Collector will issue a license to the successful tenderer, assigning to him the exclusive privilege of supplying country spirit in the talukas of Salsette, Bassein and Mahim of the Thana District.

NOTICE.

No. 7.

(All the talukas of the Kolaba District except Karjat and Panvel.)

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the contract to supply country spirit to all the talukas of the Kolaba District except Karjat and Panvel, that is, to the talukas of Alibagh, Pen (including Nagothna Potha), Roha, Mangaon, and Mahad and to the villages in the Sudhagad Mahal of the Bhore State attached to that district for Abkari management, for a period of three years from 1st April 1915.

2. The spirit may be manufactured at any of the Central Distilleries of the Presidency Proper or at the Uran Distilleries. The Contractor will manufacture the spirit from mhowra flowers, or from molasses, cane juice (shir), unrefined cane sugar (gur), or unrefined palm sugar (jagri), provided that he may not, without the written permission of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari in any calendar month, use bases other than mhowra in a greater proportion than 50 per cent. of the whole materials used. He will be required to supply spirit at such issue strengths as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government. The issue strengths authorized at present are as follows:—

25° U. P. and 60° U. P.

The annual consumption of country spirit in the talukas of the Kolaba District (including Sudhagad Mahal) required to be supplied under this tender for the five years ending March 1913 was as under :—

Year.	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Gallons.	Gallons.
1908-09	75,535	59,853
1909-10	88,194	31,988
1910-11	83,870	31,755
1911-12	87,470	21,429
1912-13	97,997	22,047

It is intended that the spirit shall be distributed from warehouses at Ambepura (Poinad), Roha and Mahad, but Government reserve to themselves the right to establish new warehouses at such other places within the contract area as they may deem suitable.

3. All spirit that is not manufactured in a patent still must be distilled twice before issue. Reduction with water to the prescribed issue strengths in the distillery or the warehouses must be made under the following conditions :—

(1) Unless the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces is satisfied and certifies to that effect in writing that the water intended for use in reducing is obtained from a source uncontaminated and free from the likelihood of contamination, such water, prior to use, shall be raised to a temperature of not less than 212° F. and shall be kept at that temperature for a least ten minutes.

(2) No reduction by the addition of water shall be permitted over a greater range than 85 proof degrees.

Pending completion of the warehouses to be built at Ambepura (Poinad), Roha and Mahad the spirit will be distributed from the present depôts established at Alibaba, Pen, Roha and Mahad. The Contractor will be required to take over at prices to be fixed by the Collector such portions of the plant at those depôts as may, in the opinion of the Commissioner, be serviceable and suitable for use in a bonded warehouse. If the contract is not renewed, the Contractor shall, if so required by the Commissioner, make over the plant in the bonded warehouses on the expiration of the contract to the next Contractor at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner and the Contractor shall, if not so required, have the option to be declared not later than three months before the expiration of the contract of making over the said plant on the expiration of the contract to Government at a reasonable valuation to be determined by the Commissioner after considering any representation in the matter which the Contractor may desire to submit, but the Contractor shall not have such option in respect of any portion of the said plant which in the opinion of the Commissioner is unsuitable or unserviceable.

4. Every licensed vendor within the area to which the contract relates will be required to obtain his supplies of country spirit from the Contractor subject, however, to the proviso that an incoming vendor will purchase from the outgoing vendor at current prices (to be determined in case of dispute by the Contractor) such stock of country spirit as may remain unsold at the shop on the night of the 31st March 1915 or on the expiry or cancellation of the license of the outgoing vendor.

5. The cost of the establishments maintained for Government purposes at the warehouses will be defrayed by Government. The Contractor will have to pay such rent for each warehouse occupied as may be determined by the Commissioner, but Government reserve to themselves the power to raise the rent during the currency of the contract if any material additions or alterations are made in any of these buildings. The Contractor will be required at his own expense to maintain the warehouse plant in good condition to the satisfaction of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central Provinces, but he will not have to bear any charges on account of the cost of repairs to the warehouses which will be carried out by Government at their expense.

6. The rates of still-head duty now in force in the talukas of the Kolaba District (including Sudhagad Mahal) required to be supplied under this tender are Rs. 3-12-0 and Rs. 1-14-0 per gallon of 25° U. P. and 60° U. P.; but Government reserve to themselves power to raise or revise them from time to time if they deem fit.

	25° U. P.	60° U. P.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Whole district	3 12 0	1 14 0

7. The Collector will grant such number of licenses for retail vend as he thinks necessary from time to time and will dispose of such licenses in such manner and for such periods as he may deem proper.

8. Except with the special permission of the Collector, the contractor will not be allowed to hold any interest in the retail vend of country spirit or any other exciseable article within the area to which his contract for the supply of country spirit relates or to employ any person who has such interest.

9. Tenderers should state the lowest rate per proof gallon of spirit at which they will be prepared to supply vendors at the warehouses established by Government. One rate should be quoted for the whole of the contract area.

10. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 and must be enclosed in a cover superscribed with the words "Tender for the exclusive privilege of supply of country spirit in the talukas of Alibag, Pen, Roha, Mangaon and Mahad and the Sudhagad Mahal of the Kolaba District," this cover being enclosed in another marked "Confidential" and simply addressed to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari. The tender must reach the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari at the Town Custom House, Bombay, before 12 o'clock noon on Monday the 16th February 1914 after which no tender will be received.

11. Government reserve power to accept such tenders as they may deem best in the public interest and to reject all or any of those received without assigning any reasons.

12. The decision of Government will be communicated to the tenderers concerned and the deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them.

13. The successful tenderer shall within one week after the decision of Government has been communicated to him, deposit as security with the Collector of Kolaba a sum of Rs. 4,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes endorsed to the Collector in addition to the deposit of Rs. 1,000 required under clause 10 *ante*; and if he fails to do so, the decision of Government accepting the tender will be cancelled, the deposit already made will be forfeited, and Government will otherwise dispose of the contract.

14. When the full deposit of Rs. 5,000 is made, the person whose tender and final deposit have been accepted shall execute an agreement binding the same person for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns to the conditions set forth in the form of supplying license which can be seen at the office of the Collector and of the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari or of the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the Bombay Presidency and Central provinces and if he fails or refuses to sign the agreements within a week from the date on which he is called upon to do so, the deposit already made will be forfeited and the contract will be assigned otherwise as Government may determine.

15. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Collector will issue a license to the successful tenderer assigning to him the exclusive privilege of supplying country spirit in the Alibag, Pen, Roha, Mangaon and Mahad Talukas and the Sudhagad Mahal of the Kolaba district.

BOMBAY ;

the 15th October 1913.

H. G. QUIN,

Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 11th December 1913.

No. 701.—Captain L. G. Crosthwait, I.A., Officiating Deputy Superintendent, is appointed to be a Deputy Superintendent, sub. *pro tem.* with effect from the 28th October 1913, vice Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. D. Ryder, D.S.O., R.E., appointed to be a Superintendent, sub. *pro tem.*

TREASURE TROVE.**NOTIFICATION.**

The 5th December 1913.

It is hereby notified under Section V of the Indian Treasure Trove Act (VI of 1878) that on or about the 18th day of June 1912 treasure, consisting of the undermentioned articles valued at Rs. 38* (thirty-eight) approximately was found hidden in a well in Survey No. 205 belonging to one Pulicheri Gurunada Mudali of Tirupati in the village of Thimmanaiduoliem in Chandragiri Taluk, Chittoor District.

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof, are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Chittoor at his office on the 15th day of May 1914 in order to the matter being enquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Description of property.	Value.
Red wood weighing 94½ maunds and consisting of 24 chiselled posts, 41 unchiselled posts and 5 pieces.	About Rs. 38.

C. TIRUVENKATACHARI,
For Collector.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, CHITTOOR.

Dated the 5th December 1913.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OFFICE.

Calcutta, the 16th December 1913.

No. 5587-345.—Mr. C. S. Middlemiss, Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is granted such privilege leave as may be due to him on the 17th December 1913, or subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

H. H. HAYDEN,
Director, Geological Survey of India.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 143 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 27th day of November 1913.

In the matter of Babu Pokermull Anandroy, Merchant and Commission Agent, No. 2, Mogul Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Dhunjee Devsey & Co. of Rangoon, creditors of Babu Pokermull Anandroy, Merchant and Commission Agent, No. 2, Mogul Street, Rangoon, on the 27th day of November 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Babu Pokermull Anandroy was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day.

CASE No. 111 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 2nd day of December, 1913.

In the matter of Adaikalam Colandasawmy, son of A. Pillay, residing at No. 29, Bow Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Adaikalam Colandasawmy, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 2nd day of December 1913.

CASE No. 145 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 2nd day of December 1913.

In the matter of Nathuni Prasad, Clerk, No. 21, 33rd Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Nathuni Prasad, son of S. Lall, Clerk, No. 21, 33rd Street, Rangoon, on the 2nd day of December 1913 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Nathuni Prasad.

CASE No. 74 OF 1912.

Rangoon, the 3rd day of December 1913.

In the matter of Joseph Michael Xavier, Barrister-at-Law, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Joseph Michael Xavier, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 2nd day of December 1913.

CASE No. 92 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 3rd day of December 1913.

In the matter of Maung Chit Maung, Barrister-at-Law, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Maung Chit Maung, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 3rd day of December 1913.

CASE No. 115 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 3rd day of December 1913.

In the matter of Ismail Mahomed Mamsa, No. 12, China Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Ismail Mahomed Mamsa, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 2nd day of December 1913.

CASE No. 146 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 3rd day of December 1913.

In the matter of Maxmillian Edward Moss, Trader, No. 33, 32nd Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maxmillian Edward Moss, son of H. E. Moss, Trader, No. 33, 32nd Street, Rangoon, on the 2nd day of December 1913 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maxmillian Edward Moss.

CASE No. 147 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 3rd day of December 1913.

In the matter of Francis Anthony, Clerk, No. 46, 39th Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Francis Anthony, Clerk, No. 46, 39th Street, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of December 1913 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Francis Anthony.

CASE No. 148 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 5th day of December 1913.

In the matter of Rajarathnum, Goldsmith, No. 36, 40th Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Rajarathnum, Goldsmith, No. 36, 40th Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of December 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Rajarathnum.

CASE No. 149 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 5th day of December 1913.

In the matter of Edward Charles Pegg, son of E. W. Pegg, Clerk, residing at No. 54, Ohu Ghine Road, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Edward Charles Pegg, son of E. W. Pegg, Clerk, residing at No. 54, Ohu Ghine Road, Rangoon, on the 5th day of December 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Edward Charles Pegg.

CASE No. 150 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 6th day of December 1913.

In the matter of Abdul Rahman, Abdul Mamin, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Abdul Rahman, Abdul Mamin, son of A. Mamin, piece-goods trader, residing at No. 91, Dalhousie Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of December 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Abdul Rahman, Abdul Mamin.

CASE No. 110 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 9th day of December 1913.

In the matter of Appasamy, maistry, of 32nd Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Appasamy an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 8th day of December 1913.

CASE No. 151 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 9th day of December 1913.

In the matter of Bhola Nath Mandal, blacksmith, No. 24, Rose Bank Road, Ahlone, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Bhola Nath Mandal, son of P. Mandal, blacksmith, No. 24 Rose Bank Road, Ahlone, Rangoon, on the 9th day of December 1913, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Bhola Nath Mandal.

CASE No. 137 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 10th day of December 1913.

In the matter of Venkatreddy, Fitter, son of Narsiah, residing at No. 65, 46th Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Venkatreddy an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 9th day of December 1913.

CASE No. 152 OF 1913.

Rangoon, the 11th day of December 1913.

In the matter of Murath Khan Gulam Dastageer, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Murath Khan Gulam Dastageer, son of M. Khan, clerk, residing at No. 55, Clerks Street, Rangoon, on the 10th day of December 1913 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Murath Khan Gulam Dastageer.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

IN THE COURT OF BABU MIHAN SINGH BEDI, JUDGE, INSOLVENCY ESTATES COURT,
DELHI.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

FORM NO. 4.

Order of Adjudication.

SECTION 16.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 24 of 1913.

The 3rd day of December 1913.

Pursuant to a petition dated 29th May 1913 on behalf of the Debtor himself and on reading the said petition and hearing the creditors it is ordered that the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

FORM NO. 5.

Order Appointing a Receiver.

SECTION 18.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 24 of 1913.

The 10th December 1913.

I, ~~the~~ **Mirza Ahmad Husein Khizor**, retired Tahsildar, resident of Delhi,
Debtor.

Whereas Mirza Ahmad Husein was adjudicated an insolvent by order of this Court, dated 3rd December 1913 and it appears to the Court that the appointment of a Receiver for the property of the insolvent is necessary.

It is ordered that a receiving order be made against the insolvent and a receiving order is hereby made against insolvent and Asstt. Clerk of Court is hereby constituted receiver of the property of the said insolvent.

MIHAN SINGH BEDI,

Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION,
BANGALORE.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 40 of 1913.

Bangalore, the 26th November 1913

Abdulla Saib, native doctor, son of Abdul Kareem, residing in Shoolay, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore	Petitioner
S. P. Mason and others	Creditors.

Notice, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 7th January 1914 for hearing.

Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

N. S. TIRUMALAI AIYANGAR,

District Judge.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
61-1913	Sayed Ahmed, Sayed Cassum	Mahomedan	Surti Moha . . .	Boilermaker . . .	29th	November	1913	1st	December	1913
62-1913	Jamshedji Kavaji Mowdawala	Parsi	Baram Street (Nomin Building.)	Lately dealer in "mowda" flowers and cuscumts, and now unemployed.	1st	December	"	"	"	"
63-1913	Ellis Shallom Ashkenazi	Jewish	Jacob Circle . . .	Lately proprietor of the Ashkenazi Litho Press in partnership with Kaikhasroo J. Khan, and Benjamin Salem and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
64-1913	Shanker Shivram Sangamnerkar	Hindu	Dongri . . .	Lately bullock cart keeper and also sweetmeat seller, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
65-1913	Hussonally Ameeji Pawodi Bora.	Mahomedan	Full Gu . . .	Sower of old gunny bags . . .	"	"	"	"	"	"
66-1913	Rakma Dada Ghone and Gango-bai (widow of Dada Ramji Ghone).	Hindu	No. 22 . . . near Road	1st Debtor servant to Bhicoo Ganoo and the 2nd Debtor vegetable dealer.	2nd	"	"	2nd	"	"
67-1913	Luis Gonzaga Correa	Portuguese	Chandanwadi . . .	Lately clerk in the National Bank of India, Ltd., and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
68-1913	Tyebally Ismailji Esoufchoy	Mahomedan	Hughes Road . . .	Trading under the name of Messrs. Shaik. Adam Esoufch. & Co., at 9, F. des Street, and as Abdealk. Abdul Cader. t Bhur-ari Mella as hardy e merchants.	"	"	"	3rd	"	"
69-1913	Bhikhaaji Dadabhoy Udwadia	Parsi	Billimoria Building, Grant Road.	Lately grocer trading in the name and style of Biarbi & Co., and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"

70—1913	Caitan Gonsalves and Pedro Santos D'Souza.	Portuguese	Noormahomed's Delisle Road.	Chawl.	Printers in the B. B. & C. I. Railway's Workshop at Parel.	3rd	"	"	"	"
71—1913	Costos Anton Britto	"	No. 5, Parel Boiwada	"	Painter in the B. B. & C. I. Railway's Workshop at Parel.	"	"	"	"	"
72—1913	Kisonchand Gopaldas, a partnership firm.	Hindu	"	"	Lately carried on business as merchants, and half's <i>peche</i> or share of business in Bombay at Shaik Mulla Street outside the Fort.	"	"	"	"	"
73—1913	Atsaran Vissram Desai	"	No. 24, Kher Talao	"	Jobber in the Century Mills	4th	"	"	"	"
74—1913	Kurban Hoo ein Abdulally Verah	Mahomedan	Market Bazar	"	Servant in the employ of Terebally Noorodin	"	"	"	"	"
75—1913	Radi oo Nawji Gaikwar	Hindu	Eyenla	"	Lately jobber in the Lord Reay Mills, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"
76—1913	Ganpat Ramji Powar	"	Elphinstone Road	"	Lately fitter in the Crown Mills, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"
77—1913	Padabboy alias Dadiba Cowasji Contractor.	Parsi	Frate Road	"	Unemployed	"	"	"	"	"
78—1913	Inookhan Ismailkhan Gawanter	Mahomedan	Old Nazpada	"	Inspector in the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Company, Ltd.	"	"	"	"	"
79—1913	Meera Bayoo Meera Sheriff Miya	"	"	"	Till recently carrying on business at Cutlery Bazar without the Fort.	5th	"	"	"	"
80—1913	Purshotum Jeewan Thakar	Hindu	Ghatcooper	"	Formerly maccadam on his own account and thereafter partner in the firm of Vasanji Purshotum & Co., Maccadams, and now servant in the employ of Tricumji Damji & Co. at Kharak Bazar.	"	"	"	"	"
81—1913	Nawaballi Mahibux Qureshi and Allahditta Ahmedbux Mistry.	Mahomedan	Mazagon, Motisa Lane	"	Trading in partnership as the Bombay Mission Furniture Company and also the 1st Debtor Mistry in the B. B. and C. I. Railway Co.	6th	"	"	"	"
82—1913	Ticumdas Damji	Hindu	"	"	Firm carrying on business as Cotton Merchants which had <i>pedhi</i> at No. 2, Karwar Street, Fort, Modikhana.	8th	"	"	"	"
83—1913	Vithaldas Raoji	"	"	"	.....	"	"	"	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909) —*contd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
681—1913	Rambhawan Appa alias Issoo Parbalkar.	Hindu	Parel Bhoiwada	Jobber in the employ of the Karimbhai Ebrahim Mills.	10th	December	1913	10th	December	1913
685—1913	Daglo Sabaji Kute	"	Malabar Hill	Brick-layer	"	"	"	"	"	"
686—1913	Esoobha Adamasha Pate	Mahomedan	Full Gully	Fitter in the B. & C. I. Railway Co.	"	"	"	"	"	"
687—1913	Dinshaw Hormusji Patel	Parsi	No. 113, Tardeo	Latelý boarding house-keeper, and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"	"
688—1913	John Baptist Murrello	East Indian	Portuguese Church Road, Daddar.	Clerk in the Government Shipping Office.	"	"	"	"	"	"
689—1913	Hirachand Odhavji, Jamnadas Odhavji and Marudai Odhavji.	Hindu	Old Hanuman Lane	Latelý carrying on business as cloth merchants under the name of Manilal Jamnadas at Lakshmidas Khanji Cloth Market.	"	"	"	"	"	"
690—1913	Sonoo Janoo Bhelekar	"	Parel	Fitter in the B. & C. I. Railway Coy	11th	"	"	"	"	"
691—1913	Hurry Atmaram Mahajan	"	C. P. Tardeo	Latelý carrying on business as cap, etc., merchant in partnership with Govind Keshow Desai and Rajaram Ramchandra in the name of Hurry Govind Desai & Co., and now servant in the employ of Hurry Virji	12th	"	"	"	"	"
692—1913	Saraswatabai Mahadolkarin	"	No. 20, Kandewadi	Dancing girl	"	"	"	"	"	"
693—1913	Dikar Atmaram Joshi	"	Girgaum	Clerk in the employ of Messrs Export Latham & Co.	"	"	"	"	"	"
694—1913	Khinchand Javer Lohar and Narbha Amichand Lohar.	"	Panjarpole	1st Debtor blr Smith in the employ of Chagan Acharya and the 2nd Debtor after A. J. Powell Company.	"	"	"	"	"	"

695-1913	Ebrahim Jamal Memon	Mahomedan	Abdul Rehman Street	Lately carrying on business as hosiery merchant under the name of Abdul Jamal, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"
696-1913	Jamshedji Bomanji Engineer <i>alias</i> Ashburner	Parsi	Ripon Road	Mechanical Engineer.	13th	"	13th	"	"
698-1913	Noora Aliji <i>alias</i> Aliji Shek.	Mahomedan	Moosha Arkhana Street, Bheney Bazar Road.	Victoria driver	15th	"	15th	"	"
700-1913	Toolsiram Sakharan Kudluk and his wife Vithabai <i>alias</i> Ithabai.	Hindu	Kohivada Mandir	1st Debtor lately bullock cart keeper and also fruit seller and now unemployed and the 2nd Debtor petty grass seller.	"	"	"	"	"
699-1913	Pandurang Vishnu Abhyankar	Hindu	Grant Road, Sleater Road	Building contractor and also landed proprietor.	"	"	"	"	"
701-1913	Mossa Haji Ebram Memon	Mahomedan	Nal Bazar (Moti Building)	Lately petty jeweller and now broker in jewellery.	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the above named Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, BOMBAY,
Dated this 16th day of December 1913.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE COURT OF THE POLITICAL AGENT IN BHOPAL.

[NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE DATE OF HEARING OF AN INSOLVENCY PETITION.]

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 1 of 1913.

(Notice under section 12 of Act III of 1907.)

In the matter of the Insolvency of Harry Eastland Redman, Captain, 99th Infantry, Schore.

Whereas Captain Harry Eastland Redman aforesaid has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, and your name appears in the list of creditors filed by the aforesaid debtor, this is to give you notice that the Court has fixed 5th day of January, 1914, for the hearing of the aforesaid petition. If you desire to be represented in the matter, you should attend in person or by duly instructed pleader. The particulars of the debt alleged in the petition to be due to you are as follows :—

Names and addresses of Creditors.	Amount.
	<i>Rs. a. p.</i>
(1) Messrs. Pemchand Recubdas & Co., Sholapur Bazaar, Poona	6,200 0 0
(2) Messrs. J. B. Johnson & Sons, Sackville Street, London, W.	1,200 0 0
(3) Messrs. R. B. Rodda, Wellesly Place, Calcutta	165 0 0
(4) Messrs. North and Talbott, c/o L. D. Robinson, 103, New Oxford Street, London, W. E.	280 0 0
(5) Messrs. Marks & Co., Poona	Rs. 3 0 an.
(6) Messrs. Oakes & Co., Ltd., Madras	109 4 0
(7) Messrs. Robinson & Co., 26 Raffles Place, Singapur	363 8 0
(8) Messrs. Spencer & Co., Secunderabad	176 0 0
(9) J. B. Stewart & Sons, 3, Sholapur Road, Poona	172 9 0
(10) Weber & Scheuck, Secunderabad	29 0 0
(11) B. S. Seth Gyanchand, Schore	187 8 2
(12) Messrs. Badham Pile & Co., Secunderabad	775 12 0
(13) Messrs. Grindlay, & Co., Bombay	80 0 0
(14) East Indian Cycle Company, Bangalore	300 0 0
(15) Messrs. Rose & Co., Bombay	36 3 0
(16) Messrs. Lund & Blockley, Bombay	32 6 0
(17) Messrs. Thompson & Taylor, Poona	43 0 0
(18) Messrs. Treacher & Co., Poona	55 0 0
(19) Vishnu Sobajee & Sons, Main Street, Poona	86 2 0
(20) Messrs. Phillips & Co., Poona	25 0 0
(21) Cheddi Lal, Schore	220 0 0
(22) Seth Bansi Lal, Schore	120 0 0
(23) The Officers Loan Fund, 99th Infantry	485 0 0
(24) Hassan Ali Bohra, Schore	50 0 0
Total	11,284 7 2

W. S. DAVIS,

Political Agent in Bhopal.

SEHORE, C. I.,

The December, 1913.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, the 12th December 1913.

No. 68.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Opium Act, 1878 (I of 1878), as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Resident in Mysore is pleased to exempt, in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the medicinal preparations specified in the list appended to this notification, from the operation of the Opium Rules issued under Residency Notification No. 42, dated the 31st July 1911, as amended by Notifications, No. 50, dated the 1st July 1912, No. 15, dated the 19th March 1913, and No. 29, dated the 21st May 1913.

2. This exemption does not apply to importation or transmission of these preparations by means of the post.

List of preparations containing opium or morphia exempted from the operation of the Opium Rules.

1. Anarcotine or Narcotine (or Narcotina) and its derivatives.
2. Anodyne Pine Expectorant.
3. Anti Emesis Mixture (Dr. Duarte's).
4. Apocoum Hydrochloridum.
5. Apomorphine and its salts and preparations.
6. Astringent wash—compressed tablets for—containing $\frac{3}{8}$ gr. of morphia acetate (Parke Davis & Co.)
7. Beecham's Cough Pills.
8. Parke Davis Odontalgic Essence.
9. Bow's Liniment.
10. Brompton's Consumption and Cough Specific.
11. Camphorodyne.
12. Cereoli Acidi Tannici et Opii.
13. Cereoli Iodoformi et Morphinae.
14. Chamberlain's Colic Remedy.
15. Chlor. Anodyne containing $2\frac{3}{8}$ grs. of morphia hydrochlor. per fluid ounce (Parke Davis & Co.)
16. Chlorodyne (Liquor Chloroformi Composita).
17. Chronic Dysentery Mixture (Dr. Duarte's).
18. Codam.
19. Codeine, its salts and its salts and preparations.
20. Cotarnina.
21. Cotarninae Hydrochloridum or Stypticin.
22. Cotarninae Phthalas or Styptol.
23. Cough Mixture (Dr. Duarte').
24. Cryptopine.
25. Dover's Powder, see Pulvis Ipecacuanhae Composita.
26. Elixir Pepsine Bismuthi Comp.
27. Elixir Pini Compositum.
28. Emplastrum Opii.
29. Enema Opii.
30. Ethyl Narcein Hydrochlorid see Narceyl.
31. Ferris, see Mistura Bismuthi composita Aromatica.
32. Glycerinum Acetomorphinae.
33. Glycerinum Heroini Compositum.
34. Gnoscopine.
35. Hanstus Apomorphinae Compositus.
36. Hewlett, see Mistura Pepsinae Composita cum Bismutho
37. Hydrocotarnine.
38. Insufflatio Bismuthi et Morphinae

39. Kay's Linseed Compound.
40. Keating's Pectoral or Cough Lozenges.
41. Lanthoptine.
42. Le Haurier's Odontalgic Essence.
43. Linimentum Opii.
44. Linimentum Opii Ammoniatum.
45. Lotio Plumbi Opii.
46. Meconiasine.
47. Meconidine.
48. Meconii Periodidum.
49. Meconine.
50. Mercuric Chloride with Potassium Iodide compressed tablets No. 45 containing $\frac{1}{10}$ gr. of powdered opium (Parke Davis & Co.).
51. Mistura Apomorphinæ et Terebeni.
52. Mistura Bismuthi Composita Aromatida vel Liquor Ferris.
53. Mistura Bismuthi Composita cum Morphina.
54. Mistura Chloroformi Composita.
55. Mistura Cretæ Composita.
56. Mistura Pepsinæ Composita cum Bismutho (Hewlett's).
57. Mistura Pepsinæ cum Bismutho (Huxley).
58. Mistura Salina Anodyna.
59. Mistura Scillæ Composita.
60. Mistura Scillæ et Opii.
61. Morphinae Meconias and its preparations (liquor, &c).
62. Narceina or Narceine.
63. Narotine, *see* Anarcotine.
64. Narcyl or Ethyl Narcein Hydrochloride.
65. Nepenthe and its preparations.
66. Oleatum Morphinae.
67. Opium Wool.
68. Papaverine.
69. Paregoric Elixir, *see* Tinctura Camphoræ Compos.
70. Peronin or Benzoyl Morphine Hydrochloride.
71. Pilula Digitalis et Opii Composita.
72. Pilula Hydrargyri cum Opio.
73. Pilula Ipecacuanhæ cum Scilla.
74. Pilula Plumbi cum Opio.
75. Pilula Saponis Composita.
76. Pilula Ipecacuanhæ cum Uriginea.
77. Porphyroxin.
78. Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.
79. Protopine.
80. Pulvis Cretæ Armaticus cum Opio.
81. Pulvis Ipecacuanhæ Compositus, or Dover's Powder.
82. Pulvis Ipecacuanhæ cum Scilla.
83. Pulvis Kino Compositus.
84. Pulvis Morphinae Compositus.
85. Pulvis Opii Compositus.
86. Pulvis Plumbi cum Opio.
87. Rhocadine.
88. Sedative Lotion (Dr. Duarte's).
89. Solubes Plumbi et Opii.
90. St. Jacob's Oil.
91. Stypticin, *see* Cotarninae Hydrochloridum.
92. Styptol, *see* Cotarninae Phthalas.
93. Suppositoria Plumbi Composita.

94. Suppositoria Morphinæ.
95. Surupus Camphoræ Compositus.
96. Syrup Picis Liq cum Apomorphina containing $\frac{1}{4}$ grain apomorphinæ per fluid ounce (Ferris & Co.).
97. Syrupus Apomorphinæ.
98. Tabellæ Apomorphinæ.
99. Tabellæ Saponis Compositæ.
100. Tabletti Plumbi cum Opio.
101. Tabloid Hypodermic Ergotin et Morphinæ.
102. Thebaicum and its preparations.
103. Thebaine.
104. Tinctura Antiperiodica.
105. Tinctura Camphoræ Composita or Paregoric Elixir.
106. Tinctura Chloroformi et Morphinæ Composita.
107. Tinctura Opii Ammoniata.
108. Tinctura Opii Crocata.
109. Tinctura Opii Deodorata.
110. Tritopine.
111. Unguentum Gallæcum Opio.
112. Unguentum Myrabolam cum Opio.
113. Unguentum Opii.
114. Urethral Injection (Dr. Duarte's).
115. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
116. Xanthalino.

The 15th December 1913.

LEAVE.

69.—Captain Edward Charles Edwards, V.D., is granted leave in and out of one year with effect from the 1st January 1914.

P. B. WARBURTON,

First Assistant Resident.

THE COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTICE.

Ajmer, the 5th December 1913.

Under section 15(1) of the Ajmer Talukdars Loan Regulation, II of 1911, and in accordance to the notice dated the 20th July 1912 at pages 1317 and 1318 of the *Gazette of India*, Part II, of the 17th August 1912, it is hereby notified that the following names of Thakur Jagannath Singh, Istimardar of Salari, were discharged on the dates set against them by a loan granted under section 13(1)(b) of the said Regulation:—

Debts owed to:—		
1. Harkishen, son of Bal Chand of Baghera	.	.
2. Dhanna Lal, son of Chitar Mal of Kekri	.	.
3. Sua Lal, son of Manna Lal of Bogla	.	.
4. Lachman Kalal of Baghera	.	.
5. Lachman and Debi Kalais of Baghera	.	.
6. Mohan Lal Ganesh Lal of Salari	.	.
7. Sujan Mal, Mahajan of Kekri	.	.
8. Kesri Mal, son of Chagan Lal of Monoharpur	.	.
9. Jor Singh of Tiswaria	.	.
10. Gaik Singh of Tiswaria	.	.
		14th July 1913.
		5th August 1913.
		Debt of Rs. 113 due to him deposited in the Government Treasury, Ajmer, owing to his absence in Mewar and his correct address not being known.

All the above debts have been discharged in full.

A. T. HOLME,

Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

THE COMMISSIONER, AJMERE-MERWARA.

FORM B.

NOTICE UNDER SECTION 6 OF THE TALUKDARS LOAN REGULATION (II OF 1911).

Ajmer, the 8th December 1913.

Whereas Thakur Anand Singh, Istimrardar of Kurthal in the Ajmer District, has applied for a loan under this Regulation, all persons having claims against the said Thakur Anand Singh or his immoveable property are called upon to submit a statement of the same in writing in Form C below, to the Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, within six months from the date of the publication of this notice.

Every claim against the applicant or his immoveable property (other than a claim on the part of the Government) not submitted to the Commissioner in compliance with this notice, shall, save in the cases provided for by sections 6 and 13 of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, be deemed for all purposes and on all occasions to have been duly discharged, unless in any suit or proceeding instituted by the claimant or by any person claiming under him in respect of any such claim, it is proved to the satisfaction of the Court that he was unable to comply with the directions contained in this notice.

Every claim so admitted by the Court shall, notwithstanding any law, contract, decree or award to the contrary, cease to carry interest after the expiry of six months from the date of the publication of this notice.

2. With effect from the date of the publication of this notice, the consequences prescribed in sections 7, 8, 16, 17, 18 of the Regulation, a copy of which is published herewith, shall also ensue.

Copy of Sections 7, 8, 16, 17, and 18.

7. With effect from the date of the publication of a notice under section 6, sub-section (1), the following consequences shall ensue, namely :—

- (a) the applicant shall be incompetent to transfer or create any charge on, or mortgage, in, his property or any part thereof, or to enter into a contract which may involve him in any pecuniary liability; and
- (b) all suits and proceedings in any Civil Court in respect of any claim against the applicant shall be stayed, and no fresh suit or proceeding shall be instituted in respect of any such claim in any Civil Court.

8. Nothing in section 7, clause (a), shall—

- (a) apply to debts due for liabilities incurred to Government,
- (b) apply to debts or liabilities which are incurred for necessities for the maintenance of the applicant or his family, or for the due observance of funeral and other ceremonies to the extent approved by the Commissioner, or
- (c) affect the capacity of the applicant to enter into a contract of marriage,

provided that he shall not incur in connection with such contract of marriage any pecuniary liability except such as the Commissioner, having regard to the personal law to which he is subject, and his rank and circumstances, may, in writing, declare to be reasonable.

16. (1) No suit shall be brought in any Civil Courts against any Talukdar upon any promise made after he has repaid a loan under this Regulation, to pay any debt contracted during the period between the grant and the repayment of such loan, or upon any ratification made after such loan has been repaid of any promise or contract made during such period whether there is or is not any new consideration for such promise or ratification.

(2) Nothing in sub-section (1) shall apply to the debts or liabilities specified in section 8.

17. (1) If any Talukdar to whom a loan has been granted under this Regulation :—

- (a) infringes any condition imposed under section 13, sub-section (1), clause (b), or
- (b) attempts to do any act which, under section 7, clause (a), he is incompetent to do,

the Chief Commissioner may by order in writing declare such Talukdar to be disqualified from managing his own property and such Talukdar shall be deemed to be a landholder who is disqualified to manage his own property within the meaning of the Ajmer Government Wards Regulations, 1888, and the Court of Wards shall thereupon assume the superintendence of the property of such Talukdar.

(2) The Court of Wards shall withdraw its superintendence from any property of which it has assumed superintendence under sub-section (1) as soon as all instalments of the loan have been repaid to Government with the interest thereon.

AJMER-MERWARA.

Catalogue of books printed and published in Ajmer-Merawra and registered under Act XXV of 1867 during the quarter which ended on the 30th September 1913.

Author and title, brief subject including the age of the book, where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher, and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of era, where other than Christian era, date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.	Registration No.	Proprietor of copyright (his name and residence), Registration No., and date of registration of copyright.
2	3	4	5	6
Bhrantnivarān—भ्रान्ति निवारण in Hindi and Sanskrit by late Swami Dayanand Saraswati, a religious issued on 19th June 1913, 36 pages, Royal Octavo, fourth edition. Price one anna and three pies only.	Harish Chandra Trivedi. Printed at Vedic Press.	...	98	
Varshik Vrittant—वार्षिक वृत्तान्त in Hindi by P ^r Bansidhar Sharma, M.A., L.L.B., Vakil, Secretary, Arya Pratinidhisabha, yearly report on the working of the Sabha, issued on 4th June 1913, 16 pages, Royal Octavo, first edition. Free.	Ditto	250	99	
Jangira Samachar—जाङ्गिरा समाचार in Hindi by B. Jeykishen Das, Chauri Bazar, Delhi, a religious monthly paper issued on 3rd June 1913, 16 pages, Royal Octavo, first edition. Price Rs. 1-8 a year.	Ditto	200	100	
Jangira Samachar—जाङ्गिरा समाचार in Hindi by B. Jeykishen Das, Chauri Bazar, Delhi, a religious monthly paper issued on 10th June, 1913, 20 pages, Royal Octavo, first edition. Price Rs. 1-8 a year.	Ditto	200	101	
Rajvidroha-Vichchhedaka—राजविद्रोह विच्छेदक by P. Totaramji Parmarthi, President, Arya Samaj, Jashkar, Gwalior, in Hindi on "Loyalty of Arya Samaj" issued on 20th June 1913, Demy Octavo, 24 pages, second edition. Free.	Ditto	...	102	
Anathrakshak—अनाथ रक्षक in Hindi by M. Rambharose, Dayanand Orphanage, Ajmer, a religious monthly paper, issued on 4th June 1913, Royal Octavo, 24 pages, first edition. Price Rs. 1 a year.	Ditto	650	103	

Catalogue of books printed and published in Ajmer-Merwara and registered under Act XXV of 1867 during the quarter which ended on the 30th September 1913.

Author and title, brief subject including the age of the book where the same is obscure, number of pages, publisher and place of publication, date given on the title-page with the name of era, where other than Christian era, date of issue from the press or of publication, size, edition and price.	Printer and place of printing.	Number of copies.	Registration No.	Proprietor of copyright (his name and residence), Registration No., and date of registration of copy right.
2	3	4	5	6
<p>Gote kinari ke Dukandaron ke ikrarnama ki sharton ka khulasa—गोटे किनारी के दुकानदारों के इकरारनामे की शर्तों का खुलासा in Hindi by Nathmal Patodi, Ajmer, agreement of the Gote Kinari shopkeepers, issued on 5th June 1913, Royal Octavo, 14 pages, first edition.</p> <p>Free.</p>	<p>Harish Chandra Trivedi. Printed at Vedic Press.</p>	<p>500</p>	<p>104</p>	
<p>Arora Sahitri Samachar—अरोड़ा खत्री समाचार in Hindi by B. Manmal, Brahmavar, B.A., Nashirabad, a religious monthly paper, issued on 17th June 1913, 24 pages, 12 pages Royal, first edition.</p> <p>Price Rs. 1 a year.</p>	<p>Harish Chandra Trivedi. Printed at Vedic Press, Ajmer.</p>	<p>250</p>	<p>105</p>	
<p>Farogh—فروغ फरीश in Urdu by Jamiat Ali, Urdu poems on ordinary different subjects, issued on 1st July 1913, 40 pages, 22 x 18 Quarto.</p>	<p>Akmalul Haq Press, Ajmer.</p>	<p>500</p>	<p>106</p>	
<p>A complete Key to Nelson's Primer in English and Hindi, by M. S. Mehta, teacher, Maharaja High School, Udaipur, issued on 22nd July 1913, 49 pages, double Foolscap, first edition.</p> <p>Price not known.</p>	<p>Job Press, Ajmer.</p>	<p>500</p>	<p>107</p>	<p>M. S. Mehta, teacher, Maharaja's High School, Udaipur. Registered No. 107, dated 10th August, 1913, and Rs. 2 recovered as Registration fee.</p>

D. G. MACKENZIE,
Assistant Commissioner Ajmer.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
AJMER-MERWARA.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Mount Abu, the 11th December 1913.

No. 1851-65.—Under section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to declare the following holidays to be public holidays during the year 1914:—

Classification of holidays.	Name of holidays.	Dates.	Days of week.	Number of days.
All creeds	New year's day	1st January	Thursday	1
Muhammadan	Bara Wafat	9th February	Monday	1
Hindu	Shiv Ratri	23rd February	Monday	1
Ditto	Holi	11th & 12th March	Wednesday & Thursday.	2
Ditto	Silsaptmi	18th March	Wednesday	1
Christian	Good Friday	10th April	Friday	1
Hindu	Baisakhi Fair	9th May	Saturday	1
Muhammadan	Uts Fair.	31st May & 1st June.	Sunday & Monday	2
All creeds	King Emperor's birthday.	June	.....	1
Muhammadan	Shabi Barat	9th July	Thursday	1
Hindu	Raksha Bandhan	6th August	Wednesday	1
Ditto	Janam Ashtmi	14th August	Friday	1
Muhammadan	Idul Fitar	24th August	Monday	1
Hindu	Savatri Fair	28th August	Friday	1
Ditto	Jaljhulni Ekadaashi	31st August	Monday	1
Ditto	Anant Chowdas	3rd September	Thursday	1
Ditto	Dussehra	26th to 28th September.	Saturday to Monday	3
Ditto	Dip Malka	18th & 19th October.	Sunday & Monday	2
Ditto	Yam Duj	20th October	Tuesday	1
Ditto	Pushkar Fair	29th October to 3rd November.	Thursday to Tuesday	6
Muhammadan	Idul Zuha	30th October	Friday	1
Ditto	Moharram	27th to 29th November.	Friday to Sunday	3
Christian	Christmas	24th to 31st December.	Thursday to Thursday.	8

No. 1853-65.—It is hereby notified that the Courts and offices under the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara will be closed on the days named in the list below as public holidays in the year 1914 :—

Classification of holidays.	Name of holidays.	Dates.	Days of week.	Number of days.
All creeds	New Year's Day	1st January	Thursday	1
Muhammadian	Bara Wafat	9th February	Monday	1
Hindu	Shiv Ratri	23rd February	Monday	1
Hindu	Holi	11th & 12th March	Wednesday & Thursday.	2
Hindu	Silsaptmi	18th March	Wednesday	1
Christian	Good Friday	10th April	Friday	1
Hindu	Baisakhi Fair	9th May	Saturday	1
Muhammadian	Urs Fair	31st May & 1st June.	Sunday & Monday	2
All creeds	King Emperor's birthday.	June	...	1
Muhammadian	Shabi Barat	9th July	Thursday	1
Hindu	Raksha Bandhan	5th August	Wednesday	1
Hindu	Janam Ashtmi	14th August	Friday	1
Muhammadian	Idul Fitar	24th August	Monday	1
Hindu	Savatri Fair	25th August	Friday	1
Hindu	Jal Jhulni Ekadashi	31st August	Monday	1
Hindu	Anant Chowdas	3rd September	Thursday	1
Hindu	Dasehra	26th to 28th September.	Saturday to Monday.	3
Hindu	Dip Malka	18th & 19th October	Sunday & Monday	2
Hindu	Yam Duj	20th October	Tuesday	1
Hindu	Pushkar Fair	29th October to 3rd November.	Thursday to Tuesday.	6
Muhammadian	Idul Zil	30th October	Friday	1
Muhammadian	Idul Adha	27th to 29th November.	Friday to Sunday	3
Christian	Christmas	24th to 31st December.	Thursday to Thursday.	8
				42

Note.—

(1) In English and Vernacular Offices where there are arrears of work, the last Saturday in the month may be observed as a holiday.

(2) The last day of every month will be observed as a holiday in the Treasury Office Ajmer, instead of the last Saturday.

(3) Muhammadian holidays depend on the Moon being visible and fall on the day following such event.

(4) With regard to Hindu holidays on account of eclipses of the Sun and Moon, those for the former are granted for the day on which the eclipse occurs and those for the latter for the day following. In 1914 there will be two eclipses (Solar) 21st August 1914, (Lunar) 4th September 1914. Holidays will be observed on Friday 21st August 1914 and Saturday 5th September 1914.

(5) Local holidays may be granted for great festivals or fairs at the discretion of the Commissioner, when there are no arrears of work.

(6) Civil Courts vacations commence from 1st August and continue till 30th September 1914. No fresh suits shall during that time be instituted unless they be of an urgent

character, but the Courts will be open for the purpose of clearing up cases instituted before 15th July and for the disposal of any urgent work.

(7) The day which may be fixed for the celebration of the King-Emperor's Birthday will be notified separately in due course.

(8) Chehlam will be observed as a Local holiday for Shiahhs only.

By order,

H. A. K. GOUGH, Major,

First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner,
Ajmer-Merwara.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Ajmer, the 15th December 1913.

No. 2029—Whereas the land designated below is required for a public purpose, this declaration is made accordingly under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894.

District.	Pargannah.	Mauza.	Approximate area.	For what purpose.	Remarks.
Ajmer	Ajmer	Ajmer	2.49 Bighas	For extension of the Government Cemetery, Ajmer.	The plan can be found in the Office of the District Collector, Ajmer.
			<i>Boundaries.</i>		
			<i>East.</i> —Land of Mangla Mali.		
			<i>West.</i> —Ajmer-Nasirabad Road.		
			<i>North.</i> —Compound wall of Cemetery.		
			<i>South.</i> —Land of Mangla Mali.		

Under section 7 of the Act, the Collector is hereby directed to order for the acquisition of the land specified above.

H. C. SANDERS,

Secretary to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General, Rajputana,
and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara
in the Public Works Department.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Ajmer, the 16th December 1913.

No. 1308-C.—1274.—With reference to the Punjab Government Notification No. 1505 (Home), dated the 19th November, 1913, it is hereby notified that Mr. S. Wilberforce assumed charge of his special duty in connection with Co-operative Societies in Ajmer-Merwara on the forenoon of the 11th November 1913.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Major,

First Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent, Rajputana,
and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 11th December 1913.

No. 9043-C. & I.—In rules A 2 and 3 of the rules for the grant of permits to motor-vehicles letting or plying for hire within the Province of Delhi published with Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 7006, dated the 25th September 1913, for *Deputy Commissioner* substitute *Superintendent of Police*.

No. 9058-Education.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3(3) of the ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to confirm Notification No. 7911-Education, dated the 23rd October 1913, which declared the undermentioned monuments to be protected monuments within the meaning of the Act.

Monuments.	Locality.
1. Dargah Statue and its platform, and the surrounding gardens, paths and enclosure wall.	Outside the Kashmiri Gate, Dell
2. Mutiny memorial with its surrounding garden.	On the ridge, Delhi.
3. Hindu Rao's House now used as the station hospital	Do. do.
4. Situated immediately to the west of No. 3.	Do. do.
5. The remaining gateways of the old magazine with their adjoining buildings.	Near the Post Office, Delhi.
6. Kotla Firoz Shah, Ferozabad, with the remaining walls, bastions and gateways, and gardens, the old mosque, and well and all the other ruined buildings it contains.	Two furlongs east of the Jail and some 3 furlongs due south of the south-east corner of Shahjahanabad, Delhi.
7. Purana Qila (Indrapat) or Delhi Sher Shahi, with all its walls, arcades, gateways, and bastions and gardens, the mosque of Sher Shah (Killa Kohna Masjid), the Sher Mandal and entrances to Subterranean passages.	Two miles south of the Delhi gate of Shahjahanabad, Delhi.
8. Lal Darwaza, the northern gate of the outer walls of the Delhi of Sher Shah.	Three furlongs due south of the Delhi Gate of Shahjahanabad immediately to the east of the Jail, Delhi.
9. Uggar Sain's Bastion.	In Madhoganj near the Jantar Mantar observatory, Delhi.
10. The tomb of Safdar Jang (Mirza Muqim Mansur Ali Khan) with all its enclosure walls, gates and gardens and the mosque on the east side of the gate.	Three and a half miles due south of the south wall of Shahjahanabad and one mile five furlongs due west of Nizam-ud-Din Railway Station, Delhi.
11. Site of battery (south-east corner of the garden) with the following inscriptions :— "Left attack, Lieutenant W. Groathead, directing Engineer, No. III battery, armed with six 18 pounders, Major William Smith, R.A., Commanding. To breach curtain of water bastion."	Qudsia Garden, Delhi.
12. Site of Battery (north-west corner of the garden) with the following inscription :— "Left attack, Lieutenant W. H. Groathead, Bengal Engineers, Directing Engineer, No. IV battery, armament 10 mortars, Captain and Brevet Major H. Tombs, Bengal Artillery, Commanding. To breach Kashmir gate and Kashmiri water bastions."	Ditto, ditto.
13. The Mosque	Ditto, ditto.
14. The old entrance gateway of the garden	Ditto, ditto.

The 13th December 1913.

No. 9115-Home.—The following return of deaths registered in the province of Delhi during the half month ending 30th November 1913, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
Name of Towns and Rural Circles in the District.	Deaths registered in previous half month.	Total in present half month.	Deaths registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age.		
			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.
P. S. Alipur	35	72	...	...	...	44	1	25	...	...	2	1	14	11	25
Nangloi	41	35	...	...	...	30	...	5	...	...	...	...	5	6	11
Najafgarh	64	68	...	...	...	30	1	30	...	...	7	5	12	10	22
Subsimundi	4	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Panuganj	8	15	...	2	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
Mehrauli	50	52	...	...	...	31	...	21	...	...	...	...	6	4	15
Total of the District	222	250	...	2	...	156	2	81	...	...	9	6	42	36	78

No. 9117-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned municipal towns in the province of Delhi for the week ending 6th December 1913, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death or Agent.								Infants under one year of age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio of Births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of Deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.	
Delhi	23,047	123	125	248	105	100	205	...	...	...	131	3	48	...	23	2	34	37	61	56.8	47.2
Notified Area . . . . .	...	...	1	1	5	2	7	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...
Total . . . . .	...	123	126	249	110	102	212	...	...	...	135	3	50	...	24	2	35	37	62	...	...

By order,
G. F. deMONTMORENCY,
Personal Assistant to Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 6th December 1913.

No. 3651.—It is hereby notified that the holidays to be observed in the Public Offices in Baluchistan Agency territories and British Baluchistan, during 1914, which are specified in the schedule below, are public holidays within the meaning of Section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881.

SCHEDULE.

List of holidays for Public Offices during the year 1914.

Name of Holidays.	Dates on which they fall.	Day or days of the week.	No. of days.	REMARKS.
General Holidays.				
All Sundays . . . . .	.....	.....	52	
Proclamation Day	1st January	Thursday	1	
King-Emperor's Birthday . . . . .	.....	.....	1	
Christian Holidays.				
Good Friday	10th April	Friday	1	
Saturday	11th April	Saturday	1	
Easter Monday	13th April	Monday	1	
Christmas vacation	24th to 31st December	Thursday to Thursday	7	Excluding Sunday.
Hindu Holidays.				
Basant Panchmi	31st January	Saturday	1	
Sheoratri	23rd February	Monday	1	
Holi	11th March	Wednesday	1	
Baisakhi	13th April	Monday . . . . .	...	Easter Monday.
Solono . . . . .	.....	Wednesday	1	
Janam Ashtmi . . . . .	..... August	Friday	1	
Dussehra	25th to 28th September.	Friday to Monday	3	Excluding Sunday.
Diwali	19th October . . . . .	.....	1	
Mohammadan Holidays.				
Bara Wafat	8th February	Sunday . . . . .	.....	Sunday.
Shab-i-barat	9th July	Thursday	1	
Id-ul-Fitar	23rd and 24th August	Sunday and Monday	1	Excluding Sunday.
Id-ul-Zuha	30th and 31st October	Friday and Saturday	2	
Muharram	26th to 28th November.	Thursday to Saturday	3	

NOTE.—The day fixed for the celebration of the King-Emperor's Birthday will be notified separately hereafter.

By order,

DENYS BRAY,

First Assistant.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 10th December 1913.

No. 193.—Assistant Surgeon J. C. Dyer, I.S.M.D., is granted 60 days' privilege leave with effect from the 16th October 1913.

B. G. SETON, Brevet-Col., I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

The 15th December 1913.

No. 906-4025.—The two months' privilege leave granted to Mr. Jyotish Chandra osh, B.Sc., F.C.S., in this office notification No. 606-3228, dated the 6th October 1913, extended by one month.

J. GOULD, Lt.-Col., I.S.M.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, The Black Watch, dated at Fort William, this 9th day of December 1913.

Number, Rank, and Name—1480, Private, Peter Dun-
n.
Age—23 years 1 month.
Height—5 feet 9 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes,
brown.
Build—Light porter.
Date of enlistment—17th November 1908.
Place of enlistment—Edinburgh.

Parish and County in which born—St. Andrew's, Edinburgh.
Date of desertion or absence—4th December 1913.
Place of desertion or absence—Fort William, Calcutta.
Marks.—Long scar on right cheek and several smaller ones behind it; slight stoop, narrow chested, tongue being in bad condition causing slight impediment in speech.
Under 6 years' service.

W. MACLE CAMPBELL, Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, The Black Watch.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 10th December 1913.

No. 2070-G.—The following reversal of officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified:—

From the 20th November 1913, the date of Mr. A. C. Tyndale's return from privilege leave.
Mr. T. J. Moriarty, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to his own grade.

No. 2071-G.—The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, for the period specified:—

From the 1st to the 3rd December 1913, vice Mr. H. S. Cumber, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade (temporary), granted privilege leave.

Mr. Mordecai Joseph to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

**PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT SECRETARIAT.
DELHI PROVINCE.**

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 16th December 1913.

TRANSFER.

No. 885-E.—Mr. C. E. Evans, Temporary Engineer, is transferred from the 5th Project Division, 2nd Circle, which he left on the forenoon of the 12th November 1913, to the 1st Project Division, 1st Circle, which he joined at the same time.

H. T. KEELING,

Secretary, Public Works Department, Delhi.

HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL SIDE.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 18th December 1913

Mr. Maurice Remfry, Deputy Registrar, High Court, Original Side, having obtained privilege leave for three months under Article 274 of the Civil Service Regulations, the Honourable the Chief Justice has, with the approval of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, appointed Mr. G. Ryper, an Assistant Registrar of this Court, to act for Mr. Remfry during his absence or until further order; Babu Gopal Chunder Dass, an Assistant Registrar, to act for Mr. G. Ryper; Mr. S. C. Mitra, Bar-at-Law, an Assistant Registrar, to act for Babu Gopal Chunder Dass, and Mr. S. N. Roy, Bar-at-Law, to act for Mr. S. C. Mitra—the above appointments to take effect from the 4th December 1913.

By order,

J. H. NECHLE.

Registrar.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 12th December 1913.

No. 1772-Ap.—Mr. T. G. Chiodetti, Postmaster, Agra, pay Rs. 400—500, is granted a further extension of privilege leave for fifteen days with effect from the 16th November 1913.

No. 1775-Ap.—Mr. A. B. Thakur, Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of Rs. 800, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, and Inspector-General, R. M. S. and Sorti Circle, on his own pay, with effect from the 19th November 1913 and until further orders.

The 15th December 1913.

No. 1792-Ap.—Mr. E. S. Doran, Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 26th November 1913.

Maung Baing, Inspector of post offices, Meiktila Sub-Division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. E. S. Doran, or until further orders.

No. 1799-Ap.—Mr. J. J. Williams, Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 11th December 1913 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Babu Revati Raman Shome, Inspector of post offices, Munshiganj Sub-Division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. J. J. Williams, or until further orders.

No. 1803-*Ap.*—Mr. Syed Muhammad Azmatullah, Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, is granted privilege leave for three weeks with effect from the 25th November 1913.

Mr. K. Venkata Rao Naidu, Inspector of post offices, Vizianagram Sub-Division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 26th November 1913 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. Syed Muhammad Azmatullah.

No. 1817-*Ap.*—Mr. J. H. Owens, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for 28 days with effect from the 6th December 1913.

The 17th December 1913.

No. 1847-*Ap.*—Babu Nirmal Kant Dutt, Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 22nd December 1913 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Ba. Gossain, clerk, office of the Postmaster-General, Eastern Bengal and Assam, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Babu Nirmal Kant Dutt, or until further orders.

The 19th December 1913.

No. 1880-*Ap.*—Mr. E. N. Priestley, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Bombay, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 5th December 1913 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. R. N. Mehta, Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, on privilege leave.

W. MAXWELL,

Director-General, Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 18th December 1913.

No. 6800-*T.*—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 3rd December 1913 to 16th December 1913.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Calcutta Aberitola	Bengal	10th September 1913	Opened.
" Amrita Bazar Patrika	Do. Agents	" " "	"
" Archana	Do.	" " "	"
" Army and Navy Stores	Do.	" " "	"
" Baitakhana	Do.	" " "	"
" Ballygunge R. S.	Do.	" " "	"
" Col. otola	Do.	" " "	"
" Cornwallis Street	Do.	" " "	"
" Khengrapatti	Do.	" " "	"
" Lansdowne Road	Do.	" " "	"
" Ripon Garden	Do.	" " "	"
" Royal Exchange	Do.	" " "	"
" Sealdah	Do.	" " "	"
" Sonai	Do.	" " "	"

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Office.</i>			
Calcutta Strand Road	Bengal	10th September 1913.	Opened.
„ Surat Bagh	Do.	„ „ „	„
„ Tala	Do.	„ „ „	„
„ Taltala	Do.	„ „ „	„
„ Ultadanga	Do.	„ „ „	„
„ Vaishya Sabha	Do.	„ „ „	„
„ Wellington Square	Do.	„ „ „	„
„ Writers' Building	Do.	„ „ „	„
Ghatkopar	Bombay Presidency	1st November	„
Kunjah	Punjab	2nd December	„
Paya Assam	Assam	4th September	„
Phulwari	Bihar and Orissa	3rd December	„
Urval	Madras Presidency	4th „	„

Railway Telegraph Offices.

Bahadurabad	Eastern Bengal State Railway	1st „	„
D.	Do. do.	„ „	„
Dharmakura	Do. do.	„ „	„
Darmut	Do. do.	„ „	„
Lohardaga	Bengal Nagpur Railway	20th November	„
Nagjua	Do. do.	„ „	„
Piska	Do. do.	„ „	„
Tangerbali	Do. do.	„ „	„
Teesta Mukh Ghat	Eastern Bengal State Railway.	1st December	„

The following changes in the names of Government Telegraph Offices are notified:

- “ Dighe ” instead of “ Rajabari (Dacca). ”
- “ Bareilly Izatnagar R. S. ” instead of “ Bareilly Izatnagar. ”
- “ Kalka R. S. ” instead of “ ”
- “ Khairabad R. S. ” instead of “ Khairabad. ”
- “ Wadi R. S. ” instead of “ ”

The following alterations in the names of Railway Telegraph Offices are notified :-

On the Bengal and North-Western Railway :-

- “ Rosera ” instead of “ Rosrahi. ”
- “ Tamkuhi Road ” instead of “ Tarkanlia. ”

. CORRIGENDUM.

In Telegraph Department Notification No. 6064-T., dated the 6th November 1913 incorporated in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, of 8th November 1913, strike out “ Mohar partier ”

M. CHARLI
for Director, Traffic

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8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

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Manager of the Imperial Book Depôt, 63, Chandney Chalk Street, Delhi.
Manager, East Coast News, Vizagapatnam.
Manager, "The Agra Medical Hall and Co-operative Association, Limited" (Successors to A. John & Co., Agra).
Mr. T. K. Soetharam Aiyar, Kumbakonam.
Superintendent, Basel Mission Book and Tract Depository, Mangalore.
Messrs. P. Varadachary & Co., Madras.
Mr. H. Liddell, Printer, etc., 7, South Road, Allahabad.
Messrs. D. C. Anand & Sons, Peshawar.
Mr. Ram Dayal Agarwal, 184, Katra Allahabad.

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[The amounts within parenthesis are for packing and postage.]

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

List No. 1 of 1913, dated 30th June 1913, of Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. 1a. (1a.)

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. VI (Index of Cases), Edition 1913. Super-Royal 8vo Cloth. Rs. 8 or 9s. (10a.)

A Collection of Statutes relating to India, Vol. II (from 1888 up to 1912), Edition 1913. Super-Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 6 or 7s. (10a.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Classification and Uses of Finger Prints (Fourth Edition), by Sir E. R. Henry, G.C.V.O., K.C.B., C.S.I. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 2 or 2s. (3a.)

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LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Survey Note Book for Engineers containing explanations of a set of forms for Levelling, Traversing, Triangulation and Astronomy with a set of forms for each. This book is part of the Civil Engineer class course in Surveying at the Thomason College. Printed on thin paper with blank pages and bound in cloth. Rs. 2-4

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS AVAILABLE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 1, BRITISH STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal, Vol. VII. Nos. 9-11 at Rs. 2-10.

Journal, Vol. VIII. Nos. 1-10 at Rs. 2.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 5. The Vyavahara-Matrika of Jimutavahana, by the Hon'ble Justice Sir Asutosh Mukherji, Saraswati, at Rs. 1-8.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 6. Some current Pushtu Folk Stories by F. H. Malyon, 21st Punjabis, at Rs. 1-8.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 7. The Chank Bangle Industry by James Hornell at Rs. 2.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Munta Khab-ul-Lubab, Part 3. Fasc. by Lieutenant-Colonel T. W. Haig at Rs. 1-4.

Kavi Kalpa Lata. Fasc. I, by Pandit Sarat Chunder Sastri at As. 10.

Tantravartica. Fasc. 11, 12, by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha at Rs. 1-4.

Tattacintamony Bidhity Vivrity, Vol. 3. Fasc. I, by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10.

Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 2-4, by H. Beveridge at Rs. 1-4.

Tirtha Cintamani. Fasc. 4, by Kamal Krishna Smrititirtha at As. 10.

Maasir-i-Rahini. Fasc. 3, by Maulavi Hadyet Hosain at Rs. 2.

Bisayhitam. By Bisvambhar Jyotisarava at As. 10.

- Upamitibhayaprapancha Katha.** Fasc. 3. Part 2, by Dr. H. Jacobi at As. 10.
Munta Khab-ul Tawarikh, Part 3. Fasc. 2, by Lieutenant-Colonel T. W. Haig at Re. 1.
Kiranavall. Fasc. 3, by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhauma at As. 10.
Sri Surisarvasyam. Fasc. 1, by Jagannath Misra at As. 10.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 10, by Rai Sarat Chandra Das Bahadur at Re. 1.
Samaraloca Kaha. Fasc. 5, by Dr. H. Jacobi at As. 10.
Saduktikaranamrita. Fasc. 1, by Ramavatara Sarma at As. 10.
Smriti Prokas. Fasc. 1, by M. M. Sadasiva Misra at As. 10.
Amar Tika Kamadhenuh, by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at Re. 1.

**LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
FROM 1ST APRIL TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1913**

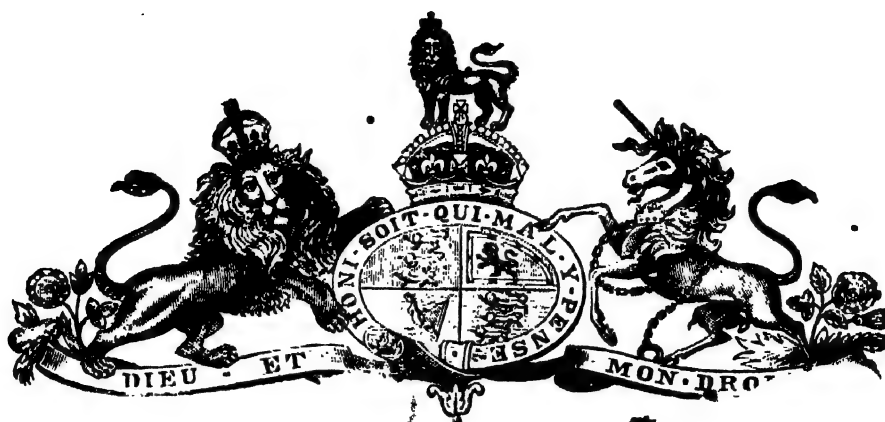
- Monthly Weather Review, November 1912 to April 1913.** Quarto.
 Paper cover. Re. 1 per month.
Potential Gradient at Simla, India, Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VI. By G. C. Simpson, F.R.S. (illustrated by 2 plates.) Quarto.
 Paper cover. 8s.
The Cold Weather Storms of Northern India, Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXI, Part VII. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. and Rai Bahadur Hem Raj. Quarto. Paper cover. 8s.
Monthly and Annual rainfall normals, Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXII, Part I. By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1-8.

**LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.**

- Monthly and Annual normals of number of rainy days, Memoirs of the Indian Meteorological Department, Vol. XXII, Part II.** By Gilbert T. Walker, C.S.I., M.A., Sc.D., F.R.S. Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1-8.
Monthly Weather Review, May to July 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price Re. 1 each.
Monthly Weather Review, June 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price Re. 1.
Monthly Weather Review, July 1913 (illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Price Re. 1.

**LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA
DURING THE WEEK ENDING 22ND NOVEMBER 1913.**

- Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palaeontologia Indica, New Series**
 Volume V, Part No. 1. Ph. D. Triassic Faunae of Kashmir (with plates 1 to 10). Rs. 3-4.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1913

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate con

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

ESTATE DR. J. W. McCRINDLE, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Dr. John Watson McCrindle, who died on 18th July 1913 at 10, Genesta Road, Westcliff-on-Sea, Letters of Administration to the Estate have been granted to Joseph Carstairs Roberts Johnston of A. L. Grindley & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 10th January next to the said Administrator will proceed with the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

J. C. R. JOHNSTON.

CALCUTTA ;
The 28th November 1913.

LOST OR STOLEN.

Government Promissory Notes Nos. 184445 and 103748 of the 3½ per cent. loans of 1865 and 1842-43 for Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 700 respectively, originally standing in the name of the Comptroller, Post Office, and the Bank of Bengal, respectively and last endorsed to Sookhada Sundari Bose (by the Comptroller, Post Office), the proprietress by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—SOOKHADA SUNDARI ROSE,

Residence—1, PATLAKHAN'S LANE, DACCA.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. 120470 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 500 (five hundred only) originally standing in the name of Santosh Chunder Singha and last endorsed to Priya Nath Singha, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned security.

Name of Advertiser - J. QUIGLEY,

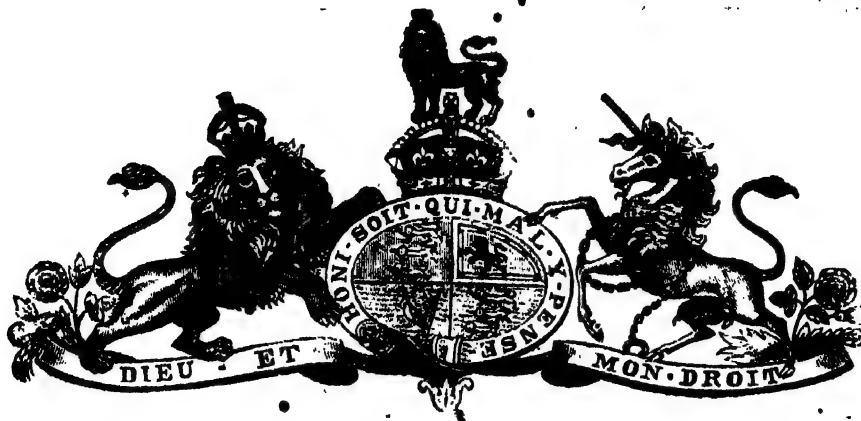
Inspector of Police, Rawalpindi Cantt. Police Station.

ESTATE J. R. BELL,

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the late James Richard Bell, Civil Engineer, who died on 14th July 1913 at Hazeldene, Ightham, Kent, Letters of Administration to whose Estate were granted to Joseph Carstairs Roberts Johnston of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 17th January next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

J. C. R. JOHNSTON.

Calcutta, December 4th, 1913.



The Gazette of India

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 52.} DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	at less	Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 P.M. Thursday, the 25th December 1913, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period	2299—2300
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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 26th December 1913.

No. 75.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act 1861 (24 and 25 Vict. c. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 4) and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation I. B. (v) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General of India, published under Notification No. 61, dated the 14th November 1912, the Governor-General is pleased to nominate Mr. James MacKenna, being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Delhi, the 23rd December 1913.

No. 550-C.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. James, C.I.E., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Simla (V), granted privilege leave for on duty with effect from the 26th November 1913, against the absence of Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. Smruti, M.P., I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Simla (East), is appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Simla (West), during the absence on leave of Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. James, C.I.E., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., in addition to his own duties.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATION.

EXAMINATIONS.

Delhi, the 24th December 1913.

No. 114.—IN supersession of the Home Department Notification no. 336, dated the 23rd July 1909, the following revised Regulations under which a limited number of members of the Indian Civil Service, and officers of the Indian Army in civil or political employ (whether temporarily or permanently), will be permitted to present themselves for examination in the Russian language while on furlough are, with the approval of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, published for information:—

1. The Civil Service Commissioners will conduct examinations (Final and Preliminary) in London four times a year, viz. on the third Tuesday in January and October, the second Tuesday in March, and on that Tuesday in April which first follows after the date of Easter Sunday falls. The names of the candidates to be examined must be forwarded to the Civil Service Commissioners at least one month before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination. The Preliminary examination will be conducted by the Civil Service Commissioners in London only and at the same times as the Final examinations.

2. The syllabus of the examination is as follows:—

PART I.—ORAL,

	Marks.
1. Conversation	60
2. Reading short M. S. reports, notes, telegrams, etc., and dictating answers thereto	20
3. Knowledge of terms relating to administration and Government, including the titles of local officials and the terms of etiquette in dealing with them, also of terms used in travel, to be tested by direct questions, and by oral translation	20
TOTAL	100

PART II.—WRITTEN.

	Marks.
4. Translation into English from Russian of unseen passages	20
5. Translation from English into Russian of unseen passages	30
6. Dictation	10
7. Translation into English of official and private correspondence (manuscript)	10
8. Writing a private or official letter in Russian, a <i>précis</i> being given	20
9. Extempore translation. A passage in Russian of an ordinary everyday style will be read aloud to the candidate, who will write down his translation of it.	10
10. Extempore composition. An English passage of an ordinary everyday style will be read to the candidate, who will write it down in Russian	

3. Officers who obtain 8 of the aggregate marks will be noted in their records of service as "1st class Interpreters" in Russian, and those who obtain 6 will be noted as "2nd class Interpreters."

4. Applications for permission to appear at these examinations must be made to the Government of India in the Department of Education at least three months before the dates of the examinations mentioned in rule 1—(a) in the case of an officer directly under the Government of India, through the Department in which he is serving; and (b) by an officer under a local Government, or Administration, through the local Government or Administration to which he is subordinate. Applications must not be made to the India Office in London.

5. Such permission will be granted only to those members of the Indian Civil Service and officers of the Indian Army in civil or political employ who seem likely to be employed, before their active service comes to an end, in situations where a knowledge of Russian may be of advantage to the State, and to no one who will not be able to attend the preliminary examination, and also the final one, or who cannot proceed to Russia for a course of study, and to return to duty in India without exceeding the amount of leave which he may have to his credit or which may be admissible to him in subject to the Leave Rules for the Indian Army. The Government of India reserve to themselves full discretion to grant or withhold permission in any case.

6. Any officer, of not less than three and not more than twelve years' service, who proves his possession of a sufficient elementary knowledge of Russian by obtaining not less than a certain total marks at one of the preliminary examinations held by the Local Commissioners, or passes one of the preliminary examinations held in India, will be permitted to proceed from England to Russia for a course of study of the Russian language.

Note.—The syllabus of the preliminary examination is given in rule 19.

7. After passing the preliminary examination, and receiving permission to proceed to Russia, an officer must start for England within a fortnight from the date of the India Office letter conveying such permission unless specially authorised to defer his departure. He must on no account start for Russia until he has received a letter of instructions on the subject from the India Office. No officer on leave on medical certificate will be permitted to proceed to Russia under these rules unless reported fit to do so by the India Office Medical Board.

8. On starting for Russia he may be granted an advance of pay not exceeding 35 days' furlough pay and also not exceeding £100. Such advance will only be granted to an officer who draws his furlough pay from the India Office, and will be recovered in instalments spread over eight months after his arrival in Russia.

9. On his arrival in Russia, he shall report to the India Office his address and the date of his crossing the Russian frontier. Any subsequent change of his address shall likewise be reported.

pension the period spent in Russia, and to draw for such period the equivalent, at the privileged rate of exchange, of the Indian pay and allowances of his rank, and the half staff salary of his substantive appointment; provided that if the sterling amount be less than his leave pay under the Leave Rules for the Indian Army, then leave pay shall be allowed. He will be considered as on leave before arrival in Russia, and from the date of quitting Russia until he rejoins his appointment in India, under the conditions of Regulation 15. The period spent in Russia will not be considered as part of the two years' maximum absence from duty allowable under the Leave Rules for the Indian Army.

18. When an officer who has qualified as an interpreter in Russian under these or previous rules is on leave in England, he may, with the sanction of the Secretary of State for India on the recommendation of the Government of India, be permitted to proceed to Russia to keep up his knowledge of the language; and provided that he remains in Russia for not less than six months, on his return to London, receive travelling expenses from St. Petersburg or Moscow, as the case may be (see paragraph 13), he will, if desired, have his leave extended by two months without prejudice to the advantages accruing under the rules relating to combined leave, if on combined leave.

Applications for this privilege should be submitted through the usual channel to the Government of India in the Department of Education by 1st December. Officers who have been duly selected but who subsequently desire to cancel their applications, or find they are for any reason unable to proceed to Russia, will be required to notify the fact without delay.

19. The half-yearly preliminary examinations in India are held in January on the third Tuesday and in June on the second Tuesday; and the names of the officers who are recommended by the Government of India for permission to proceed direct from India to Russia will be communicated to the India Office as soon as the result of the examination is known. The names of the officers who are finally selected will be communicated by the India Office to the Government of India, who will give authority to each officer to take up his residence in Russia, to which country he should proceed about May or November so as to be on the same footing as the officers of his batch who proceed from England. If more than 18 months have elapsed since an officer passed the preliminary examination he will be required to undergo a fresh examination before receiving permission to proceed to Russia.

The syllabus of the preliminary examination is given below.

	Marks.
<i>Conversation.</i> —Conversations with reasonable fluency and accuracy on general topics of a simple nature	100

<i>Translation.</i> —Translation from and into Russian of simple unseen passages or sentences	100
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20. An officer proceeding direct from India to Russia should obtain a passport in the ordinary manner from the Local Government concerned and should have the necessary *visa* affixed thereto by a Russian Consular Officer in India.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

FORESTS.

Delhi, the 26th December 1913.

No. 152-C.—Mr. G. H. Alington, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Burma, is attached to the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, for duty till further orders, with effect from noon of 5th December 1913.

-C.—
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E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 23rd December 1913.

No. 208-D.—Lieutenant H. C. Finnis of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for 20 days with effect from the 15th December 1913.

No. 209-D.—Mr. W. H. J. Wilkinson of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 21 days combined with furlough for 7 months and 1 day, with effect from the 22nd December 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b), Civil Service Regulations.

Simla, the 22nd December 1913.

No. 2372-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Monsieur Dejean de la Batie as Consul-General for France at Calcutta.

No. 2375-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of James A. Smith as Consul-General for the United States of America.

The 23

No. 2390-G.—With reference to notification No. 2535-G., dated the 9th December 1912, Sir H. S. Fraser, Kt., Consul for Norway at Madras, resumed charge of his office on the 4th December 1913.

No. 2393-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Senor Hans Heinrich Karl Smidt as Vice-Consul for Chile at Bombay.

J. B. WOOD,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Delhi, the 22nd December 1913.

No. 1433-F.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

November 1913.

Lakhs of Rupees.

	NOV.	TO AND C	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	Actuals, 1912-1913.
Civil Revenue.							
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to O. S.)	75	77	13,13	12,71	84,85	84,47	84,47
Salt	15	34	1,57	2,25	2,17	7,61	7,61
Stamps	44	41	3,16	3,16	5,11	4,99	4,99
Excise	64	55	5,15	7,86	7,83	7,41	7,41
Provincial Ra.	98	94	8,54	7,86	12,68	12,88	12,88
Customs	6	7	37	50	4	84	84
Assessed Taxes	95	89	7,14	6,81	10,29	10,79	10,79
Forest	22	22	1,81	1,60	2,48	2,45	2,45
Registration	83	29	1,70	1,63	3,04	3,1	3,1
Tributes from Native States	5	4	52	49	74	6	6
Other Civil Revenue	5	4	33	29	93	9	9
	34	37	2,43	2,41	4,72	4,72	4,72
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	4,96	4,93	45,55	48,67	84,38	84,48	84,48
Major Irrigation Revenue	4	4	2,18	2,09	3,91	3,86	3,86
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue	2	4	31	35	70	65	65
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works)	5,02	5,01	48,34	51,11	92,99	94,49	94,49
Civil Expenditure.							
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	-55	-56	-3,18	-3,25		-4,74	-4,74
Opium	-15	-1	-1,02	-85		-90	-90
Famine Relief (Civil)		-3	-3	-16		-23	-23
Other Civil Expenditure		3,20	-27,61	-26,20	-48,23	-41,91	-41,91
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	-4	3,80	-31,84	-30,46	-54,78	-47,78	-47,78
Major Irrigation Expenses	-12	-12	-1,03	-1,06	-1,74	-1,54	-1,54
Buildings and Road Expenditure	-45	-48	-3,65	-3,50	-8,01	-6,22	-6,22
Famine Relief (Pub. Works)	-1		-40	-37	-74	-63	-63
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure	-12	-8	-76	-63	-1,31	-1,02	-1,02
Irrigation Capital Expenditure	-12	-11	-1,09	-1,14	-2,07	-1,72	-1,72
Delhi Capital Expenditure	-7	-1	-30	-2	-1,99	-16	-16
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works)	-5,04	-4,60	-39,07	-37,18	-70,64	-59,07	-59,07
Receipts into Civil Treasury from, and issues from those Treasuries to the following Non-Civil Departments.							
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenses and Remittance transactions.							
Post Office (Net)	+25	+24	+1,40	+2,11	+3,04	+2,85	+2,85
Telegraph (Net)	-10	-8	-69	-71	-1,08	-1,09	-1,09
Marine (Net)	-5	-4	-30	-29	-30	-43	-43
Military Works (Net)	-11	-9	-67	-62	-1,20	-1,15	-1,15
Military Receipts	+5	+9	+66	+63	+1,23	+1,11	+1,11
Military issues	-1,69	-1,71	-13,55	-13,24	-20,75	-20,99	-20,99
Railway Receipts							
East Indian Railway	+3,96	+70	+5,66	+5,65	+57,90	+57,53	+57,53
Other Railways		+3,88	+32,36	+31,87			
TOTAL	4,67	4,58	38,02	37,52	57,90	57,53	57,53
Railway Issues.							
East Indian Railway	-53	-31	-3,29	-3,02	-37,34	-36,36	-36,36
Other Railways	-2,32	-2,30	-21,05	-19,75			
TOTAL	-2,85	-2,61	-24,34	-22,77	-37,34	-36,36	-36,36
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	+17	+38	+53	+2,63	+1,50	+1,47	+1,47
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.							
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net + Receipts more, — receipts less than payments)	...	...	+3,00	+3,00	+2,87	+2,87	+2,87
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	+27	+6	+10	+1	...	-10	-10
Currency Transfers for Gold in England	...	...	...	...	...	+2,40	+2,40
Do. for Silver in transit	+3,19	+1,28	+5,19	+7,14	...	+10,59	+10,59
Deposits of District Funds	-9	-16	+39	+17	+10	+45	+45
Loans by Government	-30	-25	-58	-47	-16	-11	-11
Exchange on Remittance Account	...	+1	...	...	...	+14	+14
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs 15 per £	-4,02	-2,00	-25,26	-20,11	-32,47	-38,97	-38,97
Other Debt Heads	+57	+2,60	-58	-61	-7,68	-3,64	-3,64
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	-47	+84	-17,16	-10,84	-30,84	-26,37	-26,37
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	-32	+1,68	-7,86	+5,72	-10,49	+10,52	+10,52
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	21,90	22,51	28,94	18,42	29,31	18,42	18,42
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	21,58	24,14	21,58	24,14			

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 26th December 1913.

No. 1651-F. E.—Mr. A. Hyde, Officiating Superintendent, Class III, in the Government of India, Finance Department, was granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 1st December 1913 and reverted to his substantive appointment with effect from the 8th *idem*.

Mr. V. Krishna Menon, Senior Superintendent, Chief Secretariat, Madras, has been appointed to officiate as a Secretariat Superintendent, Class III, in the Government of India, Finance Department, with effect from the 8th December 1913.

No. 1652-F. E.—Mr. A. D. Butterfield, ^{for} posted as Government Examiner of Accounts, ^{for} Southern Mahratta, with effect from the 2nd December 1913.

No. 1654-F. E.—^{been} bind Ram, an Accountant, ⁱⁿ grade, in the office of the Accountant General, ^{been} appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office with effect from the 19th November 1913 and until further ^{order}.

No. 1655-F. E.—Mr. R. K. Mukherjee, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Punjab, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office with effect from the 5th December 1913 and until further orders.

No. 1656-F. E.—Mr. C. D. A. Crofton, I. C. S., officiating Accountant General, Bengal and Orissa, has been granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 18th December 1913.

The services of Mr. C. D. A. Crofton, I. C. S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Madras with effect from the 18th March 1914.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS.

Delhi, 22nd December 1913.

No. 212-C.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor-General has decided to prohibit the bringing by sea or by land into British India of any copy of a paper called the "Ghad" (Mutiny) published by the Yugantar Ashram of San Francisco, U. S. A.

CUSTOMS APPOINTMENT.

The 27th December 1913.

No. 10891-2.—The services of Mr. H. F. Howard, C.I.E., I.C.S., Collector, Class II, in the Imperial Customs Service, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Finance Department with effect from the 1st January 1914.

EMIGRATION.

The 26th December 1913.

RESOLUTION.

No. 252-268-C.—Intimation has been received from His Britannic Majesty's Consul at Havana that labour conditions in Cuba are not suitable for Indians and that those who go to that country in the expectation of being able to proceed to other countries in that quarter find themselves prevented from doing so, either by the prevailing immigration regulations or by the undesirable character of the country.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 26th December 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

No. 1058.—The undermentioned military pupils, having passed their final examination be 4th Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from 1st October 1913:—

H. M. Thomas Ince.
and Southerland.
with effect from the 1st

ind Ram,
been appointed.
1911

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 1059.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Colonels.

- Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Herbert Clay,—30th September 1913.
- Lieutenant-Colonel Herbert Clifford Bernard,—22nd October 1913.
- Lieutenant-Colonel George Joseph FitzMaurice Soady,—22nd October 1913.
- Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Frank Murray, D.S.O.,—22nd October 1913.
- Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Alexander Gayer,—23rd November 1913.

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Ernest Frederick Hood, 7th Duke of Devonshire's Regiment,—21st December 1913.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

William Guy Harrington, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force)
Hubert Winthrop Young, 116th Mahrattas
Cyril Duprè Noyes, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light
Infantry } —21st December 1913.
Francis Burgess Scott, Survey of India
George Gordon Everett, 67th Peshawar Cavalry

INDIAN MEDICAL

No. 1060.—With reference to the Notification No. 282, dated the 7th April 1911, in the margin, the promotion to the present rank of Major Henry Robert Brown, as published in Army Department Notification No. 822, dated the 29th September 1911, is antedated from the 29th July 1908 to the 29th January 1908.

No. 1061.—With reference to the Notifications quoted in the margin, the promotion to the present rank, of Major George Charles Lovell Kerans, as published in Army Department Notification No. 559, dated the 27th June 1913, is antedated from the 27th June 1913 to the 27th December 1912.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 1062.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—
Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Louis George Quadros, to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain, and

1st Class Assistant Surgeon Peter Nicholas DeSouza, to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant,

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain A. Rodrigues, deceased; with effect from the 25th November 1913.

No. 1063.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant James Ernest Barton Macqueen (*seconded*), to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain (*seconded*),

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Albino Graciano Alphonso, to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain, and

1st Class Assistant Surgeon Alfred DeCunha, to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain J. S. Summers, with effect from the 1st December 1913.

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No. 1064.—Staff-Sergeant Wilfred Edwin Bradbury, 2nd Grade, Military Warrant Officer, to be Staff-Sergeant, with effect from the 16th

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

No. 1065.—Jemadar Krishna Chandra Singh, appointed on probation in Army Department Notification No. 238, dated the 31st March 1911, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from the 1st November 1910.

No. 1066.—The following promotions are made:—

3rd Sikh.

Dafadar Jagan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Mal Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st May 1913.

30th Mountain Battery.

Havildar Daya Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Chanda Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 16th November 1913.

Batt 6th Sikh Rifles.

Subadar Jaman Singh and Colour-Havildar Mandar transferred to the pension establishment

Subadar-Major, Jemadar Kulia Thapa to be Subadar, *vice* Champu Singh Gurung, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st December 1913.

POST AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

12th Mule Corps.

No. 1067.—Dafadar Sunder Singh, appointed Jemadar on probation, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from the 5th August 1912.

REWARDS.

No. 1068.—With the approval of the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of the undermentioned Departmental Officer in recognition of the services rendered by him with the 39th King George's Own Central India Horse in Persia during 1911—13.

The promotion will be supernumerary and will have effect from the 23rd November 1913.

To be Deputy Commissary with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant George Gilbertson, Supply and Transport Corps (late) Bengal-Punjab List.

The 22nd December 1913.

No. 377.—Mr. J. C. Gibson, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, in Class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, officiated as a District Locomotive Superintendent in Class II of that Establishment during the absence of Mr. T. W. E. S. Wrench, District Locomotive Superintendent, on one month's privilege leave with effect from the 31st October 1913.

The 23rd December 1913.

No. 378.—Mr. J. F. G. Foster, Assistant Engineer, North-Western Railway, is permitted to retire from the service of Government under Article 441, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 13th January 1914.

No. 379.—Mr. Watson, Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, in Class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, officiated as a Deputy Traffic Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, in Class I from the 20th October 1913 to the 6th November 1913.

No. 380.—Mr. S. S. Supton, Executive Engineer, Eastern Bengal Railway, is appointed Deputy-in-Chief, Construction, Eastern Bengal Railway, with the officiating rank of Engineer, 3rd class, with effect from the 1st December 1913 and until further order.

T. RYAN,
Secretary, Railway Board.

• GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 24th December 1913.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 20th December 1913 is published for general information.—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	50,000 or more inhabitants, Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.			4	3
		Anta Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Mar Port . . . . .	...	...
		at Town and Port . . . . .	...	...
	Northern.	Surat District	9	...
		Surat Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Bhiwandi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Malad " . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana "	1	1
		Kalyan " . . . . .	...	...
		Kurla " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana District . . . . .	...	...
		Ahmednagar I	6	2
	Central.	West Khand . . . . .	...	...
		East Khand	36	21
		Nasik Distr. . . . .	...	...
		Poona Town	51	43
		Poona District	30	34
		Satara "	126	94
		Sholapur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sholapur District . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel Port	3	2
		Kolaba District	4	1
	Southern.	Vengurla Port . . . . .	...	...
		Batangiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Bolgaum "	90	78
		Dharwar "	325	152
		Hubli Town	21	16
		Bijapur District	221	181
		Bijapur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kanara District	1*	1*

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	17	18
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges.	Baroda State	13	5
		Quota " . . . . .	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	253	...
		Satara Agency . . . . .	...	1
		Janjira State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	1,222	785
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Anantapur District	6	6
		Madras Town	1 (a)	1 (a)
		North Arcot District	257 (e)	254 (d)
		Bellary Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District	38 (b)	35 (b)
		Mangalore Town and Port	4	2
		Chittoor District . . . . .	...	...
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore District	126 (c)	89 (c)
		The Nilgiris "	8	2
		Salem "	19 (a)	10 (a)
		Malabar " . . . . .	...	...
		Conjeevaram Town	2 (b)	2 (b)
		Nagapatam Town	15	14
		Madura	1 (a)	1 (a)
		TOTAL	504	306

(a) One imported.

(b) Two imported.

(c) Four imported.

(d) Seven imported.

(e) Thirteen imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District . . . . .	...	...
		Bankura . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah Town . . . . .	...	...
		Howrah P. . . . .	...	...
	Dacca	Dacca District . . . . .	...	...
		Mymensingh District . . . . .	...	...
		Faridpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Chittagong . . . . .	...	...
	Rajshahi	Noakhali District . . . . .	...	...
		Jalpaiguri District . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna	Patna Town	5	
		Patna District	80	
		Gaya Town	10	
		Gaya District	25	
	Tirhut	Shahabad District	214	
		Saran District	394	
		Champaran District . . . . .	...
		Munaffarpur	55	
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	48	
			

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague cases.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District	175	189
		Purnea " . . . . .	...	...
		Bhagalpur Town	69	6
		Bhagalpur District	15	10
		Sonthal Parganas District . . . . .	...	...
	Chota-Nag- pur.	Hazaribagh District . . . . .	...	...
	Meerut	Shaharapur District	12	1
		Muzaffarnagar District	49	41
		Meerut District	15	10
		Bulandshahr District . . . . .	...	...
	Agra	Ajithra District	16	6
		Mainpuri "	2	2
		Etah " . . . . .	...	...
	Bohili- khand.	Bijnor District . . . . .	...	1
		Moradabad District	10	1
	Allahabad	Farukhabad District	7	6
		Etawah District	2	10
		Cawnpore "	9	9
		Fatehpur "	33	17
		Allahabad City . . . . .	...	...
		Allahabad District	10	37
	Jhansi	Jalaun District . . . . .	...	...
		Banda City . . . . .	...	...
		Banda District	11	13
	Benares	Mirzapur City	18	13
		Mirzapur District	14	14
		Jaunpur "	61	58
		Ghazipur "	291	252
		Ballia "	1,258	910

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague cases.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	783	371
		Basti "	62	62
		Azamgarh "	335	275
	Kumaun	Naini Tal	4	3
		Lug	...	...
		Il	8	8
		"	129	110
		li	56	20
		"	5	3
		Hardoi "	26	22
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	2	2
		Fyzabad District	16	17
		Gonda "	10	8
		Bahraich "	14	12
		Sultanpur District	13	11
		Partabgarh "	11	6
		Bara Banki "	100	100
	TOTAL		3,425	2,434
Ambala	Hissar	Hissar District	2	2
		Gurgaon "	28	21
		Rohtak "	7	7
		Karnal "	17	17
		Ambala "	2	2
	Jullundur	Kangra District	3	...
		Hoshiarpur District	...	...
		Jullundur "	2	...
		Ludhiana "	3	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB.	Lahore	Amritsar District . . . . .	...	...
		Gurdaspur	26	26
		Sialkot	3	3
		Gujranwala	12	12
	Rawalpindi	Shahpur District	8	4
		Jhelum .. . . .	...	...
		Rawalpindi .. . . .	...	4
		Attock .. . . .	...	...
	Multan	Jhang District . . . . .	...	...
		Jind State . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	13	13
		Kalein State	8	3
	TOTAL		138	114
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	9	7
		Insein District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy District	2	2
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Prome	29	17
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	5	6
		Bassein District	1	1
		Hensada	11	12
		Myaungmya	1	1
		Manbin	3	3
	Tenasserim	Moulmein Town	1	1
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	18	8
		Bhamo District . . . . .	...	...
		Katha	9	4

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Meiktila	Meiktila District	10	6
		Yamethin „	15	15
		TOTAL	109	88
MADRAS			24	21
			...	11
			10	10
			2	...
			52	47
			1	1
			19	11
			23	16
			7	5
			11	3
			5	3
			2	2
			156	120
MYSORE			159	142
		
		
		
		
		
		
			159 (a)	142
CENTRAL INDIA			...	...
		

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UJPU- A AND MER- RE- ARA.		Chitor . . . . .	...	...
		Udaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbahera . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Kig'angarh " . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli City . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State	44	24
		Alwar State	24	17
		Ajmer Town . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura Town . . . . .	...	...
		Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Dangarpur . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	68	51
W. F. RO- NOR.		Peshawar City	2	...
		Peshawar District . . . . .	...	...
		Abbottabad City . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	2	...
		GRAND TOTAL	6,860	4,894

In the returns for the week ending 29th November and 6th December 1913 against Bhopal State read 2 cases 2 deaths and case 1 death, respectively, for nil.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

